MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

All the News That Is News in This Evening's Herald

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

THE WEATHER. Probably Showers Tonight and Tuesday; stationary temperature; northeast Winds.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

PLAY BALL, BOYS!



With each Boy's Suit we give you entirely free of cost, a

Spalding Base Ball and Bat,
Or a Fine Pocket Knife,
Or a Tool Chest,
Or a School Outfit.

Same must be asked for at time of purchase.

On that Bargain Table in our Boys' and Children's Department we will sell this week:

156 of our finest $5.00, $6.00, $7.00 and $7.50 Boys' Suits for..... $3.95 (MARKED WITH RED TAGS.)

26 of our finest $8.00, $8.50, $9.00 and $10.00 Suits for..... $4.95 (MARKED WITH BLUE TAGS.)

90 of our finest $11.00 and $12.00 Boys' Suits for..... $5.95 (MARKED WITH BLUE TAGS.)

All ages, 4 to 16, in each price lot.

Other good all wool Suits at $2.50, $3 and $3.50

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

The BIG DULUTH

125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

AGAIN THIS WEEK

Your chance to buy

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware

At your own price at the big auction sale of the big stock of

NATHAN MARCUS,

319 West Superior Street.

Sale every afternoon and Evening. Be sure to be there.

CHAS. F. LELAND, PRESIDENT. DONALD MACLEOD, CASHIER

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE COMMERCIAL BANK

Of Duluth, Minn., at the close of business on the 9th day of March, 1897.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$54,192 89	Capital Stock	$25,000 00
Overdrafts	299 77	Undivided Profits lese expenses paid.	526 28
Stocks and Bonds	3,050 00	Deposits	79,702 59
Furniture and Fixtures	2,332 75		
Call Loans	$10,000 00		
Cash on Hand	17,717 01		
Due from Banks	17,575 45		
	45,292 46		
	$105,228 87		$105,228 87

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

No Surface Contamination in

"SOVERN"

DULUTH'S ONLY MINERAL SPRING WATER.

BOTTLED, CARBONATED AND STILL AND DELIVERED IN BULK.

Telephone 696. Office 413 Palladio Bldg.

RUSHED

Many Bills Introduced Into the Legislature by the Representatives.

It Is the Last Day for the Introduction of New Measures.

All Sorts of Measures Find Their Way Into the Lower House.

St. Paul, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. Schmidt today had H. F. 192, to rebate the royalty on ore smelted in Minnesota reconsidered and placed on general orders, that bill having been indefinitely postponed some time ago. This was the last day for the introduction of bills in the legislature and that routine occupied full time, the following being among the new bills.

Committee on roads and bridges, to transfer money for aiding in construction of roads and bridges, heretofore appropriated but unused, from specific purpose to the county fund where originally appropriated. Passed under suspension of rules.

Coe, authorizing cities over 50,000 to establish employment bureaus and prohibiting any charge for securing work for any applicants. Labor.

Foss, limiting fees for attorneys in mortgage foreclosures. General legislation.

Littleton, providing for tax on lighting, power, street railway and water companies, on their gross receipts. Taxes.

Ferris, providing for taxation of freight line equipment companies. Taxes.

Laybourn, to confirm and establish certain public highways, the Crane Lake road being the one meant. Judiciary.

Committee on unemployed, to authorize cities to borrow money from state without interest for employing unemployed. Committee on unemployed.

Committee on unemployed, authorizing use of vacant property by unemployed for crops and exempting such property from taxation. Committee on unemployed.

Manchester, regulating private detectives. General legislation.

Schmidt, to provide for completion of improvements in villages entered into before consolidation with cities, referring to Lakeside. Municipal legislation.

Hayter, to amend general statutes 1878, relating to teachers examinations requiring a knowledge of music. Education.

Dare, for publication of state reports and other public printing. General orders.

Larson, to regulate the business of commercial agencies, providing for a 2 per cent tax on all business done. General legislation.

Underleak, providing for taxation of telephone, telegraph, sleeping-car and express companies. Taxes.

Snyder, authorizing cities and villages to frame its own charter. Municipal legislation.

Barta, creating a department of labor. Labor.

Dallmore, fixing salaries of surveyors general, fees going into general revenue fund, and salaries being fixed at $2500, with deputies at $1200. General legislation.

Ferris, to provide for publication of official proceedings of city councils. Printing.

Ferris, authorizing incorporated villages to change their names. Municipal corporations.

Ferris, authorizing issue of bonds in villages for building school houses. Education.

Cray, for codification of corporation laws. Judiciary.

Severance, to repeal chapter 9, game and fish law of 1891. Game and fish laws.

Mr. Snyder submitted a report from the state university, made in pursuance of a resolution by Mr. Jacobson, asking as to the status of the Salt Spring lands granted to the university. The report, very voluminous, was accompanied by a number of bulky packages in which were papers and reports concerning geological surveys, etc. The report was ordered printed, and, together with the accompanying documents, referred to the committee on public lands.

REAPPORTIONMENT BILL.

St. Paul, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The reapportionment bill was not ready for introduction today, and the governor's consent will have to be obtained to its introduction later, as this is the last day on which bills can be introduced without the consent of the governor.

FORCED TO THE WALL.

The United Press Has Made An Assignment.

New York, March 29.—The United Press having its principal office in this city, at a late hour this afternoon filed in the county clerk's office an assignment for the benefit of its creditors to Frederick C. Mason. Mr. Mason is the auditor of the corporation. The assignment papers are filed by Charles A. Dana, president of the corporation.

NOW HE IS INSANE.

A Man Who Changed His Politics Last Fall.

Lagrange, Ind., March 29.—William Snyder, of Noble county, has been adjudged insane. Snyder was a prominent Democrat, but at the last election he voted the Republican ticket upon the representation made to him that he would be given a good appointment at Indianapolis. He failed in his effort, and the disappointment has made him hopelessly insane.

CAL STONE'S RISE.

He Will Be St. Paul & Duluth's General Passenger Agent.

St. Paul, March 29.—General Passenger Agent William A. Russell of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad has resigned and will be succeeded by Cal Stone, now city passenger and ticket agent of the Northern Pacific. The change will go into effect April 1.

Mr. Stone is familiarly known in railroad circles, in theatrical circles and secret society circles as the "Count of Monte Cristo." The title was conferred upon him for various reasons, the chief of which is that he is an aggressive man with the sword of competition. Mr. Stone has held down the office as city passenger and ticket agent of the Northern Pacific for the last fourteen years, during which time, it is said, he has worn out the floor under his desk five times and used up two dozen office chairs in his official duties. The office of city ticket agent at a large terminal is an important one, and in this capacity Mr. Stone has been a signal success.

He commenced his service with the Northern Pacific in 1883, previous to which time he was connected with both the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and the Burlington systems, at La Crosse and other points. For four years of his service he was joint city passenger and ticket agent of the Northern Pacific, the Wisconsin Central and the St. Paul & Duluth roads. During his connection in this capacity with the St. Paul & Duluth, Mr. Stone came in contact with Vice President and General Manager A. B. Plough, who was then general passenger agent and Mr. Stone's recent appointment is the outgrowth.

"The St. Paul & Duluth road is not as long as the Northern Pacific but it's just as wide," quoted the count, in speaking of his new position, "and the trains run just as fast, if not as far."

Mr. Russell, who severs his connection with the St. Paul & Duluth April 1, is very well liked in the railroad world of the Northwest. Mr. Russell has been general passenger agent of the road for the past three years, prior to which time he was connected with the passenger department of the Iowa Central, with headquarters at Marshalltown, Iowa.

DECLARED WAR.

Practical Attitude of Greece's Cretan Commander.

London, March 29.—A long official dispach from the British admiral in Cretan waters to the government concludes with saying: "Col. Vassos (the commander of the Greek army of occupation in Crete) has practically declared war against the powers."

GUARDING THE SPRING.

Canea, March 29.—A mixed detachment of Italians, Russians and Turks, under the command of a French captain, has occupied the fortress of Butsunaria, which protects the spring supplying Canea with water, the insurgents having attempted to cut off the water supply.

MAY LEAD TO TROUBLE.

Athens, March 29.—A dispatch received here from Retimo, island of Crete, says that several British and Russian officers with a strong detachment of marines arrived there today to notify the insurgents of the decision of the powers to grant autonomy to the island. While the officers were parleying with the insurgent chiefs under a flag of truce, hostilities between the Turks and Christians in the town were re-opened and the detachment retired.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

Minnesota Men Pay Visits to the President.

Washington, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Davis called at the White House today to introduce Frank H. Peavey, the grain elevator man of Minneapolis. It is said that the call was purely a social one.

Senator Nelson also called upon the president today to introduce J. B. Judson, former professor in the university of Minnesota, and later had a long conference with the chief executive, presumably about appointment matters.

Ex-Mayor Eustis of Minneapolis arrived here today from the South, but he says he has nothing to ask of the administration personally.

S. E. Matter, of Duluth, is here.

SHORT WHEAT CROP.

Third of the Average Yield Will Be Lacking.

Chicago, March 29.—The monthly crop report of the Orange Judd Farmer, compiled from county returns, received up to March 26 makes the present condition of winter wheat the lowest since 1885, and with that single exception the lowest ever reported. The general average is 83.5 against 87.0 last year, and 85.3 in 1895. The government records for the past sixteen years show that the April report has averaged nearly one point higher than the May following, during that period, and as the usual allowance for possible future recovery has been made in figuring this report of condition, it may be accepted as a fact that the country is face to face with a third short winter wheat crop.

To localize and illustrate the disaster which has overtaken the crop, the present condition in the six great winter wheat states is given with the changes of the conditions reported at this date a year ago. Ohio, 86, or 14 points better; Michigan, 91, or 4 points lower; Indiana, 70, or 13 points lower; Illinois, 45, or 41 points lower; Missouri, 75, or 10 points lower; Kansas, 85 points lower. General average of the six states 76 against 85 last year.

In the Pacific coast, in Texas and in the Eastern states the season has been satisfactory, and state averages are quite generally high. The crop was seeded late and did not secure good root growth before the heavy freeze of the latter part of November. It went into winter lacking in vigor, nad the abnormally cold weather in January when there was little snow protection in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys resulted in the actual freezing to death of the plant.

AN EX-CONFEDERATE DEAD.

Richmond, Va., March 29.—Gen. Peyton Wise died this morning. He was a nephew of the late Gen. Henry A. Wise, a brother of Congressman George D. Wise, and was chairman of the Confederate reunion here last summer.

FRIENDLY

Red River Valley People Will Trade With Duluth Almost Wholly.

They Will Avoid Minneapolis on Wheat and Wholesale Commercial Trade.

The Action Due to The Herald Favoring the Douglas Rate Bill.

St. Paul, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The action of The Duluth Evening Herald, editorially, and of part of the Duluth delegation, favoring the Douglas bill for a reduction of freight rates, has resulted in serious talk by the residents of the Red River valley in favor of organizing to ship the valley wheat largely to Duluth, and to avoid Minneapolis, both on wheat and wholesale commercial trade, because of its stand in the legislature and its newspapers against lower grain and coal rates. This statement is made on the authority of a delegation from Red River valley now in this city.

The arguments offered in support of the Douglas bill make a strong appeal to those interested in reduced rates. Mr. Douglas has compiled from statistics, which he vouches for as reliable, a condensed statement of the earnings of the various roads in the state for 1895 and 1896, showing an increase of earnings over expenses during the time covered by the statement. Also figures showing that the ratio of net earnings to the amount of freight shipped has increased during the time when property values were unquestionably shrinking. Mr. Douglas further presents a statement to show that the railroads of Iowa during a corresponding period have done a prosperous business and yielded no meager returns under conditions far less favorable to them than have been enjoyed by the railroads of this state.

Here are the figures presented by Mr. Douglas in support of his demand for a reduction of rates:

Minnesota—	1895	1896.
Miles of road	5,990.78	5,991.31
Total earnings	$30,952,220.00	$39,398,128.00
Total earnings per mile	$5,166.00	$6,592.00
Freight revenue, total	$23,767,892.00	$31,314,068.00

Comparisons between 1896 and former years (from 1890 to 1892 inclusive.)

	Average 4 years, 1890 to 1892 inclusive.	
Gross earnings	$32,044,890.62	$39,398,128.00
Gross earnings per mile	5,777.37	6,592.00
Operating expenses per mile	3,570.45	3,445.00
Net earnings per mile	2,561.36	3,147.00
Percentage of operating expense to gross earnings	62.41	47.48
Net earnings	$13,197,967.25	$18,071,958.60

This table, as will be seen, shows an increase of nearly $6,000,000 in the net earnings of Minnesota roads for the year 1896, as compared with the average of the three preceeding years. Then follows this comparative table showing the earnings, mileage, tonnage, etc., of the Iowa and Minnesota roads for the year 1895, added to which is the statement that the total net value of the wheat crop of Minnesota for 1895, less bread and seed, was $5,000,000 less than the net railroad earnings for the year.

	Minnesota. 1895.	Iowa. 1895.
Miles of road	5,990.78	8,532.47
Total earnings	$29,952,220.00	$35,825,910.17
Total earnings per mile	5,166.00	4,200.00
Total freight revenue	23,767,892.00	19,082,115.91
Total freight revenue per mile	3,967.00	2,236.00
Tons hauled	18,520,139	58,551,911
Tons carried one mile	2,121,873,349	9,094,719,563

Minnesota wheat crop 1895, estimated ..... 72,000,000 Bushels.
Less bread and seed 20,000,000

Balance sold 52,000,000
52,000,000 bu at 50c per bu $26,000,000.00
Railroad earnings 1895 ..... 31,000,000.00

Excess railroad earnings over value of wheat crop sold $5,000,000.00

If the figures given in these tables are even approximately correct, they are sufficient to justify the demand for a new schedule of rates.

NAVIGATION AT CHICAGO.

First of the Wind Jammers Left There With Lumber.

Chicago, March 29.—Navigation from this port opened today when the schooner B. C. Canter left for the east shore with lumber. The lumber fleet is expected to be before the wind by Thursday. The start is an early one. Some years have passed since boats have cleared from Chicago so early in the season.

NEVER WAS OFFERED.

Pittsburg, March 29.—The report that the Pittsburg Plate Glass company had offered $250,000 for the Marsh plate glass patent is denied by the Pittsburg concern. The report they say was made for the purpose of deceiving the public.

NOT GUILTY OF HIS DEATH.

Chicago, March 29.—Professor Ludwig Waltenberg, a music teacher, who has been in jail since Feb. 23, accused of the murder of Saloonkeeper Henry Schoenmaker, was discharged today after an investigation of the case by the grand jury.

A DRY GOODS FAILURE.

Louisville, Ky., March 29.—Whittingill Brothers, dry goods, assigned today. Liabilities and assets about $60,000. The firm also had branch houses at Madisonville, Ky., and Huntington, W. V. Whittinggill bought the Seashold Dry Goods company's stock here last fall. Inability to make collections caused the failure.

RUSH OF IMPORTS.

May Be Stopped by a Dingley Bill Rider.

Washington, March 29.—The proposition which has been discussed by the Republicans members of the ways and means committee since they begun work on the tariff bill that all goods imported after a certain date, before the enactment of the bill, shall be made to pay the duties carried by the bill is likely to crystalize into definite form. It is possible, if not probable, that an amendment will be made to the bill in the house to effect this purpose and April 2 is the date on which it is proposed that the Dingley bill rates shall go into effect.

The question has been investigated by a subcommittee consisting of Messrs. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania; Tawney, of Minnesota, and Grosvenor, of Ohio. They have considered the legal aspects of the plan very carefully and have obtained opinions from lawyers who are said by them to be high authorities to the effect that the plan is constitutional. They have not drafted an amendment yet, but one of them said today that they will prepare an amendment which will declare, in substance that all imports made on and after April 2 shall be dutiable at the rates finally fixed by the bill.

This amendment will be introduced today or tomorrow, the members of the subcommittee shold, and they asserted, will be passed by the solid Republican vote of the house. The Republican members of the committee have not definitely decided upon the plan, however, and it is possible that they may not carry out the proposals of the subcommittee.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, March 29.—Among the memorials presented to the senate today was one from the Monroe Doctrine club of Philadelphia referring to the arbitration treaty as a craftily constructed political treaty which would operate to the great advantage of England unless materially amended. Mr. Morgan presented the minority report on the bill for the settlement of the Pacific railroad debts.

The bill to prohibit the exhibition of prize fight pictures by means of the kinetoscope and kindred devices was reported favorably and was presented on the calendar. The bill in its new form is as follows: Be it enacted, that it shall be unlawful for any person or persons or corporation to exhibit in the District of Columbia or the territories, by means of the biograph, vitascope, kinetoscope or any kindred device or machine, any picture of such a pugilistic encounter or fight as is forbidden by the act of congress entitled "An act to prohibit prize fighting," and so forth, approved Feb. 7, 1896.

Section 2. That it shall be unlawful to send by mail or to send in any style to any territory or the District of Columbia, or to bring into this country from any foreign country any picture or pictures or other material to be used in such exhibitions as are described in the preceding section, or knowingly to receive such materials from the malls or from any common carrier engaged in interstate commerce.

Section 3. That any person who shall violate any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than $500 nor more than $5000.

Mr. Caffery, of Louisiana, secured immediate consideration for a joint resolution making immediately available $250,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi river from the head of the passes to the mouth of the Ohio river. The resolution recites that the present serious condition of affairs in the flooded districts and states that the appropriation is to be used to relieve the flood and to protect the lives and property of citizens and the government.

Upon going into executive session today the senate promptly took up the arbitration treaty, and Senator Bacon of Georgia took the floor in advocacy of his amendment to exempt claims against Southern states against the operation of the agreement.

IT MAY BE BOYLE.

Possible Solution of Kentucky's Senatorial Struggle.

Louisville, Ky., March 29.—A special to the Evening Post from Frankfort says: There was no telling which way the cat was going to jump this morning. The senatorial situation here has changed for the better. The managers of the "combine" say that matters are reaching a climax and that Governor Bradley's name will be put forward, and that he will be voted for during the first two or three days of the week.

The overtures of peace that have been made by Hunter's friends to Governor Bradley have been declined by the latter, who is quoted as saying the election of Hunter would disrupt, disorganize and ruin the Republican party in Kentucky. When the roll was called it was found that there were 119 present, making sixty necessary to a choice. Senator Stege of the Louisville district represented Hunter for St. John Boyle. Several pairs were announced. The senatorial ballot resulted: Hunter, 56; Blackburn, 41; Davie, 12; Boyle, 7; Stone, 1. No choice. The joint assembly then adjourned.

It is believed that a new caucus will be called and John Boyle be the nominee. It is understood Governor Bradley will support Mr. Boyle.

EDHEM PASHA'S ARMY.

Has 150,000 Men on the Greek Frontier.

London March 29.—A dispatch to the Times from Salonica says: "Within a few days Edhem Pasha (the Turkish commander on the Greek frontier) will have under his command 150,000 men, which will constitute his army of soldiers.

"I am specially struck with the rapid strides the Turkish organization has made within the last few years in regard to military railways and hospitals. Within a month 152 trains have traversed Salonica. An infant system which has stood such a strain is worthy of the highest praise. Thirty torpedoes have been laid across the bay from Cape Kara. The large supply of ammunition here and at Constantinople is being supplemented by German consignments."

PRETTY LATE NEWS.

New York, March 29.—The detective bureau of this city made public today the fact that on March 1, Mme. Haritles P. Fachiri, a guest of the Buckingham hotel, was robbed of diamonds worth $4000 to $5000. Thus far the detectives have obtained no clue.

Our Spring Trade....

Opening up with a wonderful increase in our sales over any previous year we have ever had. We can't say it is the result of better times, we can't say it is the result of increased population, BUT WE CAN SAY it is the result of having THE LARGEST STOCK--THE BEST SELECTED STOCK--and the best bought stock at the head of the lakes. There is an old saying, and a true one—Goods well bought are half sold.

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY

Will be interesting days at the big store, made so by the power of low prices. IT PAYS TO READ OUR ADVERTISEMENT. IT PAYS TO PATRONIZE THE BIG STORE.

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 1.
Handkerchiefs and Ribbons at one-fourth their value.

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 2.
15c Zephyr Ginghams, 7½c.
1000 yards of this popular Summer Fabric in stripes, checks and plaids. Bargain Counter Price per yard..... 7½c

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 3.
Ladies' black Cotton Hose at 4 pairs for..... 25c

Our New Silverware Department.....
Did a lively business last week. It will keep it up. Prices do it.
Sterling Silver Tea Spoons—With a cut of High School on bowl—each only..... 98c
Sterling Silver After Dinner Coffee—With "Duluth, Minn." on bowl—each only..... 25c
All Odd Forks, Knives and Dinner Spoons—Worth up to $8.25 a dozen—at each..... 23c
New Napkin Rings Just In.

House Furnishing Bargains In Basement.
Short Talk.
Small Type.
Big Bargains.

Mrs. Potts' Sad Irons in sets of three irons, stand and handle, per set	73c
Gas Torches, complete with taper	27c
Hunter Flour Sifters	11c
Coffee Mills, steel grinder	23c
Hardwood Knife and Fork Boxes	10c
Wall Kalsomine or finish, 5 lb packages, all colors, per pkg.	47c
Ready Mixed Paints, all colors, per can	14c
Oil Stoves, iron base best made	53c
Bric-a-brac Feather Dusters,	5c
Long Handled Picture Dusters	19c
Lot fancy Rush Work Baskets,	15c
Japanese Cat Work Baskets,	4c

Crockery Bargains.....

Fancy Mottled Jardineres, 7-inch	39c
Decorated China Soup Dishes	15c
Japanese Oatmeal Bowls,	5c
Fancy Engraved Water Tumblers	50c
Fancy Needle Etched Water Tumblers	75c
Lot Fancy Decorated China Cuspidors	75c
White Granite Wash Bowls and Pitchers	73c
Lot Bath Room and Kitchen Mirrors	6c, 10c, 15c
Lot Fancy Venetian Glass Vases	25c
Lot Fancy Wire Plate Handles	8c
Wire Lamp Shade Frames,	13c
New Hand Lamps complete, with burner and chimney	19c

OUR BEST CUSTOMERS ARE THOSE WHO HAVE LOOKED AROUND AT OTHER STORES.

PANTON .....AND..... WHITE.

PEARY

Arctic Explorer Has Another Plan for Reaching the North Pole.

Will Use Esquimaux and Will Take an Overland Route.

Ship Will Leave Him at the Northern Coast of Greenland.

New York, March 29.—The Advertiser this morning says: Lieut. Peary recently laid a plan for Arctic research before the council of the American Geographical society. The plan includes the reaching of the North Pole. It was heartily endorsed by the council, and a subscription toward its accomplishment promised. Should either plan succeed, the United States will reap the glory. Lieut. Peary's plan is conceded by Arctic explorers one of the most feasible yet advocated. First of all, it is not to be an expedition in the usual sense of the term. It will, besides Lieut. Peary himself, include only one or two white men.

The party will be conveyed by a chartered whaler to the point on the Western coast of Greenland, which Peary has so often made his basis of exploration. At this point lives a tribe of Esquimaux. From there he will select five or six young married couples and will with them push along the northwest coast of Greenland as far as possible, and, perhaps, into the archipelago, which, it is believed, surround the North Pole. All their goods, including dogs and sledges, will be taken with them, and when no further progress can be made north, they and Lieut. Peary, and his companions will be landed at some propitious spot and a new colony formed. The ship will leave a supply of provisions for three or more years and make its way back to civilization before the ice closes in. From this basis point the two or three white men will make their explorations.

Lieut. Peary figures that this colony will not be over 360 miles from the pole. As soon as the ice conditions are propitious, an attempt will be made to reach the pole. The Esquimaux and their dog sledges will be used, if possible, but in any case the white explorers will push on until the stars and stripes has been planted near, if not on the pole itself.

BICYCLIST BARSTOW.

Perhaps His Body Which Was Found in a Sewer.

Chicago, March 29.—The headless corpse found in the catch basin of a sewer at Dunning may be that of J. J. Barstow, a young mining student, who mysteriously disappeared two years ago. Barstow was an ardent bicyclist and his disappearance has long been a puzzle. He attended the Michigan School of Mines at Houghton for two years, where he was noted for his devotion to wheeling. The last hear of him was in July or August, 1895, when he announced that he was to start from Chicago on a bike trip to Grand Haven, Mich. Barstow boarded on a street near Dunning. When he left on his trip he had a sum of money with him. Nothing was ever heard of him afterward. The authorities will empty the basin in an effort to find the head of the dead man, if it is in the place. It is hoped additional evidence may be discovered to bear out the slight clews already possessed in the bicycle shoes and belt found on the corpse.

WICHITA LANDS.

New Country Open to Settlers in a Month.

Perry, Okla., March 29.—Recent information from Washington is that the Wichita country, owned and occupied by the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache Indians, will be opened by May 1. The gold and silver excitement in the Wichita mountains has drawn hundreds to the border of this new country, and the opening is expected to be of more note than any land opening of the Indian territory lands. The allotting to the Indian families is progressing rapidly. Miners are still prospecting in the mountains and not a day passes without a conflict between prospectors and soldiers.

With the exception of one range of mountains, these reservations are the finest farming country in the Indian territory. The allotting of the Wichita reservation was begun yesterday by Agents Coleman and Mills. The Indians object to being allotted until they are paid for the lands, but the allotting will be forced to completion.

CUBAN COMMISSIONER.

McKinley Will Send One to Investigate the Ruiz Case.

New York, March 29.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: President McKinley has definitely decided to send a special commissioner to Cuba. The president has in view a close personal friend and a man of considerable legal ability, in whose judgment Mr. McKinley has the greatest confidence.

The specific object of the commissioner's visit to Cuba will be to take part in the intended investigation of the alleged murder of Dr. Ruiz, an American citizen. Consul General Lee has absolutely refused to join in this investigation on the ground that he is convinced that hte Spanish govern-t will not conduct a fair inquiry, and that the decision of the commission will be a "whitewash" for all officials connected with Ruiz's death.

HELENA'S TRIAL TRIP.

New London, Conn., March 29.—The new United States gunboat Helena left this harbor at 6.45 this morning for her official speed trial over the measured course in the sound. The weather is finer, if possible, than that prevailing during the run of the Wilmington on Saturday, and everything points to a successful effort. The Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company is sanguine that the Helena will exceed fifteen knots an hour.



Everyone knows the biblical story of the passover. The angel of death turned aside only at the doors of the chosen people. The first-born of all others were slain. There is a chosen people today, at whose doors the angel of death turns aside and whose first-born escape unscathed while the children of others perish. The chosen people are the healthy people. Nine-tenths of the deaths among children are due to the ill-health of the mothers during the period preceding motherhood. Every woman owes it to herself, her husband and her children to keep herself healthy in a womanly way. She should thoroughly understand her own physical make-up. She should realize the importance of keeping the organs of womanhood healthy and vigorous. She can only do this by taking proper care of herself and using the proper remedy for weakness or disease of those organs.

The best remedy for weakness or disease of the organs peculiar to women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is truly wonderful in its effects on the female organism. It allays inflammation, soothes pain and restores health and vigor. Get it at the druggist's and take no substitute. Your health and your children's health depend upon it.

"Since I wrote you we have had a baby girl born to us," writes W. R. Malcolm, of Knobel, Clay Co., Ark. "My wife took your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and also your 'Favorite Prescription' all during the expectant period and until confinement, and she had no trouble to mention. A stouter, healthier child was never born. Our child will be one year of age the 8th inst. and she has not been sick a day. Has not had so much as the colic."

Every woman in America should own a copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. In its 1,008 pages she will find plain talks about all sorts of ailments. These talks are made plainer by copious illustrations. About 90 pages are devoted to woman's diseases and weaknesses. There are suggestions for home-treatment. This book has already gone into more than a million homes. The original price was $1.50. Now an edition in paper covers is being distributed FREE. Send 21 one-cent stamps—this pays for mailing *only*—to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. If a copy bound in fine cloth is desired, send 10 cents extra—31 cents in all.

A TITLED LADY ORATOR.

Lady Aberdeen to Address the Chicago University.

Chicago, March 29.—The university of Chicago has created a stir in the educational world by inviting Lady Aberdeen, wife of the governor general of Canada, to deliver the convocation oration at the commencement exercises April 1. Lady Aberdeen has accepted the invitation, and will enjoy the distinction of being the first woman chosen for such an occasion in this country. She is an experienced and able orator, and made political speeches in behalf of her husband, who was at one time viceroy of Ireland. Lady Aberdeen is popular in Ireland and Canada. This innovation threatens to bring upon the university a great deal of criticism. People have condemned it. None of these find fault with the gracious lady who has been selected, but the expediency of the move is profoundly questioned. The most important objectors are those



LADY ABERDEEN.

who claim that the university is placing itself in a position where it can be assailed as a toady to royalty.

The first duty of so great an institution of learning, they claim, is to make itself distinctively and thoroughly American. From another quarter comes the strenuous protest that Lady Aberdeen being a representative of the privileged classes, the selection of her for orator will tend to accentuate the bitter feeling that was shown when, a year or so ago, it was charged that Professor Bemis had been forced out of the faculty for holding too radical views on political economy, especially in regard to capital and labor.

Defenders of the university declare that the selection of Lady Aberdeen is merely intended as a gracious tribute to a very accomplished woman, and especially as an expression of appreciation of her efforts in getting up the Irish village and the fine exhibit of Irish women's handiwork at the World's fair. Lady Aberdeen is interested in temperance work and charitable enterprises.

AMERICAN IN TROUBLE.

New York, March 29.—A dispatch to the Herald from Lima, Peru, says: After imprisonment for three months, without trial, for alleged disorderly conduct, at Callao, Ramsay, an American sailor of the crew of the Cambrian Monarch, has been condemned to a year in jail. This is contrary to article 15 of the treaty with the United States, and Minister McKenzie has demanded the immediate release of Ramsay. An English sailor arrested in Callao, at the same time, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 19, 1896.
Messrs. Ely Bros.—I have used Ely's Cream Balm a number of years and find it works like a charm. It has cured me of the most obstinate case of cold in the head in less than forty-eight hours from the time I felt the cold coming on. I would not be without it. Respectfully yours,
FREDERICK FRIES.
283 Hart street.

Cream Balm is kept by all druggists. Full size, 50 cents. Trial size, 10 cents. We mail it. ELY BROS.,
56 Warren Street, New York city.

A STEAMER RELEASED.

New York, March 29.—The Clyde line steamer Saginaw, which went ashore March 24 near Beach Haven, N. J., during a thick fog, on her passage from Haytian ports for New York, was floated early today.

PROTEST

Californians Object to the Hawaiian Treaty and to Annexation.

Claim Made That Hawaiian Treaty Destroys Beet Sugar Industry.

Objection Also Made to the Employment of Mongolian Labor.

San Francisco, March 29.—A memorial to congress in the form of a petition signed by the people of this state, who are interested in the beet sugar industry, is being extensively circulated. The petition is a protest against the continuance of the Hawaiian treaty of 1875 and against the proposed annexation of the islands. It sets forth that the treaty has been operative against the revenues of the United States as well as vitally detrimental to the beet sugar industry here.

It appears that under the treaty during the years 1890-5, inclusive, the Hawaiian islands admitted free goods to the value of over $15,000,000 showing that in the interchange of business between the two countries the islands enjoyed 76 per cent of the total volume and this is naturally increased under the augmenting exports of sugar without a corresponding increase in their imports from the United States.

This would indicate that the treaty is only partially reciprocal; that the United States has been unnecessarily deprived of a vast amount of customs revenue would appear to be indicated by statistics footing up over $72,000,000 lost during a period of twenty-one years of commerce with the islands. The petitioners point out that as the conditions have entirely changed since 1875, the government should foster an industry that will make the country self-supporting, rather than perpetuate by subsidy a foreign business owned by foreigners who employ chiefly Mongolians.

A VERITABLE LANDSLIDE.

More Leading Papers Join the Associated Press.

New York, March 29.—The New York Herald, New York Tribune, New York Times, New York Evening Telegram, Philadelphia Public Ledger, Philadelphia Record and Philadelphia Evening Telegraph have entered into 90-year contracts with the Associated Press and have severed all news relations with the United Press.

Boston, March 29.—The Bangor (Maine) Whig and Courier, the Lewiston (Maine) Journal and the Rockland (Maine) Star have signed 90-year contracts with the Associated Press, abandoning the United Press.

Youngstown, Ohio, March 29.—The Youngstown (Ohio) Vindicator has joined the Associated Press.

BOY BURGLARS.

Bad Crowd of Juveniles Rounded Up in Oklahoma.

Perry, O. T., March 29.—Officers here have arrested a band of twelve youthful burglars, who have been operating on the line of the Sante Fe railroad between Winfield, Kas., and Purcell, I. T., breaking into freight cars and stores. The boys refuse to give their names, but it is believed some of them belong to well-to-do Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City families. There are three Hayes brothers, who are thought to be from Chicago. They will be taken to Purcell and made to answer in the United States court for burglary. Their ages range between 12 and 17 years, and two of the number are said to be runaway school boys.

MURDERER RIGGS CAUGHT.

Louisville, Ky., March 29.—A special from Maysville, Ky., says: Amos Riggs, who murdered young Boyd and his father near Mount Gilead last week, has been captured by the Ohio authorities. Riggs was arrested at the home of a relative in Felicity, O., and was taken completely by surprise. He was heavily armed but offered no resistance. He will be brought to Maysville for trial. Public sentiment is strong against Riggs. It will be two months before a grand jury meets.

INDIANS ARRESTED.

Carlton, Minn., March 29.—Joe McCarty and Albert Porter, two Indians from Fond du Lac reservation, were caught trying to sell venison. Marshal Shields took them into custody, awaiting the arrival of the United States marshal. These men frequently violate the law.

Now is when you need Scott's Emulsion, especially if you had the Grippe, and the system is depleted and you are virtually exhausted. A tonic won't do. You need the combined food and tonic properties of Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites and Glycerine. It will give you flesh and strength, and tone up your nervous system in a manner that will almost surprise you. Ask your doctor about it, if you will. His word will strengthen ours.

SWEET, BUT FATAL

Doctor Slowly Dying of a Disease That His Science Could Not Check.

DIABETES' RELENTLESS GRIP.

The Doctor Lives, Speaking Praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills Which Effected Cure Where Other Remedies Utterly Failed—They'll Do the Same for You.

Yates Center, Kan., Dec. 23.—In this city everybody knows the story of how Dr. E. A. Rose was cured of Diabetes by DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS when all other remedies failed. It seems too good to be true. Yet his own unsupported word would be taken wherever he is known.

Dr. Rose spent the summer here, reaching this place only a few weeks after he had risen from a bed of sickness that promised to be his deathbed, for he had reached the last stages of Diabetes.

Strange to say, the doctor was hale and hearty as any man of 55 could be. He was not sick a day during his several weeks' visit, and was not compelled to restrict himself to the rigorous diet which is always ordered for those afflicted with Diabetes.

In the time that he stayed here Dr. Rose made many friends, and the story of his illness and almost incredible recovery from what had always been thought a fatal disease, got abroad. Many of the doctor's friends heard the story of his sickness and cure from his own lips, and in concluding his tale Dr. Rose always said: "I owe my life to nothing else than DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS."

A number of our citizens who were afflicted with divers forms of Kidney Diseases were advised by the doctor to use DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. In every case where they were used, a perfect cure resulted.

Dr. Rose's case had advanced so far that blood poisoning had set in. Six doctors had pronounced his case hopeless. Death was fast approaching, so they said. This is what Dr. Rose himself wrote the DODD'S MEDICINE COMPANY after his cure:

Dear Sirs.—Some time ago I wrote you I was taking your DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS for Diabetes. It is my pleasant duty now to state that they cured me. This is rather a strange confession for a medical man to make, but as I have prescribed them largely in my practice, and having been saved myself from suffering and a premature grave by their use, I would not be doing my duty to yourselves, the medical profession and the public at large, did I not make it known. I consider your remedy a wonderful discovery, and as a large majority of the population of this country are subjects of Kidney Disease, DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS should be appreciated, and are well deserving of the large sale they now enjoy. Yours truly, E. A. ROSE, M.D. Portland, Ont.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS are now on sale in every town in this state. Price 50 cents a box; six for $2.50. If your druggist is out, write the DODD'S MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Judge Foster, in the federal court at Topeka, Kan., has made a final decree settling the litigation between the Chicago-Great Western railroad and the Jay Gould heirs, involving sixty-six acres of land in Kansas City, Kan. The decree is made in pursuance to an agreement reached by the attorneys in the case, and gives forty-three acres of the land to the Chicago-Great Western and twenty-three acres to the Gould heirs.

Smallpox continues to rage in Havana. Last week there were 850 new cases and ninety-one deaths. There were ten deaths from yellow fever during the same period.

At Scranton, Pa., Benjamin H. Bevan, aged 12 years, one of the eight boys bitten by a mad dog three weeks ago, died Saturday from hydrophobia. The first symptoms appeared Thursday, since when he steadily grew worse. Saturday afternoon he was writhing in agony and died in the evening. The seven other boys will be sent to the Pasteur institute.

The steamer Clive, which arrived at New York yesterday from Naples, brought 1119 Italian steerage passengers, the largest number of immigrants brought to that port by any one steamer this season.

Mgr. Merry Del Val, the newly appointed papal delegate to the Roman Catholic church of Canada, arrived on the Umbria at New York yesterday and went at once to the residence of Archbishop Corrigan.

The British steamship Yanariva has arrived at Greenwich, England, having on board sixteen survivors of the foundered steamship Ville de St. Nazaire. They were very weak when rescued but have now nearly recovered. Pierre Nuoall, the second officer was among the rescued, also the second and third engineers.

"The Elms," the magnificent residence of Col. A. C. Tyler, at New London, Conn., with all its elaborate furniture, valuable paintings, bric-a-brac, musical instruments and silver was totally destroyed by fire yesterday causing a loss of over $300,000; insurance, $75,000. Thirty-thousand dollars worth of jewelry also was destroyed.

Norfolk, Va., had a residence district fire yesterday. A Roman Catholic church and a dozen small houses were destroyed. The loss was about $100,000.

At Washington Senor Quesada, of the Cuban legation yesterday stated that he had received official notification of the landing of a filibustering party on Cuban soil. The expedition was under the command of Gen. Carlos Roloff. Senor Quesada said that with Gen. Roloff was a party of fifty men, many of whom served in the ten years' war. The cargo consisted of 6000 rifles of improved pattern, 3,000,000 cartridges, one Colt machine gun, one dynamite gun, two 12-pounders and four tons of dynamite and bombs.

Dr. William H. Hanford, of 84 Lee avenue, Brooklyn, and Mrs. Estelle Banks, a nurse, were arrested yesterday and held in $10,000 bonds on the charge of being implicated in the death of Fannie Alward, a young actress of the "Star Gazer" company which occurred on Thursday. The autopsy showed that Miss Alward did not die of "heart failure, due to consumption," as the certificate indicated, but was due to hemorrhage following a criminal operation.

STEAMFITTERS' STRIKE.

New York, March 29.—A strike of the steamfitters in the city, in which between 30,000 and 60,000 men may be involved, was declared today, when over 1100 steamfitters refused to go to work in their shops. The strike is the result of a practical lockout on the part of the bosses. The larger firms where the lockout and strike is in progress are: G. A. Sutor & Co., 50 men; Gillis & Co., 150 men; Jakes & Smith, 200 men; Blake & Williams, 100 men; Morris & Johnson, 100 men; Wells & Newton, 100 men. Besides there are a number of smaller shops where work is at a standstill.

SAILED FOR CRETE.

Toulon, March 29.—The French cruiser Bugeaud sailed for Crete today.

A NOBLE PURPOSE.

If a man has a noble purpose in life he will succeed. But the man must have health and strength. Many men have started with noble purposes and have failed, because of weakness, sickness, disease. How to get back health and strength is the great question, the great desire. Dr. Greene, 35 West Fourteenth street, New York city, the most successful physician in curing diseases, has discovered in his medicines the sure road to health. You can consult Dr. Greene, personally or by letter, free. Write to him and be cured.

HE DEFIES FATHER TIME.

Centurian Roby Laughs at the Grim Reaper.

New Brunswick, N. J., March 29.—Noah Roby, an inmate of the poor farm three miles from this city will be 125 years old April 1, if his claims are not false. He will then be the oldest man in the world. The old man is totally blind. His body is somewhat bent with age, but the muscles of his arms and legs are firm. He has no teeth, and in talking his words are emitted with a whistling accompaniment. His voice is still strong and his laugh as hearty as it ever was. His hair is long and white, but his beard is iron gray. His eye brows are jet black. Although he declares that his father was an American Indian, Roby's skin is perfectly white. Roby has smoked since he was six year old and still clings to his pipe. He says he was born in Eatontown, Gates county, N. C. His mother was Sarah Roby, a native of South Carolina, and his father was a North American Indian. His mother was about 16 years old when he was born. When he was seven years old he was bound out to a farmer. He worked for him until he was twenty-one years old, then he struck out for himself as an overseer of slaves. He got $200 a year, which was a lot of money then.

Later Noah left overseeing and shipped as a sailor on the United States frigate Constitution. This was in 1808,



NOAH ROBY.

and Noah declares that he was then 26 years old. After a few years before the mast he obtained a "shift" to the Norfolk navy yard. Roby then went to the Brooklyn navy yard, and later drifted into New Jersey. He worked on farms until about thirty years ago, when he became an inmate of the poorhouse. A grave has been found in Virginia where a Sarah Roby is buried, and this is believed to be Noah's mother. The old tombstone bears date 1800. Roby is an enthusiastic free will Baptist. He was a Democrat up to the time of Hayes' election, and then became a Republican. His last vote cast was for Blaine, and when Blaine was defeated he swore never to vote again. He has been a user of whisky with a regularity and consistency that would bring joy to the heart of a "Kentucky colonel." Roby has a recollection of a speech he heard George Washington deliver at Norfolk. One sentence of the speech has stuck to Roby or he has stuck to it, for 100 years, which is this: "Go right on, fellow citizens, as you have been," said George, "and I assure you we shall have the devil to pay in this republic and no pitch hot."

No one, not even his pastor, can make Roby believe that he misquotes the dignified father of his country. The old man sleeps in his chair to prevent a rush of blood to the head. His diet is very plain, and consists of bread and milk, with a little boiled fish or rice occasionally. When he was at his best the old man weighed 130 pounds, but now he weighs less than 100.

The standard cure for cold and cough, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, should be kept by every mother who loves her darlings.

MAJ. WHITE DEAD.

Well Known Figure in Veteran Military Circles.

St. Paul, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Maj. George Q. White, United States, army, retired, died at his home in this city today as the result of a fall on the street last week which which revived an organic ailment of long standing. Maj. White has been for twelve years recorder of the Minnesota Commandery of the Loyal Legion. He originated and carried through the idea of having Lincoln's birthday made a legal holiday, Minnesota being the first state to enact such a law. Maj. White was a native of Massachusetts, served during the war in Smith's battery of Chicago in the First Illinois artillery and afterwards entered the regular army and was retired Dec. 15, 1870.

ISABELLA MURPHY DEAD.

San Francisco, March 29.—News has been received here from London of the death of Miss Isabella Murphy, youngest daughter of the late Daniel Murphy, of this city. Daniel Murphy came to California many years ago and amassed a great fortune in the drygotods business. On his death his fortune was left to his wife and children. Mrs. Murphy died a few years ago and there was a struggle among her children as to the division of the property. After a sensational suit in which many family secrets were exposed a compromise was finally effected. One of the daughters is the wife of Lord Wolseley and another married Don Vincente Dominguez, secretary of the Argentine legation at Madrid.

Cancer

Mrs. A. H. Crausby, of 158 Kerr St., Memphis, Tenn., paid no attention to a small lump in her breast, but it soon developed into a cancer of the most malignant type. The best physicians in New York treated her, and finally declared her case hopeless. As a last resort, S. S. S was given, and an immediate improvement resulted; a few bottles cured her completely, and no sign of the disease has returned for ten years.

CURED BY SSS

Books on Cancer free; address Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Blatz MALT-VIVINE

will carry health in and sickness out of your house. Is Non-intoxicating and therefore Everybody's Malt Extract.

Convalescents must have it—gives new strength—new life to the worn out systems. All druggists.

Val Blatz Brewing Co.
Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Antrew A. Peterson and Clara Peterson, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee bearing date May first (1st), 1893, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May thirteenth (13th), 1893, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred two (102) of mortgages, on pages two hundred sixty-eight (268), two hundred sixty-nine (269) and two hundred seventy (270) thereof; which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to James H. Falconer, by an instrument of assignment bearing date June ninth (9th), 1893, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June ninth (9th), 1893, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book eighty-three (83) of assignment of mortgages, on page four hundred fifty-six (456) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from January 1st, 1897, and exchange.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred thirty-nine and 26-100 ($639.26) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lots numbered eight (8) and nine (9), in block numbered twenty-four (24), Macfarlane's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twentieth (20th) day of April, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 6th, 1897.
JAMES H. FALCONER.
Assignee of Mortgagee.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN
Attorney for Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-8-15-22-29-April-5-12.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Notice is hereby given that a certain mortgage was executed and delivered by John W. Irwin, mortgagor, to James Whalen, mortgagee, covering the property hereinafter described, dated October 21st, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on October 31st, 1895, at 3:23 p. m. in Book 93 of mortgages on page 446; and default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the non-payment of the sum of eight hundred and seventy-three 90-100 dollars and interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from October 21st, 1895, secured thereby, and the amount now actually due thereon, and claimed to be due thereon at the date of this notice is nine hundred and forty 50-100 dollars; no part thereof has ever been paid, and no action or proceeding has ever been instituted at law or in equity to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, the premises described in said mortgage situate, lying and being in the county of St. Louis, Minnesota, to-wit: An undivided one-half interest in lots numbered thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32), in block numbered nine (9), town of Hibbing, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds, in and for said county of St. Louis, excepting and reserving thirty (30) feet of the north end of said lot thirty-two (32), extending twenty-five feet west on same lot excepting and reserving all ores and minerals beneath the surface of said lots, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the St. Louis County court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the twenty-seventh day of April, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees provided for in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within the time provided by law.

Dated February 1st, 1897.
JAMES WHALEN,
Mortgagee.
M. H. CROCKER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
410 Chamber of Commerce,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-15-22-29-April-5-12-19.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—
In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
In the matter of the receivership of the Pittsburgh Iron Company:
You will please take notice that the undersigned receiver of the Pittsburgh Iron Company, having paid all of the debts and obligations of said company and having distributed all of the remaining assets of said company pro rata to the several stockholders thereof, has filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, his final account and report, and has presented the same to a judge of said court who has made and filed his order therein directing that the same be presented to the court and the application for the allowance thereof and for the discharge of said receiver be brought on for hearing at the special term of said court to be holden at the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 17th day of April, 1897; and

You will please take notice that said final account of said receiver and said application for the allowance thereof and for the discharge of said receiver and for such other order as may be proper in the premises will be brought on for hearing at said time and place at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.

Dated March 20th, 1897.
GEO. W. BUCK,
Receiver of Pittsburgh Iron Co.
WASHBURN, LEWIS & BAILEY,
Attorneys for Receiver.
Duluth Evening Herald, Mch-22-29-Apr-5.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE HENRY H. BELL ESTATE.—The one year's extension of time granted by the court last spring, in which to wind up the Bell estate, is about to expire. Unless upon the application of creditors, the court should deem it wise to grant a further extension of time, it will be my duty to wind up the estate by closing out all the remaining assets by the 1st of May.

Desiring to pursue a course that will be most acceptable to a majority of those interested, the creditors of the estate are invited to meet for conference upon the subject at my office No. 305 Lonsdale Building, at 7:30 o'clock in the evening of Wednesday, March 31st.

CLINTON MARKELL,
Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 23 to 31 inc

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
ARE, Always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper.
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square
Sold by all Local Druggists Phila., Pa.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

To Whom it May Concern:

Notice is hereby given, that in the matter of the application of the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation to reassess to the extent of benefits actually accruing against the property benefited thereby, the cost of the following local improvement, to-wit, for grading, gravelling and carrying off storm water on Short Line Park road from the gravel pit in the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), of section four (4), township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, to Short Line Park, running from said gravel pit northwesterly through the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), the northeast quarter (ne ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw ¼), the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), the southwest quarter (sw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), and the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), of section four (4), and the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the northeast quarter (ne ¼), of section five (5), to said Short Line Park.

A report has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, by G. J. Mallory, W. W. Sanford and D. W. Scott, appraisers duly appointed in the above proceedings by the district court above entitled; that in and by said report said appraisers do make their assessments against each piece and parcel of land deemed by them to be benefited by reason of the above mentioned improvement, the original assessment made by the board of public works of said city to defray the cost of said improvement having been heretofore by said court declared wholly invalid and by the judgment of said court wholly set aside.

That said report so made by said appraisers was filed in the office of the clerk of the district court aforesaid on the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1897.

Notice is hereby further given, that at a special term of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, to be held at the court house, in said city of Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1897, the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation aforesaid, at the opening of said court at the hour of 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said date or as soon there after as counsel can be heard, will apply to said district court for an order of said court confirming said assessments so made by said appraisers.

The pieces and parcels of land affected by said assessments so made by said appraisers as aforesaid, are situate in the city of Duluth in sections four (4) and five (5), of township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, and are more particularly described and the amount of the assessment against each piece and parcel thereof is as set after and opposite to each description as follows, to-wit:

Name of Supposed Owner.	Description.	Amount.
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4.....	$ 41 00
New Duluth Land company,	northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4.....	60 00
New Duluth Land company,	southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4.....	36 00
New Duluth Land company,	northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4.....	79 00
Willis H. Feller and Charlotte E. Thompson,	northwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	79 00
Isaac McMahon,	northwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Grace McMahon,	northeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	41 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5..	79 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5...	60 00
Estate of Nehemiah Hulett,	northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 5	24 00

All of the above descriptions being in township 48 north, range 15 west.

CITY OF DULUTH,
By J. B. RICHARDS,
City Attorney.
Duluth, Minn., March 23rd, 1897.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 24 to April 3, inclusive.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 23, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m. on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the furnishing and laying of about 11,060 lineal feet of 36-inch cast iron or steel water pipe with appurtenances, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of eight thousand (8000) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.
Official:
(Seal)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 25 10t.

WEST END

Resident Property Owners Are Opposed to Building Sewers Now.

Michael Higgins Killed at Barker Station by a Train Saturday.

Cedar Block Pavement on Ramsey Street Is In Bad Condition.

The proposition to build new sewers in West Duluth this year will meet with determined opposition from resident property owners of all classes as well as non-resident owners of improved property. It is claimed that the present financial conditions would not warrant the large expenditures which a sewer system such as is needed would require, and that it is not practical to undertake it before next year in any event and probably not until the following. Most of the street improvements in the West End have been made within the past five years on the Ontario assessment plan, and there is little property on the improved streets that is not now charged up with these assessments, and it will be a couple of years before they are all paid up. Until then property owners as a rule will probably be unwilling to assume any additional burdens.

MICHAEL HIGGINS KILLED.

Michael Higgins, a blacksmith, formerly an employe of Johnson's shop in West Duluth, was run over and killed by a Northern Pacific freight train, near Barker, a station, five miles from Carlton Saturday. The body was horribly mutilated, and was brought to Carlton, where a coroner's inquest will be held today. Particulars of the accident could not be obtained here. Mr. Higgins left West Duluth for Barker Saturday afternoon to work in a logging camp of Mitchell & McClure, near Barker. He was a single man, about 35 years old, and had many acquaintances in the West End.

IS IN BAD SHAPE.

The cedar block pavement on Ramsay street is in a very bad condition, and in some places it is absolutely dangerous for vehicles to attempt to pass over it. This is especially true between the street railway tracks. In front of the Bennett hotel and at a number of points in that vicinity large numbers of the blocks have been thrown out in patches of several yards in area, and the necessity for immediate repairs is apparent.

DEATH OF MRS. CARTER.

Mrs. Margaret Carter, widow of William Carter, died at her home, 308 Fifty-fourth avenue west, at 11:20 o'clock yesterday morning, after an illness of but four days. The deceased was born in Toronto, Nov. 17, 1831, and was married to William Carter, March 20, 1855, at Crimsby, Ont. Her husband died at the home of his daughter, in Meade township, Huron county, Mich., Feb. 22 last. Mrs. Carter leaves a family of seven children: George and John Carter, Mrs. Peter McIntyre, Mrs. Jacob Schad, Mrs. Robert Killburn, Mrs. William Boyd and Mrs. Emil Pochert.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Some of the intake pipes made at the Hugo iron works for the new city waterworks received injuries to their coating in being transferred on trucks from the works to Lakeside, and Engineer Patton has ordered them returned to be redipped.

Frank Clippert, who for several months has been employed as superintendent of Sagar & Gunnis' brick yard, at Clear Creek, has returned to his home in West Duluth.

John Fisher, who lives at the corner of Forty-ninth avenue west and Grand avenue, was brought home Saturday with an injured foot. He had been employed in a lumber camp, where he met with a painful accident that necessitated the amputation of one of his toes.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Elmer W. Lachner, on Wadena street, near Sixty-third avenue west.

A Long Winded Case.

In the civil divisions of district court this morning Judge Ensign still had the case of John Barton against the Virginia Light and Water company. The defendant's attorney, John G. Williams, opening was to the jury this morning, and it was expected that the case would last several days yet. The suit is to recover $5000 for the death of the minor son of the plaintiff, who was killed by a shock from a live electric wire.

Judge Moer was engaged on the court calendar, and the morning was spent in hearing the case of G. V. I. Brown, et al, against Frank Johnson.

Mr. Holliday Promoted.

A. D. Holliday, chief train dispatcher of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, has been appointed assistant superintendent, to take effect April 1. P. J. Welch will succeed to the position of chief train dispatcher, and Bruce Elliott will succeed him as first dispatcher. H. J. Laner, of Elk River, and G. W. Turner, of St. Paul, will be given positions as train dispatchers to take the places of those promoted. Mr. Holliday, who is to be assistant superintendent is now in California and will first learn of his promotion on his arrival home.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

A glance at Michigan street is good for almost anyone. Not the street, particularly, but the stocks which the commission men have on hand. Some fine lemons are coming in in carload lots; there is lots of green stuff; lots of poultry and other produce.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—the quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.			
Cream., separators, fancy	21	@	22
Dairies, fancy, special make	15	@	16
Packing stock	8	@	9
Dairy, fair	12	@	13
CHEESE.			
Turns, flats, full cr'm, new	11½	@	12½
Full cr'm, Young America	11	@	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@	12½
Brick, No. 1	10		
Limb., full cream, choice	9	@	10
Primost	6		
EGGS.			
Candled, strictly fresh	11	@	12
Candled, storage	9	@	11
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	12½	@	13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½		
Golden rod	11½	@	12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per pound	11		
Ohio, per pound	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	2½	@	3
NUTS.			
Soft shell almonds, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12		
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11		
Brazils, per lb	8		
Pecans, per lb	9	@	11
Fliberts, per lb	11		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
Raw peanuts	4½	@	5½
VEGETABLES.			
Sweet potatoes, per bus	85	@	90
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 00	@	2 25
Celery, per doz	25	@	30
Carrots, per bus	35	@	40
Beets, per bus	40	@	50
Onions, per bus	1 65	@	1 75
Turnips, per bus	40	@	50
Holland seed cabbage, 100 lb	2 50		
Minn cabbage, per 100 lbs	70	@	1 00
Potatoes, per bus	25	@	27
Mint, per doz	25	@	30
Parsley, per doz	25		
Parsnips, per bus	55	@	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 50	@	2 25
Horse radish, per lb	6	@	7
Hubbard squash, per doz	1 50	@	2 25
Bermuda cabbage, crates	75	@	2 00
California celery, doz	95	@	1 00
Florida tomatoes, basket	65	@	75
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50		
Green onions, doz bunches	25	@	40
Spinach, per bus	90	@	1 00
New beets, doz	15		
Spanish onions, per crate	2 25		
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50		
Lettuce, per box	90	@	1 00
Lettuce, per doz	40		
Horse radish roots, per bbl	5 50		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	1 15		
Medium, hand picked, bus	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90		
Green and yellow peas	75	@	90
Green peas, bus	65		
FRUITS.			
Florida strawberries, per qt	30	@	35
Pie plant, per doz bunches	65	@	75
California navel oranges	3 25	@	3 75
Seedling oranges	2 00	@	2 50
California pears, per case	2 00	@	2 50
Bananas, bunches	1 25	@	1 50
Lemons, per box	2 75	@	3 50
Cocoanuts, per doz	70		
Cranberries, per bbl	5 50	@	6 00
Cranberries, bus	1 75	@	2 00
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 75	@	7 50
Figs, per lb	12	@	15
Pineapple, per doz	3 00		
Dates, per lb	9	@	10
APPLES AND CIDER.			
Apples, per bbl	1 75	@	2 50
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50	@	2 75
DRESSED MEATS.			
Veal, fancy	7	@	7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5		
Mutton, fancy, dressed	6	@	6½
LIVE POULTRY.			
Live turkeys	10		
Spring chickens, per lb	9	@	10
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	12½	@	13
Chickens, per lb	10	@	11
Geese, per lb	10	@	11
BRAN AND SHORTS. CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	8 75		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	9 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	8 50		
Red dog	12 00		
Ground feed No. 1	10 00	@	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 00	@	10 50
HAY. CAR LOTS.			
Choice south. Minn	6 50	@	7 50
Northern Minn	4 00	@	6 50
Medium	4 00	@	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	8 00	@	9 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 29.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 14@20c; Elgins, 20c; factory, 8@12c; imitation creamery, 10@16c. Eggs, quiet; state and Pennsylvania, 10¼@7½c; Western, 10c; Southern, 9½@9¾c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 29.—Butter, firm; creameries, 15@19½c; dairies, 10@17c. Eggs, weak, fresh, 8½@8¾c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Opening Was Very Saggy and Badly Depressed.

New York, March 29.—The early London cables indicated depression in all securities owing to the unfavorable political aspect. American railroads being down 1¼ per cent, and this coupled with the announcement of rate reductions by some railroads prepared the bears for a vigorous onslaught against the local market and on heavy transactions at the opening prices of leading shares sagged materially, the Vanderbilts being exceptionally depressed. The more important falls shown were: Burlington, 1¼; St. Paul, 1½; General Electric, 1¾; American Spirits, 1⅝; New York Central, 1½; Canada Southern, 1⅞; Louisville & Nashville, 1⅝; Delaware & Hudson, 1¼; Reading, 1⅛, and Southern, ⅛@¼. New Jersey Central was an exception and opened on an improvement of 1¼c, but later receded a fraction.

Covering by the shorts at the decline caused a fractional rally, but the market was extremely feverish at the higher level and soon receded on renewed demonstrations by the bears. Missouri Pacific was forced down 3¼ per cent to 14½, and New Jersey declines were also registered in other Gould shares by 11 o'clock. The bears encountered but little resistance and offered round amounts of the shares freely. The railway stocks were vulnerable points of attack, but some of the high priced industrials also shared in the reaction to a noteworthy extent.

There was some improvement of prices after 11 o'clock, reaching a higher level in a number of cases than the opening. The selling movement was renewed, however, with increased activity, the industrials being especially attacked. American Spirits, preferred, broke 3½ points and Chicago Gas and Sugar were also noteworthy weak. The market for bonds sympathized with the depression in stock prices and sharp losses were shown in several leading issues of the international stocks. The sales of stocks to noon were 231,400 shares.

AN OHIO FAILURE.

Columbus, Ohio, March 29.—Buller, Crawford & Co., coffee and spice mills, assigned today to H. N. Henderson. Assets about $100,000; liabilities same, but neither amount is settled. Weakness dates from the G. A. R. national encampment here in 1888, when the firm lost heavily on contracts.

Duluth Carpet Cleaning works. Office, 524 West Superior street. Telephone 591.

HIGHER

Wheat Made a Small Gain Today But Trading Was Limited.

Strenth Due to Lower British Consols and More War Talk.

The Decrease in the Visible Also Large, But Receipts Heavy.

Wheat opened steady and slightly higher than it closed Saturday. The strength of the market came principally from lower British consols and renewed war talk in Europe. To offset this were large Northwest receipts, 844 cars, against 394 last week and 535 on the corresponding day of the year before, and the world's shipments, 3,725,000 bus, which amount was small in itself, but larger than the previous week. One of the principal elements of last week's weakness, light business, was again manifest. Chicago got 14 cars, against 13 a year ago. Up to the receipt of the visible supply figures the market ruled very dull, and after it came there was an advance. The decrease in the visible was 1,407,000 bus, compared with only 300,000 bus decrease the corresponding weke of 1896. The commercial stocks now and henceforth to the end of the crop year will, in all probability, continue to be drawn upon at a similarly increased rate compared with a year ago.

There was fair trading on the Duluth board. May opened ¾c higher at 73¼c, reacted to 72¾c but before noon sold up to 73¾c. It eased off ¼c during the next half hour, but recovered to 73¾c, and closed at 73¾c asked, a gain of ¾c for the day. The mills bought 15,000 bus of cash stuff at the May price, and the elevators took 20,000 bus at ½c under May. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 74⅝c; May, 75¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 73⅝c; May, 73¾c asked; July, 73¼c; September, 69¼c. No. 2 northern, 70¼c. No. 3, 65¾@68¾c. Rejected, 58¾@64¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 74⅝c; No. 1 northern, 72⅝c. Rye, 33½c. No. 2 oats, 17½c. No. 3 oats, 17c. Flax, 70½c bid; May, 77½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 331; rye, 11; barley, 12; flax, 16. Receipts—Wheat, 183,866 bus; oats, 6869 bus; rye, 2473 bus; barley, 6685 bus; flax, 17,295 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 500 bus; oats, 1558 bus.

WEEKLY STATEMENT

Of grain in store at Duluth on Saturday, March 27, 1897:

	Bus.
No. 1 hard	1,020,156
No. 1 northern	2,751,523
No. 2 northern	897,577
No. 3	427,477
No grade	92,658
Rejected	151,635
Special bin	464,941
Afloat	302,269
Total	6,166,977
Increase during week	490,383
Amount a year ago	13,961,545
Corn in store	48,470
Oats in store	105,304
Rye in store	864,053
Barley in store	1,240,683
Flax in store	1,915,123

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, March 29.—Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 10,938; shipments, 7018. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 222; shipments, 108. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 1039; shipments, 215. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 17,000. Hogs, receipts, 34,000. Market active at 5@10c decline. Light, $3.85@4.10; mixed, $3.90@4.15; heavy, $3.75@4.15; rough, $3.75@3.80. Cattle, receipts, 17,500. Best native steers steady; other grades 5@10c lower. Beeves, $3.70@5.40; cows and heifers $1.50@4.25; feedeckers and feeders, $3.40@4.75; Texas steers, $3.10@4.35. Sheep, receipts, 22,000. Generally 10c lower.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, March 29.—Close. Wheat, March, 72¼c; May, 73¾ct; June, 72¾c; July, 71¼@7⅜c; September, 69¼@71¼c. Corn, March, 24⅜c; May, 27½c; July, 28c; September, 27½c. Oats, March, 16¾c; May, 17¼@17⅜c; July, 18¼c; September, 18¾c. Pork, March, $8.45; May, 8.52½@8.55; July, $8.62½@8.67½. Lard, March, $4.17½; May, $4.23½; July, $4.35; September, $4.42½. Ribs, March, $4.60; May, $4.60; July, $4.65. Whisky on the basis of 1.18 for finished goods. Cash sales, wheat, No. 2 red, 65@90c; No. 3 red, 83½c; No. 2 spring, 73@74c; No. 3 spring, 70@73c; No. 2 hard winter, 75@78c; No. 3 hard winter, 70@73c. No. 1 northern spring, 75c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 29½@29¾c; No. 3, 22c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 16¾c; No. 3, 16@18c. Rye, cash, 33c; May, 33½c; July, 35c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 23½@32c. Flax, cash, 76c; Northwestern, 78c; May, 76¾c; July, 77¾c. Timothy, cash, $2.67½; March, $2.67½.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, March 29.—Wheat dull but steady. May, 70¾@73c; July, 71½@73c; September, 67½@69¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 73⅝c; No. 1 northern, 71¾c. Receipts, 516 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 29.—Close, wheat, March, 81¼c; May, 79¾c; June, 78¾c; July, 77¾c; August, 77½c; September, 74⅝c. Corn, May, 30¼c. Oats, May, 21⅞c.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, March 29.—Closing, wheat, futures firm; March, nominal; April, not quoted; May, 6s 1½d; ½d lower; July, 6s 1½d; ½d lower. Maize, futures steady; March, 2s 6¼d; ¼d higher; April, 2s 4½d; ¼d higher; May, 2s 6d; unchanged.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 29.—Money on call nominally 1¼@1¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¼@4.87½ for demand and at $4.85¾@4.86 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.86½ and $4.88@4.88½. Commercial bills $4.81½@4.85. Silver certificates 62¾@63. Bar silver 62½. Mexican dollars 48¾. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered $1.23½; coupon, $1.23½; 5s registered, $1.14; coupon, $1.14; 4s registered, $1.10½; coupon, $1.13. 2s registered, 96½. Pacific 6s of '98, $1.03¾.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, March 29.—Neither cables nor consols gave much encouragement to wheat bulls today and there was a painful lack of outside interest. The Orange Judd Farmer crop estimate was fairly bullish but not so much so as had been expected. The Thomun report due tomorrow is also expected to show greatly impaired condition. On the other hand an Iowa dispatch stated that spring wheat seeding was in progress and the ground in fine condition. This is of course an isolated case. The large decrease in the visible was the feature of the day being much greater than any one looked for and showing rapidly diminishing stocks at the seaboard. The crowd was indifferent to the news, however, and the best prices were made in sympathy with the advance in corn. Wheat has hovered about 73c long enough to establish a good short interest and under present conditions they will find difficulty in covering.

Corn and oats—Corn dull but active later on covering by local shorts. There was no reason but light offerings and renewed reports of corn rotting in the cribs. Oats advanced in sympathy.

Provisions weak on realizing and larger receipts of hogs but firmed later on good commission house buying.

Puts, May wheat, 72¾@72⅝c.
Calls, May wheat, 73¾@73⅝c.
Curb, May wheat, 73⅛c bid.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	10⅝	11	10⅝	10⅞
Atchison	10	10	9⅝	9⅝
Sugar Trust	110½	111¾	109¾	109⅝
Canada Southern				
C., B & Q	70¾	70⅞	69⅝	70⅝
St. Paul	72	72	71¼	71⅜
Chicago Gas	77⅞	78	76½	77⅝
Del., Lack. & W				
General Electric	30½	31⅜	30½	31⅜
Erie	13	13	13	13
Reading	19⅞	20½	19⅞	20¼
Louis. & Nash	45⅛	45⅛	44⅝	45
Manhattan	84⅜	85¾	84¾	85¾
Missouri Pacific	17½	17½	14¼	15⅝
Tobacco	72¼	72½	71⅜	72¾
Chicago & N. W	103½	104¾	103¾	103⅝
N. P. preferred	38⅞	38	38½	38⅜
Rock Island	62⅜	63⅜	60½	60⅝
Union Pacific	5⅜	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝
Western Union	82½	83	82½	83
Leather	55⅞	56⅝	55½	56¾
Lake Shore				

NEARLY ALL ARRANGED.

National Bank of Commerce Will Pay Very Soon.

After the interference of an unusual number of technicalities it begins to lok as though the time when the National Bank of Commerce will pay its depositors in full is but a few days distant. When the Minnesota Loan and Trust company arranged to accept the trust of closing the bank's affairs it found that the Minnesota law did not specify clearly that it had the power to do so. An act of the legislature was secured, as has been published. This has been passed and signed by the governor.

Col. Brush, the bank examiner, who has been here in charge of the bank, went to Minneapolis today to arrange the details with the trust company. When they are closed, the papers will be sent to Comptroller Eckels for approval. They should be back here the latter part of this week or the first of next, and the payment of the money will then be made at once. The money has all been received, and is ready to be paid over as soon as the technicalities are all overcome.

MAY DEMAND ITS MONEY.

Water Company Likely to Call on the Council.

It is expected that a demand will be made on the council this evening by the gas and water company for payment of the judgment ordered against the city Saturday in the case brought to recover hydrant rentals, amounting to $21,705.15.

City Attorney Richards, when asked today how it happened that judgment by default had been allowed to be procured, said he could not say. The case was one that had come to him as a legacy, he said, when he entered on the duties of his office and the city had been in default for more than thirty days before he was elected. The answer set up that the water was unfit for drinking purposes as a defense to the claim for payment for water furnished for that purpose. A demurrer to the answer was sustained, since which time nothing had been done. Mr. Richards said that an appeal from the judgment is the only recourse left the city.

Struck By a Car.

Gust Erickson, residing at 336 Garfield avenue, was struck by a street car at Fourteenth avenue east and Superior street, about 1 o'clock this morning, receiving, it is thought, no other injuries than several severe bruises. He was struck on the side and hurled to the ground. The car was running slowly at the time, to which fact Erickson probably owes his escape from serious injury. He suffered a good deal of pain in the side today, which the attendant physician considers rather a favorable sign than otherwise. It is thought he will be able to be out in the course of a fortnight.

The Library Board.

Mayor Truelsen will in all probability appoint the members of the library board tonight. The terms of L. J. Hopkins, W. H. Smallwood and F. W. Lonegren will expire. Dr. Codding is quite certain to be one of the appointees.

TO ANNEX HAWAII.

Washington, March 29.—Representative Spaulding of Michigan today introduced a joint resolution providing for the annexation of Hawaii to the United States. Under the provisions of the resolution, congress shall consent that the Sandwich Islands may be entered into a new state to be known as the state of Hawaii, with a republican form of government.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, March 29.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $220,230,092; gold reserve, $151,735,835.

KENTUCKY'S TOLL GATE WAR.

Lancaster, Ky., March 29.—A hundred masked men destroyed four toll gates in Garrard county last night. They threatened the directors and gate keepers with death if any more toll was collected, and insisted that they meant just what they said. Armed regulators are patrolling that section of the country in search of the raiders, and a meeting between the two forces is feared tonight. In Mercer county the raiders threaten to destroy all the gates with dynamite, and no toll is being taken.

GUNBOAT HELENA IS SWIFT.

New London, March 29.—The gunboat Helena made her speed trial today on the course on the Long Island sound, and succeeded in making sixteen knots per hour over the entire course. This gives the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock company, her builders, a bonus of about $56,000, which, in proportion to the contract cost of the ship, is the largest bonus ever paid. The trial was satisfactory in every respect.

DR. RUIZ SENTENCED.

Baltimore, March 29.—Dr. Joseph Ruiz, convicted of filibustering, was sentenced in the United States court today to jail for eighteen months and fined $500. Bail was refused pending an appeal.

NO DEATH PENALTY THERE.

Denver, Col., March 29.—Governor Adams today signed the bill abolishing capital punishment in Colorado.

Cataphoresis!

Prepares the way for excavating and filling teeth without pain. Dr. Schiffman, Burrows block.

Duluth Carpet Cleaning works. Office, 524 West Superior street. Telephone 591.

PILES Williams Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for PILES. It absorbs tumors. Stops itching. GIVES RELIEF. 50c and $1. At Druggists.

One Cent a Word.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at once. 228 Third avenue west.

WANTED — SECOND COOK, DISHwasher and dining room girl at St. James hotel.

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER FOR TWO gentlemen; good home for right party; middle aged lady preferred. Address with references, G Carrier 11, postoffice, city.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 407 West Third street.

WANTED—SIX EXPERIENCED SEWing girls at once, Room 1 Metropolitan block, French Tailoring institute.

MRS. De GROUCHY'S EMPLOYMENT office has removed to room 403 Masonic temple. Girls for general housework wanted.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS GIRL FOR general housework at once. Call 109½ West Fourth.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and eight girls can find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—ENGINEER WHO THOROughly understands how to run a Linde or Vilter ice machine. Apply Duluth Brewing and Malting company.

BARBER WANTED—STEADY JOB TO the right man. 218 Lake avenue south. A. J. Wilson.

WANTED—BOY OF 18, IN MERCANtile office. (Graduate of high school preferred). Address in own handwriting with references, Merchant, Herald.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $60 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SOLICIT SICK and accident insurance for the Union Men's Mutual Insurance company of Duluth. Liberal terms to the right parties. Call or address 307 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 507 CHAMBER of Commerce. If you want anything in my line—accounting, auditing, bookkeeping—temporarily or regularly, call.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—TRIO OF LIGHT BRAHmas; two Plymouth rock cockerels. 1226¼ West Superior street.

FOR SALE—THE GLEN AVON RINK building—it is now stands. All material to be removed within sixty days. Bids solicited. A. R. Macfarlane.

HIGH GRADE, $100 WHEEL, NOT new, but in excellent condition and an easy runner for $35. L 63, Herald.

LARGE HOTEL RANGE, 106 EAST SUperior street.

$300 CASH, BALANCE IN BOARD AND room; will buy furniture of 25-room boarding house; central location. A snap. P 91, Herald.

SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS AND BALance monthly buys a fourteen room house within seven blocks of the Spalding hotel. Chas. W. Hoyt, 405 Chamber of Commerce.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing. Moving storage free of charge. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

CARD READING.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED FOR 10 cents; pictures of your future husband or wife 25 cents. Address Madame De Zoe, P. O. Box 30, Duluth, Minn.

CARD READING, PAST, PRESENT and future, 1330 West Superior street.

HAIR DRESSING

TILLIE JORGENSON (FORMERLY with Midsund sisters, of St. Paul,) has opened hairdressing parlors at room 417 Lonsdale building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER. MONEY to loan on all goods of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook, 116 West Superior street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD IN private family by young man. Address L 75, Herald.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

HOUSE MOVING

HOUSE MOVING—LOUIS JOHNSON, expert house mover and raiser, fifteen years' experience in St. Paul. Moved over 2500 houses. Residence 215 East Sixth street, office 115 Second avenue west. Telephone 269.

FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE, INVESTMENTS,

I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$5.00 up.

A. R. MACFARLANE,
13 Exchange Building.

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for FITGER'S BEER.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the firm of Brace & Eckstein has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. A. H. W. Eckstein will succeed to and continue the business as heretofore conducted under the firm name of Brace & Eckstein, and all outstanding accounts and bills due said firm are payable to and will be collected by him.

E. R. BRACE.
A. H. W. ECKSTEIN.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-27-29.

One Cent a Word.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—WASHING, HOUSE CLEANing, scrubbing stores and offices to mending clothes. Work called for and delivered. 416 East Fourth street.

WANTED — BY MARRIED MAN, speaking French, English and German, work of some kind. Four years' experience in advertising. Good references. Address G. E. H., Herald.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter wants position. Address P 15, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS SEWING girl. 110 First avenue west.

WANTED — SITUATION AS BOOKkeeper, or to do office work of any kind, by competent man. Address L 11, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND mending clothes. Work call for and delivered. 416 East Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED — WASHING, ironing and house cleaning. Take work home or go out by the day. Call at 1221 West Michigan street.

AN ELDERLY GERMAN, NO. 1 BREAD and cake maker, good hand at cooking, wants work in hotel or restaurant kitchen. Call at 121 West Fifth street.

WANTED — SITUATION AS BOOKkeeper by married man. Five years' experience; strictly temperate; first class references. P 77 Herald.

WANTED—TO GO OUT SEWING BY the day, or take in all kinds of sewing, at reasonable prices, with satisfaction. Address 125 First avenue west.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK by the day, sewing preferred. 75 cents and $1 per day. Address L 82, Herald.

WANTED—PLACE BY COMPETENT girl in private family. P 94, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 20 YEARS OLD, STRONG and willing to work, would like place in commission house or as delivery man. Familiar with care of horses. Address A. G., Herald.

HOUSE CLEANING, SCRUBBING stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 330 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—TO RENT.

YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE WANT TO rent comfortable furnished house for year from May 1. Address K 49, Herald.

WANTED—SEVEN OR EIGHT ROOM modern house in East End; good paying tenant. Rent must be reasonable; pay is sure. Give location and price. P 93, Herald.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

LARGE DOUBLE ROOM, NICELY FURnished. Lowell block.

FURNISHED ROOMS IN PRIVATE family; modern conveniences. 26 West Third street.

LARGE ALCOVE FRONT ROOM WELL furnished. 1409 East Superior street.

OFFICES IN WOODBRIDGE BUILDing for rent. Apply to N. J. Upham & Co., agents, basement Torrey building.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT OF 1020 EAST Fourth street; very warm; $3 per month; water free.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—TEN ROOM HOUSE. 521 West Second street. Address C. S. Barker, West Superior, Wis.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., basement Torrey building.

ON MAY 1 WE WILL HAVE IN ASHtabula terrace one house and two flats for rent. Inquire of R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

FOR RENT — HOUSE 315 WEST Fourth street; all modern improvements; will be renovated to suit tenant. A. C. Volk & Co., Palladio building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—NICE MODERN FIVE room flat, centrally located. Volk, Palladio.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOM FLAT; four room flat; seven room house; nine room house; centrally located. Myers Bros., 206 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—COZY FLAT, $16. ALL modern conveniences, five rooms. Water rent paid. $250 buys a good residence lot. Cooley & Underhill.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM WITH board for two in private family at East End. Address Endion, care Herald.

MIDLAND HOTEL, 212 WEST SECOND. Special rates to permanent boarders.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Adaline Smith (widow), of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, mortgagor, to William Falck and John M. Diven, executors of the estate of Annie Z. Diven of the county of Chemung, state of New York, mortgagees, dated the 27th day of October, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of December, A. D. 1894, at the hour of eight o'clock and thirty minutes in the forenoon of said day, in Book one hundred and twenty-seven (127) of mortgages on page three hundred and thirty-two (332), which said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by the said William Falck and John M. Diven, executors of the estate of Annie Z Diven, mortgagees, to George M. Diven 2nd of the city of Elmira, Chemung County, state of New York, by deed of assignment dated the 5th day of May, 1896, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for said county of St. Louis, Minnesota, on the 16th day of May, 1896, at the hour of eight o'clock and forty minutes in the forenoon of said day in Book 121 of mortgages on page 556.

And whereas, there is claimed to be due and is now due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of fifty-two hundred ninety-nine and 46-100 ($5299.46) dollars, principal and interest and thirty-nine dollars for insurance premiums paid by said assignee, and no proceeding or action has been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—321, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), March 29.—The air pressure has continued lowest in the region north of Montana, where a storm is central this morning within an extensive depression which covers the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains as far southward as Kansas, and from which rains are resulting in Nebraska, Kansas, Western Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Western Tennessee and Montana and snow and rain in the region north of Montana.

The temperature has risen in all districts, and at the hour of observation this morning it ranged from 24 in the Canadian provinces to 54 in Tennessee.

Lowest temperatures last night:

Prince Albert	—	Battleford	36
Calgary	—	Medicine Hat	32
Swift Current	24	Qu' Appelle	32
Minnedosa	26	Winnipeg	24
Port Arthur	32	Helena	22
Williston	30	Bismarck	26
Havre	32	Miles City	34
Marquette	34	Sault Ste. Marie	28
Duluth	32	Moorhead	26
Huron	34	St. Paul	36
Lander	—	Rapid City	38
La Crosse	32	Milwaukee	36
Detroit	32	Chicago	36
Davenport	38	Omaha	40
North Platte	48	Denver	40
Dodge City	48	Kansas City	50
St. Louis	48	Memphis	54

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 35; maximum yesterday, 37; minimum yesterday, 29.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Probably showers tonight and Tuesday; nearly stationary temperature; northeast winds, becoming brisk to high.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 29.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Probably local rains tonight and Tuesday; fresh southeast winds. For Minnesota: Showers tonight and Tuesday; cooler Tuesday afternoon; fresh southeast winds.

TYPES OF PRESIDENTS.

A paper in the Bookman on "President Cleveland" contains an interesting discussion of the various types of men who have filled the highest office within the gift of the American people. It is asserted, at the outset, that of all our American presidents there are four who stand out conspicuously above the rest as representing four distinct types, each very characteristic and very national, and each differing essentially from the other three. In Washington we see the highest type of the colonial American, developed wholly under the influence of English traditions. Washington is, in fact, in his tone and temper, his point of view and his ideals, the representative upon American soil of the English gentleman and statesman, though with a difference that makes him au fond entirely American; and his immediate successors in the presidency did not very far depart from the standards that were his.

Even Jefferson, with all his radicalism, must be grouped in the same class; for, as is the case with most Americans, his radicalism, startling as it seemed to the Federalists of his time, was only superficial; and when one thinks of him as strolling through the stately halls of Monticello, a landed proprietor, his cellars stored with rare old wines, his library filled with the choicest books, patronizing the arts and sciences, and having his wants supplied by a retinue of slaves, he is readily seen to have been the true patrician whose democracy was in large part an intellectual assumption, just as the political theories of the great Whig dukes in England are found, upon analysis, to differ in no fundamental point from the conservatism of the Tory magnates.

Jackson was the first new man to arise in our government's history; and he represents the rough frontiersman, the fighter, the man who faced both nature and the savage in a successful battle for the mastery of the West. His election marks an epoch in our history, a break in the traditions that bound us closely to English influence; and he is the first of the American presidents to stand firmly and almost fiercely upon the rock of national individuality. Lincoln, again, is still another type—the type of the Western provincial, a later growth than the frontiersman, with some of the frontiersman's traits, but more subtle, more open to new influences, more closely in touch with the resources of an older civilization, much more a man of thought and somewhat less a man of action.

Mr. Cleveland, when he first became known to the nation at the time of his candidacy for the governorship of New York in 1882, typified a fourth and a still different kind of personality. In him, says the writer in the Bookman, was seen the modern American who lives in cities and represents a stratum of the population that is every year becoming more and more numerous with the increase of the urban element. He was a type of the practical, every-day usual citizen of moderate means and no very marked ambitions, a blend of the business man and the small professional person, one who knocks about with his fellows in a give-and-take sort of way, blunt, hard-headed, having a good digestion, and a brusque, unimaginative readiness to take a hand in whatever is going on.

THE FUTURE OF HAWAII.

A dispatch today says that California people have signed a memorial to congress protesting against the annexation of the Hawaiian islands. It is hardly likely that this protest will have the effect of changing the attitude of congress towards this subject. Reliable authority says that the McKinley administration favors the annexation of the islands. The president is said to favor annexation by means of a joint resolution of congress similar to that which was adopted when Texas was made a part of the great American republic.

There are good reasons for believing that if we do not annex Hawaii, some other nation will. The Japanese population there is rapidly increasing and is sure to be a menace to the islands if they continue under their present form of government. It is asserted that if we do not take Hawaii, Japan will. A recent lecture delivered at Washington by ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster gave some interesting information on this subject. He quoted from many political, naval and military authorities to show that it has become an established policy of this government not to permit the Hawaiian islands to fall into the possession of any other power. It is a military and political necessity that we have control of those islands. No mere technical questions of procedure should be permitted to interfere with our action. In our past history we have never displayed any great curiosity as to the perfection of the title of owners from whom we have acquired territory. We took Louisiana by purchase from a monarch who had not only a questionable right to its transfer, but who had usurped power by a revolution and held it by force of arms. Florida came to us from a sovereign who was ruling in defiance of the constitution and against the wishes of his people and was kept upon the throne by foreign powers. We acquired California and all that vast region from Mexico through a treaty made with a government which had a few months before seized government by means of a pronunciamento and in a little while was driven from power by another.

"We have an equitable right to Hawaii," said Mr. Foster. "Our citizens have contributed millions upon millions of dollars to the development of the islands. We have raised the country from barbarism. We have given that people civilization, a written language, schools, government. We taught their kings the very act of government. We have given life and prosperity to those islands. It is today virtually an American colony. The paramount influence is American. Four times in its past history has a foreign flag floated at Honolulu—first the Russian, then the French, afterward the British and again the French. Any one of these powers would gladly assume sovereignty again, and to them is to be added as a menace the rising power of Japan."

Of course, the islands could not be admitted to the Union as a state, but they would be given a territorial government similar to that of Alaska.

"OLIVER OPTIC" GONE.

The death of William T. Adams, better known by his pen name, "Oliver Optic," which occurred on Saturday, ends the career of a writer who became both rich and famous by providing a class of literature that appealed to the young. Many boys and girls were entertained by his stories of adventure and it is safe to say that not one was injured thereby, because there was throughout all his writings a moral tone that sought to elevate. Relating how he first began to write for juvenile minds, Mr. Adams said he found that all the stories for the young, as a rule, made the pirate or the outcast the hero. It threw the halo over the wicked hero and appealed to the sympathies of the reader. "I considered these books very bad," he added, "because they brought the reader in sympathy with the evil. Now, my idea was that stories just as exciting could be written without any of these evil tendencies. In fact, I can truthfully say I have never written a story which would excite the love, admiration and sympathy of the reader for an evil person or a bad character. I have never made a hero whose moral character or whose lack of high aims or purposes could mislead the young reader. This has been my standard, and however others may regard it, I deem it a safe one."

His first success in books for the young was "The Boat Club," and the reception which it met led him to devote his time almost exclusively to this field of writing. From this time he produced the books that helped to build his fortune and enhance his growing reputation. Some of his popular books are: "The Great Western," "Upward and Onward," and the "Army and Navy" series, the "Blue and Gray" series, the "Starry Flag" series, "Riverside Story Books" and many others that ran through many editions. His "Young America Abroad" series proved one of his greatest successes.

The present fancy of giving large sums to training schools and like institutions revives interest in the bequest of Jose Sevilla, a Peruvian, who in his will left stocks and bonds he estimated to be worth $500,000 to found a dormitory school for girls. The administrator learned that the securities were worth only about $300,000, and the court refused to permit that sum to be used as Sevilla desired. This was in 1886 and an honest man was administrator. So he placed the stocks and bonds where they would do the most good, and now is about to notify the court they are worth the full $500,000. So the kindly Peruvian's dying wish will be fulfilled at last.

They are going to have a parents' congress in Brooklyn, thereby giving recognition to some of the fathers who were so much in evidence at the recent mothers' congress in Washington. There was some opposition at first in Brooklyn to the admission of fathers to the program, and a "long discussion followed." It is pleasant to learn that the objections were finally silenced and a vote resulted in "an overwhelming victory" for the supporters of the claims of the fathers. It seemed to be the idea at the Washington conference that the fathers really had little to do with the existence of the family.

The Greater New York charter has been rushed through the legislature and will probably receive the necessary signatures of the governor and three mayors. It is said that Tammany is jubilant. The real position of Tammany is plain at last, now that it has become positively known that the greater city will be Democratic by at least 50,000 or 75,000. Tammany has all along been supposed to be fighting the new charter, but today boasts that it will place in power a new mayor, who will have patronage to dispense second only to the powers and privileges of a president.

There is said to still be a chance for L. P. Hunt to become public printer. Palmer of Illinois who was said to be endorsed by ex-President Harrison, has not the backing of the Illinois delegation, and the asumption that he will win out is not justified. The Illinois members call him a "chestnutty carpetbagger."

The Chicago Tribune and the St. Paul Pioneer Press may be expected to resume printing low tariff articles as soon as the Dingley bill passes. They never believe in a high protective tariff except when the campaign is hot.

A local preacher in the West of England recently offered up the singular prayer: "That the spark of grace might be watered with the dew of blessing from on high."

The quietest of all the United States senators is Horace Chilton of Texas. Some of his associates would confer a favor on the country if they would follow his example.

The Texas senate has adopted a resolution urging congress to repeal the anti-oleomargarine law. The butter-makers in Texas are evidently in a small minority.

The executive committee of the National Association of Democratic clubs has been reorganized on a distinctly silver basis. The new committee is a strong one.

The announcement that the senate will vote on April 1 on the amendments to the arbitration treaty may be a joke of the variety peculiar to that day.

The anti-Quay combine in Philadelphia has flattened out and the astute senator continues the undisputed boss of Pennsylvania.

The oldest woman in England, Sarah Thomas, was 100 years old last month. And she has smoked a clay pipe for sixty years.

With a tariff on antiquities, that industry should experience a great revival in this country.

The people of this country smoke 115,000 tons of tobacco a year, to say nothing of cigarettes.

J. Sterling Morton has gone out of the letter writing business. He has to pay postage now.

NO JOKING MATTER.

Two Harbors Iron News: Occasionally some paper jokingly refers to Governor Clough as aspiring to Senator Davis' successor. Boys, it's wrong to poke fun at Minnesota's David. Remember, he is our governor, and thus entitled to our profoundest respect. One advantage in having him in the senate, however, would be that his speeches might be delivered in executive session.

THE KISS IN COURT.

A lawyer met a pretty miss
While he was walking out one day,
And stole from her a honeyed kiss—
Which was not just the proper way.
At once a case of tort was brought
Which legal rules could not deny;
The lawyer held no justice ought
So frail a suit as that to try.
The action, when it got in court,
Met with a jury lenient,
And many a quillet and retort
Day after day on it was spent.
The lawyer claimed no maiden could
So much rare loveliness display;
A kiss like this he understood
Was flotsam on the state's highway.
The maiden said her rosy lips
No easement were for him to use,
Though they all others might eclipse—
His answer was somewhat abtruse.
And thus progressed the argument
Concerning kisser and kissee,
When to the jury it was sent.
Who failed entirely to agree
But, sent into their room again,
They gave their voice to the defense,
And found the girl in fault, for plain
"Contributory negligence."

—Harper's Bazar.

TALKING IN THEIR SLEEP.

"You think I am dead,"
The apple tree said,
"Because I have never a leaf to show,
Because I stoop
And my branches droop,
And the dull gray mosses over me grow!
But I'm alive in trunk and shoot;"
The buds of next May
I fold away,
But I pity the withered grass at my root

"You think I am dead,"
The quick grass said,
"Because I have parted with stem and blade!
But under the ground
I am safe and sound,
With the snow's thick blanket over me laid.
I'm all alive and ready to shoot,
Should the spring of the year
Come dancing here;
But I pity the flower without branch or root."

"You think I am dead,"
A soft voice said,
"Because not a branch or root I own?
I never have died,
But close I hide
In a plumy seed that the wind has sown.
Patient I wait through the long winter hours;
You will see me again—
I shall laugh at you then,
Out of the eyes of a hundred flowers."

EDITH M. THOMAS.

Have The Herald in your homes; 45 cents a month.

BRIGHT AND BREEZY.

Philadelphia Record: It seems strange how a plate of ice cream will make a girl's heart warm up to a young man.

Somerville Journal: Even the man who believes firmly in the thirteen superstition seldom refuses to accept thirteen for a dozen when he gets the chance.

Chicago Tribune: "What a dreary waste of water!" exclaimed the tourist from the East, looking from the hurricane deck of the river steamboat at the angry flood.

"A waste of water!" echoed the native Kentuckian, in astonishment. "Who in thunder wants to save it?"

Indianapolis Journal: "Will some pupil put into ordinary language the author's phrase, 'it is not the vain rhapsody of an Oriental dream?'" asked the teacher of the night school.

"Dat ain't no pipe," said the bullet-headed young man in the front row.

Chicago Post: She had just returned after a long absence and he had been explaining to her how much he had missed her.

"When did you miss me the most?" she asked.

"When two of my suspender buttons came off," he answered truthfully.

Harper's Bazar: Ambassador to Turkey—But, my dear Hadji Ben Ali Pinkerton, your people are barbarous—can you deny it?

Minister of state—Perhaps, my dear ambassador—no doubt; but, after all, they don't play football, you know. We shed blood for business, not for pleasure.

Philadelphia Record: The shades were holding a 5 o'clock tea in the Elysian fields.

"What's the matter with Ananias?" said the shade of Nebuchadnezzer, "he's very sulky today."

"Yes," replied the spirit of Ptolemy, "he's jealous of that Cuban war correspondent who came in yesterday."

THE TARIFF BILL.

Boston Advertiser (Rep.): The difficulty in the way of defeating the Dingley bill by pointing out various resemblances in it to the McKinley bill is that the people of this country have been impatient for some years past to have restored to them the prosperity which the country enjoyed under the McKinley bill, before it had been doomed by the folly and temporary madness of the anti-McKinley craze. About the highest compliment which can be paid to the Dingley bill, in the general estimation, is to say that it is modeled after the tariff bill of 1890. In this, that and the other leading respect, Minneapolis Tribune (Rep.): It is certainly very droll to see the free silver organs which have been cursing the lower scale of prices for merchandise and farm products, which have obtained of late years, and demanding high prices for everything, opposing the proposed protective tariff on the ground that it will raise prices. Last year they declared earnestly for high-priced food, clothing and machinery, and now they think or pretend to think that the new tariff will strengthen their prices they are kicking vigorously. Do these organs know what they want? Do they really know "where they are at?"

New York Tribune (Rep.): On all woolen cloths which are honest woolens and honestly invoiced the duty is lower than it was under the act of 1890. But on all swindling stuff which has been palmed off on American consumers as woolens, but is shoddy, and which cheated them out of half to three-quarters of their good money, the duty remains above any ever imposed, from 100 to 175 per cent. The American people, who like not to be cheated, will view with great satisfaction a measure which makes it about as profitable for the British shoddy manufacturers to send his goods to the hottest of all places as to the United States.

Indianapolis News: (Ind.): We hope that there will be some Republicans in congress who will have the courage and wisdom to stand out against the effort to impose these extravagantly high duties upon the people. The Republican party tried it in 1890, and the result the whole world knows. It is absurd to say that the election of Mr. McKinley was an indorsement of the tariff law which the people condemned in 1892. It was a point of the sort. The election of Mr. McKinley was the repudiation of Bryan and free silver. It will be well for the Republican leaders to bear this fact in mind and to give it some weight in their tariff deliberations.

Textile Manufacturers' Journal (Rep.): It is our firm conviction that the Dingley bill is an error; that it is contrary to the wishes and expectations of the Republican party, and it does not exemplify the ideal and practical principles of the protective system; that it is unwise as an economical measure, and unwise as a political measure; that it sacrifices the greater interests for the lesser, and that its ultimate effect will be disaster to that lesser interest which it seeks to conciliate. In our strictures upon and references to the bill we confine ourselves entirely to the wool and woolen schedules, disclaiming any knowledge of the other schedules, for we regard the wool and woolen schedules to be unfortunately the paramount feature of the bill in the eyes of the country at large; it was these schedules, more than any other, that brought about repeal of the McKinley law, and if care is not taken and wisdom exercised there may be a similar result following the new tariff. The party should gain wisdom from experience and it should heed the protests of its well-wishers and earnest adherents.

CASWELL'S CHANGES.

Mille Lacs County Times: "Let the Republican party keep on with its hellish career, if it thinks there is no hereafter."

No, gentle reader, the above is not a clipping from the fiery pages of Donnelly's Representative. This editorial is taken from the columns of that good Republican paper, the Anoka Herald. The editor whereof has evidently experienced a change of heart since Anoka's corns were stepped on by the legislature. He is the same gentleman that renounced his views on the money question in order to follow the Republican party and condemned Congressman Towne as a traitor to that party for not doing the same.

TOWNE AT DETROIT.

Detroit Journal (Rep.): The feature of the Mohawk club silver banquet last night, was Governor Pingree's welcome, delivered by proxy. Col. John Atkinson was the governor's representative. That smooth talker "Jollied" the 16 to 1 advocates without indorsing their views, congratulated them on their distinguished guest of the evening, and sat down. Next in interest was the really eloquent speech of ex-Congressman Towne, of Duluth. Even opponents recognize in him the "student in politics." He is a fine combination of the popular orator and the reader of books. George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts, was not at his best, and the first half of his speech was labored.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE ANTI-POOL DECISION.

Kansas City Times: If perfectly enforced the act would abolish the most unjust feature of rail rates. As it is, the law is constantly evaded. The efforts of the people, who are naturally dissatisfied with the systematic discrimination, should be directed toward compelling the railroads to live up to the law.

Indianapolis News: The Sherman act was not intended merely as a limitation on combinations technically known as trusts, but was meant to prevent the carrying out of contracts the purpose of which is to restrain trade and to limit competition. That a pooling arrangement between railroads is such a contract seems clear enough.

Denver News: The decision of the supreme court of the United States in the Trans-Missouri Freight association case is to the effect that all pooling agreements affecting rates come within the inhibition of the anti-trust law, and are therefore illegal. The case has been stoutly contested and its practical result will be to require all agreements of this nature to be submitted to the interstate commerce commission.

Chicago Tribune: It has been determined that competition must not be stifled. Therefore the railroads must do business under the competitive system. It may kill off some of them, but in that case they ought not to live. The fittest will survive. But the roads will thrive generally under competition. It will make business for them. They will not make as much on each ton of freight they carry, but they will carry more tons.

Chicago Post: The decision is clearly a technical one, and the refusal of the court to look into the "reasonableness" of the rates may be regretted on general public grounds. It may be found necessary to amend the laws and legalize certain forms of pooling under the control of the interstate commerce commission, but for the present it would seem that no pooling arrangement could be devised that would evade the inhibition of the anti-trust law.

Kansas City Star: One thing is certain. In the long run the railroad companies will profit by an honest effort on the part of their high officials to keep inside the limits of the law. Any other policy will result in radical legislation by congress and by state legislatures to regulate rates. The one way in which the railroads can escape such legislation is through a plain and sincere disposition to deal fairly and justly with all interests, recognizing always the authority of the law and the rights of individuals, and giving up all attempts to override them.

New York World: This decision overrules the famous decision of Judge Shiras approving and upholding such combinations. It upsets the decisions of Judges Lacombe and Wallace last Friday, which held that the anti-trust laws did not apply to railroads. It begins a new era in the history of the relations of railways to the people. It opens the way to a mortal blow at those great trusts and monopolies, such as the Standard Oil company, the dressed beef trust, the grain elevator trust, that rob the people and grow fat on extortion by means of the railway associations.

Chicago Journal: One effect of these associations has been to keep in operation a large number of weak roads, whose construction was the result of wildcat speculation and which could not keep above water if the stronger roads didn't divide profits or business with them. The people as a whole have been taxed by exorbitant freight rates to support enterprises which were of value only to small localities and a few shareholders. Many of these roads may be expected to collapse, and they have been of no service to the general public, and their loss will be more than compensated for by the increased service of the survivors.

GOVERNOR CLOUGH'S VETO.

St. Cloud Times: The Times has never been an admirer of Governor Clough, but it does unhesitatingly endorse his veto of the bill to lovate the fourth insane hospital at Hastings. His reasons, too, are sound, fair and logical.

Minneapolis Journal: The governor's veto has come just at the right time and in the right place. It is not likely that the legislature, with what result we shall see, will dare pass the bill over the veto. The members have been halted long enough right here to see that there has been some reckless business and reckless disregard of the public interest to say the least, and that it is time now to treat this matter on its merits and with due regard to public interests.

Minneapolis Tribune: That Anoka acted in good faith is shown by the fact that her citizens contributed the sum of $10,000 to make up the purchase money for the site over and above the $15,000 appropriated by the state for that purpose. The state, as represented by what the courts decided to be competent authority, went ahead and completed the transaction, legally locating the hospital at Anoka. Now come the majority of the legislature and seeks to repudiate a contract legally and squarely entered into—something that the governor refuses to permit it his veto can prevent it. We believe that outside of personally interested parties the governor's veto will be sustained by the people of Minnesota. The bill may pass over the veto, but we doubt it. On sober second thought a majority of the legislators who voted for it will perceive that they made a mistake.

St. Cloud Journal Press: Governor Clough is entitled to the thanks of the people of the state for the prompt manner in which he vetoed the bill taking the fourth hospital for the insane away from Anoka and giving it to Hastings. No greater outrage was ever attempted to be perpetrated upon the northern part of the state and the action of Governor Clough was that of a brave and honest man—a decided contrast to the action of the legislature.

A FLING AT DULUTH.

Brainerd Journal: The Duluth people find some advantage this spring in living on a declivity. Everybody can drain his cellar into the chimney of his next neighbor down the hill.

THE HIGHWAY.

The highway lies, all bare and brown,
A naked line across the down,
Worn by a hundred hurrying feet.
The tide of Life along it flows,
And busy Commerce comes and goes,
Where once the grass grew green and sweet,
The World's fierce pulses beat.

Well for the highway that it lies
The passageway of great emprise!
Yet from its dust what voices cry—
Voices of soft green growing things
Trampled and torn from earth which clings
Too closely unperceiving why
Its darling bairns must die!

My heart's a highway, trodden down
By many a traveler of renown—
Grave Thought, and burden-bearing Deeds,
And strong Achievement's envoy fares,
With laughing Joy and crowding Cares,
Along the road that worldward leads—
Once rank with foolish weeds.

Glad is my heart to hear them pass;
Yet sometimes breathes a low Alas!
The tender springing things that grew—
The nursling hopes their feet destroyed,
Sweet ignorant dreams that youth enjoyed—
And blossomed there the long year through—
Would I could have them too!

—LOUIS BETTS EDWARDS in Harper's Magazine for February.

A BUSY LIFE.

Here lies a poor woman who always was busy;
She lived under a pressure that rendered her dizzy.
She belonged to ten clubs and read Browning by sight,
Showed at luncheon and teas, and would vote if she might;
She served on a school board with courage and zeal;
She golfed and she kodaked and rode on a wheel;
She read Tolstoi and Ibsen, knew microbes by name,
Approved of Delsarte, was a "Daughter" and "Dame;"
Her children went in for the top of education;
Her husband went seaward for nervous prostration.
One day on her tablets she found an hour free
The shock was too great, and she died instantee.

—Philadelphia Record.

INDIAN WISDOM.

Their knowledge of the Curative Properties of Herbs considered remarkable.

A noted Professor, Dr. C. von Spiegel of Saratoga, N. Y., credits them with many remedies used by him in effecting difficult cures.

Useful hints to many who suffer, where they might enjoy the Indian's proverbial good health and longevity but for the prejudice of Ignorance.

The once existing idea that no possible good or knowledge could be obtained from an Indian is fast disappearing.

When such a man as Dr. C. von Spiegel of Saratoga Springs, in an article published in the daily Saratogian of Sept. 14, states that he is indebted, not only to the North American Indians—Kickapoos, Cheyennes, Arapahoes, Pawnees, Apaches, Kiowas, Comanches, etc., but to the many so-called uncivilized nations of the most remote corners of the globe,—for his enormous collection and the knowledge of their virtues, of roots, herbs, barks, gums and balsams, by whose use he has effected the most extraordinary cures in innumerable desperate cases, it would seem that the world at large should no longer hesitate to look for help from such simple but potent agencies—no matter their origin—instead of dragging out miserable lives of sickness that is aggravated by poisonous mineral drugs.



PROF. CHRISTIAN VON SPIEGEL, M. D.

With such words of praise from a man of Dr. von Spiegel's standing, a regular physician, a graduate and member of several universities, a man who has built up an enviable reputation by his many cures, some of which have been almost miraculous, we are doubly encouraged to call the attention of suffering humanity to the merits of our all-powerful specifics, *The Kickapoo Indian Remedies.*

The best known of these is Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, that greatest of blood purifiers and corrector of all derangements of the stomach, kidneys and liver. It is purely vegetable and contains no poisonous ingredients whatever. Thousands are enjoying healthy, happy, active lives today, who but for its timely use would now be leading the miserable life of a dependent cripple, or filling a premature grave, the victims of bad blood, nervousness, consumption, dyspepsia, rheumatism, dropsy, kidney and liver complaints.

Each year it becomes better known and more highly appreciated. Each day hundreds join the happy ones who have been cured by its use and sing its praise.

We want sufferers everywhere to give it a single trial. You will be convinced of its merits and bless the day you first heard of Sagwa. All druggists sell it.

If you wish medical advice free, write us; one of our staff of physicians will gladly give you such information as you may desire. The Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co., New Haven, Conn.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Black Hawk and Alex Caddot, the suspected murderers of the Spicer family at Winona, were brought to Bismarck Friday to appear before the United States grand jury as witnesses against the Winona saloonkeeper who sold them liquor the day preceding the horrible butchery of Mr. and Mrs. Spicer, Mrs. Waldron, Mrs. Rouse and her twin babies. Immediately upon their arrival they were met by Sheriff Shier of Emmons county who arrested them on the charge of murder, and they were placed in the Burleigh county jail for safe keeping. Black Hawk is a negro half-breed and is the worse looking man of the two. He resembles the negro race more than the Indian and his appearance indicates the desperate character of the man. He speaks good English. Caddot is a low-browed French half-breed. Both prisoners were placed in the sweatbox by United States Marshal Cronan, and were closely questioned. Harry McLaughlin, son of Indian Inspector McLaughlin, acting as interpreter. All efforts to force a confession were futile.

The 5-year-old daughter of Andrew Storfield at Grand Forks slipped and fell into a tub of scalding water and received injuries that proved fatal.

L. W. Hellis, who has laid in jail some months in default of bail at Fargo on the charge of criminally libeling Sheriff Wilson in last fall's campaign, has been released on habeas corpus.

In the United States court at Bismarck the juries in the cases of George Losey, charged with blowing a safe in the Lisbon postoffice, and J. M. Trapney, of Mandan, charged with stealing government cattle, disagreed.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Investigations show that Miss Ethel Wills, who was burned to death at the home of John L. Pyle at Huron, was cleaning gloves with gasoline which ignited, setting fire to her clothing and resulting in her death. The remains, in charge of her mother and Mr. Pyle and wife, were taken to Janesville, Wis., her former home, for burial.

William McCrum broke jail at Elk Point by splicing together two pieces of window stop and fishing his cell key from a nail thirteen feet from the door. He is charged with wheat stealing.

Chloe, the 17-year-old daughter of Eli Peacock, took strychnine at the home of her sister, three miles from Miranda. That she did not want to move South with her parents in the spring was the only reason given for the act. She died.

END OF THE WAR.

A cheer went up from many throats;
The war, they said, was ended;
No longer had they need the boats
On which they had depended.
The army, too, was useless then,
And promptly was disbanded,
And officers joked with the men
They had for years commanded.

A coup d'etat they called the thing
That closed the Cuban struggle;
It brought the end they'd failed to bring
With all they e'er could smuggle.
They gave to Spain the loud ha-ha,
Not with their ammunition,
But with the glorious coup d'etat
Designed for just that mission.

The night was dark when first they tried
This most effective caper,
And humbled Weyler in his pride
By stealing all his paper;
And then to make the thing complete
And finish this bold fighter,
To make more crushing his defeat
They stole his last typewriter.

—Chicago Post.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles C. Schmidt and Annie M. Schmidt, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date May first (1st), 1894, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May thirty-first (31st), 1895, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred two (102) of mortgages, on pages three hundred one (301), three hundred two (302), three hundred three (303), thereof which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to James H. Falconer, by an instrument of assignment bearing date June ninth (9th), 1893, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June ninth (9th), 1893, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book eighty-three of assignments of mortgages, on page four hundred fifty-five (455) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage which became due on January 1st, 1897, amounting to the sum of $36, no part of which has ever been paid; by reason whereof said assignee of said mortgage, after said default had continued for more than ten days, elected to exercise the option to him given by the terms of said mortgage, by declaring, and he does hereby declare, that the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon and exchange, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand four hundred seventy-eight and 53-100 (1,478.53) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered twelve (12), in block numbered sixty-four (64), London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twelfth (20th) day of April, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 6th, 1897.

JAMES H. FALCONER,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN
Attorney for Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-8-15-22-29-April-5-12.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Thaddeus J. Barrow and Nellie J. Barrow, his wife, of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, mortgagors, to Homestead Building and Loan Association of the same place, mortgagee, dated the first (1st) day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (1895), and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the third (3rd) day of July, A. D. 1895, at the hour of twelve (12) o'clock and fifteen minutes in the afternoon of said day, in Book sixty (60) of mortgages on page two hundred and seventy-three (273).

And whereas there is claimed to be due and is now due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and sixty-nine dollars and eighty-five cents ($869.85), and no proceeding or action has been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises therein described at public vendue by the sheriff of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, at the front door of the district court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the twenty-first (21st) day of April, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with interest thereon and the costs and disbursements of the sale, and fifty dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold are the tracts and parcels of land lying and being in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, and state of Minnesota, known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered ten (10), and eleven (11), in block numbered twenty-six (26), in the Fifth Division, Duluth Heights, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 4th, 1897.

HOMESTEAD BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for said Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-8-15-22-29-April-5-12.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Notice is hereby given that a certain mortgage was executed and delivered by Josephine Hansen, mortgagor, to M. H. Crocker, mortgagee, covering the property hereinafter described, dated May 20th, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May 25th, 1895, at 4:15 p. m., in Book 82 of mortgages on page 230. That said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said M. H. Crocker, mortgagee, to Conrad Carlson, by a written assignment dated November 2nd, 1896, and recorded in the office of the said register of deeds on November 27th, 1896, in Book 107 of mortgages on page 466, at 11:50 o'clock a. m. That said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Conrad Carlson, assignee, to David M. White, by a written assignment, dated January 9th, 1897, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on March 9th, 1897, at 12 o'clock m., in Book 108 of mortgages on page 484.

And whereas default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the non-payment of the sum of one hundred dollars and interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 20th day of May, 1895, secured thereby, and the amount actually due thereon, and claimed to be due thereon, at the date of this notice is one hundred and seventeen 50-100 dollars, and no part thereof having been paid, and whereas the power of sale in said mortgage has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, the premises described in said mortgage, situate, lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota, viz: The east half (½) of the southeast quarter (¼) of section No. four (4), and the north half (½) of the northeast quarter (¼) of section No. eight (8), all in township number sixty-seven (67) north, of range number twenty-one (21) west 4th P. M. will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the St. Louis County court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April 27th, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees provded for in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within the time provided by law.

Dated March 15th, 1897.

DAVID M. WHITE,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

M. H. CROCKER,
Attorney for said Assignee David M. White,
416 Chamber of Commerce,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-15-22-29-April-5-12-19.

NEW TRUNK DEPT.

TAKE ELEVATOR—2nd Floor.



A Full and Complete Line of

MODERN TRUNKS, TRAVELING BAGS,

Dress Suit and Telescope Cases

A Line that is not excelled for quality, style and finish by any Trunk Store in the country.

Placing large orders direct with the manufacturer and buying for spot cash, we are able to own our goods at a very low price, and can consequently sell much cheaper than exclusive stores.

Trunks $2.50 up. Traveling Bags 50c up.

M. S. BURROWS.

A BICYCLE SCHOOL.

Union Rink Will Be Converted Into One.

Saturday night saw the last of the skating at the Union rink and about a hundred people took advantage of it. In the early part of the evening the ice was about as good as it has been this winter, but was cut up very easily. The crowd stayed late nevertheless.

The managers of the rink will at once commence taking the ice out to put in a bicycle school and livery, which will be ready in a week or ten days. Later they will put in a 12 or 15-foot saucer track for racing, and there is some talk of making it the headquarters for the Duluth Cycle club, though this is not certain. Mr. Wray will still continue the management, and Mr. Starkey will leave in a few days for the Rainy Lake country.

MARINE MATTERS.

The Ice is Breaking Up at Buffalo.

The variable winds during the last few days have played havoc with the ice at this end of Lake Erie, says the Buffalo Courier. Early Sunday morning, when the wind was from the east, there was no ice in the outer harbor for a distance of about five miles up. But in the afternoon, after the wind had changed to the west, the ice was driven down in great masses and Niagara river was full of large cakes, soft and honey-combed.

The mild weather, accompanied by warm rains and fog, has evidently wasted the large ice field at this end of the lake to a considerable extent, and Forecaster Cuthbertson said that he believed nothing would hinder navigation here after the first of April. He is of the opinion that by April 5 the ice in Lake Erie will have disappeared.

The ice in this vicinity surely is not over ten inches thick at the most, and with another week's mild weather it will be completely wasted.

Everything now points to an early opening of navigation, so far as this port is concerned. This, of course, is not wished for by the majority of conservative vessel owners, as it would tend to ruin the whole season financially and cause very low rates to prevail during the most active portion of the season.

Talked Life Insurance.

Dr. Humason's worldly topic at the First M. E. church last night was "Life Insurance." He deprecated those who argue against life insurance and said that he believed that it was as much one's duty to carry life insurance as to carry insurance on one's property. Superstitious arguments against the plan were frowned upon by the speaker. A man's duty to his family compels him to make some provision for it in case he and his source of income are taken away, and no better method can be employed than life insurance. The man who does not intend to get married should be insured also, if only to pay his funeral expenses. Besides, he may change his mind. Dr. Humason did not believe in taxing life insurance companies, as it would increase the cost of insurance.

GEN. RUGER'S RETIREMENT.

New York, March 29.—Maj. Gen. Thomas H. Ruger, commanding the department of the East, of the United States army, with headquarters on Governor's island, retires from the active list of the army on Friday next, when he reaches the age limit of 64 years.

RED ROUGH HANDS

Itching, scaly, bleeding palms, shapeless nails, and painful finger ends, pimples, blackheads, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching, scaly scalps, all yield quickly to warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to Produce Soft, White Hands," free.

ITCHING HUMORS Instantly relieved by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

MAJ. SEARS' REPORT.

Report of the Business of Duluth and Superior.

Maj. Sears' annual report of the business of the ports of Duluth and Superior is out, and it shows an increase for the season of 1896 of $16,676,900. Last season 5527 vessels arrived with a registered tonnage of 6,626,101 and 5421 departed with a registered tonnage of 6,726,967. The total number of arrivals and departures was 10,948 as compared with 10,986 in 1895. Notwithstanding the fact that the number of vessels was slightly less in 1896, the tonnage was 13,355,068 as compared with 11,444,272. The receipts of last season were 2,407,880½ tons with a valuation of $27,717,561, and the shipments were 5,478,953 tons with a value of $83,959,339. The total of receipts and shipments was 7,886,833½ tons with a valuation of $111,676,900.

Duluth received 662,123 tons of coal, worth $2,375,186, while Superior received 1,403,829 tons, worth $4,790,687. Duluth received 114,292 barrels of salt, worth $72,489, while Superior received 118,366 barrels, worth $76,938. Duluth received 76,202,000 feet of logs, worth $533,421, while Superior received 26,680,000 feet, worth $144,760. Duluth received 401,356 tons of manufactured iron, worth $1,272,159, and Superior received 21,869 tons, worth $688,873.

Duluth has the advantage over Superior in shipments. She sent out 1,981,597 tons of ore, worth $2,318,468, while Superior shipped 165,033 tons, worth $193,089. These figures do not include Two Harbors' shipments. Superior has a slight advantage on flour, Duluth shipping 3,729,440 barrels, worth $11,188,320 as against 4,291,097 barrels, worth $12,873,291 for Superior. Duluth shipped 28,925,114 bushels of wheat, worth $17,390,183, while Superior shipped 20,111,692 bushels, worth $12,439,681. Duluth shipped 12,584,718 bushels of coarse grains, worth $6,826,206, while Superior shipped 5,547,612 bushels valued at $2,829,282. Duluth shipped 208,516,000 feet of lumber, worth $2,085,160, while Superior shipped 33,232,000 feet, worth $332,320.

Duluth receipts in full were 883,234 tons, valued at $16,160,704, while Superior's were 1,524,646½, worth $11,556,857. Duluth's shipments were 4,008,532 tons, valued at $43,416,794, while Superior's were 1,470,421, valued at $40,542,545.

The passenger business of the two ports was 25,150 in and 24,540 out.

Funeral of R. C. Kennedy.

The funeral of ex-Alderman R. C. Kennedy took place yesterday afternoon, under the auspices of Willis A. Gorman post, G. A. R., and Rice's Point lodge, A. O. U. W. Services were held at the Second Presbyterian church at 2 o'clock, a large assemblage of friends of the deceased being present. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. The funeral sermon was preached by Rev. C. C. Salter and the Grand Army ritual was read by Commander Sickland of Gorman post. The remains were interred at Forest Hill cemetery.

A Lodge Social.

Duluth lodge, No. 457, I. O. B. B., gave a literary and musical entertainment at the Kalamazoo block Saturday evening, a large number of friends of the members being present. Piano solos were rendered by Mrs. L. Hammel and Miss Mae Schwartz, and a violin solo by Morris Freimuth, with piano accompaniment by Miss Rosie Freimuth. Miss Mae Rosenblatt gave a recitation. Rabbi Siegmund Frey delivered an address on "The Influence of the Order of Briar Brith Upon the Young Man."

Gun Club Scores.

The following scores were made at the Central Gun club shoot Saturday afternoon:

Event 1—Williams, 9; Wads, 8; Shell, 8; Wojeck, 7; Grover, 5; W. A., 4.

Event 2—Shell, 10; Williams, 8; Wads, 8; Wojeck, 6; Grover, 6; W. A., 5.

Event 3, five pairs—Wads, 8; Shell, 6; Williams, 6; Wojeck, 6; Grover, 5; W. A., 3.

Duluth the Winner.

Saturday, at the normal school gymnasium, the Duluth Y. M. C. A. basket ball team met the Superior normal basket ball team and won out by a score of 9 to 5. A large number of Duluth people went over and saw the game. A return game will be played April 10 in Duluth.

The innumerable testimonials in the possession of its proprietors show the good work Salvation Oil is doing. 25 cents.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

CLEARING

Iron Ore Situation Has Less of Uncertainty About It Now.

Miners Can Make Calculations on Exactly What They Must Do.

Michigan and Wisconsin Railroads May Reduce the Ore Rate.

The clouds that have enveloped the iron ore situation for some time have begun to break, and mine owners and operators can now make calculations for the season's operations with some assurance as to what prices will prevail and what the cost of production and delivery will be. As predicted by The Evening Herald, the price agreed upon for Bessemer ore, which last year brought $4 a ton, is $2.65. The association of the mines on the old ranges, including the Vermilion, into a Bessemer pool is now about perfected, and this remarkably low price for the product of the mines agreed upon. It is said that the railroads traversing the mining ranges in Michigan and Wisconsin, appreciating the fact that mine owners can realize no profit and are very likely to operate at a loss under the new agreement forced upon them by the position of the Consolidated mines, have voluntarily decided upon a material reduction in iron ore freight rates. That this report is correct is probable, for the railroad companies on those ranges do not control the big mines, and their revenue must be realized from the freight paid by the several mining companies, and if those companies could not operate without loss they would be certain to suspend work, and with the result that the railroads would have no ore to haul.

On the Minnesota range it is different. The railroads companies are the owners of the principal mines, and if they should experience a nominal loss in mining and marketing the ore, they would more than make it up in the handsome profit realized from the freight receipts. So it is not likely that, in order to make it possible for independent mining companies to do business and compete with them in the ore market, they will voluntarily make a cut on ore rates, as the roads on other ranges will be forced to do to keep their business.

It is possible, and even probable, that a better lake rate than 70 cents a ton will be announced soon. In fact, it is even now reported that charters have already been made at 65 cents a ton, and that figure is likely to prevail until October. It is reported from Pittsburg that the price quoted on Mesaba ore is $2.40, and that this figure will be officially announced in a few days. The probabilities are that $2.35 will be the price, as stated in The Evening Herald Saturday, for there should, and probably will be, a difference of at least 30 cents a ton between Mesaba and Bessemer ores, even though it will cost $2.40 a ton to mine and market Mesaba ores, including the royalty of 30 cents a ton paid the Adams mine and those at Hibbing.

IT CAN'T BE DONE.

No One Can Remain Well, No Chronic Disease Can Be Cured Unless the Stomach is First Made Strong and Vigorous.

This is plain because every organ in the body depends on the stomach for its nourishment. Nerve, bone, sinew, blood are made from the food which the stomach converts to our use.

How useless to treat diseases with this, that and the other remedy and neglect the most important of all, the stomach.

The earliest symptoms of indigestion are sour risings, bad taste in the mouth, gas in stomach and bowels, palpitation, all-gone feeling, faintness, headaches, constipation; later comes loss of flesh, consumption, liver and heart troubles, kidney diseases, nervous prostration, all of which are the direct result of poor nutrition.

Any person suffering from indigestion should make it a practice to take after each meal one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, allowing it to dissolve in the mouth and thus mingle with the saliva and enter the stomach in the most natural way. These tablets are highly recommended by Dr. Jennison, because they are composed of the natural digestive acids and fruit essences which assist the stomach in digesting all wholesome food before it has time to ferment and sour.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists, full-sized packages at 50 cents. They are also excellent for invalids and children. A book on stomach diseases and thousands of testimonials of genuine cures sent free by addressing Stuart company, Marshall, Mich.

A Racing Circuit.

At Rhinelander, Wis., a meeting was recently held which resulted in the organization of the Northern Wisconsin-Minnesota Racing circuit. There were present the secretaries of the agricultural societies of the several counties. The places represented in the circuit are Rhinelander, Ironwood, Wausau, Antigo, Ashland, Duluth and Superior. The total purses offered will be $8200, Duluth offering the greatest amount, $1500. A purse of $100 for a running race is to be offered by each society in addition to the other purses. The purses will be divided into 50, 25, 15 and 10 per cent prizes. The entry fee will be 5 per cent and 5 per cent additional from winners. The races will be mixed. J. J. McGheehan, of Ashland, is president and F. E. Parker, of Rhinelander, secretary of the circuit.

The Duluth dates are Sept. 22, 23, 24 and 25 and the Superior dates Sept. 28, 29 and 30.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

We are showing the latest fads. ✳ Come to us if you want the newest of the new.



Ideals Are Turned Into Possibilities!

It's one thing to see what you want---it's another thing to possess it. We not only show the very best material for spring wear, but our low prices put it within your reach.

It is the magnetism of the values we are showing that causes the people to buy where their interests are protected. Seeing is free, it won't cost you a penny to look through our stock and see how much you can get for so little money, you will not be urged to buy, your judgment will tell you what to do.

Grenadines and Gauze.

We enthuse over these goods because they are the most handsome dress fabrics ever shown, they are the choicest and choicest creations ever attempted in extreme novelties, embracing all that is new in black and colored ground with fancy figures, stripes and plaids. Come in and see these goods and enthuse with us.

Figured Silk Grenadine	85c
Open Mesh Grenadine	98c
Plain Silk Grenadine	$1.00
Black and colored changeable Grenadine	$1.23
Black with satin Stripe Grenadine	$1.25
Black and green Check Grenadine	$1.35
Black and colored Plaid Tissue	$2.00
Colored Silk Striped Grenadine	$2.50

New Dress Goods.

Our Dress Goods need no introduction, they speak for themselves, it is only necessary to say that the reputation of the stock is sustained for handling exclusive high grade novelties, the best produced by the foreign and domestic manufacturer.

Wool Suiting	29c
Checked Dress Goods	50c
Large Checks	65c
Novelty Plaid	75c
Fancy Mixed	98c
Scotch Novelties	$1.25
French Moline, plain colors	$1.65
Imported Novelties	$2.00
Novelty patterns from $5.00 to	$50.00

Talk about Silks.

Come in and we will talk to you about Silks, and will show you one of the best selected assortments to be seen anywhere, in all that is new in the odd designs and figures, in Twilled Foulards, Moire Check, Changeable Satin De Leon, and a large variety of others.

Checked Silks	39c
Figured Foulards	49c
Black and White Checked Taffeta	75c
Figured Twilled Foulards	75c
Soft Finished Foulards	98c
Moire Velours, new colors	$1.25
Twilled China, 24-inch	$1.25
Figured Taffeta, evening shade	$1.35

Your responsibility ends and ours begins when you buy of us. We are right behind every transaction we make. Ask to see the new, nobby Suits and Jackets.

POWER & SETTLE.

ONE WAY TO COLLECT.

A Young Employe Gets the Wages Due Him.

In striking contrast with the story of slow liquidation that the trade reviews have been telling of late is that of a very lively settlement that was effected in Lakeside one day last week. The young son of a well-known resident of that locality has been in the employ of a dealer whose emporium is situated in that vicinity also. The young man officiated in the capacity of general hustler, it being the wish of his father that he should learn the business from the ground up. Part of his pay was to consist of the experience he gained, a small balance to be paid in cash.

Weeks passed, the young man serving faithfully and well, but while he received large chunks of experience that fully balanced, if they did not overbalance, his claims on that part of the account, the employer allowed the money payments to lag so far behind as to be completely out of sight a good portion of the time. The young man finally ventured to jog his employer's memory by gentle hints at first, and these failing, he put his foot down with quite a jar several times. It was ever the old story—in a few days a considerable amount of money was expected, and payment would then be made. This went for a while, but hope deferred made the young man a little "leary," as the saying goes, and he began to keep an eye on the way the money was coming in. Finally, becoming convinced that payments for goods sold were not so long deferred and irregular as, in his opinion, to justify delay in paying his wages, he resolved to "move immediately on the works," in accordance with the plan of action of that famous general whom the young man's father, who had served in the army, had often held up to him as a model.

One day last week the young man approached his employer with a look of resolve in his eye and again broached the old subject. Again it was the same old story. This was what the young man had expected and he was prepared for it. In the language his father had used many a time in fighting his battles over again, it was now time to hurry the artillery to the front. Hauling out an immense specimen of that style of old-fashioned pocket ordnance known as "horse pistol," he planted it within six inches of his employer's nose and announced that settlement must be made at once, with an accent on the "at once."

A moment the employer hesitated, but only for a moment, and then he climbed down as expeditiously as did Davy Crockett's coon, fully convinced that unconditional surrender were the only terms he could expect. Without a word, he planked down the scads then and there. Assuring himself that the amount was correct, the young man pocketed the money and beat a masterly retreat, going home with colors flying.

There was talk for a while of having a warrant sworn out and stirring up things generally, but, it is believed, the matter has been fixed up and that the last chapter of the war has been written. There is some talk about the pistol not having been loaded, and it is perhaps a consideration of the light in which this, if true, would place the affair that induced the employer to let the matter drop.

Pavilion is Leased.

The Pavilion has been leased to Jule S. Kusel, a theatrical manager, who has been associated with Jacob Litt. He was manager of "Shaft No. 2" recently. Matt Kusel and Walter Rosser will be associated with him in the management. Mr. Kusel will arrive here before long. He intends to present attractions in the line of vaudeville. He already announces the American Fougere, La Violettya, a chanteuse, who has made a great hit in New York, Boston, Chicago and other cities.

Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sol by all the leading dealers.

AMUSEMENTS.

BILLY RICE'S MINSTRELS.

Billy Rice, the universal favorite and original old-time minstrel, and his famous minstrel company, composed of thirty well-known artists, will appear at the Lyceum Wednesday evening. The company is claimed to be first-class and up to date. There will be a big parade at noon and a concert at 7:30 o'clock in front of the theater.

PAVILION BAND CONCERT.

The first band concert of the season was given at the Pavilion yesterday afternoon and a crowd of more than 2000 persons rode up and down the incline to hear the sweet strains that were evidence that spring was really here. March is rather early for summer amusements in Duluth, but yesterday was a trifle in advance of the season and the Pavilion was comfortably warm, many in the audience laying off their light wraps while listening to the music. That the winter practice of the City band under Professor Meier's instruction has been prolific of good results was evidenced by the approval with which most of the numbers were received. The program was happily selected and proved exceedingly popular for many selections were vociferously encored.

IN THE DARDANELLES.

Constantinople, March 29.—The Turkish squadron has not left the Dardanelles. Hakki Pasha, commander of the Turkish troops at Tokat, in the Sivas district, where the massacres of the Armenians recently occurred, has been dismissed and arrested on demand of the representatives of the powers.

Duluth Carpet Cleaning works. Office, 524 West Superior street. Telephone 591.

Georgia's Fair Authoress

Tells Why She Uses Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedies.



THE NAME of Mrs. J. E. Harwell, (nee Julia Emma Flemming) is a familiar one in the state of Georgia. She writes; "It is with pleasure that I express my gratitude for the wonderful benefits I have received from Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedies, especially the Nervine, the Nerve and Liver Pills, New Heart Cure and Anti-Pain Pills. Actual experience has taught me their great worth. No family should be without them. They have fully restored me from a complication of disorders chiefly affecting the heart, nervous system and kidneys. When I travel I always take one of your Anti-Pain Pills before entering the cars and thus prevent swimming of the head and nausea, to which I have been subject for several years."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

SUPERIOR STEEL PLANT.

Futile Attempts to Find Out Rockefeller's Plans.

Washington, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank A. Ross, of Superior, spent yesterday in Washington. He attended the meeting in New York last week of the committee of the reorganization of the West Superior iron and Steel company, of which he is attorney.

It is said that the committee of reorganization has not yet been able to discover what Rockefeller intends to do with regard to their property. Yesterday Attorney Ross consulted with several members of congress who are interested in the reorganization scheme.

BATTLESHIP IOWA.

Big Warship Starts on Her Maiden Trip.

Philadelphia, March 29.—The big battleship Iowa sailed at 6:30 this morning from Cramp's shipyards for Brooklyn. The great sea fighter was saluted by craft of every kind as she slowly floated down the Delaware river. The Iowa will anchor tonight at the Delaware breakwater. Tomorrow when her compasses have been adjusted she will sail for Brooklyn where she will go into dry dock to have her bottom scraped and painted. At 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon the big vessel will sail for Boston where, on Wednesday the official trial will take place.

Large Temperance Meeting.

One of the most successful meetings that has been held in the series in the Scandinavian Union temperance movement was that of yesterday afternoon in the Swedish Lutheran church, at Twentieth avenue west and Third street. An interesting program of addresses, recitations and music was given. Among those assisting in the program were Rev. C. O. Cassell and Rev. K. S. Lundin. The latter delivered a short address, Rev. Mr. Krantz, who was announced as the principal speaker of the meeting not being present.

G. G. Moe made a report of the committee which waited on the mayor with the resolution in reference to the closing of saloons on Sunday. The mayor said the laws are enforced to spirit, but could not be to the letter, and assured the temperance people that they had no better friend than him.

The church was crowded and there was scarcely standing room. A temperance paper was distributed at the meeting.

Ladies' Union Meeting.

The Ladies' Union will meet Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock in the Catholic club rooms. The following program will be carried out:

Scripture reading .....Miss Gallagher
Paper—"Poet Priests" ...Miss Stringer
Readings from Father Tabb.....
....Miss Michaud
Paper—"Bruno" ..... Miss Heath
Reading—From Father Faber.....
....Miss Mathews
Reading—From Cardinal Gibbons..
....Miss Killoran
Catholic Belief .....Mrs. Kenna
Roll call—Miscellaneous.

Bethel Meeting.

Rev. George E. Shorter, evangelist from Ironwood, Mich., has been secured by the Bethel association to conduct a series of meetings here on Tuesday evening. He will speak at the Lake avenue Bethel using a large chart to illustrate his subject. Commencing with Wednesday evening and each evening for the remainder of the week he will speak at the Branch Bethel. Tonight at the Lake avenue Bethel Dr. T. H. Cleland will speak. Mr. Robel, superintendent of the Bethel, will leave for Chicago tonight to attend the special meetings to be conducted there by Mr. Moody.

Men like hats that are correct—The Gordon

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 9 a. m., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1897, for furnishing and laying about 2249 lineal feet of cast iron water pipe and specials, ranging from 6 inches to 30 inches in diameter, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of six hundred (600) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 9 a. m., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1897, for furnishing and delivering along the line of the waterworks force main in said city from the pumping station at Lakewood to the reservoir at Thirty-fourth avenue east and Fourth street about 85,000 pounds of special castings according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of two hundred (200) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on March 18, 1897, and terminating on March 18, 1898, by M. J. Dahlsten, at No. 19 Second avenue west.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 29th day of March, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 16th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON, City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 16 to 29 inc

TOWER

Charlemagne Tower Has Been Named for the Austria-Hungary Mission.

Lived in Duluth and Was President of Duluth & Iron Range.

Was for Two Years Secretary of the Legation at Madrid.

Washington, March 29.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: State—Charlemagne Tower, of Pennsylvania, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Austria-Hungary; Anson Burlingame Johnson, of Colorado, to be consul of the United States at Fuchan, China; William S. Hallenberger, of Pennsylvania, to be assistant postmaster general.

Interior—Thomas Ryan, of Arkansas, to be first assistant secretary of the interior; Henry Clay Evans, of Tennessee, to be commissioner of pensions.

To be registers of land office—David C. Fleming, of Colorado, at Sterling, Col.; Theodore Ball, of Colorado, at Leadville, Col.

A FORMER DULUTHIAN.

Charlemagne Tower, Jr., who was today appointed minister to Austria-Hungary, was a resident of Duluth for four years, during which time he was president of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad company. While he had a wide acquaintance here he made few close friends and his most intimate asociates were never his confidants. He was dignified and reserved in manner, although in a social way he was very companionable, being an easy conversationalist and capable of entertaining in a most interesting way when he so desired. He was ambitious politically, but never seemed quite able to adapt himself to the methods in vogue in practical politics in Minnesota at that time. He was a candidate for the Republican nomination for the state senator in 1886, when he was defeated in convention by R. S. Munger, who was in turn defeated at the polls by A. J. Whiteman.

Mr. Tower received a taste of diplomatic life before coming to Duluth, having served for two years as secretary of the legation at Madrid. He enjoyed his life there and ever since has been ambitious to enter the diplomatic service. He has been a careful student of history and speaks several languages fluently. He is polished and courtly in appearance and will at once be at his ease in court circles. He has dipped into literature to some extent, and is the author of a large handsome volume that is on the shelves of the Duluth public library, which treats of Marquis Lafayette.

While in Duluth Mr. Tower entertained on one or two occasions in an elaborate manner and was quite a social favorite. It is quite likely that if he had succeeded in getting political recognition here, he would have continued his residence in Minnesota even after the death of his father.

The Mayor Likes It.

The mayor received a copy of the uniform charter law today. He says he heartily approves of the bill, and that it should be passed. He favors the election of the council in the manner provided for in the case of a dual house and having the members sit as one body.

Prof. Tomlins Coming.

All musical people will be interested in learning that Professor W. L. Tomlins, for twenty-five years director of the famous Apollo club of Chicago, will be in Duluth this week and will speak at the High School Assembly hall Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. He has a national reputation as a musical director and is a fine speaker and singer. He illustrates his lectures with vocal selections.

WILL APPOINT BIMETALLISTS.

London, March 29.—The April issue of the National Review contains a statement that it has received private information from Washington that President McKinley intends to appoint bimetallic commissioners as extraordinary diplomatic agents in order to be able to officially negotiate with the heads of states. The National Review adds: "For obvious reasons, President McKinley does not care to have this fact generally known, as he fears the politicians would clamor for the appointment of their supporters. He intends to select at least three and possibly five men of the highest position."

CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE.

Washington, March 29.—The senate today confirmed Frank H. Nash, to be register, and William C. Whipps, to be receiver of the land office at Kallspell, Mont.

JOSEPH SMITH SELECTED.

Washington, March 29.—Joseph Smith, of Ohio, one of the three persons certified by the examining board of the American Republics bureau, as competent, has been selected by Secretary Sherman as director of the bureau in place of Clinton Furbish.

ENGLISH AND BIG HOTELS.

The American idea has taken root abroad and is growing fast. Not only are the few old big hotels prospering as never before in London and Paris, but bigger and more expensive ones, commonly called palaces, have been built, and more are building, says Lewis Morris Iddings in Scribner's. Since they can no longer be considered as exclusively American in idea and patronage, foreigners have generally ceased to deride them, and now use them freely—even the English person of insignificant title whose fad not long ago was seclusion. People of this kind may not dine in the public room even now, but the fact remains that they prefer the big hotel to the little one. A few years ago one frequent criticism of our hotels was that the guests lost their identity and were known only as numbers. This seemed especially repugnant to the foreign mind. But now all nationalities flock to the large caravansaries in Europe and are happy, although they naturally are numbered and handled like so many bundles of merchandise according to fixed rules.

SELL REAL ESTATE
By means of an Evening Herald "want ad."

THE KABO CORSETS.







It is the Impression

Of nearly all ladies that a $3.00 Corset is truer and better fitting than one costing a dollar, and with most lines such is a fact, but not with Kabo Corsets—

The Dollar Numbers are Perfectly Finished

As graceful in design as three dollars, and they fit just as well, but naturally the fabrics in the higher price styles are richer and more wear-resisting, the boning is heavier, and the trimming is more sumptuous.

The Blacks in all these goods will be found of the very first quality commensurate with the price charged, and fast blacks, too, in every instance, which is an item to be noted.

The line comprises all that is desirable and stylish in Corsets Tomorrow.



Loop Eyelets.

Never Cut Laces



Miss Kittie Collins

Expert fitter for the makers of the above Celebrated Corsets, will be present in our Corset Department from March 29 to April 3 to demonstrate and fit without extra charge, all Kabo Corsets purchased during the week. The Corset business is peculiar in this, that all sorts of schemes and ideas without merit have found lodgment in it, until the American woman in our opinion is ready to welcome a line of such goods for which is merely claimed perfection in shape, style and finish. No tricks or schemes about these goods—just fit, style and wear, but that is much if true, and the guarantee of this house goes to each purchaser that in all that contributes to make a Corset valuable to its wearer, these goods will be found ultra.



Seven styles with high bust, varying in length of waist, height of bust and fullness of figure. The only true and scientific hipless Corset ever made. The most beautiful short Full-form Corset imaginable, at $1.00. The only Turn-in Bust, 6-hook Corset made. Five other Long Waist $1.00 and $1.25 styles of different models. A French Coutil number, full-curve style. An English Coutil Spoon Bust, full-form garment, of great utility to ladies of ample figure, and numbers of other styles which lack of space prevents enumerating.

It is the impression of nearly all ladies that a $3.00 Corset is truer and better fitting than one costing a dollar, and with most lines such is the fact, but not with Kabo Corsets—

We Cordially Ask Your Inspection of these Goods Even if You Do Not Need a Corset.



Never Corrode.

Outwear the Corset



The Makers of These Goods Have Abandoned the Use of Brass Eyelets in Favor of the Soft Loop Eyelets!

And for obvious reasons—Every wearer of a Corset knows the great liability to corrosion of BRASS EYELETS, and the consequent soiling and often ruin of dainty undergarments, so that if the Loop Eyelets did away with that nuisance alone, they would be a boon; but they do more than that: they never cut Laces—an ordinary lacer invariably outwearing the Corset. They so flatten the lacing that it will never show through the back of the thinnest gown; and lastly, they never wear out—your old, discarded KABO CORSET will always have perfect, serviceable Eyelets—another item worth noting.







PANTON & WHITE---Glass Block Store, Duluth.

CONDUCTING THE SCHOOLS.

Mr. Simonds Discusses the Need of Retrenchment.

To the Editor of The Herald:

By reason of accounts lately published of a meeting held at the Jackson school in the interest of the kindergarten, public attention is being attracted to the subject of the general policy adopted in conducting the schools of Duluth and in fact to the manner in which the public funds are disbursed through the agency of the school board as well as the county and city authorities. At the meeting mentioned, which seemed to be under the complete control of Miss Clark, principal of the kindergartens connected with the public schools, no one would suppose from the remarks and contentions of any of the speakers with one exception, outside the members of the board of education, that any question was or could be involved in the consideration of the subject, aside from the desirability of retaining this part of our educational system. The natural impression of any hearer would be that kindergartens were to be had for the asking, and that the cost and expense of the same were matters of no consequence. The merits of the kindergartens were extolled in the highest and most extravagant terms by the speakers, most of whom stated in opening their remarks that they knew nothing about the subject.

It was clearly a packed meeting called for the express purpose of exercising a sentimental influence upon the board of education, most of the members of which were present and several of these gentlemen showed by their remarks they were suitably impressed. With one or two exceptions no member of the board seemed to be burdened for a moment with the inquiry as to how the funds were to be provided to meet the expense of carrying out the somewhat effusive and extravagant views of the speakers and yet from what I know of the increasing delinquencies in the payment of taxes I do not hesitate to say that in the present condition of the finances of this city it is not a question whether the kindergarten, the manual training school, the musical director and supervisor, the drawing teacher and the director of physical training shall be retained, but whether the main body of the schools can be retained throughout the usual school year.

Any member of the school board who will interest himself to examine into the funds in fact available to carry on the schools and then advocate such restrictions and economies as will bring the expenditures within the resources to be had, will confer a lasting benefit upon the public and the true cause of education. Such members ought to be encouraged and upheld by all good citizens instead of being censured as is too apt to be the case by the unthinking, and those directly interested in reaping the benefits of employment. This community is in the midst of a prolonged period of hard times felt here with unusual keenness on account of the high and fictitious values placed upon unproductive real estate at the time the effects of the late panic were first felt. As a consequence of this the delinquency in the payment of taxes has steadily increased during the past four years until at present the public burdens are borne by less than two-thirds of the taxable property.

This condition of things would seem to indicate as the course of wisdom that the various forms of public expenditure should be curtailed in some measure to correspond with these diminishing receipts. But this has not been done at all in educational affairs. On the contrary not only are all the expenditures of former years fully maintained per pupil, but there is constant pressure brought upon the board to extend the range of educational branches and there seems to be shown on the part of the school officers a spirit of compliance with these demands. Such a course if persisted in will hasten the precipitation of a financial collapse in our municipal affairs, and work incalculable injury not only to the cause of education held dear to all, but to the general public welfare.

The people of Duluth do not constitute the only community where considerations of this kind have been pressed home for serious treatment. Elsewhere restriction and economies are being adopted. Why should it not be done here? Surely every wise man situated as to his private affairs like this school district, would apply the remedy of retrenchment at once. In fact this is being done by a large majority of the people of this city in all their personal affairs, and in my opinion sound judgment requires that it be done in all departments of public service. Much might be said to show that the methods of the school board and the superintendent have been lavish and that greater expense has been incurred in the education of our children than is paid elsewhere and that the kindergarten is much more costly per pupil here than in other cities.

In the discussion that these questions must receive before the best policy will be adopted, no doubt much light will be given. My object will be gained, however, if I have said enough to attract the serious, thoughtful attention of our people to the critical condition in which we are placed. Go to the city and county officers and learn for yourselves how very large the tax delinquencies are, and then use your efforts to avoid the catastrophe sure to follow unless decided curtailment and retrenchment is immediately entered upon. There are many among our most responsible citizens who believe that we are already so involved in obligations that default cannot be avoided. It certainly will come unless prompt and concerted action is taken. In this crisis it is too much to ask of our mothers and sisters that they do not add to the financial burdens already resting upon our shoulders by joining in the clamor for still greater expansion of our educational system?

As intimated above these same questions are troubling other communities and they are being met in a wise and brave spirit. I beg to quote from the last address of the president of the public schools of Columbus, Ohio. He says: "The unexpected shrinkage in the revenues of the board and the increased expenditures made necessary from various causes during the past year, caused a deficiency at the close of the year, and in order to live within its means the coming year the board saw itself compelled to retrench in every direction. It dispensed with the departments of manual training and kindergarten, reduced the school year from thirty-eight to thirty-six weeks, thus effecting a saving of about $42,000 and scaled down the estimates for every department. It was with great regret that both the kindergarten and manual training departments were dispensed with, as they were highly appreciated by the parents and children of our city, and it is hoped the time is not far distant when the finances of the board will admit their re-establishment. In order to do this the strictest economy must be practised."

Is the above not a wise, manly and courageous way to meet our difficulties, instead of yielding to sentimental influences for increased expenditures that must soon lead to disaster?

O. H. SIMONDS.

Duluth, March 29.

Portage Lake Work.

Maj. C. B. Sears is in Houghton, Mich., looking after the plans for the big breakwater that is to be built at the Lake Superior entrance to the Portage lake canal. This breakwater will be an immense affair. It will be about a mile in length. The plans will be completed in a short time and the work will probably be advertised during the summer.

Next Wednesday Maj. Sears will open bids for the pier extension on the Portage lake side of the canal. This is a large contract, involving about $150,000 and many large firms are expected to compete.

ATTACKED BY AN EAGLE.

A. T. Willoughby, who resides on the farm of Hon. Thomas A. Smith, near Ridgley, while returning from a visit to neighbors on Thursday, with heavy cane in hand, saw a large gray eagle sitting in a tree in the woods through which he was passing, says the Denton (Md.) Journal. As he approached the tree the huge bird, very much to the surprise of Mr. Willoughby, swooped down toward him with a velocity as swift as it was startling to the pedestrian. Quickly realizing the danger of his position, Mr. Willoughby, by dodging, eluded the direct course of the bird, and at the same time struck at the eagle with the heavy stick he had in his hand, but the bird, with the agility of his kind, escaped the hurriedly aimed blow, and immediately renewed his attack. Mr. Willoughby, with the danger of his life staring in his face, quickly met the half-starved bird, this time dealing him a blow upon the head so stunning that there was no further doubt as to the outcome of the battle. Mr. Willoughby carried the eagle to Ridgley yesterday morning, when it was found to measure six feet nine inches from tip to tip of wings, two feet ten inches from bill to end of tail. Six inchas was the circumference of the head, while his immense talons were about two inches long. Mr. Willoughby considers his escape almost miraculous, and some say he still has a wild look in his eyes.

CALLERS AND OFFICE-SEEKERS.

Ex-President Harrison gives a most interesting pen picture of "A Day With the President at His Desk," in the March Ladies' Home Journal. The article is unique, as being the first written by a president of life in the White House, and in describing the routine of a chief executive. A feature that he treats with directness relates to the president's interruptions from callers and office-seekers. "It is a hard good fortune," he writes, "during the early months of an administration if the president gets one wholly uninterrupted hour at his desk each day. The president's time is so broken into bits that he is often driven to late night work, or to set up a desk in his bedroom when preparing a message or other paper requiring unbroken attention. Thoughtlessness is the root of all this. 'I only want five minutes,' and if he were the only one it could be spared; but his double is at his heels, and the urgent public business is postponed or done at night with a jaded mind. It may be said that untimely visitors should be excluded, and so they should, but thoughtfulness on their part would be a cure without a smart." Regarding the office-seekers' persistency in having personal interviews with the president, Gen. Harrison asserts that they advance their cause but little if at all. "But the feeling that something is or may be gained by a personal interview prevails, and for the first year and a half of an administration the president spends from four to six hours of each day talking about things he will not have to act upon for months, while the things that ought to be done presently are hurtfully postponed.

"If the president could make up and publish an appointment docket, and notify all persons having anything to say in a particular case to 'draw near' on a fixed day, it would result in a great saving of time all around, and a great saving of money to the applicants, who could remain at home until summoned to appear. No papers should be received after the submission of the case, and motions for a rehearing and for a new trial should be barred."

The Ladies will always find several features prepared expressly for them in The Saturday Herald.

A GREAT DROP.

Startling Attraction For the Paris Exposition.

Popular superstition has it that all weird and fanatical schemes come from out the West, but that part of the universe must take a back seat now, for Grenoble, an ancient city of France, has gone the Occident one better and has evolved a freak that "takes the cake."

Charles Carron, engineer by profession, is responsible for the idea that posterity will award to him the palm as the originator of the most astonishing proposition of the century. In short, Mr. Carron proposes to furnish humanity with an entirely new sensation, and in this age of ennui anything new is welcome, says the New York Journal.

French engineers are vying with one another to produce all sorts of outlandish things for the great exposition to be held in Paris in 1900, and Mr. Carron is one of the contestants. He proposes to take a number of courageous persons on to the top of a tower higher than the Eiffel, and then to drop them overboard into a pool of water some thousand feet below. Those who survive will be decorated with the medal of the Legion, or something like that, to commemorate their bravery. The others will be decently buried by the state.

In order to give some semblance of safety, Mr. Carron has evolved a special form of car for the journey. It is projectile shaped, forty-five feet long, and divided into an upper and a lower compartment.

The upper one is thirteen feet high (superstitious persons please take note) and ten feet in diameter, and is capable of holding fifteen heroes. They will sit in heavy padded chairs, with pneumatic cushions, and will be supplied with treatises on "First Aid to the Injured."

A mattress two feet thick forms the floor. Beneath this are numerous steel springs, which hold a platform. This rests on a series of cones, one within the other, the outer ones being thirteen feet long (sic), the whole being designed to take the shock of concussion when the car strikes the water. The car will weigh eleven tons.

The pool into which this car will drop is to be shaped like a long-stemmed champagne glass. It is to be 180 feet deep, 175 feet wide at the surface, and sixteen feet in diameter throughout the lower half.

The car will travel rather rapidly after it once gets started. Descent into mine shafts is made at a rate of about fifty feet a second, and the speed of the fastest train is about double that. When the car in question has dropped 300 feet it will be going at the rate of 140 feet a second. At 650 feet it will split the air at 200 feet a second, and at the moment it enters the water it will have attained a speed of 255 feet. The entire trip will take only eight seconds.

There is a general belief that a person falling from a great height is dead before striking the ground. And many people will be deterred from experimenting with this sensational experience. Scientists state, however, that there is no danger whatever in the mere act of the flight, as the passenger is in a stationary atmosphere. An engineer in the closed cab of a locomotive traveling at the rate of a mile a minute experiences no more difficulty in breathing than if he were in his parlor at home.

The queer thing of all is that Mr. Carron, and, in fact, the whole of France, takes the matter seriously, and there will no doubt be plenty of persons willing to risk life and limb.

MOTHERS OF SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

Speaking of New England girls and Sabbath schools, it is to the courage of a mere slip of a girl that New England owes the Sabbath school, says the Philadelphia Times. Like most other great ideas, the thought for a school for Bible study on Sunday came to divers persons in divers places at the same time. Up in Maine, in Kennebunk, two young girls of 16 or thereabout, when the century was in its early teens, conceived the idea of a school on Sunday for the religious instruction of the children of Kennebunk mill hands. One of the young girls, years and years afterward—her grandchildren, by the way, are still living in Washington—used to tell me of how the elders of the church received the idea with horror. It was sacrilegious, indecorus, they said, an insult to all parents, as implying that children did not receive proper religious instruction in their homes. The use of the church was denied the young teachers, but the two girls had the real New England backbone, and they persisted, till by and by the elders were won over. It was not for many years afterward, however, that it was considered really genteel to send one's children to Sabbath school.

The same young girl, an old, old lady when I knew her, used to tell with delight of an occasion on which she went with a kinswoman to dine with Mr. and Mrs. John Quincy Adams. The table was beautifully set in the fashion of the times, and at Mr. Adams' place lay a four-tined silver fork. The other persons at the table had merely the two-pronged forks then in use. Mrs. Adams apologized for her husband's little eccentricity, saying that in his long sojourn in France he had acquired the habit of eating with his fork, a habit of which he had been unable to break himself.

"And, my dear," the old lady used to say, with a twinkle in her eye, "the elegant Mrs. Adams and the rest of us ate with a knife."

HAVE FISH MEMORY?

American Field: It is important, in the opinion of Professor Edinger, the well-known savant of Frankfort-on-the Main, to obtain an answer to the question: Do fish possess the faculty of memory? The result would settle an important point in comparative psychology. The professor writes: "It is widely accepted that fish possess a certain degree of memory; that they recognize persons, and know what places to frequent and what places to avoid, according to the experience they have gained; that, having once been caught by a hook, they know one again when they see it, and so on. For scientific, comparative psychology, it is highly desirable that all evidence tending to prove this should be collected. The reason is as follows: We have hitherto held to the view that the function of memory is essentially connected with the existence of a coating to the brain. We know nothing about the capacity of the deeper portions of the brain in this connection. Now, it has been successfully shown that fish have no trace whatever of a coating to the brain. If one can prove beyond question that these creatures really collect their experience and can utilise it afterward, namely, that they possess the faculty of memory, we shall have to drop the doctrine, hitherto accepted, that it is only the coating of the brain that gives this faculty, and then the door is open to an entirely new series of experiments." Professor Edinger begs all who observe the habits of fish, and especially anglers and breeders, to forward him the observations they have made.

LOBSTER WAS POLITE.

The man with the woolen "comforter" had fallen asleep in a Wentworth avenue car, says the Chicago Tribune. His head sagged forward until his whiskers were resting against his vest. He seemed to be entirely quiet and inoffensive, and yet a woman gave a little yelp and suddenly moved away from him.

The other passengers looked up in surprise, and she pointed at the sleeping man. His overcoat pocket was moving. There was something live in it. While the passengers looked and wondered, a dark, damp claw was pushed out of the pocket. It opened and closed slowly. The woman gave a little squeak and moved to the other side of the car.

In came the conductor, who had observed the excitement. When he saw the wet, salty claw biting vainly at the air he went up and aroused the sleeping man.

"Look here," he said, "this won't do."

The man with the "comforter" made a "pass" or two at the conductor and then looked up and said: "Wha's that won't do?"

"Why, this thing in your pocket."

"Ain' a man got a right to take a lobster home to his children?"

"That's all right, but we don't want it crawling all over the car."

"If the lobster bites anyone I got money to pay."

"Well, never mind about that. We don't want anything scaring women here."

"I can pay the lobster's fare if there's any kick," and so saying the man reached into his overcoat pocket and pulled out the moist creature, which had bits of seaweed troiling in its claws.

"Ain't he a dandy?" he asked, smiling at the woman who had been frightened.

"Here, now, you'll have to put that up," said the conductor sternly.

"Show me the rules," demanded the passenger. "Show me the rule, 'no lobster allowed on this car.'"

"Never you mind about the rule; you put that thing back in your pocket."

"All right, sir; but I wan' to tell you this lobster's too polite to bite any lady," and he directed a mischievous but rather shaky smile at the woman across the aisle.

The conductor helped him to crowd the gently protesting lobster back into the overcaat pocket, and then the man with the red "comforter" once more fell asleep.

MAN BITES THIRTY PERSONS.

A terrible tragedy has just been enacted in the village of Litvinovitsch, in theTschernigov province of Southern Russia, says the Chicago Chronicle. Three or four months ago a peasant living there was bitten by a mad dog, and his relatives, instead of obtaining proper medical aid, simply consigned him to the care of the village magician, who, for a consideration, undertook to exorcise the evil spirit of the dog.

The man was eventually seized with a bad attack of hydrophobia, and, after biting his wife, rushed through the village, foaming at the mouth and savagely biting the people who came in his way, with the exception of those who had the presence of mind to throw water at him.

The other men of the village soon assembled with their guns and sticks and a regular hunt for the wretched peasant began. He was finally shot and severely wounded and then beaten with sticks until he was quite harmless. He died immediately afterward.

The police report on the case states that thirty persons were bitten by the peasant, most of whom have been removed to Kieff for treatment on the Pasteur method.

The Intrusting of such a case to the village magician and its terrible consequences are a striking example of the depths of ignorance and superatition in which the Russian peasantry are at present sunk.

RIVERA

Gen. Maceo's Successor Is Said to Be a Spanish Prisoner.

Captured Yesterday by an Overwhelming Force in Pinar Del Rio.

A Number of His Staff Officers in Prison With Him.

Havana, March 29.—Gen. Hernandez Velasco continuing his operations in the hills of Pinar Del Rio with the columns of troops under his command, was engaged yesterday morning at Cabazedas in the Rio Hondo district with an insurgent force numbering about a hundred men under Gen. Ruiz Rivera. The insurgents were dispersed and their position was captured after an hour's fighting. The troops captured a number of prisoners including Maj. Gen. Ruiz Rivera, his chief of staff Col. Bacallao and his adjutant, Lieut. Terry. Gen. Rivera and Lieut. Terry were both wounded.

Gen. Rivera succeeded Gen. Antonio Maceo in command of the insurgent forces in Pinar Del Rio, and he is considered next in military importance to Gen. Maximo Gomez. The insurgents left ten men killed and the troops, pursuing the enemy captured a quantity of arms, ammunition, dynamite, caps, etc. The troops had one man killed, Lieut. Wolgesraffen and twenty-four soldiers wounded.

Gen. Rivera and his chief of staff, Col. Bacallao were brought in prisoners at San Cristobal, province of Pinar Del Rio last evening. Lieut. Terry, the adjutant of Gen. Rivera, who was made prisoner at the same time, died while on his way to San Cristobal. He was wounded by the explosion of a Spanish shell during the engagement at Cabazedas.

A CORRESPONDENT KILLED.

Washington, March 29.—The following dispatch was received from Consul General Lee dated Havana yesterday: "C. E. Crosby, of New York, representative of the Chicago Record, is reported killed while watching with field glasses a combat between the Spanish and insurgent forces near Arroya Blanco, close to the boundary of Puerto Principe and Santa Clara. He came to the island Jan. 30, and is said to have graduated at St. Cyr, France.

BICYCLE RACE.

Much Interest in the Affair at Washington.

Washington, March 29.—There was a good attendance throughout the night to witness the six days' go-as-you-please bicycle race, which began here at 12:05 a. m. A sensation was sprung at 6 o'clock this morning when Ford made a spurt, gaining a slight lead. Lawson, "The Terrible Swede," flew after him, and Schoch redoubled his efforts. Ford was soon passed, but the Swede and Schoch continued to sprint at the top speed. Time and again they passed their competitors, while the shouts of the enthusiastic spectators could be heard blocks away.

Lawson gradually drew away from Schoch, and at the termination of the spurt was two laps ahead, having gained one early in the night. Another lap was gained by him at 8 o'clock, when Schoch punctured his tire. The crowd shouted to Lawson to make a spurt, but the Swede shook his head and continued at his usual pace. Miller at 5:19 dropped out temporarily, saying it would be necessary to get some new tires. He expected to start again at noon today. Many of the riders stopped for short periods to rest, but up to 11 o'clock Lawson and Schoch had ridden continuously, except when the latter changed wheels. Lawson was a favorite with the crowd, owing to his appearance of freshness and energy.

Washington, March 29.—At 10 o'clock the scores of the contestants in the six-day bike race stood as follows: Lawson, 179 miles; Schoch, 179; Albert, 177; Golden, 164; Cassidy, 156; Ford, 124; Riverse, 118; Muller, 56. Muller stopped to change wheels, taking a much lighter machine.

At 12 o'clock Lawson, the leader was seventeen miles behind the record. Score at noon: Lawson 213; Schoch, 213; Albert, 212; Golden, 196; Cassidy, 185; Rivera, 176; Ford, 142; Muller, 56.

The score at 3 p. m. stood as follows: Lawson, 263; Schoch, 263; Albert, 262; Golden, 236; Cassidy, 217; Rievere, 161; Ford, 144; Muller, 59.

CHICAGO ANARCHISTS ACTIVE.

Chicago, March 29.—The Post says today: According to anarchists in Chicago, an extensive movement of a revolutionary nature has just been set on foot. Systematic agitation is to be begun May 1, outdoor meetings are to be held, whether or not police permission is obtainable, and just such preparations and speeches as preceded the Haymarket episode are being made.

BANK RESUMES BUSINESS.

Keene, N. H., March 29.—The Keene Savings bank, which suspended some time ago, has resumed business. The institution is making loans on Eastern securities, but will make none in the West at present.

CHANGING THE SCHEDULE.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 29.—The Des Moines branch of the United Mine workers have called a meeting to figure on a reduction for the summer from the winter scale which is 75 and 80 cents per ton on coal.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Spaardam, Rotterdam; Michigan, London.

COULDN'T REFUSE IT.

New York Weekly: New Clerk (anxious to show his sagacity)—This silver dollar you just took in is counterfeit.

Proprietor (nervously)—I was waiting on the minister's wife.

"But you don't take counterfeit money from women just because they happen to be ministers' wives, do you?"

"No, of course not."

"Didn't you see this was counterfeit?"

"Consarn it! young man. If you must know, that's the dollar I dropped into the contribution box last Sunday."



(Native Kola User.)

You Can Be Strong

Every MAN or WOMAN who lacks the strength of perfect manhood or womanhood can regain it by taking Dr. Charcot's KOLA NERVINE TABLETS. The greatest builder up of the Nervous system of this century.

A positive cure for Sleeplessness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Melancholia, Neuralgia and all Nervous Disorders.

Sold by all leading druggists at $1 a box; 6 boxes for $5. Write for genuine testimonials and proofs. Prepared only by Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.

JOB FOR LAMONT.

May Become President of the Northern Pacific.

Chicago, March 29.—The Post's Washington special says: A report is in circulation among the Washington friends of ex-Secretary of War Lamont, that he is about to become president of the Northern Pacific railroad. Secretary Lamont has been in close business relations with several of the leading spirits in the Northern Pacific reorganization scheme, and as he has gained a reputation for being a safe and conservative character, it is not improbable that he may be selected for that position.

It has not yet been figured out to a certainty exactly what bearing his selection for the presidency of the Northern Pacific would have on the supposed deal between that road and Mr. Hill's Great Northern. Opinions differ very radically in that respect, but it is believed generally, by those who profess to have information of an authoritative kind, that the two companies would be operated with comparative harmony, although possibly not in conjunction.

MARIE'S MIRROR.

Brooklyn Citizen: Young Mr. Smithers, having eaten an excellent dinner, sat down to smoke a good cigar while his wift ran upstairs to mak her toilet.

So peaceful was his state of mind that he did not even look acesingly at his watch when, after the promised "minute" had developed into sixty, she entered the room.

"Seems to me that you are looking very nice tnight, my dear," he remarked.

"I am so glad you think so, darling. Of course, I care more for your admiration than that of anyone else. Besides, the Skinners sit right behind us this evening, and this dress will give Mrs. S. a bad headache before the second act is half over."

Mr. Smithers looked anxious. "So this is new, is it? Wasn't the old one good enough?"

"N-not quite, my dear. Besides I earned the money for this one myself."

"But how did you earn—?"

"Oh, after you left, I fell to thinking what a lot $25 was to spend upon a birthday present for Marie when I really needed so many things. Then an idea struck me. I remembered all those pretty things I found in our big trunk after we were married—the ones that horrid girl, whoever she was, sent back when the engagement was broken. I wouldn't have one of them myself, but it seemed a pity for them to lie there, so I went upstairs and looked them all over. I selected that lovely silver-be- rror, and cleaned it up until it looked just like new; and then I—"

"Sold it to buy the dress. I see!"

"Nothing of the kind. I bought the dress with the money you gave me. The mirror I sent to Marie with our best wishes. Won't she be surprised, and—why, Freddie, are you ill?"

"Not at all, my dear. You are quite right; Marie will, no doubt, be much surprised, for, you see, she herself was the girl who returned those presents—that is all."

ALICE CASTLEMAN'S BEAUTY.

There are two great events which stand out prominently in the life of beautiful Miss Alice Castleman, of Louisville, Ky. One of them the world already knows. The other it does not, says the Chicago Inter-Ocean.

The event known to the public took place at the recent charity ball in New York. To John Jacob Astor fell the honor of selecting the belle of the evening. The beatuty of New York was there, and so were handsome women from many another city. Mr. Astor passed by these prominent belles, on whom every eye was centered, subjecting them all to disappointment. He picked out this comparatively unknown Kentucky girl and danced with her, crowning her queen of all.

But there was another social event at which Miss Castleman received distinction. One of her old neighbors is authority for the story.

Miss Castleman was plain "Alice Castleman" then. She had reached the dignified age of 8 years. Attired in a new dress, with silk stockings and beautiful, low shoes, which were her pride and delight, she attended one of her first social functions. A cavalier of about her own age started out to escort her home. All went well until they were well away from everybody else. Then her pretty face and ruby lips proved too enticing for her cavalier. He made a move toward the latter.

But she was too quick for him, and started up the street at a rate which sent her hat off and her hair flying. Alice was a lively sprinter in those days, and she led her pursuer for quite a distance. Just as she was beginning to get out of breath she turned a quick corner, and landed with both her pretty feet—new shoes, silk stockings and all—right in the middle of a mortar bed.

There were sobs and tearful reproaches, and the gossips say that later sounds of chastisement and wailing issued from the Castleman home.

Thus do people become famous.

OLDEST CRAFT AFLOAT.

An accident on the English coast, near Gravesend, between the coal barge True Love and the schooner Gravesend, brought to light the fact that the former vessel was built in Philadelphia in 1764, and is probably the oldest vessel afloat. She was formerly the bark True Love and was built in Kensington 133 years ago. Her timbers are of live oak and she is believed to have been sound and stanch until she was run down by the Gravesend. No vessel has been afloat so many years as the True Love and probably none ever will be.

GRAVER

Flood Conditions at and Near Alton, Illinois, Are Very Serious.

Quincy Alarmed at Continued Wet Weather—Saving the Levees.

Levee Near Greenville, Miss., Broken and a Vast Area Is Inundated.

Alton, Ill., March 29.—Flood conditions become graver every hour. Men were put to work this morning overhauling all the levees protecting higher bottom lands. The gauge shows an advance of four-tenths of a foot in the last twenty-four hours. The river is within less than three feet of the stage reached in the middle of May last year, and with nearly two months of wet weather ahead, the outlook is gloomy. Thousands of dollars have already been swept away in crop products, and it is raining again, so that the prairies, even from the river, look like lakes, and the preparation of lands for spring crops is again deferred.

SAVE THE LEVEES.

Quincy Bends Her Energies in This Direction.

Quincy, Ill., March 29.—The Mississippi keeps up its record of the past week at this point, and another rise is registered, making the stage fifteen feet above low water mark. A large force of men are working heroically to strengthen the weak places in the levees, and thereby save their homes and crops, but it is now believed that their task is a hopeless one, as old river men say that the river will go beyond the mark of 1888. Reports from north of here are very discouraging, and the rainstorm which prevailed Sunday only increased the fears of the owners of land in the levee districts.

LAKE LEE CREVASSE.

Bad Levee Break Near Greenville, Mississippi.

Jackson, Miss., March 29.—A special from Greenville, Miss., says: A crevasse occurred last night at Lake Lee, seven miles south of Greenville, on the Mississippi side, through which an immense volume of water is pouring into into the Black and the Steele bayou country. The opening is 500 feet wide, and unless it can be stopped, which is highly improbable, all of that country west of Deer Creek, and the most fertile and prosperous in the delta, will be overflowed to the mouth of the Yazoo rier. This break has relieved the pressure somewhat on the Greenville front, and the gauge at this hour shows the river to have been on a stand since 4 p. m. yesterday.

MINNESOTA WATERS.

No Material Damage Has Resulted as Yet.

St. Paul, March 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The water in the Mississippi here rose .2 of a foot in the twenty-four hours ended this morning, when the gauge recorded 10.1 feet. At the same hour La Crosse recorded 8.8 feet, a fall of .1. The heavy snow has been going off so gradually that fears of a heavy flood have about subsided, except in one or two localities where gorges or other local conditions brought about flood conditions. The gradual melting of the snow is causing much moisture to sink into the ground, promising well for the crop season.

Much higher water in the Mississippi is reported at Little Falls, St. Cloud and Grand Rapids. There is still about a foot of snow on the ground.

DISMAL AT MEMPHIS.

Memphis, Tenn., March 29.—The overflow reports are not encouraging today to those fighting the waters. From a local standpoint all is serene, but reports are flying thick and fast as to breaks below Helena. The levee at Wayside, Miss., gave way shortly after midnight last night. This was confirmed this morning by a subsequent telegram.

PANHANDLE REGION SOAKED.

Fort Worth, Tex., March 29.—Yesterday and last night three inches of rain fell here. The Trinity river rose ten feet in one hour, destroying two of the waterworks dams. A number of small houses in the bottoms were washed away. Reports received here show the rain to have been heavy throughout the Panhandle.

GOVERNMENT ALARMED.

Washington, March 29.—Col. Gillespie, president of the Mississippi river commission, has telegraphed Gen. Wilson, chief of engineers, from Vicksburg, under date of yesterday: Gauges along the river from Memphis to Vicksburg give flood readings varying from 1½ to 3 feet above any previously recorded readings. Feeling everywhere is one of uneasiness and all state levee boards are battling against rising floods regardless of cost. As yet no widely spread damages have been recorded, though several breaks in levees above Greenville on both banks have occurred. Levees seriously strained at all points. Commission will give all possible aid by applying money balances to protection of banks. Water rising slowly below Helena.

THE SWOLLEN RIVERS.

Washington, March 29.—The following changes in the river (in feet and tenths) have occurred: Risen, Vicksburg, 0.4; New Orleans, 0.7. Fallen, Cairo, 0.1; Memphis, 0.1. They are above the danger line and rising at Vicksburg, 7.8; New Orleans, 0.8. They are above the danger line and falling at Cairo, 11.5; Memphis, 3.2; Helena and Arkansas City, missing. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) was registered: Abilene, 1.60; Oklahoma, 1.10; Shreveport, 1.26; Palbine, 3.26; Galveston, 1.42; Corpus Christi, 1.24. Signals are displayed on the Gulf coast from Galveston to Pensacola.

THE SHOP'S RULES.

Trick That Proved Futile in the Long Run.

A small boy had thrown a stone through the basement window, and the landlady sent the maid of all work around the corner to a glazier's, says the Chicago Tribune. There was only one corner of the big sheet of glass broken, but it would have been unsafe ti leave it.

"It will be $2," the glazier said, looking the job over, and after a little wrangling over the price, the landlady told him to go ahead.

When he was gone for the glass the landlady said to the girl:

"You see, I can get a glass for that picture in the diningroom out of this, and will be just that much ahead."

There was a good deal of "cluttering up," about the work, but it was done, finally, the glazier was paid, and went. Ten minutes later the landlady went out to look at the piece of glass that was left, but it was gone.

"He took it with him," the girl said.

"Well, go right over there and bring it back," she said, tartly. "You knew I wanted the glass."

The girl was gone five minutes, and she returned without it.

"He won't give it up. He says according to the rules of the shop that it belongs to him."

"The rules of the shop, indeed! I'll show him," and she put on her bonnet with a little toss which loked bad for the glazier.

But he stood his ground, unexpectedly. There was the glass on the counter, but he stood close over it, protesting:

"It vhas der rules of der shop."

"Well, you'll see when my husband comes home," she said at last, backout of the door, but the glazier only smiled.

Sure enough, the husband was bent on having the glass.

"Come over and point it out to me, and I'll fix him," he said doggedly.

The glazier saw them coming, but he was defiant.

'See here," began the husband, "you have stolen a piece of window glass out of my house——"

"No, no; it vhas der rules of der ——"

"Hang the rules! Where is the glass?" turning to his wife. She pointed to it lying under a work bench. The husband reached for it and started out of the shop.

In an instant the proprietor was on the sidewalk, dancing on one leg, waving his arms and shouting:

"Bolice! Bolice!"

Rather than face the trouble the man laid down the glass and the two left the shop, walking briskly till they turned a corner.

"But just wait!" muttered the little woman.

Two days later there was a ring at the bell which the landlady answered. A boy in a tradesman's blouse was hesitating in the door.

"Mr. Glazingstein wants the hammer he left here the other day."

"Oh, no," chuckled the landlady, "it's the rules of the shop that I never give hammers back when they are left here."

The boy looked abashed.

"I'll tell you," said the landlady; "you go back and say that when he returns my glass we'll talk about the hammer."

The boy went and in a few minutes he came back with the glass.

"That's more like it," said the landlady, taking the pane from him; "now go back and tell that old skinflint that I haven't seen his old hammer."

And she hadn't, for a little later she saw the boy come out of a house on the opposite side of the street carrying the missing article.

But the glass is now in a picture frame on her diningroom wall.

ONE WAY TO DO IT.

Philadelphia Record: How to name the day of the week of a given date: Divide the number of the year by 4, rejecting the remainder if any. To this dividend and quotient add the number of days in the year to the given date, inclusive, always reckoning twenty-eight days in February. Divide the sum by 7, and the figure of the remainder will be the number of the day of the week, 0 signifying Saturday.

4)1897
474
49
———
4)2420
———
345—5

The fifth day—Thursday.

Dates between Jan. 1 and Feb. 28 in leap years, both inclusive, must have 1 subtracted, to balance the 1 added by the even division of the year, which is not offset by Feb. 29. All dates in 1800, and other terminal year of a century, except the equally divisible by 400, must be similarly treated, as these are not leap years. Dates in 1752, after Sept. 2, must have 11 added on account of the change from old to new style. This rule may be used to determine the days of the week on which wedding anniversaries and other great events are coming in the future, as well as for past dates.

A PARIS MYSTERY.

Her face, so sweet and refined, made one believe himself standing before a Madonna. But she stepped upon the model throne in a well known atelier, and from 8:20 that Monday morning until the following Saturday at noon scarcely a word fell from her lips. She always wore the selfsame sad expression—as much as to say; "What's the good of anything?"

During the rests, instead of chatting with the students (or making, like the others, engagements for carousals) she sat trimming a hat. This the American students admired in her—for it showed an industrous disposition. One day one of them spoke to her. But he found that talking to her was like talking to a piece of marble. Not the faintest sign of a smile came to her lips. With downcast eyes she labored over the work where all her interest seemed to be centered.

On criticism days she accepted the opur boire (tips) with a nod of thanks; but her face never changed in expression. Monotonous as it was, it was continuously interesting—in fact, the most interesting model that the academy had had.

It was plain to be seen, however, that she was an ordinary everyday model. This was shown by the action of the students, for the moment she took her pose there was a grand rush for places. That was over two months ago. For one week she posed—posed like a piece of statuary. Since that time nothing has been seen or heard of her in Paris. Like Sarah Brown she has mystified the students.

"Who was she?" "Why did she pose?" and "Where is she?" are inquiries that every student at Julian's are interested to have answered.

Have The Herald in your homes; 45 cents a month.

Hat Dept. First Floor.

Special Inducements to Hat Buyers.

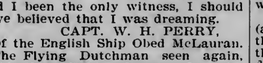
Regular $4.00 BEST QUALITY Stiff and Soft Hats for $3.50. We have picked three lines of J. B. Stetson's and Dickerson & Brown's New Spring Hats, in Stiff and Fedoras, in two shades—brown and Gazelle—all sizes.

$3.50 Hats for $3.00—Soft and Stiff Hats. In two shades of Browns—the best $3.50 Hat that we know how to buy. The styles are all new—no disappointment in that respect.

$3.00 Hats for $2.50—Soft and Stiff Hats. Made by the best Hatmaker in Danbury, Conn., Brown and Black colors.

M S BURROWS, Cor Superior St. & Third Ave. W, DULUTH, MINN.

This die in a hat is a guarantee that it's the best that money can buy for the price you pay.



This Hat only..... $3.50.

We guarantee good wearing qualities. The Styles are also 97's newest.

M. S. BURROWS.

PHANTOM

Master and Crew of a British Vessel See the Flying Dutchman.

The Great Ghost Story of the Sea Told For Herald Readers.

Vessel Which Is Supposed to Sail Until the Judgment Day.

It was about midnight of Saturday, Dec. 19, in 35.22 south latitude, 18.34 east longitude, or about sixty miles due south of the Cape of Good Hope, that we saw, or believe we saw, the Flying Dutchman. At any rate, the craft that appeared off our port bow was unlike anything that sails the seas in this century, and her actions in every way led me to believe that she was none other than the ill-fated ship of fable.

The sea was a perfect calm, and the night was very dark, yet the stranger appeared in full view, not more than two miles distant, and we got a plain sight of her through the agency of some strange light that seemed to surround her. She appeared suddenly, was in view only a few moments, and disappeared as mysteriously as she came.

It was just at the end of my watch, in which there were twelve men, nearly all of whom witnessed the strange sight. It was with difficulty that I persuaded them we had seen only a mirage, and even then they were averse to believing me, even when I told them the story of the Flying Dutchman, and that the spirit ship had ceased to roam the seas a century or more ago. I can scarcely blame them, for even I was so impressed with the occurrence that, had I been the only witness, I should have believed that I was dreaming.

CAPT. W. H. PERRY,

Of the English Ship Obed McLauran.

The Flying Dutchman seen again, and in this enlightened century? queries the New York Journal.

It seems scarcely probable, yet there is an educated, matter-of-fact shipmaster, not given to roaming, and not a bit superstitious, who declares in sober earnest that Vanderdechen's doomed vessel, or something akin to it, appeared to his view only so long ago as last December. The Obed McLauran, is a ship belonging to the Brothers Herron, of Liverpool, and has been under the command of Capt. Perry for several years, always to his credit. She left Calcutta on Oct. 20, for Boston, which port she finally reached in 124 days.

"We were sixty days from Calcutta," continues Capt. Perry, "when the thing occurred. As I say, it was at the end of my watch. Suddenly my attention was called to a strange object off our port bow, and, looking more carefully, I saw a ship of the style that I have seen in pictures of two hundred years ago. At first, she was indistinct, but gradually a pale blaze seemed to light up that part of the sea, and then, as though the heavens had turned their light upon her, she appeared in full view, as plainly as at noon. A strange haze lit up that part of the horizon, and it seemed to surround her like the haze about the will-o'-the-wisp. The sea was like a mirror, but, in spite of the perfect calm, the ship appeared to be buffeting in a terrible gale. She plunged and lifted over imaginary waves, now nearly capsizing, now righting herself. She made little headway through the water, but seemed jo draw nearer, until we could see on her deck, rushing madly to and fro, her people. They were dressed in fantastic garg of centuries ago, and presented a ghostly sight, if ever men did. And then, just as suddenly as she appeared, she was enveloped in that misty haze, and vanished from our sight. Not a sound had we heard, yet it was all so plain—like a picture in the vitascope.

"Believe me or not," said Capt. Perry "but this is what we saw, or thought we saw, and if it wasn't the Flying Dutchman, I don't know what it was."

Such a narrative as this is almost beyond human credence, yet Capt. Perry's word is not to be impeached, and until some better explanation is forthcoming it must be believed he and his crew saw Der Fliegende Hollander.

The story of the Flying Dutchman is so old that probably few people remember it in its details. It is a story of the inefficacy of man's will against the Divine Power, and, briefly, is as follows:

William Vanderdechen, a shipmaster, left his young wife and son, in their little home in Holland, in 1826, to make his last voyage to India in his ship, the Amsterdammer. Six months later, on a stormy night, he appeared to his wife, and, when she had recovered from her terror at his uncanny return, told her this terrible story: "I have not lost my vessel, Catherine, but I have lost ——! Make no reply, but listen; I am not dead, nor am I alive. I hover between this world and the world of spirits. Mark me!

"For nine weeks did I try to force my passage against the elements round the stormy cape, but without success, and I swore terribly. For nine weeks more did I carry sail against the adverse winds and currents and then I blasphemed—aye, terribly blasphemed. Yet still I persevered. The crew, worn out with long fatigue, would have had me return to Table bay, but I refused; nay, more, I became a murderer—unintentionally, it is true, but still a murderer. The pilot opposed me, and persuaded the men to bind me, and, in the excess of my fury, when he took me by the collar, I struck at him; he reeled, and, with the sudden lurch of the vessel, he fell overboard and sank.

"Even this dreadful death didn't restrain me, and I swore by the fragment of the holy cross, preserved in that relic now hanging about your neck, that I would gain my point in defiance of storm and seas, of lightning, of heaven, or of hell, even if I should beat about until the day of judgment.

"My oath was registered in thunder and in streams of sulphurous fire. The hurricane burst upon the ship, the canvas flew away in ribbons, mountains of seas swept over us, and in the center of a deep, overhanging cloud, which shrouded all in darkness, were written in letters of livid flame, these words—until the day of judgment!

"Listen to me, Catherine, my time is short. One hope alone remains, and for this am I permitted to come here. Take this letter." He put a sealed paper on the table. "Read it, Catherine, dear, and try if you can assist me. Read it and now, farewell—my time has come."

Vanderdechen disappeared in a terrible burst of thunder, and his wife was left alone. When she recovered, she left the room and locked it, never to enter again.

Not until she was dying did she breathe a word of her story, and then only to her son, grown to manhood. He, after her death, opened the secret chamber, and found the letter, which directed him to encounter his father's ship in some way, and then, holding the fragment of the holy cross above the deck, bring down the forgiveness of the heavens and thus expiate his father's crime.

The story of his years of search, the awful experiences through which he went, andhisc ultimate success has been often told, and, in Marryat's famous novel, ends in these beautiful words:

"Again the elder Vanderdechen" (after Philip had managed to board the ship) "raised the relic to his lips—the heavy iron guns sank through the decks and disappeared, the crew crumbled into skeletons, and dust, and fragments of ragged garments, and there was none left on board in the resemblance of life, save the father and son.

"Once more did he put the sacred emblem to his lips, and the frames and timbers separated, the decks slowly sank, and the remnants of the hull floated on the water; and as the father and son, the one young and vigorous, the other old and decrepit—still kneeling, still embracing, with their hands raised to heaven, sank slowly under the deep blue wave, the lurid sky was for a moment illuminated by a lightning cross. The Fying Dutchman was at rest."

But Capt. Perry's narrative is to this effect.

Capt. Perry was not at all desirous of having the story of his strange experience made public until his ship had sailed again.

"Sailors are superstitious, said he, "and upon no subject more strongly than that of the Flying Dutchman. Those who would laugh at killing an albatross or whistling in the forecastle, would shudder at the mention of the vessel's name, for fable has always doomed a ship that encountered the ghostly craft to destruction. None of the sailors of my crew who were witnesses with me of the phenomenon, am pretty sure, was anxious to circulate the story. But we shall start on this coming voyoge with the best hopes of success, in spite of having seen the Flying Dutchman.

AUSTRALIAN THEATERS.

The best theaters in Australia are usually built on English plans, but are managed more like American playhouses, says the Chicago News. The prices charged are much less than those cheerfully paid in England. Dress circle seats or stalls, which bring $2.50 in London, will not sell for more than $1.25 in Melbourne or Sydney. It is no use asking more. Independent Australians will not pay it.

Australian "gods" are perhaps a little less rowdy than English ones, but the better dressed portion of the audience is objectionably talkative, frequently chatting loudly right through a performance, even when the drama played is serious and presumably demands thought.

Evening dress, always seen in English theaters, is rarely worn by Australian play-goers, except on "first" occasions and on Saturday nights, when colonial society usually turns out in force. The Australian audience is, as a rule, cordial and demonstrative. Seldom asked to decide on the merits of an entirely new play, it accepts with enthusiasm those productions which come to it already stamped with the hallmark of English or American approval.

Fees are unheard of in Australian theaters, and managers never make use of the "claquer." Hissing and hooting are unknown, and a spirit of good-natured tolerance prevails.

KORAN'S JONAH.

Story That Discounts the Bible Whale Tale.

The Koran tells us that "Yunus (Jonas) was of those 'who were sent,' when he fled into the loaded ship, and they cast lots among themselves, and he was condemned, and the fish swallowed him, for he was worthy of blame."—Chapter xxxvii.

The Moslems have their ancient Scriptures, giving a history of the world, from Adam down through their great prophet, Ibrahim (Abraham). Professor Edwin Johnson, of London, undertakes to prove, in his "Rise of Christendom," 1892, that the Hebrew Bible is a hundred years younger than the Moslem Chronicle of Al Tabani, which was redacted about A. D. 900, and that the New Testament was composed A. D. 1200.

According to the Moslem Scriptures Jonas, a prophet of the children of Israel, was sent to a city of the territory of Moussoul, which embraced Antioch and several other towns, all given to idolatry, says the Washington Times. The people refused to believe, and Allah threatened a chastisement should they not repent. On the day appointed Jonas departed, and Allah sent a red cloud filled with fire, which hovered over the city in the night. The king and the people gathered together. The king said: "Seek for Jonas, that we may believe Allah, for what he has told us is the truth."

When Jonas heard that they sought him, he said in anger: "Why do they not believe this day?" So he would not return.

The king cansed all the people to go forth out of the city, with their quadrupeds and birds. There they covered themselves with dust, and the king said: "Oh, Lord, though Jonas, Thy prophet, be gone, we lose not confidence in Thee. We believe on Thee, Allah, and Thy prophet." The prayers and sobs of the multitudes made the angels in heaven weep, and Allah pordoned the city.

But Jonas was not there. He had embarked on a passing vessel and was far out to sea. Allah caused a big fish to stop the vessel. The crew prayed and wept and prepared for death. Then Jonas knew that he had committed a sin, and he said to the sailors. "It is I whom the fish desires; cast me to it." When they knew he was a prophet of Allah they refused to do it, but they cast lots, and the lot fell on Jonas. Then he cast himself into the sea and was swallowed by the fish. "This species of fish," says the Koran, "has a raised back like the roof of a house, and to this day is held sacred from pursuit." The Greek word both in Matthew and the Septuagint is ketos, properly translated "whale," but there are only two or three small species of cetaceans in the Mediterranean sea. The description in the Koran answers to a porpoise.

After forty days Jonas was inspired with the thought of prayer. Allah sent an angel to lead the fish ashore at the place where Jonas had embarked. Then he was cast up, as weak as a new-born child. Allah inspired a doe to come and give him milk. The sun scorched his body and Allah inspired a gourd to spring up around a dry trunk and put forth leaves, which gave shade to Jonas. For forty days he was suckled by the doe until he was able to rise and pray.

At last the gourd withered, and Jonas was aggrieved. Then Allah reproved him for not being grieved for the many thousands of the people he had deserted.

Jonas was sent anew to the now repentant people. He met a shepherd who told him they were seeking him. He bade the shepherd go and tell them he was here. "Where shalt thou be?" said the shepherd. "In this mountain," answered Jonas. "Who will show me the road to thee?" said the shepherd. "This she goat," answered Jonas. "Wwill bear witness that I have seen thee?" said the shepherd. "Thy dog," answered Jonas. Then the shepherd departed and Jonas entered the mountain.

The shepherd went and told the king and people and they came forth to find Jonas. "Bear witness for me," said the shepherd to his dog, "as the prophet commanded." The dog responded distinctly, saying, "Jonas, son of Matai, prophet of Allah, was here." Then the shepherd said to the goat, "Be our guide," and she led them to Jonas, who was found deep in prayer. He rose and went with them to the city and there remained until his death.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

BEYOND THE HILLS

Oh, to see past the haze that hangs over the hills,
Past the dusk of the blue and violet sheen!
Oh, to catch a glimpse of the joy that thrills
Through the heart of the years that lie waiting between!

Far by the horizon, past highlands and hollows,
Beyond where the north's boldest eagle may fly,
Is it God that is waiting in silence that follows
The trail of a soul through the paths of the sky?

But the question and answer are lost in the breath
Of the night wind that stirs with a prayer cool and free,
And the hills stand there silent in life and in death
Like the motionless waves of eternity's sea.

—WALTER WINSOR.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

Entrance 3rd Ave. W. & Sup. St.

THE NEW SHOE STORE,

A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

Men's, Youths' Boys' and Little Gents' Fine Shoes!



Try a Pair of OUR $3.50 Guaranteed Shoes. All Styles.

M. S. BURROWS.

CITY BRIEFS.

Callum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Rev. S. D. Hillis' lecture, "The Message of John Ruskin to the Nineteenth Century," April 6.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Merritt entertained a company of young folks at a farewell party at their home, 21 Forgrist Avenue and Fifth street, Saturday evening. Refreshments were served and the evening was spent pleasantly in playing games.

The Unity club will discuss "Municipal Government in the United States and Europe" this evening, and the leaders will be Mr. Lovett, W. C. Agnew and H. T. Goethe.

Messrs. Agnew, Calkins, Kay and Tinkham, the "big four" of the Whist club, are invited Saturday evening in a body to Messrs. Sargent, Belmaine, Nesbit and Sweeny. The score was 104.

The annual meeting of Zenith Council No. 90 United Commercial Travelers of America, was held Saturday evening in the King block hall. The following officers were elected: Senior counselor, W. H. Carpenter; past counselor, Frank Belmire; junior counselor, A. Keller; conductor, E. E. Eldridge; page, W. Colcraft; sentinel, Paul Wood; secretary and treasurer, Frank R. Gow.

The St. Luke's minstrels will have a rehearsal this evening in the hall in the Rink block. A performance is to be given late in April for the benefit of the Children's Home.

Madame L'Estrange, so well and favorably remembered by the ladies of Duluth, has returned to the city after a three-years' residence in New York, and will re-engage in business here, having secured a location for dressmaking parlors on Superior street.

The order of the court dismissing the suit of Alfred Merritt vs. John D. Rockefeller was filed in the United States court today.

The death of Henrietta Bunda, aged 78, of 929 East Fifth street, of old age, has been reported to the health department.

A permit has been issued to Thomas Abernethy to rebuild his residence at Twenty-third avenue east and Lake street, which was destroyed by fire recently.

An entertainment in the interest of the Humane society will be given at Proctor Knott Wednesday evening. Mayor Truelson will speak and the Proctor Knott band will furnish music.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A daughter to Michael and Augusta Ryan, of 531 West Sixth street; a son to Sidney and Mary McTaggart, of 2505 West First street; a son to Joseph and Bertha Hausman, 423 East Third street; a son to John G. and Anna Cassidy, of Lake avenue, south; a son to J. D. and Annie Moore, of 614 West First street.

In municipal court this morning John Olsen pleaded guilty of drunkenness. He was let off with a suspended sentence. Charles Schultz was found guilty of assaulting W. A. Noble and was fined $1 and costs, which he paid.

The board of public works this morning discussed the matter of the material to be used in the construction of the truss to carry the force main across Lester river. The board rather favors a steel truss, but no conclusion was reached. Another meeting was to be held this afternoon.

If Kelly cleaned your suit, it's clean.

A people's concert will be given at the Bethel next Friday evening. Mrs. H. D. Pearson is arranging the program and it will be an excellent one.

Hattie M. Miller has sued Hilary P. Jones for $800 on a promissory note negotiated by the American Loan and Trust company. Richardson & Day are the attorneys.

Johnson pleaded guilty in the municipal court this afternoon to the charge of begging on the street. Sentence was suspended on condition that he leave town.

RICE'S POINT.

Saturday John Martell, employed on the Duluth-Superior bridge, had two of his fingers so badly jammed that amputation was necessary, and another man whose name could not be ascertained had the back of his hand torn off so that the bones and sinews were plainly visible.

Miss Hattie Sturgeon, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Gus Morin, returned to her home in De Smet, N. D., last evening after a visit of three months.

A special policeman is engaged on the street car bridge between Rice's and Connor's Points to prevent foot passengers from crossing over the bridge.

D. S. Turnbull has returned from the woods, where he was employed in the interests of the Cranberry Lumber company.

Mr. Butterfield is out again after a severe attack of grip.

Crowds of people viewed the new bridge Sunday afternoon.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. F. B. Ross and son are visiting in Chicago, and Miss Helen Ross is visiting in Chicago.

W. J. Bettingen, of Detroit, Minn., is in the city. He will return home this evening.

C. E. Judd has returned from California and will remain here. He found California to be a fine place in which to live, but a poor place in which to do much business.

J. G. Ketchum came down from Tower today and registered at the Spalding.

D. Kennedy and wife, of La Crosse, Wis., are among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

D. R. Murphy, of Hibbing, is at the Spalding.

George R. Graham, of Fort William, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

E. C. Lawrence came up from Minneapolis this morning and registered at the Spalding.

William O'Connor, manager of the James O'Neil company, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

H. W. Colson, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

Thomas J. McDermott, a well known St. Paul lawyer, is at the St. Louis.

E. R. Bristol, a lumber buyer from North Tonawanda, N. Y., is at the St. Louis.

N. Woodward is down from Cloquet today a guest at the St. Louis.

H. J. Anderson, a well known lumberman, of Hudson, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

E. B. Rich, of Chicago, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

E. C. Griggs, M. C. Palmer, W. H. Wicks and Vivian Prince, all of Virginia, are among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

Dr. Routh is out again after an illness of several days duration.

W. C. Farrington, general manager of the Eastern Minnesota Railroad company, arrived in the city this morning with his bride on a special train from St. Paul. He reached St. Paul from his European trip Friday and spent Saturday and Sunday in the capital city.

Unitarian Entertainment.

The entertainment to be given at the Unitarian church Wednesday evening will be well worth seeing. Dr. David H. Day, under whose direction the entertainment will be given, has made a study for several years of the so-called occult phenomena which he will present. The phenomena of hypnotism, mind reading, thought transference and kindred states have been attracting widespread attention of late and everybody is interested in the subject, and the opportunity to see all this demonstrated and explained should not be neglected.

Expressions of Sympathy.

To the family of R. C. Kennedy the Retail Liquor Dealers association of Duluth desire to express sympathy for them in their bereavement. As a member of the association he was highly esteemed, and his death is sincerely mourned.

RETAIL LIQUOR DEALERS ASSOCIATION, M. Arimond, Sec.

SUFFEL & CO. 129-131 W. Superior St. THE LOW PRICED STORE of Duluth.

Special 10 Per Cent discount sale for one week on Dress Goods, Silks and Table Linens!

10 per cent Discount on all Silks.
10 per cent Discount on all Black Dress Goods.
10 per cent Discount on all Colored Dress Goods.
10 per cent Discount on all Fancy Dress Goods.
10 per cent Discount on all Novelty Dress Goods.
10 per cent Discount on every style of Dress Goods.
DRESS LININGS—10 per cent Discount on all Dress Linings.
TABLE LINENS—10 per cent Discount on all "Table Linens."



LADIES' SKIRTS..

Our Sale of Ladies' Dress Skirts Will be Continued for this Week at Price 98c up to $6.

SUFFEL & CO.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR



WILL MAKE MORE THAN 300 LOAVES OF THE BEST BREAD YOU EVER ATE.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

PUT OVER

Arguments in the Davis Case Will Be Heard Next Saturday.

Ground Set Forth in the Motion for Arrest of Judgment.

Borgstrom and Swenson Cases Continued Until the Next Term.

Before Judge Cant in district court this morning a motion in arrest of judgment on behalf of ex-County Surveyor Frederick Davis, who was convicted Friday of presenting false bills to the board of county commissioners, was entered by Keyes & Baldwin, his attorneys. Judge Cant did not desire to hear arguments on the motion this morning, so it was put over until Saturday, when the first step in the effort to free Fred Davis from the opprobrium of last week's verdict will be taken. His attorneys are determined to put out every effort to free their client, and the case will undoubtedly go to the supreme court.

There were three grounds offered in support of the motion in arrest of judgment, as follows: First, that the indictment does not state facts sufficient to constitute a public offense; second, that the verdict returned was against the evidence and was contrary to law; third, that the evidence in the said case is not sufficient to prove the offense charged in the indictment, and that the evidence establishes facts which show and prove that the defendant is not guilty of said offense.

New bonds were furnished, one of Davis' old bondsmen asking to be released. In the case on which Davis was convicted the bond was increased from $200 to $1000, and Dr. J. E. Bowers and M. M. Clark as sureties were approved. New continuing bonds of $200 each in the seven other cases were approved, with J. R. Ely and D. A. Peters as sureties, making his bonds $2400 in all. The seven cases yet pending were continued over the term.

OTHER CASES PUT OFF.

When the other investigation cases were called this morning the attorneys with one accord began to make excuse. J. W. Reynolds, attorney for Peter J. Borgstrom, the register of deeds, was ill and was compelled to go to St. Paul, so Prosecuting Attorney Baldwin consented that the case should go over the term. The six jurors drawn Friday afternoon to try the case were therefore discharged. The next case was one of the two against ex-County Commissioner Albert Swenson, accused of asking for and agreeing to receive a bribe. Mr. Baldwin was ready, but Swenson's attorney, John G. Williams, was engaged in another case, and because of the number of cases in which he is tied up he asked that the case be continued over the term. Mr. Baldwin consented and a continuance was entered.

This left only the Holmes bribery case, which was to have come up today, but had later been set for April 19. The witnesses were ordered to appear at that time without further process. The Halden case will probably be taken up April 7 or 8 at Carlton.

Mr. Arbury stated that he would take up one of the gambling cases this afternoon if he could find his witnesses, and he started out to look for them.

This afternoon the gambling cases were taken up, and Ed Dormedy and J. D. Zein pleaded guilty to charges of suffering gambling implements on their premises. The case against Pat Liston, indicted on a similar charge, was then taken up.

V. Johnson pleaded guilty in the municipal court this afternoon to the charge of permitting gambling to be conducted on his premises.

All jurors were excused until April 19.

Proves To Be No Joke.

Bob Irvwin was arrested yesterday for sending obscene matter through the mails. The charge against him is that he wrote a letter to Jack Hall making severe reflections upon the latter's wife. The letter, rather singularly, was addressed on the envelope to Mrs. Hall. Mr. Hall got the letter, and when he found what it contained, notified the United States authorities. The complaint states the letter is too obscene and disgraceful to be placed upon the court records, which shows that it must be pretty bad. Irvwin was arraigned before Court Commissioner Pressnell and his hearing was set for this evening. Bail was fixed at $500 and he went to jail.

Is Again Continued.

The Merritt-Harris litigation is forming a continued story from week to week in the special term of district court. It was not concluded Saturday afternoon as had been hoped, but was continued until next Saturday's term, which the attorneys in the case will once more spend the day in talking over the case. L. C. Harris did not conclude Saturday afternoon until nearly time for adjournment, and Keyes & Baldwin will be heard for the Merritts next Saturday.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

A WARM SESSION.

Prospects Are for a Lively Council Meeting.

The impression prevails that the session of the council this evening will be a warm one. Several of the aldermen expressed the opinion today that they did not expect that the council would get to the matter of electing an assistant city attorney this evening, which would indicate that there will be a long siege over salaries. The mayor counts on eight votes in support of his veto. There seems to be no doubt that the combination has gone to pieces on the question, and there is reason to believe that at least six votes, the requisite number, will be rallied in support of the veto.

The matter of electing a city engineer will probably come up before the board of public works a week from today. The only candidates in sight at present are the present incumbent of the office and D. A. Reed, of the board of public works.

The news that Fire Warden McCoy is to resign April 1 has begun to bring candidates to the front in addition to those already mentioned. E. F. Heller is around with a petition. It is said that Alfred McCallum has been testing the ice a little, also, as it were.

John L. Morrison has written a communication to The Herald denying that he is a candidate to succeed Mr. McCoy as fire warden.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Messrs. Denfeld and Richardson Find Some Opposition.

Superintendent Denfeld and City Clerk Richardson returned Saturday evening from St. Paul, where, on Friday, they appeared before the joint sub-committee on appropriations to urge an allowance for the Duluth normal school. Mr. Richardson said today that the sub-committee seems to be made up of the most pronounced advocates of retrenchment from both houses. He and Professor Denfeld, he said, called the attention of the committee to the fact that St. Louis county pays a comparatively large amount of taxes and has never, heretofore, asked for an appropriation; that Duluth had secured and deeded to the state a fine site for the institution, and that fifty or more normal pupils will come from Duluth, there being over thirty now attending the Superior normal. It was urged further that, while in Duluth there are over 200 teachers and about seventy new ones are required each year, there were, last year, but nine received from the normal schools of the state.

Mr. Richardson said that the members of the sub-committee heard them attentively, but vouchsafed no expressions on the subject, saying that it would be considered in executive session. A great deal of encouragement was received from other members, however, he said. Of those who are opposed to the appropriation, some are not in favor of normal schools at all and others are actuated by a prejudice against Duluth. Those who are opposed to normals, claim that the privileges have been abused and the management is not what it should be. They urge, further, that in Mankato the normal school has taken nearly all the scholars from the high school. Mr. Richardson says that these arguments were met with others that, he thought, convinced some of those who advanced them that this would not occur here. There will be an opportunity of meeting the general appropriation committee before final action is taken, Mr. Richardson said, and he suggested that it be improved.

In regard to the uniform charter bill, Mr. Richardson said that the general opinion seemed to be that it would not pass. He noticed, however, that nearly all of those who expressed this opinion said that they were reserving their own opinion until after they should have had an opportunity of giving the bill a careful reading.

Will Pay the Owner.

In the case of the United States of America against Hugh Conway and the Rutledge Lumber and Manufacturing company, the lumber company has filed its answer. It claims to have contracted with Conway to cut logs, but did not know that any were to have been cut on this land. The logs cut there were all intermingled with other logs, so that it is impossible to separate them. The company offers to bring $1681.15 into court to pay the owner when the court determines who the owner is.

Suit for Personal Injuries.

Andrew Januscek today began suit in the United States circuit court against the Rupley Iron company to recover $1950 damages for injuries sustained in the defendant's employment. He claims to have been injured on May 1, 1896, by a steam hammer striking his left hand. It was so badly crushed that the four fingers had to be amputated. He claims the hammer was defective and in such condition that it would not work well.

An affidavit was made by Januscek to the effect that he is a poor man and unable to prosecute the case and Judge Lochren filed an order permitting him to take advantage of the act relating to such cases and appointing an attorney for him.

Letters From Afar.

George M. Smith, general agent of the Omaha, reports a large number of letters of inquiry regarding the Rainy Lake and Seine River gold fields from all sections of the country. He is in receipt of letters from as far West as Salt Lake City, and a large number of requests for information have come from Iowa and other Central Western states. Mr. Smith anticipates a heavy travel by way of Duluth to the gold country and his company is making extensive preparations to take care of it.

Indoor Base Ball.

There will be another game of indoor baseball at the Armory tonight. The teams from Companies G and A will once more meet, and the game promises to be an intensely exciting one. This will be the third game between the two teams, and as the A boys have won both the other games they will do their best to make it three straight. On the other hand the G team thinks that the pitcher that goes often to the well gets broken at last, and its members will as a team and individually try to win this game. The line up will be as follows:

Company G.		Company A.
Wigdahl	Catcher	Michaud
McCormick	First base	Lafans
R. Smith	Second base	Carey
Totman	Third base	Gearhart
Sinclair	Right short	Michaud
Meining	Left short	Grochau
Chapman	Pitcher	Melby
McClure	Left field	Maginnis
Reed	Right field	Barnard

FREIMUTH'S

Countless Hints of the... Coming Spring Styles.

CLOAK ROOM. FIRST FLOOR.

Great Selling of Ready-to-Wear Suits at nearly 50c on the Dollar.

Suits made from Storm Serges, fancy mixtures or Cheviots, fly front Reefers or Blazer Jackets. Skirts nicely lined with percaline; coats silk lined; actual value $14 00, Tuesday they sell at— a suit..... $7.48

Suits made from Novelty Weaves, Storm Cheviots and up-to-date Mixtures, either Eton, Blazer or fly front Jackets. The coats lined with silk, skirts, well lined and bound; the price should have been $15.00—on account of our fortunate purchase—we make the price— a suit..... $9.98

Suit made from Covert Cloths, fancy checks, serges and mixtures—jackets lined with fancy taffeta Silk—Eton blazer, fly front, reefer and bolero jacket—skirts cut after the latest French mode; these suits were made to sell at $22 50; manufacturer's loss is your gain. They sell at—a suit..... $11.98

Black Dress Goods. SPECIALS FOR TUESDAY.

40-inch Black all wool fine Serge, sells at, a yard..... 29c
45-inch black all wool fine Serge, sells at, a yard..... 39c
40-inch black figured Mohair, sells at, a yard..... 50c
40-inch black Tufted Weaves, sells at, a yard..... 65c
42 inch Priestley's Black Wool figures, sell at, a yard... 69c
42-inch Priestley's Black Wool Metz Cord, sells at, a yard.... 89c
42-inch Priestley's Black Wool Soliel, sells at, a yard..... $1.00
44-inch Priestley's Mohair figures, sells at, a yard..... 85c

Colored Dress Goods

The assortment is matchless; the throng of buyers gives daily proof of our public's appreciation.

There will be a great selling of Dress Patterns at these Prices.

Dress Patterns consisting of Novelty Weaves, stylish materials, really worth $4.00, there is 7 yards in each pattern, they sell at, a pattern..... $2.73

Colored Dress Goods

Dress Patterns, including the new Canvas Weaves and Tufted Cloths, all rich colorings, exact copies of $10 imported suits, sell at, a pattern..... $3.36

Dress Patterns, consisting of Silk and Wool Velour Mohair and Checked materials, Chic Weaves. You would think them cheap at $7 50, they sell at, a pattern..... $4.55

Dress Patterns, including changeable Etamines and Honey Comb materials, correct styles and latest colorings, they are well worth $6 50 each, sell at, a pattern..... $4.00

Dress Patterns, consisting of 7 yards of Silk and Wool Mixtures, up-to-date styles, real value $10. sell Tuesday at, a pattern.. $6.65

Others at $10.00, $12 50, $15 00, $16.50, $18 00 up to..... $35.00

New Silk Novelties in the late colorings at $1.75, $1.25, $1.00, 98c and 75c a yard.

15 pieces Changeable Taffeta Silks at, a yard..... 69c

New Imported All-Wool Challies Sell at 45c and 39c a yard See them.

Wash Goods.

We have four lots of dainty wash goods that are delightful bargains, 10 pieces of Black Figured Grenadines, just as pretty as the silk, sell at, a yard..... 16c

15 pieces of Tambour Fantaisie Organdies, mottled effect, late colorings, sell at, a yard..... 25c

35 pieces of Imported Organdies in the Satin Stripes and Flowers, all the leading colors to select from, sell at, a yard..... 32c

15 pieces of Figured Dimities, choice styles and colors. You couldn't tell them apart from the 25c kind, sell at, a yard..... 18c

Outing Flannels.

In dark and medium colorings, 12½c qualities, sell Tuesday at, a yard..... 7½c

Tuesday's Bargains in Our Linen Department....

4-4 Brown Muslin, 7c quality sells for—a yard..... 5c
4-4 Bleached Muslin, 8c quality sells for—a yard..... 6c
9-4 Brown Sheeting, 20c quality sells for—a yard..... 15c
9-4 Bleached Sheeting, 23c quality sells for—a yard..... 18c
10 pieces Turkey Red Table Linen, 35c quality sells for—a yard..... 23c
62-inch Bleached Damask Table Linen, 75c quality sells for—a yard..... 58c
66-inch Bleached Damask Table Linen, $1.00 quality sells for—a yard..... 75c
⅝ Bleached Damask Napkins, $1.35 quality sells for—a dozen..... $1.00
¾ Bleached Damask Napkins, $1 75 quality sells for—a dozen..... $1.25
¾ Bleached Damask Napkins, $2 50 quality sells for—a dozen..... $1.75
50 10-4 genuine old Turkey Red Table Covers, never sold before for less than $1.50 each. Tuesday's price only..... 95c

Do Your Trading at the Popular Store.

FREIMUTH'S

Tariff Will Do It.

B. Silberstein returned last evening from New York where he spent the last three weeks in the purchasing of spring and summer goods for his store. Mr. Silberstein returns more confident than ever that brighter days are in store for Duluth and the Northwest, and says that Eastern wholesalers are unanimous in saying that as soon as the Dingley tariff bill is passed trade will revive as if by magic.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER, Ira N. SCOTT, Manager

One Night Only, Wednesday March 31st.

Billy Rice's Minstrels in... New, Novel and Special Features.

30 Star Artists, Including Billy Rice, E. M. Hall, E. M. Kayne, Bernard & Young, Will E. Nankeville, J. W. Early, R. V. Presser, Will J. Fisher, Will Riley, Pascoel, the Parisian wonder, Prof. Scott's Brass Band and Orchestra. Look out for the big parade at noon.

Popular Prices.

FOR SALE.

Five-room house, near to school, electric line, on graded street; all taxes and assessments paid, in West Duluth, for $50 cash and $10 a month, including 6 per cent interest, or $60 cash. Other property on similar easy terms.

Union and Zenith Building and Loan Associations.

Office No. 2 First Avenue West.

BENSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY. References—First National Bank. American Exchange Bank.

Offices in Exchange Building, Duluth.

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON.

Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts. Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1861. 407 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn. (Inventors guide book free.)

CARLTON SMALL FRUIT AND PLANT NURSERY.

Catalogue mailed free to any address. I will set out any variety of Strawberries myself, near the city of Duluth, (guarantee all to live) for $1.50 per 100, if ordered before April 15th.

E. G. BOVEE, Carlton, Minn.

BANK ADVERTISEMENTS.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

H. M. PEYTON, President. JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier. WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Ass't Cashr

THE American Exchange BANK. Duluth, Minnesota.

Capital, $500,000. Surplus, $100,000.

DIRECTORS: HAMILTON M. PEYTON, MELVIN J. FORBES, JUDGE J. D. ENSIGN, JOHN H. UPHAM, GEORGE SPENCER, ANGUS R. MACFARLANE, JAMES C. HUNTER

Houses, Rooms and Flats Are Quickly Rented When Advertised in The Evening Herald.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

THE WEATHER. Rain Tonight and Wednesday; Probably Cooler; Northeast Winds.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, MARCH 30, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

PIANOS!

Three reasons why we can save a customer from $25.00 to $100 on a Piano.

We buy for spot cash.
Our expenses are less than any store in Duluth.
We conduct our Piano business for one-third the expense of an exclusive piano store.

There is nothing we will not do to please a customer and give them the best the world affords for the least money. Your choice of these superb makes:

Weber, Behr Brothers, Decker, Sehaaf, Wheelock and Singer Pianos. SOLD FOR CASH OR ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

French & Bassett

First Street and Third Avenue West.

Expert Piano Tuning, Voicing and Repairing.

STEINWAY PIANOS The recognized standard Pianos of the world. Pre-eminently the best instruments made. Exported to all centers of the globe. Endorsed and preferred by the greatest living artists. We are agents for Northeastern Minnesota.

DULUTH MUSIC CO. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.
SALESROOMS Phoenix Block—2nd floor; Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

Magazines for April.

Fashion Books for Spring and Summer.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore. 323 West Superior Street, Duluth.

CHAS. F. LELAND, PRESIDENT. DONALD MACLEOD, CASHIER

— REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF —

THE COMMERCIAL BANK

Of Duluth, Minn., at the close of business on the 8th day of March, 1897.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$54,192 59	Capital Stock	$25,000 00
Overdrafts	260 77	Undivided Profits less expenses paid	526 28
Stocks and Bonds	3,650 00	Deposits	79,702 59
Furniture and Fixtures	2,382 75		
Call Loans $10,000 00			
Cash on Hand 17,717 00			
Due from Banks 17,675 45	45,392 46		
	$105,228 87		$105,228 87

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT

FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN,

(Successor to BRACE & ECKSTEIN.)

OFFICE 200 CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

Fire Insurance Written in First-Class Companies Only.

TEN-HOUR DAY.

Its Probable Establishing Causes a Chicago Strike.

Chicago, March 30.—Two thousand men employed by the different tanneries in the city went out on a strike today. This action was unanimously decided upon at a mass meeting of tannery employes held last night, when about 200 men went out. A final effort was made at the meeting to induce the men to submit their case to the new state board of arbitration, but without success. The strike is over a question of hours of labor, the employers insisting on a ten-hour working day instead of eight, as at present.

The men struck about two months ago, but returned to work pending an attempt at settlement by arbitration, but the recent removal of the other board by the governor while the case was still under discussion threw everything back to its original state. Many of the bosses, it is claimed, have decided not to hereafter recognize the unions, and will put a ten-hour day into effect next week.

PERMITS POOLING.

Senator Foraker's New Bill Makes It Legal.

Washington, March 30.—Senator Foraker has introduced a bill in the senate to amend the interstate commerce act so as to permit pooling by railroads.

CAPT. REED ARRESTED.

New York, March 30.—Capt. F. W. Reed, of the ship T. F. Oakes, was arrested today on a warrant issued by the United States court. The Oakes is the ship upon which, during its last voyage, there was much suffering, and several deaths resulting, as alleged, from insufficient and improper food.

MITCHELL AND FITZSIMMONS.

London, March 30.—The Sun says it is authorized to state that the Olympic club has offered a purse of $15,000 for a fight between Charley Mitchell and Bob Fitzsimmons, the meeting to take place within three months. Mitchell agrees to fight for a $10,000 side bet besides the purse, the winner to take all.

FORFEIT

Duluth & Iron Range Land Grant May Be Declared Forfeited.

House Committee at St. Paul Favors the Forfeiture Bill.

Myers' and Feig's Ore Rate Bills Adversely Reported —Busy Day.

St. Paul, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—In the house this morning the committee on public lands reported favorably the bill for the forfeiture of the Duluth & Iron Range land grant, and it was made a special order for Friday morning. The railroad committee reported the Myers and Feig bills to regulate iron ore freight rates adversely; a similar report was made on McDonald's bill giving right of eminent domain to railroads, and the reports were adopted, although McDonald tried unsuccessfully to save his bill from death.

At 11 o'clock the report of the committee to investigate failed banks was presented, having been made a special order for that hour. The report was very long and was read in full.

The report came in with Senator Spencer's bill relating to insolvent banking institutions (S. F. 253.) and a call of the house, ordered after the reading of the report, disclosed but six absentees. The bill was then taken up, section by section, for amendment, several changes being asked, and a number being made in the bill.

The bill and special order went over until tomorrow, and this afternoon the Hastings-Anoka fight is on, in the presence of a crowded house.

A vote cannot be reached until late in the day, as it was nearly 3 o'clock before the subject was taken up. Mr. Donnelly opening for Hastings, and several other speakers are to follow.

IN THE SENATE.

St. Paul, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—In the senate today the finance committee reported unanimously against the bill establishing a woman's reformatory, and the report was adopted, although the friends of the proposed institution made a vigorous fight for it.

The senate concurred in the house amendment to S. F. 476, providing for the equal distribution of state funds for the aid of county fairs, and repassed the bill. The amendment provides that where there are two fairs in the county the people may decide which is entitled to the portion due that county.

Senator Pottgieser's bill S. F. No. 95, for the repeal of the special law of 1887, under which Ramsey county pays her district judges $1500 per year in addition to the $3500 per year paid by the state, today afforded the senate an hour's amusement, being finally passed.

A RECORD BREAKING DAY.

St. Paul, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—With eighty-four new bills in the house and eighty-two in the senate, yesterday, as the last regular day for introduction of bills, broke all records. For the rest of the session no bills may be introduced, except with the approval of the governor, who has stated that he will approve very few. Senator Spencer introduced a bill to confirm and establish certain public highways, the same that Mr. Laybourn introduced in the house. Another, by Senator Spencer, seeks to authorize St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth to extend water and other plants.

KENTUCKY SENATORSHIP.

No Result Except a Very Stormy Session.

Frankfort, Ky., March 30.—All during the morning prior to the noon hour, at which a joint ballot for United States senator was taken, the city was full of suppressed excitement. It was generally understood that the Republican nominee Hunter would make a final effort today to win the race, and although the bolters now number seven instead of six, he only lacks three votes. Rumors of bribery and corruption were flying thick and fast.

The anti-Hunter men said that if Hunter did not win today, Governor Bradley and Boyle were sure winners tomorrow. The sixth ballot resulted: Hunter 60; Blackburn, 43; Davie, 13; Boyle, 7; Stone, 1; necessary to choice, 63. In the seventh ballot there was no change in the voting. A motion to adjourn was made and lost, the silver Democrats voting with the Hunter men in order to give the latter all the balloting they wanted. The motion was lost by a vote of 123 to 1. The eighth ballot resulted as did the sixth and seventh.

There was no change in the ninth ballot except that Representative Johns (gold Democrat) voted for State Senator Henry L. Martin instead of George M. Davie. The tenth ballot showed no change. Representative Johns returning to Davie.

Representative Clark then asked for a recess till 3 o'clock. This request was tabled by a vote of 109 to 6.

The twelfth ballot resulted as follows: Hunter, 58; Blackburn, 42; Boyle and Davie, 13. The loss in Hunter's column was by temporary pairs.

The thirteenth ballot resulted in a loss of one vote for Hunter. The change was on account of a temporary pair. The general assembly then adjourned till tomorrow noon.

SCHEDULES FILED.

St. Paul, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles M. Power, assignee of the St. Paul Plow company, insolvent, has filed schedules of the assets and liabilities of the company, in which the following total items appear: Assets—Plant, $37,500; manufactured goods, $269,925.61; material, $9743.31; accounts receivable, $27,000; bills receivable, actual value, $4860; total, $105,968.92. Liabilities—Accounts payable, $3692.61; bills payable, $37,434.81; laber claims, $2478.93; total, $43,348.35.

BIG MINING DEAL.

Half Interest In the Mahoning Mine Sold.

It is reported here that the Cambria Iron company of Pennsylvania has purchased a half interest in the Mahoning iron mine on the Eastern Mesaba range and that the price paid is in the neighborhood of $400,000. It is said that this leaves but one of the great steel making firms in Pennsylvania and Ohio without mining interests on the Mesaba range. Carnegie at one time had an option on the property, but he gave it up to enter into what he deemed a more advantageous contract with John D. Rockefeller, by which he is enabled to operate the Mountain Iron.

The Mahoning last year produced and shipped 250,000 tons of ore, the output being brought to the head of the lake over the Duluth, Superior & Western railroad. Arrangements have been perfected for largely increasing this output this year, and if the property is operated to its full capacity it will be able to turn out between 500,000 and 600,000 tons of ore. William C. Agnew, general manager of the Mahoning mine was in Duluth a short time yesterday, but left for Hibbing, where he now is. He is probably the only man in this part of the country who is in a position to either confirm or deny the report.

The Mahoning Ore company, the owner of the mine, is controlled by furnace men at Youngstown, Ohio. The numerous furnace companies now interested in Mesaba mines insures extensive operations on this range this year, regardless of the market prices of ore, and it is certain that the output will be greatly in excess of last year.

CAUCUS ON PATRONAGE.

Minnesota Members Met and Adjourn Until Saturday.

Washington, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Minnesota delegation met in the room of the senate committee of foreign relations at 10 o'clock today to discuss patronage matters. It was decided to postpone all business until Saturday. This action was taken because the members of the lower house had to be in attendance while the tariff bill was under discussion.

The delegation will probably get together Saturday and try to reach an agreement. It is doubtful, however, whether the members will be able to reconcile their differences over the patronage question.

HUNT'S HOPE ENDED.

Palmer of Illinois Is Appointed Public Printer.

Washington, March 30.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Frank W. Palmer, of Illinois, to be public printer; Alexander M. Thackera, of Pennsylvania, to be consul of the United States at Havre, France; Assistant Surgeon James H. Oakley, of Illinois, to be a passed assistant surgeon in the marine hospital service.

Mr. Palmer was public printer under the Harrison administration, and made such a good record that he was endorsed for the position, not only by his state delegation, but by many senators and other public men.

COLOR PHOTOGRAPHY.

Paper Currency Nations Badly Scared About It.

New York, March 30.—That ingenious Frenchman who invented the process of photographing in colors, which has been attracting the attention of scientists of late, has given the treasury department of the United States and the treasury departments of all other countries employing paper currency as part of their circulating medium, a feeling of insecurity. It is recognized by the watch-dogs of the treasuries of the world that if this invention gets into the hands of counterfeiters the financial system of every nation employing notes as a circulating medium is threatened.

A. L. Drummond, for years chief of the United States treasury secret service, said: "If this new invention can photograph the red seals, the check numbers in blue, and the other colors employed in engraving bank notes, it would be in the hands of unscrupulous persons the most dangerous weapon that ever menaced the safety of the world's currency. This color photography opens immense possibilities in the hands of clever men. Given paper of similar quality, there is nothing to prevent skillful operators from producing absolute duplicates in such numbers as he might desire of any bank note extant in the circulation of the world. I understand our treasury department is investigating the possibilities of the new process."

A HOUGHTON FAILURE.

St. Paul, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Houghton, Mich., special to the Dispatch says: Richard M. Hoar, mayor of Houghton, and a leading merchant, assigned last night to William A. Dunn, trustee. Mr. Hoar has been in the general mercantile business in this city for the past twenty-five years, and owing to inability to collect outstanding accounts, was compelled to make the assignment. His principal creditors are in Chicago, Milwaukee and Detroit, besides a few large ones in Houghton. Liabilities, $59,000, and the assets about one-half that amount.

LAKE FRONT CASE POSTPONED.

Washington, March 30.—The hearing of the LaFollette and Benner McKee case, as the Chicago lake front case, was postponed today from April 5 to April 26. The stipulations of the attorneys filed and approved by Commissioner Hermann, of the general land office today, sets out that the original date fixed is inconvenient to some of the parties interested.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Carlton, Minn., March 30.—A man by the name of Mat Higgins was run over and killed by a Northern Pacific train late Saturday night, a few miles east of here. The remains were brought here. He hails from Saginaw, Mich., and his family has been notified.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, March 30.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $220,436,860; gold reserve, $151,841,536.

YIELDING

Levees Giving Way Before the Pressure of the Mississippi's Waters.

People Fleeing For Their Lives---Awful Calamity Impending at Greenville.

Thousands of Men Fighting the Floods Like Demons ---Weary Workers.

Jackson, Miss., March 30.—Telegrams to the Associated Press from Greenville, Miss., say: At 3 o'clock this morning another crevassee occurred, above Mounds' Landing, about fifteen miles north of this city, and at 4 o'clock yesterday evening a break occurred near Australia, Miss., about twelve miles north of Rosedale, Bolivar county. This, with the crevasse at Lake Lee, about ten miles below Greenville, will deluge the entire great Mississippi delta. Nearly all of Bolivar and Washington counties will go under in the next two days. All of Issaquena and parts of Sunflower and Sparkey will also be flooded. Live stock are drowning in great numbers, and people are fleeing to the railroad embankments and levees for safety.

It is impossible to estimate the amount of property which will be destroyed by the water and suffering throughout this region will be intense. The greatest excitement prevails all along the line. The Greenville levees are still holding, but are getting mushy. Thousands of men line the embankments north and south of Greenville, and are working like demons. All business is suspended, and the people are fighting for their lives.

Greenville lies in the center of a crescent, surrounded on two sides by the river, and is twelve feet below the level of the embankments. Should the huge ridge give way here, the loss of life and property will be frightful, and will rival the Johnstown disaster. The men along the levees are exhausted by long vigilance, many of them having not tasted food for twenty-four hours, and sleep is almost unknown.

ARKANSAS LEVEE GONE.

Memphis, Tenn., March 30.—A special dispatch to a cotton firm in this city from Capt. Mark Cheek, of the steamer Kate Adams, reports a break in the levee on the Arkansas side at Laconia Circle. Laconia Circle is about fifteen miles below Memphis, and the levee at that point protects some of the best plantations in the state.

STOP LANDING INUNDATED.

Vicksburg, Miss., March 30.—Last night a serious break occurred in the levee at Stop Landing, Miss., seven miles north of Arkansas City. This makes the third break in the Mississippi levees.

FIGHTS IN MACEDONIA.

Turks and Greeks Have Already Had Encounters.

Constantinople, March 30.—If the reports just received here from the Turkish headquarters at Plassona are correct, fighting has already occurred on the Turkish side of the frontier of Macedonia. It is said that the Greek leader, Alexis Taki, a brother of the famous chieftain of that name, crossed the frontier into Macedonia on Sunday last, accompanied by about five of his followers. Near Grevena, the Greeks met and engaged an advance post of Turkish troops, commanded by a German officer. In the fighting which followed, the Turks lost twelve men killed and had twenty men wounded, including the German officer. The loss of the insurgents is not known. The latter subsequently returned across the border into Greek territory.

The situation is about as critical as it can be, and it is difficult to see how war between Greece and Turkey can be averted. Strong efforts in that direction are still making, but it is rumored in diplomatic circles here that King George has sent a message to the czar saying that it is impossible for Greece to yield to the powers regarding Crete and that it is equally impossible to recall the Greek troops from Thessaly in view of the excited condition of the public mind. It is believed that even the annexation of Crete would fail to satisfy the Greeks; they are so imbued with the war fever that nothing short of severe blood letting will cure them.

Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, now has at his disposal about 150,000 fighting men and 300 Krupp guns. He also has an ample supply of ammunition, a fair commissariat as Turkish commissariats go, and his medical staff and hospital corps are in satisfactory condition. All the strategetic points on the frontier are occupied, defended by newly thrown up earth works, and other defenses and are supplied with batteries of artillery.

To attack this line of defense it is understood the Greeks cannot muster more than 60,000 men, mostly irregulars, although some estimates here have it that the Greeks may be able to muster 80,000 men in all, counting the armed peasantry and the raw recruits and through reserves, which they have been pushing towards the frontier for a month past. This force is said to be weak in cavalry and especially so in artillery. It is true that the Greeks are animated by a war-like spirit and a degree of enthusiasm rarely before witnessed, but warlike enthusiasm cannot prevail against big battalions and heavy and numerous batteries of artillery. It is said that the Turkish authorities are calmly awaiting the outbreak of war, if war is to come, confident that every step possible has been taken to meet the emergency.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Bovic, Liverpool.

ALTOONA FIREBUGS.

Four Incendiary Blazes Occur In One Evening.

Altoona, Pa., March 30.—An attempt was made last night and early this morning to destroy Altoona, four incendiary fires being kindled in different parts of the city between the hours of 12 and 1:30 o'clock. Prompt work by the fire department alone saved the town from possible destruction. The entire loss, however, has been more than $60,000.

The fires were evidently incendiary. The first fire was discovered in a stable in the Third ward, at 11:20 last night, and was quickly extinguished with but slight damage. At 12:15 another alarm was turned in from the First ward, in the workshop of W. F. Yeatts. The blaze was extinguished with but a slight damage.

While the fire departments were returning to their stations they were called to the Fifth ward. There the large lumber storage sheds of M. Poets were ablaze, and after a fight the flames were subdued. The storage warehouse of Armour & Co. was damaged to the extent of $1000, while Mr. Poets' loss was about $1500. At 11:30 o'clock the fourth alarm was turned in from the large planing mill of W. Stokes. Before the firemen arrived the building was doomed, and all efforts were directed to save adjoining buildings, lumber piles and near-by residences. The mill was destroyed. Loss, $50,000; insurance, $10,000. No clue to the fire-bugs has been obtained.

SECRET MEETING.

Railroad Men Discussing the Pooling Question.

New York, March 30.—Among railroad men the greatest interest attaches to the conference to be held in this city today of the legal representatives of the roads in the Joint Traffic association.

The meeting, which is especially called to discuss the decision of the United States supreme court in the case of the Trans-Missouri Traffic association, will be conducted in secret. "I have not the remotest idea what the meeting will accomplish," said James C. Carter today. "There will be a full and free discussion, I don't doubt, but with what result no man can say at this time."

Louis Cass Ledyard, Mr. Carter's partner, was even more reticent. He would say nothing for publication, and intimated that if his ideas are carried out no part of today's meeting will find its way into the public prints. A prominent lawyer who represents one of the thirty odd roads in the association was seen shortly before the time appointed for today's meeting. "I cannot say whether or not our road will be represented at the meeting," said he, "and to be frank, I don't think it's anybody's business. Things are in a snarl just now, and I don't see what we have to gain by taking the public into our confidence."

HALE'S RECORD GONE.

Schoch Breaks It at the Washington Race.

Washington, March 30.—The riders in the six-day go-as-you-please bike race this morning showed no more appearance of fatigue than on the first day. Schoch was ahead about two and a half miles of the record made by Teddy Hale at Madison Square Garden. He had been off his wheel one hour and six minutes. Lawson fell behind, as he did not do much sprinting, took longer periods of rest and was delayed thirty minutes by an accident, when Golden fell and Lawson went over him. Rivers was also unfortunate, having two heavy falls during the night. Miller covered only fifteen miles during the night and was not riding during the forenoon, but said he would continue in the race.

At 12 o'clock Schoch was ahead of the 35-hour record by two and a half miles, and it is claimed by the officials that a remeasurement of the track will increase this to five miles. At noon the score was as follows: Schoch, 582½ miles; Lawson, 516; Albert, 511; Golden, 560; Cassidy, 449; Rivers, 425; Ford, 283; Muller, 69.

BANK ROBBED.

Nitro Glycerine Used to Wreck the Safe.

Galesburg, Ill., March 30.—The Oneida, Ill., State bank was robbed last night. Entrance was made through the front door. The safe was wrecked with nitro glycerine. The amount taken is between $3000 and $5000. The men escaped on a handcar. It is evidently the work of professionals. Two Chicago men have been arrested here on suspicion of being the perpetrators. They are John Shevlin and George Schoyahn. The bank was insured against loss.

SURPRISED OTHER ROADS.

Chicago, March 30.—The announcement that the Baltimore & Ohio railway had arranged for its own lake line has created some surprise in railway circles, and complications are expected. The first boat starts on April 1, and will probably be the first vessel through the Straits of Mackinaw. Three steamers will ply between Fairport and Milwaukee and Chicago.

STEAM FITTERS' STRIKE.

New York, March 30.—There has been no apparent change in the status of the steam fitters strike. None of the strikers, it is said, have applied for work, and all of the shops are picketed to prevent new men taking the places of the strikers. Mr Williams, of the firm of Blake & Williams, said today that all of the principal concerns involved in the strike had received by morning's mail letters from steam fitters in the neighboring cities applying for work.

MURDERED BY A TRAMP.

Columbus, Ohio, March 30.—The nude body of Mrs. John W. Miller, a farmer's wife, at Black Lick, this county, was found today, she having been outraged and murdered Monday, by a tramp employe, in the temporary absence of her husband. The tramp has gone.

BRITISH TROOPS PLAGUE STRICKEN.

London, March 30.—A special dispatch from Bombay says that the plague has broken out among the British troops at Calaba.

SUICIDED

Charles F. Houghton Shot and Killed Himself at Corning, N. Y., Today.

Mind Had Become Unbalanced Owing to a Severe Illness Recently.

Was a Millionaire and Owned Large Amount of Duluth Realty.

Syracuse, N. Y., March 30.—A special to the Herald from Geneva says that Charles F. Houghton, principal owner of the Corning Glass company and reputed to be worth $1,000,000, shot and killed himself at Corning today. When Mr. Houghton failed to return to his home last night his family became anxious. Early in the morning searching parties were organized, and after several hours he was found dead in the sand house of the Corning glass works, of which concern he was vice president.

A revolver, with two empty chambers, was found beside him, and it was evident that he had committed suicide. Five years ago his brother, Derrick Houghton, killed himself at Buffalo. The only reason assigned for the suicide is that Mr. Houghton's mind had become unbalanced owing to a severe illness he underwent recently.

Charles F. Houghton was an assemblyman from Steuben county in 1873, and was always regarded as one of Corning's most prominent citizens.

WELL KNOWN IN DULUTH.

Charles F. Houghton was well known by many Duluth people, being a heavy property owner here and making frequent trips to this city. He owned exclusively 200 feet on Superior street and a half interest in another 25 feet, making 212½ feet in all. There is not a dollar of incumbrance on this. His holding included the easterly half of the Mesaba block, the Clague & Prindle building, the Phillips shoe store block, the Big Duluth building, the 50 feet directly west of the Burrows block and one half of the Geist building. This property represents a total outlay of $359,000.

Mr. Houghton was known by his intimate Duluth friends to have been in poor health for some time. He had been suffering from some sort of kidney trouble for five years or so, and two years ago underwent an operation in New York. In January of this year he had a mild attack of typhoid fever.

The news of Mr. Houghton's suicide was a great surprise. One of his friends here says he was a man who seemed to have a fear of death or injury. He seldom if ever would ride behind a horse. On one occasion he was attending a funeral, and when one of the horses became nervous and restive, he jumped right out of the buggy and would not ride. He is also said to have been very much averse to having firearms around, and yet he selected that method of ending his life.

CHINA RELAXING.

West River Opened to the Commerce of the World.

Washington, March 30.—United States Minister Denby, at Pekin, has notified the department of state that as a result of the efforts of the British government, China has consented to open to commerce the West river, on which is situated Canton, and at the mouth of which lies Hong Kong. Mr. Denby has much to say on the importance of this event and the vast possibilities of trade along this great waterway, and mentions the fact that the removal or modification of the onerous international transit taxes will follow the opening of the river.

FRENCH SOCIALISTS ARRESTED.

Paris, March 30.—M. Antide Boyer, the Socialist deputy, was arrested today on charges connected with the Panama scandals. The police have seized a number of important papers at the residence of Deputy Naquet. Other arrests are believed to be imminent. A majority of the newspapers of this city congratulate the government upon "revealing the trap laid by the Republic's enemies by postponing the appointment of a committee of enquiry to investigate the Panama scandals." Deputy Maret has not been arrested, owing to his illness, but his house is watched by the police.

RELIEF BOAT SUNK.

Memphis, Tenn., March 30.—The steam tug El Rio Rey, chartered by the St. Louis republic as a flood relief boat, sank in forty feet of water in front of Memphis, this morning. No lives were lost.

The El Rio was anchored at the foot of Beale street in a swift current. During the night the current changed and toppled the craft over in sufficient water to sink her. The crew, five in number, escaped, but lost all their belongings. The Republic representatives, Cafferty and Wooten, were not aboard at the time of the disaster. The captain had orders to return to St. Louis, and the tug would have weighed anchor at noon today.

GEORGE L. CONVERSE DEAD.

Columbus, Ohio, March 30.—Hon. G. L. Converse, ex-member of congress, died today.

He was ill seven months, was in his 70th year, and died in the county of his birth. He graduated at Denmison university in 1849, read law, served as prosecuting attorney and in the house and senate of the Ohio legislature from 1860 to 1865, and again in the house in 1873 when he was speaker. He was in congress three times and was a Randall protective tariff Democrat.

THE IOWA AT SEA.

Delaware Breakwater, March 30.—The battleship Iowa passed to sea at 6:40 this morning. After her compass has been adjusted she will sail for Brooklyn, reaching there this evening.

BRIEF

Diplomatic Correspondence of the State Department For the Last Year.

An Important Question to American Citizens Settled With Austria.

Children of Americans Born In Chili Must Do Military Service.

Washington, March 30.—The department of state has just published some diplomatic correspondence of the last year as sent to congress as an appendix to the president's message in December. All of this has been included in one volume of about 1000 pages, which is much smaller than the preceding publication of foreign relations. The matter is generally less interesting too, for the reason that many chapters treating of important questions have been sent to congress and published from time to time, and also because the correspondence has been carefully edited with a view to the omission of anything that could possibly give offense to the nation's party to it.

Under the head of Austria, the questions treated relate entirely to naturalization problems. Minister Tripp reports that the cases of arrest for failure to perform military duty on the part of naturalized citizens of the United States returning to Austria Hungary are now infrequent. One interesting and important construction of law secured through Mr. Tripp's representations was given in the case of one Sedlvi, which involved the delicate question of how far the Austrian government has the right to punish as a deserter a returning American citizen of Austrian birth, who had performed his active military service in Austria before emigration, but was at that time on the reserve lists and liable to a call into active service again. Mr. Tripp succeeded in securing the approval of the Austrian authorities to part of his contention that in such cases the American citizen cannot be punished for a crime committed by act of emigration, but only for an offense committed before emigration, that therefore he committed no crime in emigrating before he was called again into active service, and was subject to no punishment as a deserter.

Another point of citizenship of some interest was settled by United States Minister Strobel at Santiago, Chili. This was his decision that he had no power to exempt from military service in Chili children born in that country of American parents. He held that they owed allegiance to Chili as long as they remained in her territory, as her laws declared that children born in Chili are citizens of that country. Of course, upon leaving the country they might assert their American citizenship under the general statute. Secretary Olney approved this finding briefly.

HEATWOLE'S PLAN.

Resolution For a Banking and Currency Commission.

Washington, March 30.—Representative Heatwole, of Minnesota, has introduced a resolution for a banking and currency commission which is in line with the recommendations of Mr. McKinley's inaugural addresses and of the Indianapolis conference. The resolution recites that in view of the present inadequate banking and currency system it is desirable that congress have the aid of experts in making changes.

The commission is to be composed of four citizens, eminent in trade, political economy and banking, to be appointed by the president; two senators, to be appointed by the vice president; two representatives to be appointed by the speaker; and the comptroller of the currency, and the resolution provides that it shallreport to congress the first Monday of next December.

PETRIE'S FATAL FALL.

Chicago, March 30.—County Commissioner Nicholas Petrie fell over the railing of the front stairway at his home at 286 North State street, at 2 o'clock this morning and received injuries from which he died half an hour later. He returned at that hour with a party of friends and, as they were chatting pleasantly, he started to go up stairs. Upon reaching the top he lost his balance and fell over the railing into the basement areaway. His skull was fractured, and he died in half an hour from concussion of the brain. Mr. Petrie was a brother of Fire Marshal Charles Petrie. He had lived in Chicago many years and was a well known figure in North Side politics.

MUST PAY THE BONDS.

St. Louis, March 30.—The United States circuit court of appeals handed down an opinion in the case of the board of county commissioners of the County of Lake, Col., against George W. Platt, involving the validity of an issue of bonds, amounting to $60,000. In his decision, United States Judge Sanborn affirms the judgment of the lower court, which was against the board of county commissioners, in favor of Platt. He declares that the issue of bonds in question was not the creation of a new debt, but merely the extension of the time of payment of a debt already existing.

CHEAP LIQUIFIED AIR.

Washington, March 30. — United States Consul De Kay, at Berlin, has reported to the state department the invention of a new process of liquifying air, by which the cost of production is brought down from $2.25 to 2¼ cents for reducing five cubic meters. Some of the queer uses to which this liquid air may be put are alluded to in the report of the consul general.

CROOKED MONTANA OFFICIALS.

Salt Lake, Utah, March 30.—A report to the Tribune from Helena, Mont., says: Secretary of the Senate John Blood was yesterday indicted by the grand jury for falsifying the public records. His alleged offense is the losing of a bill the night the last legislative session expired. Bail has been fixed at $10,000. Martin Buckley, an ex-state representative, was also indicted upon the charge of accepting bribery, which he himself had acknowledged at the last session. Both are under arrest.



Every one knows the biblical story of the passover. The angel of death turned aside only at the doors of the chosen people. The first-born of all others were slain. There is a chosen people today, at whose doors the angel of death turns aside and whose first-born escape unscathed while the children of others perish. The chosen people are the healthy people. Nine-tenths of the deaths among children are due to the ill-health of the mothers during the period preceding motherhood. Every woman owes it to herself, her husband and her children to keep herself healthy in a womanly way. She should thoroughly understand her own physical make-up. She should realize the importance of keeping the organs of womanhood healthy and vigorous. She can only do this by taking proper care of herself and using the proper remedy for weakness or disease of those organs.

The best remedy for weakness or disease of the organs peculiar to women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is truly wonderful in its effects on the female organism. It allays inflammation, soothes pain and restores health and vigor. Get it at the druggist's and take no substitute. Your health and your children's health depend upon it.

"Since I wrote you we have had a baby girl born to us," writes W. R. Malcolm, of Knobel, Clay Co., Ark. "My wife took your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and also your 'Favorite Prescription' all during the expectant period and until confinement, and she had no trouble to mention. A stouter, healthier child was never born. Our child will be one year of age the 8th inst. and she has not been sick a day. Has not had so much as the colic."

Every woman in America should own a copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. In its 1,008 pages she will find plain talks about all sorts of ailments. These talks are made plainer by copious illustrations. About 90 pages are devoted to woman's diseases and weaknesses. There are suggestions for home-treatment. This book has already gone into more than a million homes. The original price was $1.50. Now an edition in paper covers is being distributed FREE. Send 21 one-cent stamps—this pays for mailing *only*—to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y. If a copy bound in fine cloth is desired, send 10 cents extra—31 cents in all.

WELLS IS SPEEDY.

His Wheel Work Astonishes the California People.

San Francisco, March 30.—Charley Wells has made the most sensational ride ever seen at a bicycle race meet on this coast. It was in the final of the one mile open for professionals with himself, Jones, McHart and Downing the starters. Max Morris was put in to make the pace. Downing secured the pacemaker for a battle with Jones and Wells brought up in the rear. In the start of the sixth lap Downing commenced the sprint with the other men riding like fiends to get around him, but he kept in the lead, all the others riding wide on the banks, seemingly to shut Wells out, but the giant was too speedy for them and notwithstanding that he had to hug the top of the banks for the two laps they could not stave off his final sprint on the last lap. He passed his competitors as if they were standing still and won the race in the remarkably fast time of 2:11.

Wells has won more prizes than any other single rider during the tournament and is improving in form every day. The last half was ridden in :59. The three mile race was a beautiful race and the interest in it was enhanced by the good team work of the combination, composed of MacFarland and Stevens, who with Downing and Eaton, were the starters in the final. Two pacemakers on singles took the pace and succeeded in pulling the men out for three miles in 6:54 1-5, Stevens getting first place, Eaton second, and MacFarland, third.

ONE IN EVERY FOUR.

One Person in Every Four Suffers From Piles.

About one person in every four suffers from some form of rectal disease. The most common and annoying is itching piles, indicated by warmth, slight moisture and intense, uncontrollable itching in the parts affected.

The usual treatment has been some simple ointment or salve, which sometimes give temporary relief, but nothing like a permanent cure can be expected from such superficial treatment.

The only permanent cure for itching piles yet discovered is the Pyramid Pile Cure, not only for itching piles, but for every other form of piles, blind, bleeding or protruding. The first application gives instant relief and the continued use for some time causes a permanent removal of the tumors or the small parasites which cause the intense itching and discomfort of itching piles.

Many physicians for a long time supposed that the remarkable relief afforded by the Pyramid Pile Cure was because it was supposed to contain cocaine, opium or similar drugs, but such is not the case. A recent careful analysis of the remedy showed it to be absolutely free from any cocaine, opium or in fact any poisonous, injurious drugs whatever. Sold by druggists at 50 cents per package.

WILL "SWAP" DIVISIONS.

San Francisco, March 30.—At a conference between C. P. Huntington and Col. C. E. Croker the change of Mojave division to the Santa Fe has been definitely decided upon, and instructions telegraphed to Attorneys Tweed and Herrin to prepare the necessary papers. At the same time President E. P. Richley of the Santa Fe, at Chicago, was advised, and he in turn will have proper transfer papers made out for the road between Benson and Nogales and Guayamas, which his company is to give to the Southern Pacific for the Needles line.

UNPLEASANT FOR BAILEY.

Chicago, March 30.—L. E. Bailey, clerk at the Great Northern hotel, of this city, was horsewhipped by Mrs. H. A. Shatford, a former employe of the hotel. The woman accused Bailey of causing her discharge, and following him into the hotel, she belabored him over the head with a blacksnake whip.

LOTS OF BICYCLE TIRES.

Akron, Ohio, March 30.—The Goodrich and Diamond Rubber companies here have never before been so rushed in making bicycle tires. In this work the shops are running night and day, but cannot keep up with orders. Over 2400 people are employed, and 600,000 pairs of tires will be made here this season.

FATHER BOGACKI RESIGNS.

Bay City, Mich., March 30.—Anthony Bogacki, the hero of the Polish riot in the warring church here, who was accused of shooting one of the rioters, has resigned. Bishop Richter did not request him to take the action.

YANTIC

United States Cruiser Hard Aground and In Danger In Uruguay.

She Had Been Condemned Before Going on This Cruise.

A Sort of a Hoodoo In the Navy---Her Many Accidents.

New York, March 30.—The Herald's correspondent in Montevideo, Uruguay, telegraphs that the United States cruiser Yantic ran aground today at Port Nueva, Palliera, at the mouth of the Uruguay river. Tugs are at work attempting to pull the cruiser off. She is in a dangerous position.

YANTIC'S CAREER.

She Has Had Her Share of Marine Mishaps.

New York, March 30.—The Yantic is a fourth-class, old fashioned, single screw corvette, of 900 tons displacement and about 225 horse power. She has five guns. She is commanded by Lieut. Commander F. P. Gilmore.

On May 23, 1893, while engaged in blowing up derelicts in the gulf stream, she was struck by a severe storm and had a very narrow escape from destruction. She reached this city May 29, having lost her masts and all but one of her small boats. She was then transferred to the South Atlantic squadron.

In May, 1894, a board of officers, which inspected the vessel in the harbor at Montevideo, condemned her. She was repaired and retained in the South Atlantic.

On March 8, this year, while her crew were engaged in gun practice, an explosion occurred, in which one sailor was killed and one seriously injured.

UNDER THE LAKE.

Explosion at Chicago Kills Two Men, Wounds Four.

Chicago, March 30.—Two men were killed and four seriously injured by an explosion in the northwest water tunnel at the foot of Oak street today. The dead:

Owen O'Malley.
Peter Gallagher.

The injured are: Thomas Gallagher, Dennis Hayes, Patrick Conway, George Blank.

The explosion took place at a point 2300 feet under the lake where the excavation was in progress for a water supply inlet. An unusually heavy blast had been prepared by the men and the work had been safely accomplished. The fuse had been lighted and the warning given the men to get at a safe distance. O'Malley and Gallagher stayed behind for an instant and were within but a few feet when the explosion occurred. They received the full force of the blast and were literally blown to pieces.

Hayes, Conway and Thomas Gallagher had run a considerable distance when the explosion occurred, and ordinarily would have been out of the reach of the force of the blast. This time, however, the flying rocks and debris seemed to have more than ordinary force, and besides being burned by the explosion, they were crushed and bruised by heavy stones and masses of clay.

DROWNED IN A CREEK.

Whitehall, N. Y., March 30.—John O'Sullivan, agent for the Delaware & Hudson Canal company at Comstock, N. Y., and William Huyick, a storekeeper, were drowned in Wood creek last night near Wooden Lock. O'Sullivan's body was recovered this morning, but Huyick's has not as yet been found. The men were on their way home in a carriage, and it is supposed that the team became unmanageable and ran into the creek.

TO FILL A VACANCY.

St. Louis, March 30.—T. P. Cook, assistant superintendent of the Western division of the Western Union Telegraph company, at Dallas, Texas, was today appointed to succeed L. C. Baker, late superintendent, who died suddenly a few days ago. Superintendent Cook, who has been with the Western Union for many years, will make St. Louis his headquarters.

WILL REDUCE WAGES.

Bellaire, Ohio, March 30.—Notices have been posted of a 10 per cent reduction in the wages of the 500 employes at the tube plant of the Riverside Iron works, at Benwood, W. Va., to go into effect on April 6. The men have not determined to accept the terms of the company, and a strike may follow.

ONCE IS ENOUGH FOR HIM.

Savannah, Ga., March 30.—Col. John A. Henderson, vice president of the Florida Central & Peninsular railway, and United States senator by appointment from Governor Bloxham of Florida, is in Savannah today. He says most decidedly that he is not a candidate for re-election as senator.

BIG SALE OF WOOL.

Caldwell, Idaho, March 30.—One of the largest wool sales of the year was completed here today. James E. Clinton, Jr., representing Heicht, Liebman & Co., of Boston, purchased of Robert Noble 400,000 pounds of the clip of 1895. The terms are private.

A DULUTH INVENTOR.

Washington, March 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—A patent for a rod packing for air brakes was today issued to Ferris D. Toucey, of Duluth.

GLADSTONE'S RETURN HOME.

Cannes, March 30.—Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone started today on their return to England.

The standard cure for cold and cough, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, should be kept by every mother who loves her darlings.

RHEUMATISM

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to cure acute or muscular rheumatism in from one to five days. Sharp, shooting pains in any part of the body stopped by a few doses. A prompt, complete and permanent cure for lameness, soreness, stiff back and all pains in hips and loins. Chronic rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago or pain in the back are speedily cured. It seldom fails to give relief from one or two doses, and almost invariably cures before one bottle has been used. Price 25c.

MUNYON'S

Improved Homoeopathic Home Remedy company put up a separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25 cents. Guide to Health free.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

A portable sawmill boiler exploded at Augusta, Ky., yesterday killing two men and fatally injuring three others. The engineer tried to fill the boiler with cold water.

The state department has invited all maritime nations to send warships to participate in the dedication of the Grant monument at New York, April 27.

It is now definitely decided that in the near future the Baltimore & Ohio will have a lake and rail line to the East. The road is now making arrangements for two boats which will run from Chicago and Milwaukee to Fairport, near Cleveland, where the road has already constructed large docks and there the freight will be transferred to the rail route.

Protests are coming in in large numbers to the president against the pardon or commutation of sentence of J. R. Dunlop, of Chicago, for publishing and sending obscene matter through the mails. It is intimated that nothing will be done in the way of clemency for the present, at least.

The net earnings of the Burlington road for the month of February were $340,340, an increase of $290,675 over the same month of last year. For the first two months of this year the net earnings have been $656,887, an increase of $365,403 over the same two months of last year, there having been a deficit during the early portion of 1896.

The British tank steamer Delaware, from London for Philadelphia, is at Delaware breakwater with ten well-defined cases of smallpox on board.

Six children of John McGrath, a farmer residing in the northwestern part of Nemeha county, Kansas, were drowned near their home on Sunday evening while attempting to ford Polo creek, which is running bank full. The six children, with their mother, were riding in a heavy lumber wagon. A 14-year-old girl, who was driving, turned the wagon in such a manner that it was capsized and all were dumped into the raging torrent. The mother alone reached the shore.

At Madison, Wis., the Yale and Wisconsin first eights will row a race on Lake Saltonstall probably May 29. Capt. Eally of Yale proposes the date, which seems to be satisfactory to the Badger crew. Last year the latter subjected the Yale freshmen to a dismal defeat and now Yale will seek to retrieve her fallen fortunes with her best crew.

Lou and Arthur Sherman, brothers, who have lived in Minneapolis for some months, were placed under arrest yesterday at their residence, 2427 Ninth street south, on suspicion of being members of the youthful gang of train robbers apprehended Saturday at Turtle Lake, Wis., who are held responsible for the sensational wreck of a train on the Soo road near that place Oct. 10, 1894.

An oyster sloop, having on board two men, two women and five children and a load of oysters, was capsized in a squall off Pensacola harbor yesterday and sank in a few minutes. All on board were drowned with the exception of one man who caught on to a hatch door which floated off.

At Danbury, Conn., the municipal election yesterday resulted in an overwhelming Democratic victory, notwithstanding that the city gave McKinley a majority of 890 last November.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Business in the United States court at Bismarck is finished and Judge Amidon has gone to Fergus Falls, where he will hold court for Judge Lochren. The term here came to a sudden close, owing to fifteen prisoners charged with cutting government timber and with selling liquor to Indians pleading guilty. They were nearly all half-breeds from Rollet county, and were given a uniform sentence of thirty days in jail and $100 fine. Joe Walters, of this city, charged with forging an indorsement on a government check, was found guilty and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Charles White, Indian interpreter at Fort Totten, was found guilty and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary on a charge of introducing liquor on the Indian reservation. Joe Jacobs, who is supposed to have sold liquor to the Indians who murdered the Spicer family at Winona, was found guilty of selling liquor to Indians, and was sentenced to three months in jail and fined $100. The case against Louis Shilling, son of the old Sioux warrior, who was charged with rape, was dismissed, it having been discovered that the crime was committed in South Dakota, and he will be taken there for trial.

The government dredging outfit is getting in shape for the season's work on the Red river. There is enough money to carry on the work for three months, during which time the engineers expect to improve the channel very materially. During the past few years the crew has been working down the river, but this summer operations will be carried on near the rapids near Caledonia. Within the past few years quite a carrying trade has been done by river craft for merchants in small towns along the river. Much interest is being shown in the question of river navigation, and much faith is attached to the scheme of Col. Jones for improving it by reservoirs.

The rumor that a portion of the Syndicate block property at Grand Forks was being negotiated for by a firm, who, if the deal was consummated, would commence to put up a larger building to be used entirely as a department store, is not without foundation. When interviewed on Saturday as to the correctness of the rumor, William Budge stated that a deal was about to be consummated, but would not intimate who the interested parties were or who were to occupy the store when completed.

A brakeman named Maloney stabbed a man named Preston, below the heart at Devil's Lake. Maloney is arrested and Preston is in the hospital. It is not known yet whether the wound is fatal. The report of the affair is that Preston struck Maloney in a restaurant. The fight was renewed outside, when the stabbing occurred. Preston, after being stabbed, with the knife sticking in him, pounded Maloney severely.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

After a week of solid work the west end of the Dakota & Hastings division has been opened and the first trains for several weeks are running. There has been an almost continual blockade for two months and many towns are nearly out of fuel and provisions. The snow is going slowly and spring will be late.

SANGUILLY TO SUCCEED.

He Will Take the Captured Rivera's Place.

Madrid, March 30.—The government is contemplating imposing new taxes in order to provide for the Cuban war expenses. It is rumored here that Gen. Sanguilly will succeed Gen. Rivera, now prisoner in the hands of the Spanish, as commander of the insurgent forces in the province of Pinar del Rio.

CUBA

Judge Day May Go to Havana as a Special State Commissioner.

Primarily to Attend the Promised Investigation of the Ruiz Murder.

But In Addition to Size Up the Real State of Affairs.

Washington, March 30.—Judge William Day, of Canton, the life-long friend of President McKinley, has arrived here, and last night was at the White House in close consultation with the executive. In regard to this conference, Secretary Porter says that nothing had yet been determined on regarding the Cuban question, and that it might be several days yet before a decision was reached. It is known, however, that the president is considering the advisability of having Judge Day go to Havana as the legal representative of the state department in the investigation to be made of the alleged murder in prison of Dr. Ruiz.

Consul General Lee informed the state department some time ago that Spanish investigation, as a rule, was a mere farce, and that he could not consent to be present at that which is to look into the death of Dr. Ruiz; first, because he had no confidence in it; and secondly, because he was not a lawyer. He suggested that it might be well to have one of the law officers of the state department present in Havana at the time, especially in view of the fact that he himself expected to be relieved shortly. This suggested the idea that the representative sent there might at the same time make a confidential report on the situation in the island.

There is no one in whom President McKinley has such entire confidence as he reposes in Judge Day, who is his lifelong friend and neighbor, and whose discretion and good judgment were long ago established. The present proposition is to have him go to Havana, as the representative of the state department at the Ruiz investigation, and improve the opportunity to look over the field and make an unprejudiced report of the situation

The Spanish minister, De Lome, has seen Secretary Sherman very often of late, and open negotiations have been carried, and it is intimated that if the insurgents would accept anything at all short of independence, Spain would be ready to meet them half way. In view of this condition of affairs, it is possible that Judge Day, if it is finally decided to appoint him, may be intrusted with the delicate mission of finding out from the insurgents whether they would be willing to end the war on the basis of a merely nominal dependence on the mother country.

COOLIE RIOT.

Japs in Honolulu Commit a Brutal Murder.

San Francisco, March 30.—The schooner Transit, just arrived from Honolulu, brings the news of a riot among the Japanese coolies employed on the sugar plantation on the island of Maui on the 13th inst. Three hundred Japanese beat one of their number to death and afterwards beat his body into a pulp with clubs. The murdered man was an interpreter named Kawata. He was accused of wrong doing in regard to money intrusted to him and for over charging them for services rendered as an interpreter.

A number of white men tried to preserve order and save Kawata's life, but they were too few to cope with the crowd and were obliged to flee. As soon as the news of the murder reached Wailulu, Sheriffs Scott and Dow, with a number of deputies visited the plantation, and though many threats were made by the Japanese, four of the ringleaders were arrested and taken to the jail at Wailulu.

The coolies planned an associated assault on the jail, but before the mob reached it the sheriffs were notified and they called upon the citizens' guard for assistance. The guard with a number of armed volunteers turned out to protect the jail. The Japanese were ordered to return to their plantation immediately with the alternative of being fired upon within five minutes. They slowly dispersed and went back to their houses, but it is believed, had not the strong stand been made, the wild band of coolies would have destroyed the jail and overrun the northern part of Maui.

ANTHONY AND BARRY MATCHED.

San Francisco, March 30.—Jimmy Anthony, of Australia, and James Barry, of Chicago, signed articles of agreement last night to box twenty rounds before the National Athletic club, of this city, on April 28. The youngsters will meet at 115 pounds for a purse of $2000, of which 25 per cent goes to the loser. There is a likelihood of a match being arranged for the same night, provided anyone can be secured to meet Armstrong.

DANGER!

Few appreciate the Danger to which the Expectant Mother is exposed and the foreboding with which she looks forward to the hour of woman's severest trial.

Mother's Friend

so assists Nature that the change goes forward in an easy manner, without the violent protest of Nausea, Headache, etc. Gloomy forebodings yield to hopeful anticipations, she passes through the ordeal quickly and with little pain, is left strong to joyously perform the high and holy duties now devolved upon her, and the time of recovery shortened.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book "TO EXPECTANT MOTHERS" mailed Free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea —the Mother's Friend.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

YOU WILL REALIZE THAT "THEY LIVE WELL WHO LIVE CLEANLY," IF YOU USE

SAPOLIO



Results of treatment.

DR. RODRIGUEZ SPANISH TREATMENT. A Positive Written Guaranteed Cure for LOST MANHOOD and all attendant troubles of young and middle-aged men and boys, such as NERVOUSNESS, LOSS OF MEMORY, DESPONDENCY, BASHFULNESS, EVIL DREAMS, IMPURE BLOOD, PIMPLES ON FACE, BLOTCHES, SORES, BOILS, CARBUNCLES, RHEUMATISM, CONSUMPTION, INSANITY, EXHAUSTING DRAINS and loss of power of the Generative Organs, unfitting one for study, business and marriage, is quickly cured by Dr. Rodriguez Spanish Nerve Grains. They not only cure by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great NERVE TONIC and BLOOD BUILDER, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks, and restoring FIRE OF YOUTH to the veins. By mail, $1.00 per box or 6 for $5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book free. Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2590, New York.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

To Whom it May Concern:

Notice is hereby given, that in the matter of the application of the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation to reassess to the extent of benefits actually accruing against the property benefited thereby, the cost of the following local improvement, to-wit, for grading, gravelling and carrying off storm waters on Short Line Park road from the gravel pit in the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), of section four (4), township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, to Short Line Park, running from said gravel pit northwesterly through the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), the northeast quarter (ne ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw ¼), the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), the southwest quarter (sw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), and the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), of section four (4), and the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the northeast quarter (ne ¼), of section five (5), to said Short Line Park.

A report has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, by G. J. Mallory, W. W. Sanford and D. W. Scott, appraisers duly appointed in the above proceedings by the district court above entitled; that in and by said report said appraisers do make their assessments against each piece and parcel of land deemed by them to be benefited by reason of the above mentioned improvement, the original assessment made by the board of public works of said city to defray the cost of said improvement having been heretofore by said court declared wholly invalid and by the judgment of said court wholly set aside.

That said report so made by said appraisers was filed in the office of the clerk of the district court aforesaid on the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1897.

Notice is hereby further given, that at a special term of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, to be held at the court house, in said city of Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1897, the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation aforesaid, at the opening of said court at the hour of 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said date or as soon there after as counsel can be heard will apply to said district court for an order of said court confirming said assessments so made by said appraisers.

The pieces and parcels of land affected by said assessments so made by said appraisers as aforesaid, are situate in the city of Duluth in sections four (4) and five (5), of township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, and are more particularly described and the amount of the assessment against each piece and parcel thereof is as set after and opposite to each description as follows, to-wit:

Name of Supposed Owner.	Description.	Amount.
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4.....	$ 41 00
New Duluth Land company,	northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4.....	60 00
New Duluth Land company,	southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4.....	36 00
New Duluth Land company,	northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4.....	79 00
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 4.....	41 00
Willis H. Feller and Charlotte E. Thompson,	northwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	79 00
Isaac McMahon,	northwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Grace McMahon,	northeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	41 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5..	79 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5....	60 00
Estate of Nehemiah Hulett,	northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 5	24 00

All of the above descriptions being in township 48 north, range 15 west.

CITY OF DULUTH,
By J. B. RICHARDS,
City Attorney.

Duluth, Minn., March 23rd, 1897.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 24 to April 3, inclusive.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., March 23, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m. on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the furnishing and laying of about 11,000 lineal feet of 20-inch cast iron or steel water pipe with appurtenances, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of eight thousand ($8000) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 25 10t.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1897, for furnishing and delivering along the line of the waterworks force main in said city from the pumping station at Lakewood to the reservoir at Thirty-fourth avenue east and Fourth street about 8,000 pounds of special castings according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of two hundred (200) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON.
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five and 96-100 (35.96) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Frank Campbell, mortgagor, to Maud Nichols, mortgagee bearing date the 1st day of March, 1896, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 29th day of May, 1896, at 1:15 o'clock p. m., in Book 85 of mortgages, on page 492, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼ of sw¼) of section twenty (20), township forty-nine (49) north, of range fifteen (15) west of the 4th P. M., in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 13th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of thirty-five and 96-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 22, A. D. 1897.

MAUD A. NICHOLS,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30-April-6-13-20-27-May-4.

WEST END

Humane Meeting to Be Held at Proctorknott Tomorrow Night.

Society Is In Urgent Need of Support From the People.

Michael Higgins Brought Back From Barker---Another Scarlet Fever Case.

The Humane society will give an entertainment in the village hall at Proctorknott tomorrow night, which promises to be the most interesting of the present series of meetings. The Proctorknott cornet band has volunteered to provide the music and the little Gordon sisters will give some exhibitions of scotch dancing. Mayor Truelsen will speak, together with a number of the others and the whole will be concluded with a magic lantern exhibition. An admission fee of 10 and 15 cents will be charged. In this connection it can be stated that the treasury of the Humane society is empty for the first time in the several years of its existence and the very existence of the organization is threatened by the possible loss of the revenue of $200 afforded it by the city, which may, in the policy of retrenchment now in force, be cut off by the council. The association has been conducted at an actual expense all told of $900, $300 of which has been furnished by the county, $300 by the city and $300 by voluntary subscriptions. During the hard times the revenue from the latter source has been obtained with difficulty, and if the council declines to appropriate the $25 a month which has heretofore been given the society, much hard work will have to be done by those interested in it to prevent its dissolution. Much interest has been shown in the society in the West End, and a large attendance at tomorrow night's meeting is assured.

BODY BROUGHT BACK.

The mutilated body of Michael Higgins, the well-known West Duluth blacksmith who was run over and killed by a Northern Pacific train at Barker, Saturday night was brought to Duluth yesterday. His brothers in Michigan were informed of his death, and notified the authorities by telegraph to take the body until instructions as to its disposition could be sent by letter. The remains will be shipped to Mr. Higgins' former home in Michigan. It was expected that his brother would arrive today to take charge of it, but sudden sickness prevented him from attempting the journey.

MORE SCARLET FEVER.

Another case of scarlet fever has broken out in the family of Mr. Scott at 603 Fifty-ninth avenue west. This makes six scarlet fever cases in the West End, the other four being in the family of Bernard Doyle at the corner of Sixty-ninth avenue west and Natchez street.

RINK IS CLOSED.

The West Duluth rink has been closed for the season. It was last open for the accommodation of skaters Saturday night, but the ice has become so bad with the coming of the soft weather that the further operation of the establishment is impracticable.

A LIVELY RUNAWAY.

A runaway team belonging to E. O. Armstrong made things lively for a few minutes on Ramsey street yesterday afternoon. When passing the Bennett, the runaways collided with Bradley & Young's delivery wagon, throwing Mr. Young out, injuring him slightly. The horses finally brought up at Mr. Armstrong's barn.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The infant child of Christopher Johnson, who lives on Forty-ninth avenue west died yesterday, and the funeral was held at the family residence at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The funeral of Mrs. William Carter, who died at her home, 309 Fifty-fourth avenue west, Sunday morning, was held at the Oneota Episcopal church this afternoon at 2 o'clock, the interment being made in the Oneota cemetery.

William Kenney, who arrived in West Duluth a few days ago from St. Paul in search of work, went to the police station yesterday afternoon for shelter. He was suffering from a bad attack of grip that threatened to develop into pneumonia, and he was removed to St. Mary's hospital.

P. F. Smith is moving the furniture out of the Bennett hotel. He will place it in a store and sell it. It is possible that the house will be reopened soon as quite a number of persons have been looking at it with a view to renting.

The Ladies' Aid society of Plymouth church will meet with Mrs. Brerely tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

An April Fool social will be given at Asbury M. E. church Thursday evening.

An incipient fire at Ira H. Cox's store in Raleigh street, brought out the fire department at 6:30 o'clock last evening. The flames were extinguished before the arrival of the firemen.

William McRae, late proprietor of the Bennett hotel, has moved to Duluth with his family.

Miss Josie Hanson died at her home on Sixtieth avenue west and Bristol street yesterday afternoon. The funeral will be held from the Swedish Baptist church at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure. Send for circulars, free

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

The strawberry belt has moved a little bit nearer Duluth and Louisiana berries nice and sweet, are on the Michigan street lists. There's lots of other stuff too, and the market is getting quite lively.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—the quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.			
Cream., separators, fancy	21	@	22
Dairies, fancy, special make	15	@	16
Packing stock	8	@	9
Dairy, fair	12	@	13
CHEESE.			
Turns, flats, full cr'm, new	11½	@	12½
Full cr'm, Young America	11	@	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@	12½
Brick, No. 1	10		
Limb., full cream, choice	9	@	10
Primost	6		
EGGS.			
Candled, strictly fresh	10½	@	11
Candled, storage	9	@	11
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	12½	@	13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½		
Golden rod	11½	@	12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per pound	11		
Ohio, per pound	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	2½	@	3
NUTS.			
Soft shell almonds, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12		
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11		
Brazils, per lb	8		
Pecans, per lb	9	@	11
Filberts, per lb	11		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
Raw peanuts	4½	@	5½
VEGETABLES.			
Sweet potatoes, per bus	85	@	90
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 00	@	2 25
California celery, per doz	25	@	30
Carrots, per bus	35	@	40
Beets, per bus	40	@	50
Onions, per bus	1 65	@	1 75
Turnips, per bus	40	@	50
Holland seed cabbage, 100 lb	2 50		
Minn cabbage, per 100 lbs	70	@	1 00
Potatoes, per bus	25	@	27
Mint, per doz	35	@	40
Parsley, per doz	25		
Parsnips, per bus	55	@	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 50	@	2 25
Horse radish, per lb	6	@	7
Hubbard squash, per doz	1 50	@	2 25
Florida cabbage, crates	1 75	@	2 00
California celery, doz	75	@	1 00
Florida tomatoes, basket	35	@	50
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50		
Green onions, doz bunches	25	@	40
Spinach, per bus	90	@	1 00
New beets, per doz bunch	65		
Spanish onions, per crate	2 25		
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50		
Lettuce, per box	90	@	1 00
Lettuce, per doz	40		
Horse radish roots, per bbl	5 50		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	1 15		
Medium, hand picked, bus	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90		
Green and yellow peas	75	@	80
Green peas, bus	65		
FRUITS.			
Louisiana pints, per case	2 50	@	2 75
Florida strawberries, per qt	30	@	35
Pie plant, per lb	7	@	8
California navel oranges	3 25	@	3 75
Seedling oranges	2 00	@	2 50
Bananas, bunches	1 25	@	1 50
Lemons, per box	2 75	@	3 50
Cocoanuts, per doz	70		
Cranberries, per bbl	5 00	@	5 50
Cranberries, bus	1 75	@	2 00
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 75	@	7 50
Figs, per lb	12	@	15
Pineapple, per doz	3 00		
Dates, per lb	9	@	10
APPLES AND CIDER.			
Apples, per bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50	@	2 75
DRESSED MEATS.			
Veal, fancy	7	@	7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5		
Mutton, fancy dressed	6	@	6½
LIVE POULTRY.			
Live turkeys	10		
Spring chickens, per lb	9	@	10
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	12½	@	13
Chickens, per lb	10	@	11
Geese, per lb	10	@	11
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	8 75		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	9 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	8 50		
Red dog	12 00		
Ground feed No. 1	10 00	@	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 00	@	10 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.			
Choice south. Minn	6 50	@	7 50
Northern Minn	4 00	@	6 50
Medium	4 00	@	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	8 00	@	9 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 30.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 11@23c; Elgins, 24c; factory, 8@13c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 10@11c; Western, 10c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 30.—Butter, firm; creamery, 16@21c; dairy, 11@18c. Eggs, steady; fresh, 8½c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Strong and Lively Opening Was Apparent.

New York, March 30.—The stock market opened strong, prices being fractionally higher on a manifest disposition on the part of the shorts to cover and on reflection of higher range prices for Americans in London. Rock Island gained ⅞, but marked improvements were also noticed in the grangers, and in the industrials.

Some further gains in values occurred in which the international shares figured conspicuously. Bond houses report offers of round amounts of the speculative and middle grade mortgages for continental account. The bears fought the advance market stubbornly and by devoting their efforts to industrials, succeeded in bringing about a general decline by 11 o'clock in which Sugar and Leather, preferred, assumed prominence.

The selling movement was soon exhausted, and under the leadership of the grangers, in which some commission house orders were executed, general improvements resulted, which ranged from 1 to 1½ in some of the large Western shares. Some strength was due to the subsidence of the apprehension of rate cutting in the West. The industrials participated in the rise to a moderate extent, but operations in these shares were rather restricted. The Anthracite Coal group was well sustained throughout, although some erratic fluctuations occurred in New Jersey Central. Foreign operations were mainly for the long account, and included considerable purchases of St. Paul and Louisville & Nashville. The bond market was quiet, but a good business was evident. Business in the high grade lines shows a marked diminution in some proportions, but prices withheld. Sales to noon, 118,000 shares.

THERE IS NOTHING SO GOOD.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of throat, chest and lungs, there is nothing so good as is Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottle free at Duluth Drug company's drug store.
Regular size 50 cents and $1.00.

Cataphoresis!

The latest method prepares the way for excavating and filling teeth without pain. DR. SCHIFFMAN.
Burrows block.

On and after April 1 Dr. Schiffman will make the best rubber plate S. S. White teeth, $8.00.

SLUMPED

Wheat Fell Off Over One Cent Today on Bearish News.

Receipts Were Again Heavy and a Decline Reported at Liverpool.

Free Offering of Russian Wheat Another Blow to the Bulls.

Wheat opened at put prices this morning with the market in good condition. All the early news was in the bears' favor. Liverpool showed a small opening advance but weakened. Northwest receipts were again heavy, Minneapolis and Duluth reporting 777 cars, against 490 last week and 448 on the corresponding day of the year before, and Thoman's report predicted a 20 per cent increase in the spring wheat acreage. Traders at Chicago, who bought yesterday, sold out their lines and liquidation continued heavy. When Bradstreet's report of the world's visible arrived, the crowd thought they had another bear circumstance to help the shorts. The decrease of the week was reported at 1,991,000 bus, whereas 3,500,000 bus or more had been looked for. There was a rush to sell upon that information. It was found, however, that the 1,951,000 bus decrease by Bradstreet's applied only to stocks in this country east of the Rockies. Such a decrease here indicates that country stocks back of the visible are being drawn upon liberally to make up the increase in the arrivals at Minneapolis and Duluth. One of the severest blows dealt to the bulls was in a second private cablegram from Liverpool quoting any decline after the opening, and their weakness as being caused by the free offering of Russian wheat.

Trading on the Duluth board was very dull, May wheat opened ½c lower at 72⅝c, held firm a short time at 72⅝-¾c and then became weak and sold down to 71⅞c. At noon it was back to 72¼c but the close was easy with sellers at 71⅝c, a decline of 1¼c for the day. The elevators bought 45,000 bus of cash stuff at 5c under May, and 100,000 bus were worked for shipment. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 73¾c; May, 73⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 71⅞c; May, 71¾c asked; July, 72¼c bid; September, 68⅝c. No. 2 northern, 68⅞c. No. 3, 65¾@67⅝c. Rejected, 49¾@63½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 73⅝c. No. 1 northern, 71⅞c. Rye, 33c. No. 2 oats, 17½c; No. 3 oats, 17c. Flax, 70½c; May, 77½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 542; corn, 1; oats, 1; rye, 5; barley, 44; flax, 29. Receipts—Wheat, 208,741 bus; corn, 828 bus; rye, 8738 bus; barley, 10,182 bus; flax, 3048 bus.

THE FLOUR STATEMENT.

Following is the flour statement for Duluth and Superior for the week ended March 27, 1897:

	Bbls.
Production by local mills	46,410
Receipts by rail	6,340
Exports	2,500
Total shipments	29,000
Stocks in store	85,250

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, March 30.—Close, wheat, March, 70¾c; May, 71½@¾c; July, 70½@¾c; September, 68¼@⅝c. Corn, March, 24½@¾c; May, 24⅝@¾c; July, 26c; September, 27¼@¾c. Oats, March, 16¾c; May, 17¼c; July, 18¼c; September, 18¼c. Pork, March, $8.85; May, $8.55; July, $8.65@8.67½. Lard, March, $4.20; May, $4.25; July, $4.35; September, $4.45. Ribs, March, $4.02½; May, 4.02½@4.05; July, $4.67½. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 82@89c; No. 3 red, 78@85c; No. 2 spring, 72@73c; No. 3 spring, 69@72c; No. 2 hard winter, 72@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 68@70c; No. 1 northern spring, 71c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 24¼c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 16¾@17c. No. 3, 16@18c. Rye, cash, 32@35c. May, 33c; July, 35c. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Flax, cash, 75¾c; Northwestern, 77¼c; May, 73¾c; July, 77¼@78c; September, 78½@79c. Timothy, cash and March, $2.85. Barley, cash, No. 3, 23½@33c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 30.—Close, wheat, March, 81c; May, 81⅞c; July, 86⅜c; September, 77½c. Corn, May, 30½c. Oats, May, 21⅝c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, March 30.—Wheat, weak. May, 69⅝c; July, 70¼c; September, 66 c. On track—No. 1 hard, 72¾c; No. 1 northern, 70¾c. Receipts, 235 cars.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, March 30.—Wheat, closing futures dull; March, nominal; July, 6s 5d. Maize, spot firm; futures quiet; March, 2s 6¾d; April, 2s 6¾d; May, 2s 6¼d; July, 2s 10d.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of E. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade.

Chicago, March 30. Yesterday, wheat was strong on the domestic situation, today the foreigners got the upper hand, for in the face of our strength Liverpool declined a penny today, on the largely increased offerings of Russian wheat. Wheat declined 1½c here and closes weak at the bottom price. The springlike weather, weaker foreign markets and bull liquidation are responsible for the decline and even now at the lowest price of the year thus far there is no demand for cash wheat and exporters say bids are about 3c out of line. The early seeding in the Northwest to which we called attention yesterday received greater prominence today and several reports noted spring wheat planting in Southern Minnesota, while the Red River valley will be ready much earlier this year than last.

Corn and oats continued firm and did not sympathize with wheat in its weakness. The buying as on yesterday came mostly from shorts.

Provisions steady without prominent feature.

Puts, May wheat, 70⅞@70⅝-¾c.
Calls, May wheat, 72¼@72⅝-¾c.
Curb, May wheat, 71½-⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
Atchison	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Sugar Trust	110	111	109¾	111
Canada Southern				
C., B & Q	70½	72	70¼	72
St. Paul	72	72¾	72	72¾
Chicago Gas	77¾	79¾	77¾	79¾
Del., Lack. & W				
General Electric	31¾	32¾	31¾	32¼
Erie				
Reading	20¾	21¼	20¼	21¼
Louis. & Nash	45¼	46¾	45¾	46¾
Manhattan	85	85¾	85	85¼
Missouri Pacific	16	16½	15¾	16¾
Tobacco	71¾	72¾	71¾	72
Chicago & N. W	104¾	105	103¾	105
N. P. preferred	34½	35	34¾	34¾
Rock Island	61¼	63¾	61¾	63¾
Union Pacific	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
Western Union	83⅝	88¾	83¾	83¾
Leather	57	57¼	55¾	56¾
Lake Shore				

SNOW IN THE ROCKIES.

Denver, March 30.—There has been a heavy snow fall on the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains in Colorado since midnight and the snow continues at noon. A high wind is blowing, but it is not cold and much of the snow has already melted.

COUNTY SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

They Are In Session In Duluth Today.

The trustees of the public schools of St. Louis county met at the city hall this afternoon and organized an association in the interest of uniform methods and books and the general advancement of the interests of the schools. W. W. Brown, of Biwabik, was elected permanent chairman and J. D. Murphy, of Tower, permanent secretary.

The question of hiring teachers by contract was discussed, and a resolution was passed abolishing the practice of entering into written contracts.

Superintendent Stultz addressed the meeting, advocating uniform text books.

Those present were: M. Kolsted, of Iron Junction, district 31; J. D. Murphy, of Tower, district 9; W. W. Brown, of Biwabik, district 24; V. Palmer, of Norman, district 20; O. Gulbranson, of Midway, district 7; John Berg and C. Gronquist, of Midway, district 7; B. Wintergerst, of Culver, district 28; John Schuman, of Duluth, district 6; P. Michels, of Poland, district 5; A. Pompore, of Cloquet, district 26; J. V. Gilbert, of Proctorknott, district 1; C. G. Shipman, of Ely, district 12.

Prof. Tomlins' Lecture.

In announcing the lecture to be given by William L. Tomlins, the musical director of the famous Apollo club, of Chicago, The Herald last night gave the date as Saturday. It should have read Friday, on which date Professor Tomlins will lecture on "Music," illustrating his lecture with his voice. He is said to be an entertaining talker, and the following quaint extract from a recent article of his in "School Music" gives an idea of his peculiar style: "The quantity of interpretation becomes Handel plus Singer Smith, or Beethoven plus Player Jones—not plain every-day-manhood Smith; for Handel plus such a singer would be a finite quantity. But Smith raised to the powers and then sacrificed, causes the equation to read Handel plus Smith raised to the second power equals Handel immeasurable, suggesting the infinite."

Suit For Legal Fees.

A. M. Baldwin, a Superior attorney, this morning began suit against M. F. Wood, of Kasson, Minn., to recover $300 for legal services. The defendant filed an answer in which he admits that he left some notes with the plaintiff for collection, but alleges that he kept them three years, during which time the statute of limitations stepped in and cut off the notes. When he got them back he claims that he was unable to collect only $1300. He had advanced $11 to the plaintiff for his services, for which amount he puts in a counterclaim. Martin W. Watrous is plaintiff's attorney. The case was changed to Dodge county.

MAP OF GOLD FIELDS.

The Canadian Pacific railway has published a new map folder descriptive of the gold fields of Rainy Lake, Seine River and Manitou districts. The map shows the locations of the new mining towns and the extent of the gold fields, while the reading matter gives a great deal of valuable information in relation to the properties opened up, means of reaching there, etc.

Copies can be furnished on application to T. H. LARKE,
District Agent,
426 Spalding House block.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Peter Gilbert at No. 322 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
(Corporate Seal.) City Clerk.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Olen & Henrikson at No. 416 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
(Corporate Seal.) City Clerk.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE HENRY H. BELL ESTATE.—

The one year's extension of time granted by the court last spring, in which to wind up the Bell estate, is about to expire. Unless upon the application of creditors, the court should deem it wise to grant a further extension of time, it will be my duty to wind up the estate by closing out all the remaining assets by the 1st of May.

Desiring to pursue a course that will be most acceptable to a majority of those interested, the creditors of the estate are invited to meet for conference upon the subject at my office No. 305 Lonsdale Building, at 7:30 o'clock in the evening of Wednesday, March 31st.

CLINTON MARKELL,
Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 23 to 31 inc

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for FITGER'S BEER.

One Cent a Word.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS GIRL FOR general housework. 1416 East Superior street.

WANTED—APPRENTICE IN MILLINery. Must furnish good references. Apply 22 Third avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 312 West Third.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 125 East Fourth street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 4 Chester terrace.

WANTED—GIRLS FOR GENERAL housework, at Mrs. Shattuck's employment office, Metropolitan block.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at once. 228 Third avenue west.

WANTED—SECOND COOK, DISHwasher and dining room girl at St. James hotel.

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER FOR TWO gentlemen; good home for right party; middle aged lady preferred. Address with references, G Carrier 11, postoffice, city.

MRS. De GROUCHY'S EMPLOYMENT office has removed to room 403 Masonic temple. Girls for general housework wanted.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS GIRL FOR general housework at once. Call 109½ West Fourth.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and eight girls can find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $60 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SOLICIT SICK and accident insurance for the Union Mens Mutual Insurance company of Duluth. Liberal terms to the right parties. Call or address 207 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 507 CHAMBER of Commerce. If you want anything in my line—accounting, auditing, bookkeeping—temporarily or regularly, call.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

HOUSES IN ENDION, AT LESTER Park and Lakeside, and right in the center of the city, 75 houses 75. A. M. Hayes, 106 Providence building.

FOR SALE—HORSE FOR DRIVING and riding. Dr. Woodberry, Trust company building.

FOR SALE—TRIO OF LIGHT BRAHmas, two Plymouth rock cockerels. 1226¼ West Superior street.

HIGH GRADE, $100 WHEEL, NOT new, but in excellent condition and an easy runner for $35. L 63, Herald.

LARGE HOTEL RANGE. 106 EAST SUperior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—A YOUNG MALE DOG OF good breed. Apply 4312 Cambridge street, Lakeside.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storerooms. Lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material and pack cutlery, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing. Moving storage free of charge. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

CARD READING.

CARD READING, PAST, PRESENT and future. 1330 West Superior street.

HAIR DRESSING

TILLIE JORGENSON (FORMERLY with Midtsund sisters, of St. Paul,) has opened hairdressing parlors at room 417 Lonsdale building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, MONEY to loan on all goods of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook, 116 West Superior street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD IN private family by young man. Address L 75, Herald.

MIDWIFE

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 230 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

FOUND.

THE PERSON WHO LOST A SUM OF money can learn something about it by calling at Boyce's drug store.

LOST.

LOST—BUNCH OF FREIGHT BILLS of no value except to the loser. Please return to F. Schudewald, 301 East First street and receive reward.

LOST—LLEWELLYN SETTER BITCH. Black head and rump. Body black spotted. Return to Lewis A. Larson, 121 Eighteenth avenue west and receive reward.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

PRIVATE FAMILY IN CENTRAL East End will take two people to room and board. Strictly first-class. References exchanged. L 77, Herald.

TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN CAN find large, nicely furnished front room with modern conveniences (and board if desired), in strictly private family; five minutes walk from Board of Trade building, by addressing X. Z., The Herald.

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM WITH board for two in private family at East End. Address Endion, care Herald.

MIDLAND HOTEL, 212 WEST SECOND. Special rates to permanent boarders.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

PILES Williams Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for PILES. It absorbs tumors. Stops itching. GIVES RELIEF. 50c and $1. At Druggists.

One Cent a Word.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WASHING, IRONING, HOUSE CLEANing or scrubbing by the day; work guaranteed. Call or address 112 First avenue west, up stairs.

WANTED—WALL PAPER CLEANING to do; satisfaction guaranteed. Address A. Smith, 112 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning, or any kind of day work. Will take work home or go out by the day. Mrs. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—A HANDY MAN WANTS work of any kind. Cleaning carpets, taking off storm windows, cleaning yards or any kind of work. S. A. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION AS STENOgrapher. Law work preferred. Experienced. City references. Address Nellie B. Pendergast, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING to take home or will go out by the day and do housecleaning or washing; good work guaranteed; charges reasonable. Call or address 1020½ East Fourth street.

WANTED—WASHING, HOUSE CLEANing, scrubbing stores and offices to mending clothes. Work called for and delivered. 416 East Fourth street.

WANTED—BY MARRIED MAN, speaking French, English and German, work of some kind. Four years' experience in advertising. Good references. Address G. E. H., Herald.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter wants position. Address P 15, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS SEWING girl. 110 First avenue west.

WANTED—SITUATION AS BOOKkeeper, or to do office work of any kind, by competent man. Address L 11, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND mending clothes. Work call for and delivered. 416 East Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED—WASHING, ironing and house cleaning. Take work home or go out by the day. Call at 1521 West Michigan street.

AN ELDERLY GERMAN, NO. 1 BREAD and cake maker, good hand at cooking, wants work in hotel or restaurant kitchen. Call at 121 West Fifth street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS BOOKkeeper by married man. Five years' experience; strictly temperate; first class references. P 77 Herald.

WANTED—TO GO OUT SEWING BY the day, or take in all kinds of sewing, at reasonable prices, with satisfaction. Address 125 First avenue west.

YOUNG MAN, 20 YEARS OLD, STRONG and willing to work, would like place in commission house or as delivery man. Familiar with care of horses. Address A. G., Herald.

HOUSE CLEANING, SCRUBBING stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 230 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—TO RENT.

YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE WANT TO rent comfortable furnished house for year from May 1. Address K 49, Herald.

WANTED—SEVEN OR EIGHT ROOM modern house in East End; good paying tenant. Rent must be reasonable; pay is sure. Give location and price. P 93, Herald.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT. C. A. Johnson, 409 Palladio.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, 209 West First street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping, 316 West Second street.

LARGE ALCOVE FRONT ROOM WELL furnished, 1409 East Superior street.

OFFICES IN WOODBRIDGE BUILDing for rent. Apply to N. J. Upham & Co., agents, basement Torrey building.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT OF 1020 EAST Fourth street; very warm; $3 per month; water free.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM FURNISHED house, West Duluth. Inquire of David Sang, 428 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

HOUSES AND STORES FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—TEN ROOM HOUSE, 521 West Second street. Address C. S. Barker, West Superior, Wis.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., basement Torrey building.

ON MAY 1 WE WILL HAVE IN ASHIbula terrace one house and two flats for rent. Inquire of R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

FOR RENT — HOUSE 315 WEST Fourth street; all modern improvements; will be renovated to suit tenant. A. C. Volk & Co., Palladio building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—NICE MODERN FIVE room flat, centrally located. Volk, Palladio.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOM FLAT; four room flat; seven room house; nine room house; centrally located. Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—COZY FLAT, $16. ALL modern conveniences, five rooms. Water rent paid. $250 buys a good residence lot. Cooley & Underhill.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR housekeeping, on ground floor, between Twentieth and Thirtieth avenue west. L 76, Herald.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 5, 1897. Work, Second degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M., Edwin Moores, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 12, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting April 28, 1897. Work John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, April 6, 1897. Work, Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

HOUSE MOVING.

HOUSE MOVING—LOUIS JOHNSON, expert house mover and raiser, fifteen years' experience

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening. Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), March 30.—An extensive storm, whose center is located this morning over Eastern Colorado, is being attended by general rains in Nebraska, the Lower Missouri and Lower Mississippi valleys, the Dakotas, Western Minnesota and Manitoba and by snows from Eastern Montana as far south as Denver. Snow and rain have also fallen in the region north of Montana, where the barometer is now highest, having risen very rapidly in front of an area of high pressure advancing eastward from British Columbia, with cooler weather. At Calgary the temperature was down to 4 above zero at 7 a. m. today, and freezing temperatures prevailed in the Rocky mountain region as far south as Central Colorado. The lowest temperatures last night:

Prince Albert	18	Battleford	—
Calgary	4	Medicine Hat	24
Swift Current	20	Qu' Appelle	30
Minnedosa	34	Winnipeg	40
Port Arthur	32	Helena	24
Williston	24	Bismarck	36
Havre	28	Miles City	30
Medicine Hat	32	Sault Ste. Marie	30
Duluth	24	Moorhead	30
Huron	42	St. Paul	42
Rapid City	28	Lander	24
La Crosse	38	Milwaukee	40
Detroit	36	Chicago	42
Davenport	46	Omaha	48
North Platte	46	Denver	52
Dodge City	54	Kansas City	52
St. Louis	50	Memphis	56

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 34; maximum yesterday, 40; minimum yesterday, 22.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Rain tonight and Wednesday; probably cooler by Wednesday afternoon; brisk to high northeast winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 30.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally cloudy with showers tonight and Wednesday; fresh easterly winds. For Minnesota: Showers this afternoon and tonight with colder in northwest portion; Wednesday showers and colder; fresh easterly winds.

IMPORTANT TO THE NORTHWEST.

The prospective collapse of the Buffalo elevator trust is a subject of far-reaching importance to the Northwest. It is not only important to the farmers, but also to the business men, the grain dealers and the railroads of this section, as well as to the lake marine interests. According to recent reports from Buffalo, there is a feeling akin to panic among those who have grown rich out of the combination, now on the verge of a total collapse. The effect of the destruction of the grain pool will be widespread. Nothing could be more potent to preserve the lake route's supremacy in the grain trade, which is now so seriously threatened by gulf ports and more southern routes to the Atlantic. Every farmer in the West will feel its benefits by an added value to his grain.

No trust has resisted a stronger tax upon it than has the Buffalo elevator pool. Under press of a strong agitation by the city of New York to preserve its share of the Western grain trade, the state legislature, years ago, attempted to curb the powers of the pool by stringent legislation. The elevator people got around the legislation without giving up a cent of their profits. Every appeal to them since to lower their charges has been in vain. Arguments that the ultimate good of all engaged in the transportation and handling of grain by the lake route demanded lower charges met no response.

Early this year representatives of Western grain men leased ground for an immense steel elevator, and the work of construction was soon begun. It is now announced that a second elevator will be built. President James J. Hill of the Great Northern road is largely interested in the enterprise. The charges for transferring shipments of grain are to be cut in two. With the reduced rates a fair profit will still be earned on the business. But this reduction will mean the collapse of the old pool. It cannot exist in the fact of such competition. The profits of the trust this season are estimated at $2,200,000. This was more than was paid for the transportation by lake vessels of all the grain received at Buffalo from Duluth, Chicago and other lake ports. In other words, the Buffalo elevators charged more for the simple transfer of grain, nearly all of which was done by machinery at a very small cost for labor, than lake vessels received for carrying the grain 500 to 1000 miles. Over 40 per cent in dividends was paid on the inflated valuations of the elevators. On the single item of oats, transferred from lake vessels to canal boats, the charge was 81½ cents a ton. No such charge is to be found anywhere else in lake transportation.

It is confidently predicted that the charges for transferring grain at Buffalo are to be reduced one-half all around the day that the new elevator begins business. At the port of New York the charges are even more extortionate than at Buffalo, and the legislature of New York is now trying to break up the trust there. With reasonable charges at both Buffalo and New York the cost of carrying a bushel of grain from Duluth and Chicago to the ocean steamer will be reduced at least 2 cents a bushel by the lake route. It is proposed to secure reasonable charges at New York, and the men who have taken steps to break up the gigantic trust at Buffalo will also enter the port of New York. This move will be made by the time the great steel elevator at Buffalo is ready for business. Instead of grain being sold in Chicago for delivery at Buffalo or Erie, it will be sold for delivery at the port of New York. Buffalo will become merely a way station for the transfer of grain in the great highway between Duluth and the seaboard.

Under ordinary conditions of business the breaking up of the pools at Buffalo and New York will add 2 cents a bushel in value to every bushel of grain in the West, for its price, when destined for export, is made by taking the Liverpool price as a basis and then subtracting the cost of getting it there. Thus the farmers of the Northwest will be greatly benefited and the additional returns thus received by them for their grain will be put in circulation here, and the business men will also feel the benefit.

ELECTRICITY AS A FILTER.

A Philadelphia letter says that electricity has been tried as a filter, and that the purification of water by this process is a fact. A description of the experiment says: A long trough was constructed, through which the water to be purified ran. In this trough were suspended plates of aluminium, parallel with the sides of the trough, three sets of them, one set of plates at each end and one in the center. These plates were thirty-six inches long and six inches wide, and were arranged like the plates of an electric battery, alternately positive and negative. The positive wire of a dynamo ran on one side of the trough and the negative on the other, and the three sets of plates were connected between them. In what is known as "multiple" connection. In other words, the tank, or trough, resembled an electro-plating tank. The dynamo current was of a low voltage and passed a current of about twenty amperes through the water. The water was introduced at one end of the tank and flowed between the plates and ont of the other end. As the water passed out a blast of combined air and ozone was forced through it.

The theory of this method is that the electric current, in passing between the plates, which are positive and negative through the water, decomposes a portion of the water, the gases combining with the aluminium to form the hydrated oxide of alumina. This is the same result as is produced by an alum filter, and it has recently been demonstrated that this freely precipitated hydrate oxide of alumina can be better prepared from metallic aluminium than from the sulphate of alumina, as heretofore.

The claims made for this method are that it requires much less space than any other, an area of 100 by 200 feet being sufficient for the entire plant for a purification of 2,000,000 gallons of water daily; second, that the cost of plant, operation and maintenance will be less than any other method. No facts bearing upon the question of cost were available. Estimates had been made that a 2,000,000-gallon plant could be constructed for $75,000. The least amount of current that would suffice could not now be definitely stated, so that the question of power, which is an important element, is yet an open one.

If the experiments now being made favorably settle the item of cost, many cities which now experience great difficulty in securing a supply of pure water will be enabled by this method to overcome the obstacle. It is possible that even Chicago river water could be purified and clarified by this process.

MR. FARRINGTON'S REMOVAL.

The official confirmation of the report that William C. Farrington, general manager of the Eastern Minnesota railroad, is to be transferred to Buffalo, where he will devote his attention exclusively to the management of the Northern Steamship company, has been received with deep regret by the people of Duluth. Mr. Farrington, during his residence in Duluth, has made a host of warm friends. In social and business circles his popularity has been equally great, and everyone is sorry to see him leave the city.

Duluth has never had a more loyal citizen than Mr. Farrington. He has done all within his power to advance her interests, and The Herald has no doubt that in his new home he will not neglect any opportunity to do what he can to benefit Duluth. It is pleasing to think that the management of the Northern Steamship company will keep him in close relations with this section and that he will frequently find it necessary to visit Duluth during the season of navigation.

James N. Hill, who succeeds Mr. Farrington as manager of the Eastern Minnesota road, is a son of President James J. Hill of the Great Northern system, and is a young man of much promise who has acquired a good knowledge of the railroad business and has given evidence of possessing considerable executive ability. He has many friends in Duluth, and will undoubtedly soon increase their number.

Under date of March 25 an address was issued at Columbus, Ohio, by the executive committee of the United Mine Workers calling attention to the terrible poverty to which mine workers in many states have been reduced and asking financial assistance as well as the sympathy of the general public. It is stated by the signers of the circular that in many mining towns of Pennsylvania the children of unemployed miners are actually eating garbage. This condition is laid at the door of the New York and Cleveland Coal company, which is mentioned by name in the circular, its president and all its directors.

THE KINDERGARTENS.

Mr. Simonds' letter to The Herald yesterday on the meeting at the Jackson school in protest against the curtailment of the kindergartens' work contained a vital error in regard to the cause of that gathering. It was not held to protest against any reduction being made in the expenses of the public schools in this city. Neither was it the object of those members of the school board whose action prompted the meeting to cut down the school expenditures. Mr. Simonds appears to have misunderstood their purpose. What they desire to do is to curtail the kindergarten work, and with the money thus saved establish cooking and sewing and sloyd classes in the schools. Naturally the kindergartners protest against such a scheme, and Mr. Simonds will find that the great majority of the people are also opposed to curtailing the excellent work done by the kindergartens, merely to introduce some fads.

Economy in the operation of the schools is desirable, but the best place to begin is at the top, where the ornamental branches of the scholastic tree flourish. The foundation of the school system should be preserved intact. A letter from Mrs. Bishop, replying to Mr. Simonds' communication, is given in another column. It voices the sentiments of the kindergartners.

Some experiments on the electric transmission of power made at the works of the Central Stamping company, Brooklyn, showed that in an average day's work the engines using belt transmission indicated forty-four and one-tenth horsepower, while with the electric system the same work was accomplished with but twenty-five and seven-tenths horsepower. In France also the system of electric transmission appears to be in favor, the famous steel works of Firminy employing the method largely for tool driving.

An experiment of world-wide interest is to be made by Liverpool. The city corporation has bought the street car lines and omnibus routes of the local company for £567,375, a good premium on the market price of the stock, and proposes to operate the whole system after August as a municipal affair. The plan is to create a sinking fund from the profits of the enterprise for repaying the purchase money, and after that is accomplished the city treasury will benefit by the earnings of the city tramways and cabs.

Sarah Bernhardt has taken up the theater hat nuisance. She suggests that women take to using mantillas in the evening at restaurant dinners and subsequent visits to the theater. The use of wraps for the head, which are easily removed, has long been customary in Germany. The ladies of Duluth have solved the question by wearing hats that can easily be removed during the performance.

The stories of the damage to property and loss of life by the floods in the Mississippi valley are heart-rending. Particularly sad is the case of the Kansas mother, whose six children were swept away and drowned before her eyes.

Many people throughout the Northwest will regret to learn that George Seibert, the veteran St. Paul musician, is dead. As a bandmaster he was highly successful, while Seibert's orchestra had more than a local reputation.

The old Washington hall in Durham, Eng., which is supposed by some to have been the seat of George Washington's ancestors, has been bought by an American for only $2000. It is picturesque and full of rheumatism.

President McKinley and the Pennsylvania senators evidently appreciate the ability of Charlemagne Tower, even if some of the old residents of Duluth failed to do so.

The new postmaster of Chicago will try to run the postoffice without any whiskers, but Wash Hesing looks upon it as a doubtful experiment.

Indications point to an early spring, so far as farming operations are concerned. The heavy snows mean bountiful crops.

Young Carter Harrison predicts his election as mayor of Chicago by 50,000 majority, and he may get it.

The senatorial contest in Kentucky seems to be as far from a settlement as it ever was.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.
Homeseekers' excursion tickets at half fare to all points in the South, Southeast and Southwest via the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad. Tickets on sale Feb. 2 and 16, March 2 and 16, April 2 and 20, and May 4 and 18, good for twenty-one days.

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FLEETING FUN.

Chicago Tribune: "Smuggleton is always swearing at the newspapers." "Why doesn't he quit borrowing and subscribe for one or two of them?"

Indianapolis Journal: First patriot—And now the king of Greece would that his people go home and fight instead of carrying on the war from here in America. Caramba y Havana Maduro! What a foolish thing!

Second patriot—Foolish? By gorry, it bates Bannagher, and Bannagher bate the divil.

Detroit Free Press: "Pinchey is one of these fellows that can't say no." "Did you ever strike him for a five?"

Chicago Record: "Doorkeepers and gatekeepers have always been a mean lot." "Is that so?" "Yes; you remember how they wouldn't give Adam and Eve a return check."

Philadelphia North American: "Am I too late?" asked the physician as he hurried in. "Yes, doctor; he died peacefully half an hour ago."

Indianapolis Journal: "I believe Adzedze's conversion to religion was the genuine thing." "Indeed?" "Yes, indeed. He told me today that he was never going to peddle another fruit tree."

Twinkles: Miss de Mure—You are very presumptuous, Mr. Riter. I don't see what excuse you had for squeezing my hand so in the dance. Mr. Riter—O, that was the liberty of the press.

Chicago Tribune: "I have often heard my grandfather tell how he used to go to campmeetings on Sunday when he was a boy to see the queer antics of the people when they had what they called the jerks. They don't have them nowadays, do they?" "No, they learn to ride their wheels on Sundays."

Washington Star: "Dis here piece," remarked Plodding Pete, "sounds an impressive note o' warnin'. It says us Americans orter take longer for our meals." "So we ought," replied Meandering Mike. "We orter take more time an' not waste a minute of it, either."

THE MISE-EN-SCENE.
'Tis said that all the world's a stage
But, look a day!
We cannot con from printed page
The roles we play
Thro' every act the yawn and frown,
Our wits appall.
We vanish, when the curtain's down.
Without recall.
—Chicago Record.

Reply to Mr. Simonds.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In justice to the kindergartners of Duluth I would like to say that Mr. Simonds, in his article in last night's Herald, does not state correctly the question at issue, which brought forth the meeting at the Jackson school.

The gentlemen of the board of education plainly said that their idea was to curtail the expenses of the kindergarten work, in order to open branches in sewing, cooking and sloyd, and they flatly denied that there was the slightest intention of closing the kindergartens. Nothing at all was said of retrenchment only so far as to enable opening there proper branches. They spoke of not allowing children to enter the kindergarten until they were 5 years of age, instead of 4 years, and so have funds for new classes.

We all feel interested in seeing expenses cut down as much as possible, in order that the city of Duluth may not become financially embarrassed, and I am sure there are no employes of the city more willing to help in curtailing expenses than the kindergarten teachers. But is it to be wondered at that they rose in arms at the thought of having cooking, sewing and sloyd put into the public schools at the expense of the kindergartens? HANNAH BROWN BISHOP.
Duluth, March 30.

DID YOU EVER
Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all female complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00 at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Ask Your Druggist For a generous 10c TRIAL SIZE
ELY'S CREAM BALM
Contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, allays Inflammation, heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c; trial size 10c, at Druggists or by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.
CATARRH


COLD IN HEAD

FREE LAND!
I will give 40 acres of land to all persons purchasing 40 acres of land from me at $5.00 per acre and give you five years time to pay for it. Buy now, while this offer is good. It is better than money in bonds at 10 per cent, and no danger of busting.
JOHN G. HOWARD,
10 East Michigan St., Duluth, Minn.

REOPENED!
THE ST. JAMES HOTEL.
Everything new and cheerful.
Cuisine unexceptional. Excellent service.
$1.50 PER DAY.
Special Rates to Permanent Guests.

PALMS!
A NEW LOT, GOOD ONES,
From One Dollar Up.
These are the Greatest Bargains ever offered.
Ferns and other Pretty Plants of all kinds.
Every purchaser of one dollar's worth of Plants at the Greenhouses may select to the value of $1.25. This offer is good for March only. Visitors welcome.
LINDSAY'S GREENHOUSES,
52nd Ave. East. Lakeside Car Line.

Duluth Trust Co
Writes
Fire Insurance.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP. SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

The hardest work that women do is work that requires the use of soap. No woman should be satisfied with anything but the very best soap—the soap that does the most work and the best work and that does it quickest and easiest.
SANTA CLAUS SOAP.
Saves time, saves clothes, saves money and the strength of the women who use it. Santa Claus Soap makes the women happier and the home brighter. It affords double the satisfaction that common soaps give, yet costs no more.
Sold everywhere. Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago.

WEAK MEN. A GUARANTEED CURE.
Lost Manhood Restored. Positive Cure for Abuse, Emissions, Debility, Sexual Weakness, Varicocele, Stock, Seminal Losses, Paris Enlarged, Kidney, Bladder and Prostate Gland Diseases permanently cured. For $1.00 we will send our regular $5.00 box of treatment and book (sealed) with full information. MAILSON REMEDY CO., 19 G. PARK PLACE, NEW YORK.

BLOOD POISON
A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated the 23rd day of August, 1890, duly executed and delivered by James Dass and Isabell Dass, his wife, of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to the Duluth Building and Loan Association, of the same place, and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 27th day of August, 1890, at four o'clock p. m., of that day, and duly recorded in Book "K" of mortgages on page 496, by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative.

And whereas there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and thirty-seven and 79-100 ($137.79) dollars and the sum of twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered fourteen (14), in block numbered nineteen (19), in Hunter's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, Second division, and Lot numbered nineteen (19), in block numbered twenty-six (26), in Hunter's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth as the same are shown by the recorded plats thereof, all in St. Louis County Minnesota, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 5th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 23rd, 1897.
THE DULUTH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.
JOHN E. DAVIES,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-23-30-April-6-13-20-27.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated the 23rd day of August, 1890, duly executed and delivered by James Dass and Isabell Dass, his wife, of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to the Duluth Building and Loan Association, of the same place, and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 27th day of August, 1890, at four o'clock p. m., of that day, and duly recorded in Book "K" of mortgages on page 496, by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative.

And whereas there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and thirty-seven and 79-100 ($137.79) dollars and the sum of twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered fourteen (14), in block numbered twenty-three (23), of Macfarlane's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, as the same is shown by the recorded plat thereof, all in St. Louis County, Minnesota, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fees and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 5th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 23rd, 1897.
THE DULUTH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.
JOHN E. DAVIES,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-23-30-April-6-13-20-27.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage bearing date the twelfth (12th) day of February, A. D. 1889, duly executed and delivered by James Britton, of Wayne, Nebraska, mortgagor, to Gideon Schelin, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagee, given to secure the payment of part of the purchase price of the premises therein described and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the twentieth (20th) day of July, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, on the twenty-fourth (24th) day of November, A. D. 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m. in Book ninety-two (92) of mortgages, at page five hundred and six (506); such default consisting in the non-payment of the sum of eight hundred and fifty dollars ($850.00) and interest according to the terms of a certain promissory note secured by said mortgage, bearing even date therewith, payable to the order of Ozora P. Stearns and due in one year with interest at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum; and

Whereas, the said Ozora P. Stearns on the second day of June, A. D. 1896, departed this life, leaving a last will and testament, which was duly proved and recorded in the probate court of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota; and

Whereas, the undersigned was on the eleventh day of July, A. D. 1896, duly appointed by the probate court of said St. Louis County, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of said Ozora P. Stearns, deceased, and as such administrator is now the owner and holder of said note and mortgage; and

Whereas, there is claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the full sum of nine hundred eighty-nine and 98-100 ($989.98), principal and interest, and

Whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of said default, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises covered thereby, situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows: Lots numbered nine (9) and ten (10), in block sixty-four (64), and lot numbered two (2), in block seven (7), all in London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, which premises together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto pertaining will be sold by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the twentieth (20th) day of July, A. D. 1898, at eight o'clock a. m., in Book forty-one (41) of mortgages, on page eighty-three (83); which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were duly assigned by the said Gideon Schelin to Ozora P. Stearns by assignment in writing bearing date the eighteenth (18th) day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said county and state, on the eighth (8th) day of September, A. D. 1893, at four o'clock p. m., in Book thirty-four (34) of mortgages, on page three hundred eighty-nine (389); such default consisting in the non-payment of the sum of nine hundred and twenty-four and 17-100 dollars ($924.17) principal and interest, and also in the non-payment of the taxes upon the premises covered by said mortgage for each of the years 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895, amounting in the aggregate to one hundred and forty 56-100 dollars ($140.56), which said amount of taxes has heretofore been paid by the undersigned, and

Whereas, the said Ozora P. Stearns on the second day of June, A. D. 1896, departed this life, leaving a last will and testament, which was duly proved and recorded in the probate court of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and

Whereas, the undersigned was on the eleventh day of July, A. D. 1896, duly appointed by the probate court of said St. Louis County, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of said Ozora P. Stearns, deceased, a certified transcript of which appointment was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the twenty-fifth (25th) day of August, A. D. 1896, in Book one hundred and twenty-five (125) of deeds, at page three hundred and nine (309); and

Whereas, the undersigned has duly qualified and is now acting as such administrator with the will annexed of the estate of said Ozora P. Stearns, deceased, and as such administrator is now the owner and holder of said note and mortgage, and

Whereas, there is claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the full sum of nine hundred twenty-four and 17-100 dollars and ($924.17) principal and interest, and one hundred and forty and 56-100 dollars ($140.56) taxes paid; and

Whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of said defaults, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises covered thereby, situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit: An undivided one-half (½) interest in the east one-half (e½) of the northeast one-quarter (ne¼) of section numbered thirteen (13), in township numbered fifty (50) north, of range fifteen (15) west, containing eighty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, which premises together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto pertaining will be sold by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the fifth (5th) day of May, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes and fifty dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 23rd, 1897.
VICTOR STEARNS,
Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Ozora P. Stearns, deceased.
W. D. BAILEY
Attorney for Administrator,
500 Lonsdale Building.
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-23-30-April-6-13-20-27-May-4.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.
AJAX REMEDY CO., 19 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street. MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

WILCOX COMPOUND
TANSY PILLS
The only reliable female regulator Never Fails. Sold by druggists, $2.00 Send 4c. for Woman's Safeguard. WILCOX MEDICAL CO. 228 S. 8th St., Phila., Pa.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Martha A. Kingman and Arthur L. Kingman, her husband, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagors, to Ozora P. Stearns, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the sixteenth (16th) day of November, A. D. 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the twenty-fourth (24th) day of November, A. D. 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m. in Book ninety-two (92) of mortgages, at page five hundred and six (506); such default consisting in the non-payment of the sum of eight hundred and fifty dollars ($850.00) and interest according to the terms of a certain promissory note secured by said mortgage, bearing even date therewith, payable to the order of Ozora P. Stearns and due in one year with interest at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum; and

Whereas, the said Ozora P. Stearns on the second day of June, A. D. 1896, departed this life, leaving a last will and testament, which was duly proved and recorded in the probate court of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota; and

Whereas, the undersigned was on the eleventh day of July, A. D. 1896, duly appointed by the probate court of said St. Louis County, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of said Ozora P. Stearns, deceased, and as such administrator is now the owner and holder of said note and mortgage; and

Whereas, there is claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the full sum of nine hundred eighty-nine and 98-100 ($989.98), principal and interest, and

Whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of said default, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises covered thereby, situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota and described as follows, to-wit: An undivided one-half (½) interest in the east one-half (e½) of the northeast one-quarter (ne¼) of section numbered thirteen (13), in township numbered fifty (50) north, of range fifteen (15) west, containing eighty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, which premises together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto pertaining will be sold by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the fifth (5th) day of May, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes and fifty dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 23rd, 1897.
VICTOR STEARNS,
Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Ozora P. Stearns, deceased.
W. D. BAILEY
Attorney for Administrator,
500 Lonsdale Building.
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-23-30-April-6-13-20-27-May-4.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, SS.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Martha H. Norton, executrix, and George W. Norton, executor, of George W. Norton, deceased,
Plaintiffs,
against
Jacob R. Myers, Omar H. Simonds, Roger S. Munger, Daniel G. Cash, West Duluth Land Company, Central Trust Company, of New York; Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, Duluth Manufacturing Company, O. H. Simonds, as receiver of Duluth Manufacturing Company, Lesure Lumber Company, Duluth Transfer Railway Company, Metropolitan Trust Company, The Farmers' Trust Company, limited, John Eliot Bowles, as receiver of the Duluth Transfer Railway Company, William F. Bailey, Charles W. Nitterauer, and George N. Bailey, partners doing business as Duluth Brass Works, D. Ballard, John C. Perry and Robert L. Cochrane, partners as Perry & Cochrane, Roswell H. Palmer, Mike Johnson, C. H. Adams, Elbert L. Miller, O. T. Strand, Peter Gilinsson and Ole A. Ritan,
Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of this district court, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the Exchange building, in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint of said plaintiffs within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint. This action is brought for the foreclosure of a mortgage dated January 15th, 1887, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, on March 3rd, 1887, in Book "99" of mortgages, on page "395" and that no personal claim is made against any of the defendants except the defendants Jacob R. Myers, Omar H. Simonds, Roger S. Munger, Daniel G. Cash and West Duluth Land Company.

Dated at Duluth, February 16th, 1897.
AGATIN, DAVIDSON & CAREY,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs,
47, 48, 49 Exchange Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-23-March-2-9-16-23-30.

Notice of Application
FOR
Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on March 26, 1897, and terminating on March 26, 1898, by M. J. Schultz at No. 520 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 1t.

To make this great store the daily shopping headquarters

for the ladies in and around Duluth is our constant effort and aim. We strive to continually improve on the quality of goods, and to place them before the public at **the lowest prices and not for one day only,** but for every day. Our store at present is a **great exposition of beautiful fabrics and articles** all of our own importation, our own designs, patterns and styles our own, and entirely different from what you find in any other store.

Fashionable Dress Fabrics.

A magnificent and comprehensive collection of beautiful textiles for fashionable gowns.

Spring Wraps and Cashmeres.

The extraordinary preparations in our large Cloak department has so far proven itself worthy of its effort, and the business this department is enjoying is unprecedented. The ranges of styles are very large; the values are always the best, the styles the newest, the makes always of the best. **Our English Walking Coats, Cloth and Silk Capes, Cheviot Serge Suits, Dress Skirts, Silk and Wash Waists,** are undoubtedly superior in style and quality and the prices very satisfactory.

New Laces and Trimmings.

Spring opening of beautiful Novelties, evidences of the fact that we create as well as we sell. New and larger quarters for the Laces and Trimmings. New things arriving daily.

Kid Gloves.

We always plan to supply Easter and all Spring Glove wants in a most satisfactory manner with styles and colors of the very newest. We have just received the very latest shades of the new greens, exquisite colors and positively the latest fad. **For anything new, fashionable, good and reliable** and at the right prices we are headquarters.

Silberstein & Bonds Company.

OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED.

W. C. Farrington and Steamship Office Go to Buffalo.

A circular was issued yesterday by J. J. Hill as president of the Northern Steamship company announcing that the offices of the company will be removed from Duluth to Buffalo, and that W. C. Farrington, vice president, will be placed in charge. Simultaneously with this order comes one from Samuel Hill, president of the Eastern Minnesota appointing J. N. Hill, son of J. J. Hill, general manager of the railroad to succeed Mr. Farrington. Mr. Hill will, of course, make his headquarters in Duluth.

These orders are confirmatory of a report that has been in circulation for several weeks, and which was officially promulgated immediately after Mr. Farrington's return from his foreign trip. Mr. Farrington will take up his residence in Buffalo in a short time, where he will be in full charge of the Hill interests, which are increasing in importance at that end of the route each year. Mr. Hill, the new general manager of the Eastern Minnesota is well known in Duluth railroad circles and is already familiar with the duties that will devolve on him here.

The transfer of the general offices to Buffalo will cause the removal to Buffalo of a number of the men who have been in the employ of the office here.

TO GO TO PARIS.

Amethyst Division, U. R., K. of P., Will Send a Company.

A picked company of fifty men from Amethyst division No. 11, Unifirm Rank, Knights of Pythias, will be sent to Paris in 1900, at the time of the great exposition there. This division and Diamond lodge No. 45, Knights of Pythias have carefully made plans for sending this company and is already carrying out the plan adopted. The first thing to be coisidered was the expense and to raise the funds 150 members of the division and lodge have agreed to pay $1 each month into a fund to be used for the purpose.

The company which is to be sent will compete in the great international drill of Knights of Pythias. A large prize is offered for the best drilled company and the honor which goes with it will be very great. Companies will be sent from all over the world.

Amethyst division has excellent material among its members and believes that it could bring them to an exceedingly high degree of proficiency. The division has already won honors. At the state encampment in Duluth in 1891 it took first prize in the competitive drill. Col. James L. Porter who was at that time captain of the division was awarded a special prize, an elegant sword, for having the best drilled company and being the most military appearing captain on the field.

The present officers of Amethyst division are: On detached service, James L. Porter, lieutenant colonel of Second regiment, Minnesota brigade; captain, S. L. Pierce; first lieutenant, M. A. McDonald; second lieutenant, H. G. Gilderman; recorder, Thomas Thompson; treasurer, J. C. Congdon; first sergeant, G. E. Duren; second sergeant, E. A. Pierce.

The division also thinks of sending the company of fifty men which will be drilled to go to Paris to the national encampment at Minneapolis in 1898. The fifty members have not been selected as yet, but the drill has begun and will be energetically pushed.

Hood's Pills

Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HELD TO THE JURY.

Irvwin Mus Defend the Charge Against Him.

Robert Irvwin, charged with sending obscene matter through the United States mails had his hearing last evening before Court Commissioner Pressnell. Assistant United States District Attorney G. R. O'Reilly came up from St. Paul and prosecuted the case.

John J. Hall, the man with whom Irvwin boarded at 18 East First street, is the complainant. On the stand he admitted that his name is John P. Scanlon. C. O. Baldwin, Irvwin's attorney, mixed Hall up pretty badly in cross examining him. Some pointed questions in regard to charges of theft being made against him were asked Hall and the defense tried to show that the letter was written at Hall's instigation to get Irvwin in trouble because of information he had given against Hall as to thefts. A letter carrier, Eric Jackson, testified to the delivery of the letter.

Irvwin was held to the grand jury which will be in session at the May term of the United States district court. He was held in bonds in the sum of $1000.

AMUSEMENTS.

BILLY RICE'S MINSTRELS.

Tomorrow evening Billy Rice, the famous minstrel, will be at the Lyceum and will give a performance at popular prices. In the company besides Billy Rice are E. M. Hall, the banjo king; E. M. Kayne, Barnard and Young, the Amphion quartet, composed of the well-known vocal artists J. W. Early, Will Nankeville, R. V. Prosser and W. J. Fisher. Pascotel, the Persian wonder, in his great European novel act, is with the company. He is a mystery to the human eye. Professor Scott and his Senberd Bros' band and orchestra, and a host of others are members of the company.

TOSSED ON THE FOAMING BILLOWS

You may never have been, but if you cross the Atlantic no matter how smooth the watery expanse, without sea sickness you are—well, a lucky voyager, that is all. Old tars who have spent their lives on the ocean waves, who were almost born, so to speak, with their "sea legs on," suffer now and then from sea sickness in very tempestuous weather. Sea captains, tourists, commercial travelers and yachtsmen say that there is no finer safeguard against nausea than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and it has been equally reliable as a preventive by invalids who travel by steamboat and railroad, and who sometimes suffer as much in those conveyances as ocean travelers do in steamships. Biliousness, constipation, sick headache and disorders of the stomach caused by oppressive climatic influences or unwholesome or unaccustomed food or water, always yield to the Bitters speedily. This popular medicine also remedies rheumatic, kidney and nervous distorders, and the infirmities incident to increasing years.

USELESS

Mayor's Veto of the Salaries Resolution Was of No Avail.

Council Passed It Over His Objections By a Narrow Margin.

John Rustgard Elected Assistant City Attorney and N. Sampson Re-elected.

The council last evening passed over the mayor's veto, the resolution reducing salaries; elected John Rustgard assistant city attorney, and accepted the offer of N. J. Upham to take the issue for the ensuing year of the improvement certificates contemplated by the proposed bill extending assessments. An attempt was made to rend from Noble Sampson, sealer of weights and measures his official garment, but the effort never phased Sampson, he receiving 9 votes on both the formal and informal ballots. It is said that this result is satisfactory all around, certain anti-election promises being paid at small cost and nobody hurt.

An ordinance amending the ordinance governing employment agencies, and an ordinance prescribing the fees and duties of the sealer of weights and measures, were received and referred.

The mayor, in the communication accompanying the veto of the salary resolution, went at some length into the consideration that influenced his action. The salaries, he said, are none too high for the work performed by either the city attorney, treasurer, comptroller or health officer. As to the health office, he said that fair pay for a competent man should be given or the office abolished. The assertion that the city is on the verge of bankruptcy he branded as false. The work of retrenchment should begin, he said, at the top instead of the bottom, and those who served the city should receive adequate pay. The reduction effected by the resolution would not reduce taxes or lower the rate of taxation. The fact that many men are idle furnished no argument for the reduction.

Alderman Jefferson made a motion that the resolution pass notwithstanding the veto. Alderman Richardson seconding, and it was carried by the following vote: Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hansen, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang. Nays—Aldermen Harker, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Cochrane.

The ordinance relating to employment agencies, which was introduced by Alderman Dahl provides that the keepers of such agencies shall keep a book in which shall be recorded in full the contracts between the employment agent and the person for whom the labor is hired, to which shall be appended a statement of the names, of the persons hired, the time and service for which hired, and the rate of wages. The contract shall be read or explained to the person hired in his own language, and he shall be furnished a certified copy of the contract and entry of hiring. Failure to read and explain the contract as provided is ground for a revocation of license, and a failure to conform with any of the requirements of the ordinance is to be held to be prima facie evidence of fraud in either a civil or criminal proceeding.

UPHAM'S OFFER ACCEPTED.

The resolution accepting the Upham offer to take improvement certificates and directing that a contract be entered into with them caused a quite lengthy debate.

Aldermen Sang, Richardson and Jefferson took the position that bids should be advertised for.

Alderman Sang remarked that he admired Mr. Upham's enterprise but that he did not admire his cheek in asking that the contract be awarded to him without advertisement.

Aldermen Shannon and Crassweller, on the other hand, recounted the experience of the city when it called in the money changers of the East, and the services then rendered by the Uphams in getting it out of the ditch.

The resolution was finally carried by a vote of 11 yeas to 5 nays, Aldermen Burg, Jefferson, Richardson and Sang voting in the negative.

A communication from the attorney of the Duluth Gas and Water company was received, calling attention to the order of court directing that judgment be entered against the city for hydrant rentals, amounting to $21,705.15, and stating that the company would defer entry of judgment for a few days in the hope that the sum would be paid without further steps being necessary. It was referred to the city attorney.

A communication from the Central Trust company, of New York, was also received, stating that its demand that hydrant rentals be paid to it, which was filed with the city clerk some time ago, is not intended to prevent payments due Jan. 11, 1897. Also referred to the city attorney.

A resolution was passed confirming the award to J. A. Burke of the contract of furnishing and laying 11,600 feet of 10-inch cast iron pipe and sixty feet of 6-inch pipe for the new water system. Previous to the passage of the resolution, a letter from Mr. Burke was read, in which he promised to employ only residents of Duluth, reserving only the option of hiring two caulkers elsewhere in case he could not get them here.

The waterworks committee was, by resolution, instructed to advertise for bids for a wooden truss across Lester river, and a trestle across the ravine east of Sixty-third avenue east, to carry the force main and rider, and authorized to enter into a contract for the material to be furnished in Duluth.

A communication from C. M. Horton was received, offering to erect a truss of two steel spans across Lester river for the force main and rider for the sum of $12,500. It was referred.

On motion of Alderman Sang, the board of public works was instructed to submit a detailed statement of the cost of the work done on the new water system up to April 1.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL.

City Clerk Richardson submitted a report of his doings as a committee to wait on the joint sub-committee on appropriations in the interest of the normal school appropriation.

A motion by Alderman Stevens that the report be received and the committee continued, brought Alderman Sang to his feet. He wanted to know if that meant another appropriation. He remarked that what had been accomplished in the way of cutting salaries would amount to nothing if the money was to be given away to somebody to go off on a junketing trip. He wanted to know what it was going to cost before sending any more committees.

Alderman Jefferson said that he had no objection to the committee going to St. Paul again if it went as before, at its own expense. Otherwise, he was opposed, as it would amount to nothing.

"Perhaps we had better advertise for a committee—we might get a cheaper one," remarked Alderman Stevens.

Alderman Harker said that Senator Spencer had told him that there is a chance of getting a small appropriation, perhaps enough to pay for the plans and to enable a start to be made on the foundation. If so much were gained, Mr. Harker thought the battle would be won. He said he thought the aldermen who opposed the resolution need have no fear that anybody was going to rob the city. The resolution was carried and the committee continued.

The resolution allowing the estimate of March 22 to Contractor Meniece for work on the Duluth-Superior bridge approach was referred back to the board of public works for investigation with reference to enforcing the penalty for non-completion of the work, and the board was instructed to report as to whether a contract with his bondsmen for the completion of the work would release them from liability on Mr. Meniece's bond.

Another opinion from the city attorney in regard to the appropriations to charitable institutions was received. The opinion holds, that while there is no express provision for such appropriations, the council can, under section 86 of the charter, aid the Duluth Home society, and the Woman's hospital, and can aid the Bethel and Humane society under its police power. The auditing and finance committee was given another week in the matter of appropriations in order that it draft resolutions conformably to the opinion.

The bonds of the city officers were, by a resolution, reported from the auditing and finance committee, fixed as follows: Comptroller, $10,000; city clerk and members of the board of public works, $5000 each. The committee announced that action in regard to the treasurer's bond as well as depositories of city money, was deferred, pending action by the legislature in the bill regulating depositories.

The city attorney submitted a report stating that the Garfield avenue viaduct case is on the calendar and will probably come on for trial about April 20. The suits against the Security, Marine and Bell & Eyster banks, and their bondsmen, are in shape to be brought on for trial at any time, he stated. No suit had been brought against the National Bank of Commerce or its bondsmen.

MR. HOLMES APPLIES.

An application for the office of assistant city attorney was received from J. D. Holmes. The applicant stated that he had been duly admitted to the bar in 1868, since which time he had practiced, and that he had held the office of judge of probate and prosecuting attorney. He further set forth that he served in the army during the rebellion, and was honorably discharged from service. The application was received and filed.

The city engineer reported that the delay in the delivery of pipe by the Carrol Porter company was caused by delay in getting plates and the necessity of overhauling the machinery. As to the issue between N. F. Hugo and the Ironton Steel company, he submitted statements from them, in which Mr. Hugo said he was willing to release the Ironton company from its contract to furnish plates and the latter expressed its willingness to give up the contract on being released.

On motion of Alderman Dahl the council proceeded to ballot for assistant city attorney. An informal ballot was first taken, the result of which was as follows: Rustgard, 8; Cutting, 1; Davidson, 4; Davies, 2; Rex, 1. The formal ballot resulted as follows: Rustgard, 10; Davidson, 4; Rex, 2.

On motion of Alderman Jefferson, the council then balloted for sealer of weights and measures, an informal ballot being taken, with the following result: Sampson, 9; Baker, 2; Wilkinson, 4; Ole Oleson, 1. The formal ballot was as follows: Sampson, 9; Baker, 2; Wilkinson, 5. On motion, the final ballot on assistant city attorney and city sealer was declared unanimous.

D. C. Prescott invited the council to visit the works of the Prescott company and the invitation was accepted, Friday afternoon being named as the time for the visit. A similar invitation was extended to the mayor and board of public works. An adjournment to Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock was taken, when the salaries in the departments not yet reached will be taken up.

The innumerable testimonials in the possession of its proprietors show the good work Salvation Oil is doing. 25 cents.

Company G Wins.

The attendance at the indoor baseball game at the Armory last evening was large, and interest in the game ran high. Company G triumphed over Company A in a hard-fought game. The score was 7 to 1. Company G made all of its scores in the second innings. In the fourth 5 were piled up, the men going to pieces for a few moments. Scott Cash and Walter Lemieux were the umpires.

Following the game there was an informal dance. Hoare's orchestra playing and a large number of young people enjoyed a couple of hours of dancing.

TOO TIRED TO SLEEP.

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

The weariness from brain work and nervous excitement is the most enervating fatigue there is. Horsford's Acid Phosphate quiets the nerves and induces sleep.

Blood Humors

Whether itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, pimply, or blotchy, whether simple, scrofulous, or hereditary, from infancy to age, speedily cured by warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.
"How to Cure Every Blood Humor," free.

FACE HUMORS Falling Hair and Baby Blemishes cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

SUPERIOR

Unity Club Members Find European City Government Better Than Ours.

Comparison of Them Made By W. G. Joerns In an Able Paper.

American Citizens Take Too Little Interest in Municipal Politics.

The Unity club last night discussed "Municipal Government in the United States and in Europe," and the government of cities in the two continents was compared vastly to the disadvantage of the United States. While the people of this country are somewhat vaguely dreaming of municipal reform, their efforts so far have been all but entirely futile, and the cities are still in the grasp of politicians and boodlers.

W. G. Joerns read the principal paper of the evening, discussing the subject at length and very entertainingly in all its branches. He said that municipal government was first shaped to care for the hordes which early begin to flock to the cities. The world's dearest interests are at stake, and people recognize the fact that municipal reform must be accomplished before social reform can be. The movement means everything to us. Men will travel any distance and take any pains to cast a quadriennial vote for president, and in a city election they will not cross the street to vote. This is why the United States has made no better progress in the government of cities, and why the reins of government are so often found to be in the hands of the vicious and depraved. They assume these responsibilities because only their own kind take much interest in municipal politics, and this makes it easy for them.

Municipal government is a process of evolution, and its growth from early days is an interesting study. The functions of municipal government are two-fold, financial and ethical. The former function deals with the improvements, water plants, light plants, franchises, and the monetary considerations that enter into the constitution of the body politic. The ethical branch deals with the care of public health, morals and intellectual pursuits, such as schools, libraries, etc. The American people lack appreciation of municipal government, and we must look abroad for instruction and inspiration.

The speaker then gave an excellent description of some of the more advanced governments of municipalities in Europe, especially in Great Britain. He showed the power concentrated in the council, the absence of a spoils system dealing death to right aims and reform. The administrations are conducted on a business basis, not so as to catch votes and favor supporters. Positions as a rule are permanent so long as their occupant is satisfactory, and heads of departments are very seldom changed. Party claims cannot reach its secure position. On this basis the problems which naturally confront municipalities have one by one been met and solved. Sanitation and the water question were among the first questions grappled with, and so well have they been met that in many European cities the death rate has been greatly decreased.

The slums and tenement problems were next essayed, and already substantial progress has been made upon them. The depths of the slums, with their packed tenements, human beehives and breeding places of disease and crime have been penetrated and purged. State regulation of house-building has been a big step in the right direction. Defective buildings have been removed, many cities have built model tenements, and already the effect is tremendous. It is only a question of time before this problem will be fully solved.

In America some of these reforms have been attempted, but their progress has been hampered by haphazard methods, short tenure of office and the predominance of selfish interests. Another advance made by many European cities is municipal ownership of franchises. Experience has invariably shown that where cities own their own water supply the result has been cheaper rates, better water and a profit to the city. Cities owning their own gas, electric light and street railway plants have had the same experience.

The American people are waking up and insisting that more business-like methods of conducting public affairs be employed, but they have lots to learn. The speaker stated that Duluth had a debt of $4,500,000 and alleged that $1,500,000 was due to the extravagant methods of ten years of municipal government. The first difficulty in America is the heterogeneous character of the population, the lack of common sympathies. We are also handicapped by the mad rush for wealth, its attendant indifference to civic matters, and the corrupt influence of private and corporate interests.

We need to have better primaries and purer elections, to distinguish local from national politics, to punish corruption in government wherever it is found and to stamp out illiteracy.

C. E. Lovett spoke briefly. He said that the question of government was one the American people are especially interested in, because they are supposed to govern themselves. But they do not, as a rule, realize their responsibility and that local government needs as much attention as national government. We pay the national government no taxes that we feel, but it is the local taxes that are a burden. Therefore we should take a deeper interest in local politics. One reason why the European cities succeed better is because their populations are steady. They have little or no immigration, while in America hordes of foreign people flock into the cities yearly, when they are immediately marshalled by shrewd politicians and flattered by representation on the ticket. Rapid growth is also demoralizing. Indifference is a big factor. Many would fight at an insult to the flag who will placidly allow the city treasury to be slowly looted or wasted in extravagance.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

WOMAN'S GREAT GIFT.

Dr. Greene's Nervura is the Only Sure Remedy to Preserve Good Looks.

Fair Faces and Forms Lose Their Attractiveness by Ill Health. Dr. Greene's Nervura Restores Health, Strength and Beauty.

Beauty is the dower which nature bestows upon woman and the gift is priceless. A beautiful woman is like a rose, giving pleasure to all who look upon her. But beauty is easily lost, and can only be restored by care and attention, joined to skill. How many beautiful



The best physicians advise Dr. Greene's Nervura.

women there are to-day who are slowly but surely losing this priceless possession! Their health has become poor; they are, to use a familiar phrase, "run down." They have a



Both ladies and gentlemen use and recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura.

multitude of complaints, many of them trifling, some serious, but as a whole, effective in working ravages on the beauty of their fair victims. The eye loses its brightness and sparkle, the cheek its rose and sweetly contrasting lily, the step its elasticity, and the form its beautiful curves and willowy grace; the incomparable gift is passing away from its possessor.

It is time now to act; to arrest the progress of the mischief-worker. It matters not what the complaint is, it is accomplishing its fatal work of impairing or wholly destroying the loveliness bestowed by nature. But there is no reason to despair.

Go to your druggist and get Dr. Greene's Nervura. This wonderful restorative and invigorant will put you again in sound, vigorous, and perfect health. It will strengthen your nerves, enrich and purify your blood, and give you that bounding health which alone makes beauty, bright, sparkling eyes, rosy cheeks, red lips, and full, round contour of face and figure. By using Dr. Greene's Nervura, which is purely vegetable and harmless, you will rejoice again in possession of the vital beauty that so attracts and charms and makes your existence a blessing to those around you. Do not delay. Dr. Greene's Nervura will certainly do the work, as thousands who have used it testify. It is a physician's prescription, approved and recommended by the best physicians everywhere.



Honest druggists tell you Dr. Greene's Nervura makes people strong and well.



Good health and beauty follow the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura.

In case constipation is present, Dr. Greene's Cathartic Pills should be taken in connection with the Nervura. They are the ideal pills for women and unfailingly cure biliousness, sallow skin and constipation. Small, sugar coated, easy to take, certain and pleasant to act.

Remember that Dr. Greene's Nervura and Dr. Greene's Cathartic Pills are not so-called patent medicines, but the discoveries of Dr. Greene, 35 West 14th St., New York City, our most famous and successful physician in curing all forms of long-standing complaints and diseases, and that he can be consulted in regard to any and all cases free of charge, personally or by letter. Remember there is nothing to pay for consultation, examination or advice, and this fact, together with the low prices of his wonderful health-giving medicines, places a sure cure in reach of everybody.

This is the Package—remember it. It contains

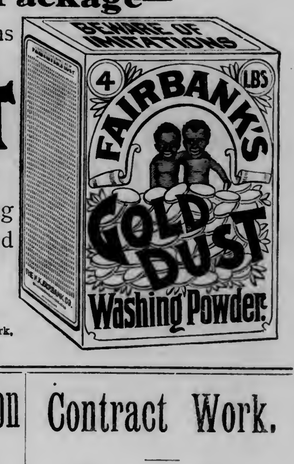
GOLD DUST

Washing Powder

that cleans everything quickly, cheaply and perfectly.

For economy buy 4lb. package.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.



Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Olaf Sandstedt at No. 507 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT **FRENCH REMEDY**

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

NAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m. on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the furnishing and laying of about 3249 lineal feet of cast iron water pipe and specials, ranging from 6 inches to 20 inches in diameter, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of six hundred (600) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 15, 1897, and terminating on April 15, 1898, by C. F. W. Korth at No. 5107 Grosnold street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9.

Smoke Cudion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The birth of a son to Alphonse and Anna Lacasse, of 1107 West Superior street, has been reported to the health department.

A permit has been issued to Frank Mucelli for the erection of a 1-story brick store building on the north side of Superior street between Sixth and Seventh avenues west, to cost $2100.

The following deaths have been reported to the health department: Adriane S. M. Jentoft, aged 69, of 2028 West First street, of gastro enteritis; Louisa Aime, aged 67, on lighter Gray Oak, at St. Paul & Duluth dock, of consumption.

There will be magic, music and mysticism at the Unitarian church tomorrow evening. An interesting and instructive illustration of the phenomena of mind reading, thought transference and hypnotism will be given. Feats of magic and illusions of the senses will be shown. Excellent vocal and instrumental numbers will be rendered by well-known amateurs.

The Young Ladies' guild of the First Presbyterian church will give a tea and musical at 8 o'clock tonight instead of Wednesday, as advertised, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Upham, No. 1723 East Third street.

The ice floe beyond Lakewood moved in last night and drove King & Steele's raft, which had been used on the intake trench work, ats on shore. Operations will be delayed for several days.

Charles E. Wilson, the father of C. W. Wilson, of the board of public works, died last night at his residence, 1705 West Second street, of Bright's disease. Deceased was 61 years of age. He had resided in Duluth a number of years and was a stone mason by trade. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

There were no delinquents in the municipal court this morning.

Mrs. Olive May Hermann and J. P. Hermann, of Grand Rapids, were married at Superior Saturday. This is their second marriage, they having been divorced four years ago. They have gone to Grand Rapids to live.

Tonight and tomorrow night there will be meetings at the Salvation Army hall, 28 East Superior street, led by Ensign Hopkins, of Minneapolis, who has charge of the Salvation Army training garrison in that city.

Kelly leads all in clothes cleaning.

WILL BE APPRECIATED.

Legislative Act Which Will Please Taxpayers.

County Auditor Halden has received a copy of a bill recently approved by the governor, which will be appreciated by a great many property owners. The idea embraced in the bill was recommended by Mr. Halden to the state auditors' convention which unanimously approved of it, and it was subsequently introduced into the legislature and passed. The bill provides that on June 1 of each year a penalty of ½ per cent shall go on all real estate on which the taxes are not paid, as the law has been before. But the bill contains a proviso to the effect that if half the taxes are paid, the penalty does not go on the balance, and the property owner has until Nov. 1 to complete his payment, no interest being charged. On Nov. 1 the taxes still being delinquent, the delayed ½ per cent penalty goes on. The bill goes into effect Jan. 1, 1898, and it will be appreciated by a great many property owners.

McCallum Denies It.

Alfred McCallum emphatically denies that he is, ever has been, or intends to be a candidate for the office of fire warden, all of which is well known, he says further, to the person or persons who may have started the rumor.

DON'T MENTION IT!

Lot 55x135 feet, with a five-room house, on Second street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues east, lower side, price $950.00, $250 cash, balance will be mortgage at 8 per cent. If you mention it you will lose the chance to buy it.

"BUY" FOR RENT PRICE.

No. 5812 Grand avenue, Lester Park—5-room house, water, sewer, mantle and grate. Lot 50x140, all graded. Price $1800, at $25 00 per month, no cash required to good party.

HERE'S A BIG BARGAIN.

Corner lot on London Road, upper side, in Endion, 50x150 feet. Streets graded and paid for. Owner must sell at once. Price $760 cash. It cost owner $2000.

IT'S VERY CHEAP.

Near Fifteenth avenue east on London Road, lot 50x150 feet. Streets and avenues graded and paid for. Water and sewer in the street. Price $1100. Do you think it's cheap?

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

APRIL 5!

Is the date of our next excursion to

SIBLEY,

Georgia.

And other points on the Georgia Southern & Florida Railway.

ON THE ABOVE DATE VERY LOW RATES WILL BE MADE FOR ROUND TRIP TICKETS.

For full information regarding Georgia lands, rates, maps, etc., call on or address

LOUD & WOODWARD,
Immigration Agents, G. S. & F. Ry.,
802 Tower Ave., West Superior, Wis.

OR——

B. W. SUMMERS,
Ticket Agent, C. M. St. P. & O. Ry.,
405 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

CONTEST

J. D. Holmes Shows Signs of Bringing One Against John Rustgard.

He Will Invoke the Power of the Old Soldier's Statute.

Some Gossip In Reference to Rustgard's Election and the Veto.

The action of J. D. Holmes in filing an application for his old job as assistant city attorney puts the stamp of truth on the rumors that have been whispered about to the effect that Mr. Holmes would give any one who succeeded him—or attempted to succeed him, as Mr. Holmes' friends put it—"a run for his money," in the language of the turf, by falling back on the "old soldier" statute. And so Mr. Rustgard gets a thorn in his foot the very first step he takes in the path of office. In fact, it may be said that he is not yet in the path, having but one leg over the fence, as it were. Mr. Holmes application is accompanied by a statement as to his standing as an attorney and a soldier similar to that appended to Dr. Maxwell's application. There is reference to his certificates of admission to the bar and discharge from the "A." "Exhibit 'B'" and other numerals, "A." "Exhibit 'B'" and other nomenclature of the court room.

Dr. Maxwell, by the way, says that his intention is to test the statute with the view of determining whether it is to be construed to mean that an old soldier once in office is assured of a life job. If it is so held, he says it should be repealed as such a construction is calculated to hurt rather than benefit old soldiers.

Mr. Holmes has not echoed this sentiment thus far, and it is gathered from remarks he has let drop that he does not think that continuance in office hurts anybody.

It is said that the mayor was personally assured by two aldermen in the "combine" who last evening voted to pass the salaries resolution over the veto that they would vote the other way. This being the case, the mayor now wonders how it happened. Some of those on the inside have an explanation that is plausible at least. The aldermen who told the mayor early in the week that he could count on them, and who were Rustgard men, were taken in hand by their brothers of the combine and informed that if they "busted the machine" on the salaries resolution they would throw down Mr. Rustgard. Coupled with this threat were intimations of further retaliation in the future, it is said, and under the lash, the two fell obediently into line.

John Rustgard qualified as assistant city attorney this morning and by noon had moved in and taken up his quarters in the offices of the legal department.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

Trial of Civil Cases Is In Active Progress.

All three divisions of the district court this morning were engaged upon the trial of civil cases, and the court house, especially room No. 1, presented a decided contrast to what it has been during the more stirring events of the past few weeks. The crowds of jurors and the miscellaneous humanity which apparently has nothing to do but to listen around the court rooms, nourishing what little interest there may be, were all gone. The only trace of them was a scanty handful of listeners in room No. 2, where the trial of the case of John Barton against the Virginia Light and Water company was in progress before a jury.

A prominent feature of the court this morning was a gallows-looking arrangement on which was suspended an arc light. A number of electrical experts were on the stand this morning talking about amperes, volts and things for the jury's benefit. The trial is expected to take up a day or two longer if Judge Moer, who is not well, is able to proceed.

In Judge Cant's room the case of the Ironton Land company against W. W. Butchart, as sheriff, was on trial. This is a part of a large amount of litigation over the affairs of the Ironton Structural Steel company. When the company was formed the Ironton Land company gave it a large bonus on condition that it should do a certain amount of work. A part of this bonus was secured by a mortgage, and the steel company recently started to foreclose it. The land company secured a temporary injunction and began this suit to prevent the foreclosure on the ground that the mortgage was without consideration, claiming that the steel company had failed to carry out its part of the contract.

When the case came to trial yesterday afternoon, J. L. Washburn, on behalf of the defendant, objected to the introduction of any testimony, on the ground that the complaint failed to state a cause of action. He advanced in support of his objection the axiom that one cannot eat his cake and have it. The land company had accepted the contract, and after it had enjoyed it a while it wants to throw it up and get its money back, thereby putting itself in the position of the boy who buys some candy and after he has sucked the sweetness out of it he regrets his bargain, and wants his money back. The argument was still in progress at noon.

Judge Ensign in room No. 3 this morning was hearing the case of John J. Hibbard, as administrator of the estate of John F. McLaren, against Frankie A. Breeze, et al. John F. McLaren died some years ago leaving his minor son $6000, which was left in trust with H. H. Bell, G. W. Kimberley and Frankie A. Breeze as executors. Bell took the funds, and investing part of them, had $800 in his bank when it failed. Part of the investments turned out to be poor, and it is claimed that money was lost. The administrator of the estate is now suing the bondsmen of Mrs. Breeze, the only one of the executors left, for $1011.11, the amount alleged to have been lost through mismanagement.



Edward Everett Hale, D.D., the famous author of "The Man Without a Country," says of

DR. CHARCOT'S KOLA Nervine Tablets

"I am assured by careful inquiry among leading physicians and personal friends who have used it—and in whom I have the utmost confidence—that Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are invaluable in insomnia and in all nervous diseases. —EDW. E. HALE."

Fifty cents and $1.00 per box (one month's treatment). See Dr. Charcot's name on box. Write for free booklet and proofs. All druggists or sent direct. EUREKA CHEMICAL & MFG. CO., La Crosse, Wis.

TRAIN STRUCK HIM.

Another Episode in Charles W. Harris' Career.

Charles W. Harris, who was arrested several days ago at the Union depot, where he was acting strangely, and committed for examination as to his sanity, was struck by the incoming Duluth & Iron Range passenger train this morning about half way between here and Two Harbors, one of his legs being broken in several places and an arm badly bruised. He also received severe contusions on other parts of the body and, it is thought, may have received internal injuries. He was brought to this city and taken to St. Luke's hospital, not recovering consciousness until his arrival there.

Harris was seen on the track some distance away by the engineer, who repeatedly signalled to him as the train approached but the latter paid no attention to the warnings. The snow plow on the engine threw him to one side and saved him from going under the wheels.

Harris promises to become a celebrated character. He nearly scared the Union depot officials to death with visions of foul play or accident by disappearing, leaving his baggage on a seat in the depot, then reappearing and puzzling them by loading his belongings on various trains, only to get off just before leaving time. His case next threatened to bring on an international complication on the theory that he had been deported from Canada as a pauper. How he came to be at the place where he was struck is yet a mystery.

CHEAPER IN DULUTH.

A Denver Man Compares on the Price of Telephones.

George H. Thompson, of Denver, Col., is in the city and is visiting his old friend Capt. Lewis. Mr. Thompson is looking over Duluth with much interest. A few days ago he heard some talk concerning the Duluth telephone system and was told that there are some people who complain against the charge of $50 a year for the use of an instrument.

"Fifty dollars a year!" said Mr. Thompson. "Why, that is cheap. In Denver the rental fee is $120 a year. The instrument is a little better than yours as it has the long distance attachment. Those who have the old instruments such as you have are allowed to keep them in and pay $80 a year for them. But any man who wants to put a telephone in his place must pay $120 a year. The company will put in no new telephones at the $80 figure. I don't see why your people have any reason to complain."

Was a Fine Success.

The musicale given by the ladies of the second division of the Lakeside Presbyterian church last evening was a great success. The church was crowded and the audience was enthusiastic. The Aeolian Ladies' quartet gave two selections, and had to respond to a well-deserved encore on both occasions. Franz Schultz was heard to good advantage in the bass solo, "Monarch of the Woods," and he, too, had to respond to a hearty encore. Miss O'Donnell made many friends by her rendering of "Tom's Little Star" and "Ye Needna Be Courtin' at Me." The mandolin, banjo and bones were manipulated by Henry and Ernest Grouchau and Paul Clarkson, and the audience demonstrated its approval of their playing by warm applause. Mr. Cox in his character readings was excellent, and the audience applauded him to the echo. He had to give three readings before the audience was satisfied to part with him. The ladies netted a good sum, and everyone enjoyed a pleasant evening.

The People's Concert.

The program for the people's concert to be given at the Bethel Friday evening under the direction of Mrs. Harry D. Pearson is as follows:

"I Would That My Love.....Mendelssohn
Orchestra.

Violins—Miss Palmer, Mrs. Barlow, Mr. Tupper; cello—Mr. Peck; clarionet—Mr. Howell; cornet—Mr. Pearson; piano—Mrs. Pearson.

Vocal duet—"Cheerfulness" .....Gambert
Miss McKay, Miss Calverly.

Piano duet—
a. "Brautgesang" .....
b. "Festuzug" .....
From wedding music .....Jensen

Cornet solo—"Der Freischutz" ....Weber
Harry D. Pearson.

Vocal solo—Selected .....
Horace Brown.

Piano solo—
a. "Dreams" .....Klein
b. Impromptu .....Rubenstein
Mrs. Harry D. Pearson.

Violin solo—"Le Melencholie" Lautenbach
Miss Clara Palmer.

Vocal solo—"Answers" .....Robyn
Miss Susanne McKay.

Bridal chorus—"Lohengrin" .....Weber
Orchestra.

Accompaniments by Miss Dorothy Nichols, Mrs. Stocker, Mrs. Pearson.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 Years the Standard.

HAWAII.

Rufus Draper Is Back on a Short Visit to Duluth.

Result of the Mission to Washington Is Awaited With Interest.

Declines to Discuss the Numerous Arrivals of Japs at Honolulu.

Rufus Draper, son of Warren N. Draper, who is connected with a land company in Honolulu, arrived in Duluth yesterday to pay a short visit to his parents. He will return to the Hawaiian islands some time in April. Like nearly all American residents in Honolulu who take no active part in politics, Mr. Draper is very reticent about discussing Hawaiian public questions that are of interest in this country, and he does not indulge in speculations as to the probable fate of the island and its present government. He says that the result of the mission of the four Hawaiian representatives, now in Washington negotiating with the government relative to annexation, is awaited in Honolulu with great interest.

It has been reported that much concern is felt in the American colony in Honolulu relative to the future policy of the Japanese government toward the islands. But on this subject Mr. Draper preserves a discreet silence and declines to talk for publication. It is reported that the Japanese are flocking to Honolulu in large numbers and that no less than three hundred of them are landing there each month. Under the Hawaiian laws foreigners who have not as much as $50 in their possession are not permitted to land, but the Japanese emigrants are said to be well supplied with money and consequently cannot be refused admission to the country. They engage in business and find employment in various occupations and prove to be troublesome competitors in all branches of trade. Their arrival in the Hawaiian islands is viewed with considerable alarm, for it is not thought that they have come as emigrants usually do, who seek a home in a foreign land and all sorts of theories are advanced as to the objects which have brought them there in such large numbers. It seems certain that it cannot be because of the natural advantages offered. Speculation, as a rule, connects them with some ulterior object of the Japanese government and many who have recently come to America from Honolulu declare that the majority of them are trained Japanese soldiers, who have been landed in this way to be in readiness for a coup which the emperor of Japan has in contemplation, the object of which is the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the island empire of Japan.

Under the Dole government the elective franchise is extended to all male residents of the republic who can read and write the English language. The Japs are naturally bright and studious and most of those who have been arriving at Honolulu are registered as students. They are more intelligent than the ordinary Japanese and will quickly qualify themselves to comply with elective franchise regulations and will soon be, to all intents and purposes, citizens with all the powers and rights that the name implies. At the rate with which they are arriving it will not be long before they will be in the majority and by sheer force of numbers have the power to take possession of the government through the medium of the ballot box rather than by force of arms. Either view of the situation is not encouraging to American interests and it is said that the threatened danger has greatly increased the desire for annexation to the United States. The next election, in fact the first election, in the Hawaiian republic, will be held in 1900 by which time if the Japanese emigration continues, Japanese influences will be in control and the great commerce of the islands will be directed from Japan.

The stability of the present Hawaiian government is not firmly established and unless congress takes speedy action its future is very questionable even if the possible Japanese influences are not considered. The knowledge of this fact has caused considerable apprehension among American interests there and it has undoubtedly had the effect of keeping out much capital that would otherwise be tempted by the alluring opportunities for investment that are afforded. However, there is really little cause for fear on this score as no matter what changes in the form of government may take place, property rights will not be jeopardized, because the interests there are so varied that the powers will insist upon the holdings of their respective subjects being protected. Besides this, property rights have always been respected whenever revolutions have taken place, and they always will be.

Their Ankles Broken.

John Marquardt, of 1805 West Third street, and Hugh Campbell, of West Superior, employed on the Duluth-Superior bridge, each had the bones of their left ankle broken while handling a steel beam, about 8 o'clock this morning. They were taken to St. Mary's hospital. It is not though the injuries will cripple them. The men were shifting the beams with a crane when one end fell sooner than they had intended, striking another beam, and forcing it against their ankles.

TO HOT SPRINGS, ARK.
The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad is the short line, and only line with dining cars and compartment sleepers. Excursion tickets on sale.

On and after April 1 Dr. Schiffman will make the best rubber plate S. S. White teeth, $8.00.

E. E. Esterly is no longer connected with Nathan Marcus and will not be responsible for watches left there for repairs after this date.

E. E. ESTERLY.

Duluth, March 30, 1897.

Cataphoresis!

Prepares the way for excavating and filling teeth without pain. Dr. Schiffman, Burrows block.

A LITTLE HORSE

Sense and It Lands Home.

If a man would give his high-bred horse, day after day, a concoction to drink, that was a certain detriment to digestion and that slowly poisoned the stomach, liver and nerves, he would be considered a definite fool by all knowers. Some men's bodies are worth as much as that of a good horse. In the isolated cases where this fact seems clearly established it would be the part of cool judgment and plain every day common sense, to give such a body as fair treatment as one would to the horse, particularly when it is remembered that with a good physical body, kept in health and strength, man can do things.

There is quite as great a contrast between the worth of a well man and a sick one, as between a well horse and a foundered old wreck, to say nothing of the "feelins of the critter" in either case.

Blind to the cause of his physical ails, man (and woman too) persists, day after day in pouring into the protesting body a liquid drug called coffee, known by all chemists and physicians, to contain the same poisonous alkaloids as found in strychnine, morphine, whisky and tobacco, and to require a powerful constitution to withstand. The weak ones sink under the insidious drug daily administered and seldom know enough to spot their enemy. "How do we known coffee is the enemy" some ask.

Let the little spark of common sense flash again, and direct, that coffee be let off for ten days. You may not get entirely well in that time, my impatient friend, you would like to ride down hill for several years and climb back in ten days, but you must let the little spark flash again. The quickest way to get up the hill of health is by the royal road of good food and nourishing drink.

After a long line of experiments looking to the production of a health coffee, the Postum Cereal company, limited, of Battle Creek, Mich., perfected "Postum" by a skillful treatment of the healthful grains, and Postum now stands as a liquid food-drink of great value, while it can not be distinguished from the choicest coffee in its color, and the taste is such that it is easily mistaken for Mocha coffee. Its introduction into the home, means that adults and children can have all the enjoyment of coffee and daily add to their bodily health by the addition of just so much nourishment, in palatable form, as the pure grains of the field contain. "It makes red blood" is the trade mark and the rosy tinge of health attests the truth of the statement.

There is but one genuine original Postum Cereal coffee, with a multitude of imitations offered as "just as good."

TOMORROW!
Wall Paper 1 cent PER ROLL
LaVaque Paint and Wall Paper Co
12 West Superior Street.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. S. M. Linander has returned from the East.

Mrs. Ellsworth Benham is spending the week with friends in St. Paul.

H. C. Osterhout is very ill at his residence, No. 921 West First street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Geist and daughter, Miss Katchen Geist, returned today from a sojourn of several weeks at Hot Springs, Ark.

Miss Louise Brown, of Minneapolis, is the guest of Mrs. J. F. Segog.

R. R. Dear, of Mahoney, Minn., is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

S. W. Barry, of Ashland, is a guest at the Spalding.

W. C. McClure, of Saginaw, Mich., is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

Representative P. R. Vail was in the city a few hours today on his way to St. Paul from Ely.

Dr. C. G. Shipman, of Ely, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

John T. Bun, of Hibbing, is at the Spalding.

Ed Mitchell, a well known contractor, of Marquette, Mich., is a guest at the St. Louis.

E. Wittenberg, the well known lumberman, of Sagola, Mich., is at the St. Louis.

John Beckfelt and H. C. Powers came down from Grand Rapids today. They are guests at the St. Louis.

K. D. Chase, of Faribault, is in the city. He is stopping at the St. Louis.

E. B. Williams came up from St. Paul this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

E. W. Durant, Jr., of Stillwater, is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

W. H. Yawkey, Jr., of Detroit, Mich., is in the city.

F. L. Kinney, traveling freight agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, came up from Minneapolis this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

Charles H. Blake, of Detroit, Mich., is at the St. Louis.

C. R. Ainsworth, of Moline, Ill., is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

F. E. Weyerhouser is down from Cloquet today, a guest at the St. Louis.

R. C. Hannigan, of Norway, Mich., is among the late arrivals at the Spalding.

Stewart Murray, of Buffalo, is registered at the Spalding.

R. B. Nixon, of Minneapolis, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

G. G. Hartley returned this morning from a week's trip in the East.

QUICK LEGAL WORK.

Was Accomplished In a Harrison Estate Matter.

Some pretty quick work was done by the M. B. Harrison estate during the last few days. Saturday, on petition of Lucy Gray Harrison, the executrix of the estate, Probate Judge Ayer granted her a license to sell a large part of the real estate at private sale. The old statutes limited the time for sale of estates by license to three years. The new laws seem to make no limitations, but there was some question as to whether the property could be sold after three years. Louise H. Harrison, by H. S. Mahon, her guardian ad litem, appealed to the district court yesterday for the purpose of determining the point. Judge Cant heard the appeal yesterday and affirmed the order of the probate court. An appeal to the supreme court was taken yesterday also, so the whole proceedings between the three courts so far occupied three days.

In the petition of the executrix for permission to make the sale she states that she received $175,000 in personal property, on which she realized full value. There is still due the estate $30,000, while the debts are $150,000, so she desired to sell the real estate to clear up the indebtedness. Judge Ayer's order prohibits sales for less than the appraised value of the land.

BURNED TO THE GROUND.

Lakeside Hotel Destroyed By Fire This Morning.

The Lester Park hotel, situated at No. 6003 Delaware avenue, was burned this morning, the building and contents being almost wholly destroyed. The structure was valued at about $8000, and was insured for $4200. It was owned by the Lakeside Land company. The contents, consisting of furniture and hotel supplies, including a large quantity of canned goods, were valued at from $2500 to $3000. The total insurance on the contents aggregates $1700, of which $500 was carried by the Lakeside Land company, which owned part of the furniture. F. E. Pinkman, who occupied the building, also lost $250 in money, which was destroyed by the flames.

The fire apparently originated in a shed on the east side of the building, in which the oil for the lamps was kept. Exactly how it started is, however, a mystery. Mr. Pinkman arose at midnight and prepared breakfast for some teamsters boarding with him, who are employed in carting the force main pipe to Lakewood. It was the custom of the men, after breakfast, to fill their lanterns in the shed, and Mr. Pinkman thinks they went out as usual this morning. It is thought that possibly a spark from a match or pipe fell on some soaked sticks or woodwork. The flames burned through the roof of the shed, and being driven against the main structure by a brisk east wind, had broken a window in the upper story and were pouring in thereat before they were discovered. By the time the Lakeside department had arrived the flames were sweeping through the upper rooms, fanned by the wind, and it was apparent that no means at hand could save the building. Soon after the firemen got a stream on the flames the hose burst, rendering it necessary to send for No. 4 Hose company. Before the latter arrived, however, the building was demolished. The loss of the money falls with especial severity on the Pinkmans. They had saved it to pay the rent of the building and renew the lease for the season, which they intended to do today.

MINERALOGICAL WORK.

That Branch of Historical Society Has a Meeting.

The mineralogical section of the Duluth Historical and Scientific association held an interesting meeting last night. A strong class was formed, and the opening last night gave promise of lots of good work in this line. The association is getting down to work all around, interest is rapidly growing, and its future looks full of promise. The secreary is constantly receiving inquiries by mail about the society, which indicate that not only within but without the association is interest growing.

Through the efforts of the corresponding secretary a very respectable nucleus for a valuable library has been formed. The state geological reports for several years back, some of them quite valuable, have been received, as well as reports of several other states and works on anthropology. Capt. J. W. Miller, who is now in Washington, is looking for some apparatus for the society, including microscopes and telescopes. The next meeting of the association will be held Tuesday, April 6. There is little routine business, and the meeting will therefore be interesting because of the time which may be given to discussion.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.
The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

A stiff hat that doesn't hurt the head—
The Gordon!

NOBBIEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS IN THE CITY.



Special Values in Our Suit Departm'nt

We are showing all that is new in the latest effects in Jackets, Suits, Capes, Separate Skirts and Misses' and Children's Garments, all will be sold at special low prices.

The Suits we put on sale tomorrow are

Well made—contain the best of material, perfect in fit, correct in style, handsome in finish and nobby in appearance, the prices start at—

$7.50 A SUIT.

POWER & SETTLE.

On and after April 1 Dr. Schiffman will make the best rubber plate S. S. White teeth, $8.00.

DULUTH CARPET CLEANING WORKS.
F. S. KELLY, Prop.
Office 524 W. Superior St. 'Phone 591.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N. SCOTT, Manager
One Night Only, Wednesday March 31st.
Billy Rice's Minstrels in...
New, Novel and Special Features.
30 Star Artists, including
Billy Rice, E. M. Hall, E. M. Kayne, Bernard & Yonne, Will E. Nankeville, J. W. Early, L. Wolfe, Wesser, Will I. Fisher, Will Riley, Pascorel, the Parisian wonder, Prof. Scott's Brass Band and Orchestra. Look out for the big parade at noon.
Popular Prices.

Music AND Education
Prof. W. L. Tomlins,
For 25 years director of the famous Apollo Club, Chicago, also choral director of the World's Fair, will lecture as above, at the
ASSEMBLY HALL,
HIGH SCHOOL.
On Friday, April 2nd, at 8 p. m.
Admission 25c, - - - - Children 15c.
Tickets for sale at superintendent's office, High School, and of the principals of the city schools, and at the door.

CARLTON SMALL FRUIT AND PLANT NURSERY.
Catalogue mailed free to any address.
I will set out any variety of Strawberries myself, near the city of Duluth, (guarantee all to live) for $1.50 per 100, if ordered before April 15th.
E. G. BOVEE,
Carlton, Minn.

WHY BE HUMBUGGED?
About one person in fifty may have a slight scalp disease; for 50c we guarantee a cure for falling hair. Go to the reliable and only hair store in the city.
MME. BOYD & WILBUR,
Ground Floor, Hunter Building

BENSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY.
References—First National Bank. American Exchange Bank.
Offices in Exchange Building, Duluth.

BANK ADVERTISEMENTS.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.
United States Government Depositary
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier
Money Sent to All Parts of the World.
Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.
Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.
H. M. PEYTON, President.
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier.
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Ass't Cashr

—THE—
American Exchange BANK.
Duluth, Minnesota.
Capital, $500,000. Surplus, $100,000.
DIRECTORS:
HAMILTON M. PEYTON,
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The Things We Have Not Are the Things We Want. What You Want Can Be Secured Through The Herald.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

THE WEATHER. Probably Showers and Cooler Tonight and Thursday; High Northeast Winds.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

Beautiful, Brightest, Best Boys' and Children's Spring Clothes, None Like Them For Style and Value.



There's a difference to the Boys' Clothes we sell—snappy, bright, up-to-date ideas, most fashionable and most for your money. We've no patent on selling Boys' Clothes except the knack and determination to surpass the skill and style of everybody. Come and see—not obliged to buy. Go away—you'll come back.

Three lots of special price Suits on the bargain table in our Boys' and Children's Department.



Lot 1 includes $5.00, $6.00, $7.00 and $7.50, Boys' Suits for..... $3.95
(Marked with red tags.)

Lot 2 includes $8.00, $8.50, $9.00 and $10.00 Boys' Suits for..... $4.95
(Marked with blue tags.)



Lot 3 includes $11.00 and $12 00 Boys' Suits for..... $5.95

Spalding Base Balls and Bats, Pocket Knives, Tool Chests and School Outfits given away with Boys' and Children's Suits entirely free of charge.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

CHAS. F. LELAND, PRESIDENT. DONALD MACLEOD, CASHIER

— REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF —

THE COMMERCIAL BANK

Of Duluth, Minn., at the close of business on the 9th day of March, 1897.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$54,192 89	Capital Stock	$25,000 00
Overdrafts	269 77	Undivided Profits less expenses paid	526 28
Stocks and Bonds	3,050 00	Deposits	79,702 59
Furniture and Fixtures	2,332 75		
Call Loans $10,000 00			
Cash on Hand 17,717 01			
Due from Banks 17,615 45			
	45,392 46		
	$105,228 87		$105,228 87

L. MENDENHALL, ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT

FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.



Does your Diamond need re-setting? Does your Watch need cleaning?

DORNER & CO.,

THE MANUFACTURING JEWELERS,

Will guarantee the best work for the least money. We invite you to inspect our factory. We make and sell anything in the line of Jewelry.

A STERLING SILVER BANGLE RING WITH INITIAL **FREE** TO EVERY CHILD UNDER 15 YEARS. NEXT SATURDAY, BETWEEN 2 AND 5 P. M.

Metropolitan Block, second floor, Next to Freimuth s.

Be careful of cheap, so-called "Spring Water"

"SOVERN"

Is a mineral spring water absolutely pure and reliable. Try "Sovern Ginger Ale."

Telephone 696. **Office 413 Palladio Bldg.**

BATTLESHIP IOWA.

Big Naval Fighter Is Going to Be Speedy.

New York, March 31.—The battleship Iowa, bound for her trial trip off the New England coast reached the New York navy yard this morning after a successful run from Philadelphia where she will be docked and cleaned for her speed trial next week. The contract speed requirement is for sixteen knots with a bonus of $50,000, for every quarter knot in excess of that figure. If her behavior on the run from Philadelphia to New York be any indication of her powers she will earn a good premium for her makers, the Cramps. This is the last of the warships for which a bonus will be offered.

The Iowa was given three runs between the lightships off the five fathom bank yesterday. This is a distance of 11.125 knots. The trial was made under forced draught with ordinary coal. The speed obtained on the first and second legs was 15.39 knots an hour, but on the third she brought it up to 15.75. Capt. Sargeant, who navigated the ship, and Superintending Engineer Edwin S. Cramp, were entirely satisfied with this performance.

CROOKED OFFICIAL CAUGHT.

New York, March 31.—George Samson, assistant prosecuting attorney of Lenawee county, Mich., was arrested today by detectives at the dock of the Thingvalla steamship line in Hoboken, N. J. The arrest was made under an indictment returned by the New York grand jury which charges him with aiding and abetting the escape of a prisoner. This is an outcome of the case of Anton Christensen, of Ridgeway, Mich., accused of embezzlement of a large sum of money from the Ridgeway Creamery company.

AN INDIANAPOLIS TRAGEDY.

Indianapolis, March 31.—Frankie Davidson, aged 30 years, was found dead in the room of a hotel, where she was employed, at No. 63 North Alabama street today. By her side in the bed was found Robert E. Newly, a hostler, her reputed husband. Newly was unconscious. The dead woman's face was covered with blood, coming from her mouth. The coroner says that the woman must have been suffocated or asphyxiated. The room was closed and locked and filled with a nauseating odor. Newly was removed to the city hospital.

TERRIBLE CYCLONE

Probably Fifty People Lost Their Lives By a Terrific Cyclone In Oklahoma.

Twenty Dead Bodies Already Recovered and the Injured Number Fully Seventy-Five.

Buildings Wrecked and Rain and Fire Added Terror to the Awful Situation.

Guthrie, O. T., March 31.—Chaos reigns in the town of Chandler. Last night's terrible cyclone has turned the peaceful town of 1500 inhabitants into a veritable morgue, and its principal buildings and residences lay wrecked in all directions, a grim reminder of the storm's work. As yet there is no way of getting at the actual number of dead and wounded, so intense is the confusion that prevails. The death list is variously estimated at from twenty-five to fifty, with the injured numbering from seventy-five to twice that number. Already twenty dead bodies have been recovered.

The night in Chandler was one of indescribable terror. With a better part of its inhabitants dead or dying, and the remainder too badly injured or unable from fright or because of the darkness, to render assistance little better order than bedlam prevailed. Rain poured down upon the disconsolate inhabitants and all during the weary hours and added horror to the situation. The injured in many cases unavallingly cried for help, and lay in the wrecks of their homes, till daylight made it possible for them to help themselves or when aid from surrounding towns arrived.

Many of the wrecks took fire and burned themselves out, and several were still smouldering when morning broke over the town. From the fire's work finally came the worst realizations of the disaster, for it is believed that many of the missing were burned to death. This phase of the situation will not be cleared away till perfect order has again been restored and a careful summing up of the storm's damage.

The cyclone struck Chandler without warning about 6 o'clock last evening. Its work of carnage began before the inhabitants realized what was upon them and no means of escape was left open. In the business district stores were hurled right and left, lifted high into the air, and tossed in every direction. The court house in which Chief Justice Dale was holding court, was taken off its foundation, and the building nearly crushed. Passing on into the residence portion the wind wreaked its vengeance and rushing into the open country finally spent itself. The trail to the left was one of wreck and ruin, most complete. Houses rested on their nose.

Soon a fire followed the cyclone's work and here and there bright flames flashed up into the sky. Overturned stoves caught, and unhampered, the fire began its part in the work of destruction. In a very short time, a heavy rain storm came up. As night wore on, it developed into a deluge, and while it succeeded in completing the dismal scene, probably proved the savior of the town, for in many spots it quenched the fires and stemmed a conflagration that Chandler's citizens could never have hoped to stay.

On the first realization of their predicament the uninjured and able-bodied found themselves, from fright and confusion, well nigh as helpless to render aid as their more unfortunate neighbors. Finally, when an effort to send for outside aid was made, it was found that all communication with the outside world had been cut off. The telephone office was among those buildings destroyed. It was several hours before communication with Guthrie was secured, a mile and a half out of Chandler. But a brief idea of the nature of the devastation wrought, together with an appeal for aid, had been sent to the neighboring cities, when the wire snapped and Chandler was again cut off. In the meantime, however, a train bearing physicians and others left for the scene. The wire came up later and further appeals for aid met prompt response, and additional rescuing parties were sent out as the extent of the damage became known.

By midnight some show of systematic rescue had been perfected, and the dead and dying were being released from the grimy prisons into which their own homes had been transformed. Improvised hospitals were erected and the unfortunates cared for as fast as was possible. Eager hands plied here and there among piles of wet or charred timbers, probably in search of a mother, child or a wife. Quietly they worked on, fearful at each step that they would come upon some loved one. Lanterns darted in and out of the ruins in response to the cries of the injured who pleaded for help.

At 1 o'clock twenty-one dead bodies had been taken from the ruins, while dozens more or less badly injured had been removed to places of safety. In addition it was known that others whom it had been unable to reach, or who, perhaps, had been incinerated before the deluge of rain had quenched the fire in their homes, would swell the list of fatalities. The lists of dead and injured, as far as ascertained at daylight this morning, follow:

THE DEAD.

John Dawson, Lincoln, Neb., a lawyer, burned to death.

James Woodyard and wife, of Eldorado, Kan., visiting in Chandler, instantly killed.

Mrs. Henry Mitchell.
Mrs. Tom Smith.
F. Demoff.
Emma Dresdinger.
D. C. Johnson and wife.
Mrs. Phillip Johnson and child.
Mrs. Dr. Lee.
A. W. Keller and wife.
Unknown woman and baby.
Five unknown children.

FATALLY INJURED.

Arthur Jewett.
Peggy Johnson.
Mrs. Frank McCall.
D. C. Codding.
Maggie Reaves.
Andrew Asher and wife.
Mrs. Culium.
Jennie Woodsworth, young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Woodsworth.
Boy named Woodyard, badly hurt.
Mrs. Emery Foster and baby, thought to be fatally hurt.

The following are among the more or less hurt: John McCartney, brother-in-law of United States Marshal Nagle; F. N. Niblack, John Foster, Samuel Winthrop, George McHenry, two daughters of County Treasurer Ulam.

Hourly the above lists are being augmented. It will be a day or two before a complete list of the casualties will be had.

Chandler was a town of 1500 people. It was built on a hill in thick timber and situated fifty miles southeast of Guthrie. It was one of the most prosperous of the territory boom towns, but was without railway facilities. But two buildings in the business portion, it is said, were left standing. Those are the Mitchell hotel and the Grand Grocery store. Correspondents have gone out from here by the score, but as travel to Chandler is hard and but one telephone wire connects the two points, further particulars must necessarily be slow.

The list of killed reached over twenty-five, and the injured over 150.

Physicians' relief corps have gone from Guthrie and all surrounding towns.

STORM IN KANSAS.

Very Severe Winds Reported In All Quarters.

Kansas City, March 31.—The storm was most severe in Harvey, Sedgwick, McPherson and Marion counties. At Florence the entire Santa Fe roundhouse was blown away and the building barely wrecked. Santa Fe trainmen, coming in from Burton, Heavy county, bring the report that a number of cars standing on the siding at that point were blown off the track and unroofed and otherwise damaged, while a great many of the smaller buildings in the town were unroofed and in some places completely wrecked.

As to the extent of the storm in McPherson county, no definite information has been received, although McPherson City seems to have been the most affected. The wind in nearly all cases seems to come from the southwest, and seems to have been laden with cyclonic symptoms. Great Bend reports a very heavy wind, accompanied by hail and rain. Wichita reports the heaviest rain ever experienced there accompanied by wind and hail. At Wichita seven box cars were blown from the track.

Barton reports a heavy wind, which wrecked several small buildings and blew cars from the tracks. Telegraph service throughout the state is badly crippled.

TORNADO PREDICTED.

Bad Weather In a Large Area This Evening.

Chicago, March 31.—According to Professor Garriott, of the weather bureau here, Southern Illinois and the state of Missouri will have thunder storms of a very severe nature tonight. In Illinois the chances do not appear quite so dangerous, but the predictions for Missouri and especially the southern portion of that state are alarming. A tornado is expected in that section, and danger signals have been posted out in all the towns west of St. Louis. The lake regions, according to Professor Garriott, are safe on account of the cold wind blowing from the lake. In the southern part of Illinois, however, where the lake winds are not felt, there is considerable danger of destruction of property by storms.

COLORADO SNOW-BOUND.

Denver, March 31.—All Colorado is buried under about a foot of snow. The storm abated this morning, but the temperature has dropped below freezing point and stock on the ranges will suffer severely. The trains on Colorado lines are running pretty nearly on schedule time.

THE TARIFF CLIMAX.

Voting on Dingley's Bill Now In Progress.

Washington, March 31.—Voting on the tariff bill was not to begin until 3 o'clock this afternoon, but the galleries were crowded early to witness the maneuvering leading up to the climax of the ten days' battle. Mr. Dingley and Mr. Bailey, the opposing leaders were in their places when Speaker Reed called the house to order at 10 o'clock. Mr. Richardson called attention to the fact that there was manifestly no quorum present, but declined, on account of the brief time remaining for the consideration of the bill to make the point. Paragraph 66, making phenacetine, etc., dutiable at 8 cents an ounce was stricken out on motion of Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania. This sends the articles in the paragraph to the basket clause, making them dutiable at 25 per cent.

Mr. Grosvenor introduced a committee amendment which was adopted making the rate on dates and currants 2 cents per pound. Mr. Devries said as a representative of a fruit growing district he favored this amendment. Mr. Grosvenor then presented the amendment about which there has been so much discussion during the last days, fixing April 1, as the date on which the bill shall go into effect. The amendment in full was as follows:

Section 27. That all articles mentioned in the several schedules of this act which shall be imported into the United States between April 1, 1897, and the date of the passage of this act, and which were not purchased and directed by the owner to be shipped for importation into the United States by any citizen thereof prior to April 1, 1897, shall bear the same duties to be charged upon similar articles in this act, and such duties are hereby made a lien on such articles wherever and in whatsoever hands found, except in the hands of persons holding them for final consumption and have no purpose to sell or part with the same, or any part or product of the same, and except also in the hands of persons shown to have obtained such articles without notice of the provisions of the act; and any person not a final consumer or holder without notice having obtained an interest in or possession of any such article or articles so subject to duty except as a common carrier or warehouse man shall be liable for the payment of such duties thereon, and the same may be recovered with interest, but without penalty in an action or suit by the United States against such person or persons in any district or circuit court thereof.

The tariff debate in the house was closed by Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, for the Democrats. He denounced trusts, Mr. Dingley, of Maine, closed for the Republicans.

Later—The tariff bill has passed the house 205 to 121. There were twenty-one present and not voting.

MORE MADE HAPPY.

President McKinley Plucks a Few Official Plums.

Washington, March 31.—The president today sent to the senate the following nominations:

Treasury—Penrose A. McLain, of Pennsylvania, to be collector of internal revenue from the First district of Pennsylvania.

State—Thomas W. Cridler, of West Virginia, to be third assistant secretary of state.

Justice—Jacob Trieber, of Arkansas, attorney of the United States Eastern district, Ark.; Henry M. Cooper, marshal of the United States, Eastern district of Arkansas.

Interior—Nathan P. Johnson, of South Dakota, to be agent of the Indians of the Sisseton agency, South Dakota.

Navy—Lieutenant Commander Albert Couden, to be commander.

Postmasters—John A. Childs, Evanston, Ill.; Henry L. Chestry, Sutherland, Iowa; James M. Peekinpaugh, Olivia, Minn.; William F. Bishop, Peshtigo, Wis.

CHEYENNE'S BLIZZARD.

Streets Full of Snow and Trains Are Delayed.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 31.—The blizzard continued all night. The streets of the city are piled full of snow. All Union Pacific freight trains have been abandoned and passenger trains are in a bad plight. The train that left Denver at 4 o'clock last night became stranded at a big drift half a mile east of the Cheyenne depot.

The overland flyer is stuck in the snow at Hillidale, twenty miles east of this city, and No. 2, the east-bound flyer, is tied up at Red Buttes, near Laramie, unable to climb Sherman mountain. The west-bound flyer from here has been abandoned. The big rotary plows worked all day yesterday and up to midnight, but even these are now snowed up and unable to keep the road open. It is growing colder, and unless the storm lets up the loss of stock and property will be awful.

KENTUCKY'S SENATOR.

No Choice Was Made Before Adjournment.

Frankfort, Ky., March 31.—After the first ballot no motion to adjourn was made and Speaker Worthington ordered a second ballot, which resulted as did the first, all the members standing firm. A story is out to the effect that the sound money Democrats have made a proposition to the Silver Democrats to combine on State Senator Henry L. Martin, of Woodford. It is probable that the deal may be consummated. It is said that Senator Martin is a sound money man but has worked and voted for Blackburn solely for personal reasons.

The third ballot: Hunter, 59; Blackburn, 42; two members having taken lunch.

The fourth ballot showed: Hunter, 57; Blackburn, 40; on two more pairs. The fifth ballot was taken after an unsuccessful attempt to adjourn. The legislators had sent for provisions and the assembly room looks like a picnic ground. It resulted: Hunter, 58; Blackburn, 41. After the fifth ballot an adjournment was taken at 1:25 o'clock.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Philadelphia—Sailed: Illinois for Antwerp.

ROSES

On Thursday we will offer 2000 very fine assorted roses at **39c per doz. 3 doz. $1.00**

THURSDAY AT THE Big Glass Block Store

The past few days of pleasant weather have created a tremendous demand for spring goods. Every department in the big store contributes its wealth of novel, nobby, serviceable and reliable up to date merchandise, excelling in assortment exclusiveness and choiceness, the stocks of any house at the head of the lakes.

Bargains Such as We Offer Below

Are what keeps our employees so busy and the Big Store crowded.

HANDKERCHIEFS

Bargain Counter No. 1.

Manufacturers Seconds handsomely embroidered.

Lot 1 only **10c** worth 25c
Lot 2 only **15c** worth 35c
Lot 3 only **25c** worth 50c

To see them is to buy.

Ladies' or Gent's Silk Club Ties the kind you pay 25c for anywhere, Thursday 15c each $1 65 per doz.

Dress Goods Prices Revolutionized

The best, the most tempting values we have ever offered in public.

At 29 cents—
All wool suitings, silk and wool mixtures, Scotch suitings fancy checks, 39c values, sale price..... **29c**

At 39 cents—
100 pieces of the newest spring dress fabrics includes—pebble cloth, covert cloth, skirting checks, granite cloth, iridescent cloth, etc 48c and 50c values, sale price..... **39c**

At 50 cents—
100 pieces high class novelty dress fabrics in fancy checks caniche cloths, pebble cloths, silk and wool mixtures, covert cloths, shepherd checks, 69c and 75c values sale price **50c**

Black Goods Surprises---

At 50 cents—
46 inch extra heavy black serge from the Botany mills, Passaic, N.J. genuine 89c value. Also storm serges, brocades, pebble cloths, etc, all at..... **50c**

At 39 cents—
50-inch French serge, all wool, blue black finished alike on both sides, 69c value, sale price **39c**

Wash Goods Prices Revolutionized---

A sale that must win us many friends and advertise our wash goods' supremacy far and wide.

Organdies
and Dimities in beautiful colors and designs regular 10c and 12½c goods, sale price..... **7c**

Covert Cloths
for bicycle suits, in browns, tans, grays, absolutely the strongest fabric made at per yard 21c and **15c**

New 36-inch Percales
100 pieces including every new design, just opened, on sale tomorrow at per yard..... **9½c**

Fine Chambray
Ginghams in dark navy, light blue and brown mixture, 30-inch fast black sateen; 36-inch percales in short lengths, 10c and 12½c values, sale price per yard..... **5c**

Bargain Counter No. 2.
Navy blue checked apron ginghams and fine cambric shirtings in a hundred different designs, fast colors, 7c and 8c values, bargain price per yard..... **4½c**

New Spring Belts
Ladies' belts in calf leather, stitched and leather lined, celluloid, eyelets to match, leather covered buckles, tan, brown, black, green, navy, price..... **59c**
Ladies' belts in cape goat leather, stitched and lined, leather covered buckles, eyelets to match in all colors price **50c**
Ladies' imitation black seal belts with leather covered buckles, price..... **35c**
Ladies' imitation monkey grain leather, with plated harness buckles, in three colors **25c**

New Art Linens:
The very latest and choicest things are to be had here and here only. Those new stamped doilies and center pieces with colored linen center and border, we have in great variety, from ..... **35c to $1.25**
New stamped doilies and center pieces partly worked in an endless variety of beautiful designs, from..... **19c to 95c**

Writing Paper
1000 quires of fine paper, in octavo or commercial, ocean or white, ruled or plain, that some dealers sell at 15c, we make special Thursday..... **7c**
1000 packages of envelopes, in extra fine stock, sold by some at 10c, Thursday..... **5c**
450 rolls of imported crepe paper in 7 colors, regular price 13c, Thursday..... **5c**

Fine Engraving
Our business in this department has steadily increased, until now we are the recognized headquarters for this work in Duluth. Promptness and high grade work, and popular prices are characteristic of every transaction we make.
Plate and 50 cards..... **98c**
Plate and 100 cards..... **$1.50**

Tickets for the John Fiske Lecture Course for sale here.

Window Shade Dept.

29c Each—500 Opaque Window Shades, all colors; ready to hang up, worth 50c each—**Thursday, 29c each**

Silverware Dept.
HERE YOU ARE—500 sets of Butter Knife and Sugar Spoons, put up one of each in a box—Thursday—per pair..... **49c**

Easter and Millinery Openings
At the Big Glass Block next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—Watch for it!

Panton & White

EXODUS

Dunkards Galore Left Chicago Last Night For North Dakota Points.

Special Trains From Six States Brought Together 2500 Emigrants.

A Great Boom For the North Dakota Census and Farm Lands.

Chicago, March 31.—Some 2500 Dunkards, who came from all parts of the country to join the general exodus of members of this peculiar colony to the promised land of North Dakota, left last night on special trains for Devils Lake and Cando, where the principal colonies of the North Dakota Dunkards are located.

During the day special trains arrived in Chicago bringing the members of the Dunkard church from all Eastern points. Pennsylvania contributed the biggest contingent to the emigrants, but there were also special trains from Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Ohio and Indiana. Several trains had to be made up for the big party and all their belongings filled three freight trains.

The colony in North Dakota has only been established a few months, but the reports from those who have already gone out there brought about a general exodus. Mass meetings were held in nearly all the communities of Dunkards in the East, with the result that many of them determined to go West. All the men Dunkards are farmers, and they expect to find good lands in North Dakota.

ARMY CHANGES.

A Great Number of Them Have Been Ordered.

Washington, March 31.—The following changes and orders have been made: Second Lieuts. Kenneth Morton, Third artillery, and D. M. King, Fourth artillery, have been ordered to examination at New York with a view to transfer to the ordnance department. Capt. Milton Thompson, Twenty-fourth infantry, has been transferred from Company A to Company I, and Capt. B. W. Levell from Company I, to Company A, same regiment.

The following assignments to regiments of officers recently promoted are made: First Lieut. L. M. Powell, to Troop D, Fifth cavalry; Second Lieut. A. F. Kennington, to Troop L, Tenth cavalry; Capt. L. P. Brant, to Company A, First infantry; First Lieut. H. M. Howell, to Company B, First infantry; First Lieut. L. F. Sladen, to Company H, Fourth infantry; Lieut. H. H. Brandholtz, to Company B, Twenty-fourth infantry; First Lieut. H. T. Ferguson, to Company A, Thirteenth infantry.

Capt. F. S. Jones, assistant quartermaster, is ordered to examination for promotion before a board at Denver, Col., headed by Lieut. Col. A. A. Woodhull, deputy surgeon general; Capt. J. W. Pope, assistant quartermaster has been ordered before a board at St. Paul, headed by Col. J. H. Page, Third infantry, for examination for promotion. Capt. J. M. Cabell, assistant surgeon, has been retired for disability incident to the service. Maj. Charles R. Barnett, quartermaster, has been ordered before a retiring board at Fort Riley, Kas.

AFTER COPPER.

English Syndicate Said to Be Seeking Mines.

New York, March 31.—English capital is again looking for an opportunity to invest in American copper mines, according to rumors which are given credence in mining circles, and an attempt is now being made to secure the control of the two properties, one located in Arizona, and the other in Montana. It is said if the deal now on foot to purchase these mines, is successfully carried out, many improvements will be made and they will be entirely organized. The mines in question are the Butte and Boston properties in Montana and the Old Dominion copper mines in Arizona.

WANT TREASURY JOBS.

Washington, March 31.—Additional applications for appointment to presidential offices under the treasury department have been filed as follows: P. J. McMahon, of Tingphe, La., and S. S. Patton, of New Orleans, as supervising inspector of steam vessels at New Orleans. As collectors of customs: J. L. Alexander, at Mobile, Ala.; B. R. Gunby, at Tampa, Fla.; D. T. Roy, at Corpus Christi, Tex.; M. P. Lippincott, as surveyor of customs at Pittsburg; F. S. McKeel, as appraiser of customs at New Orleans; E. H. Rumford, as naval officer of customs at Philadelphia, and H. H. Galbraith, as examiner of drugs at Philadelphia.

HIS LAST EXCURSION.

San Francisco, March 31.—C. M. Carter, a wealthy merchant of Boston, died at the Palace hotel last evening from pneumonia and heart failure, aged 60 years. Mr. Carter became ill last Wednesday, the day of his arrival at the hotel. He had been for a number of weeks touring California as a member of a Raymond and Whitcomb New England excursion party, and was accompanied by his wife and two daughters.

TEACHERS' CHEAP RATES.

St. Louis, March 31.—The Central and Western Passenger associations, and other railroads entering St. Louis, have granted a reduced rate of one and one-third fare on the certificate plan, for the joint meeting of the Western Drawing Teachers' association and the International Kindergarten union, which will meet in St. Louis April 20 to 26, inclusive.

INSURANCE WAR ENDING.

San Francisco, March 31.—The underwriters of the Pacific have decided to settle the long and bitter insurance war. Old rates will stand only until they can be readjusted to suit the changed conditions of various localities.



There are bandits nowadays as well as in the days of old. Business men have to meet what are known as business-bandits. They may not commit violence with knife and pistol, but they resort to all manner of dishonest business methods, and the honest business man must be brave, strong and steady if he would meet and overcome them. The modern business man needs above all other qualifications—good health. Without good health, he may be naturally shrewd, bright and capable, but he will eventually fail. It takes a keen brain and steady nerves to be successful. Impure blood will befog the brightest brain and shake the steadiest nerves.

The greatest known blood-maker and purifier is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It corrects all disorders of the digestion, tones the liver, makes the appetite keen and assimilation perfect. Consequently the blood is plentifully supplied with the elements of nutrition and the body is properly nourished. It cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. All good druggists sell it.

N. Gaddis, Esq., of No. 313 S. J. Street, Tacoma, Washington, writes: "I was taken ill in February, 1892, with headache and pain in my back. I called in a Doctor and he came three times. He said I was bilious, but I kept getting worse. I took a cough so that I could only sleep when propped up in bed. My lungs hurt me and I got so poor that I was just skin and bone. I thought I was going to die. I tried a bottle of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and it did me so much good that I tried another one and it made me strong and well. It saved my life."

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser. A large book of 1,008 pages over 300 illustrations. Every woman should have it. It is full of the information that women should possess. The best medical book ever published. It saves doctor's bills, worry of mind, and, more than all, days, weeks and months of sickness in every household where it finds a place. Whoever wants a copy of this book in strong paper covers may obtain it absolutely FREE by sending 21 one-cent stamps—to pay merely the cost of mailing—to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. If a binding of cloth is preferred, send 10 cents extra—31 cents in all.

DOFFS HIS STAR.

San Francisco's Veteran Police Chief Resigns.

San Francisco, March 31.—The Examiner says this morning: Patrick Crowley, chief of police, will resign his office today after thirty-seven years service in the police department of this city. His resignation will be presented this evening at the annual meeting of the police commissioners, sitting as a pension board. There is no doubt the resignation will be accepted, and that after this evening Chief Crowley will be no longer actively connected with the departments of the city government.

His resignation at this time is in pursuance of a statement made by him a year ago that after the amendment of the pension law in such a manner that continuous service of twenty years would not be necessary for eligibility to the pension list, he would retire from office. On Feb. 28 last he presented his resignation to the police commissioners and asked at that time to be placed upon the pension roll. Subsequently, however, an examination of the pension law revealed the fact that Chief Crowley was not entitled to the benefits of its provisions, because he had not served for the period of twenty years subsequent to his appointment as chief of police.

Although he had been elected prior to the adoption of the new constitution of this state, his present service dates back only from 1879, when he was appointed to the police department by the board of commissioners. Chief Crowley's first service in the police department of this city was as a constable. He was elected to that position in 1854 and served until 1865, when he was elected chief of police. With the exception of six years since the latter date, he has had command of the department. He was born on March 17, sixty-six years ago, in Albany, N. Y.

CAUGHT AN HEIRESS.

Hungarian Count Captures a Detroit Society Belle.

Detroit, Mich., March 31.—"Count Graf Manfred Von Vatuschuke, Baron De Toppolzsen and Spattgen, lieutenant in regiment Der Gardes Du Corps," is the way a Hungarian count registered at the Russel house. His object in coming here is to see his fiancee, Miss Walker, an heiress and daughter of Frank Walker. Count Manfred says that he and Miss Walker met in Cairo, Egypt, when they both chanced to be wintering there two years ago. At Mr. Walker's invitation, the count journeyed with his American friends through France and Germany. The marriage will not take place for eight or ten weeks yet, and during that interval Count Manfred will remain in Detroit.

SAN FRANCISCO BIKE RACES.

San Francisco, March 31.—The bicycle races attracted a fair-sized crowd and some good sport was furnished. In the final of the one-half mile, open for professionals, Stevens was disqualified by the referee for alleged team work. Eaton claimed that McFarland and Stevens worked together to defeat him. The race was given to Jones, Eaton second. Time, 1:05. Stevens wiped out his disqualification in the half mile by winning the mile open in a clever manner from McFarland and Wells, who finished in the order named. Time 2:08 2-5. A great four-cornered match race will be run tonight between Loughead, of Canada; Wells, of San Francisco; Eaton, of Chicago, and Becker, of Minneapolis. The race is for a purse of $400.

BIG SLATE BLAST.

Bethleham, Pa., March 31.—The Keystone company, of Chapman's quarries, has successfully blasted the largest solid piece of slate known to slate industry. The block, which was moved at least six inches from its original bed, measured sixty-seven feet in length, fourteen feet deep, and thirteen and one-half feet in width and contained 12,663 cubic feet. It weighed 2,127,364 pounds, or nearly 1064 tons. It will produce 1637 squares of roofing slate and will require one 75-horsepower engine six weeks to hoist it from the quarry.

TOY FIRM ASSIGNS.

St. Louis, March 31.—The Charles Smidt Toy and Notion company, one of the oldest firms in the city, has assigned to the Mississippi Valley Trust company, for the benefit of its creditors. The assets are given at $37,500, and consist of a stock of toys, etc. The liabilities aggregate $53,000, of which $30,000 is due to unsecured creditors.

BRAINS

Senator Hansbrough Has a New Bill Designed to Protect Inventors.

Aimed at Shyster and Other Crooked Breeds of Patent Lawyers.

Does Away With the Gift or Prize Giving Schemes Sometimes Used.

Washington, March 31.—Senator Hansbrough, of North Dakota, has introduced a bill to prevent inventors and others from being deceived and defrauded by alleged patent attorneys. The text follows:

"Section 1. That hereafter it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation, engaged in procuring and prosecuting patent claims, to offer or award to their business correspondents or clients any gift, prize or chance to win one medal of honor, certificate of stock or any other article or thing of real or supposed value, intrinsic or otherwise; and any person or persons violating the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction these shall be punished by a fine of not less than $500, and not more than $1000 or by imprisonment at hard labor for not less than six months nor more than one year.

"Section 2. That all applications for patents which may hereafter be filed by or through an attorney, or any person representing himself as such shall be accompanied by an affidavit of such attorney or person that he has not violated the provisions of the first section of this act and false swearing thereto, shall constitute perjury.

"Section 3. That in all cases where the government has heretofore, or may hereafter receive fees for or on account of devices already patented in the United States, the amount thereof shall be promptly refunded to the respective payees.

Section 4. The commissioner of patents shall, as early as practicable, prescribe and promulgate rules for the admission and disbarment of attorneys practicing before that office, said rules to be subject to the approval of the secretary of the interior."

WANT THE NEWS.

And So They Seek the Associated Press Report.

New York, March 31.—The Associated Press of the state of New York, at a meeting held today, decided to dissolve as a newsgathering organization. It was a corporate organization, having a president, a secretary and a board of directors. During the early years of its existence the Associated Press of the state of New York held reciprocal relations with the National Associated Press, receiving from the latter the news of the day outside of the state, and supplying in turn the larger organization with the New York state news. When the New York Associated Press became a part of the United Press, a reciprocal relationship between these two organizations was established.

Throughout the members of the state press association have maintained their organization loyally. When, however, the United Press declared its inability to carry out its obligations, the members of the state press deemed it advisable to hold a meeting, with the result that a dissolution was decided upon. Today twenty-three of the members of the association completed the details of membership contracts with the great national news gathering organization, the Associated Press, and contracts with others will be consummated as rapidly as the clerical details can be arranged. The news service of the Associated Press to these papers will be given within a few days, and to the remainder as soon as contracts can be made out.

THE BEST OF LIFE.

The best of life is health. If your health has been lost or injured, you can get it back, only by skillful treatment. The most successful physician in curing all diseases is Dr. Greene, 35 West Fourteenth street, New York city. If you have lost your strength and vitality in some way, or are sick and suffering, Dr. Greene will at once build you up by his wonderful medicine. You can consult Dr. Green, personally or by letter free. Write to him today. He will explain your condition and disease, and cure you if you want to be cured.

Sent Free to Men.

INDIANA MAN DISCOVERS A REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR LOST VIGOR.

Samples Will Be Sent Free to All Who Write For It

James P. Johnston, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., after battling for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood has found the exact remedy that cures the trouble.

He is guarding the secret carefully but is willing to send a sample of the medicine to all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful ignorance, premature loss of memory and strength, weak back, varicocele and emaciation. The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act directly giving needed strength and development wherever needed. The remedy cured Mr. Johnston completely of all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the naturally ordained functions and is said to be absolutely reliable in every case.

A request to Mr. James P. Johnston, Box 1001, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you would like a sample of his remedy for men, will be complied with promptly and no charge whatever will be asked by him. He is very much interested in spreading the news of this great remedy and he is careful to send the sample securely sealed in a perfectly plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity.

Readers are requested to write without delay.

HOW TO DETECT IT.

Some Valuable Hints Regarding the Grippe—Signs of Its Approach and How to Counteract Them.

The discussion as to the cause of the Grippe, is, of course, interesting, but gives little satisfaction to its unfortunate victims. Whether caused by microbe or vagaries of the weather, its ravages continue, and the country still bends under the scourge.

It cannot be too strongly impressed on people that, in order to ward off the disease, warning symptoms must be regarded and prompt action taken. It becomes extremely difficult to dislodge the disease if allowed to take its course. Hence its name. It generally commences with a slight headache, or pains in the small of the back or limbs. It does not always give one even as plain a hint as that—a feeling of tightness across the forehead, buzzing in the ears, or peculiar feeling about the eyes, may be all the caution one gets, so it is culpable carelessness to neglect these slight signs.

The remedy lies in a stimulant, and the preference should be given to whisky. All the doctors of the country are agreed on this point, but are very careful to impress on their patients the fact that pure whisky alone must be taken. Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky is the purest on the market, and can be readily obtained at all drug stores. There are many imitators who say their whiskies are "just as good." Do not be deceived. They are not. Duffy's Pure Malt is the only medicinal one.

GREEK RESERVES.

Large Force is Mobilizing Near Volo, Greece.

London, March 31.—The correspondent for the Chronicle at Volo, Greece, telegraphs: "A thousand reservists reached Volo today. This is extremely important as it is evident that the national society is beginning to move. A public meeting held here this afternoon sent a deputation to welcome Prince Constantine and tell him that the whole population hopes for an immediate declaration of war. The crown thanked them for their loyal devotion and said he was profoundly touched by the boundless enthusiasm and added:

"I am confident that if the cruel necessity of war should arise we shall be ready to do our duty for our country. Let us still hope, however, that peace will crown our just and patriotic ambitions, in the meanwhile, let us feel perfect confidence in the decisions of the king and the legal authorities, who without doubt will take every step necessary for the honor of the country."

WAR IS INEVITABLE.

London, March 31.—A dispatch from the correspondent of the Daily Chronicle at Elassona, the headquarters of the Turkish army in Macedonia, says: "My opinion is unchanged. War is inevitable if the negotiations of the powers fail. Thirty thousand insurgents, armed to the teeth, are waiting at a certain point on the frontier. A week from today is the anniversary of Greek independence and it is difficult to believe it can pass without the enthusiasm breaking its bounds, although Prince Constantine's orders are to exercise the utmost strictness to prevent unauthorized action.

BOMBARDING A BLOCKHOUSE.

Canea, March 31.—The Christians have bombarded the blockhouse above the Izeddin fort, which, together with the foreign ironclads, were filled with shells. The bombardment was continued until 11 o'clock at night and was resumed this morning. The result is not known.

BLOCKADE TO PROCEED.

Paris, March 31.—It is announced here this afternoon that the powers have decided to proceed with the partial blockade of Greece, at an early date.

TRUCE FLAG DISHONORED.

Constantinople, March 31.—The ambassadors have called the attention of the Turkish government to the action of the Turkish soldiery at Canea in firing upon a party of Christians bearing a flag of truce.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The Missouri holds its ice at Bismarck, but a few warm days will bring about the annual break-up, as the water is pouring down from the little streams and the ice is rising from the rush of water underneath. The Yellowstone river has broken and in a day or two the water from that stream will be down to force out the ice. Notwithstanding the thickness of the ice and the fact that the month of March saw some of the coldest weather of the winter it does not look as if the break-up would be much behind time this year. The mean date of the break-up for the last fifty years is about April 1, although in some years it has broken up earlier in March and others late in April. For the last two years the river has broken up on March 29. The latest break-up on record was on April 19, 1846, and the earliest, March 25, 1878. In 1881, the year of the big flood, it broke up on March 31, and in 1887, another flood year, it broke up on March 19.

In the damage case of Bridget McGovern vs. Lew & Brown, of Harvey, for selling liquor to her husband, the jury returned a verdict for $300 and costs at Rugby. McGovern, while drunk, started home with a load of lumber. When crossing the railroad tracks the team was struck by a train and both horses killed.

The weather at Emerado still continues cold and snow is melting very slowly. The farmers anticipate a backward spring. A Great Northern caboose caught fire and was burned to the ground as a freight pulled in here. The conductor and brakemen lost all their clothes.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

There is, and has been for nearly twelve years, in Sweden county, a leper, John Mickelson, who came from Norway in 1879, was twelve years ago attacked with the disease, and in 1893 is was pronounced such by the county board of health. He has been kept isolated ever since, and only a sister lives with him. The report reached Canton that Mickelson is lying at the point of death.

The Indians at Santee, Ponca and Flandreau agencies propose raising large crops this season. A. W. Lavender, of Scotland, has been awarded the contract for furnishing the Indians at the three agencies with 2000 bushels of wheat, 2562 bushels of oats and 1000 bushels of potatoes, all for seed.

John H. Simms, of East Liverpool, Ohio, who came to Yankton a day or two ago to join the divorce colony, has gone to Fargo. He bases his ground for divorce upon the infidelity of his wife and cites as proof the fact that upon a recent visit to St. Louis, where he went for a quiet lark, the first woman he met in company with several gay creatures was his wife. He was somewhat astonished, but managed to recover sufficiently to inform her that he would immediately sue for a divorce, and she told him that the quicker he did that the better she would be suited. And then she told him he had been having all the fun since they were married, but that she proposed to take a hand in the game herself.

More than thirty homestead entries in the ceded Sioux lands on White and Bad rivers have been held for cancellation at Chamberlain, upon the report of a special agent, alleging that the entrymen have abandoned their homesteads. These entries were probably for large stockmen.

The standard cure for cold and cough, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, should be kept by every mother who loves her darlings.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The schooner C. Hastings is believed to have foundered in Long Island sound and her crew consisting of six men, is thought to have been drowned. She left Newton Creek last Wednesday with a cargo of phosphate and should have arrived at the Orient on Friday, but thus far nothing has been heard from her.

Julius Ottenheimer, of Milwaukee, is under arrest charged with having sent threatening letters to Tobias Schleslinger, of the firm of Schleslinger & Mayor, at Chicago. Ottenheimer it is believed may be temporarily insane as a result of business troubles.

The Western Passenger association will be continued in existence, but in future will have nothing to do with rates.

An official dispatch from Manilla, capital of the Philippine islands, announces that in an engagement between Spanish troops and insurgents, thirty insurgents were killed and 1027 surrendered.

In anticipation of the retirement of Maj. Gen. Thomas H. Ruger, Maj Gen. Wesley Merritt, commanding the department of the Missouri at Chicago has been notified by the secretary of war to make arrangements for his early transfer to that command. It is probable that Brig. Gen. J. H. Brooke, commanding the department of the Dakotas at St. Paul will succeed Gen. Merritt at Chicago.

Lloyds agents have received word that the fine four masted British ship Lord Dufferin and the British bark Bankholme are missing, somewhere off the South American coast. All hope for the Lord Dufferin is abandoned. There is still some hope for the Bankholme, but very little. The combined crews of the ships numbered sixty-seven men, all of whom are supposed to have perished.

Three persons, two women and a baby, were smothered to death in New York by smoke in the double brown 5-story dwelling house, No. 61 West One Hundred and Fifth street, which was partially destroyed by fire that originated in a dumb waiter in the basement of the building.

After twenty rounds of hard fighting between Jack Everhardt, of New Orleans, and "Kid" McPartland, of New York, at the Broadway Athletic club in New York, the referee decided the bout a draw. The men weighed 136 pounds and were in fair condition. Each of them has met champion Lavigne and it was said that if either man won last night he would be matched with the world's lightweight champion.

The funeral of William T. Adams, "Oliver Optic," was held at his late home on Dorchester avenue, Boston, yesterday afternoon.

The jury in Supreme Justice Gildersleeves' court at New York gave Sir Roderick Cameron $1,375 damages against A. W. Wright, of Michigan, for alleged breach of contract in connection with the North Star Construction company. Sir Roderick sued for $125,000.

Mgr. Merry Del Val, the papal ablegate to Canada, arrived in Quebec from New York via Buffalo and Montreal. He was met at the station by a number of prelates from the cardinals palace and a great crowd.

IT CAN'T BE DONE.

No One Can Remain Well, No Chronic Disease Can Be Cured Unless the Stomach Is First Made Strong and Vigorous.

This is plain because every organ in the body depends on the stomach for its nourishment. Nerve, bone, sinew, blood are made from the food which the stomach converts to our use.

How useless to treat diseases with this, that and the other remedy and neglect the most important of all, the stomach.

The earliest symptoms of indigestion are sour risings, bad taste in the mouth, gas in stomach and bowels, palpitation, all-gone feeling, faintness, headaches constipation; later comes loss of flesh, consumption, liver and heart troubles, kidney diseases, nervous prostration, all of which are the direct result of poor nutrition.

Any person suffering from indigestion should make it a practice to take after each meal one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, allowing it to dissolve in the mouth and thus mingle with the saliva and enter the stomach in the most natural way. These tablets are highly recommended by Dr. Jennison, because they are composed of the natural digestive acids and fruit essences which assist the stomach in digesting all wholesome food before it has time to ferment and sour.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists, full-sized packages at 50 cents. They are also excellent for invalids and children. A book on stomach diseases and thousands of testimonials of genuine cures sent free by addressing Stuart company, Marshall, Mich.

HOUSE COMMITTEES.

Pressure on Speaker Reed to Appoint Them.

Washington, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is generally conceded that such strong pressure will be brought to bear upon Speaker Reed after the tariff bill passes today, that he will be compelled to name the full committees of the house.

Page Morris is making an active effort to secure an assignment to the committee on rivers and harbors and is backed by the whole Minnesota delegation in the house. The old members will probably be reappointed upon the committees on which they served in the Fifty-fourth congress. Stevens, of St. Paul, may possibly be put upon the public land committee.

CUBAN REFORMS.

Madrid, March 31.—It is semi-officially announced that the scheme for Cuban reforms will be introduced in April.

OPERA HOUSE LEASED.

Denver, Col., March 31.—Messrs. W. H. Bush and Peter McCourt have secured a lease of the Tabor Grand Opera house from the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company, which has obtained possession under foreclosure. It will be refitted and greatly improved. Bush and McCourt now control the two leading opera houses of Denver and bookings of the principal tours of the state. The travelling companies and star attractions generally will appear at the Tabor.

Don't let that cough hang on any longer; it may make you serious trouble and become constitutional, and possibly lead to pneumonia. You will find that ordinary cough specifics will not reach the seat of trouble; you must take something to build up and reinforce the body. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil will usually do that when every other thing fails, at least that is the verdict of the people as well as the medical profession. It is particularly true of children and all weak, delicate persons.

Of Exquisite Taste AND DELICIOUS FLAVOR is **Blatz**

The STAR Milwaukee Beer,

and better still, there is health and strength in its sparkling drops. Call for Blatz. See that "Blatz" is on the cork.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON,

Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts. Est'b'd Washington, D.C. 1861. 407 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn. (Inventors guide book free.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

To Whom it May Concern:

Notice is hereby given, that in the matter of the application of the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation to reassess to the extent of benefits actually accruing against the property benefited thereby, the cost of the following local improvement, to-wit, for grading, gravelling and carrying off storm water on Short Line Park road from the gravel pit in the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼) of section four (4), township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, to Short Line Park, running from said gravel pit northwesterly through the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), the northeast quarter (ne ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), the southwest quarter (sw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), and the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), of section four (4), and the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the northeast quarter (ne ¼), of section five (5), to said Short Line Park.

A report has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, by G. J. Mallory, W. W. Sanford and D. W. Scott, appraisers duly appointed in the above proceedings by the district court above entitled; that in and by said report said appraisers do make their assessments against each piece and parcel of land deemed by them to be benefited by reason of the above mentioned improvement, the original assessment made by the board of public works of said city to defray the cost of said improvement having been heretofore by said court declared wholly invalid and by the judgment of said court wholly set aside.

That said report so made by said appraisers was filed in the office of the clerk of the district court aforesaid on the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1897.

Notice is hereby further given, that at a special term of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, to be held at the court house, in said city of Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1897, the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation aforesaid, at the opening of said court at the hour of 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said date or as soon there after as counsel can be heard will apply to said district court for an order of said court confirming said assessments so made by said appraisers.

The pieces and parcels of land affected by said assessments so made by said appraisers as aforesaid, are situate in the city of Duluth in sections four (4) and five (5), of township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, and are more particularly described in the amount of the assessment against each piece and parcel thereof is as set after and opposite to each description as follows, to-wit:

Name of Supposed Owner.	Description.	Amount.
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4.....	$ 41 00
New Duluth Land company,	northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4.....	60 00
New Duluth Land company,	southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4.....	36 00
New Duluth Land company,	northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4.....	79 00
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 4.....	41 00
Willis H. Feller and Charlotte E. Thompson,	northwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	79 00
Isaac McMahon,	northwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Grace McMahon,	northeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	41 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5..	79 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5..	60 00
Estate of Nehemiah Hulett,	northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 5	24 00

All of the above descriptions being in township 48 north, range 15 west.

CITY OF DULUTH,
By J. B. RICHARDS,
City Attorney.

Duluth, Minn., March 23rd, 1897.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 24 to April 3, inclusive.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on March 26, 1897, and terminating on March 25, 1898, by M. J. Schultz at No. 520 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by John Anderson, unmarried, and August Anderson and Albertina Anderson, his wife, mortgagors, to Duluth Loan, Deposit & Trust Company, a corporation, mortgagee, dated June 10th, 1893, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 14th, 1893, at eight thirty (8:30) o'clock a. m. in Book one hundred twenty-four (124) of mortgages on page fifty-eight (58); which mortgage was assigned by said Duluth Loan, Deposit & Trust Company to Elizabeth A. Pickering by an instrument dated July 10th, 1893, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on July 12th, 1893, at eight thirty (8:30) o'clock a. m., in Book fifty-five (55) of mortgages on page three hundred fourteen (314) such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal and interest money secured by said mortgage payable July 1st, 1896, and the further sum of eleven and 20-100 (11.20) dollars heretofore paid by said assignee of mortgage for insurance premiums upon said premises in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, and

Whereas there is therefore claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred fifty-seven and 31-100 (557.31) dollars principal, interest and insurance premiums paid, and

Whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured thereby or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered seven (7), in block numberer ninety-six (96), West Duluth Fourth (4th) Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county and state which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt, interest and insurance premiums paid and the taxes (if any) on said premises and twenty-five (25.00) dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth in said county and state on Saturday, the 3d day of April, 1897, a ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 16th, 1897.

ELIZABETH A. PICKERING,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee,
103-106 Duluth Trust Company Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-17-24-March-3-10-17-24-31.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 23, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m. on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the furnishing and laying of about 11,000 lineal feet of 36-inch cast iron or steel water pipe with appurtenances, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of eight thousand ($8000) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 25 10t.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m. on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1897, for furnishing and delivering along the line of the waterworks force main in said city from the pumping station at Lakewood to the reservoir at Thirty-fourth avenue east and Fourth street about 85,000 pounds of special castings according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of two hundred (200) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five and 96-100 (35.96) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Frank Campbell, mortgagor, to Maud A. Nichols, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of March, 1896, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 29th day of May, 1896, at 1:15 o'clock p. m., in Book 95 of mortgages, on page 492, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼ of sw¼) of section twenty (20), township forty-nine (49) north, of range fifteen (15) west of the 4th P. M., in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 13th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of thirty-five and 96-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 22, A. D. 1897.

MAUD A. NICHOLS,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-31-April-7-14-21-28-May-5.

DECLINED

All the News of a Bearish Character and Wheat Dropped.

Cables Were Off, Receipts Were Large and Selling Orders Plentiful.

Weakness Abroad and No Disposition By the Foreigners to Buy.

Wheat opened this morning at a shade decline. Liverpool cables were off ¾d. the weather West was considered generally favorable, and Northwest receipts were liberal compared with those of last week and last year, although much smaller than yesterday. British consols were lower, but the decline in wheat at Liverpool was taken to indicate that foreigners were much disturbed over the outlook. After the first rush of selling orders was over, the market steadied for a while, the demand for July being much better than that for May. Later, liquidation was resumed and the market became apparently weaker than at the opening.

A private cablegram from Liverpool reported arrivals there of cargoes of white wheat as weighing that market down this morning. Minneapolis and Duluth receipts were 391 cars, compared with 333 a week ago and 237 last year. The receipts at Chicago were 14 cars. Exports of wheat and flour from Atlantic ports were equivalent to 326,000 bus. New York reported firms there selling wheat futures on cable orders and selling out of long May wheat for foreign account. All these bearish features combined to further depress the market.

Trading was lively on the Duluth board. May opened ½c lower at 71⅝c, reacted to 71¾c but weakened and sold down to 70¾c before noon. After that hour it declined to 70¼c, but recovered to 71c during the last half hour. The close was firm with buyers at 71c, a decline of 5c for the day. The elevators bought 16 cars of cash stuff at 1c under May and 40,000 bus was worked for shipment. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 72¼c; May, 73c. No. 1 northern, cash, 70¼c; May, 71c bid; July, 71⅝c bid; September, 68c bid. No. 2 northern, 68c. No. 3, 64½@65c. Rejected, 58½@62½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard 72¼c. No. 1 northern, 70½c. Rejected, 58c. No. 2 oats, 17½c. No. 3 oats, 17c. Flax, 75c; May, 76c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 159; corn, 1; oats, 3; rye, 1; barley, 3; flax, 18. Receipts—Wheat, 271,188 bus; oats, 1002 bus; rye, 4349 bus; barley, 7829 bus; flax, 16,711 bus. Shipments—None.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, March 31.—Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 14,029; shipments, 1446. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 275; shipments, 1362. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 11,188; shipments, 3537. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 24,000.

Estimated receipts hogs today, 15,000; left over, 5000. Early advance lost; trade dragging. Light, $3.20@4.15; mixed, $3.25@4.15; heavy, $3.30@4.15; rough, $3.30@3.55. Cattle, receipts, 11,000. Market steady to strong. Beeves, $3.80@5.40; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.25; Texas steers, $3.10@4.55; stockers and feeders, $3.40@4.30. Sheep, receipts 12,000. Market strong to a shade higher.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 31.—Money on call nominally at 1½@2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾ for demand and $4.85¾ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.86¼ and $4.88@4.88½. Commercial bills $4.85. Silver certificates, 61⅝@62½c. Bar silver 61 1-16c. Mexican dollars, 48¼@49½c. Government bonds strong. New is registered, $1.23⅝; coupon, $1.23⅝; 5s registered and coupon, $1.14; 4s registered, $1.11; coupon, $1.13⅝; 2s registered, 96½; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.03⅜.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, March 31.—Close, wheat, 70¼c; April, 70⅝c; May, 70⅞c; July, 68⅝@70c; September, 68c. Corn, March, 24⅜c; April, 24¾c; May, 24⅞c; July, 26c; September, 27⅛c. Oats, March, 16⅞c; April, 16¾c; May, 17¼c; July, 18⅝@18¾c; September, 18¾c. Pork, March and April, $8.50; May, $8.57½; July, $8.67½. Lard, March and April, $4.20; May, $4.22½; July, $4.32½@4.35. Ribs, March, $4.45; April, $4.47½; May, $4.65; July, $4.67½. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 86c; No. 3 red, 78@82c; No. 2 spring, 71@73c; No. 3 spring, 69@71c; No. 2 hard winter, 70@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 65@70c; No. 1 northern spring, 73@74c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 24½@c; No. 3, 22½@23½c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 17c; No. 3, 16@18c. Rye, cash, 32c; May, 32c; July, 34½c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 23½@32c. Flax, cash, 75c; Northwestern, 78c; May, 74¼@75c; July, 76½c; September, 77½c. Timothy, cash and March, $2.65.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 31.—Close, wheat, May, 77½c; June, 76⅞c; July, 75⅝c; September, 75 c. Corn, May, 30½c. Oats, May, 22c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, March 31.—Wheat steady; May, 69¾@c; July, 69¾@5c; September, 67⅝@68c. On track—No. 1 hard, 72¼c; No. 1 northern, 70¼c. Receipts, 272 cars.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107, Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade, Chicago, March 31.—We have had another day of liquidation in wheat, the net result being 1c loss for the May option while the more distant futures showed a decided inclination to get up to the May price. A weak undertone prevailed and the crowd got very bearish and short on the decline. The usual result. Some warlike press dispatches and a let up in the offerings of long wheat brought about a rapid reaction to the opening price. Reports from the Northwest state that there is no frost in the ground and every evidence of the spring wheat going in the ground under exceptionally favorable circumstances. There were no evidences of any important or influential buying today and foreigners were sellers at New York. The situation is almost weak enough to turn.

Corn, oats and provisions did not share in the weakness in the wheat pit, remaining about steady.

Puts, May wheat, 70⅝c.
Calls, May wheat, 71¼@71⅝c.
Curb, May wheat, 71@71⅜c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	11⅝	12⅝	11⅝	12
Atchison	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10½
Sugar Trust	111	111⅝	108⅜	110
Canada Southern	47	47	47	47
C. B & Q	72	72⅜	70⅝	70⅜
St. Paul	72⅜	73½	72⅛	72¾
Chicago Gas	79¼	79⅝	78¾	78⅝
Del., Lack. & W				
General Electric	32½	32½	31⅜	31⅜
Erie	58⅜	59	56⅜	57⅛
Reading	21	21⅜	20⅜	20½
Louis. & Nash	46⅛	46½	45⅜	45⅜
Manhattan	85½	85½	83½	83⅝
Missouri Pacific	16	16⅛	15⅛	15½
Tobacco	72	74⅜	72	73⅜
Chicago & N. W	105	105¾	104	104½
N. P. preferred	35	35⅝	34⅜	34⅝
Rock Island	63⅜	63⅝	61⅜	61⅜
Union Pacific	5⅜	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜
Western Union	83⅛	83⅜	82⅜	82½
Leather	57⅜	57½	56	56
Lake Shore				

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

The strawberry belt has moved a little bit nearer Duluth and Louisiana berries nice and sweet, are on the Michigan street lists. There's lots of other stuff too, and the market is getting quite lively.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.			
Cream., separators, fancy	21	@	22
Dairies, fancy, special make	15	@	16
Packing stock	8	@	9
Dairy, fair	12	@	13
CHEESE.			
Turns, flats, full cr'm, new	11½	@	12½
Full cr'm, Young America	11	@	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@	12½
Brick, No. 1	10		
Limb., full cream, choice	9	@	10
Primost	6		
EGGS.			
Candled, strictly fresh	10½	@	11
Candled, storage	9	@	11
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	12½	@	13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½		
Golden rod	11½	@	12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per pound	11		
Ohio, per pound	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	2½	@	3
NUTS.			
Soft shell almonds, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12		
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11		
Brazils, per lb	8		
Pecans, per lb	9	@	11
Filberts, per lb	11		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
Raw peanuts	4½	@	5½
VEGETABLES.			
Sweet potatoes, per bus	85	@	90
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 00	@	2 25
California celery, per doz	25	@	50
Carrots, per bus	35	@	40
Beets, per bus	40	@	50
Onions, per bus	1 65	@	1 75
Turnips, per bus	40	@	50
Holland seed cabbage, 100 lb	2 50		
Minn cabbage, per 100 lbs	70	@	1 00
Potatoes, per bus	25	@	27
Mint, per doz	25	@	30
Parsley, per doz	25		
Parsnips, per bus	55	@	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 50	@	2 25
Horse radish, per lb	6	@	7
Hubbard squash, per doz	1 50	@	2 25
Florida cabbage, crates	1 75	@	2 00
California celery, doz	25	@	50
Florida tomatoes, basket	55	@	60
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50		
Green onions, doz bunches	25	@	40
Spinach, per bus	90	@	1 00
New beets, per doz bunch	65		
Spanish onions, per crate	2 25		
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50		
Lettuce, per box	90	@	1 00
Lettuce, per doz	40		
Horse radish roots, per bbl	5 50		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	1 15		
Medium, hand picked, bus	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90		
Green and yellow peas	75	@	90
Green peas, bus	65		
FRUITS.			
Louisiana pints, per case	2 50	@	2 75
Florida strawberries, per qt	30	@	40
Pie plant, per lb	7	@	8
California navel oranges	3 25	@	3 75
Seedling oranges	2 00	@	2 50
Bananas, bunches	1 25	@	1 50
Lemons, per box	2 75	@	3 50
Cocoanuts, per doz			
Cranberries, per bbl	5 00	@	5 50
Cranberries, bus	1 75	@	2 00
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 75	@	7 50
Figs, per lb	12	@	15
Pineapple, per doz	3 00		
Dates, per lb	9	@	10
APPLES AND CIDER.			
Apples, per bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50	@	2 75
DRESSED MEATS.			
Veal, fancy	7	@	7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5		
Mutton, fancy dressed	6	@	6½
LIVE POULTRY.			
Live turkeys	10		
Spring chickens, per lb	9	@	10
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	12½	@	13
Chickens, per lb	9	@	11
Geese, per lb	10	@	11
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks included	8 75		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	9 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	8 50		
Red dog	12 00		
Ground feed No. 1	10 00	@	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 00	@	10 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.			
Choice south. Minn	6 50	@	7 50
Northern Minn	4 00	@	6 50
Medium	4 00	@	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	8 00	@	9 00
IN CHICAGO.			

Chicago, March 31.—Butter, firm; creamery, 16@21c; dairy, 11@18c. Eggs, easy; fresh, 8½@9c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 31.—Butter, firm; Western creamery, 15@22c; Elgins, 22c; factory, 8@12½c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 10½@c; Western, 9½@10c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Quiet and Firm Opening With No Speculation.

New York, March 31.—The stock market opened quiet but firm, with no speculation and lacking features aside from a decline of ¾ in New Jersey Central on published statements indicating an unfavorable financial condition of its related coal company, the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre.

A brisk demand prevailed for the industrials, particularly Tobacco, which rose 2¼ per cent on a more favorable interpretation of the company's circular abolishing the factors agreement. Covering in Sugar and Chicago Gas advanced those shares sharply, but Leather, preferred, showed a disposition to lag on the unsatisfactory condition during the first hour of trading. Round amounts of New Jersey Central were offered for sale depressing the price to 80¾c. The Reading shares also showed heaviness, but the losses were slight. The railway shares received effective support, and improved a fraction with the inquiry most pronounced for the grangers and Vanderbilts.

Commission house business was fairly large, and purchases for the bougs were made with greater confidence than at any time since the trans-Missouri decision. The London prices for American securities showed general declines which were ignored by the local traders. The Gould shares and New Jersey Central were raided, the last declining a total of 4¾c, and the Goulds 1 to 2 points, causing a general break led by Tobacco, Omaha and Rock island. Sales of stocks to noon, 125,000 shares. Considerable heaviness developed in the low priced shares, Pacific Mail, St. Louis Southwestern, preferred, and Tennessee Coal, after midday.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh cure. Send for circulars, free

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

NEW TARIFF TOMORROW.

Washington, March 31.—The Grosvenor amendment, making the tariff duties go into effect April 1, was adopted in committee of the whole by a vote of 150 to 120.

MANY BIDS

Nineteen Propositions Received For Extending the Pier at Keweenaw Canal.

Greatest Number Ever Presented For a Government Job in This District.

Powell & Mitchell, of Marquette, the Lowest Bidders For the Work.

Maj. Sears today opened bids for the pier extension at the Portage lake entrance to the Keweenaw canal. There were nineteen received, the greatest number ever presented for a government contract in this district. For the big dredging contract recently let there were thirteen bids received. The contractors were very much interested in the outcome, and at 12 o'clock, the hour when Maj. Sears was to open the bids, the office room was well filled.

Maj. Sears delayed opening the bids until five minutes past the hour set. He had just opened the first bid when a representative of the Barnett-Record company, of Minneapolis, came in quickly and dropped a bid on the table. Maj. Sears was forced to reject it. It is not at all likely that it was the lowest bid, however, and the company probably does not regret being late. There were bidders from Duluth, Chicago, Minneapolis and several Michigan and Wisconsin places.

The work to be done is to build an extension of 2800 feet to the pier. The bids were put in at so much per lineal foot. Two prices were given, one on Norway pine and the other on white pine. The bids were as follows:

Samuel Menice, Duluth, Norway, $55.50 per foot, white, $58.50 per foot; Porter Bros., Duluth, Norway, $49.14, white, $49.47; King & Steele, Duluth, $52 either timber to be used; Powell & Mitchell, Marquette, Norway, $59.10, white, $40; Winston Bros., Minneapolis, Norway, $52.40, white, $54.80; Eslow & Monroe, Charlevoix, Mich., Norway, $50.39, white, $51.19; James Prior, Houghton, Mich., Norway, $44, white, $44.92; Chicago Star Constriction and Dredging company, Norway, $61.05, white, $62.05; Heldmaier & Neu, Chicago, Norway, $46.34, white, $47.07; McArthur Bros. company, Chicago, Norway, $65.79, white, $66.79; Lipsitt & Gregg, Sault Ste. Marie, Norway, $51.25, white, $52.25; Sullivan & Lavanway, Duluth, Norway, $48.57, white, $49.98; C. H. Mitchell & Co., Ludington, Mich., Norway, $66.50, white, $66.50; McCurdy Bros., Houghton, Mich., Norway, $56.70, white, $52.64; Green & Anderson, Green Bay, Wis., Norway, $56.09, white, $56.96; James H. Burke, West Superior, Norway, $51.73 6-10, white, $51.88 6-10; Butler-Ryan company, St. Paul, Norway, $56.25, white, $57.75; P. McDonnell, Duluth, Norway, $46.10, white, $47.10; Sang Bros., Duluth, Norway, $59.85, white, $62.15.

Powell & Mitchell, the Marquette firm, are the lowest bidders. Using Norway pine, their contract will aggregate $109,480, and with white pine $112,000. These figures are given with the understanding that brush mattress is to be used in filling. If small stone is used instead, the lowest bidders agree to deduct 17 cents per lineal foot.

The bidders were required to give a bond in the sum of $10,000 guaranteeing to enter into a contract if awarded the work. Two of the bidders, Winston Bros., of Minneapolis, and Porter Bros., of Duluth, filed certified checks for $10,000.

The government engineering office has had considerable provocation because of bidders who send their propositions in by mail and do not put a sufficient number of stamps on to carry them. The nuisance has become known, and it was determined to put a summary stop to it this time. Contractors who send bids here marked "postage due" were notified to send on and pay the same or their letters would not be accepted.

HIS APOLOGY WASTED.

An incident which happened on a north-bound Wabash avenue car yesterday brought a smile to the faces of the few passengers who were privileged to witness it, says the Chicago Tribune. As the ridiculous features of the case developed the smile gave way to a hearty laugh.

Among the passengers who boarded the car long before it reached Twelfth street was an old gentleman who rode on the front platform, smoking a cigar. The old man carried a cane in one hand, although there was nothing in his personal appearance to indicate that he needed it as an aid in walking.

The platform on which the old gentleman stood contained half a dozen other passengers, who were also indulging in the luxury of a smoke. One of them was crowded over against the wire guard which the company considerately puts on the side of the car nearest the track on which cars are going in an opposite direction, to prevent passengers falling off and being run over before the conductor can collect the fare.

As the car neared Van Buren street the young man who had been leaning against the guard started to leave the car. He crowded past the men who blocked the passage to the steps, and in doing so accidentally trod on the old gentleman's toes. Everybody who saw the occurrence thought, of course, it hurt, but the old man never winced.

The younger passenger was in the very act of jumping off the car when a realization of his discourtesy seemed to dawn upon him. He thereupon stepped back on the platform and, accosting the old gentleman, began a profuse and elaborate apology.

While this amende honorable was being made the car had covered half a block of ground. The old gentleman listened patiently to all the explanations the young man had to offer; then he said:

"Stepped on my foot, did you? Well, well, well! I wish I'd known it at the time! But it's all right, young man. You may walk on that foot all you want to. It's been a cork foot for a matter of a dozen years now. It's inconvenient sometimes, but, thank heaven, there are no corns on it."

SMOTHERED TO DEATH.

St. Paul, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Rush City, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The 3-year-old son of Jacob Stenger, living out at the lake, was playing around a stack of straw. The stack suddenly fell upon him, and he was smothered to death. The stack had been eaten into so that it fell easily.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, SMALL HOUSE or five or six room flat. H. J. Kolling, 321 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT, A FIRST CLASS modern house; will pay good price for suitable place. Call 401 West Michigan.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR housekeeping, on ground floor, between Twentieth and Thirtieth avenue west. L 76, Herald.

WANTED—SEVEN OR EIGHT ROOM modern house in East End; good paying tenant. Rent must be reasonable; pay is sure. Give location and price. P 93, Herald.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—THE SECOND STORY over Nos. 225 and 227 West Superior street. Inquire of Clarke & Dickerman.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms, 522 West First street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT. C. A. Johnson, 409 Palladio.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, 309 West First street.

LARGE ALCOVE FRONT ROOM WELL furnished, 1409 East Superior street.

OFFICES IN WOODBRIDGE BUILDing for rent. Apply to N. J. Upham & Co., agents, basement Torrey building.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT OF 1020 EAST Fourth street; very warm; $3 per month; water free.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM COTTAGE, FURnished, Lester Park, only $10. Cordy Edwards' rental agency, 307 Woodbridge block.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM FURNISHED house, West Duluth. Inquire of David Saun, 428 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

HOUSES AND STORES FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—TEN ROOM HOUSE, 521 West Second street. Address C. S. Barker, West Superior, Wis.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., basement Torrey building.

ON MAY 1 WE WILL HAVE IN ASHtabula terrace one house and two flats for rent. Inquire of R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

FOR RENT — HOUSE 315 WEST Fourth street; all modern improvements; can be renovated to suit tenant. A. C. Volk & Co., Palladio building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOM FLAT; four room flat; seven room house; nine room house; centrally located. Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—COZY FLAT. $16. ALL modern conveniences, five rooms. Water rent paid. $250 buys a good residence lot. Cooley & Underhill.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

PRIVATE FAMILY IN CENTRAL East End will take two people to room and board. Strictly first-class. References exchanged. L 77, Herald.

TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN CAN find large, nicely furnished front room with modern conveniences (and board if desired), in strictly private family; five minutes walk from Board of Trade building, by addressing X. Z., The Herald.

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM WITH board for two in private family at East End. Address Endion, care Herald.

MIDLAND HOTEL, 212 WEST SECOND. Special rates to permanent boarders.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE, INVESTMENTS,

I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$5,000 up.

A. R. MACFARLANE,
13 Exchange Building.

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for FITGER'S BEER.

Notice of Application

FOR

Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Olen & Henrikson at No. 116 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

KELLIHAN GUILTY.

Sherburne Bank Robber Convicted of Murder.

St. Paul, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Fairmont, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The jury in the trial of Bankrobber Kellihan for murder, after being out nearly twenty-four hours, returned a verdict of murder in the first degree. The Kellihan bothers robbed several banks, killing two men in the Sherburne bank, and one of them being killed by the posse pursuing them. The jury recommended Kellihan to mercy.

Baker is the Latest.

It is said that J. H. Baker will present an application for a position on the health board, and that, in case the appointment is not granted, will institute proceedings under the old soldiers' statute.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—TWO DISHWASHERS. ST. James hotel.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 407 West Third street.

WANTED—APPRENTICE IN MILLInery. Must furnish good references. Apply 22 Third avenue west.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply 112 South Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 312 West Third.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 125 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRLS FOR GENERAL housework, at Mrs. Shattuck's employment office, Metropolitan block.

WANTED—SECOND COOK, DISHwasher and dining room girl at St. James hotel.

MRS. De GROUCHY'S EMPLOYMENT office has removed to room 403 Masonic temple. Girls for general housework wanted.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS GIRL FOR general housework at once. Call 109½ West Fourth.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and eight girls can find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

AT 721 WEST SUPERIOR STREET YOU can buy tools and hardware at less than cost price.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 18 for office work and typewriting. B, Herald.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $60 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 504 West Superior street.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SOLICIT SICK and accident insurance for the Union Men's Mutual Insurance company of Duluth. Liberal terms to the right parties. Call or address 307 Palladio building.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 507 CHAMBER of Commerce. If you want anything in my line—accounting, auditing, book-keeping—temporarily or regularly, call

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—FOUR THOROUGHBRED spaniel pups. In rear of 118 Third avenue west, between First and Second street.

$200 CASH, BALANCE IN BOARD AND room; will buy furniture of 25-room boarding house; central location. P 91, Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD COAL OR WOOD stove, good baker; cheap, at 617 "The Lowell."

HOUSES IN ENDION, AT LESTER Park and Lakeside, and right in the center of the city, 75 houses 75, A. M. Hayes, 106 Providence building.

FOR SALE—TRIO OF LIGHT BRAHmas, two Plymouth rock cockerels, 12264 West Superior street.

HIGH GRADE, $100 WHEEL, NOT new, but in excellent condition and an easy runner for $35. L 63, Herald.

LARGE HOTEL RANGE, 106 EAST SUperior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—A SECOND HAND TYPEwriter and chair; must be cheap. Apply 200 Chamber of Commerce.

BICYCLE WANTED—WILL PAY CASH; must be good and cheap. Address O. G. H., 1801 West Superior street.

WANTED—A YOUNG MALE DOG OF good breed. Apply 4312 Cambridge street, Lakeside.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will also furnish estimates for packing. Moving storage free of charge. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

CARD READING.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED FOR 10 cents; pictures of your future husband or wife 25 cents. Address Madame De Zoe, P. O. Box 304, Duluth, Minn.

CARD READING, PAST, PRESENT and future, 1330 West Superior street.

HAIR DRESSING.

TILLIE JORGENSON (FORMERLY with Midtsund sisters, of St. Paul,) has opened hairdressing parlors at room 417 Lonsdale building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER. MONEY to loan on all goods of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook, 116 West Superior street.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife. 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

FOUND.

THE PERSON WHO LOST A SUM OF money can learn something about it by calling at Boyce's drug store.

LOST.

LOST—TEACHER'S ORDER NO. 15,310, in favor of Miss Jessie Church, endorsed. Payment has been stopped at bank and all persons are cautioned not to negotiate same.

LOST—BUNCH OF FREIGHT BILLS of no value except to the loser. Please return to F. Schadewald, 301 East First street and receive reward.

LOST—LLEWELLYN SETTER BITCH. Black head and rump. Body black spotted. Return to Lewis A. Larson, 121 Eighteenth avenue west and receive reward.

FOUND.

FOUND—TWO FINGER RINGS. OWNer can secure by proving property and paying charges. Address P. O. Box 538, city.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

AN EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT dressmaker would like to go out by the day or take work home. Inquire 126 East First street.

MALE STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITer and assistant bookkeeper, having experience in legal and commercial work, desires position; can furnish references. O. Hatheway, care City Attorney J. B. Richards, city hall.

BOY OF 17 WOULD LIKE EMPLOYment. Not afraid of work; can write and figure if necessary. Address L 78, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO TAKE CARE of for either ladies or gentlemen. Can give references. Address L 64, Herald.

WASHING, IRONING, HOUSE CLEANing or scrubbing by the day; work guaranteed. Call or address 112 First avenue west, up stairs.

WANTED—WALL PAPER CLEANING to do; satisfaction guaranteed. Address A. Smith, 112 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning, or any kind of day work. Will take work home or go out by the day. Mrs. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—A HANDY MAN WANTS work of any kind. Cleaning carpets, taking off storm windows, cleaning yards or any kind of work. S. A. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION AS STENOGrapher. Law work preferred. Experienced. City references. Address Nellie B. Pendergast, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING to take home or will go out by the day and do housecleaning or washing; good work guaranteed; charges reasonable. Call or address 102½ East Fourth street.

WANTED—WASHING, HOUSE CLEANing, scrubbing stores and offices to mending clothes. Work called for and delivered. 416 East Fourth street.

WANTED — BY MARRIED MAN, speaking French, English and German, work of some kind. Four years' experience in advertising. Good references. Address G. E. H., Herald.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter wants position. Address P 15, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS SEWING girl. 110 First avenue west.

WANTED — SITUATION AS BOOKkeeper, or to do office work of any kind, by competent man. Address L 11, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND mending clothes. Work call for and delivered. 416 East Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED — WASHING, ironing and house cleaning. Take work home or go out by the day. Call at 1921 West Michigan street.

YOUNG MAN, 20 YEARS OLD, STRONG and willing to work, would like place in commission house or as delivery man. Familiar with care of horses. Address A. G., Herald.

HOUSE CLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 5, 1897. Work, Second degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 12, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting April 28, 1897. Work — Mark Master. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, April 6, 1897. Work, Temple degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

HOUSE MOVING.

HOUSE MOVING—LOUIS JOHNSON, expert house mover and raiser, fifteen years' experience in St. Paul. Moved over 2500 houses. Residence 215 East Sixth street, office 115 Second avenue west. Telephone 269.

Notice of Application

FOR

Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Peter Gilley at No. 322 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), March 31.—An extensive storm has continued in the western and southwestern districts, increasing in energy, and with a very slow movement of the center from Colorado eastward into Kansas. Rain has fallen at every reporting station in the Missouri valley, from Williston, N. D., to the mouth of the river, in amounts ranging from .02 to .8 inch. The precipitation has been heaviest in Eastern Montana, Wyoming and the western sections of the Dakotas, where it has fallen partly in the form of snow, the largest deposit being .96 inch at Miles City. High winds are reported in Colorado and thence eastward to Illinois and northward nearly to the Canadian border.

The temperature changes have been slight.

Lowest temperatures last night:

Prince Albert	36	Battleford	38
Calgary	2	Medicine Hat	20
Swift Current	20	Qu' Appelle	20
Minnedosa	34	Winnipeg	24
Port Arthur	32	Helena	36
Williston	32	Bismarck	36
Havre	26	Miles City	30
Marquette	20	Sault Ste. Marie	32
Duluth	36	Moorhead	38
Huron	40	St. Paul	42
Lander	18	Rapid City	28
La Crosse	40	Milwaukee	38
Detroit	56	Chicago	48
Davenport	48	Omaha	48
North Platte	36	Denver	26
Dodge City	52	Kansas City	50
St. Louis	58	Memphis	62

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 38; maximum yesterday, 40; minimum yesterday, 32.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Probably showers and cooler tonight and Thursday; brisk and high northeast winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 31.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Showers tonight and Thursday; cooler in west portion tonight; cooler Thursday; brisk northeast winds. For Minnesota: Showers and cooler tonight; Thursday rain or snow and colder; brisk northeast winds.

HAWAII AND JAPAN.

The rush of the Japanese to the Hawaiian islands, with the evident intention of attempts to secure control of the little republic, is a matter of serious concern to the United States. It is the declared policy of this country that no other nation shall be permitted to take possession of the Hawaiian islands. The influx of Japs and the ocurse of events at Honolulu may compel us to take a still more advanced position and to accede to the wishes of the Dole government for annexation with this country.

A news article in The Herald yesterday reported that "the Japanese are flocking to Honolulu in large numbers and that no less than 300 of them are landing each month. Under the Hawaiian laws foreigners who have not as much as $50 in their possession are not permitted to land, but the Japanese emigrants are said to be well supplied with money and consequently cannot be refused admission to the country. They engage in business and find employment in various occupations and prove to be troublesome competitors in all branches of trade. Their arrival in the Hawaiian islands is viewed with considerable alarm, for it is not thought that they have come as emigrants usually do, who seek a home in a foreign land, and all sorts of theories are advanced as to the objects which have brought them there in such large numbers. It seems certain that it cannot be because of the natural advantages offered. Speculation, as a rule, connects them with some ulterior object of the Japanese government, and many who have recently come to America from Honolulu declare that the majority of them are trained Japanese soldiers, who have been landed in this way to be in readiness for a coup which the emperor of Japan has in contemplation, the object of which is the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the island empire of Japan."

The menace of Japanese domination and control has forced even the Springfield Republican, which has not been friendly to the idea of annexation, to seriously discuss the question of American control of the islands. It presents these facts which, taken in conjunction with the statements published by The Herald yesterday, indicate the necessity of early action: In 1884 there were only 116 Japanese on the islands; in 1890 there were 12,360; in 1896 there were 24,407. The customs house statistics at Honolulu show that in 1895 the number of Japanese who entered the port as emigrants was 2938, but in 1896 the number reached 6322, of whom 2273 came within the last three months. This tremendous increase of Japanese continues. There are five lines of steamers between Honolulu and Japan, and every steamer that enters Honolulu lands several hundreds of Japanese. As there are only 33,000 native Hawaiians, who constitute a dying race, and as the total population is but about 110,000, it is certain that within five years the Japanese will be in a majority over all if the present rate of increase is maintained. And, owing to a treaty between Japan and Hawaii dating back to 1871, the Hawaiian government is unable materially to check this peaceful invasion. A strong government might abrogate the treaty and then enforce a rigid act of exclusion, as the United States does against the Asiatics, but the Hawaiian government is weak, while Japan has now become a powerful nation.

There is no evidence, as the Republican says, that the Japanese government is encouraging this emigration to Hawaii, or that it is secretly working for the control of the islands, but of course, if the Japanese people, already far in excess of any other foreign people on the islands, finally become the leading race in point of numbers, it needs no argument to show that, unless supported by some other external power, the local government must eventually pass into Japanese hands. That would mean the overthrow of American influence and American trade, which now constitutes over 76 per cent of Hawaiian imports; it would also mean the overthrow of Western civilization in the islands and their absorption into the oriental world. Japan's control in Hawaii must be regarded as infinitely preferable to control by China, but, however much we may admire the new Japan, her wonderful awakening and her swift progress in Western arts and sciences, she will remain essentially Oriental in intellectual, moral and religious life.

But there is no good reason why we should permit either Japan, China or any other country to obtain control of Hawaii. The broad question we must decide is whether the Hawaiian islands shall be Western or Eastern, occidental or oriental, Christian or non-Christian. It is a question which we sincerely wish could not be forced upon us, yet is is not there awaiting our decision? The old quarrel between the ex-queen and her supporters and the present Hawaiian government does not now affect the situation. Had Liliuokalani remained on the throne, the menace of oriental domination would have arisen just the same. Indeed, the royalist leaders in February last issued an address urging annexation to the United States as the only hope against ultimate Japanese control. Were it not for the small, yet powerful American contingent on the islands, their absorption by the rising oriental power would be sure to come, unless England blocked the way.

Had not the treaty presented to the senate by President Harrison been withdrawn by President Cleveland, the islands would probably have been annexed to this country years ago. It is perhaps well that Mr. Cleveland withdrew the treaty, because some of its provisions were open to serious criticism. It is understood President McKinley favors annexation, but it is not likely he would advocate the granting of an annuity to Queen Liliuokalani or the young princess who was regarded as the heir to the throne. The monarchy was overthrown by a rising of the people of Hawaii, and this government was not responsible and therefore owes nothing to the ex-queen or her niece.

LEGISLATING AGAINST TRUSTS.

The Pittsburg Dispatch, a strong Republican journal and an ardent advocate of a protective tariff, asserts that, while there was undoubtedly a desire to make political capital in the Democratic attempt to amend the Dingley bill, the action of the Republican majority in choking off the Cooper amendment was a mistake of the gravest character. It was wrong in principle. It was politically one of those blunders that is criminal, because it gave to the Democrats the most complete success in their maneuver to secure campaign ammunition by saddling on the tariff the responsibility for the protection of trusts.

The Cooper amendment was designed to provide a direct and effective method of preventing the tariff being made the bulwark of trusts. It provided for the determination of the question whether a trust exists or not, by the courts, and for the suspension of the duty in that case. This would have deprived the trusts of all protection from foreign competition and would have administered a serious blow to them. The evil of trusts, as the Dispatch says, is so widespread and well known that it should not require any discussion. That all of them are protected by the tariff is untrue; but that some of them are is indisputable. Wherever any monopolistic combination is so protected, it defeats and nullifies the purpose of protection to stimulate domestic competition and thus reduce prices. In defense of true protection this amendment should have passed. The objection of Mr. Hepburn that the owners of industrial property might get up sham trusts for the express purpose of taking the protection away from themselves was a remarkable exhibition of ignorance of the constitution of trusts. The Dispatch concludes:

"In its political bearing, if the rejection of this provision is to stand it will be one of the most suicidal blunders that a political party has ever committed. The Republican party and protection have been accused of alliance with the trusts through several campaigns. When there has been no more direct evidence to saddle that charge on the Republican than on the Democratic party, the accusation has been a hard one to struggle against. But now, when the public mind is aroused on that subject, in the face of the fact that this is likely to be a leading issue in coming campaigns, the Republican leaders propose to load the party and its tariff measure with the direct proof of an action proving the charge to be true so far as the party representation in congress is concerned. The Republican party cannot afford to burden itself with the millstone of trust protection. Its representatives in congress should maintain the principle of protection by adding to the bill a proviso exactly on the lines of Mr. Cooper's amendment."

Another opportunity will be afforded to the Republicans in congress to repair the mistake which the Pittsburg paper claims was committed. When the bill reaches the senate a similar amendment to that proposed by Mr. Cooper can be adopted, if the Republican senators are willing. Indeed, Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota gave notice several months ago that he intends to offer such an amendment to the bill in the senate. He is a protectionist, but he does not believe that the trusts should be protected, but that all legislation should be directed towards their extermination.

THE BICYCLE IN POLITICS.

It is reported from Chicago that the bicycle is about to be introduced into the political arena, or, more correctly speaking, that the bicyclists of that city have determined to unite and become a political factor that must be reckoned with in future campaigns. The Chicago bicyclists are 50,000 strong, and the cause of their threat to organize themselves into a political legion is a desire to wreak vengeance upon legislators who have betrayed them.

During the election in Illinois last fall legislative candidates who declared themselves favorable to a bicycle-baggage law were indorsed by the cycling organizations as worthy of support. In consequence the bicylists rallied and elected their men. They counted up and found they had enough members of the legislature, whose election was for the greater part due to their efforts, to pass the bill without any question. They felt that the measure was as good as a law, but they were fooled, for the bill that was prepared and presented in behalf of the cycling organizations has met an ignominious defeat at the behest of the railroads, and the wheelmen are organizing for revenge on the legislators who deceived them.

The legislators have taken warning already, and another bill of similar import to the defeated measure is introduced, and it remains to be seen what fate it will meet. If the wheelmen do not get some satisfaction from the present session they promise to make things lively, and from the haste with with which the legislators are trying to undo the past it appears that the solons have a wholesome dread of the threat. The opposition of the bicyclists would end all hopes of future political honors.

A St. Louis reporter who saw Calve the other night for the first time noted that she was "a woman of opulent figure, of undulant, snakelike motions, with a saucy nose, a low, broad brow, feet and fingers forever twitching, lips nervous, sensuous, trembling, gowned in a riot of colors in modes to accentuate the insinuating voluptuousness of form, ways that tantalize and soothe, sweet and tart, frivolous and earnest, tender and indifferent, with hell in her eyes and heaven in her voice." The best remedy for the case of this young and impressionable writer would be a little cracked ice and a towel.

When Washington Hesing of Chicago was devoting all his energies to the conduct of his paper, the Staats-Zeitung, there was a big fire in Chicago which his paper failed to mention. "Why didn't we have a report of that fire last night?" he asked next morning of a fresh reporter, who had been assigned to it. "My dear Mr. Hesing," replied the young journalist in surprise, "there was nothing new to print about it. Every one in Chicago was there and saw it." "Young man," said Mr. Hesing, "if any one asks you if you work for the Staats-Zeitung tell him no."

A Washington dispatch says it is understood that Archbishop Ireland has been acting in a diplomatic capacity to restore an entente cordiale between Senator Foraker and Bellamy Storer, who wants to be assistant secretary of state. Mr. Storer's friends are confident that he has been able to persuade the senator to withdraw his opposition to Mr. Storer's appointment. The Storers are devout Catholics, Mrs. Storer, who was formerly Mrs. George Ward Nichols, of Cincinnati, was born in the church. Mr. Storer is a recent convert. Senator Foraker's objections to Mr. Storer are purely political.

Professor Law of Cornell university is very hopeful concerning the eventual victory over tuberculosis. He says: "It may not be accomplished in our day, it may not even be attempted along the lines that would warant an expectation of speedy success, but as surely as humanity is advancing to a higher and better future, so surely will this "white plague," tuberculosis, be eradicated from our herds and finally from our homes." The New York board of health claims that if all the cases of tuberculosis were quarantined, the disease which annually claims so many victims would be speedily stamped out.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

On Thanksgiving, 1895, Mr. McKinley, with his usual plausible promises, told Lubin, the Sacramento export crank, that he believed the latter's theories were of sufficient importance to warrant further investigation. Now, five clergymen, advocates of those same theories, have called upon the president to carry out his promise, which has come home to roost. This is not the only promise that President McKinley is sorry that he made.

It is an interesting fact that Senator Vest is the only member of the late Confederate congress now in the public service at Washington, and more interesting still that he is the father of the first bill passed through the senate at this session providing for a pension for a Union veteran.

The Springfield, Mass., Republican is fearfully excited over the Dingley bill. It says it is iniquitous and is tempted to use naughty words in denunciation of some of its provisions. But like a good Mugwump, the Republican resists the temptation to swear.

Mr. Vail's bill to authorize district courts to hold special terms outside the county seats has passed the house. It should be killed in the senate. It opens the door for serious abuses. The "court on wheels" is not needed.

Minnesota is a great state. In one section seeding is in progress, and in another the snow plows are at work trying to find a branch railroad.

Office after office is disposed of at Washington, but in vain do the anxious ones in Minnesota scan the list. They are not in it.

The Princess Chimay and Rigo have fled to Cologne, and a little of it would not injure the odor of their unsavory records.

There are no snakes in Crete, but it is not known that a St. Patrick ever banished them from the island.

A French savant has discovered the bacillus that causes baldness. Let the baldheads be vaccinated.

The New Orleans Picayune warns the Crescent City boys that old widows are looking for youth.

Look out for the April fool joker. He will be abroad in the land tomorrow.

March is going out like a lamb.

THE MISSISSIPPI FLOOD.

Philadelphia Record: If its surplus waters could be diverted and stored for irrigating purposes what a blessing it would be to the millions who dwell upon the plains and to the millions upon millions who will people them as time rolls on! The Mississippi is big and so is the future, and so is the mind of little man, and there is no telling what may be achieved in the matter of utilizing the now destructive and terrifying flood.

Minneapolis Journal: As yet no really satisfactory solution of the problem of this refractory river has been found. It seems beyond the power of man to protect the lowlands when a flood of the present dimensions is on its way to the Gulf of Mexico. One flood like this wipes out much costly work of the Mississippi river commission. The ever-yielding soil of the river bank mocks the best treatment of the hydrographic engineers.

Chicago Times-Herald: The simplest of all plans, which has already been outlined in the Times-Herald, is the adoption of irrigation in northern farming, or in those states whose waters are tributary to the Ohio and Mississippi. It would accomplish two great results. It would make farming more profitable and it would prevent the disastrous floods. Waters stored on northern farms for use in midsummer cannot devastate the low countries to the southward, while your farmers would never suffer from a season of drouth.

Indianapolis Journal: An exchange takes a half column in which to present the cause of the present floods in the Mississippi valley. The cause is the cutting away of the forests and the drainage of the land. If the forests existed and the land were not drained there would be no floods. Now, all this is very well if the St. Louis Globe-Democrat did not appear with two columns of flood history, in the course of which it shows that the highest flood was as long ago as 1844—fifty-three years ago—before the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys were settled to the extent they now are, and long before forests were cut away and lands drained.

Chicago Tribune: As often as the rains of March fall in the South at the time the snow of the North sends down its annual spring flood the levees give way, and the process will continue indefinitely until a system of more stable defense is devised. The effort will now be made to get an appropriation, to come largely out of the pockets of the people of the North, to rebuild these levees in the South. It will be engineered by those persons who call themselves "strict construction Democrats." In the time of Jackson the strict construction Democrats were solidly opposed to expenditures by the government for such forms of "improvements," but these Democrats of today retaining the same old title, devote their best efforts to making such expenditures possible.

Chicago Record: Those who have studied the problem involved in the Mississippi do not need to be told that there should be wiser work in congress to keep that stream within bounds. The log-rolling of past years in congress has been a chief factor in obstructing effective measures. Appropriations have been made and money disbursed, not in accordance with the real needs of the country, but just as the members of congress might deem necessary for the appeasing of their constituents and the exchange of political favors. The shifting sandy bed of the Mississippi always will be a danger and until congressmen put political considerations aside and go seriously to work at this task such floods as that which is endangering the people along the Mississippi valley will always be a menace.

A REMINISCENCE.

In the simple days of childhood, quite
the saddest thing in life
Was sitting patiently and still to watch
the gleaming knife
As it carved the tempting pastry which
must serve for one and all
Into widely varying sections, most of
them alas, too small!
'Twas hard to see a favored guest helped
to the largest slice,
Nor murmur when I got none, as such
conduct "wasn't nice."
That hour brings indignation through
the years that hasten by,
When we'd company for dinner and my
father passed the pie.

And history repeats itself. That shock of
long ago
Returns in new disguises like a sullen,
haunting foe.
It is after an election that you'll see the
old-time look
On the faces of the men whom fortune,
at the last, forsook.
I've seen the thing I labored for and
watched with eager eyes
Go past me, and another, less deserving,
get the prize;
And I haven't felt so much as if I'd
really like to cry
Since we'd company for dinner and my
father passed the pie.

—Washington Star.

MIRTHFUL REFLECTIONS.

Philadelphia Record: "In politics," says the Manayunk Philosopher, "you've got to lead the procession to keep in it. The followers are constantly changing."

Chicago Tribune: "How do you like the new tenor in our church choir, Miss De Fash?"

"He impresses me oddly, doctor. He has a higher voice and a lower handshake than any man I ever met."

Detroit Free Press: "I guess that new man must be an actor," said the star boarder to the landlady.

"Why so?"

"Because he threw up his arms and dodged when you passed the eggs."

Detroit Free Press: He—They say, dear, that people who live together get to looking alike.

She—Then you must consider my refusal as final.

Chicago Tribune: Mrs. McSwat—Billinger, when I asked you to get a book for a birthday present for brother John I supposed you would select one that had at least a substantial binding. This one will fall to pieces before he has had it six months.

Mr. McSwat—No, it won't, Lobelia. It will last that brother of yours 100 years, in any kind of binding. It's a book on manners.

New York Truth: Mrs. Benham—I believe there is a burglar in the pantry where the mince pies are that I made this afternoon.

Benham—Well, listen, my dear, and we may catch his last words.

Washington Star: "When Bertie Enjee began to ride a wheel he had an uncontrollable tendency to run into everything he saw."

"How did he break himself of it?"

"He met his tailor on the road one day."

Chicago Record: "Joe keeps his wife and mother-in-law mad at him half the time."

"What vexes them so?"

"He calls them his board of lady managers."

Indianapolis Journal: "This is the most cruel yet," wailed the rising young poet.

"What is it?" asked the common sense person who had dropped in to smoke a few of the poet's cigarettes.

"The Gabbock says I do not exhibit a single stigma of degeneration."

Philadelphia Record: "There's no denying that I'm pretty good," said the giddy young girl, as she annointed her raven locks with peroxide, "for is it not written that the good dye young?"

Detroit Free Press: Hoax—I thought you said that man was a musician?

Joax—Nonsense.

"You certainly told me he wrote melodies."

"I told you he was a composer of heirs. He manipulates soothing syrup."

WHEN BREEZES BLOW.

"Hail gentle spring!" the poets sing,
"Accept our tuneful vow;
We give you leave to have your fling—
You'll do it anyhow."

—Chicago Record.

MINISTER TOWER.

Philadelphia Times: It is a distinction only of title that the minister to Austria-Hungary is not called an ambassador. It is a more important post than the embassy at Rome and there are few more agreeable places of residence on the continent than Vienna. And certainly there is no man who would more worthily represent our country at that capital than Charlemagne Tower. He belongs to the same class with Andrew D. White, of educated men, scholars and gentlemen, versed in history and law, in literature and languages, and with a broad and intelligent knowledge of politics in its larger sense. A younger man, he naturally enters the diplomatic service in a lower rank than the other has attained, but it may be confidently said that he brings to that service extraordinary qualifications that will increase its dignity in the estimation of the world.

It is a cause for general gratification that Mr. McKinley has maintained the good record made in selecting the diplomatic agents of the country from among the men of personal distinction and high intellectual achievement. It is especially gratifying to Pennsylvanians that this state is able to put forward such a man as its particular representative. The tendency in Pennsylvania has too long been to keep our men of intellectual distinction in the background or at least to keep them out of political preferment. To the smaller politicians of the state it is likely that the author of "Lafayette and the American Revolution," if known at all, is known only as a rich man who is interested in mines and railroads and who can be called on for campaign contribution or to preside at a meeting, but need not be further thought of. Here, and in cultivated circles everywhere, he is known not only as a student of history of wide observation and high achievement, but as a man of trained intellectual force, of varied accomplishment, of distinguished character, who would adorn any position in the public gift, at home or abroad. It is a pity that the only use we can usually find for such men is to send them out of the country, but it is well that we have such men to send and have the good judgment to send them.

THE CRETAN BONE.

St. Louis Globe Democrat: Greece cannot fight the whole of Europe, and she will have to wait for an opportunity to give the sultan a left-hander over the spleen.

Chicago Tribune: Russia wants it understood that she is a staunch friend of Greece, and is prepared to blow Greece out of the water in an effort to convince her.

St. Louis Republic: The argument that the Grecian struggle for liberty has been crushed before is not a good support for another attempt at suppression, but it will serve for the instruments of tyranny.

Chicago Post: The sultan may as well make up his mind to it that he is going to have a lot of trouble anyway, no matter how much backing the powers give him. That appears to be one of the very few assured things that causes little or no complaint outside of Turkey.

New York Sun: Against Greece, which contains a population of 2,200,000, there are pitted seven European powers containing a population of not less than 380,000,000. The Persian hosts that were arrayed against the Greeks twenty-three centuries ago were far inferior in number to the European hosts now arrayed against them.

The GORDON HAT!



Point to the name. You can do so with confidence if it's a GORDON!

For sale by

M.S.BURROWS

THREE HAPPY WOMEN.



Each Relieved of Periodic Pain and Backache. A Trio of Fervent Letters.

Before using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, my health was gradually being undermined. I suffered untold agony from painful menstruation, backache, pain on top of my head and ovarian trouble. I concluded to try Mrs. Pinkham's Compound, and found that it was all any woman needs who suffers with painful monthly periods. It entirely cured me. MRS. GEORGIE WASS, 923 Bank St., Cincinnati, O.

For years I had suffered with painful menstruation every month. At the beginning of menstruation it was impossible for me to stand up for more than five minutes, I felt so miserable. One day a little book of Mrs. Pinkham's was thrown into my house, and I sat right down and read it. I then got some of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills. I can heartily say that to-day I feel like a new woman; my monthly suffering is a thing of the past. I shall always praise the Vegetable Compound for what it has done for me. MRS. MARGARET ANDERSON, 363 Lisbon St., Lewiston, Me.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured me of painful menstruation and backache. The pain in my back was dreadful, and the agony I suffered during menstruation nearly drove me wild.

Now this is all over, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's medicine and advice.—MRS. CARRIE V. WILLIAMS, South Mills, N. C.

The great volume of testimony proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a safe, sure and almost infallible remedy in cases of irregularity, suppressed, excessive or painful monthly periods.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 12, 1898, by C. F. W. Korth at No. 5107 Gosnold street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by John Marshall and Cordelia Marshall, his wife, of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, mortgagors, to Homestead Building and Loan Association of the same place, mortgagee, dated the 18th day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight (1888), and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1888, at 4:10 o'clock p. m., in Book 89 of mortgages on page 149; and whereas the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises therein described at public vendue by the sheriff of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota at the front door of the district court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Friday, the seventh (7th) day of May, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with interest thereon and the costs and disbursements of the sale and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold are the tract and parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered sixteen (16), in block one hundred and seventeen (117), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the plat of said division recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 23rd, 1897.

HOMESTEAD BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for said Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 24-31-April-7-14-21-28.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, made executed and delivered by Vincent Ignasiak (unmarried), of the city of Duluth, mortgagor, to Homestead Building and Loan Association, of the same place, mortgagee, dated the 18th day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight (1888), and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1888, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in Book M of mortgages on page eighty-one (81).

And whereas there is claimed to be due and is now due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and sixty-two and 80-100 ($462.80) dollars, and no proceedng or action has been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises therein described at public vendue by the sheriff of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota at the front door of the district court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Friday, the seventh (7th) day of May, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with interest thereon and the costs and disbursements of the sale and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold is the tract and parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered sixteen (16), in block one hundred and seventeen (117), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the plat of said division recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 23rd, 1897.

HOMESTEAD BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for said Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March- 24-31-April-7-14-21-28.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Olaf Sandstedt at No. 507 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirteen hundred and six 56-100 (1306.56) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by August Bartholdi and Anna Bartholdi, his wife, mortgagors, to Lewis H. Parker, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of February, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of February, 1894, at 4:10 o'clock p. m., in Book 89 of mortgages on page 149; and whereas the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots ten (10) and eleven (11), in block twenty (20), in Portland Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, State of Minnesota, according to the official plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the first (1st) day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of thirteen hundred and six 56-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 16th, A. D. 1897.

LEWIS H. PARKER,
Mortgagee.

W. G. JOERNS,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-17-21-31-April-7-14-21-28.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the furnishing and laying of about 3249 lineal feet of cast iron water pipe and specials, ranging from 6 inches to 30 inches in diameter, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of six hundred (600) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Hannie C. Edson,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Charles C. Pierson, Thomas Pierson and Mrs. Pierson, his wife, whose first names is to this plaintiff unknown, Lucius H. Whipple, Mary P. Whipple, Samuel A. Jamison and Samuel Thompson,
Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court at the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber, at his office at No. 616-617 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated February 5th, 1897.

CLYDE W. STILSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-24-31-April-7-14-21-28.

ARE SUED

Action Begun to Enforce the Liability of Security Bank Stockholders.

Allegation That the Estate Will Not Realize Fifty Thousand Dollars.

Nathan Marcus, a Judgment Creditor, Is the Plaintiff in the Suit.

Nathan Marcus, in behalf of himself and all other creditors of the Security bank, has begun a suit under the provisions of chapter 76 of the general statutes of Minnesota to inforce the statutory liability of the stockholders of that institution. Judge Cant has made an order requiring all creditors to exhibit their claims and become parties to the action within six months.

The complaint recites that when the Security bank failed Aug. 14, 1896, he had on deposit $243.12, on which he recovered a judgment for $256.92. An execution was issued on this judgment and returned unsatisfied, and the judgment creditor seeks relief through this channel. The insolvency and assignment of the bank are set up, and it is alleged that the bank was capitalized in the sum of $100,000, divided into 1000 shares of the par value of $100 each, all of which were disposed of.

It is further alleged that on information and belief that the liabilities of the bank are $378,417.31, and that the assets are not of a greater value than $50,000 over and above the expenses of the administration of the state. It is alleged that the stockholders are severally liable for double the amount of their stock. The plaintiff demands that the court assess upon each of the stockholders a sum equal to twice the amount of stock held by them, or as much as may be necessary to pay all creditors.

The stockholders and the number of shares held by them are as follows: Joseph Sellwood, 235; F. W. Paine, 100; Nels Hall, 20; A. W. Dutton, 10; F. L. Ripley, 20; William C. White, 20; William P. Lardner, 60; E. Grace Graves, 25; G. S. Brown, 10; Ada J. Taylor, 7; Anna R. Giles, 11; Rebecca G. Hawthorne, 1½; Anna E. Hawthorne, 1½; Edward Giles, 1½; John G. Giles, 1½; C. E. Smith, 3; McCordie & Cpeshy, 1; Harrison & Noyes, 1; M. A. Thompson, 1; F. W. Currier, 2; Henry Lardner, Niles, Mich., 240; John Pengilly, Ely, 50; A. M. Chisholm, Hibbing, 10; R. J. Williams, Tower, 40; William C. Hinman, Pontiac, Mich., 30; O. R. Wilmarth, Grand Rapids, Mich., 20; H. B. Hanford, Norwald, Ohio, 10; William J. Prince, Bessemer, Mich., 5; H. P. Osborn, Norwalk, Ohio, 10; Harriet L. Merritt, Marquette, Mich., 20; J. F. Johnson, Amsterdam, N. Y., 3; Hiram H. Gilbert, Gainsville, N. Y., 20; Amos S. Johnson, Big Rapids, Mich., 10.

Austin N. McGindley is Marcus' attorney.

THE FINAL MEETING.

Board of Health Had Its Farewell This Morning.

The last meeting of the old board of health was held this morning, and an adjournment sine die was taken at its conclusion. There were present Health Officer Routh, Dr. Graham, Alderman Richardson and F. W. Kugler.

After the regular business had been transacted, Health Officer Routh made a short farewell speech, expressing his appreciation of the pleasant relations existing between himself and the members of the board. He thanked his subordinates also for their painstaking efforts in the discharge of their duties.

The secretary reported that the total expenses for the year aggregate $10,670.61, as against $14,593.75 for last year, a reduction of $3923.14. The meat inspector's report showed that during the month inspections had been made as follows: Meat markets, 283; commission houses, 183; grocery stores and cellars, 256. There were condemned 870 pounds of meat, 109 pounds of fish, 1760 pounds of fruit and vegetables and 769 pounds of poultry. The health inspectors served 294 notices to abate nuisances, abated 198 nuisances, examined 250 cellars and barns, and fumigated 4 and placarded 4 houses.

The Libel Dismissed.

Judge Cox of the United States district court at Utica, N. Y., has dismissed the libel suit of the Union Transit company, owners of the steamer John V. Moran, against the steamer Maurice B. Grover for damages by collision at Sailor's Encampment, Soo river, May 7, 1896. The libel was for damages to hull and cargo of the Moran and amounted to about $35,000. The Moran was aground near the cut with sailing lights up and an obstruction in the channel. No warning of her situation was given, and it was claimed that she blew a whistle which was interpreted as a signal to come on. When the master of the Grover discovered that the Moran was aground he backed his boat, but too late to avoid a collision.

Is in Good Condition.

The work of putting the tracks of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad in condition for the opening of the season's heavy ore traffic is being pushed with vigor. The road is in much better condition than was expected, and comparatively little work will have to be done to put it in first-class shape. General Manager McBride was fearful that a good deal of damage would be done when the heavy snow melted away, but it has disappeared so gradually that his fears have also disappeared, and nothing but unusually heavy spring rains can result in serious injury.

Will Allow it to Escape.

Provision is to be made in the breakwater being built at the foot of Second avenue east, to allow the water that collects on the low ground back of the city hall to run off. The large lake that formerly occupied the space just west of the old St. Paul & Duluth freight house about seven months in the year will be a thing of the past.

AMUSEMENTS.

BILLY RICE'S MINSTRELS.

Tonight Billy Rice will appear at the Lyceum with his company of minstrel performers. Billy Rice is one of the old-time minstrels, and no one needs to be told who he is. With him are E. M. Hall, the great banjo player; E. M. Kayne, Pascott, the Parisian wonder; the Amphion quartet and a host of others. Popular prices will prevail.

MR. EYFERTH'S COMEDY.

Next Friday evening "Aunt Augusta," a musical comedy in three acts, written by Bruno Eyferth, will be produced at Turner hall. The cast of characters is as follows:

Mrs. Reinhold, a rich widow .....
....Miss Aimee Hunter
Ralph, her son .....John Doran
Anna, a born lady, but a domestic by misfortune ..Miss Meta Eyferth
Aunt Augusta, everybody's friend, ...Miss Emma Wisted
Mr. Thomas Fox, manager of Mrs. R.'s business affairs .....
....Charles Applehagen
Frank, a chore boy still from force of habit .....Bruno Eyferth

There will be a number of songs interspersed, as follows:

First act—"Blue Eyes," John Doran; "Now What d' You Say to That," original, Bruno Eyferth.

Second act—"The Widow's Lot," original, Miss Aimee Hunter; "Gemuethlichkeit," duet, original, Messrs. Applehagen and Eyferth.

Third act—"Strangers' Story," by E. T. Paull, Charles Applehagen; "Never, Never, Nexer Again," original, Bruno Eyferth; "Weary," by Carter and Gabriel, Miss Emma Wisted.

DR. N. D. HILLIS.

Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, D.D., whose lecture on "John Ruskin's Message to the Nineteenth Century," was unavoidably postponed about two months ago, will be here next Tuesday evening and will lecture at the First Methodist church in the Star course. A comment on this lecture runs as follows:

"Dr. Hillis is in many respects our prodigy and wonder. He is impressible and creative, impulsive and yet deliberate, full of sympathy, but self-centered and strong. His lecture on 'John Ruskin' is one of the most marvelous, masterly and inspiring lectures I have ever heard. He has penetrated, fathomed and fashioned the richest things of the great art-artist into a beautiful, forty-five minute lecture that is a symphony of instruction, eloquence, pathos and help. No lover of poetry, beauty or humanity can afford to miss it."

PROFESSOR TOMLINS' LECTURE.

Considerable interest among local musicians attaches to the lecture to be given Friday night at the High School by William M. Tomlins, of Chicago, the musical director of the famous Apollo club, of that city. Professor Tomlins is well known as an authority on musical topics, and he is also credited with a very entertaining style of delivering his information. He makes a practice of illustrating his lectures with his voice and this makes a very interesting aid to the routine of the address.

Endeavor Social.

The Junior Christian Endeavor society gave a charming entertainment at the First Baptist church last evening. The attendance was large. The program consisted of a piano solo by Marie Chambers, chorus by the Juniors, recitation by Winnifred Bain, mandolin solo by Edith Petty, recitation by Alice Billson, piano solo by Clarence Getty, soprano solo by Miss Anna Jacobson, recitation by Emma Barthoedi, recitation by Juno Carr, guitar solo by Ralph Brunet, recitation by Winnifred Hicks, selection by William Campbell, violin solo by Dexter Ostergren, recitation by Miss Chambers, piano solo by Alice Billson, recitation by Henrietta Ostergren, and chorus by Juniors.

Looked Like War.

There was a local wind storm of great violence at the new bridge yesterday. The trouble arose over an attempt made by the bridge company to run a flat car loaded with lumber up the approach. The contractor interfered, refusing to allow the car to pass, on the ground that he had not been paid for his work. Until he was, he said, he would not allow the approach to be used. The employes of both the company and the contractor gathered around and matters looked threatening for a while. The squall blew over, however, and nobody was hurt. The bridge company will get its lumber onto the bridge some other way.

NOT MANY SICK.

London, March 31.—A dispatch to the Daily Chronicle from Sofia, Bulgaria, published today, says: "I have visited the hospitals here and found only 2 per cent of the garrison sick, all trivial cases. The military authorities have stopped all communication across the frontier in consequence of the prevalence of smallpox.

A MINNESOTA STATESMAN.

New York Sun: Long before his talents had made the impression, even in Minnesota, which they are destined to make, the fame of the Hon. Nick Pottgeiser was predicted in these columns. Early and often it was here set down that the Hon. Nick Pittgeiser was the rising statesman and sure to be numbered among the most splendid ornaments of the Gopher reserve. Since then the Hon. Nick Pottgeiser has risen and perched high. In committee and on the floor no other member of the Minnesota senate is half so inspiring. No other member invents more numerous or abler projects of legislation. The Hon. Nick Pottgeiser is at the top, and if there is a higher and a mainer top he is the man to climb up and occupy it.

Pure Blood

Every thought, word and action takes vitality from the blood; every nerve, muscle, bone, organ and tissue depends on the blood for its quality and condition.

Spring Medicine Therefore pure blood is absolutely necessary to right living and healthy bodies. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier and the best Spring Medicine. Therefore it is the great cure for scrofula, salt rheum, humors, sores, rheumatism, catarrh, etc.; the great nervine, strength builder, appetizer, stomach tonic and regulator.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is sold by all druggists. $1, six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills taken after dinner aid digestion.

The Kidney Blow.

THAT IS THE KNOCKOUT WHICH DEATH ADMINISTERS TO BRAINY MEN.

Attacks Their Kidneys and Gradually Poisons Their Blood—Insomnia and Nervous Prostration Follows—Then Dark Despair.

Ah, but that was a sad story which the wires brought from the city of St. Louis on the closing day of 1896. Big-brained J. B. McCullagh, the famous editor-in-chief of the Globe-Democrat of that city, maddened with the slow, but relentless, approach of death, put an end to his sufferings by leaping from his chamber window and dashing out his brains on the pavement beneath!

The dispatches said that he died from a combination of bronchitis and Bright's Disease. He had long been a sufferer from kidney troubles and at length the arduous duties of the recent election campaign had enfeebled other organs. He was confined to his bed by what the doctors called "nervous prostration." He was dying by inches. He knew it. He was not insane, but he knew that sooner or later he would be. Better a quick death than a lingering one.

* * * * * * *

This Bright's Disease is a horrible foe to health. It attacks men of brains, men of energy and great activity, men who overwork themselves. The kidneys' office is to remove waste from the body. If a man lives intensely, and wears himself out too rapidly there is more waste than the kidneys can get rid of.

The kidneys not only weary out, but the un-rid-of waste is sucked into the blood again and poisons it.

You might as well inject a rattlesnake's venom into the veins of a man and expect him to enjoy good health, as to expect a man to live long who has Bright's Disease.

Stopping work may stop the creation of excessive waste. Rest and change of scene, sea voyages and what not, are well enough in their way. But the real way to treat Bright's Disease—disease of the kidneys—is to heal the kidneys, restore them to normal condition, and then living started anew, a man will do well not to overwork these delicate organs thereafter.

What remedy will heal and restore the kidneys?

But one that is known to Science—a prescription that has been tried and never found wanting. That is made by the DODDS MEDICINE COMPANY of Buffalo, and sold by all druggists.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS will cure Bright's Disease.

Price 50 cents a box.

TO THE GOLD FIELDS.

Canadian Pacific is Anxious For the Traffic.

T. H. Larke, commercial agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, returned yesterday from Tower, where he had been to look up business for the Rainy Lake and Seine River gold fields by way of Port Arthur and the Canadian Pacific. Mr. Larke in invading the territory of the rival route to the Canadian El Dorado, acted on the idea that for the next month or two the road by way of Tower would be closed to business, and that the only practicable route for freight and passengers would be via his line. While in Tower he met many men fresh from the mining country, and after listening to their stories concerning recent marvelous discoveries, he was attacked with the gold fever, and is now thoroughly convinced that the richest and most extensive gold deposits on the continent lie on the Canadian border in and adjoining St. Louis county. He is confident that future developments will demonstrate the fact that it is far and away ahead of Cripple Creek or any other camp that has recently attracted public notice.

Quite a party of Duluthians who recently attempted to make the journey from Tower to Mine Center were forced to return because of the condition of the roads, and several persons from there succeeded in getting through only after much difficulty and hardship.

The Canadian Pacific has decided to run special trains between Port Arthur and Rat Portage to connect with boats from Duluth, which will make the time between this city and Rat Portage about twenty-four hours. After navigation is opened on the inland lakes the journey from Rat Portage to Fort Frances and Mine Center can be made in another twenty-four hours, making it possible to reach Seine River and Rainy Lake points from Duluth in two days. The fare, second class to Duluth to Fort Frances, is now $10, but this will be increased to $12. First class passage is $18, and includes meals and berths on the boat lines.

TO PERMIT PURCHASE.

Bill Introduced in the Senate By Mr. Spencer.

The bill relating to the purchase and extension of water or light plants, or combined water and light plants, by cities of over 50,000 inhabitants, which was introduced in the senate by Senator Spencer on Monday, provides, in brief, as follows:

That the common council of any such city may purchase any water or light plant, or combined water and light plant, in operation in such city. Bonds for such purchase may be issued by ordinance passed by a majority vote of the common council, such bonds to run not more than thirty years, and to bear not more than 5 per cent per annum, to be a special exclusive first lien on all water and light franchises, plants, appliances and structures of every kind so purchased. Such bonds shall not be valid and binding, however, until the council shall have submitted to the voters of such city, at either a general or special election, the proposition of issuing such bonds and a majority shall have voted in favor of the issue. The issue of additional water and light bonds is to be authorized in the same manner. The money raised by the issue of bonds shall be applied only in the manner authorized by the voters, and a diversion of such funds is made a misdemeanor punishable by fine of not more than $1000 or by imprisonment not more than one year. Outstanding and immatured bonds of a plant purchased by virtue of the act may be assumed by the city, in case the holders refuse to surrender them, provided that the face value of such bonds shall not exceed the amount to be paid for such plant. In case the revenue exceeds the cost of operation and maintenance, not less than 25 per cent of the net income shall be set aside as a sinking fund to take up such bonds as they mature.

Superfluous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity without injury. Face massage and complexion treatment. Mrs. Julia L. Hughes, 401 Lonsdale building.

NOT SATISFACTORY.

School Trustees Find Fault With the Apportionment.

The public school trustees, at their meeting at the city hall yesterday afternoon, took action looking to united effort to bring about a more satisfactory apportionment of funds.

J. D. Murphy, of Tower, treasurer of district No. 9, said that the board at Tower had come to the conclusion that there is something wrong in the apportionment. Notwithstanding the additional tax on mines, the appropriations were smaller this year than ever before. The amount to be received this year is but about $2100. The Tower schools are now $2000 in debt, he said, of which amount $700 is for teachers' salaries. An investigation is to be made, he said, and he asked that the representatives of the various boards present carry the matter before the trustees of their districts and ask them to assist.

It was resolved that the clerk of the Tower board inform the clerks of the various boards in the county what action is needed. A number of the trustees present pledged their influence to the movement.

It was decided to bring about uniformity in text books as rapidly as practicable, and it was resolved to procure text books such as are used in the Duluth schools whenever a new supply is needed.

The meeting adjourned, subject to call by the president and secretary.

Filed the Findings.

Judge Moer's findings in the case of M. J. Clark against the B. B. Richards Lumber company, an outline of which was given in The Herald about a week ago, were filed yesterday afternoon. As previously stated, Clark gets the timber and lumber and the creditors get the mill. He finds that $258,632.25 is due Clark, and James M. Paine, the special receiver, is continued in office to work up the lumber on hand, sell it, and apply the proceeds to settlement of his own expenses and to Clark's claim. He is to sell all the timber and Clark may bid in enough to satisfy his claim.

Would Cripple It.

The contemplated reduction by the council of the allowance to the Humane society will seriously cripple it, so President Middlecoff of the society said yesterday. He had not heard of the proposed reduction and could hardly believe that one is intended. Being assured of the fact, he said that the society could not, in all probability, raise even $50 per month for the pay of an officer, that figure being the lowest at which a competent man could be secured.

G. A. R. Entertainment.

The entertainment given last evening by Willis A. Gorman post G. A. R. at the Masonic Temple hall was well attended and the program was a good one. Mrs. James McAuliffe sang Sawyer's "Spanish Romance." The Troubadours sang "Old Kentucky Home," and "Soldier's Farwell." C. P. Maginnis, A. F. Rudolph and Rev. G. H. Humason gave recitations. Rev. C. H. Patton spoke giving a description of a visit to John Brown's grave.

Creditors to Meet.

The Bell estate creditors are to meet this evening to determine whether they wish the estate closed up at once or continued. The meeting will be held at the office of Clinton Markell in the Lonsdale building.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 19, 1896.

Messrs. Ely Bros.—I have used Ely's Cream Balm a number of years and find it works like a charm. It has cured me of the most obstinate case of cold in the head in less than forty-eight hours from the time I felt the cold coming on. I would not be without it. Respectfully yours,

FREDERICK FRIES.

283 Hart street.

Cream Balm is kept by all druggists. Full size, 50 cents. Trial size, 10 cents. We mail it. ELY BROS.

56 Warren Street, New York city.

WANT THE VENCEDOR.

New York Clubmen Want Chicago's Crack Yacht.

Chicago, March 31.—A syndicate of prominent New York yachtsmen have about closed negotiations for the purchase of Commodore Berryman's crack yacht, the Vencedor. The Eastern yachtsmen want the Western sloop to pit against Howard Gould's fast yacht, the Niagara. Commodore Berryman agrees to put up a bonus of $1000, which the purchasers should take if the Vencedor failed to defeat the Niagara in two out of three races. Both of the yachts are of the same general type, the Western yacht being two feet bigger, racing length. Yachtsmen will be much interested in noting the performance of a lake yacht over the salt water courses.

KRUGER'S PROMPT ACT.

Cape Town, March 31.—President Kruger has suspended his grandson Eloff from office for making a speech in which he insulted Queen Victoria and Great Britain. The president in the press expresses his sincere regret at Eloff's irresponsible reference. A fight has occurred between a party of Swazis and whites near Baberton, and it is feared serious trouble is impending. The whites have sent an urgent request for a police force, which will be sent.

The innumerable testimonials in the possession of its proprietors show the good work Salvation Oil is doing. 25 cents.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

PIMPLY FACES

Pimples, blotches, blackheads, red, rough, oily, mothy skin, itching, scaly scalp, dry, thin, and falling hair, and baby blemishes prevented by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery.

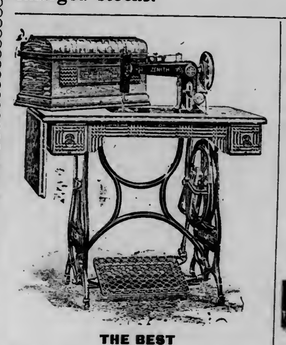
Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Beautify the Skin," free

BLOOD HUMORS Permanently Cured by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Low rents make low prices

There isn't a store on Superior street half the size of this that does not pay double the rent we do. That accounts for the low prices at which we can sell reliable goods. That also accounts for the fact that during the past five years (dull ones, too) this store has grown from a good sized furniture store to do the largest business in Duluth in the following lines: **Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Curtains, Drapery, Stoves, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Clocks and Bicycles.** The success the public has accorded us has made it possible to double the size of the Crockery Department, also to add a large and complete department of **Pianos, Aeolians and Organs.** These departments were opened Monday. We thank the public for their generous patronage and solicit an early inspection of our new and enlarged stocks.



THE BEST

Sewing Machines

That can be made. Fully guaranteed and sold on liberal terms of payment.

The Eldredge, - $27.50

The Expert, - - $20.00



This Heavy Roll Carriage, with best upholstering, ... **$10.00**

We handle exclusively the Celebrated Heywood Carriage—

$6.75 to $30.



Sideboards.

Great drop in prices—

A good Board for..... **$10.00**

Like cut..... **$12.50**

A Rich Carved Board..... **$15.00**

And up to $100.00.





A Rich, Decorated,

DINNER SET,

100 pieces, worth $9.00 anywhere.

$5.95.



Cut Glass Tumblers.

Per dozen—$3.50

Handsome cut and fully worth $6 a dozen; only 10 dozen in stock.

TWO GREAT BARGAINS IN

PLAIN WHITE CHINA.

A special purchase for this sale—in Sets and open stock.

55-piece Dinner Sets for $3.75

COMPOSITION:—1 covered dish, 1 sugar bowl, 1 cream pitcher, 1 sauce boat, 1 pickle dish, ½ dozen cups and saucers, ½ dozen 5-inch plates, ½ dozen 8-inch plates, ½ dozen soup plates, ½ dozen sauce dishes, ½ dozen butters, 1 baker, 1 8-inch platter, 1 12-inch platter, 1 butter dish.

100-piece Dinner Sets for $6.50

COMPOSITION:—1 butter dish, 2 covered dishes, 1 sugar bowl, 1 cream pitcher, 1 sauce boat, 1 pickle dish, 1 dozen 5-inch plates, 1 dozen 8-inch plates, 1 dozen soup plates, 1 dozen fruit plates, 1 dozen butters, 1 dozen cups and saucers, 2 open deep dishes, 1 8-inch platter, 1 12-inch platter.

Terms Cash or

$25 worth of Goods—	$5 down and	$5 a month
$40 worth of Goods—	$8 down and	$6 a month
$50 worth of Goods—	$12 down and	$7 a month
$60 worth of Goods—	$15 down and	$8 a month
$75 worth of Goods—	$18 down and	$9 a month
$100 worth of Goods—	$20 down and	$10 a month

Special and Favorable Arrangements for Larger Amounts.

French & Bassett

COMPLETE HOUSE-FURNISHERS.

FIVE ARE DEAD.

New York's Fire Fatality List Is Growing.

New York, March 31.—Developments prove that five instead of three persons were suffocated by smoke in the 5-story apartment house, 61 West One Hundred and Fifth street, which was partially destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon.

Early this morning the bodies of Mrs. A. Darlington and her 5-year-old adopted son were recovered between the stairways on the fourth story of the building. The list of dead now stands:

Mrs. Adelina Darlington, recently of Greenwich, Conn.

Marcell Darlington, 5 years old, adopted son of Mrs. Adelina Darlington.

Mrs. Elizabeth French, 23 years old, of Pueblo, Mex.

Fidele French, daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth French, 3 months old.

Mrs. Ellen Morrissey, 45 years old, of Albany, N. Y.

MRS. J. T. HARAHAN DEAD.

Memphis, Tenn., March 31.—Mrs. J. T. Harahan, the wife of the vice president and general manager of the Illinois Central railroad system, died in this city at 5 o'clock this morning at the residence of her son-in-law, A. N. Dale. She had been ill many months.

YANTIC AFLOAT AGAIN.

New York, March 31.—The Herald's correspondent in Montevideo, Urguay, telegraphs that the United States cruiser Yantic is afloat. She did not suffer any material damage.

MORE MOUNTED POLICE.

Ottawa, Ont., March 31.—The Dominion government has decided to send twenty more mounted police to the Yukon gold fields. They will leave for the Northwest in a couple of weeks.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

J. Winness to P. Olen, lot 6, block 103, and lots 5 and 6, block 84, West Duluth, Second division..$	1,200
Thomas Bowden to S. J. Sheehee, lot 23, block 71, First addition to Virginia	150
J. G. Scot to Thomas Bowden, lot 23, block 71, First addition to Virginia	150
Charles Knuppi to O. S. Olson, lands in section 30-49-15.....	120
John Erickson to David Adams, lot 11, block 73, West Duluth, Second division	300
Beda C. Olson to Fred J. Voss, lands in section 33-58-18.....	200
O. D. Kigney to Matt Kurre, lot 7, block 2, Whiteside's addition Ely	150
E. M. Patterson to Gust Nyman, lot 4, block 30, Ely.....	64
C. E. Sheridan et al to Cloquet Lumber company, timber in section 29-58-19	175
G. G. Dickerman et al to R. L. Cochrane, lot 22, block 4, Proctorknott, First addition	100
Caroline Stahl to Pearl A. M. Stahl, lands in section 34-52-12...	500
James McCahill to P. H. Rahilly, lands in sections 22 and 23-58-20..	6,000
One unpublished	$50
B. F. & J. G. Howard ex. to Jay C. Howard, lots 8 and 9, block 13, Central division, and lot 271 Lake avenue Upper Duluth..$	27,500
B. F. Howard to Jay C. Howard, lot 269, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth	2,500
A. L. Melander to Carrie Meier, s½ lot 26, block 1, Industrial division	550
E. Larson to Idel Coty, lot 6, block 57, Tower	75
G. W. Horton to A. M. Stearns, lot 11, block 34, London addition..	1,200
Dan Smith to White & Friant Lumber company, lands in section 11-69-20	275
J. Tramblay to Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company, right-of-way in section 2-52-18....	100

Fifty Years a Priest.

The golden jubilee of priesthood of Reverend Peter Boucher, chaplain of St. Mary's hospital, was celebrated yesterday at the cathedral. The ceremony was very impressive. Rev. Father Boucher celebrated the mass and was assisted by Rev. C. V. Gamache, Rev. Father George, Rev. Father Corbett, Rev. Edward Lawler and Rev. Charles Giroux. Rt. Rev. James McGolrick was present. Father Corbett delivered the sermon.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, is on every wrapper.

Great Hotel of New York.

The Plaza, pioneer of the uptown center, maintains its lead as giving the best value for the price; European and American plans; Fifth avenue and Plaza square. Quick access to all parts of the city by elevated and surface routes.

Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sold by all the leading dealers

The popularity of the Gordon Hat!

WEST END

Alderman Sang Is Opposed to Any Improvement Work This Year.

Petition In Favor of the Poor House Bill Is Being Circulated.

Mitchell & McClure Will Begin Operations as Soon as Possible.

Alderman Sang believes the prospects for any public improvements in West Duluth this year are not very good. While he, like all others, concedes the necessity for much work in the West End, he does not believe the financial condition of property owners would warrant the city council in authorizing any expenditures that would be assessed against property whose owners are not even able to pay taxes that are now levied. The indications are that no new sewers will be built this year.

THE POORHOUSE BILL.

A petition addressed to the St. Louis county delegation in the state legislature, praying them to use their influence in securing the passage of the bill now pending authorizing the issuance of loan orders by the St. Louis county commissioners for the construction of a county poorhouse, was circulated in West Duluth today, and quite generally signed. The petition requests that instead of $25,000 that $50,000 of these orders be authorized, and it expresses the opinion that favorable action on the part of the legislature will enable the county to so change its system of caring for the poor as to save to the taxpayers more than enough within the next few years to pay for the buildings that it is proposed to erect from the proceeds of the loan orders. Members of the city council are quite generally attaching their names to the petition.

WILL BEGIN EARLY.

If the ice in the booms will permit, Mitchell & McClure's mill will begin the season's sawing about April 15, and before then if practicable. This firm has a large stock of last year's logs that were hung up on the Nemadji, and that will come down with the early spring freshets. Most of the firm's stock of lumber now on the docks has been sold and sawing will begin early that lumber may be had for the spring trade.

THE DEMOREST CONTEST.

The rhetorical contest for the Demorest silver medal, under the auspices of the Women's Christian Temperance union, for the benefit of the free reading room, was held at the Presbyterian church last night and was well attended. Those who entered for the prizes were: Misses Tower, Ward, McClish, Nellis, Coughlin, and Janet Stewart, and Charles Osborn and Albert Mallory. Albert Mallory was declared the winner of the silver medal, while the second prize, a year's subscription to Demorest's Monthly, was won by Janet Stewart. Rev. Anthony F. Elmquist, Mrs. Davis and Miss Andrews acted as judges. All who participated were commended for their excellent work. The entertainment was supplemented by a number of recitations, rendered by the Jewel quartet and a solo by C. J. Harding.

GRAND MEDICAL EXAMINER.

Dr. I. T. Burnside this morning received the official notification of his appointment as grand medical examiner for the state of Minnesota of the Degree of Honor. The position is an important and lucrative one, and is the best in the gift of the order. The applications of all candidates for membership in the Degree of Honor lodges must first pass the scrutiny of Dr. Burnside before they can be favorably acted upon. The new medical examiner is a member of the new Degree of Honor lodge recently established in West Duluth, and he was a delegate to the grand lodge meeting, held in St. Paul two weeks ago. His appointment is a compliment to the West Duluth lodge which, although less than two months old, is in a thriving and prosperous condition.

HAS ACCEPTED.

Rev. F. E. Higgins, of Barnum, has been called to the pastorate of the House of Hope Presbyterian church at New Duluth, and will assume the duties of his new charge at once. Mr. Higgins has occupied the pulpit of the First Presbyterian church at Barnum for the past two years, where he preached his farewell sermon last Sunday. Since Rev. William L. Hackett removed to Caledonia, Minn., the House of Hope church has been without a pastor.

EPWORTH LEAGUE PROGRAM.

The program to be given at the Asbury M. E. church by the Epworth league, Friday night, will consist of charades, proverbs and other amusements suitable for an April Fool social. The refreshment service will in itself prove a great source of amusement, as is indicated by the novel names given the several dishes that appear on the following bill of fare: Early Eye Opener, Devil's Cake, Golden Cake. The Doctor's Best Friend, Japanese a la Point, Aqua DeLut a, Fruit of the Vine, Two to One. The social will be concluded with a magic lantern exhibition.

W. W. NEWELL WILL PREACH.

The pulpit of Plymouth Congregational church on Fifty-fourth avenue west, which has been vacant since Rev. O. W. Helmming resigned as pastor, over a year ago, will be occupied Sunday evening next by Rev. W. W. Newell. The church has only been used for meetings of the Sunday school and Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, both of which organizations have been maintained without a pastor.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

John Murphy has moved on his claim, near Two Harbors, to prepare for spring planting.

Nels Holm has gone to North Dakota to reside. He was formerly an employe of the Duluth Beef company.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. occurs tomorrow at 2:30 p. m., in the Congregational church. The program is in charge of Mrs. Stewart, and includes a paper on "How and What to Read," a brief review of "Beside the Bonnie Brier Bush," a talk by Rev. John Wilson on the book and its author and Scotch songs by Mrs. Duenwald.

A daughter was born last night to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Schroeder.

George Coleman, of 20 Fifty-fourth avenue west, is the father of a healthy girl baby.

A. F. Elmquist, pastor of the Elm Lutheran church, will conduct Lenten services at the residence of C. A. Johnson, Fifty-ninth avenue west, this evening. Tomorrow night he will preach at New Duluth.

STATUTORY LIABILITY.

Suit to Enforce It Against Trust Company.

Nine complaints in intervention in the case of the International Trust company in behalf of itself and all other creditors against the American Loan and Trust company, were filed this morning by R. R. Briggs, attorney for the plaintiffs. In each of them the plaintiffs set up their claims and ask to be made party plaintiffs in the suit, which is to enforce the statutory liability of the stockholders under chapter 76.

The aggregate amount of the nine claims is $88,732.70, and all are on notes. Part of them are notes made by the American Loan and part are on notes negotiated by it. A large number of the notes involved are mortgage notes made to the trust company by people whose names adorn the handsomely engraved paper of the company, but who have so far failed to pay. The claimants are as follows: St. Paul National bank, $15,891.13; Emma L. Chadwick, $737.53; Emma V. D. Bonsall, $2542.27; S. H. Goodwin, $1363.02; S. C. Martin estate, $1921.40; F. O. Prince, as guardian for George Belknap, insane, $11,819.05; Massachusetts Loan and Trust company, $30,-725.85, due on a note for $50,000 made by the American Loan; Lucia M. Peabody, $2612.29; Grandin Bros., $21,129.16.

Le Coier Chapue yesterday began suit for divorce against Matilda Chapue, on the grounds of desertion. The parties were married in Houghton, Mich., in December, 1876, and they are 48 and 44 years of age respectively. The husband alleges that his wife deserted him in December, 1889, thirteen years after their marriage, and he had seen nothing of her for eight years. There are no children. John H. Norton is the attorney.

BEAR SKINS.

Gave Him Credit and He Made the Most of It.

The day that Tom Thibideau arrived in Greenville from Northeast Carry he was by all odds the richest man in town. In his pocket was an order on a Bangor firm for $117, in payment for his winter's work, and on his sled were two bearskins which were worth about $50, besides the bounty of $5 each from the state. Thibideau reached the hotel before Lent, and called for refreshments, both solid and liquid, says the New York Sun. Then he went to the town treasurer's office to collect the bounty on the skins. The treasurer having no money, told him to go on down to Shirley, where a special fund was always on hand for bear slayers. Having no money to pay his fare on the cars Tom went to another hotel and secured supper and lodging by showing his bearskins intact, and promising to pay as soon as he made collection. He walked to Shirley and waited two days for the town treasurer to return from a fishing trip. Finding the treasury of Shirley as empty as that of Greenville, he secured another night's lodging at the hotel and pushed on to Guilford in pursuit of his bounty.

At Guilford the appropriations had been overdrawn in breaking roads, and no bounty could be paid to anybody, so Thibideau again moved on, visiting Dover, Foxcroft, Milo, and La Grange, without being able to collect a cent. Though no cash was forthcoming the sight of the bearskins with nose and ears intact was enough to secure credit wherever he went, and the nearer he got to Bangor the more generously he was used. In Old Town he received a room with a fire in it, and had four hot whiskies sent up before he went to bed.

Bangor was equally generous, so that by the time he was ready to collect his pay he had run up bills amounting to $12 for refreshments. Having left unpaid bills in every town between Greenville and Bangor he hurried to the lumberman's office and presented his order, but was again disappointed to learn that his wife had taken up his wages as fast as they became due, so there was not a cent coming to him. In this dilemma he ceased taking solid nourishment and devoted himself so assiduously to liquids that he was sent to Bangor jail for thirty days.

If Thibideau could have collected his bounties his fine would have been paid and no imprisonment would have been required. Realizing the value of an uncollected bounty he took the bearskins to jail with him and he will hold them until his term expires. Then he will procure a new suit of clothes from the sheriff and start out on a collecting tour of Maine. He proposes to travel until he finds some town treasurer who has money enough on hand to pay the bounty, and considering his late experiences, he will be in no hurry to secure his reward. In less than two weeks he ran up hotel bills amounting to nearly $100, and still has his bearskins as good as new. If his plans work he will be able to travel all summer and live on the fat of the land.

WITHDREW HIS OBJECTION.

It was evident that the gray-haired old gentleman was put out about something, says the Chicago Post.

"Yesterday," he said, "I heard you refer to me as 'the old man.'"

"Very likely," replied the young man.

"Well, I don't like it," returned the old gentleman. "I suppose you meant nothing wrong, but it is disrespectful. I have always tried to be fair and considerate with the boys in the office and I don't like to be repaid in this way."

"Did you ever know of anyone who was unpopular being called 'the old man?'" asked the young man.

"Eh? What's that?" demanded the old gentleman.

"When a man is known through an office as 'Mister' isn't it a 10 to 1 bet that he is pretty generally disliked or feared?"

The old gentleman thought it over for a minute.

"Perhaps," he said at last, "in view of my own recollection of an 'old man' and how I regarded him I'd better withdraw any objections to the term."

Dr. Miles' Nervine Victorious.

Physical and Mental Exhaustion Gives Way to Vigorous Activity.



REV. W. T. HOUCK, the talented pastor of Grace U. B. church, Carlisle, Penn., writes September 28, 1895: "I always enjoyed good health until in 1892, at which time my duties as a clergyman were of a peculiarly trying nature, subjecting me to several severe nervous shocks which together with overwork and anxiety, impaired my general health and nervous system. Indeed I was in such a condition that the mere sight of a large congregation so wearied me that it would require a day or more for me to recover from the exhaustion. It affords me great pleasure to say that Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Restorative Tonic have done me untold good. I preached three times yesterday and I feel as fresh and vigorous this Monday morning as I ever felt in my life, thanks to your remedies.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book, on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

CHICAGO THIEVES.

A Slick Band of Light Fingered Gentry.

If there is anything in or around Chicago that is not liable to be stolen, just name it, says the Chicago Record.

Think of the things which seem to be beyond the garnering of thieves—air, sunlight, water.

Why, a man on the West Side tapped his neighbor's ventilating shaft and stole fresh air for his workshop and became defendant in a damage suit.

Sunlight is the greatest luxury in town. A tenant on the top floor of an office building put up an awning which shaded the sunlight and thus robbed the poor people on the lower floors of their small allowance of sunshine. He was denounced a thief, and he had to give back the light.

As for water, were not some wealthy packers accused of tapping the city mains and using thousands of dollars' worth of lake water?

Real estate is supposed to be safe from "hold-up" men and sneak thiefs, but it isn't.

One day, several years ago, Inspector J. D. Shea, then a lieutenant, was sitting in a West Side police station when his friend and fellow countryman, Tom Tully, came in.

"I have a new kind of a case for you, Jack," said Mr. Tully.

"Yes? What is it?"

"They've shtolen me lot."

"Stolen your lot? How is that?"

"Well, they've shtolen it, and they haven't. It's there and yet it ain't there."

It seemed that Mr. Tully had purchased a lot in an outlying street. He had not looked at the property for many months. One day he went out to inspect his strip of land and see if the neighborhood was building up. He found that his lot had been excavated to a depth of seven feet, so that, instead of a building lot he had a large cellar with puddles of water and a scattering of tomato cans and broken bottles.

Any man can be a burglar or a footpad, but it requires an ingenious and inventive person to steal real estate and growing crops.

Did not a band of pastoral thieves descend upon a ten-acre patch of timothy hay southwest of the stock yards?

They came with a mowing machine, a horse rake, forks and wagons. They made hay while the sun shone and hauled it away on racks. When the owner of the land arrived to gather his crop he found only a few stray leavings. Hundreds of people had seen the thieves at work, but no one had suspected anything. There were no arrests.

More than one truck farmer has had his field of cabbages stripped bare in a single night, and this, too, within the corporate limits of a city where policemen are supposed to be on patrol duty all the time.

In some parts of Chicago and especially during the cold weather, an unoccupied house will be demolished in less than a week unless it is guarded. First, the fence pickets are taken, then the sidewalks disappear, then the clapboards and window sashes are pulled loose. In more than one instance a house has been razed to the ground and used, a piece at a time, for firewood.

The subdivision boomers, who lay sidewalks on the prairies, find that they must use cement. A wooden sidewalk goes for kindling wood.

Building sand left in piles is liable to be loaded up and hauled away. Bricks have a market value, also, and young trees can be taken up and transplanted.

WANTED TO GO HOME.

As the Royal Blue line flyer on the Baltimore & Ohio road, running sixty miles an hour, approached the station of Lorraine, N. J., Wednesday morning, a signal to stop was seen fluttering in the center of the track, says the New York Journal.

The engineer sanded the track and turned on the air brakes, while the pallor of death broke through the grime on his face. The train rumbled and shock and brought up with a jerk that tumbled the passengers over the seats.

As the train came to standstill a small boy, with a grip sack, stepped up to the frightened conductor and said:

"I want to go to Elizabeth."

"Who in thunder are you?" demanded the conductor.

"George Case, aged 15, going on 16. I live in Elizabeth," he added naively.

By that time the engineer had climbed down, and when he heard the news the air turned as blue as his own overalls.

The conductor took the boy aboard and handed him over to a policeman at Elizabeth. The boy, who is an amateur electrician, had been stringing wires in the house of a friend at Lorraine, where the inhabitants signal local trains when they want to get somewhere. There is no station agent at Lorraine and in his innocence young Case happened to head off the Royal Blue.

THE CURSE

Of mankind—contagious blood poison—claimed as its victim Mr. Frank B. Martin, 926 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., and the usual physician's treatment did him not the slightest good. His condition reached that deplorable stage which only this terrible disease can produce.

THE CURE

After all else failed, was at last found in S. S. S.—the greatest of all blood remedies. Eighteen bottles removed the disease permanently, and left his skin without a blemish.

S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable; and is the only known cure for this most terrible disease. Books free; address, Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

SSS



(Native Kola User.)

Every MAN or WOMAN who lacks the strength of perfect manhood or womanhood can regain it by taking Dr. Charcot's KOLA NERVINE TABLETS. The greatest builder up of the Nervous system of this century.

A positive cure for Sleeplessness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Melancholia, Neuralgia and all Nervous Disorders.

Sold by all leading druggists at $1 a box; 6 boxes for $5. Write for genuine testimonials and proofs. Prepared only by Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.

You Can Be Strong

Cheap Selling of Reliable Merchandise.

POWER AND SETTLE DULUTH MINN.

Values Clipped . . . .

There will be great activity in the different departments. New, desirable material, the best in the market, will be put on sale at prices that will cause rapid selling. Buy now! Don't wait until these goods are all sold, and then wish you had bought while you could have gotten them.

Prices clipped here and there throughout the store, and it may be on the very article you wish.

Turkish Towels. 100 doz. new Turkish Towels, in Bleached and Unbleached, large and small, all good qualities, go on sale tomorrow at ridiculously low prices.

14x32-inch Bleached and Unbleached Turkish Towels, good values, worth 10c, for..... 5c

18x36 Full Bleached Heavy Turkish Towel, worth 18c, for..... 12½c

22x48-inch Unbleached Turkish Towel, heavy, with Colored Border, worth 18c, for..... 12½c

23x48 Unbleached Turkish Towel, extra heavy, Plain Border, good value at 25c, for..... 18c

22x48 Full Bleached, an elegant extra heavy Turkish Towel, will be cheap at 40c, will sell for..... 25c

12-inch Wash Cloth, good weight, worth 6c, for..... 3½c

Wash Fabric. Figured Dimities, in stripes and checks, with dainty and pretty colored figure; also grotesque patterns; reasonable at 18c; will sell for..... 12½c

Domestic Organdies, in beautiful colorings, worth 20c, will sell at..... 15c

Choice Shades in Plain Sateens, worth 18c, for..... 11c

Artificial Flowers. Indications point to a distinctively flower season. We wish to draw attention to our exquisite collection of the most beautiful Flowers, consisting of Violets, Roses, Foliage, Daisies, Geraniums, Poppies, Autumn Foliage, Lillies of the Valley, Thistles, etc.

Perfect flowers, good quality.

Violets..... 3 bunches 10c
Roses..... 10c
Violets, large bunch..... 10c

Watch for our Millinery Opening Announcement.

Umbrella Sale. A large invoice of Umbrellas, in plain and fancy Silks, Changeable Silks, plain and fancy Handles, selling at clipped prices.

Gentlemen's Umbrella, solid stick, plain and metal trimmed, a good, strong Umbrella, will go on sale tomorrow at..... 69c

Ladies' Umbrella, solid stick, fancy handles, metal trimmed and plain, a serviceable Umbrella, will sell Thursday for..... 69c

Ribbon Sale. 75 pieces of Moire Taffeta Silk Ribbon, full 4½-inch wide, all the new Spring shades and tints, would be reasonable at 40c, will sell for..... 28c

Dress Goods. One lot of Checked and and Striped Wool Suitings, worth up to 48c a yard, for..... 28c

Bourette Checks and Etamine Plaids, worth 68c and 75c a yard, sell for..... 49c

Plain Colored Etamine and English Serge, Spring shades, reasonable at 75c a yard, sell for..... 53c

All Wool Black Drap De Ete Serge, 46-inch wide, good value at 50c, for..... 39c

Black Storm Serge, 48-inch wide, reasonable at 75c a yard, will sell for... 50c

Black Clay Serge, All Wool, 56-inch wide, good value for 85c, our price..... 65c

Lining Sale. Our Linings are the best quality made; there is only one cheap feature about them, and that is THE PRICE.

15c Rustle Lining for..... 10c

18c Fast Black Percaline for..... 15c

Genuine French Hair Cloth 28c

All Linings sold at Clipped Price.

Suit Dept. Covert Cloth Ladies' Jacket, Double Breasted, for..... $5.00

Ladies' Jacket, in French Moline Cloth, fly front, for..... $8.50

Black Broadcloth Jacket, Silk Lined throughout, fly front, for..... $8.00

Ladies' Capes, Brocade Silk, Silk Lined, for..... $8.50

Clay Worsted Capes, handsomely braided, for..... $4.50

Misses' Jackets, Covert Cloth, Double Breasted, for..... $4.50

Misses' Fly Front Jacket, Covert Cloth, Changeable Silk lined, for..... $9.00

Ladies' Cloth Suits, fly front Jacket, Changeable Silk lined, for..... $7.50

A full line of Nobby Suits, Taffeta Silk lined throughout, Skirt and Jacket, for..... $18.00

Misses' Suits,

From..... $6.00 to $10.00

Separate Skirts, fine material, selling at..... $2.50 and $3.00

New Silks, New Dress Goods, New Suits.
New Wash Goods, New Laces, New Trimmings.
New Jackets, New Ribbons, New Millinery.

POWER & SETTLE

(Number 2)

MARKET PRICES.

Market Grocery Co.

106 West First St.

White Clover Honey, 2 frames, 25c

49-lb sack Patent Flour	$1.05
60-foot Clothes Line, each	10c
10c bottle Blueing	5c
10c sack Fine Salt	5c
Domestic Sardines, per can	3c
Marrowfat Peas, per can	6c
Sugar Corn, per can	7c
3-lb can Tomatoes, per can	8c
3-lb can Fancy Pumpkins, per can	9c
XXX Crackers, by the box, per lb	5c
2-lb bricks Codfish, per brick	13c
Whole Codfish, per lb	5c
25c package Parlor Matches	10c
Yellow Corn Meal, 8 lbs	10c
Yellow Peas, 6 lbs	10c
Fresh Eggs, per dozen	12c
California Prunes, per lb	5c
1-lb can Finnan Haddies	4c
4-lb package Wheatall (Farina)	4c
1 box, 3 cakes, Toilet Soap	6c
1 gallon White Vinegar	14c
1-lb can Baked Beans, Tomato Sauce	5c
Hoffman House Blend Coffee	28c

Coffee Mill free with 5 lbs any kind of Coffee.

Fresh Vegetables, Lettuce, Radishes, Green Onions, Pie Plant, Celery and Green Peas at MARKET PRICES.

Note—
Market Prices the Lowest on record.

We carry a large stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries and make the Market Price the lowest.

Market Grocery Co.

108 WEST FIRST STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N. SCOTT, Manager

TONIGHT.

Billy Rice's Minstrels In...

New, Novel and Special Features.
30 Star Artists, including
Billy Rice, E. M. Hall, E. M. Kayne, Bernard & Young, Will E. Nankeville, J. W. Early, R. V. Presser, Will I. Fisher, Will Riley, Pascotel, the Parisian wonder, Prof. Scott's Brass Band and Orchestra. Look out for the big parade at noon.
Popular Prices.

Music AND Education

Prof. W. L. Tomlins,

For 25 years director of the famous Apollo Club, Chicago, also choral director of the World's Fair, will lecture as above, at the

ASSEMBLY HALL,
HIGH SCHOOL.
On Friday, April 2nd, at 8 p. m.
Admission 25c, - - - - - Children 15c.

Tickets for sale at superintendent's office, High School, and of the principals of the city schools, and at the door.

STAR ★ LECTURE ★ COURSE
FIRST M. E. CHURCH.
Tuesday Evening April 6.

Rev. N. D. Hillis, D.D.

Subject—"John Ruskin's Message to the 19th Century."

Wednesday evening, April 14, the famous Boston Ideal Club, a quintet of singers, accompanying themselves with Banjos, Guitars and Mandolins.

Each entertainment 50c. Seats go on sale for the Hillis lecture Saturday, April 3, at 9 a. m., at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of six hundred eight and 36-100 ($608.36) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by William Klingbeil and Maryanna Klingbeil, his wife, mortgagors, to Katarzyna Tobota, mortgagee, bearing date the 30th day of January, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of January, 1893, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 67 of mortgages on page 513, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The west half (w½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of section twenty-seven (27), in township fifty-two (52) north, of range fourteen (14) west of the 4th P. M., with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 23d day of April, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and fifty (50) dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 10th, A. D. 1897.

KATARZYNA TOBOTA,
Mortgagee.

AGATIN, DAVIDSON & CAREY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-10-17-24-31-April-7-14.

BENSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY.
References—First National Bank. American Exchange Bank.
Offices in Exchange Building, Duluth.

APRIL 5!

Is the date of our next excursion to

SIBLEY,
Georgia.

And other points on the Georgia Southern & Florida Railway.

ON THE ABOVE DATE VERY LOW RATES WILL BE MADE FOR ROUND TRIP TICKETS.

For full information regarding Georgia lands, rates, maps, etc., call on or address

LOUD & WOODWARD,
Immigration Agents, G. S. & F. Ry.,
802 Tower Ave., West Superior, Wis.
OR—
B. W. SUMMERS,
Ticket Agent, C. M. St. P. & O. Ry.
405 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Melvin J. Clark, Plaintiff.
vs.
B. B. Richards Lumber Company and Duluth Trust Company, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 30th day of March, 1897, I, the undersigned, James M. Paine, receiver, appointed in said action, will as such receiver sell at public auction to the highest bidder on Thursday, the 29th day of April, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the sawmill yard and docks of the B. B. Richards' Lumber Company, situate at New Duluth, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, all the lumber, lumber products, lath and shingles now in the yards and on the docks of the said B. B. Richards' Lumber Company at New Duluth aforesaid, consisting of about 8,000,000 feet of lumber, 3,500,000 shingles and 6,500,000 lath, including about 2,000,000 feet of lumber marked in the name of Mitchell & McClure, which said sale of said 2,000,000 feet will be made subject to the claim preferred by said Mitchell & McClure. A more detailed description of said lumber, lumber products, lath and shingles will be furnished upon inquiry at the office of the undersigned at room 4 Mesaba block, in the city of Duluth.

Also: A quantity of about 8,000,000 feet of white pine saw logs now banked on the St. Louis river about five miles above Fond du Lac, St. Louis County, Minnesota, the same having been cut by the undersigned as receiver under the order of the court in this action and stamped on the end (P); said logs run about seven (7) logs to the thousand feet, and all to be delivered at the mill boom of any mill at the head of the lakes as provided in a contract for the cutting and delivering thereof between one Lauchlan McPherson and the undersigned as such receiver, which said contract and scale bills and scale books of said logs, can be examined at the office of the undersigned as aforesaid.

Terms of sale will be cash ten per cent of which must be paid at the time of sale and the balance upon confirmation of the sale by the court.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 31st, 1897.

JAMES M. PAINE,
As Receiver.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-31-April-7-14-21-28.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

There is a gathering of new Spring Goods here at prices that you will find particularly interesting.

COME AND SEE THEM!

Fashionable Dress Fabrics.

A magnificent and comprehensive collection of beautiful textiles for fashionable gowns.

Spring Wraps and Costumes.

The extraordinary preparation in our large Cloak department has so far proven itself worthy of its effort, and the business this department is enjoying is unprecedented. The ranges of styles are very large; the values are always the best, the styles the newest, the makes always of the best. **Our English Walking Coats, Cloth and Silk Capes, Cheviot Serge Suits, Dress Skirts, Silk and Wash Waists,** are undoubtedly superior in style and quality and the prices very satisfactory.

New Laces and Trimmings.

Spring opening of beautiful Novelties, evidences of the fact that we create as well as we sell. New and larger quarters for the Laces and Trimmings. New things arriving daily.

Kid Gloves.

We always plan to supply Easter and all Spring Glove wants in a most satisfactory manner with styles and colors of the very newest. We have just received the very latest shades of the new greens, exquisite colors and positively the latest fad. **For anything new, fashionable, good and reliable** and at the right prices we are headquarters.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

THE HEALTH REPORT.

March Death Rate Lower Than Last Year.

The mortuary report for March, which is being compiled by Secretary Rossiter, of the board of health, shows, as to the number of deaths, a favorable comparison with the corresponding month last year, there having been forty for the month just passed as against forty-seven for March, 1896. The death rate for the month is eight per 1000. The causes of death are as follows: Pneumonia, 7; nephritis, 4; consumption, 3; enteritis, 3; cancer of stomach, 2; old age, 2; meningitis, 2; gastro enteritis, 2; typhoid, 2; diarrhoea, 2; cerrhosis of liver, 2; infantile convulsions, 2; 1 each from la grippe, septicaemia, general tuberculosis, peritonitis, sarcoma of neck, diabetes, abscess of liver, cardiac dropsy. The ages of those dying were as follows: Nine under 1 year; 3 from 1 to 5 years; 1 from 5 to 10 years; 1 from 10 to 20 years; 9 from 20 to 40 years; 9 from 40 to 60 years; 8 from 60 to 80; born in Duluth, 13; in other states, 12; foreign born, 15. Males, 21; females, 19; married, 18; single, 18.

There were 100 births, of which 50 were males and 50 females; stillborn, 2; illegitimate, 3.

Express Company Changes.

A number of changes have taken place in the express offices at the head of the lakes. The American and Northern Pacific offices at Superior, have been consolidated and J. A. Sidney, of the American, is in charge. L. E. Browning, who has been the agent of the Northern Pacific company in Duluth, has been promoted to the Minneapolis agency. R. J. Baird, the agent at West Superior, has been placed in charge of the Duluth office, and Nelson Flint, driver for the Northern Pacific company in Duluth, has been appointed agent at West Superior.

A Chimney Blaze.

The residence of J. W. Dempster, No. 218 Fourth avenue west, was slightly damaged by fire this noon, a small portion of the roof being burned. The damage is estimated at about $50. A defective chimney is supposed to have been the cause.

PENSION INCREASED.

Washington, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—An increase of pension was today granted to Arden H. Bowen, of Duluth.

Have The Herald in your homes; 45 cents a month.

WISCONSIN FLOODS.

Much Damage Done By the Swollen Streams.

Milwaukee, March 31.—A special to the Wisconsin from Durand, Wis., says: The ice in the Chippewa above this point went out and has formed a gorge at Round Hill, three miles below Durand, and has forced back the water over the west side bottoms and the lower streets of the city. The water is within eleven inches of the highest mark in the great flood of last December and is slowly rising. The colder weather may hold the jam and will greatly increase the danger. Trains are running on the main line, but can only reach Downsville, on the Red Cedar branch.

Black river is gorged above Neillsville and the bridge at that point will undoubtedly be swept away. At La Crosse ice carried away two bents of the pontoon bridge. The north wing of the dam at Hudson, owned by the St. Paul fish syndicate, gave way last night and let out all the fish. The water also flooded the fish hatchery of Graves & Crary and carried away all their trout.

A RECEIVER ASKED FOR.

Chicago, March 31.—A bill for receiver for the Berlin and Montello Granite company was filed today by the Hibernian Banking association, a judgment creditor for $3200. The company operates quarries at Montello, Berlin and Waterloo, Wis., and has a capital stock of $250,000, the largest stockholders being Dolez & Shepard. It is alleged the company owes its workmen $20,000. Liabilities are said to exceed $190,000; assets about $150,000.

THE VETERAN.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Yes," said the sprightly old lady, "I remember Edwin Forrest when he was a mere boy. As for Charlotte Cushman, she was like a younger sister to me."

The young reporter scented a two-column reminiscence for the Sunday supplement.

"Are you visiting in town, ma'am?" he asked the venerable dame.

The dear old lady laughed merrily.

"Visiting in town?" she chuckled, "that's pretty good. Why, I'm the soubrette of the 'Fizzbang' company, and don't you forget to come up and see my new dance tonight, Charlie."

Then pirouetting on her left bunch of toes, she cast an arch glance over her right shoulder blade and playfully trotted up the street.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Evening Herald. It costs but 1 cent a word.



To Grocers.

We have direct proof that peddlers of washing-powders say that the stuff they're selling is "made in the same factory" as **Pearline**—*and that buying from them will save going to, or ordering from, the grocery store.* Do you want people "saved" that. You have these same washing-powders in stock. Possibly you are giving them out, whenever you can, in place of **Pearline**. You are trying to push them into notice; they are trying to crowd you out. You think you are "making more money on them." But will it pay you, in the end?

545

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* JAMES PYLE, New York.

UPHELD

Governor Clough's Veto of the Insane Asylum Bill Is Sustained.

Immense Crowd at the Capitol, Mainly In Favor of Anoka.

Bill to Make Railroad Commission Elective Defeated In the Senate.

St. Paul, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Anoka won a great victory in the fourth insane asylum struggle, the house last night sustaining Governor Clough's veto of the bill locating the asylum at Hastings and declaring the commission's action void. The Hastings people fought hard to repass the bill over the veto, but they could not get the necessary two-thirds. The vote was 68 in favor of passing the bill over the veto and 44 against. Seventy-six votes in favor were necessary.

Great interest was taken in the matter. When the debate opened in the afternoon the house was crowded, and soon there was an awful crush inside and outside the house, throughout the capitol and onto the streets. The audience was distinctly an Anoka crowd, though there was no lack of Hastings sympathizers. Hundreds of people were turned away, unable to gain admission. The house and the aisles and the galleries and halls became so choked with surging humanity that it was necessary to put the guards—the sergeants-at-arms—outside the lobby doors, where they were instantly tangled in a crushing mob of people. The line extended down through all the halls of the state house and filled the building completely. It was rather easier to imagine that the president himself was here to be seen and heard rather than the prosaic state legislators with an asylum debate on hand. Although the crush was terrific, the people near the doors seemed to think there was room for them, and back of them came hundreds that extended in long lines down the halls and out the four entrances to the capitol. Looking down the street as far as the eye could reach was that constant stream of people—unending and steadily growing. Such a sight has never been witnessed at this state house before. Some of them stood for hours, refusing to go away—refusing to diminish the size of the crowd; absolutely refusing to give an inch to anybody.

Mr. Staples opened the debate for Hastings and was followed by Mr. Donnelly, who devoted much time to denouncing the veto as a relic of monarchy and made a strong plea for Hastings. Judge Hicks followed in support of Anoka, and after several other members had aired their views. Then the vote was taken with the above result.

The senate yesterday afternoon under special order discussed the bill to make the railroad commissioners elective. It was voted by 31 to 14 to indefinitely postpone the bill. A feature of the debate was the speech of Senator Keller of Stearns county. He said:

"The state is dear to me. I have lived in the state of Minnesota and done business for thirty-two years—continuous routine of business, and I have been successful—and it seems like a soap bubble—and I calculate to be here a quarter of a century more. In the senate, my people sent me here every time to stand up for the rights of the people.

"I wish to state, Mr. President, that when you look this bill in the eye and see who drafted it and where it comes from, then you always can judge what kind of fruit he had, and the way it came to us from the house. I have done business for the length of time I said and I have never darkened the railroad commissioner's door. I have never had occasion to even write a letter to him. I don't know him. Mr. President, that is only those men who study socialism, anarchism, nihilism, Populism and who are trying to put on more coal on top of the stove, and to experiment.

"Now, the senator from Hennepin, who interrupted me a little bit ago, stated that this state of Minnesota was a noble state, and he says there were nine states that had it; now, let's see which they are, those states that have the elective system. Here they are: Alabama, California, Iowa, Kentucky, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wisconsin—look at it. Now, why is North Dakota be glad to be in the state of Minnesota? We aren't poor one day and rich the next day. We are getting along well and accumulating a little all the time. Now, supposing, Mr. President and senators on this floor, that inside of two years the Populists should take possession of this noble state of Minnesota and you have then an elective board, what would you have? Why, you couldn't turn a wheel on the railroad; why, you couldn't do anything. You couldn't invite a dollar from the East to the West. And, as I stated the other day, while I was coming from Europe there was a man on the ship who had an invention for making silk out of tamarack, and it was elegant silk, and I wanted the man to come to Minnesota, and he promised me he would investigate. I told him of the beautiful city of St. Cloud on the Mississippi river; I told him we had the water power; I told him we had just exactly what he wanted for the manufacture of this silk in the state of Michigan, Mr. President, I asked him why. And he says, 'Why, your state went nearly Populistic by 7000 or 8000. My sugar beet business—the other day I was startled by some one telling me, 'What will your state do if it should go Populistic? Will they take the 1 cent bounty away?' I told them, 'I vouch by all that is holy, they won't do that.'

"Now, Mr. President, now, let's see—North Dakota—you all know what North Dakota is, and South Dakota is worse than that. Now comes Wisconsin, it is just trying that experiment. Here are seventeen states what haven't done it, and only nine who have. The senator didn't say one word about the seventeen. He didn't say a word about the noble state of Michigan; that state which has got everything—gold, timbers, manufactures of every kind. I am running against the noble state of Michigan all the time in my business. We want to make a state of Michigan out of this; we don't want our noble state to go Populistic; we want to elect altogether Republicans or altogether Democrats in the state of Minnesota, no socialism, nor anarchism, nor Populism.

"Now, Mr. President, I do business in Iowa, and before I came to Minnesota and located I went up and down on the Missouri river—on the banks and across the Missouri—and I came back to Minnesota for a home. I have traveled far and wide, but always came back to Minnesota.

"Now, I want to say to you, Mr. President, that we have a good thing, and let us leave it alone. I hope, Mr. President and senators on this floor, that you will not encourage such things; and it is high time that we stop this nonsense and not fool away half a day on a socialistic or anarchistic bill. As I have stated before in this senate, I have never had a complaint to make of one of these railroad commissioners; I have no favors to ask of them. I would favor to cut off the heads of every one of them; because, if I wanted a position under a goernor I would apply to be a railroad commissioner, because they dare not refuse me if I came to them with $25,000 from a company—they have more power than a king. When we have a Republican, a Democrat, a Populist, when we get everything in good shape, and as the senator from St. Louis said, we have got a good inspection department, what do you want to do? But you fellows are never satisfied. You had better go to work and show yourselves—raise up the red flag—let's go on and do something.

"I say, Mr. President, it is now time to change around, and I hope the noble Republican party that has done so well, will stand together, and when this committee rises, not recommend this bill to pass."

THE SENATE.

St. Paul, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—In the senate this morning the omnibus roads and bridges bill was reported with a slight amendment. Senator Dunn wanted the insertion of an appropriation for Martin county, and presented an amendment, which was finally referred, with the bill and report, to the second congressional delegation, with instructions to report within twenty-four hours. The Morgan bill to fix iron ore freight rates was reported from the railroad committee adversely, and the report was adopted.

Senator Ozmun's corrupt practices bill was defeated, receiving two less than enough votes to pass. The following were passed:

S. F. 454, Stebbins, relating to examinations and commitment of inebriates to the special inebriate department of the Rochester asylum.

S. F. 129, Sheehan, to revise and codify the insurance laws, prohibiting "riders."

H. F. 39, McGill, McClary code.

S. F. 322, Young, to prevent spread of contagious diseases among domestic animals.

Recess.

IN THE HOUSE TODAY.

St. Paul, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house at 10 o'clock resumed consideration of the Spencer bill for reorganizing insolvent banking institutions, a number of amendments being presented and a few adopted. The provision requiring that two-thirds of the depositors must join in an application for reopening was changed to make three-fourths of the depositors necessary. As amended, the bill was then passed by a vote of 90 to 19.

The Dyer bill for taxation of express companies was recommended to pass as amended. Jacobson's bill increasing the gross earnings of the tax upon railroads was reported without recommendation. Senator Miller's bill providing for payment of headings and footings of tax lists was killed although an attempt was made to reverse the report.

Mr. Douglas moved that his maximum freight rate bill be made a special order for Thursday morning at 10:30. Considerable opposition developed, led by Mr. Schmidt, who was finally warned by Mr. Jacobson that he would suffer later if he sought to block this bill. Jacobson suggesting that Schmidt would later want reapportionment pushed ahead. Schmidt said he proposed to vote his own views, whether any one tried to club him with a threat against a fair reapportionment or not. The bill was finally made a special order for Tuesday morning.

WANTS THE RELIEF FUNDS.

Washington, March 31.—Minister Terrell, at Constantinople, has informed the state department that one Zussuf Zunan, charged with the distribution at Saird, Asiatic Turkey, of relief funds, was murdered at that place and robbed of £500. On the assumption that the victim was engaged in the distribution of the American relief funds, Mr. Terrell has requested the recovery of the stolen money and the arrest and punishment of the guilty parties.

WASHINGTON'S BIKE RACE.

Washington, March 31.—At 12 noon, Schoch went on the track again. At that hour the score stood: Schoch, 910; Albert, 814; Lawson, 709; Golden, 757; Cassidy, 714; Riverre, 586; Ford, 408; Muller, 108.

OLD JUDGE DEAD.

Willsboro, Pa., March 31.—Ex-Judge Stephen E. Wilson, of New Mexico, died here today, aged 76 years.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, March 31.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $220,947,569; gold reserve, $151,634,395.

The Baby,

If he's peevish, restless,
Suffers from sleeplessness,
Loss of appetite, loss of flesh
And seems out of sorts
Generally, is undoubtedly
Suffering from worms, and
Should be given at once,

Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer.

Relieves instantly, cures
Speedily, and, being purely
Vegetable, is positively
Harmless. Remember, many
Little ones die from
Convulsions, and many
Un-named troubles when
Worms are the cause.
Don't delay, its dangerous.
All druggists, 25c.

NEARER

Floods Extend Northward and Tap the Jim River Valley.

Trains Delayed and Traffic Practically Suspended For at Least a Week.

Heavy Damage to Bridges---Floods In the South Breaking Levees.

Minneapolis, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special to the Journal from Huron, S. D., says the Jim river is over half a mile wide here and is rising nearly an inch an hour. Ice began moving last night, gorging heavily, and was broken with dynamite. The tops of the railing posts on the wagon bridge at the foot of Third street are now barely visible above the stream. The cemetery bridge and one six miles below have gone out. The high water mark of 1881 is likely to be reached and passed tonight. Reports from the north say heavy rains are falling and all streams are rising, indicating that the worst of the flood has not yet been reached. It has been raining here all the forenoon.

TRAFFIC STOPPED.

Thirty Washouts Between Huron and Aberdeen.

Minneapolis, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special from Aberdeen, S. D., to the Journal says: A washout has succeeded the snow blockade in all this section. Fully one-third of the surface of the ground seems to be under water, and the end is not yet. Eastern trains on the Milwaukee and Northwestern systems could not get within fifty miles of this city last night, and two hours before its departing time the regular H. & D. passenger was abandoned.

Twenty washouts are reported on the Northwestern road between this point and Huron. The Milwaukee track south is submerged for a long distance in the vicinity of Ashton and Redfield. Immense bodies of water are tributary to streams on the Hastings & Dakota east and the Harlem line north of Andover, and in many places the tracks are covered two and three feet deep.

Interruption to traffic will continue for a week, and perhaps longer. Rain is now falling.

RED RIVER VALLEY.

Three Feet of Water Covers the Wheat Fields.

Minneapolis, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special to the Journal from Fargo, N. D., says: The Red river is rising rapidly and the ice is beginning to break up, forming bad gorges. Buffalo river is creating much trouble. There have been no trains over the Great Northern from the East since yesterday morning. The Northern Pacific's west train reached Fargo safely, but all later trains are held at Minnkoda and Glyndon on account of the water, and trains sent East this morning had to come back to Fargo, being unable to go farther on account of high water.

Traffic on the Milwaukee is abandoned, the tracks being covered by water practically from Fargo to Wahpeton. The only way the Twin Cities can now be reached from here is by going west to Valley City and taking the Soo road there. There is three feet of water over the farms on the Minnesota side of the Red river for ten miles back from the stream.

BLIZZARD IN THE HILLS.

Minneapolis, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special to the Journal from Lead, S. D., says: Two and a half feet of snow has fallen all over the Black hills today, and more is coming. Trains are all delayed. The storm is the same that raged last night in Wyoming. It is the worst in years.

FALLING AT NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, La., March 31.—In the vicinity of this city the levees are in good condition, the weak places having been strengthened. The small break reported opposite Port Chalmette yesterday afternoon was promptly closed before further trouble is apprehended at that point. A rain storm prevails this morning, accompanied by high winds. The crevasse reported in the levee at Bayou Thibodeaux, forty miles below Thibodeaux, will do but little damage, as the water will flow into the lake after passing over a few small farms. The river at Lake Providence Monday morning marked 44.40 on the gauge, which was two and a half feet higher than ever known before. The water began to recede and has fallen .5 all along Lake Providence. The fall was caused by the crevasses on the Mississippi side of the river.

ANOTHER LEVEE BREAK.

Jackson, Miss., March 31.—A special from Greenville, Miss. says: Last night the levee broke at Sellas Landing and is now running wild in Bolivar county, between Rosedale and Gunnison. The levee there is about fifteen feet high and the crevasse is now over 1000 feet wide. This crevasse will submerge a number of plantations in its immediate vicinity which would have escaped from the other breaks. There are now four breaks on the Mississippi front hourly pouring their devastating torrents into this fertile valley. The entire Yazoo, Mississippi Delta from Australia Landing south to Vicksburg, will be overflowed. Places never affected in former years will be under water in two days. Thousands of live stock are drowning, and in some instances the fleeing people have a close shave for their lives.

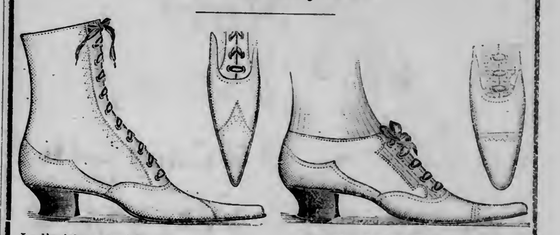
RIVER STAGES.

St. Louis, March 31.—According to the report of the local weather bureau issued today the Mississippi river at St. Louis will remain nearly stationary. North of Louisiana, Mo., the Mississippi will slowly fall and will commence to fall to the southward as far as Grafton. From Grafton to St. Louis it will remain about stationary. The bulletin this morning shows the following gauge readings, with changes for the previous twenty-four hours: St. Louis, 23 feet, no change; Davenport, 9 feet, no change; Keokuk, 12.3 feet, .4 lower; Hannibal, 14.4 feet, .2 lower; Kansas City, 14.9 feet, .3 lower.

FAMOUS'

SPRING OPENING SALE!

Cut Prices on Spring Shoes to induce early sales.



Ladies' $3.00 and $3 50 Oxfords, wine and seal brown and dark tans—only..... **$1.98**

LADIES' $5.00 SHOES—$3.48. All our Ladies' $5.00 lace and button—all new styles—only **$3.48**

Ladies' Toe Slippers only..... **39c**

Mens' $3 Cork Sole Shoes only..... **$1.98**

Ladies' Strap Slippers, worth $1.35, only..... **98c**

Men's $3 Coin Toe Shoes only..... **$1.98**

Ladies' Rubbers..... **25c**

Men's Rubbers..... **50c**

Misses' Rubbers, only..... **25c**

Boys' Rubbers only..... **25c**

Men's $5.00 and $6.00 Patent Leather Shoes, your choice only.. $3.48

We are showing the finest line of new, up-to date Shoes in the city. Call and see the pretty new Ladies' Shoes. Gent's Tan and Patent Leather Shoes, the only Shoes in the city for style and comfort.

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE,

111 West Superior Street.

RELIEF FUND AVAILABLE.

Washington, March 31.—The president has signed the senate joint resolution making an appropriation of $250,000 immediately available for the protection of life and property from the floods in the Mississippi river.

A telegram came to Gen. Wilson, chief of engineers, this morning from Col. Gillespie, president of the Mississippi division, stating that the Mississippi river commission was at New Orleans waiting the approval of the joint resolution in order to proceed at once with the work of protecting levees and property along the river. When this state of affairs was made known at the White House the resolution, which had been referred to the treasury department for examination, was secured at once by Secretary Porter and laid before the president who stopped the line of visitors long enough to affix his signature. The commission will be notified immediately and the relief work will go on.

Capt. Newcomer, the engineer officer in charge at Memphis, has telegraphed Gen. Wilson under date of yesterday: "Three crevasses reported in lower Yazoo levee district, one at Sherfield, northern side of Lake Lee. Sunday night. One opposite Island Mill Monday afternoon, and one at Stop Landing Choctaw Bend, this morning."

ST. PAULITES MOVING OUT.

St. Paul, March 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The river this morning reached 13.5 feet, a rise of 1.3. The danger point is 14 feet for dwellers on the flats, some of whom have already moved out. Cooler weather is promised for tonight, but it will not affect the water, which will probably rise a little higher. A rush of water is expected as soon as a gorge, now formed above Minneapolis, breaks.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Melvin J. Clark,

Plaintiff.

vs.

C. B. Richards Lumber Company and Duluth Trust Company,

Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 30th day of March, 1897, I, the undersigned, James M. Paine, receiver, appointed in said action, will as such receiver, sell at public auction to the highest bidder on Thursday the 27th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the village of Carlton, in the county of Carlton, state of Minnesota, all the pine timber standing and being upon the following lands, situate in the said county of Carlton, state of Minnesota, to-wit:

In township number forty-eight (48) north, of range fifteen (15) west, the west fractional half (½) of section number thirty-one (31); in township number forty-eight (48) north, of range number sixteen (16) west, all of sections numbered twenty-one (21), twenty-five (25) and twenty-seven (27), the south half (½) of the south half (½) of section fifteen (15); the west half (½) of the southeast quarter (¼) and the southeast quarter (¼) of the northeast quarter (¼) and the west half (½) of section number twenty-two (22); the northwest quarter (¼) and the east half (½) of the southwest quarter (¼), and the east half (½) of section number twenty-three (23); the northwest quarter (¼) and the west half (½) of the southwest quarter (¼) and the southeast quarter (¼) of the northeast quarter (¼) and the south half (½) of the northeast quarter (¼) of section number twenty-six (26); the north half (½) of the northeast quarter (¼) and the southwest quarter (¼) of the southeast quarter (¼) of section number twenty-eight (28), with the right to the purchaser to enter upon said lands and to cut and remove the same in the customary manner at any time before October 31st, 1901.

Terms of sale will be cash, ten per cent (10 per cent) of which must be paid at the time of sale and the balance upon confirmation of the sale by the court.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 31st, 1897.

JAMES M. PAINE,
As Receiver.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-31-April-7-14-21-28-May-5-12-19-26.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Second National Bank of Manch Chunk, Pennsylvania,

Plaintiff.

vs.

Syndicate Investment Company, the Duluth Trust Company, as assignee of the Syndicate Investment Company, John McKinley, Wayland W. Sanford, George A. Elder, John H. Harris, Robert H. Harris, William McKinley, W. T. Colborn, Bessie Margaret Whitwill, Ada Gregory, Mark Whitwill, Jr., Edith Beatrice Whitwill, Thomas Dowse, A. E. Humphreys D. J. W. Clarkson, C. S. Shannon, C. M. Gray, N. E. Hugo, A. M. Prudden, Thomas Moser, F. O. Perrin, Wilmot Sweger, James Billings, C. E. Dickerman, D. S. Bemis, American Loan and Trust Company and William E. Richardson, as assignee of said American Loan and Trust Company,

Defendants.

State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the city of Duluth, in the said county of St. Louis, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court, for the relief demanded in said complaint together with plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein.

Dated February 26th, 1897.

TOWNE & DAVIS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
103-106 Duluth Trust Co. Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-5-10-17-24-31-April-7.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 24, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Kinnucnen, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of John Kinnucnen, administrator of the estate of Henry Kinnucnen, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard by this court, on Thursday, the 15th day of April, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 24th day of March, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal).

Duluth Evening Herald, March-24-31-April-7.

OUR GUARANTEED

$3.50 Shoe



Guaranteed all over, From sole to uppers.



New Tams, This style, All colors.

25c and 50c

M. S. BURROWS

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.,

LONSDALE BUILDING.

New Things Spring Styles.....

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hats, Neckwear, Shirt Waists, Gloves, Belts, Collars and Cuffs, Shirts, Mackintoshes, Handkerchiefs,

Sole Agents for— DUNLAP & CO.'S HATS, DR. JAEGER'S UNDERWEAR.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO., Successors to Kilgore & Siewert. 304 W. Superior Street.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

A skating party was given at the Tait rink last evening by the Young People's society of Christian Endeavor of Pilgrim Congregational church. The attendance was large.

The Young Ladies' Guild of the First Presbyterian church gave a musicale and tea at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Upham, 1523 East Third street, last evening. There were songs by J. F. Martin and J. H. Noyes, a piano solo by Mrs. J. A. Stephensen, and a whistling solo by D. N. Paddock.

The Osborne block at the West End, which was badly damaged by fire will be repaired. The cost will probably be about $20,000.

Today was the second in succession in which there have been no candidates for trouble in the municipal court.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A daughter to A. E. and Ada Lane, of Twenty-eighth avenue west and Twelfth street; a daughter to Joseph and Staniatowa Mandaj, of 2612 West Third street; a son to Ole and Greta Berg, of 317 Twenty-second avenue west; a son to W. H. and Sophia Alexander, of 518 West Second street; a daughter to Ole and Tilda Lund, of 405 East Eighth street; a son to Rosman and Anna Teske, of 510 East Sixth street; a son to William and Augusta Doede, of 439 East Eighth street.

Kelly leads them all in clothes cleaning.

The Commercial club will meet tonight at the Sloan block.

Mind Reading Tonight.

There will be a fine musical program at the Unitarian church tonight, besides the exhibition of mind reading, hypnotism and thought transference. The program is as follows:

Piano solo—"The Last Smile" .....
.....Nollenhaupt
"Illusions of the Senses," comprising various feats of magic.....
Vocal solo—"As the Dawn".....Cantor
Mrs. McAuliffe.
Piano solo—Calop Caprice .....Raff
Miss Dora Evn.
Bass solo—"Der Wanderer" .....Shubert
Franz Schultz.
Quartette—"Last Night" .....
Aeolian quartet.
Hypnotism and kindred phenomena.

New Department Store.

Stack & Company, of West Superior, who have a department store at 1402 Tower avenue, have leased the Superior street floor of the Columbus block at the corner of First avenue west and Superior street and one of the Michigan street floors. A department store will be put in there on June 1. James K. Stack is manager, and with him there will be associated an Indianapolis man.

Several other Superior street stores having been taken. The Pioneer Fuel company has leased the National Bank of Commerce quarters in the Lonsdale building. Schulze Brothers have taken the Poirier store room at 8 East Superior street. Brenton & Bleck have leased the store room at 224 West Superior street.

PERSONALS.

Miss Margaret McInnes, of Tower, is visiting the family of John Owens.

John F. Segog has returned from a business trip to Toledo, Ohio.

M. S. Burrows left last evening for New York in response to a telegram from a manufacturer of clothing who evidently had troubles of a financial nature.

W. B. Grubb, a prominent member of the Cycle club, and for some time in charge of the silk department at Panton & White's, will leave the city Saturday for Chicago, where he has accepted a position to travel on the road for a leading wholesale house.

William Ames, a Cleveland vessel man, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

George F. Merrill, of Ashland, is a guest at the Spalding.

F. D. Timlin, of Rhinelander, Wis., is at the Spalding.

James Bently is down from Tower today, a guest at the St. Louis.

H. O. Whitney, of Brainerd, is at the St. Louis.

C. C. Helmith, of Virginia, is at the St. Louis.

H. O. Weller, of Detroit is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

Henry Nienstedt, the lumber broker, returned from Saginaw, Mich., to-day.

E. L. Brown, general superintendent of the St. Paul & Duluth, was in the city this morning.

John C. Hill, a St. Paul lumberman, is at the Spalding.

Jacob Mather and Albert Fischer, of St. Paul, are late arrivals at the Spalding.

F. G. Winston, the well known contractor, came up from Minneapolis this morning.

E. C. Pryor, of Houghton, Mich., is at the Spalding.

R. Slight came up from Ashland this morning and registered at the Spalding.

P. Mitchell, the Hibbing banker, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

James Donnelly came up from St. Paul this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

C. M. Boss came down from Hibbing today on his way to Bessemer.

George Wescott, of Ely, is in the city a guest at the St. Louis.

John L. Fuller returned today from Chicago with his brother, M. D. L. Fuller, an attorney of Eveleth, who is seriously ill with nervous prostration.

Is in Possession.

Dr. Murray formally took possession of the health office this morning as soon as the meeting of the board had adjourned. This celerity of action was caused by a rumor that Dr. Maxwell was about to apply for an injunction forbidding Dr. Murray to take possession until the question of the former's rights under the "old soldier" statute should be determined.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR



WILL MAKE MORE THAN **300 LOAVES** OF THE **BEST BREAD** YOU EVER ATE.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

IN DOUBT

Difficult to Tell What the Aldermen Intend to Do Tonight.

Some Favor Cutting the Police Salaries and Others Oppose It.

Possibility That the Chief's Salary Cannot Legally Be Reduced.

There have been numerous rumors as to what the council would do with the salaries of the police this evening. It has been asserted that deep slashes would be made, the pay of patrolmen being reduced to $50 per month, the lieutenants to about $65, the captains to $70, and the chief to $90.

In contrast with these alarmist reports it has been asserted that the salaries would be left untouched. Direct statements to this effect have been made by at least two of the aldermen. A point that is troubling some of those who wish to apply the knife is whether the council has the power to reduce the salary of the chief at this time. The charter is not explicit enough on the subject to allay all doubt, and it is contended with some show of reason that the chief's term is for two years. Despite the assertions to the contrary, it is thought that a vigorous attempt to effect a cut will be made at least. The opinion was expressed this morning by several who are in a position to make close guesses that it would not surprise them should the pay of patrolmen be fixed at $60, the pay of the chief fixed at about $1200 and the other officers reduced proportionately.

The election of two citizens to serve on the health board will take place either tonight or Monday. J. J. Hibbard and S. J. Nygren have been mentioned as the probable selection.

That the council has an eye on Chief Black's salary with the view of reducing its size, is evidenced by the fact that City Attorney Richards has been asked to render an opinion as to the council's power in the matter. It is said that about $1800 is the figure at which the "combine" would like to place it.

The council fire department committee and the fire commissioners met and talked over salaries this afternoon.

MR. COTTON'S OPINION.

Thinks the Tonnage Tax Bill Will Not Pass.

J. B. Cotton returned this morning from St. Paul, where he has been watching pending legislation that is likely to affect interests which he represents. He says it is quite certain that the Reeves' tonnage tax bill will either be defeated when it comes up in the senate next week or that the tax will be materially reduced from the figure named in the original bill, 5 cents a ton.

The Thorpe bill, which authorizes the state board of equalization to raise or lower individual assessments, has passed the senate, and which has been recommended to pass the house by the committee of the whole, is certain to become a law. With its passage the strongest arguments in favor of the Reeves' bill fall, for if the state board is given authority to rectify mistakes of local assessors who have discriminated for or against individuals or corporations, it can increase the assessed valuation of iron mines if it concludes that their just valuation has not been returned. The law will also enable the board to force many large interests in St. Paul, Minneapolis and other points in the state outside of St. Louis county to pay their just proportion of the taxes.

PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES

Today the Final Day For Their Payment.

Today was the last day to pay personal property taxes to the county treasurer, as the sheriff will take hold of delinquent taxes and collect them after tomorrow. There was not a very heavy rush today, though there are plenty of delinquent taxes, and the sheriff will probably have his hands full for some time. The taxes all have a penalty of 10 per cent, which went into effect March 1, and in addition there will be sheriff's fees to be paid.

"I suppose," said Deputy Treasurer Williamson this morning, "that a good many people forgot about their personal property tax, but they will be reminded of it when the sheriff begins proceedings to collect. It might not be a bad idea to advertise these things so as to jog the memories of the taxpayers. But on the other hand, the penalties and interest are a big item in the county's receipts. Last year the penalties were almost as great as the receipts of taxes for general purposes. The receipts were $75,502.01 in the general fund, and the penalties were $75,-773.49. Adding the bank interest $5088.40, it brings the sum up to a greater figure than the taxes."

Suing Culver Brothers.

A. R. MacFarlane, as receiver of the Security bank, this morning began a suit against Culver Brothers to recover $17,877.48 on notes and drafts. The complaint is a voluminous one, and it sets up specifically sixteen causes of action. Several notes were made by Culver Brothers in favor of the bank and others were merely negotiated by them. There are a number of drafts on various parties which the complaint states were deposited by the defendants under an agreement that the bank was not to present them and a promise that the defendants would collect them and turn the money into the bank. S. T. and William Harrison are the attorneys.

Cataphoresis!

The latest method prepares the way for excavating and filling teeth without pain. DR. SCHIFFMAN. Burrows block.

WANT IT GRAVELED.

Road Improvement Wanted By Fond du Lac People.

New Duluth and Fond du Lac are demanding that the stretches of unimproved road between them and the city proper be graveled this spring. From the end of the macadamized road to the improved highway of New Duluth is but about one and one-half miles, and from the improved section at New Duluth to the improved roadway at the Fond du Lac end is but a comparatively short distance. If the two stretches referred to were graveled, the road would be a very popular drive they say. Since the city limits have been extended to include Fond du Lac, the roads in the localities mentioned have not been kept in as good condition as before, it is claimed. Last year, it is asserted, but a week's work was done with teams, and men were employed at the work but sixteen days. They say they want a little more attention out that way this season.

CLIMBING A TREE.

Scow at Lakewood Exhibits Peculiar Proclivities.

The icefloe at Lakewood will, it is expected, be in motion from now on until the ice goes out or breaks up, rendering it impossible to do any more work in the way of dredging the intake tunnel meanwhile. The scow with the dredging apparatus has been forced clear out of the water and half way up a tree by the ice. The sight of the icefloe breaking on the shore yesterday is described as a beautiful one. A ridge twenty feet high was formed, up which large pieces were pushed by the flow, falling back on reaching the top, and being shivered into a thousand pieces—800 or 900, anyhow, according to City Engineer Patton.

THE BARTON CASE.

Attorneys Were Presenting Their Arguments Today.

In district court this morning the case of Barton against the Virginia Light and Water company had reached the stage where the attorneys were impressing their views of the case upon the jury. It was expected that the case would go to the jury by adjournment tonight.

In Judge Ensign's room the case of W. P. Lardner, as assignee for Worth W. Preston, against B. E. Baker and Peter McTague, was on trial. The case involves the disputed ownership of the Union rink, and is brought to set aside a transfer of the lease to the property from Preston to McTague.

Yesterday afternoon Judge Cant overruled the defendant's objection to the introduction of testimony in the case of the Ironton Land company against W. W. Butchart as sheriff, and the trial was set for Friday.

There being no appearance on the part of the plaintiff, the case of the La Vaque Paint and Wall Paper company was dismissed on motion of the defendant. The same fate overtook the case of Ruth Raymo against C. C. Prindle et al. The case of the American Exchange bank against Francis Omeis et al was dismissed. Judgment for the defense was rendered in the case of the Boynton Furnace company against L. W. Meining et al. The case of the Pabst Brewing company against Pat Liston was referred to Frank Crasweller to take testimony. The following cases were continued: H. L. Reich against John Wilkey et al, J. P. Rossman against M. F. Kalmbach et al, Charles Proulx against Emma Weaver et al, Wells-Stone Mercantile company against Washington Iron company et al, F. H. Lee against Margaret Martell.

This afternoon Judge Cant took up the case of Mattie Joy against George Van Domm, to annul a mortgage on the ground of usury.

BIG STEEL BOAT.

George Graham Will Have One on Rainy Lake.

George A. Graham, of Fort William, Ont., is at the Spalding. Mr. Graham is one of the principal owners of a twin screw steel passenger steamer now being built at Toronto to run between Rat Portage and Fort Frances for the accommodation of the heavy travel expected as soon as navigation to the Rainy Lake and Seine River gold fields opens. The boat is 126 feet long and thirty feet beam and will have a draught of about five and one-half feet. She is to be fitted out like the Canadian Pacific boats running between Owen Sound and Port Arthur and no expense is to be spared to make her a strictly up-to-date ship. She will have accommodations for 120 passengers, and will have sufficient power to enable her to make the trip in eleven hours, leaving Rat Portage at 8 o'clock in the evening Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, arriving at Fort Frances the following mornings. She will be completed ready for delivery at Rat Portage in sections by May 15. Her cost will be $60,000.

Mr. Graham said that the Canadian government is making extensive improvements at the rapids, in Rainy river below Fort Frances by building side dams, which will enable his boat to steam by them without difficulty. The rush to the new gold fields, Mr. Graham says, will be immense and it will tax the capacity of the boats plying the Lake of the Woods to take care of it.

John Coventry, manager of the A. Booth company, had a conference with Mr. Graham this afternoon to arrange a schedule of time that will permit close connections to be made by the Booth line between Duluth and Port Arthur and the new boat at Rat Portage.

Spring Millinery.

Madame Warde announces that her spring millinery is now ready.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

Watch for announcement of our Easter Millinery opening.

BIG VALUES!

Are the foundation for these little prices, and those who examine and compare our offerings with others elsewhere will show wisdom and save money.

First Showing of New Spring Jackets Tomorrow

Wash Goods.

50 pieces of Figured Challies and Lawns, worth 8c, sell Thursday at a yard..... 4c

20 pieces Persian Figured Crepons, worth 10c a yard, sell Thursday at, a yard 5c

10 pieces of Lappet Lace Mulls, worth 20c a yard, sells at..... 15c

25 pieces of choicest Figured Organdies, well worth 25c a yard, sell at 16c

Imported Organdies in endless variety, others ask you 45c a yard, they sell here at 32c

Linings.

Silk finished Linings, all the light shades, suitable for organdy linings, sell here at, a yard... 12½c

SILKS.

Our Silk Department is blossoming with the freshest, brightest creations that the most expert silk weavers can produce, whatever is best in Silks can be found on our silk counter at extremely low prices.

BLACK SILK SPECIALS.

27-inch black Japanese Silk sell at, a yard 39c

$1.25 quality black Peau de Soie sells at, a yard..... 89c

$1.25 quality black Taffeta Silk sells at, a yard..... 87½c

24-inch black Figured Silks sell at, a yard 69c

Special Black Goods Values.

10 pieces of Priestley's black all wool figures, always sold at $1.00 up, sells Thursday at.... 69c

7 pieces of black Mohair Figured Dress Materials, well worth 85c a yard, sells Thursday at.. 59c

5 pieces of 54-inch black Mohair Sicilian, sells at, a yard 50c

40-inch black all-wool fine Serge, sells at, a yard..... 29c

NEW WOOL GRENADINES ON SALE.

Dress Goods.

The rush for Dress Materials here will be given a new impetus for tomorrow. Upon a table in the Dress goods aisle will be placed several lots of desirable stuffs—all new—priced very low. We predict a speedy sale. Be on hand early and get a share of the good things.

HERE ARE A FEW OF THE SORTS

10 pieces of double fold, all wool Checked Chefrons, all the new colorings, sell at, a yard..... 29c

8 pieces of changeable Novelties, sell at, a yard..... 39c

7 pieces of two-toned figured Dress Stuffs, copies of very high priced materials, sell at, a yard 45c

25 pieces of Dress Materials, consisting of the new Checks, Mohair Mixtures and Iridescent Novelties, sell at, a yard..... 48c

17 pieces of silk and wool Mixtures, tufted weaves and Velour Novelties, sell at, a yard..... 65c

SPECIAL VALUES IN ETAMINES AND CANVAS CLOTHS.



Cloak Room.

Suits made from fancy mixtures and Storm Serge, fly front or Eton shape Jacket, lined with silk. Skirts, percaline lined and velvet bound, a great bargain at $12, tomorrow only— $7.50

Suits made from Scotch Mixture Tweeds, fly front shape Jacket and Skirt lined throughout with silk, cut after the very latest models, the biggest bargain brought before the public, worth $18.50, tomorrow only $12.50

Dress Skirts made from Scotch Mixtures, fanch checks and fancy figured material, cut after the latest French models, all well lined and perfect hangiog in plum, green, black and navy, a bargain at $6 50, tomorrow only.... $4.75

Dress Skirts, a choice collection of black figured Satin and India Silk in large variety of new floral designs, perfect in hang and finish, made to sell at $12, our great lucky purchase your gain, tomorrow only..... $7.50

50 new black Brocaded Mohair Skirts, lined well and Velveteen bound, worth $3.00, tomorrow only..... $1.98

Women's new Taffeta Silk Shirt Waists, lined throughout, new shape sleeve, with white collars, in black, navy and cherry, also in a variety of figured Foulards, claimed elsewhere a bargain at $4.50— Tomorrow only..... $3.25

NEW UNDERSKIRTS IN THE NEW SHAPES ON SALE FOR THURSDAY'S TRADE.

Shoe Dept.

A Special Sale of Misses' and Children's Shoes!

During the depressed condition of the markets, we have succeeded in purchasing of a manufacturer, for spot cash, over 1000 pairs of Misses' and Children's Shoes, thereby procuring them at 25 per cent less than the usual prices.

To Close Out This Vast Quantity

We have inaugurated a sale which will eclipse anything and everything ever attempted in Duluth.

SHOES—Continued.

Tomorrow choice of Children's Dongola Button or Lace Shoes, tan or black, spring heel, with tip and double foxing, leading shape toe, good wearers, sizes 8½ to 11— positively a $1.25 value— at per pair..... 98c

Tomorrow choice of Misses' Dongola Button or Lace Shoes, tan and black, sizes 11½ to 2; seamless, also doub'e heel foxing—a big money saver to economical buyers— at per pair..... $1.25

See our Remarkable Bargains in Ladies' Shoes, Dongola, button, extension soles— per pair..... $1.39

Ladies' Cloth Top Button, also Lace Shoes, stylish toes— per pair..... $1.75

Ladies' Hand Turn Button Shoes, vici kid— at per pair..... $2.39

Ladies' Tan Strap Slippers, bow and buckle, warranted not to rip —at per pair..... 98c

THURSDAY WILL BE AN IMPORTANT DAY FOR BARGAIN SEEKERS.

Closing Out of our Crockery and Hardware Depts.

Big Bargains offered to close out the remaining stock.

Chamber Sets . . .

We offer a lot of fine English Decorated Chamber Sets at

50 cents on the dollar

to close them out.



Goblets—We offer a fine Table Goblet at only—each..... 2c

To close them out.

Pitchers—A fine Glass Water Pitcher will close out at only—each 10c

Carpet Sweepers—A fine line of Bissell's make from..... $1.48 to $3.25

Each, to close them out.

Tin Tea and Coffee Pots—With Copper bottoms, all sizes, for only..... 19c

Each, to close out.

Lot Shelf Paper—All colors, will close out at—package—only..... 1c

FREIMUTH'S.

HOLMES CASE NEXT.

No More Criminal Matters Before That Comes Up.

There will be no more criminal matters in district court before the Holmes case comes up April 19, in all probability. Prosecuting Attorney C. O. Baldwin will move to continue over the term the conspiracy case against Moses Cook and others, and that is the only one of the investigation cases remaining undisposed of so far as this term is concerned. The Halden case will come up at Carlton some time next week. John Jenswold and J. W. Reynolds will defend the county auditor.

Nothing has yet been done in the gambling case against Hayden & Calverly. When the case came up Monday afternoon the county attorney stated that he had reason to believe that the gambling involved in the case took place in a room over which the saloon men had no control whatever. He proposed to investigate this, and if it were true he would dismiss the case. All but one of the liquor cases from the range have been disposed of, and in this case the defendant promised to come down without anyone being sent for him, but he has so far failed to do so.

There are as yet no developments from the two indictments returned a few days before the grand jury adjourned and withheld, and no bench warrants have yet been issued. The authorities are attempting to locate one of the parties, and the other indictment, which is against three local men on a serious charge, is still open.

Have The Herald in your homes; 45 cents a month.

Was Seriously Hurt.

Victor Bjork, residing at 1820½ West Second street, was caught in a rope in Elevator E, where he is employed, this morning, receiving injuries that necessitated the amputation of a limb. In addition, one of his thumbs was torn off and he was severely bruised and shaken. He was taken to St. Mary's hospital, where the operation was performed. Late this afternoon he was reported to be doing nicely. Bjork was at work about the apparatus used in carrying the wheat to the spout and while so engaged his leg was caught in the loop of a rope connected with the machinery. He was carried up and dashed against the ceiling, falling back to the floor.

Spring Millinery.

Madame Warde announces that her spring millinery is now ready.

LOOK AT THIS

8 room house at Lester Park, with water, sewer and bath. Stone cellar. Lot 50x140 feet. Graded and sodded. Price $2,800. Small payment down, balance $25 per month without interest. It's a snap.

GEO. H. CROSBY, 106 Providence Bldg

CARLTON SMALL FRUIT AND PLANT NURSERY.

Catalogue mailed free to any address. I will set out any variety of Strawberries myself, near the city of Duluth, (guarantee all to live) for $1.50 per 100, if ordered before April 15th.

E. G. BOVEE, Carlton, Minn.

DULUTH CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

F. S. KELLY, Prop.

Office 524 W. Superior St. 'Phone 591.

BANK ADVERTISEMENTS.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

H. M. PEYTON, President.
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier.
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Ass't Cashr

—THE—

American Exchange BANK.

Duluth, Minnesota.

Capital, $500,000. Surplus, $100,000.

DIRECTORS:
HAMILTON M. PEYTON,
MELVIN J. FORBES,
JUDGE J. D. ENSIGN,
JOHN H. UPHAM,
GEORGE SPENCER,
ANGUS R. MACFARLANE,
JAMES C. HUNTER.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

April complete

The Fin de Siecle Newspaper of Duluth is The Saturday Herald.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

THE WEATHER. *Fair Tonight; and Showers Friday; Stationary Temperature, Northeast Winds*

FOURTEENTH YEAR. | THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1897. | FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. | TWO CENTS.

Columbia Bicycles.

They stand in a class by themselves. You cannot class them with any other Bicycle made. **They are perfect.**

The makers (the Pope Mfg. Co.) stand at the head and front of all Bicycle manufacturers in the world. Their vast resources and experience insure purchasers the utmost Bicycle pleasure and entire freedom from all annoyance.

Models 47 and 48 (tandems)..... $150
Models 45 and 46..... $100
Models 40 41 and 44..... $80

Hartford Bicycles.

These superb and strictly high-grade machines are equal to any Bicycle made (except Columbias).

The Hartford Cycle Co. is owned and controlled by the Pope Mfg. Co. and all their wheels have the same guarantee as Columbias. You take no chances whatever in buying a Hartford.

Models 1 and 2..... $50.00

These models are much improved from last season and are reduced from $60 to $50.

We challenge comparison of models 1 and 2 with any bicycle made which sells up to $75.

Models 3 and 8..... $75.00

These are better than any bicycles on the market except Columbias.

SOLD FOR CASH OR ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS.

We guarantee customers the most courteous treatment and every possible attention after as well as before purchase. We are here in business the year around to attend to the smallest detail of the wants. OUR REPAIR SHOP is open for business and we guarantee the best work at the lowest price. (Entrance Third Avenue West.)

FRENCH & BASSETT,
DULUTH, MINN.

STEINWAY PIANOS The recognized standard Pianos of the world. Pre-eminently the best instruments made. Exported to all centers of the globe. Endorsed and preferred by the greatest living artists. We are agents for Northeastern Minnesota.

DULUTH MUSIC CO. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.
SALESROOMS—Phoenix Block—2nd floor; Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

Magazines for April.

Fashion Books for Spring and Summer.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore. 323 West Superior Street, Duluth.

THOUSANDS HOMELESS.

Wide Stretch of Country Covered By Water.

St. Louis, April 1.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Greenville, Miss., says: Ten thousand people are today homeless in the flood districts. Three hundred towns and cities are submerged and desolation reigns over this lovely valley. A dismal waste of water now covers the surrounding country on every side of Greenville, and the city today is a desolate island connected with the outside world by one lone slender thread, a telegraph line running east from Winona.

Water from Mount Cresa crevasse is within half a mile of the city on the north. From Lake crevasse it is one mile south and eastward. Black bayou, Deer creek and Fish lake are all out of their banks and rapidly filling up the entire country. Railroad communication is cut off north and south. Tracks of the Valley road and Southern road are washed away in places for a distance of 200 yards.

STILL HIGHER.

Water Soaking and Hail Stones Pelting the South.

St. Louis, April 1.—The heavy rain of yesterday and last night was general throughout this state and the Mississippi valley. This down-pour with light rains and melting snows in the Northwest and Northeast will cause a steady rise in the Upper Mississippi and Missouri rivers, according to the weather bureau report issued today. Within two days the Upper Mississippi is expected to reach a higher stage than last week, and will cause additional flooding of bottom lands. The storm last night caused considerable damage in both sections of Missouri, according to specials received today from the following places:

Boonville, Mo.—Nearly two inches of water fell in one hour and large hail stones did much damage in the country. Reports have reached here of a cyclone that passed fifteen miles south of Creeks, and small streams are out of their banks.

Dexter, Mo.—The severest hail storm ever experienced in this section struck here. The hail stones varied in size from a large egg to that of a baseball, and some of the largest stones weighing five ounces. Window lights were knocked out, plate glass crushed and shingle and tin roofs badly wrecked.

De Soto, Mo.—The rains throughout Southeast Missouri caused the tie-up of all trains on the Iron Mountain last night to avoid accidents, but a special is moving today.

ILLINOIS RIVER DAMAGE.

Virginia, Ill., April 1.—The turning point of the water in the Illinois river at Beardstown has reached the record showing sixteen feet below low water mark, within two feet of the flood of 1892, and within six feet of the unprecedented high water of 1844. The river is now four miles wide and the overflow has done considerable damage to the Beardstown Frederick road and the Christie low embankment, but no further damage is anticipated. Farmers residing on the lowlands have heeded the timely warnings and have moved stock, grain, etc., to the adjacent bluffs.

SERIOUS AT HURON.

Minneapolis, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special from Huron, S. D., to the Journal says: There have been twenty-four hours of continuous rain here and over this part of the state and the Jim river exceeds the high water mark of 1881, the highest known, and is still rising. Much wreckage in the stream is an indication of the loss of bridges and buildings. Water is running into the windows of the Chicago & Northwestern pump house and is within a few inches of the doors of the many buildings under the bluff. Conditions become more serious as the rain descends and the water rises.

A DIPLOMATIC VISIT.

London, April 1.—A special dispatch from Paris says that Count Muravieff, the Russian minister for foreign affairs, has arrived there unexpectedly from St. Petersburg. It is believed that the Russian minister's journey is connected with the propositions brought forward looking to the settlement of the Eastern crisis and the proposed blockade of the ports of Greece.

COLOMBIAN COMMISSIONERS.

New York, April 1.—J. F. Cisneros, M. P. Penn and Ed Blum, commissioners of the Colombian government to negotiate the Caucaril railway question at Washington, reached this city today on board the steamer Allanaca, from Colon.

THE CHESS CONTEST.

New York, April 1.—The seventeenth game of the match at chess between Pillsbury and Showalter was finished today, resulting in favor of Showalter after ninety-one moves. Score: Pillsbury, 7; Showalter, 7; drawn, 3.

BAD VILLAGE FIRE.

Meadville, Pa., April 1.—Fire broke out at Cambridge Springs early this morning and at 1 o'clock this afternoon it was not yet under control. It is feared the entire business portion of the town will be destroyed. A steamer was sent by special train from here in response to a telegram for aid.

BANK CLOSED TEMPORARILY.

Bowling Green, Mo., April 1.—State Bank Inspector Austin has closed the Citizens' bank, of this city. The bank is solvent and will be opened for business within sixty days. The cause of the trouble is, that owing to the hard times it is impossible to collect.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS.

New York, April 1.—Henceforth the headquarters of the National American Woman's Suffrage association will be in New York instead of Philadelphia. The transfer was made today. The headquarters will be in the Pulitzer building. The work of the committee and the work pertaining to the national headquarters will be conducted from the same rooms. The work will be in charge of Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, chairman of the organization and campaign.

MURAVIEFF NOT IN PARIS.

Paris, April 1.—There is no truth in the report printed in London that Count Muravieff, the Russian minister for foreign affairs, has arrived here unexpectedly from St. Petersburg.

KANSANS WANT RECIPROCITY.

Kansas City, April 1.—The board of trade, the Kansas city live stock commission and the Commercial club, representing the leading business men of the city, have adopted a memorial to congress "urging the adoption of a strong reciprocal clause in the present tariff bill, by which we can continue to increase our trade with all Latin-American countries, especially Mexico."

HE WANTS A JOB.

Washington, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—G. S. Nichols, of La Crosse, Wis., is an applicant for the position of supervising inspector of steam vessels at St. Paul.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Majoric, Liverpool; Nordland, Antwerp; Lahn, Bremen.

ELEMENTS

Floods of Water and Heavy Hail Vex Various Communities.

Minneapolis Flat Dwellers Driven From Homes By Water---Heavy Loss.

New Orleans May Shoot Steamboat Pilots Who Approach the Levees.

Minneapolis, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Mississippi went on a tear late yesterday afternoon and dwellers along the flats moved out in a hurry. A huge ice jam which had formed in the river at Forty-second avenue north broke late in the afternoon and an immense volume of water with big cakes of ice and thousands of feet of logs went tearing down the river and roaring over St. Anthony falls. The water rose two feet inside of half an hour, edging its way up the river banks until the floors of many of the houses were well under water.

When the ice jam at Forty-second avenue north broke the water and ice tore away piers, booms, logs and piling. One mill man estimated that 25,000,000 feet of logs had been swept away. Both the bridges at Twentieth avenue north and at Plymouth avenue are reported in danger. The damage may reach $100,000.

After receding slightly during the night the Mississippi is again rising. The breaking up of the ice caused great damage to the log booms on the river above the city, besides sweeping a large number of logs over the falls of St. Anthony. The damage there is estimated at $50,000. The flats on both sides of the river below the falls are being rapidly submerged and the dwellers there have been forced to move hastily from their shanties.

BATTLING FOR BRIDGES.

Wahpeton, North Dakota, In the Flood Belt.

Minneapolis, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special to the Journal from Wahpeton, N. D., says: The water in the Red and Bois De Sioux rivers is two feet above the danger mark and about the highest ever known. The ice has risen with the water and is threatening all the bridges on the line of those rivers. Strenuous efforts are being made to save the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and the wagon bridges at this place.

Continuously since yesterday morning dynamite has been used in breaking the ice both above, below and between the bridges, and there are some hopes now of saving the railroad bridges, but the road bridge which connects this city and Breckenridge seems to be doomed. A few inches more rise and the ice will lodge against the bridges and force them from their foundations.

BIG HAIL STORM.

Twelve Ounce Stones Battered Mount Vernon.

Mount Vernon, Mo., April 1.—This vicinity was visited by the most terrific and destructive hail storm ever witnessed here. Hail stones weighing ten and twelve ounces fell in great profusion and with such force and rapidity that not a house in the community escaped more or less injury. The churches, mills, etc., sustained heavy losses. Not only were shingle roofs damaged, but the heavy iron roofs of the flouring and planing mills were rendered useless. Stocks of all kinds suffered intensely. Fruit and ornamental trees were badly damaged. Immediately following the hail came the heaviest rain storm witnessed here for fifteen years or more.

GREENVILLE SAFE.

Still High and Dry With the Water Falling.

Greenville, April 1.—Frankly, there is little new in the flood situation today. The water in the river continues to fall, but not so rapidly as during the hours following the breaks. The total fall recorded in the Greenville gauge is 1.4, and this has been giving relief to the levees still intact. The water is rising in the interior streams; the rise in Deer Creek last night from the Stops Landing break was nearly nine inches an hour. A train and crew on the river side division of the Valley road was caught between Stops Landing and Stokes crevasse and is still there and can only remain there.

Water is now over the track of the Leland branch of the Valley road at Black Bayou between Greenville and Willzenski, and trains over this line have been abandoned. The train over the Southern railway, leaving at 4 o'clock this afternoon, will probably be the last. Greenville still sits serenely upon a veritable island high and dry.

THE SWOLLEN RIVERS.

Washington, April 1.—The following changes in rivers have occurred: St. Paul, 1.8; St. Louis, 1.0; Memphis, .1; New Orleans, .3. Fallen—Cairo, .3; La Crosse, .7. They are above the danger line and rising at Helena, Ark., 14.0; St. Paul, 1.3; Memphis, 3.4; New Orleans, 1.4. They are above the danger line and falling at Cairo, 10.6; La Crosse, .5; Vicksburg, 8.4, and stationary.

The following heavy precipitation in inches was reported: Hudson, .4; Mobile, 1.04; Keokuk, 1.00; Cairo, 1.46; Nashville, 1.50; St. Louis, 1.60; Des Moines, 1.52; Augusta, 1.98; Grafton, Ill., 2.12; Bagnell, Mo., 2.40; New Orleans, 2.16; Booneville, 2.46.

RED RIVER VALLEY.

Fargo Families Drowned Out and Waters Rising.

Minneapolis, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special to the Journal from Fargo, N. D., says: The situation here from the Red river flood is growing more serious. The river is steadily rising about four inches per hour, or twice as rapidly as yesterday, notwithstanding the much increased breadth of the stream. The water will be in the pumping station tonight, and a number of families have been compelled to move. All indications point to the highest water in the history of this county, even far exceeding the flood of 1881, and there will be along the Red river almost the largest body of fresh water on earth.

West of Fargo and south of the Northern Pacific tracks the water averages about two feet deep, and is higher in the big coulee west of the city than has ever been known. The high water at Wahpeton and Breckenridge will be a terrible flood when it reaches here, as it will be added to the immense quantity now here and going northward. There have been no trains over the Great Northern since Tuesday; No. 2, on the Northern Pacific, was sent north over the Great Northern tracks at noon today, and will reach East Grand Forks and Crookston.

FATAL IN DAKOTA.

Aberdeen Under Water---Hotel Washed Away.

St. Paul, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—An Aberdeen, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: The whole north section of the state is largely in an inundated condition. Railway traffic on the three systems having lines here has been entirely abandoned. Aberdeen store basements and cellars are flooded and in one instance, that of the Golden Rule department store, considerable damage was done. The Western Union telegraph office has two feet of water upon the floor. All the furnaces are out in the steamheated buildings. The occupants of residences have in several cases, been forced to move out and hundreds of other dwellings are surrounded by water, several feet in depth. Nothing like it has ever been known here before.

The town of Westport, north of Aberdeen, has from two to six feet of water on the principal streets. Residents have either moved to higher ground or to the second stories of their buildings. Hotel proprietors and storekeepers are carrying on their business on second stories.

At Faulkton, George Peck, 18 years of age, was drowned. The Peck house was washed out during the night into a creek and was a total loss.

NEW ORLEANS' PERIL.

Afraid of Levee Wash Caused By Steamboats.

New Orleans, La., April 1.—Up to the present time, 10 a. m., as far as known the line of the Louisiana levee is intact, but the strain against them is such that a break at any moment is feared at almost any point. Vigilance is the price of safety, and the constant watch for weak places has been the means of averting several crevasses at dangerous points. The sloughing on the Algiers side, just below the city, has been repaired, 30,000 sacks of earth having been used in making the place secure. Another weak spot developed at Jesuits' Bend, twenty miles below the city, but several hundred men soon restored it.

Great danger below the city is due to wave wash, caused by passing steamers, some of which run very close to the shore to avoid the swift current and drift, and the governor and mayor have issued proclamations calling on them to keep to the middle of the stream and run under slow progress. The heavy rain and wind of the past two days still continues, and has soaked the levees, and the people who are behind them are growing indignant at the heedlessness of the pilots, and are talking of using arms to compel them to keep to the middle of the river.

The Surget Ashton levee, in Concordia parish, is reported sloughing badly; a run around is being built there, but it is feared that the old levee will give way before the new one is completed. There is much concern felt for the rich country along Bayou Laforche.

JACKSON ALARMED.

Twenty-Five Villages Overflowed Near There at Noon.

Jackson, Miss., April 1.—Greenville telegraphs at noon: Reports coming in here hourly from all points in the flood district show the situation is rapidly growing worse. There are now some twenty-five towns and villages more or less overflowed. Greenville will get considerable water, perhaps not as much as in 1890, perhaps more. It is all a matter of conjecture. The bottom lands were full of water from rains before the break occurred.

This city is now an island situated in a wilderness of water which surrounds it on every side. As yet the water is not in sight of the town, but is at the Blanton Gin, half a mile north, and at the Montgomery place, two miles south. Black bayou, Williams bayou and Fish lake are all out of their banks.

A meeting of the city council is being held at this writing at the mayor's office to take any necessary steps toward the safety of the people.

HIGH WATER AT ST. CLOUD.

St. Paul, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—A St. Cloud, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The channel in the Mississippi was completed none too soon. Ice began to move out at 9:30 this morning, and the river is now a raging torrent, three feet higher than usual, and rising. No damage to bridges or dams as yet. The supply pipe in the bottom of the river, for fire purposes for the east side, recently replaced at big expense to the waterworks company, was again disjointed, and the extent of damage is unknown. A pipe is being laid on top of the bridge for temporary use. No immediate danger here.

BANKING

Stockwell's Resolution Relating to Unclaimed Deposits Will Pass the House.

Beet Sugar Bill Reconsidered and Placed on General Orders.

State Senate a Little Peppery Over Killing Bills In Committee.

St. Paul, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The committee on banking in the house today favorably reported the Stockwell resolution calling on the bank examiner for a statement as to unclaimed deposits in state banks. Mr. Underleak moved a reconsideration of the beet sugar bounty bill, killed yesterday, and after debate the roll was called and the bill reconsidered by a vote of 43 to 45. The bill was then put on general orders. Mr. McGill's resolution to investigate charges that the Rochester asylum was purchasing supplies at Chicago, instead of the Twin Cities, when it gets no advantage in so doing, was taken up and discussed at some length.

Mr. Underleak offered a substitute for a senate amendment, and the resolution and amendment were adopted. The resolution adopted directs that home dealers be given equal chances with outsiders in furnishing supplies to state institutions, and orders that the board of managers of any institution, whose purchaser of supplies failed to do as directed by this resolution, shall discharge such officer. A few Ramsey county bills were passed and the bill for the relief of Mariette Crawford was killed and a recess taken till afternoon.

IN THE SENATE.

St. Paul, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate opened with a fight against committee slaughtering of bills, but the committees in most cases were sustained. The senate bill allowing boom companies on the Mississippi to pocket logs in the fall was favorably reported.

When the senate went into committee of the whole the Wyman general banking bill was taken up and its consideration consumed the remainder of the session of the morning, being originally recommended to pass with a few amendments.

CITY CIVIL SERVICE.

Hennepin, Ramsey and St. Louis Delegations to Consider It.

St. Paul, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—A joint meeting of the St. Louis, Ramsey and Hennepin delegations will be held tomorrow noon to consider the Ozmun bill for civil service in fire, police and water departments of cities. The chances are favorable to the bill. It is thought the delegation will also consider charter matters, and they may agree on the Sheehan law enabling act in view of the inability to pass the general charter at this session. The Sheehan bill grants home rule on framing city charters.

It is understood that the Duluth and Minneapolis delegations will insist on a veto power for the mayor over such civil service board, and if this carries it will almost nullify the law.

LICENSING ELECTRICIANS.

A Stringent Bill Now Before the House.

St. Paul, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The substitute for H. F. 731, introduced by the committee on municipal legislation, reads as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any company, firm, corporation or individual, in a city of this state having a population of over 50,000 to install or repair any electrical wire or device for the transmission of electrical currents for arc or incandescent lighting, house enunciators, burglar alarms, telephone or telegraph systems, messenger call services, lighting fixtures, or other electrical apparatus, unless first licensed so to do by the city council of such city.

Sec. 2. The city councils of all such cities are hereby authorized and empowered to grant such licenses and to require bonds from the licensees for the faithful performance of their duties.

Sec. 3. Any company, firm, corporation or individual who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than $500 or by imprisonment not more than six months in the discretion of the court.

NORMAL BOARD'S WANTS.

Requests $70,000 For the Duluth School Building.

St. Paul, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state normal school board held a meeting yesterday afternoon, when final estimates of the needs of the normal schools of the state were completed and sent to the legislative committee on appropriations.

The board's requests are contained in two bills. The one for introduction in the house asks for the following sums: Completion of building at St. Cloud, furnishing and repairs, $47,000; repairs at Winona school, $3200; library and museum at Mankato school, $2500; home at Winona, $30,000; library, museum and repairs at Moorhead, $3500; addition to Mankato building, $16,000; for the Duluth building, $70,000; total, $172,200.

The senate bill contains the following items: For continuous sessions at Winona and Mankato, $8000 each; St. Cloud, $7000; Moorhead, $5000; increase in annual appropriations, Winona, $7000; Mankato and St. Cloud, $6000 each; Moorhead, $2000; deficits, Winona, two years, $4500; Mankato, two years, $8000; St. Cloud, two years, $3500; total, $61,850. The total sum called for in both bills is $234,050.

SELECTED BY McKINLEY.

White Gets the German Mission ---Draper Goes to Italy.

Washington, April 1.—The president today sent to the senate the following nominations:

State—Andrew D. White, of New York, to be ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the United States to Germany; William F. Draper, of Massachusetts, to be ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the United States to Italy; Chandler Hale, of Maine, to be secretary of the embassy of the United States at Rome, Italy; Samuel L. Gracey, of Massachusetts, consul at Fuchai, China; Anson Burlingame Johnson, Colorado, consul at Amoy, China. Withdrawn—Anson Burlingame Johnson, to be consul at Fuchai.

Interior—Benjamin Butterworth, of Ohio, to be commissioner of patents.

Treasury—Oliver L. Spalding, of Michigan, to be assistant secretary of the treasury; William B. Howell, of New Jersey, to be assistant secretary of the treasury.

War—Capt. Robert Craig, signal corps, to be major.

ENDORSED BY IRELAND.

Washington, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Gen. Draper, who was nominated for ambassador to Rome by the president today, was endorsed by Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul.

POSITION FOR GRANT.

Washington, April 1.—Col. Fred Grant, of New York, and son of Gen. U. S. Grant, was this morning offered the position of assistant secretary of war and has the offer under consideration.

BISMARCK'S BIRTHDAY.

Aged Ex-Chancellor Congratulated By the Emperor.

Berlin, April 1.—The emperor today telegraphed his cordial congratulations to Prince Bismarck upon the occasion of his birthday. The ex-chancellor was born April 1, 1815.

EDDY'S GREAT STORY.

What He Says Minnesota Silver Men Will Do.

Washington, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The bimetallic forces of Minnesota will start their campaign for the election of 1898 at least a year in advance of the time for balloting. Representative Eddy has received information from Minnesota that plans are under way for holding a great convention of the fusion and silver forces of the state to endorse a state and congressional ticket.

According to Mr. Eddy's information, Towne will be endorsed as the candidate of the Popocratic forces for the governorship, while Lind will be indorsed for United States senator, to succeed Senator Davis. The entire efforts of the Popocrats will then be directed to the election of a legislature favorable to bimetallism and of Towne as governor.

BIG COAL TOW.

Sixty Barges Loaded With 21,600 Tons of Fuel.

Cincinnati, April 1.—The towboat Raymond Horner passed down with the largest cargo of coal ever floated on the Ohio, and perhaps the largest on any river. It contained sixty barges loaded with 600,000 bushels of coal and 21,600 tons. This would freight 1080 railway cars with twenty tons each, and would require forty-seven trains of forty cars each to haul it. At the rear of the tow a small steamer is attached crosswise to the current to throw the rear of the tow to the right or left in passing bends in the river.

MURDERER BUTLER.

Will Sail For Australia Well Guarded.

San Francisco, April 1.—A first-class state room in the cabin of the steamer Mariposa has been turned into a prison cell, and in it Murderer Butler will be taken to the scenes of his crimes in Australia. A room on the starboard side of the vessel and about midships has been reserved for his accommodation. Its usual fittings have been removed, and all that remains in the room is the lower of the three bunks.

Close to the floor a strong steel ring has been riveted, to which the prisoner will be fastened, if he should show a surly disposition. Three Australian detectives will take turns in sitting in that room with the prisoner until he leaves the vessel at Sydney. The prisoner will be given some exercise on the deck and in the fresh air at night or in the early morning, when the other passengers are in their bunks. He will then be chained by two of his captors.

The Mariposa will leave with the prisoner on Friday afternoon. The vessel was due to sail today, but was delayed on account of the English mail, which is on the way across the continent.

WISCONSIN'S LEGISLATURE.

Madison, April 1.—Assemblyman Clason introduced a resolution which was adopted, asking that the Marquette memorial be recalled from committee. The Rusk and Fairchild bills were recommended for passage last night. Davidson's bill increasing telegraph companies' taxes from $10,000 to $25,000, was ordered engrossed and Mosher's bill increasing highway taxes was killed. Bills limiting the fare on the Soo road, providing for a forest commission, and for free distribution of sugar beet seed were passed. The bill creating the county of Rusk was killed. Assemblyman Lewis' primary bill was made a special order for tomorrow morning. In the senate, Wylie's anti-pool selling bill was passed, and the high theater hat bill was killed. The sub-state fair bill went to its third reading.

ARSON

Three Women Arrested For That Crime and a Man Is Wanted.

They Are Charged With Attempting to Burn the Spellman Building.

Fire Broke Out Early This Morning---Inflammable Material Found.

An attempt was made to burn the Spellman building, a 2-story frame structure situated at 1806 West Superior street, at an early hour this morning. Mrs. Rachel Spellman and her nieces, Mary and Florence Angleman, are in jail charged with complicity in the crime and the detectives expect to have Thomas Spellman, the owner, under arrest before evening.

The flames were discovered by Officer Rosek, who gave an alarm. The fire department quickly responded and the flames were extinguished before they had obtained much headway. An investigation by the firemen disclosed that the baseboard of a room in the southeast corner of the second floor had been torn away on two sides and the space behind it filled with cotton waste and kindling soaked in kerosene. The furniture had been pulled away from the wall to make room for the incendiaries to work and had not even been replaced. The bedding in the sleeping apartments had all been removed except the mattresses.

It was noticed by Officer Rosek and others who arrived early on the scene that the three women were standing in front of J. W. Nelson's store, opposite, fully dressed in street attire and were very cool and collected.

So plain was the evidence of foul play that T. H. Hawkes, of the Prindle insurance agency, which carried insurance on the building, at once swore out a warrant against the women and Thomas Spellman, charging them with arson. The women were arrested this afternoon by Detectives Donovan and Troyer at the house of Patrick Spellman, a brother of Thomas Spellman. When they arrived, Mrs. Spellman was found in bed and pretended to be too ill to get up, but on finding that the ruse would be of no avail, she arose with a laugh and prepared to accompany the officers.

The building is insured for $2500 and the furniture for $1500. The Travellers Insurance company, of Hartford, has a mortgage for $3500 on the building. The store on the first floor has been vacant for some time.

COSTLY DEADLOCK.

Kentucky's Senatorial Contest Is Still Undecided.

Louisville, Ky., April 1.—A special to the Eevening Post from Frankfort, says: Tension is still high in the senatorial struggle and all realize that the present condition cannot last much longer. The deadlock is costing the state, already in bankruptcy, over $1000 a day. The deadlock last winter cost the state in the neighborhood of $100,000. Fourteen Hunter men have signified their willingness to sign a call for a new caucus and a new nominee. The bolting Republicans have so far declined to go into any such scheme. The silver men are still dickering with the sound money men in an effort to combine on state senators Goebel Martin or Hon. R. P. Jacobs, of Danville.

The silver men found themselves one vote short today on account of the absence of Representative Doughety, who had gone home under the impression that he was paired with Representative Dodson. The latter, a Hunter man from Louisville, denied the pair, but when Senator Bronston, on behalf of the silver Democrats, threatened to break a querum if he did not stand by his pair, Mr. Dodson said he would not vote.

The roll call for the nineteenth ballot showed 120 present, necessary to a choice 61. The ballot resulted in a gain of one vote for Boyle, a sound money Democrat voting for him instead of Davie. The vote stood Hunter, 58; Blackburn, 43; Davie, 11; Boyle, 7; Stone, 1. At the conclusion of the first ballot Representative Haddin, a silver Democrat, moved to adjourn. The Republicans demanded a yea and nay vote, whereupon the motion to adjourn was withdrawn, but a second ballot was ordered which resulted in no change in the forces of all candidates standing firm.

TURKS TO WITHDRAW.

Said to Be Final Conclusion of the Powers.

London, April 1.—The Westminster Gazette this afternoon publishes a dispatch from Constantinople which says that, acting upon the instructions of their respective governments, the ambassadors of the powers have opened confidential negotiations with the Turkish government for a definite withdrawal of the Turkish troops from Crete.

WILL SEE KING GEORGE.

Constantinople, April 1.—It is reported that Karatheodori Pasha, who was mentioned some six weeks ago as likely to be appointed governor of Crete, is going to Athens on a special mission to King George of Greece.

BRIDGE BILL REPORTED.

Washington, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Nelson today made a favorable report on his bill to amend the Duluth and Superior bridge bill so that the channel of the river may be maintained.

BLIZZARD

Wyoming Has the Worst Snow Storm During Twenty Years.

Snowed So Hard the Daily Papers at Laramie Stopped.

Buildings Buried, Trains Snowed In---Loss of Life Feared.

Laramie, Wyo., April 1.—The most severe snow storm in twenty years has struck this section, doing immense damage to cattle and sheep. Business here is practically suspended, and yesterday, even the daily papers were not issued. On the main streets the snow in places is ten feet high, while residences on the outskirts of the city are in some instances completely buried by drifts. Several buildings collapsed in consequence of the weight of the snow which covered their roofs.

The storm extends from Medicine Bowl to Pine Bluffs, Wyo., a distance of 175 miles. Laramie and Sherman Hill appear to be the very center of the storm belt. All freight trains on the Union Pacific have been suspended for the past forty-eight hours, and the officials making a strenuous but apparently futile effort to keep passenger trains moving. Trainmaster Culress, of the Union Pacific, hopes to have trains moving some time today. On Sherman Hill the big rotary snow plow has been kept moving all day plowing through drifts fully twenty feet high in numerous places. Several snow plows are working west of here, making an endeavor to keep the main line open.

Fears are entertained for the safety of several hunting parties in this section. Sheep are scattered all over the plains, and it is said the loss will reach into the thousands. Several herders reached town having deserted their herds, and only with the greatest difficulty escaping from being frozen to death. It is feared that the driver of the North Park stage has perished, although there is a chance that he made some ranch before the storm reached the height of its fury.

The latest reports along the line of the Union Pacific say that the storm has apparently expended its force and the trains will commence moving today.

SAILOR RAMSAY.

May Involve Us In a Quarrel With Peru.

Washington, April 1.—The state department is in active correspondence by mail with United States Minister McKenzie at Lima, Peru, respecting the case of the American sailor, Ramsay, arrested three months ago at Calao as the result of a street brawl, and who has just been sentenced to a year's imprisonment for disorderly conduct.

The state department has demanded the release of the man, holding that under the treaty he should have been tried or released within ten days after arrest. This demand, however, does not prohibit the Peruvian authorities from reasserting and trying him under forms of law and treaty for the offense, the purpose of the demand being solely to cause the recognition of the treaty provision mentioned.

STICK TO RATES.

No Sign of Cutting at Eastern Points.

New York, April 1.—The Tribune this morning says: There is no sign of an outbreak of rate cutting among the railroads as a result of the United States supreme court decision in the trans-Missouri association case.

C. D. Simonson, general Eastern agent of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, said last night: "I have been trying today to find out if rate cutting has been done in the East or the West, and have failed absolutely to locate a single instance. I have received explicit instructions not to deviate from the published tariff rate, no matter what our competitors may do. It is my opinion that notwithstanding the dissolution of the associations, rates will be maintained, but if they are reduced, it will not be secretly, but by open tariff."

Representatives of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroads said they had instructions from headquarters to maintain rates.

FIRE THEM ALL.

United Press Will Stop Short Next Wednesday.

New York, April 1.—The following notice has been issued by the assignee of the United Press: "To whom it may concern: The news service of the United Press will be discontinued after the night of April 7, or about 2 o'clock in the morning of April 8. No news dispatches will be received from correspondents, reporters or news agencies, or paid for, and the service of all employes will be dispensed with after that time. F. G. Mason, Assignee."

EATON IS BICYCLE KING.

San Francisco, April 1.—Jay Eaton, of Chicago, is again on his throne. At the indoor bike races he defeated Loughead, Becker and Wells in a four cornered match race for a purse of $400. He won two of the three heats run. The first heat was won by Loughead, Wells, second; Eaton and Becker, fourth. The time, 2:05 2-5, is the indoor competition record for a single paced event. Eaton won the second and third heats in 2:21 1-5 and 2:06, respectively. The race was won as follows: Eaton, 1; Loughead, 2; Becker, 3. Orlando Stevens rode an exhibition half mile in :54 seconds, which is the indoor record.



A woman's best jewels are her babes. A healthy, happy child is womanhood's most appropriate ornament. A childless woman is to be pitied, even though she be the possessor of other jewels that are priceless. A womanly woman knows this and would sacrifice all the diamonds of all the nations for the clinging, confiding touch of baby hands. Thousands of women lead childless, loveless lives because of ill-health. They do not understand the duties that they owe to themselves. They neglect the most delicate and important parts of woman's organism. They suffer untold agonies from weakness and disease of the organs that make motherhood possible, and never know the thrilling touch of baby fingers. They imagine their cases hopeless.

In this they are mistaken. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a sure, safe, swift cure for all weakness and disease of the organs distinctly feminine. It acts directly and only on these organs. It prepares a woman for motherhood. It allays all discomfort during the expectant period. It insures the baby's health and makes its coming easy and almost painless. More than 90,000 women have testified in writing to its value. All good druggists sell it.

Mrs. Rebecca Gardner, of Grafton, York Co., Va., writes: "I was so sick with dyspepsia that I could not eat anything for over four months. I had to starve myself, as nothing would stay on my stomach. I tried almost everything that people would tell me about, and nothing did me any good. I weighed only 80 pounds. I took two bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and, thank God, and your medicine, I am as well as I ever was, and now weigh 125 pounds. I have a bottle of your 'Favorite Prescription' now, and that is a wonderful medicine for female weakness. Praise God that he created such a man as you."

Business is business. No time for headaches. Constipation causes them. Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure them by curing the cause. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic.

MORRIS' DOWNFALL.

From Social Leader Down to Directory Thief.

Oakland, Cal., April 1.—Confined in the county jail under the alias of George Morgan, is George Morris, formerly assistant librarian of the United States congressional library in Washington, D. C. Morris was in the social swim a few years ago. He dined with justices of the supreme court, hobnobbed with senators and congressmen and was on familiar terms through several administrations with the characters that assembled at the capital.

"Politics and too much galety brought me where I am today," declared Morris. "I enjoyed the best that money could buy and went the full limit. There is not much I can say in extenuation, except that I would not have been in prison now if I had been less easy in my mode of life. Whisky had nothing to do with my troubles."

Morris is in jail convicted of having stolen a directory from a saloon. He is serving a term for larceny.

FIREBUG CONFESSES.

Has Burned Eight Houses Killing Ten People.

New York, April 1.—Hugh Miller, 25 years old, under arrest for setting fire to a four-story brownstone appartment house in Brooklyn, admitted that in 1891 he had fired eight houses in which ten people had been burned to death. Miller coolly related the details of his awful crimes and then declared that he was a victim of pyromania, caused by excessive cigarette smoking.

"No thought of gain entered my mind when I set fire to these places. I simply wanted to destroy property and witness the discomfiture of the tenants," he said. "I have an uncontrollable desire to burn buildings. When these fits are worst I am unable to control my actions. I have tried my best to put down this desire, but I could not displace it from my mind. While I was in the reformatory I kept thinking of fires all the time, and after I was released, about three years ago, I thought I would be able to master my mind."

In 1891 Miller was sent to the Elmira reformatory for having been convicted for setting fire to a house in Bridge street, Brooklyn. The same year seven persons lost their lives in a fire in Sands street, Brooklyn, and Miller now confesses that he set it on fire, as well as several others. Miller set fire to the tenement house at Vanderbilt and Myrtle avenues last Thursday. He sprinkled the stairways with oil, and piled waste in the attics, before applying the torch.

POSTAL UNION RULING.

Washington, April 1.—The international bureau of the universal postal union at Berne, Switzerland, has officially announced that samples of articles composed of glass or other fragile substances are admissable to the mails exchanged between the French colonies of Diego Suarez and Saint Pierre and Miquelan.

FORGER PLEADS GUILTY.

Portland, Ore., April 1.—E. Z. Durand, who was arrested in Cairo, Mich., about a month ago, has been brought here to answer to several charges of forgery, has pleaded guilty to two indictments. Sentence was postponed. It is said Durand's forgeries aggregated $150,000 while he was president of the Durand Organ and Piano company.

CONFESSED A MURDER.

Hutchinson, Kas., April 1.—N. Webster, an inmate of the state reformatory here, has confessed to complicity in the murder of W. H. Odvis, a wealthy stockman, who was murdered in August, 1895, at Sevoy, where he was waiting to board a night train for Kansas City. The murderers robbed their victim of $6000 in government bonds. The confession implicates a man named Powell, who is said to be in Arkansas, and for whom the authorities are searching.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TRAFFIC

Railroad Lines Will Urge Passage of a National Pooling Law.

Chairman Depew Favors the Measure Introduced By Senator Foraker.

General Belief That a Pooling Bill Will Give Desired Relief.

New York, April 1.—The Times this morning says: Although the Eastern trunk lines and their Western connections will continue to operate under the joint traffic agreement until compelled to cease from so doing by an adverse decision of the United States supreme court, the railroad men, almost without exception, are preparing for a vigorous campaign in favor of a pooling law by congress. Chauncey M. Depew, chairman of the joint traffic board of control, says that in a proper pooling law lies the only solution of the existing railroad troubles. The bill introduced by Senator Foraker, he remarked, was designed to enabe railroad managers to make necessary traffic agreements and keep out of jail.

One result of the recent conference of railroad lawyers, was to emphasize the unanimity of sentiment in favor of legislation that will legalize pooling. The presidents of some of the trunk lines frankly avow their willingness to have the joint traffic association declared illegal by the supreme court, because they believe that the conditions thus precipitated would force congress to pass remedial measures without delay. Foraker pooling bill is satisfactory to most all of the railroad men, and the members of the inter-state commerce commission as well.

That bill practically nullifies the anti-traffic contract clause of the Sherman anti-trust law, and gives the railroad companies the privilege of making such traffic contracts under the supervision of the inter-state commerce commission. Eastern railroad men believe that the legalization of railway pooling would have a better effect on the general situation than a supreme court decision in favor of the Joint Traffic association. Even the assurance of the legality of the last named association would not help the Western roads for the reason that the supreme court decision killed their principal traffic agreement.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

A large number of members of the Democratic and Populistic state central committees met in Fargo to meet jointly to discuss the anti-fusion bill passed by the last legislature. They are sure to get together in opposition to the Republicans but no definite plan of action will be marked out until the McKinley administration policy is clearly defined. It is not certain whether a name for the new combination will be chosen at this meeting.

Crows and larks have made their appearance at Reynolds this spring. Snow has disappeared slowly and it is raining. There there were no drifts the ground is bare of snow. The fields are becoming impassable as the snow softens.

Indications are that spring seeding will not be as late as was feared by many as there is very little frost in the ground.

Agnes Baldwin, the only female convict at the Bismarck penitentiary, will be a free woman this spring, her sentence expiring in a few weeks. Agnes was sent up from Devil's Lake for complicity in the killing of a man, in which an ax was the weapon used, about seven years ago.

J. B. Wineman has a petition for the pardon of two life convicts in the penitentiary at Bismarck, B. F. Murphy and Philip Myrtle, two young men sent up from Grand Forks about two years ago for highway robbery. Under the old law, the penalty prescribed for that offense was life imprisonment. Since then the law has been modified, and as both have been exemplary in their conduct at the pen. their chances for pardon are good.

The body of Adolph Olson, of Hobart county, who wandered away at the time of the Thanksgiving blizzard, was found about five miles south of Sanborn by a farmer. He walked about twenty miles before he was overcome by the cold.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The case of the city of Huron against ex-Treasurer-Mayor Sayers has been concluded and Judge Campbell has found for the city. The books and papers of the Myers administration were produced in court, together with the stub of receipts, checks, etc., and, says the Huronite, such a conglomeration of accounts was probably never before exhibited in a court of justice. The inability of Col. Myers to conduct public affairs was clearly manifested by his own showing in this case. He had no system to his business. Everybody handled the city's money. Bussey paid it out whenever he wanted to and for whatever purpose he saw fit and would turn the receipts over to Myers as cash. Who would accept the same and issue receipts therefor.

Arrangements have been made whereby nearly all of those rendered homeless by the burning of the Alliance building at Huron have secured offices. Some of the safes have been opened, that of the land office preserving its records entire. The vaults have been opened and everything in them was as if no fire had occurred. The vault contained all books of record, plats, patents and valuable papers. The same is true of the contents of the vault on the second story of the building.

The 10-year-old son of Henry Kromp, residing near Bath, fell into an old well, partly covered by snow, and was drowned. In her efforts to save her child, Mrs. Kromp also fell in and, though rescued, has since been unconscious and may die.

The directors of the Home Missionary Society of South Dakota Congregational churches met at Huron Tuesday. During the year 131 churches and thirty-five outstations have been assisted by the society. Rev. E. W. Jenney, of Huron, was employed as general missionary.

ARCHBISHOP PLUNKETT DEAD.

Dublin, April 1.—The Right Hon. and Most Rev. William Conyngham Plunkett, Protestant archbishop of Dublin, who has been seriously ill for some days past, died at 6 o'clock this morning. He was born in 1828 and succeeded to the title on the death of his father in 1871. Lord Plunkett was elected archbishop of Dublin on the resignation of Archbishop Trench in 1884.

The standard cure for cold and cough, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, should be kept by every mother who loves her darlings.

COLDS

Munyon's Cold Cure cures colds in the head, colds on the lungs, old colds, new colds and obstinate colds, and all forms of grip. Stops sneezing, discharges from the nose and eyes, prevents catarrh, diphtheria, pneumonia and all throat and lung troubles. These pleasant little pellets are absolutely harmless, have saved thousands of lives and prevented much sickness. Price, 25c.

MUNYON'S

Improved Homoeopathic Home Remedy company put up a separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25 cents. Guide to Health free.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

KANSAS CITY DOGS.

Society In That Place Goes to the Bow Wows.

Kansas City, Mo., April 1.—Two hundred and seventy dogs are on exhibition at the first annual bench show held under the auspices of the Kansas City Kennel club. Almost every class in canines in the world is represented, from the gigantic St. Bernard "Le Prince," valued at $20,000, to a litter of French poodles only six weeks old. The arrangements for the show are perfect and the opening attendance was good, society people turning out in large numbers. There are 175 exhibitors, coming from all parts of the country. The judging of classes and awarding of prizes began last night.

Following are the awards in the St. Bernard classes, Miss Anna C. Whitney, of Lancaster, Mass., judge: Class 2—Rough coated, first prize to C. A. Pratt's Le Prince. Class 3—Rough coated, first, A. F. Frombling's American Caesar; second to George L. Rollins, Kookuk; third to V. R. Andrews, Vincent's Lion. Class 4—Rough coated, first to C. A. Pratt's Sakamonica; second to F. M. Yanner's Topsey; third to Richard Dill's Miss Queen.

CUBA LIBRE.

President Cisneros Writes to President McKinley.

Chicago, April 1.—The Inter Ocean today prints an open letter which Cisneros, president of the Cuban republic, has sent to President McKinley. The letter which is of great length appeals to the president of the United States "In the name of God and of my people to extend early consideration to what is known in the United States as the Cuban question."

Cisneros then gives details of the revolutionary cause throughout the island, the establishment of various departments of government by which the insurgents collect taxes, maintain armies, and carry mails, as arguments to show that the regular government exists. An important feature of the civil government, according to President Cisneros, has been the establishment of schools and the issuing of books.

In concluding his appeal he says: "The struggle may go on for years, and Cuba may continue to fight the battle against fearful odds alone, but so long as there is a God to give us courage we will cling to the banner of right and freedom, and never falter until the victory is won."

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

At Berlin Rear Admiral Tirpitz has been relieved of the command of the cruiser Gefsion and replaces Vice Admiral von Hollmann, who has been granted a prolonged furlough as secretary for the navy.

The Gladstone Land company has assigned to Ernest R. Putnam. At a meeting of the directors, held at St. Paul, P. T. Kavanaugh, president, and William Dawson, Jr., secretary, were authorized to make the assignment, the condition of the company being found such as to warrant the closing up of the business. No figures are given in the deed of assignment.

Patrick Flaherty, of West Superior, went to St. Paul to attend his father's funeral, but found the old gentleman was not dead when he arrived. This surprise turned his brain and he is in Ramsey county jail wildly insane.

The Northwestern Miller reports the flour output last week at Minneapolis as 235,015 barrels against 219,345 barrels for the corresponding wek last year, and 148,910 barrels for the same week in 1895. The output this week is estimated at 240,000 barrels. There is a large excess of water power.

It is said at the state department that no successor has been selected to take Gen. Lee's place as consul general at Havana; that he has not been called on a leave of absence to take effect April 15, and finally that there has been no change in the status of the consul general. It is also intimated that there is no intention of making any change in the consulate general in the near future, at least.

Margaret Yesalowska, believed to be the oldest woman in the United States, died yesterday at Milwaukee, at the age of 108 years. She was born in Germany in 1789 and came to Wisconsin forty years ago. She has a son aged 64 and a daughter aged 50, living in this city. Her eldest daughter died a few months ago at the age of 70 years.

Private advices from Great Britain contradict the announcement that the duke of Leeds will be the next governor general of Canada.

It is reported at Madrid that a filibustering expedition from the United States had landed at Baracoa, near Punta Brava, Cuba, and that the column of Col. Cirujeda captured almost the entire body. This report lacks confirmation.

ONE IN EVERY FOUR.

One Person in Every Four Suffers From Piles.

About one person in every four suffers from some form of rectal disease. The most common and annoying is itching piles, indicated by warmth, slight moisture and intense, uncontrollable itching in the parts affected.

The usual treatment has been some simple ointment or salve, which sometimes give temporary relief, but nothing like a permanent cure can be expected from such superficial treatment.

The only permanent cure for itching piles yet discovered is the Pyramid Pile Cure, not only for itching piles, but for every other form of piles, blind, bleeding or protruding. The first application gives instant relief and the continued use for some time causes a permanent removal of the tumors or the small parasites which cause the intense itching and discomfort of itching piles.

Many physicians for a long time supposed that the remarkable relief afforded by the Pyramid Pile Cure was because it was supposed to contain cocaine, opium or similar drugs, but such is not the case. A recent careful analysis of the remedy showed it to be absolutely free from any cocaine, opium or in fact any poisonous, injurious drugs whatever. Sold by druggists at 50 cents per package.

NASHVILLE'S EXPOSITION.

List of the Leading Specially Designated Days.

Nashville, Tenn., April 1.—The centennial exposition executive committee has set apart special days for the following states, cities and particular purposes, including meetings of national bodies. Other dates are to be set, but the following list includes all yet decided upon, including conventions and congresses:

May 1 to 3, Supreme Knights Ancient Essonic order; May 5, Mexico day; May 7, art day for the United States; May 7 and 8, Freight Claim association; May 11, National Association Railroad Air Brakemen; May 12, Knights of Pythias, Uniform Rank; May 12, Wolverine Press association of Michigan; May 17, National Good Citizens' convention; May 18, Hocking and Ohio Valley Press association, of Ohio; May 19 and 20, Tennessee State Bankers' association; May 20, United Order of the Golden Crops day; May 26, Greek Letter day; May 27, Vanderbilt day, in honor of Commodore Vanderbilt; May 28, State Press association, of Georgia; May 29, Wisconsin day.

June 1, Tennessee day; June 1, governors' day; June 1 to 5, Grand Lodge Knights and Ladies' of Honor day; June 1 to 5, surviving Texas Rangers' day; June 2, Republican league of Tennessee; June 4, National Travelers' Protective association day; June 11, Ohio day; June 12, Cincinnati day; June 15, Tennessee Press association day; June 18 to 19, Texas day; June 21, National Association of Labor Commissioners of the United States; June 22 to 24, United Confederate Veterans' day; June 25, Florida day; June 25, Virginia Press association day; June 29 to 30, Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity days; June 30, Phi Gamma Delta, New York day.

July 3, Sigma Kappa Epsilon day; July 4, Commonwealth Conference day; July 7, Division Encampment Sons of Veterans of Alabama and Tennessee day; July 20, Baptist day; July 21, Tennessee Druggists' association day.

Aug. 17, Louisville and Redmen day. Aug. 17, cotton day; Aug. 17, Crockett clan, and Aug. 17, American Auxiliary Annexation to the Junior Order of American Mechanics' day; Aug. 30; general insurance agents' convention day.

Sept. 7 and 8, United States Veterinary Medical association; Sept. 9, American fruit growers' day; Sept. 15 to 17, "Old Time" Telegraphers' day; Sept. 20, Young Men's Institute day; Sept. 21 to 25, National Association Mexican War Veterans' days; Sept. 27, Journeyman Plumbers, Gas and Steamfitters and Steamfitters' Helpers of the United States and Canada day.

Oct. 1 to 5, American Society of Religious Education; Oct. 5, Rhode Island day; Oct. 7, Kings Mountain and Daughters of American Revolution day; Oct. 8 and 9, American Association State Weather Service day; Oct. 9, Chicago day; Oct. 12 to 15, Sigma National Fraternity day; Oct. 19 to 25, Liberal Congress of Religion; Oct. 21, Presbyterian day; Oct. 26, National Council of Women day.

Who can measure the influence of a

Mother!



It lasts through all ages and enters the confines of eternity. With what care, therefore, should she be guarded and how great the effort be to make her life happy.

Mother's Friend

makes child-birth easy, assists nature in its sublime effort, leaves the Mother stronger after than before confinement, and robs the trying hour of its terror. No Mother can afford to neglect its use.

Of druggists at $1.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Write for book containing valuable information for all Mothers, mailed free.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Jacob Fawcett, Plaintiff,

vs.

Mary P. Foster, Thomas H. McCague, as receiver of the German Savings Bank of Omaha, Nebraska, German Savings Bank of Omaha, Nebraska, Julius Larsen, Frank Genery, Ole Haasen, Mary Philoma Foster, as executrix of the last will of Clarence H. Foster, deceased, Mary P. Foster, as general guardian of the following named defendants: Alfred Landby Foster, Clarence Bertrand Foster, Harold Cook Foster, Charles Usebe Foster, Ella Maud Foster, Frank Fawcett Foster, and S. C. McCormick, Christian Haug and J. Henry Haug, co-partners as C. Haug & Son, Lizzie M. Hoyt, Andrew Johnson and Gustav Johnson, copartners as Johnson & Co., Thomas A. Maxted, Duluth, which is a corporation organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota, and is otherwise known as Norwegian Young Peoples Society, Wincenty Kosinski, Chicago Hotel Cabinet Co., Daniel Cox, R. L. Polk & Co., (a corporation), John E. Prizon, Waterbury Button Co., (a corporation), Albert Wieland, Duluth Ice Co., (a corporation), J. R. Carey, Newman C. Harvey, Walter E. Wicks and William W. Hoopes, co-partners as N. C. Harvey & Co., R. H. Pendergast, Manus Brown, Edward H. Foster, Camille Poirier and Duluth Trust Company, as receiver of all unexempt property of said Camille Poirier, insolvent, and Charles E. Budden, Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated October 26, 1896.

DRAPER, DAVIS & HOLLISTER,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
409-414 First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

The object of the above action is to foreclose two mortgages given by Clarence H. Foster, deceased, during his life, in which defendant, Mary P. Foster, his wife, joined. The lands affected are lot 285, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth; lot 50, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth; lot 9, in block 156, Portland Division, and the undivided one-half of lot 100, St. Louis avenue, Upper Duluth, all in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

No personal claim is made against any defendant.

DRAPER, DAVIS & HOLLISTER,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
409-414 First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-11-18-25-April-1-8-15

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

To Whom it May Concern:

Notice is hereby given, that in the matter of the application of the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation to reassess to the extent of benefits actually accruing against the property benefited thereby, the cost of the following local improvement, to-wit, for grading, gravelling and carrying off storm water on Short Line Park road from the gravel pit in the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), of section four (4), township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, to Short Line Park, running from said gravel pit northwesterly through the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), the northeast quarter (ne ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw ¼), the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), the southwest quarter (sw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), and the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), of section four (4), and the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the northwest quarter (ne ¼), of section five (5), to said Short Line Park.

A report has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, by G. J. Mallory, W. W. Sanford and D. W. Scott, appraisers duly appointed in the above proceedings by the district court above entitled; that in and by said report said appraisers do make their assessments against each piece and parcel of land deemed by them to be benefited by reason of the above mentioned improvement, the original assessment made by the board of public works of said city to defray the cost of said improvement having been heretofore by said court declared wholly invalid and by the judgment of said court wholly set aside.

That said report so made by said appraisers was filed in the office of the clerk of the district court aforesaid on the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1897.

Notice is hereby further given, that at a special term of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, to be held at the court house, in said city of Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1897, the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation aforesaid, at the opening of said court at the hour of 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said date or as soon there after as counsel can be heard will apply to said district court for an order of said court confirming said assessments so made by said appraisers.

The pieces and parcels of land affected by said assessments so made by said appraisers as aforesaid, are situate in the city of Duluth in sections four (4) and five (5), of township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, and are more particularly described and the amount of the assessment against each piece and parcel thereof is as set after and opposite to each description as follows, to-wit:

Name of Supposed Owner.	Description.	Amount.
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4.....	$ 41 00
New Duluth Land company,	northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4.....	60 00
New Duluth Land company,	southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4.....	36 00
New Duluth Land company,	northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4.....	79 00
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 4.....	41 00
Willis H. Feller and Charlotte E. Thompson,	northwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	79 00
Isaac McMahon,	northwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Grace McMahon,	northeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	41 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5...	79-00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5...	60 00
Estate of Nehemiah Hulett,	northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 5	21 00

All of the above descriptions being in township 48 north, range 15 west.

CITY OF DULUTH.
By J. B. RICHARDS,
City Attorney.

Duluth, Minn., March 23rd, 1897.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 24 to April 3, inclusive.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

YOU WILL REALIZE THAT "THEY LIVE WELL WHO LIVE CLEANLY," IF YOU USE

SAPOLIO



Results of treatment.

DR. RODRIGUEZ SPANISH TREATMENT. A Positive Written Guaranteed Cure for LOST MANHOOD and all attendants, both of young and middle-aged men and women. The awful effects of YOUTHFUL ERRORS, shrunken or undeveloped organs, weakness, Nervous Debility, Nightly Emissions, Consumption, Insanity, Exhausting drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, unfitting one for study, business and marriage, is quickly cured by Dr. Rodriguez Spanish Nerve Grains. They not only cure by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great NERVE TONIC and BLOOD BUILDER, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks, and restoring the FIRE OF YOUTH to the patient. By mail, $1.00 per box or 6 for $5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book free. Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2399, New York.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price, 50 cents per package, or six packages [full treatment] for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street. MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 23, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m. on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1897, for furnishing and delivering along the line of the waterworks forces main in said city from the pumping station at Lakewood to the reservoir at Thirty-fourth avenue east and Fourth street about 85,000 pounds of special castings according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of eight thousand ($8000) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 25 10t.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m. on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1897, for furnishing and laying of about 11,000 lineal feet of 36-inch cast iron or steel water pipe with appurtenances, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of eight thousand ($8000) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on March 26, 1897, and terminating on March 25, 1898, by M. J. Schultz at No. 529 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
(Corporate Seal.) City Clerk.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

WEAKER

Wheat Was Easier Today and Fluctuations Were Quite Numerous.

The Foreign News Responsible For a Decline at the Start.

Liverpool and Russian Port Stocks Larger and the Receipts Heavy.

For the first time in months, May wheat this morning sold at Chicago below 70c. The market opened easy and a good ½c below yesterday's closing price, first sales of May being made there at 70¼@69⅝c. It touched 70⅝c for an instant and then liquidation, which has been so prominent a feature in the dealings, began again and the price sank to 69⅝c. Contrary to general expectations, no stampede followed this decrease, but instead, shorts covered liberally at the low point, the price rallying to 70½c. The opening weakness was caused principally by foreign news. Liverpool opened at a slight advance and lost it at once. Russian port stocks were considerably larger than last year. Liverpool also showed an increase and Northwest receipts were large, 587 cars against 313 last week. After 11 o'clock the market became stronger and the decline was recovered.

There was fair trading on the Duluth board, and the market was weak, although the price did not get as low here as at Chicago. May wheat opened unchanged at 71c but at the close of the first half hour got down to 70¼c. It rallied again to 70⅝c, but soon weakened and sold off to 70⅛c. Before noon it touched 71c, but at noon was ½c lower. Before the close it went back to 71c, and the close was at that figure, indicating no change since yesterday. On the other hand, the later futures were stronger and September advanced ½c. The mills bought 45,000 bus of cash stuff at the May price, while the elevators took 20,000 bus at ½c under May. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 72½c; May, 71c, No. 1 northern, cash, 70½c; May, 70c asked; July, 71½c; September, 68¾c. No. 2 northern, 68c. No. 3, 64½@66¼c. Rejected, 48½@62½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 72½c; No. 1 northern, 70½c. Rye, 32½c. No. 2 oats, 17½c; No. 3 oats, 17c. Flax, 75¼c; May, 76½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 315; oats, 7; rye, 3; barley, 11; flax, 22. Receipts—Wheat, 256,886 bus; corn, 446 bus; oats, 4521 bus; barley, 6131 bus; flax, 15,244 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 384 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, April 1.—Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 25,463; shipments, 5337. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 11,852; shipments, 3139. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 10,788; shipments, 4056. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 19,000; estimated hogs today, 22,000; left over, 4000. Market active and strong. Light, $3.30@4.12½; mixed, $3.95@4.15; heavy, $3.80@4.15; rough, $3.30@3.85. Cattle, receipts, 8000. Market steady to strong. Beeves, $3.90@5.40; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.35; Texas steers, $3.20@4.40; stockers and feeders, $3.40@4.30. Sheep, receipts, 11,000. Market steady to strong.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, April 1.—Closing, wheat, spot dull; futures dull; April, nominal; May, 5s 11d; June, not quoted; July, 5s 11d. Maize, spot firm; futures quiet; April, 2s 6¾d; May, 2s 8¼d; June, not quoted; July, 2s 10½d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 1.—Money on call nominally at 1½@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½ for demand and at $4.85⅜ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.86½ and $4.88½. Commercial bills $4.85. Silver certificates, 61½@62c. Bar silver, 62c. Mexican dollars, 48½c. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered and coupon, 81 2⅜; 5s registered and coupon, 1.14; 4s registered, 111; coupon, 111¾; 2s registered, 96; Pacific 6s of '98, 81.05.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, April 1.—Wheat steady; May, 68⅝@69c; July, 69¾c; September, 70@70¼c. No. 1 hard, 72c; No. 1 northern, 70c. Receipts, 272 cars.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 1.—Close, Wheat, April, 68¾c; May, 70½c; July, 70¼c; September, 68¾c. Corn, April, 24½c; May, 25c; July, 29¾c; September, 27¾c. Oats, April, 17c; May, 17⅝@17½c; July, 18¼@18¾c; September, 18⅞c. Pork, April, $8.52; May, $8.57; July, $8.67. Lard, April, $4.22; May, $4.25; July, $4.35; September, $4.45. Ribs, April, $4.67; May, $4.67; July, $4.72. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Flax, cash, 74½c; Northwestern, 78c; May, 74½@75c; July, 70¾c bid. Rye, September, 77½@78c. Timothy, cash, $2.65; April, $2.65. Rye, cash, 32½c; May, 33c; July, 34½c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 24@33c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 1.—Wheat, May, 76⅞c; June, 76⅝c; July, 75¼c; August, 74½c; September, 73⅝c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade, Chicago, April 1.—Another day of liquidation in the wheat pit carried the May option under 70c for the first time since last October. On the break shorts and holders of puts took the offerings. There was no stampede on stop orders around 70c as was expected and neither was there any important quantity wanted at that limit as is usual at even figures. The recovery at the close was on export clearances which are considerably better than last week's and some indications of improvement in the shipping demand. Russian ports stocks are 15 per cent larger than last year and Liverpool stocks of wheat increased 300,000 bus in March. Northwest receipts continue very heavy. We are inclined to look for further liquidation in May wheat and probably July premium.

Corn firm on active demand from shorts induced by the very light receipts and continued enormous clearances. Oats also firmer.

Provisions experienced only small trade and also suffered some from liquidation.

Puts, May wheat, 70⅛@70c.
Calls, May wheat 70⅞c bid @71⅛c.
Curb, May wheat, 70½c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	10⅝	10⅝	10¼	10⅝
Atchison	111	111⅜	110	110⅜
Sugar Trust				
Canada Southern				
C., B & Q	71½	71½	70⅜	71⅜
St. Paul	72⅝	73½	72⅜	73
Chicago Gas	79	79¼	77⅜	78⅝
Del., Lack. & W	152	152	151½	152
General Electric	31⅝	31⅝	30⅜	31
Erie	57¼	58¼	57½	58
Reading	20⅜	21	20	21
Louis. & Nash	45⅜	46	45¼	45½
Manhattan	84	84	83½	83⅝
Missouri Pacific	15½	15⅝	14⅜	15⅝
Tobacco	73¼	73⅞	73	73⅜
Chicago & N. W	104⅞	104⅞	104⅜	104⅜
N. P. preferred	34⅜	34⅝	34¼	34¾
Rock Island	62	62⅜	61⅜	62
Union Pacific				
Western Union	82¼	82½	80¾	81¼
Leather	56½	56½	56¼	56⅜
Lake Shore				

RUNNING FULL TIME.

Southington, Conn., April 1.—The mammoth Connecticut factories of Peck, Stow & Wilcox, manufacturers of machinery, tools, etc., are now running on their usual time and with increased working forces. The recent shut-down which was for the purpose of usual repairs was merely temporary, and all of the Connecticut factories of the company are operating and additional help has been given employment.

SHOCH BEHIND.

Claims He Will Again Catch Hale's Record.

Washington, April 1.—Schoch fell slightly behind the record in the six-day bike race at 4 o'clock this morning and regained the lost ground at 5 o'clock. Between that hour and 10 o'clock he was off the wheel for a short rest, and was then twelve miles behind Teddy Hale's distance. Schoch expects, however, to be ahead of the record again at 1 o'clock. The riders on the track during the forenoon appeared in excellent condition for this stage of the race, and rode at a pace not to be expected after their previous exertions. Lawson increased his lead over Albert during the night by five miles. Golden and Cassidy this morning set a rapid pace, which was followed by the others.

At 10 o'clock the score stood as follows: Schoch, 1175; Lawson, 1081; Albert, 1045; Golden, 986; Cassidy, 949; Rivierre, 723; Ford, 475; Muller, 125.

At noon the score stood: Schoch, 1203 miles; Lawson, 1101; Albert, 1064; Golden, 1016; Cassidy, 972; Rivierre, 793; Ford, 487; Muller, 125. At 12 o'clock Schoch, who was riding half asleep, fell heavily from his wheel and was carried from the track. He was not badly injured, but lost some little time. He was seven miles behind Hale's record when the accident occurred.

The score at 3 p. m. stood: Schoch, 1222; Lawson, 1116; Albert, 1107; Golden, 1051; Cassidy, 1110; Rivierre, 729; Ford, 500; Muller, 125.

JOINT TRAFFIC CASE.

Motion to Advance It In Supreme Court.

Washington, April 1.—In the United States supreme court today, Solicitor General Conrad, acting for the government, entered a motion to advance on the docket the suit against the Joint Traffic association, comprising the principal trunk lines of the country. In addition to setting forth the history of the proceeding in the court below, the motion gives the reason for asking an advance as follows:

"The association is claimed by the United States to violate, by its agreement of association, the first and second sections of the so-called anti-trust act of July 2, 1890, as well as the sixth section of the so-called inter-state commerce act of Feb. 4, 1887, and also to be an unlawful interference with inter-state commerce, irrespective of any statutory provision. The agreement is believed to be illegal under the principle of United States vs. Trans-Missouri Freight association, decided by this court, March 22, 1897, but I am informed that this is contested by the defendants, or by some of them, and that they will continue to operate under their agreement until the decision of this court in the premises.

"The case being one of great public importance, involving the right of competing railroad companies to combine for the purpose of maintaining rates and pooling traffic, I respectfully move this court for an advancement of the case to be heard at the present term."

Mr. Conrad contented himself with a formal presentation of the motion, suggesting April 23 as the date for the argument. James Carter appeared for the Traffic association. He announced concurrence in the motion to advance, saying that his clients were very anxious to have the case heard before adjournment of the summer term. The court announced, through the chief justice, that the motion would be taken under advisement.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Strong and Higher Opening Among the Leaders.

New York, April 1.—The stock market opened strong and higher on active inquiry for the coalers, under which New Jersey Central rose 1¾c and Delaware & Hudson ⅞c. The grangers also showed sharp fractional gains, and there were marked improvements in the Vanderbilts, particularly Omaha and New York Central which gained one point each. The Gould stocks were heavy, but the losses in them were not important. Sugar exceptionally advanced 1½c, but soon lost half of the gain.

The bears fought the improving tendency with considerable vigor and succeeded in obliterating the gains in the coalers. Delaware & Hudson receded to 99¾ per cent. The general list also fell off in sympathy, but considerable resistance was displayed by the Western shares, which were strengthened by a belief that the meeting scheduled for today to devise means to perfect a bureau of information and statistics would result in a harmonious arrangement to prevent rate-cutting. The industrials generally were well supported, aside from Sugar, which declined to 110.

Covering in the coalers after 11 a. m. stemmed the selling movement and a higher range of values resulted, which carried New Jersey Central up 1⅜. In the loan crowd 1-16 per cent was paid for its road. The speculation was rather feverish, and renewed selling caused a decline to the lowest. The pressure against the general list became very marked and extended to some of the low-priced shares, the Gould group being conspicuous. St. Louis and Southwestern securities were exceptionally weak, the common falling 1, the preferred 2½, ditto first mortgage bonds 3½ and ditto seconds 3½. Liquidation has been on an extensive scale in the bonds during the week, the net loss thus far being 3 in each case. The bond market was quiet and uninteresting, aside from the fluctuations in the St. Louis Southwestern mortgages. Prices were mainly a shade higher, the international lines being most in demand. The sales to noon were 116,000 shares.

ERNE AND FLAHERTY MATCHED.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 1.—Frank Erne and Marion Flaherty have been matched at 127 pounds to fight twenty rounds before the Olympic Athletic club April 19.

THERE IS NOTHING SO GOOD.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of throat, chest and lungs, there is nothing so good as is Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottle free at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Regular size 50 cents and $1.00.

WEST END

Work Was Again Resumed at the Ironton Plant This Morning.

All Obstacles to Continuous Operation Are Believed to Be Removed.

No Immediate Prospect For Starting Up the Rupley Iron Works.

The Ironton steel plant is running today, and beams are being rolled out. If the machinery works satisfactorily the works will be kept in operation steadily for there is a good demand for all that it can produce. There have been so many delays in getting the rolls to work properly that numerous former attempts to engage in manufacture have resulted in disappointment. However, it is thought that all obstacles have now been overcome, and that it will be but a short time before the entire plant is running full blast. When this point is reached in the development of the enterprise, employment will be furnished to many men, and it will contribute materially to the revival of business in the West End.

EXPECTS IMPROVEMENT.

There is no immediate prospect for the starting of the Rupley iron works. George Rupley, manager of the company, is hopeful that the activity reported in the iron manufacturing business in the East will soon extend to this section of the country, and enable him to begin operations. As yet, however, he has received no orders for work, and until he does he will do nothing with the West Duluth plant. Mr. Rupley is of the opinion that there will be a marked increase in the demand for iron, and that prices will be greatly improved before the season is far advanced.

MOVING DAY ARRIVES.

Moving day in the West End seems to arrive a month earlier this year than usual, as many changes in business and residence locations are being made. Mark Abrahamson's furniture store is being moved into the old armory building, and Mrs. McNeil's millinery establishment is to occupy the room being vacated by them. Dr. L. F. Cavanaugh is moving his office into the Kreidler block, and a bicycle stock is being moved into the old Fair store room. Numerous other business removals are being made or are in contemplation.

W. C. T. U. MEETING.

The Women's Christian Temperance union held a pleasant and profitable meeting this afternoon at the Congregational church. Rev. John Wilson gave a very instructive and entertaining talk on the subject of Ian MacLaren and his "Beside the Bonnie Brier Bush." Mrs. Stewart read an excellent paper on "How and What to Read."

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A burning chimney in the residence of George D. Jewell, at 608 Fifty-ninth avenue west, yesterday afternoon, resulted in the calling out of the fire department. No damage was done.

The business men of West Duluth are as anxious for the improvement of the roads between New Duluth and Fond du Lac as the residents of those suburbs are. In a number of places the road is in such bad condition that travel is very difficult.

The grip epidemic that has prevailed in the West End for the past month has practically disappeared, and physicians report few cases of it. There is not a single case of typhoid in Health Inspector Dibow's district.

The Congress hotel, corner of Main street and Central avenue, which has been vacant for some time, has undergone extensive repairs, and will be fitted up and conducted as a boarding house by John Glover.

TOO TIRED TO SLEEP.

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

The weariness from brain work and nervous excitement is the most enervating fatigue there is. Horsford's Acid Phosphate quiets the nerves and induces sleep.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

C. F. Wiberg to S. Swangren et al, lot 2, block 73, London addition ..... $ 900
Charles Edmundson to J. B. Benjamin, lands in section 20-58-19... 4,500
Charles Edmundson to J. B. Benjamin, lands in section 20-58-19... 3,500
A. R. Merritt to Charles Peltier, lot 4, block 6, Grant 275
Duluth Mining Investment company to P. Johnson, lot 19, block 19, Eveleth 175
F. McCormack to E. P. Towne, lots in Merchant's Park division A. W. Speyers to Thomas J. Davis, lot 7, block 96, Endion division... 120
Total ..... $ 9,670

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

Homeseekers' excursion tickets at half fare to all points in the South, Southeast and Southwest via the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad. Tickets on sale Feb. 2 and 16, March 2 and 16, April 2 and 20 and May 4 and 18, good for twenty-one days.

Ask Your Druggist For a generous 10c TRIAL SIZE
ELY'S CREAM BALM
Contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, allays Inflammation, heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c; trial size 10c, at Druggists or by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.
CATARRH


COLD IN HEAD

PILES Williams Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for PILES. It absorbs tumors. Stops itching. GIVES RELIEF. 50c and $1. At Druggists.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, SMALL HOUSE or five or six room flat. H. J. Kolling, 331 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT, A FIRST CLASS modern house; will pay good price for suitable place. Call 401 West Michigan.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR housekeeping, on ground floor, between Twentieth and Thirtieth avenue west. L 76, Herald.

WANTED—SEVEN OR EIGHT ROOM modern house in East End; good paying tenant. Rent must be reasonable; pay is sure. Give location and price. P 93, Herald.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping. 316 West Second street.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE ROOMS AND flats; low rents. Inquire No. 21 Eleventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—THE SECOND STORY over Nos. 225 and 227 West Superior street. Inquire of Clarke & Dickerman.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED rooms, 522 West First street.

LARGE ALCOVE FRONT ROOM WELL furnished, 1409 East Superior street.

OFFICES IN WOODBRIDGE BUILDing for rent. Apply to N. J. Upham & Co., agents, basement Torrey building.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT OF 1020 EAST Fourth street; very warm; $3 per month; water free.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

HOUSES IN ENDION, AT LESTER Park and Lakeside and right in the center of the city, 75 houses 75. A. M. Hayes, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM FURNISHED house, West Duluth. Inquire of David Sang, 428 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

HOUSES AND STORES FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—TEN ROOM HOUSE, 521 West Second street. Address C. S. Barker, West Superior, Wis.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., basement Torrey building.

ON MAY 1 WE WILL HAVE IN ASHtabula terrace one house and two flats for rent. Inquire of R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

FOR RENT — HOUSE 315 WEST Fourth street; all modern improvements; will be renovated to suit tenant. A. C. Volk & Co., Palladio building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOM FLAT; four room flat; seven room house; nine room house; centrally located. Myers Bros., 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—COZY FLAT, $16. ALL modern conveniences, five rooms. Water rent paid. $250 buys a good residence lot. Cooley & Underhill.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—GOOD FARM NEAR Hinckley. If party renting wishes can have stock, farming outfit and household furniture. For particulars address L 12, Herald.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

PRIVATE FAMILY IN CENTRAL East End will take two people to room and board. Strictly first-class. References exchanged. L 77, Herald.

TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN CAN find large, nicely furnished front room with modern conveniences (and board if desired), in strictly private family; five minutes walk from Board of Trade building, by addressing X. Z., The Herald.

PLEASANT FRONT ROOM WITH board for two in private family at East End. Address Endion, care Herald.

MIDLAND HOTEL, 212 WEST SECOND. Special rates to permanent boarders.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

HOUSE MOVING.

HOUSE MOVING—LOUIS JOHNSON, expert house mover and raiser, fifteen years' experience in St. Paul. Moved over 2500 houses. Residence 215 East Sixth street, office 115 Second avenue west. Telephone 269.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 101 Palladio.

FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE, INVESTMENTS,
I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$5.00 up.
A. R. MACFARLANE,
13 Exchange Building.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, Iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Olen & Henriksen at No. 416 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON, City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AND DINing room girl. Palmer house.

WANTED—A GIRL WHO CAN COOK. 417 East Third street.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO WORK forenoons at the Woman's hospital, 919 East First street.

WANTED—TWO DISHWASHERS. ST. James hotel.

WANTED—APPRENTICE IN MILLInery. Must furnish good references. Apply 22 Third avenue west.

WANTED—GIRLS FOR GENERAL housework, at Mrs. Shattuck's employment office, Metropolitan block.

MRS. De GROUCHY'S EMPLOYMENT office has removed to room 403 Masonic temple. Girls for general housework wanted.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS GIRL FOR general housework at once. Call 109½ West Fourth.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and eight girls can find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY AT Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $60 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SOLICIT SICK and accident insurance for the Union Mutual Life Insurance company of Duluth. Liberal terms to the right parties. Call or address 307 Palladio building.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 507 CHAMBER of Commerce. If you want anything in my line—accounting, auditing, bookkeeping—temporarily or regularly, call.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

CARIBOU LAKE, ELEVEN ACRES cleared land, 5-room dwelling house in good order, only $550; terms to suit. Cordy Edwards.

FOR SALE—HORSE FOR DRIVING and riding. Dr. Woodberry, Trust company building.

$200 CASH, BALANCE IN BOARD AND room; will buy furniture of 25-room boarding house; central location. P 91, Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD COAL OR WOOD stove, good baker; cheap, at 617 "The Lowell."

HIGH GRADE, $100 WHEEL, NOT new, but in excellent condition and an easy runner for $35. L 63, Herald.

LARGE HOTEL RANGE. 106 EAST Superior street.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

$1000 CASH AND VACANT LOT TO EXchange for improved property. L 13, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—A SECOND HAND TYPEwriter desk and chair; must be cheap. Apply 200 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—TO BUY, GOOD SECOND hand buckboard or light democrat wagon. Must be cheap for cash and in good repair. Address E. T., Herald.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing. Moving storage free of charge. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

CARD READING.

CARD READING, PAST, PRESENT and future. 1330 West Superior street.

HAIR DRESSING

TILLIE JORGENSON (FORMERLY with Midtsund sisters, of St. Paul,) has opened hairdressing parlors at room 417 Lonsdale building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, MONEY to loan on all goods of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook. 515 West Superior street.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

FOUND.

FOUND—TWO FINGER RINGS. OWNer can secure by proving property and paying charges. Address P. O. Box 558, city.

THE PERSON WHO LOST A SUM OF money can learn something about it by calling at Boyce's drug store.

LOST.

LOST—TEACHER'S ORDER NO. 15,310, in favor of Miss Jessie Church, endorsed. Payment has been stopped at bank and all persons are cautioned not to negotiate same.

LOST—LLEWELLYN SETTER BITCH. Black head and rump. Body black spotted. Return to Lewis A. Larson, 121 Eighteenth avenue west and receive reward.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Thomas Hayden, at No. 602 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 19th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 31st day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON, City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, April 1 to 16 inc.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

WANTED—POSITION BY AN EDUCATed young German to assist with set of books, or light outside work; can give best of references. Please address P 92, Herald.

MARRIED MAN WANTS WORK OF any kind; understands all about horses; needs work. Call or address 308 West Second street.

WANTED—BY A BOY OF 17 YEARS, light work of any kind. Willing to work for $10 per month. Address K 60, Herald.

ANY ONE WANTING A WOMAN TO clean house or clean offices please call or address H. K., 2331 West Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man of 25; good penman, understands bookkeeping; will work cheap. S. A. H. Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT dressmaker would like to go out by the day or take work home. Inquire 126 East First street.

MALE STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITer and assistant bookkeeper, having experience in legal and commercial work, desires position; can furnish references. O. Hatheway, care City Attorney J. B. Richards, city hall.

BOY OF 17 WOULD LIKE EMPLOYment. Not afraid of work; can write and figure if necessary. Address L 78, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO TAKE CARE of for either ladies or gentlemen. Can give references. Address L 64, Herald.

WASHING, IRONING, HOUSE CLEANing or scrubbing by the day; work guaranteed. Call or address 112 First avenue west, up stairs.

WANTED—WALL PAPER CLEANING to do; satisfaction guaranteed. Address A. Smith, 312 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning, or any kind of day work. Will take work home or go out by the day. Mrs. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—A HANDY MAN WANTS work of any kind. Cleaning carpets, taking off storm windows, cleaning yards or any kind of work. S. A. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION AS STENOGrapher. Law work preferred. Experienced. City references. Address Nellie B. Pendergast, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING to take home or will go out by the day and do housecleaning or washing; good work guaranteed; charges reasonable. Call or address 1020½ East Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED — WASHING, ironing and house cleaning. Take work home or go out by the day. Call at 1521 West Michigan street.

YOUNG MAN, 20 YEARS OLD, STRONG and willing to work, would like place in commission house or as delivery man. Familiar with care of horses. Address A. G., Herald.

HOUSE CLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

FRATERNITIES,

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 5, 1897. Work, Second degree. W. A. McGonigle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 12, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 3, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting April 28, 1897. Work ——. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, April 6, 1897. Work, Templar degree. R. E. Denefeld, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Peter Gilley at No. 322 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON, City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 3, 1897, and terminating on April 3, 1898, by William Heltmann, at No. 102 East Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 19th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 31st day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON, City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, April 1 to 16 inc.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth.
†9:00 a. m.	ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS.	*6:30 a. m.
*1:55 p. m.		*1:30 p. m.
*11:15 p. m.		†7:45 p. m.

From Union Depot, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 400 W. Superior street, corner Palladio building. Telephone 218.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 432 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†12:40 p. m. / *11:15 p. m.	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†2:30 p. m. / *7:00 a. m.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains. New Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Direct connections with Great Northern trains for—

FARGO, GRAND FORKS, WINNIPEG, HELENA, BUTTE, SPOKANE, PORTLAND, SEATTLE

AND JAPAN.

At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

The Marquette Route

Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union Depot at ..... 4:10 P. M. Daily, EXCEPT SATURDAY, with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie, and Dining Car, serving supper.

Westbound train arrives 11:20 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding Hotel building and Union Depot.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. P. M.	*Daily except Sunday.	EAST. A. M.
*3:05	0 Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	*11:40
4:05	29 Ar.... Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:13	76 Ar.... Swan River Lv	8:40
7:40	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:02	94 Ar.. Grand Rapids Lv	7:50
8:00	109 Ar....Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway Company

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	12:45 p.m.
10:44 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	10:50 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik Lv	12:28 p.m.
12:06 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron Lv	12:20 p.m.
12:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Lv..... Virginia .....Ar	1:45 p.m.
1:25 p.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	10:33 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.

Daily, except Sunday. J. E. HANS

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), April 1.—The storm area still continues central over Kansas, having moved very slowly eastward since yesterday morning, while its attendant rain cloud has gradually extended eastward over Iowa and Northern Illinois and southeastward to Memphis. Rain is again reported at all stations in the Missouri valley and snow has been general in Montana, Wyoming, Colorado and the eastern part of South Dakota. Between Davenport and Memphis, the amounts of rainfall have varied from .52 inch to 1.60 inch during the past twenty-four hours. Huron, S. D., reports a rainfall of 1.04 inch and Miles City, Mont., .86 inch of rain and melted snow.

Lowest temperatures during last night:

Prince Albert	30	Battleford	32
Calgary	28	Medicine Hat	32
Swift Current	28	Qu' Appelle	32
Minnedosa	32	Winnipeg	28
Port Arthur	32	Helena	32
Williston	30	Bismarck	34
Havre	32	Miles City	34
Marquette	37	Sault Ste. Marie	26
Duluth	34	Moorhead	38
Huron	38	St. Paul	38
Lander	24	Rapid City	30
La Crosse	38	Milwaukee	38
Detroit	36	Chicago	46
Davenport	36	Omaha	46
North Platte	38	Denver	14
Dodge City	36	Kansas City	46
St. Louis	52	Memphis	58

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 38; maximum yesterday, 40; minimum yesterday, 26.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Generally fair tonight; showers Friday; no decided change in temperature; brisk and high northeast winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 1.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally cloudy tonight and Friday with local rains in south and west portions; brisk to high northeast winds. For Minnesota: Cloudy tonight with local winds in south portion; Friday local rains; brisk to high northeasterly winds.

AN IMPORTANT MEASURE.

Some time ago Mr. Laybourn introduced in the house a bill, H. F. No. 15, which is in amendment of the law regulating tax titles. The bill passed the house by a good majority and is now in the senate. The Herald learns that a strong effort is being made to kill the bill in the senate. It is in the hands of the committee on tax laws, and at least two members of the committee have stated their intention of voting against it. As the end of the session is not far distant, it will be necessary for the friends of the bill to bestir themselves and work actively in its favor.

The opposition to the bill is composed of the purchasers of tax titles, while in support of the bill should be found every man in Minnesota whose property has been sold for delinquent taxes and who wishes to redeem it. Lately tax title men from Minneapolis have been at St. Paul working against the bill, and they appear to have secured the aid of Senator Greer, whose opposition to the bill, however, should be sufficient to convince the other members of the senate that the bill is a meritorious one.

Under the present law, a piece of property sold for delinquent taxes cannot be redeemed until all the unpaid taxes thereon have been paid. The Laybourn bill would permit redemption on payment of the taxes for non-payment of which it was sold. For instance, suppose the tax of 1892 was unpaid on a lot in Duluth. On June 1, 1893, it became delinquent and a penalty of 10 per cent was added. On Jan. 1, 1894, another penalty of 5 per cent was added. In May, 1894, the lot was sold for the delinquent tax of 1892. The three-years' limit for redemption will expire in May, 1897. While the law says the property can be redeemed within three years after the sale, the owner of the lot will find that not only has he to pay the tax of 1892, with penalties and interest incurred, but he must also pay the taxes for 1893, 1894 and 1895. This means in many cases, that redemption of the property is impossible, and the result is that householders all over the state are being frozen out and the property is passing into the hands of Eastern purchasers of tax titles.

The Laybourn bill, H. F. 15, would provide a remedy for this state of affairs which is highly injurious to the interests of Minnesota. It would permit the property owner, whose property was sold for delinquent taxes to redeem it on payment of the taxes for which it was sold, with the penalty and interest. He would have another year to pay the next year's taxes. The effect would be to require a tax sale of the property each year. The small additional cost of these sales would be a mere bagatelle compared with the benefits derived from the opportunity afforded householders to save their homes and other property. The bill was amended in the house so that it cannot be construed as retoractive, and therefore does not affect the rights of holders of tax certificate assignments or purchasers under tax sales heretofore held.

The Herald trusts that the senators will perceive the just principle underlying this measure and will pass it at an early date. Senator Spencer will find that there is hardly a dissenting voice in Duluth on this subject, and he can earn the gratitude of the people here by starting an energetic campaign in the senate in behalf of the bill. The people of all sections of the state are equally interested in the measure and they should flood their senators with demands for its passage.

CLEANING THE SIDEWALKS.

Some people living in Duluth have forwarded to the members of the legislature petitions against the passage of H. F. 781, introduced by Mr. Snyder, of Minneapolis, providing for the removal of snow and ice from sidewalks in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants, and assessing the expense of the same to the abutting property. It is evident that they misunderstand the provisions of the bill, otherwise they would hardly oppose it. It does not apply to all streets and avenues, as their petitions show that they believe. In order to remove the erroneous impression, the various sections of the bill are now published.

"Section 1. The city council of each and every city in this state of over 50,000 inhabitants shall have power and authority, and is hereby authorized and empowered, by ordinances not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of the state and of the United States, to require the owner or occupant of any building, grounds or premises within the corporate limits of such city to keep the sidewalks along or in front of the same free from snow and ice, and to auth

for the removal, by the proper officer of the city, of the snow and ice from the sidewalks along or in front of any buildings, grounds or premises in the city whose owner or occupant shall refuse or fail to remove such snow and ice, at the expense of such owner or occupant, and to make the cost and expense of such removal a lien upon the property and premises along or in front of which snow or ice is removed from the sidewalks by the proper officer of the city, and to make and levy special assessments on such property and premises for the amount of the cost and expenses of such removal of snow or ice from the sidewalks along or in front of the same.

"Sec. 2. Whenever any city officer shall, under the direction and authority of the city council as provided in section 1 of this act, remove or cause to be removed any snow or ice from any sidewalk or sidewalks along or in front of any buildings, grounds or premises in such city, he shall report to the city council the actual cost and expense of such removal of snow or ice, and a description of the lot, lots or parcels of land along or in front of which is the sidewalk or sidewalks from which snow or ice is so removed, and such report shall be carefully filed and preserved by the city clerk, and the city council shall once in each year and prior to the first day of October, assess and levy upon each of the lots and parcels of land mentioned and described in such report or reports the cost of removing the snow or ice from the sidewalk or sidewalks along or in front of the same during the year next preceding the time of levying such assessments."

Section 3 provides for the form of the assessment for the cost of removal of snow or ice from sidewalks and states that the city clerk shall deliver the assessment rolls to the county auditor before Aug. 1, of each year.

Thus it will be seen, the bill grants authority to the city council to provide by ordinance for the removal of snow and ice from sidewalks. The council can specify the streets and avenues where this must be done, and if the owners refuse or neglect, may perform the work and assess the cost against the property.

PERSONAL TAX DELINQUENTS.

A bill originating in the senate, and known as Senate File 163, has been signed by Governor Clough, and it is important that all clerks of court and sheriffs in the state know of its provisions at once. The bill relates to personal tax delinquencies and radically amends the old law. Under the old law, on April 1 of each year the treasurer or auditor made out a statement showing the personal delinquents, and the clerk of court immediately issued citations against the delinquents, who were put to great inconvenience and hardship in many cases. The new law provides that the clerk shall not issue these citations, but that the delinquents shall have fifteen days from April 1 during which they may file an answer and take the case into court if in their opinion the assessment is wrong, or from any other reason the tax should not be paid.

The new law is directly in the interest of the poor taxpayers, and it offers a chance to those who have so far failed to pay their personal property taxes to do so without incurring the penalties and costs incident to their collection by the sheriff.

The Boston Herald draws attention to the fact that the difference between legality and illegality is very close sometimes. Here's the United States supreme court deciding the Sherman anti-trust law constitutional by a vote of five to four. For all practical purposes a majority of one is as good as a unanimous vote. It is rather remarkable, by the way, how frequently our highest court is divided on questions coming before it nowadays. It indicates that the law is not yet an exact science.

The Washington Correspondent of the Chicago Record says: "The Republican members of the senate committee on finance consider the Dingley rates too high for revenue, and too high for politics, and will cut them down whenever it is possible. A member of the committee declared last night that the bill would be reported with more than a thousand amendments." If this be true Mr. Dingley will not recognize his offspring.

The Madison, Minn., Independent Press says: "Sound money Democrats have fared well at the hands of Governor D. M. Clough this winter. They have in some cases fared even better than sound money Republicans." Well, why not? Without their support Clough would have been defeated.

The political situation in Chicago is peculiar. The Inter-Ocean says the fight is between Harrison and Sears; the Chronicle says it is between Harrison and Hesing, and the Record says it is between Harrison and Harlan, but it will be noticed they all admit Harrison is in the lead.

The St. Louis board of fire underwriters has ordered a reduction of 20 per cent in insurance rates on residences, stores, etc., outside the congested district. The reduction brings the schedule back to that in force in 1894. Underwriters in other cities are at liberty to follow the example of St. Louis.

Stratton, the Cripple Creek millionaire, refuses to go into any money-making schemes. "What I'm trying to do," says he to promoters, "is to keep my income down within the limits of decency." This may be a shrewd scheme on his part to keep what he has out of the clutches of "promoters."

Gen. Weyler is now the central figure of a burlesque sketch in a Chicago theater. When the general quits Cuba, he might get an engagement himself to take the leading part in this burlesque.

The Baroness Hirsch is as greatly given to philanthropy as was her lamented husband. It is stated she has distributed 12,000,000 francs in charity within the last two months.

A rash burglar who ventured into a house in New York where a wife was sitting up for a tardy husband, was beaten into insensibility, being mistaken for the husband.

The tariff bill has passed the house. Now let the senate hasten action on it, and give the Republican administration a full opportunity to restore prosperity.

A bill has passed the Arizona legislature providing for decennial sessions of that body. Let the Minnesota legislature pass a similar law and go home.

A New York editor wants to know why he so seldom sees a pretty girl on a bicycle. Probably because he lives in New York. He should come to Duluth.

The Colorado legislature has passed a bill abolishing capital punishment, but the new law will not interfere with the business of Judge Lynch.

The leader of the Greek movement in New York is Agathodoios A. Papageorgopoulas, which is not a bad name when you get used to it.

Ambassador Hay speaks five languages, but when he reaches London he will find it necessary to learn a new English dialect.

The News Tribune complains of a temporary failure of its gas supply. It should have its pipes connected with the state legislature.

Is it not time for the peach crop to be killed by frost?

The Mississippi is now navigable at St. Paul.

The concert of the powers still lacks harmony.

POINTED REMARKS.

Chicago Record: "Wagby says hard times make him feel like a boy again."

"I can't see the connection."

"Why, he experiences such joy when he gets a nickel to spend."

Somerville Journal: The best place to hang a thermometer is in the back part of the coal bin, where you can't get at it. This little scheme will save you lots of suffering.

Cleveland Leader: "Why do so many modern writers seem to prefer notoriety to fame?"

"Because a man has to climb for fame, but he can get notoriety by an easy tumble."

Minneapolis Journal: "H'm!" said the doctor, who had sampled his patient's box of cigars and listened at his chest with his stethoscope. "It sounds to me like a cabbage heart."

Detroit Journal: Men's promises are like pie crust, chiefly in that people seem destined never to learn better than to swallow them.

Philadelphia Times: They may have a time to find a tariff head under which to classify bologna sausage. It is hardly meet to regard it as raw material.

Chicago Tribune: The mother—Clara, you seemed to be bidding that young man a long farewell in the hallway last night.

The young woman—Mamma, he's 6 feet 3½ inches tall.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

NORTHERN GOLD REGION.

Latest News From the Rainy Lake District.

A letter from Capt. Jay Pratt, now in the Sawbill country says that there are four or five survey parties in the field, and it looks as if they were going to take in the whole country, snow and all, says the Rainy Lake Journal. They have got gold on the brain bad, more than sense. I am afraid they are overdoing the thing on their wild-cat snow surveys, for general results without any discoveries, and the consequences will be a black eye for this section although there are a few good mines so far as developed. Wiley & Co. are going to put in a 10-stamp mill. Hammond & Co talk of putting in stamps this season. They have three different camps at work at present. There are twenty teams hauling freight from Bonheur station.

American capital has made another purchase in the Lake of the Woods country. This time a mine that was worked fifteen years has been taken over. Gen. Alger and a Mr. Parwell, of Detroit, have purchased a two-thirds interest in the Pine Portage mine a couple of miles east of the Sultana. A 10-stamp mill is on the property, but it is out of repair, and it will take some time to get it in running order again. Mr. Anderson, of Oakville, negotiated the deal.

An effort is to be made to open a road down the Rainy Lake peninsula to the Moosebi, from Rainy Lake City, so as to avoid another interruption of winter travel from deep and drifting snow on Black bay and Kabetogema lake. Things have reached the stage that if we cannot have railroad communication to and through the gold fields, we at least must have roads cut through the timber so as to avoid lake travel. Aid will be asked for this road from St. Louis county, and the town of Ray will open the road to the county line.

The property known as HP290, on Upper Manitou lake, discovered by Crawford, of Koochiching, and others, and sold for $15,000 cash, is now under development, and is showing up wonderfully well. At sixty feet free or visible gold has been struck in great quantities. All the Manitou properties appear to be wonderfully rich after reaching a depth of fifty feet or so. Such is the case with HP259, belonging to the Swede boys, and other properties.

The Rat Portage people are determined and persistent in their effort to have the lock at Fort Frances completed, and there is no question as to the benefit it would be to that town to have the lock finished, which would allow unrestricted and unobstructed trade and navigation between Portage and Mine Center, in the heart of the Seine River and Rainy Lake gold fields, and the benefit would suffer none from the extension of a railway into this region from Port Arthur, and especially is this the case so long as the only custom mill in these gold fields is located at Rat Portage. In fact, the completion of the lock in question certainly would not injure any interest above or below Chaudierre falls. But the completion of the lock would practically ruin Fort Frances and Koochiching for the present, so far as their deriving any great benefit from traffic with the gold fields is concerned, and for that reason the people of these two towns naturally are earnestly opposed to anything further being done with the canal.

Sunday Afternoon

Prof. Ernest Meier

—AND THE—

CITY BAND

In a programme of popular music at the

PAVILION.

Admission Free. Take the Incline Car.

DEMAND IS GREAT.

Library is Handicapped By Lack of Funds.

According to the annual report of the library board, which was submitted to the council last evening, the demand for books far exceeds the supply, and the situation cannot be remedied until the income is increased. The total circulation has slightly decreased, the lighter works being less called for than formerly. The demand for standard works has remained unchanged. An increase in the demand for scientific works of a special character is noted, necessitating comparatively heavy purchases of such works, which are more expensive than treatises of a general nature.

The establishment of a reading room at West Duluth is the only extension made during the year. The room is provided and cared for by the W. C. T. U. Nothing further in this line will be done for another year unless the June settlements exceed expectations. The number of books added during the year is 3782, as against 4964 last year. There are now 23,238 books in the library. There were issued during the year, 111,318 volumes, of which 10,303 were issued at the West End branch. The attendance in the reading room was 67,284, and in the stock room, 101,015. There were 1603 new cards issued during the period.

The attendance at the West End branch was 24,661. The expense of this branch was $765. The Bethel, with thirty-four magazines and seventeen papers, cost for its maintenance $124.40, and the board reports the money as well expended. At the Branch Bethel the expenditures were $35.45, and at the West Duluth reading room $105. The total receipts for the year were $8424, and the expenditures were $13,971. There is still a balance on hand of $3479.63.

THE CASE CONTINUED.

Grand Rapids, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—In the case against R. J. Baskerville it appears, contrary to previous reports, that before the election in which illegal voting was charged, Mr. Baskerville had complied with the new Minnesota law in so far that he had secured his second papers entitling him to full citizenship under the general laws. The prosecution moved for a continuance of ten days which was granted.

OLD MISSIONARY DEAD.

Beloit, Wis., April 1.—Rev. Fayette Pettibone, D.D., for forty years a missionary of the American board in Turkey, died at Rockton, Ill., his former home, last night, aged 73.

FRED GRANT IS WANTED.

New York, April 1.—Col. Fred D. Grant, member of the board of police commissioners of this city, has been summoned to Washington. Col. Grant was United States minister to Austria during the Harrison administration.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP. SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

As the Twig is Bent



so the tree will grow. The early lessons of childhood leave a lasting impression. As the home is the true sphere of woman, she cannot begin too young to acquire the art of taking care of it. One of the most helpful lessons she can learn is that

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

is not only the most efficient means of keeping things clean, but the most economical as well. Whether used for washing clothes or cleaning house it proves its worth beyond question. It's never too late for a woman to learn the Santa Claus lesson. Sold everywhere.

Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

AMUSEMENTS.

Music AND Education

Prof. W. L. Tomlins,

For 25 years director of the famous Apollo Club, Chicago, also choral director of the World's Fair, will lecture as above, at the

ASSEMBLY HALL,

HIGH SCHOOL.

On Friday, April 2nd, at 8 p. m.

Admission 25c, - - - - - Children 15c.

Tickets for sale at superintendent's office, High School, and of the principals of the city schools, and at the door.

"AUNT AUGUSTA,"

Musical Comedy in Three Acts.

By Bruno Eyferth.

Friday, April 2nd, 1897.

—AT—

TURNER HALL.

Seats for sale at Geist's Jewelry Store.

LYCEUM THEATER,

L. N. SCOTT, Manager

Two Nights, Monday and Tuesday..... APRIL 5-6

MR. JAMES

O'NEILL

And company in two magnificent productions.

"VIRGINIUS".....Monday

"MONTE CRISTO".....Tuesday

On Monday evening each lady holding coupon for seat in dress circle and parquet will be presented with a handsome souvenir.

STAR ★ LECTURE ★ COURSE

FIRST M. E. CHURCH.

Tuesday Evening April 6.

Rev. N. D. Hillis, D.D.

Subject—"John Ruskin's Message to the 19th Century."

Wednesday evening, April 14, the famous Boston Ideal Club, a quintet of singers, accompanying themselves with Banjos, Guitars and Mandolins.

Each entertainment 50c. Seats go on sale for the Hillis lecture Saturday, April 3, at 9 a. m., at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 13, 1897, and terminating on April 13, 1898, by C. F. W. Korth at No. 5107 Gosnold street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the furnishing and laying of about 3249 lineal feet of cast iron water pipe and specials, ranging from 6 inches to 30 inches in diameter, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of six hundred (600) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ronald M. Hunter and Josephine C. Hunter, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date July first (1st), 1895, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on July nineteenth (19th), 1895, at 1:40 o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred thirty (130) of mortgages, on pages two hundred ninety-eight (298) and two hundred ninety-nine (299) and three hundred (300) thereof; which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to A. H. Porter and T. S. Childs, Trustees, by an instrument of assignment dated December twelfth (12th), 1895, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on December twelfth (12th), 1895, at four (4) o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred eight (108) of mortgages, on page three hundred sixty-three (363) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the two semi-annual installments of interest upon said mortgage, and of the coupon notes given for the same, each amounting to the sum of $175, which became due respectively on July 1st, 1896, and January 1st, 1897, no part of either of which has ever been paid; by reason whereof said assignees of said mortgage, after said defaults, and each of them, had continued for more than ten days, elected to exercise the option to them given by the terms of said mortgage, by declaring, and do hereby declare, that the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, amounting to $5000, with all accrued interest thereon, exchange and attorney's fees therein specified, are now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is really due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of five thousand four hundred thirty-nine and 64-100 ($5439.64) dollars, principal, interest and exchange thereon.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lots numbered three hundred fifty (350) and three hundred fifty-two (352), in block thirty-eight (38), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the first (1st) day of May, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 17th, 1897.

A. H. PORTER and T. S. CHILDS, Trustees,
Assignees of Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignees,
Duluth Evening Herald, March 18-25-April-1-8-15-22.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Mattie A. Day,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Cumulative Investment Company, a corporation,
Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 20th day of March, 1897, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Thursday, the 13th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot number one hundred and fifty-four (154), in block number ten (10), Third Division of Duluth Proper, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county.

Dated April 1st, 1897.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-1-8-15-22-29-May-6.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing a power of sale, executed and delivered by Garrett T. Johns and Priscilla C. Johns, his wife, mortgagors, to W. Vernon Booth, mortgagee, dated the 22d day of January, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 22d day of January, 1896, in Book 93 of mortgages, on page 497; said mortgage was given to secure the payment of one principal note for one thousand dollars ($1000.00) and six interest notes representing the several installments of interest on said principal note as they came due on the 1st of August and 1st of February in each year, said interest notes bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum after they became due; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the interest note for forty-two dollars ($42.00), which became due on the 1st of August, 1896; and default has also been made in the payment of the interest note for forty dollars ($40.00), which became due on the 1st of February, 1897; and said defaults have continued to the date of this notice and now continue; and,

Whereas, the amount of interest now claimed to be due, and actually due is eighty-four and 55-100 dollars ($84.55), and no action at law or otherwise has been commenced for the recovery of the debt or any part thereof, secured by said mortgage.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by public sale of the mortgaged premises, which are described in said mortgage as follows:

Lot number sixteen (16), in block thirty-five (35), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, said premises lying and being in St. Louis County, in the state of Minnesota, to pay said mortgage debt and interest and the costs of this foreclosure, including the sum of fifty dollars ($50.00) attorneys' fees stipulated for in said mortgage. Said sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 1st day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., subject to redemption within one year from that date.

Dated Duluth, Minn., March 18th, 1897.

W. VERNON BOOTH,
Mortgagee.

ALFORD & HUNT,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-18-25-April-1-8-15-22.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated January 16th, 1895, duly executed and delivered by Henry Schwalm and Carrie Schwalm, his wife, of St. Louis County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to Edward J. Duffies, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 16th day of January, 1895, at 4:40 o'clock p. m. of said day and duly recorded in Book 105 of mortgages on page 232; by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative.

And whereas there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred and eighteen and 68-100 (318.68) dollars and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated for in said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in said mortgage, viz: Lot two (2), block nine (9), Bay View Addition to Duluth number one (1), according to the recorded plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, all of said property being in the county and state aforesaid, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest on said amount at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from the date of this notice to the date of sale, as mentioned in this notice, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 9th day of April, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. on that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 22, 1897.

EDWARD J. DUFFIES,
Mortgagee.

JOHN E. DAVIES,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-25-March-4-11-18-25-April-1.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Herbert W. Coffin and Mary E. Coffin, his wife, mortgagors, to William A. Jenner, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of February, 1892, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of February, 1892, at three (3) o'clock p. m. in Book one hundred four (104) of mortgages on page fifty-seven (57), which said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of forty-five hundred ($4500.00) dollars and interest thereon according to the terms of one certain principal promissory note and six (6) interest coupon notes thereto attached, all of even date with said mortgage and all made by said Herbert W. Coffin and Mary E. Coffin, payable to the order of William A. Jenner, and,

Whereas, the said mortgagee has paid the sum of sixty-eight and 06-100 (68.06) dollars as insurance premiums for insurance upon the building situate on the property described in and conveyed by said mortgage, said mortgagor having failed to keep said property insured, which payment, in and by the terms of said mortgage is made a part of said mortgage debt, and,

Whereas, such default consists in the non-payment of said principal sum secured by said mortgage and of interest thereon, from August 1st, 1896, which default has continued for more than ten (10) days, and insurance premiums paid as aforesaid; upon which mortgage debt there is claimed to be due and there is due at the date of this notice, the sum of four thousand seven hundred sixty and 56-100 (4760.56) dollars principal, interest and insurance premiums paid, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the said debt, secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot four (4), block twenty-nine (29), Glen Avon, First Division, according to the plat thereof on file or of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said principal debt and interest and the taxes (if any), on said premises and the said insurance premiums paid and seventy-five (75.00) dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on Saturday, the twenty-fourth day of April, 1897, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 10th, 1897.

WILLIAM A. JENNER,
Mortgagee.

TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
103-106 Duluth Trust Co. Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-11-18-25-April-1-8-15-22.

WEAK MEN. A GUARANTEED CURE.

Lost Manhood Restored. Positive Cure for Abuse, Emissions, Debility, Sexual Weakness, Varicocele, Gleet, Stricture, Parts Enlarged. Kidney, Bladder and Prostate Gland Diseases permanently cured. For $1.00 we will send our regular $5.00 box of treatment and book (sealed) with full information. MARSTON REMEDY CO., 19 G. PARK PLACE, NEW YORK.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

NO ACTION

Council Lets Matter of Salaries Alone at Last Evening's Session.

Reconsidered the Agreement to Give Upham & Co. the City Orders.

Elected F. W. Kugler and J. J. Hibbard to the Health Board.

The council scrupulously avoided the question of salaries at its meeting last evening, owing to the fact that the conference held in the afternoon between the special committee of the council, the fire commissioners and the chiefs of the fire and police departments had been productive of no agreement. The matter will be taken up Monday evening, it being expected that an agreement will be reached by that time. The resolution awarding the assessment certificates to Upham & Co. was reconsidered and laid on the table on representations made by Gay & Co. to the effect that they would go the Uphams a few better, and F. W. Kugler and J. J. Hibbard were elected members of the health board.

In the absence of the president and vice president, the council was called to order by Clerk Richardson, and Alderman Shannon was made temporary chairman.

S. D. Allen appeared in behalf of E. H. Gay & Co. and asked that the resolution awarding the improvement certificates to N. J. Upham & Co. be rescinded. Owing to the fact that bids had not been advertised for, Gay & Co. had not known that the issue and sale were contemplated in time to put in a bid. They are ready, he said, to offer better terms than those made by Upham & Co. The motion to reconsider, which was made by Alderman Crassweller, was carried by the following vote: Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Jefferson, Richardson, Shannon, Sang, Tischer, Trevillion, Cochrane. Nays—Aldermen Hanson, Harker, Simpson, Stevens. The matter was then tabled.

TIME HAS PASSED.

The city attorney reported that there is no defense to the payment of the judgment obtained against the city by the gas and water company as the matter now stands. It would have been well to have tested the question of the city's liability for hydrant rentals while the company was in default in furnishing pure and wholesome water, had the time for appeal not passed. Whether the issue would, on the whole, be to the advantage of the city, however, could not be stated. Should it be desired to make a test case, an issue could be made as to other rentals than those sued for.

The city attorney also advised that certain fines, amounting to $52, which had been collected for violations of the dairy and food law and paid into the city treasury, be turned over to the state.

Alderman Richardson made a motion that an amendment to the bill providing for the issue of certificates to cover extended assessments be suggested, empowering the city to issue such certificates to cover assessments already paid by the city, whether an application for extension had been made or interest, penalty and costs paid or not. In explanation of his motion he said the object aimed at was to allow the city to issue certificates for Lakeside and West Duluth improvement bonds taken up by the city, amounting to $600,000. He desired that the suggestion be made to the city attorney that the latter might draft such an amendment.

Alderman Harker said that the matter was too important to be hurried through in that way, and he moved an amendment that the matter be referred to the ordinance and judiciary committee, which was carried.

On the introduction of a resolution allowing an estimate of $900 to the bondsmen of Contractor Meniece for work on the bridge approach, a number of Meniece's employes were heard from in protest against allowing any estimate until their claims for wages had been adjusted. Although the matter pertained to the question of allowing the estimate for the pay roll, which had not yet been brought up, the protest of the men was heard, and, on motion of Alderman Sang, both estimates were referred back. The spokesman for the men said that he had been allowed but 12 5-10 days, whereas he was entitled to 27 days, and the time of the other men had been cut down proportionately. Some of the men, who had worked four days, had been left out altogether. The reduction had been arbitrarily made by Meniece, he said, after the roll had been signed by himself and Palmer & Stone, the sub-contractors.

Alderman Harker suggested that the pay roll be allowed and the men paid pro tanto, signing for the number of days allowed, and that the matter of the balance claimed be adjusted on the next estimate, thus giving the men the use of part of their money. It was discovered, however, that the pay roll read in full to March 1, and as a question might arise should the men receive money on it, this plan was abandoned.

A resolution empowering the comptroller to execute deeds to the city for property bid in by the city for delinquent assessments, and on which the time for redemption had expired, caused a protest from Alderman Jefferson. It would do no good, he said, to deed the property to the city and then have it sold to sharks, thus putting it out of the power of the original owners to get their property back on reasonable terms.

Alderman Shannon explained that it made no practical difference so far as the property owners were concerned, and the resolution was adopted.

STEVENS SPRINGS A SURPRISE.

Alderman Stevens created a mild sensation by moving that the council withdraw its objection to the uniform charter bill.

"I have changed my mind on this," said he. "I think the uniform charter is a good thing and that we had better get under it as quickly as possible."

Alderman Sang—What is the reason the alderman has changed his mind?

Alderman Stevens—I don't care to explain here. I don't want to embarrass anybody.

The motion was lost by the following vote: Yeas—Aldermen Crassweller, Dahl, Jefferson, Simpson, Stevens. Nays—Aldermen Burg, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Richardson, Shannon, Sang, Tischer, Trevillion, Cochrane.

A letter from C. M. Horton was received, in which he offered to construct a 2-span steel truss across Lester river for the force main and rider for the sum of $1088. Mr. Horton's letter contained some animadversions on the city engineer, the writer intimating that, in his opinion, that official does not know much, anyhow, and saying that it would be of vastly greater benefit to the city if the council would "get together and elect a good, competent engineer" than in the cutting of a few salaries. The chair created a good deal of amusement by referring the matter to the city engineer.

Although glory is the only reward of those who serve on the health board, there was something of a contest, eleven ballots being necessary in all to decide the matter. Alderman Sang moved that a ballot be taken for a member from the West End.

"I move as an amendment," said Alderman Jefferson, "that we ballot for a member from the East End. Let's give the East End a chance once in a while."

Alderman Sang gracefully accepted the amendment. It did not make much difference, however, the aldermen voting indiscriminately for East and West Enders, the East End eventually getting both members. F. W. Kugler had an easy victory, being elected on the first formal ballot, but it was only on the ninth ballot that J. J. Hibbard was elected.

KUGLER ELECTED.

The first informal ballot was as follows: Nygren, 3; Hibbard, 3; Graham, 3; Kugler, 6. On the formal ballot Kugler received 9 votes and Hibbard 6.

The first informal ballot to fill the remaining vacancy was as follows: Nygren, 4; Graham, 8; Hibbard, 3. On the third formal ballot the vote was as follows: Nygren, 4; Graham, 6; Hibbard, 4; T. Olafson, 1. On the eighth ballot the drift set toward Hibbard, he receiving eight votes. On the ninth ballot the vote was as follows: Hibbard, 9; Salter, 1; Graham, 2.

"I have to announce," said Alderman Stevens, rising to his feet during the balloting, "that we have the 'combine' busted."

"The 'combine,'" said Alderman Jefferson, "has been busted for several days."

BELL ESTATE CREDITORS.

They Decide for Another Year's Extension.

About thirty or forty creditors of the long defunct Bell bank met in the office of Clinton Markell, the assignee, last night to discuss the question of whether it was better to wind up the estate and have it out of the way, or to continue it another year in hopes of getting something more out of it in the event of any respectable developments in the way of prosperity.

The same question came up a year ago for discussion and though there was some opposition, the estate was continued a year, which period is up May 1. Last spring there was an auction sale of the estate, at which ridiculously low prices prevailed. Only a small part of the sales were confirmed, however, and the estate was continued in hope of realizing something better.

At the meeting last night Assignee Markell read a list of the assets. They were not such as would make their possessor feel wealthy at the present time, though they have many of them a prospective value. As the list was read the faces of the creditors fell. Asked if there were any cash items Mr. Markell replied that there were not, and explained that it had taken all the money received to pay taxes and interest. He had an offer for the bank building which was $15,000 better than the one received last year, but as interest and taxes on the building for the year amounted to about that the offer meant practically the same to the estate.

At first there was some disposition among the creditors that it might be better to close the estate up and have it off their minds. If it was closed up and all that was possible had been realized from it, they would not have to worry about it any more. There did not appear to be a great deal to hope for from the list of assets read by the assignee, and some of them felt that it might be better to get all they could and let it go at that. They had already received 56 per cent, which was more than some of the more recent failures would produce, they said.

On the other hand others argued that if the assets were sold now they would bring scarcely enough to pay the expenses of settlement, certainly nothing for the creditors. If the time was extended a year prosperity might return in the meantime and greatly increase the value of some of the assets. Yet if it did not interest and taxes might eat up the estate. At this the meeting caught itself wishing the estate had been sold immediately, when fair prices might have been obtained. This was dismissed as futile.

One of the creditor said that they had everything to win and nothing to lose by continuance. If the estate was sold now they would get nothing, while if they waited there might be a possibility of something in the future. At any rate they would have the pleasure of having something coming. This turned out to be the sentiment of the meeting, and when a vote was taken there was not a vote against continuance. A committee was appointed to secure signatures for a petition asking the court to extend the time of settling the estate one year from May 1. The discussion was very good-natured.

THE COMPETITIVE DRILL.

West Duluth Lodge Takes the Odd Fellows' Prize.

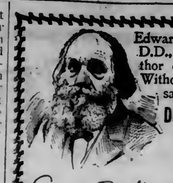
West Duluth lodge, No. 168, I. O. O. F., will hold the trophy presented by the Odd Fellow lodges of the city for the best drill and the best mastery of the ritual. The last drill was held last night by Silver lodge, No. 200, and while that body earned a good percentage it was not high enough to take the victory away from the West Duluth lodge. Silver lodge made 87 per cent, which left the West Duluthians over 1 per cent ahead. The attendance at the drill was large. The judges were G. W. Orchard, of Silver lodge, E. W. Laehler, of West Duluth lodge, E. Guering, of Duluth lodge, P. Bakke, of Zenith City lodge, and R. C. Kruschke, of Central Ling lodge. The trophy is a handsome and appropriately engraved silver tankard. At the close of the drill the Odd Fellows were surprised by the Daughters of Rebekah, who came supplied with refreshments. The evening closed with a dance.

HIS ROYAL GUESTS.

Paris, April 1.—The Evenement announces that President Faure has been officially informed of the approaching visit of the czar and czarina to France.

Hood's Pills

Should be in every family medicine chest and every traveller's grip. They are invaluable when the stomach is out of order; cure headache, biliousness, and all liver troubles. Mild and efficient. 25 cents.



Edward Everett Hale, D.D., the famous author of "The Man Without a Country," says of

DR. CHARCOT'S **KOLA Nervine Tablets**

"I am assured by careful inquiry among leading physicians and personal friends who have used it—and in whom I have the utmost confidence—that Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are invaluable in insomnia and in all nervous diseases. —EDW. E. HALE."

Fifty cents and $1.00 per box (one month's treatment). See Dr. Charcot's name on box. Write for free booklet and proofs. All druggists or sent direct. EUREKA CHEMICAL & MFG. CO., La Crosse, Wis.

RECALLS OLD TIMES.

Former Duluthian Talks of the Early Days.

J. A. Worman was in the city yesterday. He is in the clothing business now and has been for pretty nearly a quarter of a century. He has probably sold more clothes than any other man in America, if not in the world, but he is an old Duluth man, nevertheless. He was in a sort of "memorizing" that is what he calls it mood yesterday. He was the first Northern Pacific agent here, in the days when R. R. Morford was Northern Pacific storekeeper, and then he went away into the clothing business in Minneapolis. He was in that memorable snow blockade with Gen. Custer and party.

Worman was thinking of old times yesterday when he said: "Say, there used to be an old fellow named Truelsen—Henry Truelsen—who had a store on Lake avenue. Is he dead?"

Upon being assured that Henry Truelsen was still alive and was the present mayor of the city, he resumed: "Well, that Truelsen was one of the best buyers of clothing I ever met. He had a small store, but he kept it chuck full, and one day when I dropped in to Duluth I thought I would go and see Truelsen just on general principles, for I did not think he would want any goods. Truelsen was feeling good, however, and I sold him a soot cash bill of $8700, and then he said to me: 'You had better wait until tomorrow. R. F. Williamson will be in town then and maybe you can sell him a suit or two.' I waited, and, bless me, if I did not catch Williamson for $7200. That man Truelsen was a great fellow. He would catch some guy out on the street and fit him out in new togs, and wait until the fellow caught enough fish to pay for it. Oh, yes; Duluth was a great fish town, and I was one of the fish eaters; so were Col. Culver, Ernie Jefferson and a lot more good old-timers."

FLOORED THE BARTENDER.

Rendered Speechless By a Thirsty Young Woman.

A modestly dressed young woman, of a rather attractive appearance, stepped quietly into a Superior street saloon yesterday afternoon and called for a drink of whisky. The bartender set out a bottle and glass, so astonished that he did not have time to think. A stiff drink was poured out, gulped down at a swallow, the water "chaser" ignored, the price paid and the female customer had departed, all in a moment.

Her entrance attracted the attention of quite a number of passers by, including a couple of policemen, who held a quick consultation over the "case," but before they could determine whether or not it was a crime for a woman to patronize a saloon, "just like a man," the female with a thirst had slaked it and mingled with the throng on the sidewalk.

You will regret it if you miss it

The Concert at the Pavilion Sunday Afternoon

By the—

CITY BAND!

ADMISSION FREE.

Take the incline.

A NOTED MUSICIAN.

Prof. Tomlins Will Meet Musical People Tomorrow.

Professor William L. Tomlins, former choral director of the World's fair, and who for twenty-five years has been director of the world-famous Apollo club, of Chicago, will meet any persons interested in music work in the assembly hall of the High School tomorrow, Friday, afternoon. All are welcome to attend this meeting, for which there is no admission fee. In the evening of the same day, at the assembly hall, Professor Tomlins will deliver a lecture in his own inimitable way, illustrating his remarks with singing exercises to show the application of the subject. Professor Tomlins is without doubt one of the most enthusiastic, wideawake, progressive musicians in the country. He is also strikingly original, and his illustrations most forcible and timely. On one occasion, he says:

"The various physical moods are forms of vital influence, but on a lower plane, just as the eyes and nostrils and other organs of sense serve on a physical plane. There are artistic moods, too, which are not allied to merely physical associations. On the contrary, the most exalted are sometimes associated with bodily depression. To illustrate: a little girl may softly check my noisy entrance into her playroom, and with finger on lip and tiptoe step, she may bid me tread softly, not to disturb her doll-baby, who is sick and sleeping. She is filled with the imaginary solicitude of motherhood tenderness. If the little girl's real mother were truly sick, all that fluent utterance would be changed—stricken with real grief, hardly a word would she articulate between her sobs. But who shall say that her idealized grief is but an imitation of the real, or that it is on a lower plane? Or who shall say that it is on a higher plane of living the moods are not less violent and contained—in short, more like the doll episode?"

The innumerable testimonials in the possession of its proprietors show the good work Salvation Oil is doing. 25 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

BILLY RICE'S MINSTRELS.

There was a good audience at the Lyceum to witness the very mediocre performance of Billy Rice's minstrels. The company was weak in numbers and ability. Billy Rice was the entire show, and without him the attraction had little of merit. But Billy Rice, one of the veterans of old-fashioned minstrels, of whom there are but few left, always has a charm for admirers of that class of entertainment. His gags have done service for half a century at least, and when he begins to tell them his hearers at once know what the point will be, but they listen interestedly nevertheless, for Billy Rice has a way of telling things peculiarly his own, which makes the most moss-grown chestnut seem funny. A "Persian Wonder" gave a remarkably unique contortion and trapeze act. The Amphion quartet was well received and the banjo turn of Ed Hall elicited several encores.

"AUNT AUGUSTA."

Tomorrow night the comedy "Aunt Augusta," written by Bruno Eyferth, will be produced at Turner hall. The performance will be in English and not in German, as a great many have been led to believe, probably because it is to be produced at Turner hall. Mr. Eyferth himself will take one of the leading characters. The other parts will be taken by Miss Aimee Hunter, Miss Meta Eyferth, Miss Emma Wisted, John Doran and Charles Applehagen. A number of songs will be sung.

DR. HILLIS, LECTURER.

Next Tuesday evening Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, D.D., will lecture at the First Methodist church on "John Ruskin's Message to the Nineteenth Century." The Rockford Journal said of him:

"Dr. Hillis is one of the intellects of the West. He is a great student, a profound thinker, and is withal an accomplished orator. Dr. Hillis is one of those men who are so far in advance of the times that the doubters marvel how he expects the great masses to keep up with him. And yet his ideas, his hopes, his aspirations are not strange, nor are they new. On the contrary, they are as old as the everlasting hills. He simply calls back the best of the past and unites it with the best of the present. Truth is the same in all ages, and Dr. Hillis simply deals in the truth."

JAMES O'NEILL.

Commencing Monday and for two nights the distinguished actor, James O'Neill, will play an engagement at the Lyceum. It is almost unnecessary to say a word in tribute to this artist, for Mr. O'Neill has been before us for almost a quarter of a century, and has immortalized the character of Edmond Dantes in "Monte Cristo." However, he will not open with Dumas' masterpiece, which has been reserved for the second evening, but will favor the public of this city with his great presentation of Sheridan Knowles' sublime tragedy, "Virginius," in which he has scored an immense success. Few, if any, tragedians are said to possess the virile strength, paternal tenderness and wonderful power that Mr. O'Neill puts into his creation of the famous role. New scenery and rich costumes will be used in both productions, and the company seen with Mr. O'Neill is said to comprise the elite of legitimate actors and actresses. Fifty people will be on the stage during the performance of "Virginius."

TOSSED ON THE FOAMING BILLOWS

You may never have been, but if you cross the Atlantic no matter how smooth the watery expanse, without sea sickness you are—well, a lucky voyager, that is all. Old tars who have spent their lives on the ocean waves, who were almost born, so to speak, with their "sea legs on," suffer now and then from sea sickness in very tempestuous weather. Sea captains, tourists, commercial travelers and yachtsmen say that there is no finer safeguard against nausea than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and it has been equally reliable as a preventive by invalids who travel by steamboat and railroad, and who sometimes suffer as much in those conveyances as ocean travelers do in steamships. Biliousness, constipation, sick headache and disorders of the stomach caused by oppressive climatic influences or unwholesome or unaccustomed food or water, always yield to the Bitters speedily. This popular medicine also remedies rheumatic, kidney and nervous disorders, and the infirmities incident to increasing years.

April Weather Averages.

The statement of April averages has been issued by the weather bureau. They cover a period of twenty-six years. The average April temperature was 38 degrees, the warmest month being in 1878, when it averaged 45 degrees, and the coldest in 1874, when it was 33 degrees. The warmest temperature ever recorded in April was 81 degrees on the 29th, in 1891, and the coldest 3 degrees on the 1st, in 1881. The average precipitation has been 2.48 inches, the greatest being 5.85 inches, in 1894, and the least 0.30 inches, in 1873. The average number of clear days has been 9, partly cloudy 11, and cloudy 10. Prevailing winds have been northeast, and the highest velocity was 58 miles from the northeast on the 22nd, in 1883.

DID YOU EVER

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all female complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00 at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

MAP OF GOLD FIELDS.

The Canadian Pacific railway has published a new map folder descriptive of the gold fields of Rainy Lake, Seine River and Manitou districts. The map shows the locations of the new mining towns and the extent of the gold fields, while the reading matter gives a great deal of valuable information in relation to the properties opened up, means of reaching there, etc.

Copies can be furnished on application to

T. H. LARKE,
District Agent,
426 Spalding House block.

ITCHING SKIN DISEASES

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin and scalp diseases with loss of hair. — Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), and full doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures

Cuticura

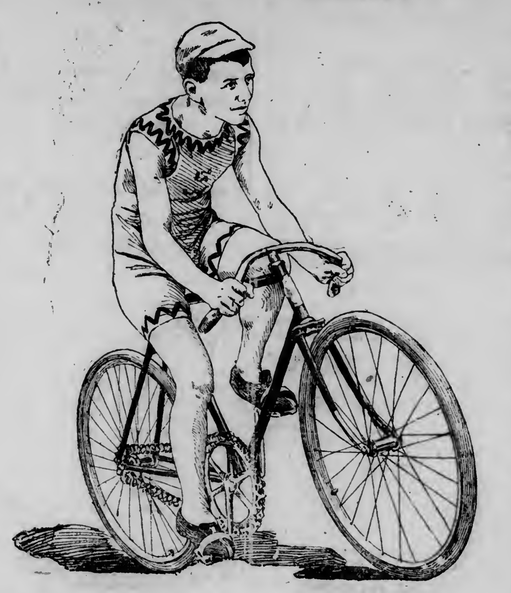
Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to Cure Itching Skin Diseases," free.

RED ROUGH HANDS Softened and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

FOR EVERY BICYCLIST.

Champion Michael Advises Use of Paine's Celery Compound.



James Michael is the champion long distance bicyclist of the world.

He recommends all wheelmen to take Paine's celery compound.

His experience is that of thousands of others. With the opening of the bicycle season many a young person and hundreds of older people who have determined to take up bicycling as a health-giving exercise find themselves really lacking the proper "snap" or stamina to begin on. Their bodily condition prevents so spirited exercise. They would like to ride, but they are out of sorts, run down by a winter of work or indoor life. Many who are really sick, who have suffered from debility or wasting diseases for a long time until they had begun to think their troubles had become chronic, as nothing gave them relief, would turn to bicycling for relief. But this splendid exercise, like any other, requires strength to undertake. The blood is out of order, the nerves are deranged, and nature's food for both is needed.

All such persons will find to their immense joy that Paine's celery compound, taken now, will make them well.

Paine's celery compound works wonders in the spring. If you have labored under the load of repeated headaches, neuralgic pains and days of nervous debility, now is your best time to get well.

Michael is today the most phenomenal rider in professional ranks. As far back as 1894 he was undisputed champion of Great Britain, and in the following year he went to France and scored twenty-five straight wins against the picked riders of Europe. He has defeated such famous men as Jacquelin, Gongoltz, Huret, Riviere, Bonhours, Bourrillon and Barden, of England, and Leyten, the Belgian champion.

He has just returned from Europe and is now ready to join the racing men on the Pacific coast, despite the large amount of work he has gone through during the past months.

Michael has made cycle racing a careful study and is in a position to give excellent advice not only to racing men but to wheelmen and athletes in general. In reference to his own methods the following letter will interest everybody:

Boston, Mass., Feb. 21, 1897.

After the exertion of my record rides while with the Morgan & Wright team in the South last winter, during which I lost somewhat in weight, on account of the unaccustomed climate, I was advised to use Paine's celery compound. I am pleased to say that it gave such satisfaction that I was impelled to use it again to brace up from the effects of the two unusually rough ocean trips that I have taken during the past month. I believe that wheelmen who have to undergo the hardships of "circuit chasing" will find Paine's celery compound of assistance in keeping up their physical tone.

JIMMY MICHAEL.

Every one needs to take a spring remedy to purify their blood, arouse the circulation and counteract the debilitating effect of months of confining work, worry and excitement.

The more intelligent portion of every community are the ones who best recommend Paine's celery compound. They have looked into this great remedy, followed its remarkable achievements in the case of friends, neighbors and relatives, and know just what to expect from its use as a nerve and brain strengthener and restorer and an ideal invigorator for a run-down system.

You Can't Go Amiss

if you get a package like this. It contains the genuine

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

It cleans everything and cleans it quickly and cheaply.

Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.





REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT 30th Day. **FRENCH REMEDY**

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

REVIVAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

WILCOX COMPOUND TANSY PILLS

The only reliable female regulator Never Fails. Sold by druggists, $2.00 Send 4c. for Woman's Safeguard. WILCOX MEDICAL CO. 228 S. 6th St., Phila. Pa.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada., Pa.

FOR SALE.

Five-room house, near to school, electric line, on graded street; all taxes and assessments paid, in West Duluth, for $50 cash, and $10 a month, including 6 per cent interest, or $900 cash.

Other property on similar easy terms.

Union and Zenith Building and Loan Associations.

Office No. 2 First Avenue West.

Duluth Trust Co Writes Fire Insurance.

Trade Mark

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF Duluth Dredge and Dock Company.

We, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878 of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have organized and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Duluth Dredge and Dock Company."

The principal place of business of said corporation shall be at Duluth, Minnesota.

Said corporation is organized for the purpose of engaging in and carrying on the business of dredging in the manner in which the same is usually operated, and the construction of docks, slips, bridges, canals, dikes, channels and passages for boats and other water craft in and upon "The Chain of the Great Lakes" and their tributaries.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of said corporation shall be March 31, 1897, and the period of its continuance shall be twenty (20) years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.)

Said corporation may begin business whenever ten thousand dollars ($10,000) of the capital shall have been subscribed for and taken.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.)

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: William Clifford, Robert Smith, Barnett J. Cook, Frank McCormack and James A. Hanks, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be in a board of three directors who shall be stockholders of the corporation and shall be elected annually by the stockholders at their annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers who shall be elected annually by the board of directors: A president, vice president, secretary and treasurer. Any two of said offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In case of a vacancy in any office the board of directors shall have power to fill such vacancy until the next annual stockholders' meeting.

The following named persons shall constitute the first board of directors and act as officers of said corporation until the first annual meeting of the stockholders: Robert Smith, president; Frank McCormack, vice president; William Clifford, secretary; William Clifford, treasurer.

The duties of the officers shall be defined by the by-laws.

ARTICLE VII.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into five hundred shares of the par value of one hundred dollars ($100) each.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals this 9th day of March, 1897.

FRANK McCORMACK, (Seal.)
BARNETT J. COOK, (Seal.)
WILLIAM CLIFFORD, (Seal.)
JAMES A. HANKS. (Seal.)
ROBERT SMITH. (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of—

Christine Helstrom.
R. P. Edson.
Edwin C. Kent, L. A. Seymour as to signature of Robert Smith.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

On this 10th day of March, A. D. 1897, before me, a notary public in and for said county, personally appeared William Clifford, Barnett J. Cook, Frank McCormack and James A. Hanks, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

R. P. EDSON,
Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COUNTY OF COOK—SS.

On this 16th day of March, A. D. 1897, before me a notary public in and for said county, personally appeared Robert Smith, to me known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged that he executed the same as his free act and deed.

LYNDEN A. SEYMOUR,
Notary Public, Cook Co., Ill.
(Notarial Seal.)

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record March 25, 1897, at 9:45 a. m. and was duly recorded in Book I, of miscellaneous, page 421.

P. J. BORGSTROM,
Register of Deeds.
By B. O. LOE,
Deputy.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book R2 of incorporations on page 111.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-1.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of ten thousand one hundred and forty dollars ($10,140.00), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by George B. Kirkbride and May S. Kirkbride, his wife and Charles T. Thompson and Kate H. Thompson, his wife, mortgagors, to James M. Sharp, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of June, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the fifteenth day of June, 1892, at eight o'clock a. m. in Book 67 of mortgages on page 317.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said James M. Sharp, mortgagee, to The First National Bank of Newville, Pennsylvania, by written assignment dated the 31st day of December, 1896, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 16th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. in Book 108 of mortgages on page 476, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot seventy-two on West First street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the plat thereof on file and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, said lot lying and being in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 10th day of April, 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of 10,140 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and 100 dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 8th, A. D. 1897.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEWVILLE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

ALFORD & HUNT,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-25-March-4-11-18-25-April-1.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Men's Shoes Half Price

SUFFEL & CO. 123-131 W. Superior St.

For Friday and Saturday

We again offer Men's $6.00 Patent Leather Shoes for—

$2.99.

Take advantage of this great sale of high grade Men's Shoes. Get a pair before your size is gone. Such values have never been known in Duluth.

SUFFEL & CO.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The city freight and ticket office of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad is to be moved into the room in Providence building formerly occupied by the Marine National bank.

Tomorrow evening there will be an inter-normal school debate between the Superior and River Falls, Wis., normal schools. It will take place at Superior. A number of Duluth high school pupils will go over, among them those who are to take part in the debate between the Duluth and Minneapolis high schools.

Little Mamie Baker, of 1108 West Second street, was given a surprise party last evening. Those present were: Florence Blanchard, Mabel Gibson, Mabel Blanchard, Ida Gelnilan, Crissy Keir, Violet Beantian, Agnes Hansen, Bessie Blanchard, Willie Catlin, Walter Cook, Cleave Goldsmith, Roy Hamilton, George Gelnilan.

Joseph Donauer, of Donauer & Co., the East Fifth street cabinetmakers, had a rather serious accident last evening while working in his shop. He made a mistake with a hatchet and is minus the index finger of his left hand.

The Friends in Council of Pilgrim church will give an entertainment at the home of C. E. Lovett next Monday evening. One of John Kendrick Bangs' farces will be presented and the Temple quartet will sing.

The report of the building inspector for March shows that twenty-two permits were issued for buildings and repairs, aggregating $19,538 in value.

There is no doubt that there will be small difficulty in procuring all the health inspectors needed. Ten applications were received at the health office this morning, not counting those presented to Health Officer Murray personally.

In the municipal court this morning, John Ryan and Peter Johnson pleaded guilty of drunkenness. They were let off with sentences suspended.

Charles W. Harris, who was struck by a Duluth & Iron Range passenger train between here and Two Harbors, Tuesday, is progressing favorably.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A daughter to J. and Florence Lilbarman, of 113 West Second street; a son to Robert A. and Eva Simpson, of 314 East First street.

Victor Bjork, who was injured yesterday in elevator E, was reported to be resting comfortably today.

John Scott, a tug engineer had a leg broken while wrestling in James Foley's saloon, at 413 West Superior street, early this morning. He was taken to St. Luke's hospital.

Information of insanity was filed in the probate court this morning against Maurice D. L. Fuller, an attorney, who has been located at Eveleth for several years. His examination was to take place this afternoon.

Judge Lochren has reduced the bond of Robert Irwin, charged with sending obscene literature through the mails to $500 from $1000.

Dr. L. A. Faulkner, the specialist in all chronic, nervous and skin diseases, has removed his office to room 7, Dodge block, 18 Third avenue west.

Patronize Kelly and get clean clothes.

Millinery.

All fashion lovers should call on Madam Beuglet for their early spring hats. A pleasure to show goods. Watch for date of spring opening, 22 Third avenue west. Kitchi Gammit building.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van Co., who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st.

P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

Don't miss Professor Tomlins' musical lecture.

Hair Switches

In all shades at lowest possible prices. Hair Tonic. Switches made from cut hair or combings.

Knauf Sisters,

101 W. Sup. st., over Smith & Smith's Drug Store

APRIL 5!

Is the date of our next excursion to

SIBLEY,

Georgia.

And other points on the Georgia Southern & Florida Railway.

ON THE ABOVE DATE VERY LOW RATES WILL BE MADE FOR ROUND TRIP TICKETS.

For full information regarding Georgia lands, rates, maps, etc., call on or address

LOUD & WOODWARD,

Immigration Agents, G. S. & F. Ry., 302 Tower Ave., West Superior, Wis.

OR—

B. W. SUMMERS,

Ticket Agent, C. M. St. P. & O. Ry. 405 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

PERSONALS.

C. H. Drew, of the city engineer's office, is still confined to his room by la grippe.

M. H. Boutelle, a well-known Minneapolis attorney, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

S. C. Patterson, of Cleveland, is among the late arrivals at the Spalding.

P. H. Scanlon came up from St. Paul this morning and registered at the Spalding.

H. J. and A. E. Horne, St. Paul attorneys, are among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

William Sauntry, the Stillwater lumberman, is a guest at the Spalding.

W. H. Barnes, of Cleveland, is at the Spalding.

W. W. Broughton, general freight agent of the St. Paul & Duluth, was in the city today.

James N. Hill, who succeeds W. C. Farrington, as general manager of the Eastern Minnesota, came up from St. Paul this morning.

E. A. Moye, manager of the Northern Hardware company, returned to Duluth from Marquette today, accompanied by his wife and son.

F. Conlon, of Chicago, is a guest at the St. Louis.

C. G. Engstroid, of Ogema, Wis., is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

W. G. Bonham is in the city from Tower, a guest at the St. Louis.

Fred J. Bowman, editor of the Rainy Lake Journal, arrived in Duluth. He made the trip from Rainy Lake City to Tower on foot.

Max Shapiro and wife, of Tower, are at the St. Louis.

H. D. Powers and John Beckfelt came down from Grand Rapids this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

Capt. A. Arnold, of Cleveland, is in the city looking after his vessel interests. He is a guest at the St. Louis.

F. P. and Cushing F. Wright, of St. Paul, are guests at the Spalding.

J. M. Martin, of Minneapolis, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

Avoid the Rush

By leaving your order at once for your Easter hat. Largest selection of artificial flowers and novelties in the city. Watch for date of spring opening.

Madam Beuglet, 22 Third avenue west. Kitchi Gammi building.

HYPNOTIC ENTERTAINMENT.

Large Audience Was Greatly Amused By Dr. Day.

A large audience attended a most delightful entertainment at the Unitarian church last night. There was a charming musical program in which the Aeolian quartet, Mr. and Mrs. Franz Schultz, Mrs. McAuliffe, Jeanie Mann and others took part. The feature of the entertainment was the hypnotic performance of Dr. D. H. Day, which he prefaced by some clever sleight-of-hand performances. After concluding these tricks, which would do credit to a professional magician, he gave a short, but interesting lecture on hypnotism, after which he called for subjects. He was answered by half a dozen young men, who were presently performing the most ridiculous antics at the doctor's suggestion. Dr. and Mrs. Day concluded the entertainment by an exhibition in which Mrs. Day blindfolded, answered questions written by people in the audience.

Will Cut Them Here.

Graham, Horne & Co., the Fort William lumbermen, who purchased 6,000,000 feet of logs, put in on the Nemadji this season, with the intention of towing them to Fort William, have decided to have them cut in Duluth. The prospect of a duty of $2 a thousand on lumber sawed in Canada and brought into the United States, together with the seeming likelihood that the Canadian government will impose a retaliatory duty of $1 a thousand on American logs, makes the original plans of this firm rather hazardous, so it has been deemed wise to saw the logs on the American side of the line.

A Decided Contrast.

The April first of this year and of one year ago present a startling contrast. Today has been bright and sunny, and, barring a rather healthy northwest wind, has been as nice as could be asked. One year ago a howling blizzard raged, the worst of the whole season, street cars were blockaded and the storm king had full sway.

March was an exceptional month in that there was so little stormy weather. There were only ten cloudy days in the month. It was not a warm month, however, and the temperature fell about 2 degrees below the average.

The Booth Appointments.

Capt. J. F. Hector has been reappointed master of the Dixon, E. G. Smith will be mate, J. E. Evans, chief engineer, F. Michaelson, second engineer. A. Clausen will be captain of the Hunter, and George Beltoir will be engineer.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

Cataphoresis!

The latest method prepares the way for excavating and filling teeth without pain. DR. SCHIFFMAN, Burrows block.

TO HOT SPRINGS, ARK.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad is the short line and only line with dining cars and compartment sleepers. Excursion tickets on sale.

NO POWER

City Attorney Thinks Council Cannot Reduce Fire Department Salaries.

Committed Itself to Them By Approving the Estimates In October.

Session of Aldermen and Fire Commissioners Resulted in Nothing.

That the council has not the power to cut salaries in the fire department is the opinion of City Attorney Richards. He is inclined to think that nothing can be done at this time, anyhow. The estimates for the year are presented to the council by the commission on Oct. 1 of each year. The estimate was approved last October and the pay rolls have been allowed by the council every month since, and these acts may fairly be construed to be an allowance of the salaries, as fixed by the commissioners. Certainly it is a consent thereto. The charter is rather blind on the subject, Mr. Richards says. The council, it is provided, may consent to the estimates or not. It has no power to fix the amount itself, however. In case the commissioners refuse to reduce the estimate there is nothing for the council to do but refuse to allow the pay roll when it is presented. While the council, as stated, has consented to the estimate covering the time to Oct. 1 and has allowed the pay rolls under it, heretofore, there is nothing in the charter that would prohibit it from refusing to do so at any time. In case it should take this step, a complicated problem would be presented for the courts to settle.

The special committee of the council, the fire commissioners and the chiefs of the fire and police departments met yesterday afternoon at the city hall and discussed salaries. No decision was arrived at.

Alderman Jefferson, in response to a request from the commissioners for an expression as to the amount of reduction that should be made in the expenses of the fire department, said that it should be at least a third of the expenditures for last year.

It was suggested by the commissioners that, if it were absolutely necessary, the fire tug service could be sacrificed. The members of the council committee seemed to think that this would cripple the department too seriously, however.

Although it was not mentioned at the meeting, it is understood that it has been given out by the representatives of the insurance companies that a reduction in the efficiency of the department will be followed by a restoration of the rates in force prior to the last reduction, which amounted to 10 per cent, and it is probable that this fact had something to do with the disposition to go slow evinced by the council committee.

The meeting adjourned with the understanding that the fire commissioners are to take up the question of reducing expenses at their regular meeting on Saturday with the view of seeing what can be effected in that line.

The Woodland fire hall was closed yesterday, effecting a saving of about $1900 per annum.

Dowman's Patent Arrives.

Among a batch of patents received at the United States land office today is one for Richard Dowman for the sel¼ of section 26-65-4. This is the land which was in controversy between Dowman and Carrie Moss. The case is now in the United States court. Other patents were received for the following parties: George E. Kimball, Henrik Johnson, Dominico Campanello, Alec Foss, Rafaele Di Gregorio, Josef Patrawski, Thomas Wallace, Francis E. Brown, James E. Moran, Jan H. Aronson, George J. Norris, Agnes Maginnis, Samuel Wright, Nelson H. Jesmer, Joseph Frankowski, John Braun, Andrew J. Smith, John Harris, Anthony Chesser, of St. Louis county; Edwin P. Stone, John J. Rupp, of Saginaw county, Mich.; Thomas J. Leonard, Josephine Signaless, of Douglas county, Wis.; Martha Pollock, Charles J. Johnson, of Cook county, Minn.

Chimney Caused It.

The residence of Martin Augustynink, at Twenty-first avenue west and First street, was destroyed by fire at 11 o'clock last night. The loss on building and contents aggregates $1000. The building was insured for $500 and the furniture for $400. The blaze is supposed to have started from a defective chimney. No water could be procured for the use of the steamers at that point on the hill, and the fire was too far advanced to be coped with by the chemicals when they arrived.

Not Very Profitable.

E. A. Liedel, formerly a resident of Duluth, who has been engaged in fruit raising near Oakland, Cal., for the past nine years, has returned to Duluth and will again make this city his home. He says fruit raising affords just a living for those who have no incumbrances on their property, but that there is not enough in it to pay both interest and living expenses. The condition of fruit farmers whose places are mortgaged is going steadily from bad to worse.

The Court Filings.

The Armour Packing company this morning began suit against Thomas Filewood and John Naslund, to recover $550 for goods alleged to have been sold to Filewood, Naslund giving a guarantee that they would be paid for. Schmidt, Reynolds & Mitchell are the attorneys.

Judge Ensign this morning filed an order overruling the demurrer in the case of Carl M. Johanson, as administrator of the estate of John Erickson against J. J. Eklund, Paul Sharvy and Celia Hoff. The defendants are allowed ten days in which to answer.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

The Gordon Hat—none better

TUG CASTLE SOLD.

A. D. Bennett the Mortgagee Was the Purchaser.

The Inman tug W. B. Castle was sold this morning, and it was not the Finance company that captured her. The bidding between M. H. Boutelle, representing the Finance company, and F. G. Wixson, representing A. D. Bennett, of Port Huron, Mich., who holds the mortgage on the boat, was rather lively. Mr. Boutelle opened with an offer of $2000 and this was raised back and forth until it was finally sold to the mortgagee for $4000. The total claims against the boat amount to about $3500, so that they will be paid in full.

The tug Record was released from the custody of the United States marshal yesterday and surrendered to the American Exchange bank, the mortgagee. It was expected that similar disposition would be made of the M. D. Carrington and the L. L. Lloyd today. These three tugs have been sold by the bank to the Finance company.

Nowhere to go but to the—

PAVILION

SUNDAY AFTERNOON.

THE CITY BAND

In a programme of popular music.

Admission Free.

MR. HOUGHTON'S DEATH.

Some Particulars Conveyed In a Letter Received Here.

Dr. J. M. Robinson, of this city, has received a letter from his mother, who resides at Corning, N. Y., in which she gives some particulars of C. F. Houghton's death, or as much of it, at least, as ever will be known. The families were very friendly, and on the evening of Monday Mrs. Robinson called at the Houghton residence, and, having just heard that the family had decided to go abroad in April and spend the summer, congratulated Mrs. Houghton upon the pleasure she had before her. Mrs. Houghton was considerably worried then over the fact that her husband had not returned home. He was there at dinner and left for the glass factory in the afternoon. He did not come home to supper and sent no word. Mrs. Houghton was quite sure he had been suddenly called away on the train, as had sometimes been the case, but he had never before failed to send word. Later in the evening, when nothing had been heard, Mrs. Houghton became greatly alarmed and a search was begun. The body was not found until 9 a. m. Tuesday in the sand room at the factory, and it was evident that he had shot himself the night before. Nothing which he did or said during the day could be recalled that would intimate that he had such an act in contemplation. He had been unwell during the previous week, but it was nothing serious. Three or four days before that an intimate friend, Gen. George Magee, of Watkins, N. Y., had died, and Mr. Houghton felt his loss quite deeply.

Mr. Houghton was the practical man of the Corning Glass Works company. He had a laboratory fitted up in his house and devoted considerable time to experimenting in the making of glassware. He had made several inventions in this line which netted his company large returns. The company had immense contracts for railroad lanterns and had the exclusive control of some processes of coloring glass that were the discoveries of Mr. Houghton.

He leaves a wife and two daughters, one about 15 and one about 17 years of age.

Large Mortgage Sales.

Sheriff Sargent was the agent for a couple of big real estate deals yesterday, which took place at the front door of the court house. The sales were both under mortgage foreclosures, and in each case the purchaser was the mortgagee, and the amount paid was about equal to the amount of the mortgage. Several hundreds of lots in Grassy Point addition and Hunter's Grassy Point addition, were sold to A. S. Chase, the holder of a mortgage on the property, for about $42,800, the amount of the debt and interest. The mortgagor was the Grassy Point Land company.

The Odd Fellows building on Lake avenue was sold for $18,000, to the estate of William Sohier, the holder of a mortgage upon it. The defendant was Duluth lodge, No. 28, I. O. O. F.

Household goods stored in good brick storehouse for $1 per ton per month.

DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st.

P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

Hear Professor Tomlins at High School tomorrow night.

Spring Millinery.

Madame Warde announces that her spring millinery is now ready.

Try our 10c messenger and 10c package delivery.

DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st. Trunks, 25 cents.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

There's no law against paying others more than we ask for Furniture, Carpets and other house furnishings, but it's a duty you owe to yourself to look around and see who sells the cheapest. We want to give our customers the best values of our lives this season, and we unhesitatingly say that the prices we name on new, fresh, 1897 goods have never been equaled—and you will unhesitatingly say that you never got as much for your money in the world as you can get now.

Furniture Dept.

A big drive in Metal Beds.

Look at the beautiful **Solid Brass Bed** shown in our window—"the Prize Design" of the season. Then come into our store and have our salesman show you our complete line of Brass Beds which is the finest ever shown in the city. We have them at $17.50, $25 00, $37.50, $50.00, $60.00 and upwards.



White Enameled Iron Beds at $3.75, $4.50, $6 50 and $8 50, fully 20 per cent below what other dealers ask for them.

Chinaware Dept.

500 Genuine Canton Blue China Rice Bowls, just the thing for breakfast cereals at, each 10c

500 Canton Blue Sauce Dishes, at, each 5c

200 (our third lot) of those dainty Japanese cups and Saucers, at each 10c

Beautiful Flower Vases, at each 20c

New patterns in Haviland China Dinnerware, novelties in Delftware—rich Cut Glass and Silverware.

Carpet Dept.

Fresh New Straw Mattings from Yokohama and Hong Kong—just in from the custom house, fresh and fragrant. Beautiful Mattings at 12½c, 20c, 25c and 30c per yard.

SPECIAL—500 yards Finest Japanese Inlaid Matting on sale, worth 35c—at per yard 20c

A large assortment of Blue and White Cotton Mats and Rugs to use with Mattings.

Splendid Ingrain Carpets at 25c

Serviceable All-Wool (guaranteed) 45c

New Tapestry Brussels, fine quality, at—per yard 55c

Best "Lowell" 5-frame Body Brussels, at—per yard $1.00

We show exquisite patterns and colorings in Bigelow Axminsters.

Upholstery Dept.

1000 yards of dainty Swiss Embroidered Muslins, at 12½c, 15c, 20c and 25c per yard, in genteel patterns, suitable for chamber draperies.

New Laces, New Furniture Coverings, New Portiere Curtains, New Door Draperies.

Now is the time to have your old furniture made over and recovered. We can do it much cheaper now than when the rush of spring business is on.

Stove and Kitchenware Dept.

We are sole agents in Duluth for the celebrated Stewart Steel Cooking Ranges.

The most perfect Cooking apparatus ever put on the market.

New Cast Iron Cook Stoves, good bakers $7.50

REFRIGERATORS Six-hole Cast Iron Ranges, $13.50 With Reservoir, $5.00 extra.

We sell everything needed in a home—Furniture, Carpets, Draperies, Chinaware, Stoves, Pictures, Clocks.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co., Duluth, Minn.

Everything in our mammoth establishment sold on our—

Equitable Easy Payment Plan.

Only a little cash down required and the balance can be paid in small weekly or monthly payments.

THE CITY TREASURY.

Fred Voss Makes His Report to April 1.

The city treasurer's report for the period from Feb. 15, when the annual statement was rendered, to April 1, was completed today, and is as follows:

GENERAL FUND.

Balance Feb 15	$ 62,325 61
Receipts	91,705 83
	$154,031 44
Disbursements	37,331 40
Balance April 1	$116,699 15

WATER AND LIGHT FUND.

Balance Feb. 15	$491,650 53
Receipts	101,137 13
	$592,787 66
Disbursements	48,617 74
Balance April 1	$544,169 92

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT.

Overdraft Feb. 15	$297,080 33
Disbursements	24,415 49
	$321,495 82
Receipts	27,921 38
Overdraft April 1	$293,574 44

FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.

Overdraft Feb. 15	$ 74,815 40
Disbursements	11,400 36
	$ 86,215 76
Receipts	15,122 41
Overdraft April 1	$ 71,093 62

LIBRARY FUND.

Balance Feb. 15	$ 2,101 36
Receipts	1,988 19
	$ 4,089 55
Disbursements	1,063 17
Balance April 1	$ 3,026 38

PARK FUND.

Balance Feb. 15	$ 342 15
Receipts	5,274 41
	$ 5,616 56
Disbursements	2,160 09
Balance April 1	$ 3,456 47

INTEREST FUND.

Balance Feb. 15	$ 810 60
Receipts	12,108 75
	$ 12,919 35
Disbursements	6,385 00
Balance April 1	$ 6,534 35

SINKING FUND.

Balance Feb. 15	$ 59,190 85
Receipts	2,519 06
Balance April 1	$ 61,709 91

RAINY LAKE DEAL.

"Swede Boys" Sell a Property to St. Paul People.

Another gold mining deal was completed at the St. Louis today between F. J. Bowman as agent for a couple of lucky individuals, who are known throughout the Rainy Lake country as the "Swede boys," and Charles Nelson, of St. Paul, by which the latter purchased a property in the Manitou country for $11,000. The purchaser represents a syndicate just formed in St. Paul with a capital stock of $1,000,000 to work this and other properties.

J. C. Foley returned today from Chicago, where he has been figuring on a duplex compressor plant to take the place of the straight line compressor now in use. The new outfit will cost $16,000 in place, and will be sent in on the first boat. It will furnish power for three hoisting engines at the three shafts of the Foley, the mill and ten power drills. This will make a very complete and economical plant.

Charles A. McDonald, a prospector, will leave tomorrow for the Seine river. He is employed by Montreal capitalists to locate mining properties for them.

STONE IN CHARGE.

Becomes General Passenger Agent of St. Paul & Duluth.

St. Paul, April 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Cal Stone assumed his new duties with the St. Paul & Duluth road today.

General Passenger Agent Fee, of the Northern Pacific, stated today that he had not appointed a successor to Mr. Stone.

Professor W. L. Tomlins, director of the Chicago Apollo club, at the Assembly hall, High School, Friday night, April 2. Hear him and get some new ideas on music. Admission, 25 cents.

COULD NOT AGREE.

Jury In the Barton Case Is Discharged.

The case of John Barton against the Virginia Light and Water company was given to the jury shortly before time for adjournment last night, and were discharged this afternoon being unable to agree. A jury was hung on the case last term, and the attorneys feared that the same fate would overtake the case this time. During the morning the jury asked for instructions from Judge Moer, but as he was not holding court because of his indisposition it did not get it this morning. The jury then asked if it could get its instructions from some other judge, but it was informed that usage did not permit this.

In Judge Cant's court the case of Mattie Joy, a colored female who admitted on the stand that she kept a boarding house on St. Croix avenue, against George Van Damm, was ordered submitted on brief. The plaintiff sought to annul a chattel mortgage on her establishment on the grounds of usury, claiming that the defendant charged her a bonus for the loan over and above the interest. The defendant claimed that he took out the amount alleged to constitute a bonus to pay for an overcoat the plaintiff purchased of him.

The case of W. P. Lardner, as assignee for W. W. Preston, against Peter McTague and B. E. Baker, was still on trial at noon before Judge Ensign. The case of W. C. Gilbert et al., against J. A. McCarthy, was ordered submitted on brief. The case of the Wisconsin Flower company against Amasa McComber, was continued. In the case of the W. L. Banning estate against Nels Hall, Judge Ensign filed an order denying the defendant's request to send issues to the jury, and the case was taken up before Judge Cant just before noon.

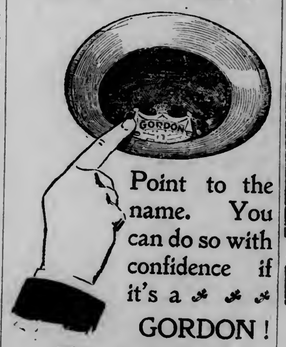
Spring Millinery.

Madame Warde announces that her spring millinery is now ready.

WE WANT YOU

To buy the 8-room modern house at Lester Park that we can sell for $2600; $800 cash and $25.00 per month, without interest on the $2000 mortgage. House has water, sewer, bath, stone cellar, and mantle and grate. Lot, 50x140 feet. GEO. H. CROSBY. 106 Providence Building.

The GORDON HAT!



Point to the name. You can do so with confidence if it's a GORDON!

For sale by

M. S. BURROWS

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for FITGER'S BEER.

Instead of Renting

Buy a 7-room house with water and sewer, mantle and grate. Street graded, lot 50x140, on car line, Lester Park. Price, $1600; $25 per month. No cash payment required.

106 Providence Building. Geo. H. Crosby.

WHY BE HUMBUGGED?

About one person in fifty may have a slight scalp disease; for 50c we guarantee a cure for falling hair. Go to the reliable and only hair store in the city.

MME. BOYD & WILBUR,

Ground Floor, Hunter Building.

FREE LAND!

I will give 40 acres of land to all persons purchasing 40 acres of land from me at $5.00 per acre and give you five years time to pay for it. Buy now, while this offer is good. It is better than money in bonds at 10 per cent, and no danger of busting.

JOHN G. HOWARD, 10 East Michigan St., Duluth, Minn.

REOPENED!

THE ST. JAMES HOTEL.

Everything new and cheerful. Cuisine unexceptional. Excellent service.

$1.50 PER DAY.

Special Rates to Permanent Guests.

DETECTIVES

Anyone requiring the services of experienced officers in civil and criminal cases, can secure same by calling on or addressing

Benson's Detective Agency

Exchange Building, Duluth.

PALMS!

A NEW LOT, GOOD ONES,

From One Dollar Up.

These are the Greatest Bargains ever offered. Ferns and other Pretty Plants of all kinds. Every purchaser of one dollar's worth of Plants at the Greenhouses may select to the value of $1.25. This offer is good for March only. Visitors welcome.

LINDSAY'S GREENHOUSES,

52nd Ave. East. Lakeside Car Line.

CARLTON SMALL FRUIT AND PLANT NURSERY.

Catalogue mailed free to any address. I will set out any variety of Strawberries myself, near the city of Duluth, (guarantee all to live) for $1.50 per 100, if ordered before April 15th.

E. G. BOVEE, Carlton, Minn.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGET, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

DULUTH CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

F. S. KELLY, Prop.

Office 524 W. Superior St. 'Phone 591.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Many Money Saving Bargains Are Offered By Enterprising Merchants in The Herald Tonight

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

THE WEATHER. Showers Tonight and Saturday; Stationary Temperature, Northeast Winds

FOURTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

The Spring Campaign

IS FULL ON

Store open Saturday night until 10:30. The BIG DULUTH Store open Saturday night until 10:30.

We've got our finger on extra salesmen for Saturday's multititude. Come in during the day and spend a half hour in the Great Inspection Room; you'll soon come to know why our Clothes excel, and you'll be convinced of our ability to sell absolutely



All Wool Suits for Men

At the Low Price of.. **$5.95 and $7.00**

Thousands are buying.

Never had as attractive Suits for Men at—

$8, $10, $12, $15

Spring Overcoats==

Fine, All-Wool Meltons and Covert Cloths at—



$8, $10, $12 and $15.

The people are pleased with the styles.

Suits for Young Fellows==

15 to 19 years, Beginning Price.....**$5.00 up to $15.00**

Just walk in on the ground floor for Boys' Clothes. It's ground floor for prices, too. The clothes are special in design and style and goods. You get the very best, and it's yours at about what other stores pay wholesale.

$2 50 for Boys' all-wool Suits

It's great value.

Pay $3--Made better for the extra half dollar.

See the special price Boys' Suits at $3.95, $4.95, $5.95.





Boys' Ironclad Knee Pants,

4 to 16 years, at—

19c, 22c, 48c, 75c and 98c.

Spalding Base Balls and Bats, Tool Chests, Pocket Knives and School Outfits **FREE** with Boys' and Children's Clothing.

New Spring Hats.

A window full of Men's, Boys and Children's headwear—100 lines as many just inside our doorway to the right.

Three colors—black, chocolate and light-brown in new Fedoras, all trimmed with best silk and silk lined.



This Style 98c, worth $1.50.



Spring Derby 98c.

New Spring Derby Hats in all the latest blocks, worth $1 50, our price 98c.

A Men's and Boys' Shoe Store, the Best in Duluth.



Prove it by the Men's Shoes we sell at.....**$1.39** Worth $2.00

The Boys' Shoes we sell at.....**98c** Worth $1.50

The Men's Shoes we sell at.....**$2.48** Worth $3.00

The Boys' Shoes we sell at.....**$1.25** Worth $1.75

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1889. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT

FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

SCHOCH IS BEHIND.

He Cannot Reach Hale's Bicycle Record.

Washington, April 2.—All prospect of a smash of Teddy Hale's great six-day bike record has disappeared. Schoch, the leader in the race, dropping further and further behind the record, until at 10 o'clock this morning he was ninety-eight miles behind Hale's record. Lawson, the Swede, who had not ridden during the night, came on the track at 10 o'clock much refreshed by his rest and appearing in excellent condition. He is extremely saddle-sore, however, and rides with pain. Cassidy passed him during the night, putting Lawson in fourth place. Schoch was in good spirits, and, while he rode steadily, his pace is not fast enough to make it at all likely that he will catch up with the record made at Madison Square garden. It was thought today that the riders will finish in the order in which they now stand.

At 9 o'clock the score stood as follows: Schoch, 1382; Albert, 1280; Golden, 1250; Cassidy, 1209; Lawson, 1159; Rivierre, 871; Ford, 561; Muller, 128.

At noon the score in the bicycle race was as follows: Schoch, 1392; Albert, 1308; Golden, 1279; Cassidy, 1232; Lawson, 1187; Rivierre, 894; Ford, 561; Muller, 128.

At 3 p. m the score stood: Schoch, 1451; Golden, 1318; Albert, 1347; Cassidy, 1281; Lawson, 1229; Rivierre, 916; Ford, 561; Muller, 130.

SUICIDE IDENTIFIED.

New Orleans, April 2.—This morning the body of a man who committed suicide at his hotel in this city last Monday evening was identified by his brother as that of Frank D. Steger, the defaulting secretary of the Mutual Assurance society, of Virginia. His brother, F. O. Steger, claimed the remains, and will have them shipped to Richmond.

FIREBUGS SENT TO JAIL.

New York, April 2.—Hugh Miller, the firebug, who was convicted of arson twenty-four hours after his arrest, was sentenced today in the Brooklyn county court to twenty years' imprisonment. Adolph Steinberg, another firebug, was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment.

PROMINENT HEBREW DEAD.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, April 2.—Isaiah Frankel, the Jewish banker and merchant, died last night, aged 65. He had large business interests in Des Moines.

BILLS

Three New House Measures Introduced By Request of the Governor.

Duluth & Iron Range Land Grant Up On Special House Order.

Senate Will Reorganize the Labor Bureau and Reduce Salaries.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Three new bills came in to the house today by request of the governor, one being the reapportionment bill introduced by Mr. Ferris. The bill was given its second reading, ordered printed and made a special order for 10:30 next Thursday morning. Mr. Hartshorn introduced a bill amending a road and bridge appropriation bill relating to Fillmore county, and it was passed under suspension of the rules. Mr. Yates introduced one to authorize cities and villages to prevent fighting, brawling, disorderly conduct, etc., which also was passed under suspension of the rules.

A communication from the governor of Wisconsin relating to a joint conference for similarity of legislation relating to game and fish was presented from the governor and referred to the committee on game and fish laws.

At 10:30 the special order was taken up. This was the consideration of the two Jacobson bills to repeal the Duluth & Iron Range land grant, and his other bill provides for a legislative commission to investigate whether the state is entitled to lands now claimed by other parties, and to bring proceedings looking to the securing of such lands. Mr. Jacobson opened the debate with a long speech reciting the history of the lands and claiming state claim to them.

IN THE SENATE.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—In the senate today the Stevens' bill to reorganize the labor bureau, with four instead of the present seven employs, was recommended for passage. This bill cuts salaries, reduces the expenses of the office, and must go into effect within ten days after its passage. It is understood the labor committee will be able to report on its investigation of the labor commissioner tomorrow, and while not sustaining the personal charges, the report will find that the bureau has been conducted on too wide a scope, going outside its regular work in the publication of certain books or reports.

THE REAPPORTIONMENT.

The Present Duluth District Divided Into Three.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The legislative sub-committee on reapportionment submitted the draft of the reapportionment bill to a meeting of the full joint committee at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The bill provides for sixty senators and 120 representatives. Ramsey county gains one senator and two representatives; she will have five senators and eleven representatives. Hennepin county gains one senator and one representative and will have six senators and fourteen representatives.

What is now the Fifty-fourth district, composed of St. Louis, Cook and Lake counties, is divided into three districts, in all of which St. Louis county forms a part. St. Louis county will have at least two senators and she may at any election get the three. The three new districts will have six representatives, a gain of three representatives and two senators. Following are the three districts:

46th—The Seventh and Eighth wards of Duluth and part of township 49, north of range 15 west, all of township 50, north of range 15, and all of St. Louis county west of the range line one senator and two representatives.

47th—The Third, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Duluth, and of that part of the county outside of the city between the range lines 13 and 14 and the range lines 15 and 16, one senator and two representatives.

48th—Lake and Cook counties, the First, Second and Fourth wards of Duluth and the part of that city east of the range line between ranges 13 and 14, one senator and two representatives.

The other districts in the Sixth congressional district are arranged as follows:

42d—Isanti, Anoka, Mille Lacs and Sherburne counties, except the Seventh ward of St. Cloud, one senator and three representatives.

42rd.—Wright county, one senator and two representatives.

44th—The Seventh ward of St. Cloud in the county of Sherburne, the city of St. Cloud and the towns of St. Cloud and La Sauk, in Stearns county, one senator and one representative.

45th—Morrison and Crow Wing counties, one senator and two representatives.

49th—Carlton, Aitkin, Itasca and Cass counties, one senator and two representatives.

50th—Hubbard, Wadena and Todd counties, one senator and two representatives.

51st—Stearns county, except the city of St. Cloud and the towns of St. Cloud and Le Sauk, one senator and two representatives.

THE TAX TITLE BILL.

It Was Indefinitely Postponed By the Senate.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate committee on taxes and tax laws presented to the senate yesterday a report recommending that H. F. 15, to amend sections 88, 89 and 90 of chapter 11, laws of 1878, be indefinitely postponed. The report was made by Senator Greer. This is Mr. Layhourn's bill to amend the law in relation to tax titles, so that property can be redeemed on payment of the one year's taxes for non-payment of which it was sold. The report was adopted by the senate, and the bill is consequently dead, unless steps are taken to reconsider the vote by which it was postponed.

WOULD NOT CONCUR.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house yesterday declined to concur in the amendment to H. F. 62, providing that minors be excluded from disorderly houses and places of immoral resort. The amendment was to the effect that persons between the ages of 16 and 21 years might be employed in saloons other than dance houses and concert saloons. Messrs. Wilkinson, Grondahl and Underleak were named to represent the house in a conference committee.

BOLD CHICAGO ROBBERY.

Kuh, Nathan & Fischer's Messenger Fatally Beaten.

Chicago, April 2.—A daring robbery was committed in the business district today. A messenger employed by the wholesale woolen firm of Kuh, Nathan & Fischer, was robbed of $3500 after being beaten into insensibility by two men, one of whom had been sent with the boy to protect him and the firm's money. Detectives are searching for the robbers. The messenger is in the hospital at the point of death. He is Chris Schultz, a 17-year-old lad, who was the trusted messenger of the firm.

One of the robbers was Edward Wilson, employed by the firm as a teamster. The other assailant is not known. Both Schultz and Wilson have been in the employ of Kuh, Nathan & Fischer for several years and were always sent to the bank together, sometimes with thousands of dollars at a time.

Schultz and Wilson were sent to the Metropolitan National bank to collect $3500. Taking a light delivery wagon the two drove to the bank, where Schultz procured the money, which he put in a small satchel. The two then started back. In front of the Rock Island depot at Pacific avenue and Van Buren street a stranger called to Wilson, and after a few words of greeting got into the covered wagon, taking a position directly behind Schultz, who was on the seat with Wilson.

Suddenly he was struck a blow on the head. Before he could cry out he was struck a second and a third time, and he fell back unconscious in the wagon. The two men then tied his wrists and feet, placed a gag in his mouth and tied a gunny sack over his head. They then drove rapidly to One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street, where they stopped, and taking the satchel containing the money, disappeared. It was over an hour afterwards that some inquisitive person discovered the unconscious boy in the wagon.

THEY MUST AGREE.

Or Minnesota Will Get No Federal Patronage.

Washington, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The members of the Minnesota delegation will meet in caucus again tomorrow and endeavor to reach some agreement upon the men to be urged for federal appointments. Nearly all the important places at Washington have already been filled, and it is now recognized by the members that unless come agreement is soon reached on these matters, Minnesota will practically get nothing, outside of purely local federal appointments.

Through the failure of the delegation to get together Merriam, Hubbard, Hunt, Paul and Bixby were turned down, and about the only candidate who has any show is ex-Congressman Kiefer, who wants to become commissioner of immigration. Unless his candidacy is endorsed by the delegation tomorrow, however, he is not likely to be appointed.

BROTHERS HANGED.

Two Young Murderers Executed In Louisiana.

Lafayette, La., April 2.—The Blanc brothers were executed here at 2:11 p. m., in the presence of 3000 spectators. There was much interest manifested, but no disorder.

Alexis and Ernest Blanc murdered Simon Begnaud, a merchant at Scott, La., about a year ago. The boys were both under 20 years of age. They were born and reared in France, near Paris, and were well educated. They became tramps and determined to imitate Jesse James, get a fortune and return to Paris.

The robbery of Begnaud was decided upon. They got into Begnaud's store, when he was alone, before retiring. They forced him to open his safe; bound and gagged him; got the key of his money drawer from him and obtained about $500. Then they forced him to sit on his bed, and while helplessly pinioned, stabbed him to death. The boys spent several weeks in New Orleans and made a tour of Europe. After squandering their money they returned and were arrested. They made a full confession.

SEVERAL DROWNED.

River Steamboat Carries a Number to Death.

Atlanta, Ga., April 2.—A special to the Journal from Columbia, Ala., says: The steamer J. F. C. Griggs, of the Independent line, sank in the Chattahooche river at midnight last night, near that point. Five passengers are reported lost. The accident was caused by a big log striking the hull of the steamer. An effort to drive the boat ashore failed, the water coming in so rapidly through the hole that she sank in a few moments.

The list of the drowned is not yet complete. Engineer Waterberry, three negro boat hands and a lady passenger are said to have perished. Randolph Russell was on the boat but escaped by swimming ashore.

INCREASED THE WAGES.

Ironwood, Mich., April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Metropolitan Iron and Land company has announced an increase of 10 per cent in the wage scale in its mines here. The increase affects 1000 men employed in the Norrie and Pabst mines.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Burgundia, Marseilles.

London, April 2.—Arrived: Manitoba, New York.

HOMELESS

One Thousand Families of St. Paul and Minneapolis Evicted By Floods.

Two Hundred Houses at West St. Paul Covered By the Mississippi.

Immense Damages In the Twin Cities—The Floods Elsewhere.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Mississippi river here has reached a stage of sixteen feet and it is still rising slowly. This is the highest point reached since the great flood of 1881. The residents of the flats have had ample warning to save themselves and their property. Between Minneapolis and St. Paul, 1000 families have been made homeless by the flood. They lived on the flats along the riverside and in the lowlands of West St. Paul.

The families that lived to the left of the interurban bridge at Minneapolis have been driven out and a vast body of water rushes over the spot where their homes used to be. It has swept away many houses. On the West Side the water is encroaching on the Robert street bridge. Only two streets in the flats are free from water, and there only for three squares. The water is coming up and is gradually submerging all the lowlands. Already 200 homes over there are under water, and more disappear with each succeeding hour.

Suddenly he was struck a blow on the head. Before he could cry out he was struck a second and a third time, and he fell back unconscious in the wagon. The two men then tied his wrists and feet, placed a gag in his mouth and tied a gunny sack over his head. They then drove rapidly to One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street, where they stopped, and taking the satchel containing the money, disappeared. It was over an hour afterwards that some inquisitive person discovered the unconscious boy in the wagon.

By a sudden rise of the river at South St. Paul last night, 150 sheep were drowned. There were 80,000 sheep in the pens at that point, which are being removed to other yards. Millions of feet of lumber got away from the boom companies to the north and floated over St. Anthony falls. The Mississippi and Rum River Boom company estimates its loss at $60,000.

RISING AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Houses Inundated and Many Logs Swept Away.

Minneapolis, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Mississippi is still rising slowly, but the situation here is not serious, except to the logging companies and the flat dwellers. A great many logs have gone over the falls and will be largely a loss to the lumbermen. A committee has been sent down the rive to arrange for catching as many as possible at the West Newton booms and some salvage will result. The new power dam of the St. Anthony Falls Power company has suffered some damage from ice, but how much cannot be ascertained until the subsidence of the water. A section of stone coping has been carried away.

Squatters on the West Side flats are in a critical condition. A score of families have been evicted by the flood. A strong current sets through the little settlement and in some of the houses the floors are twelve inches under water. No such flood has been experienced by the flatters in years. Storage for their scanty goods is easily found and they are being housed by their neighbors.

SOUTH ST. PAUL.

Stockyards Plant Is In Great Danger There.

Minneapolis, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—At the South St. Paul stockyards the flood situation is most serious. Forty thousand sheep have been moved from the feeding barns to higher grounds. The water has put out the fires under the boiler rooms of the packing houses and the levee is threatened. If this goes it is feared the whole extensive plant may be undermined and, perhaps, swept away. The locomotives which have been at work hauling away stored products have been forced by the deep water to give up the attempt.

DEATH NEAR ST. PAUL.

Swept Off the Bridge at South St. Paul.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The water is still rising here today, the early reports showing 24 feet above the danger line. The property loss will not be so very heavy, although being terrible for the residents of the flats, who suffer the most.

Mr. Huddlesin, of Prescott, was drowned this morning while attempting to cross the South St. Paul belt line bridge. No teams have been allowed to cross the bridge since yesterday, as the approach on the west side is covered with several feet of water. Although Huddlesin was duly warned of the danger, he insisted upon crossing on horseback, leaving his load on the west side. The horse and rider were swept off into deep water. The man went down and his body has not yet been recovered. Every effort was made to rescue him, but he was not seen after being swept off his horse. The horse was able to swim ashore as soon as his rider was gone.

NEWS FROM ANOKA.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The

(Continued on Page Three)

SATURDAY AT THE BIG STORE!

Warranted 5 Years

250 sets of Sugar Spoons and Butter Knives, extra heavy plate, 2 in a box—

For Saturday 49c.

It Pays to Trade Here.....

GRAND SEMI-ANNUAL SALE OF PATENT MEDICINES!

This combined with the wonderful Bargains offered on our Bargain Counters No. 1 and 2 and the magnificent offerings from our Cloak department, will make the Big Store look as if it was the day before Christmas. Come and see if we are good guessers.

Prices Radically Reduced, Every item a Genuine money-saver.

OUR DRUG DEPT.

Paine's Celery Compound	69c
Dr. Greene's Nervura	75c
Piso's Cure	18c
Listerine	67c
Dr. Cushing's Sarsaparilla	49c
Hospital Tonic	17c
Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription	71c
Pond's Extract $1.00 size	73c
Dr. Hood's Beef, Iron and Wine	49c
Peruna	68c
Garfield Tea	17c
Sozodont	53c
Alcock's Porous Plasters	11c
Cuticura Salve	39c
Ed. Pinaud's Quinine Tonique, large	74c
Oriental Tooth Paste	35c

3-quart Fountain Syringe, with hard rubber fittings, guaranteed in every respect, our best..... 69c

On Bargain Counter No. 3.

Kennedy's Medical Discovery	$1.07
Indian Sagwa	71c
Castoria	24c
Syrup of Figs	35c
Witch Hazel	19c
Ammonia	6c
Borax	8c
Epsom Salts	7c
Cuticura Soap	15c
Packer's Tar Soap	17c
Woodbury's Facial Soap	18c
Cashmere Bouquet Soap	13c
Wool Soap	7c
Moss Rose Soap (4 cakes) for	5c
Carter's Little Liver Pills	14c
Petroleum Jelly	4c

Where in Duluth do you get such as these? Nowhere but at Panton & White's.

Many of these prices are at wholesale; take advantage of them.

For Saturday.....

100 pieces Fancy Neck Ruchings formerly sold at 24c, 32c, 40c, 48c, 56c and 64c—pick of the lot on a table in front of our Lace department, Saturday—per yard..... **5 cents**

Handkerchiefs.

More and Better Handkerchief Bargains on Bargain Counter No. 1 than ever offered before.

Lot 1, worth 25c—Saturday..... 10c

Lot 2, worth 35c—Saturday..... 15c

Lot 3, worth 50c—Saturday..... 25c

A BIG LOT Of White and Colored Handkerchiefs—Six for..... 25c

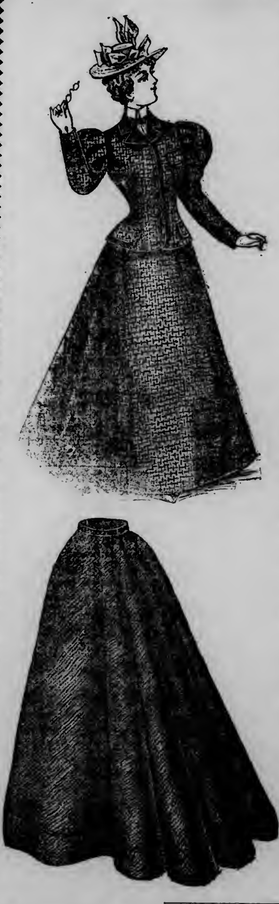
Wash Goods.

BARGAIN COUNTER No. 2.

3000 yards American Shirting Prints—

2500 yards Apron Check Ginghams—

All you want as long as they last at..... 3 3/4 C



Suits, Skirts and Waists.

AT $5.00—Ladies' English Walking Suits, very stylish, copies from regular $15.00 patterns, fit just as well, skirt lined with fine lining, Saturday's sale price ... $5.00

AT $7.00—Ladies' fine Serge Suits, made with box coat, fly front, lined throughout with silk, perfect hanging Skirt, nicely lined and bound with velveteen, sold everywhere at $12.50, Saturday's sale price..... $7.00

AT $8 75—Ladies' handsome Cheviot Suits, Jackets lined with silk, Skirts with percaline, a fine, perfect fitting suit in all styles, worth $14 50, Saturday's sale price $8.75

Great Skirt Values.

Just received a new, fresh lot of those fine, black figured Dress Skirts, worth up to $3.25, Saturday's sale price $1.98

25 beautiful black and white check Skirts, worth up to $4.00, Saturday's sale price $2.98

15 Brocaded Silk Skirts, all new, very stylish, worth up to $9.50, Saturday's sale price..... $6.98

Great Shirt Waist Values.

25 dozen Ladies' Shirt Waists, made of Lawns and Dimities, worth up to $1.00, Saturday's sale price ... 48c

25 dozen Ladies' Shirt Waists of Lawn, Dimities and Percales, all new, perfect fitting, worth up to $1.25, this lot will be sold Saturday at, each 69c

Muslin Underwear Values.

Gown of fine Muslin, Empire style, very neatly trimmed, worth up to $1.25, Saturday's great sale price..... 69c

Skirts of Fine Muslin, elaborately trimmed, worth up to $1.25, all go Saturday at..... 89c

Skirts of fine Muslin, trimmed with fine embroidery, worth $1.75, Saturday's sale..... $1.49

Ladies' high neck Muslin Corset Covers, worth 15c, Saturday's sale price..... 9c

Ladies' Fine Cambric Drawers, umbrella style, worth 50c, Saturday's sale price 29c

THIS STORE REMAINS OPEN UNTIL 10 P. M. SATURDAY.

Panton & White

DEFECTIVE PAGE

STRANGE

English Government Newspapers Continue to Denounce Foreign Policy.

Concert of the Powers Held Up to Ridicule and Contempt.

American Men of War Are Openly Invited to Force Blockade.

New York, April 2.—A special to the World from London, says: The most significant feature of the Cretan situation, at least so far as Great Britain is concerned, is the continued license the London Times gives to its special correspondents, both at Athens and on the frontier, to denounce the policy of the concert of Europe.

Government organ though the Times is, it gives its most conspicuous place to such expressions from its Athens correspondent as these: "The concert of Europe is rapidly falling into contempt. The pillaging of the property of the Christians (in Crete) apparently goes on unchecked, and bands of Bashi Bazouks continue to make predatory excursions. The exasperation among the insurgents is increasing and the powers are now regarded by them as allies of the Turks.

"Six or eight weeks ago a force of marines from the fleet might have traversed the island without molestation, but that is not the case now. Letters from Crete state that the insurgents have come to regard the European troops with the same hatred as the Turks, and it is certain that so long as the Turkish army remains the feeling will increase." The correspondent practically urges that the only reasonable solution of the question is, after all, a mandate to Greece to restore order.

The London Chronicle, discussing the proposed blockade of Athens goes on so far this morning as to say: "The powers, including England, have made war inevitable. In war Greece must take her chances. She will face fate as bravely and as honorably as she has faced the bullying of Europe and the blackguardism of the chancellors; but the people of England must, at least for shame sake, see that she is handicapped by no blockade.

The Spectator and the Chronicle openly invite American ships at least, to dare the admirals, since no blockade is legal unless war is actually declared.

TRAFFIC CONFERENCE.

Oregon Short Line and Union Pacific Meet.

Cheyenne, Wyo., April 2.—An important conference of Oregon Short Line and Union Pacific general officers was held here last night to consider and discuss the traffic and passenger alliance between the lines which it has been expected would be effected ever since the segregation. The Oregon Short Line party composed of General Manager W. H. Bancroft, General Attorney P. L. Williams, General Passenger Agent D. E. Burley, General Traffic Manager W. E. Glees and Auditor F. W. Hills. In the Union Pacific party were General Manager E. Dickinson, General Solicitor W. R. Kelly, General Passenger Agent E. L. Lomax, Traffic Manager Wood and Auditor Erastus Young. In answer to inquiries, Mr. Bancroft said that general plans for perfecting a traffic arrangement had been agreed upon, and the two lines would maintain very close and harmonious relations. General Manager Dickinson said the meeting was merely a preliminary conference to discuss matters of mutual interest in relation to the freight and passenger service of the two lines. From another member of the party it was learned that a close traffic agreement had been reached which practically makes the two lines one trans-continental system, so far as business is concerned. Another conference will be held in Salt Lake in about two weeks.

A KENTUCKY KILLING.

Louisville, Ky., April 2.—A special from Lexington, Ky., says: News has been received here from Hedden, Leslie county, of a tragedy that took place there last Tuesday. Tom Oglethorpe a prosperous farmer accused his wife of having been intimate with Henry Schneider, a farm hand. They quarreled, and Oglethorpe's wife left him. Oglethorpe then went to Schneider and shot him through the heart with a Winchester rifle, after which he turned the weapon toward his own head and killed himself. He was about 33 years old and had no children.

SOUTHERN BICYCLE CIRCUIT.

Memphis, Tenn., April 2.—The Southern bicycle circuit opens tonight at the Coliseum. There are over twenty professional riders on hand. Tonight and tomorrow night the riders will be in Memphis. After that they leave immediately for Nashville, where two more nights' racing will be had, and then Chattanooga. Atlanta and Montgomery will in turn be visited. Leaving Montgomery after racing April 15 and 16, the circuit riders will return to Memphis and begin the second round of the circuit. This plan will be continuously followed until the close of the season in November.

A COMPULSORY ACTION.

St. Paul, April 2.—The Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company filed its list of unused lands with the state auditor yesterday. In filing the list the company expresses sentiments similar to those of the St. Paul & Duluth, giving notice that it does not thereby concede that any of said lands are taxable, or liable to taxation, under the laws of the state of Minnesota; on the contrary, it denies that any of the lands are liable to assessment or taxation.

AUSTRIAN CABINET CRISIS.

Vienna, April 2.—The Nue Freie Presse says that the cabinet has resigned owing to its failure to negotiate with the progress in the groups, with the object of forming a coalition majority. It is said that Count Badenie, the president of the counsel of ministers and minister of the interior, will be entrusted with the task of reconstructing the cabinet.



Health is the best inheritance. It leaves its influence even to the third and fourth generation. What greater happiness has life in store for any man than to live to a green old age surrounded by his children and his children's children, and see them all robust, happy and successful. Happy the man who lives to carve at the wedding suppers of his grandchildren. Picture yourself a gray-haired but hearty old man at the head of the table at your grandson's wedding, thanking your Maker for the blessing of long life, and asking the blessing of good health for generations yet unborn. It lies in almost every man's power to be thus blessed if he will. If he will only obey Nature's laws and be watchful of his health, he will have long life and happiness.

The best preserver of health is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It keeps the digestion perfect, the liver active, and the blood pure. It is the best flesh-builder and nerve invigorator. The man who resorts to it whenever he feels any symptoms of approaching ill-health will live to a hearty old age. Druggists sell it. Nothing else is "just as good."

J. B. Holt, of Whittens Staud, Wayne Co., Tenn., writes: "In October, 1880, I was taken with a hurting in the back of my neck which steadily grew worse. I consulted a doctor. He gave me a course of treatment but I gradually grew worse under it. At last my trouble ran into what was called 'spinal affection.' I could hardly walk about at all. Finally I became as helpless as a child. I wrote you at Buffalo, N. Y., in regard to my condition and you answered me promptly and prescribed Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took the 'Discovery' and soon got well. My health continues good."

Druggists sell Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They cure constipation. They cure quickly and permanently and never gripe. One is a gentle laxative; two a mild cathartic.

A BABY BOY.

Lord Sholto Douglas Is a Happy Papa.

San Francisco, April 2.—The marquis of Queensbury has a Western grandson and Lord Sholto has a son and heir. The little stranger came yesterday afternoon to Lord and Lady Sholto Douglas in Vancouver, and last night Mrs. Mooney, the mother of Lady Douglas, received a telegram from the happy father. It will be two years next May since the youngest son of the marquis of Queensbury married the attractive little song and dance artist, Lotta Addis. At first the family of the young nobleman were displeased with his selection of a bride, but they are now perfectly satisfied to have her a member of the family.

As soon as the child is old enough to travel Lord Sholto expects to take his son and wife on a vist to his native land. Vancouver will be the future home of Lord and Lady Sholto Douglas. Before going North his lordship took a course of business instruction in Oakland college to fit himself for the task of looking after his father's interests in the western part of British Columbia.

POWDER MILL EXPLODES.

No Lives Lost and Only One Person Hurt.

Shamokin, Pa., April 2.—All the buildings of the Shamokin Powder company were completely wrecked by a terrific explosion which occurred in the mill of the company at an early hour this morning. Fortunately there were no lives lost, all of the workmen having gone to their homes. The dwellings of David Hann, Emanuel Klinger and Daniel Osman, together with the outbuildings and barns, were badly damaged. The powder mill is located about five miles from this city, but the force of the explosion shook nearly every building, and many persons rushed from their houses to ascertain the cause of the shock.

The only person injured was Mrs. Hann, who was badly hurt about the face and body. The damaged residences are located about half a mile from the scene of the explosion. Mr. and Mrs. Hann and Mrs. Klinger were buried in their beds beneath the debris and boulders weighing 200 pounds that were hurled through the sides of the dwellings. The loss will amount to nearly $50,000.

FOREIGN BICYCLE LAWS.

Washington, April 2.—A compendium of great value to cyclists who contemplate a tour of Europe awheel, as well as to those who are seeking to extend the privileges now accorded by municipalities and railways to wheelmen, is to be found in a special report to the state department by United States Consul Chancellor at Havre. Anticipating many inquiries he has caused to be prepared a complete statement of the considerations imposed on a foreign cycle brought into the different European countries, giving the duties, rules of the road, local regulations and other valuable information.

CHINA WANTS RAILS.

Washington, April 2.—United States Consul Reed at Tien Tsin has supplied the state department with a call issued by the imperial railways of North China for 10,200 tons of railroad rails with suitable quantities of plates, bolts and spikes. The consul says the only chance American manufacturers have to bid is by telegraph through some resident firms whom he names in his report.

A TURKISH PROPOSAL.

Constantinople, April 2.—The fighting between the Christians and Mussulmans which is reported from the island of Crete, is creating a very bad impression here, and it is believed that the Turkish government will soon propose to the powers that Turkey herself be permitted to take action against the insurgents.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

DERBY

California's Initial Race For Three-Year-Olds Transpires Tomorrow.

Ten Well Known Horses to Start In the Big Event.

Purse Worth $5000 to the Winner---Martin Up on the Favorite.

San Francisco, April 2.—The first California derby, a sweepstakes for 3-year-olds, at one mile and a quarter is to be decided at Ingleside tomorrow. The derby this year will be worth $5000 to the winner, but as the event is destined to be the classic stake in the history of the California turf, the relative value will probably be increased each succeeding year.

The best 3-year-olds in training on the coast will sport silk on this occasion and a great contest for supremacy is expected, when the barrier is raised on Saturday. From present indications the field will be equally divided between Eastern and California bred colts and fillies, and as the California lot has recently displayed superior ability in going the route, it seems reasonable to conjecture a victory for one of the California entries

Howard S will doubtless go to the post a favorite, as he has on many occasions done, and those who will oppose him on Saturday, with one or two exceptions, Scarf-pin and Candelaria, owned respectively by Ed Purser and Burns, and Waterhouse, are considered his most dangerous competitors, and the latter two will be put a notch behind him in the betting. Howard S was recently sold for $6000 and has received preparation to fit him for the race of his life. Following is a list of the probable starters, jockeys and weights:

Horse.	Jockey.	Weight.
Thomax	Hennessey	122
Candelaria	Thorpe	122
Good Times	C. Sloan	122
Howard S.	H. Martin	122
Joe Ulman	W. Martin	—
Lincoln II	Shields	—
Lumina or Lone Star		117
Scarborough	Coady	122
Scarfpin	T. Sloane	117
The Roman or Vinceto	Webber	122

POSTOFFICE PROBLEM.

Family Continuation In Office to Be Investigated.

Washington, April 2.—A case that will afford a precedent for action by the present administration is the postoffice situation in Butts county, Georgia, where W. E. Harp has been appointed postmaster at that place by President Cleveland April 18, 1893, and he resigned Dec. 18 last, when his daughter was appointed to succeed him.

There are a large number of postoffices where it is claimed the postmaster resigned before his term expired on the evening of a change of administration in order to keep the office in the family or the same political faith, the idea being to gain a new tenure of four years in office. Over two score of these cases have already come up for consideration. The department proposed where there were two appointments under the previous administration, and the last one was made with a view to continuing tenure of office in the family or party, the case will be decided upon its merits.

IT CAN'T BE DONE.

No One Can Remain Well, No Chronic Disease Can Be Cured Unless the Stomach is First Made Strong and Vigorous.

This is plain because every organ in the body depends on the stomach for its nourishment. Nerve, bone, sinew, blood are made from the food which the stomach converts to our use.

How useless to treat diseases with this, that and the other remedy and neglect the most important of all, the stomach.

The earliest symptoms of indigestion are sour risings, bad taste in the mouth, gas in stomach and bowels, palpitation, all-gone feeling, faintness, headaches constipation; later comes loss of flesh, consumption, liver and heart troubles, kidney diseases, nervous prostration, all of which are the direct result of poor nutrition.

Any person suffering from indigestion should make it a practice to take after each meal one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, allowing it to dissolve in the mouth and thus mingle with the saliva and enter the stomach in the most natural way. These tablets are highly recommended by Dr. Jennison, because they are composed of the natural digestive acids and fruit essences which assist the stomach in digesting all wholesome food before it has time to ferment and sour.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists, full-sized packages at 50 cents. They are also excellent for invalids and children. A book on stomach diseases and thousands of testimonials of genuine cures sent free by addressing Stuart company, Marshall, Mich.

AUSTRIAN COUNT IN JAIL.

New Carlisle, Ind., April 2.—Frank Von Berg, an Austrian count, and a captain in the Austrian army, has been received at the northern prison to serve two years for obtaining goods under false pretenses. Von Berg came to this country on furlough and was shortly to have married into a prominent Indiana family. He located in Indianapolis, where he filled up elaborate office quarters at an outlay of $2000. He was arrested and convicted of obtaining goods under false pretenses. Von Berg will communicate with the Austrian government and an effort will be made to secure his pardon.

The standard cure for cold and cough, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, should be kept by every mother who loves her darlings.

Sickness Followed Exposure.

The Dangers Experienced in These Days of Civilization, From Inclement Weather.

The Indian Ignored the Elements.

How the Indian's Health and Long Life, May be Possessed by the White Man, Regardless of Climate.

A sudden change in temperature, a drenching, a forced exposure to extreme cold or to extreme heat, is apt to break down a system already weakened and about to succumb to disease, so that a severe, if not a fatal illness, may be quickly developed. By all who are suffering from a deranged condition of the liver the kidneys and the stomach, or from impurities of the blood, the greatest care should be exercised as to such exposure, or what is better care should be taken to make these organs well. It is in your power to do this. Do as the Indian did. Rely on Nature's own remedies. Keep the great life centres of the body well and the blood pure, and like the Indian you will be able to stand weather that is hot or cold, wet or dry. Mr. John H. Arms of 1131 Bryant Ave., Minneapolis, Minn., writes to the Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co. as follows:—"Last week I was caught out in a shower and thoroughly wet. As I reached home I was seized with a very disagreeable dizzy sensation I tried Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, according to directions. Before I had taken a bottle I was again a well man, and feel that it saved me from a fit of sickness. We have used these remedies in our house ever since, and I cannot commend them too highly. My wife was in very poor health after suffering from the grip. Sagwa dispelled the disagreeable effects of this dangerous disease. She is now enjoying her usual good health." If others would not wait until at the first premonition of disease, not only would continued good health be theirs, but they could enjoy the long life which has made the Indian famous. Kickapoo Indian Sagwa can be bought at all druggists for $1 a bottle, as can all the other remedies, at prices equally reasonable. These medicines are harmless, although powerful in their effect, as they contain no poisonous ingredient of any description



TWO HUNDRED YEARS.

New York's Trinity Church Will Have a Bicentennial.

New York, April 2.—Trinity church, full of years and ecclesiastical honors, will soon celebrate with great ceremony the bicentenary of its existence. Trinity's two hundredth birthday, the anniversary of the issuance of its charter by William III of England, in 1697, falls upon May 6—Thursday. It will be dignified by an eight days' festival, beginning on Sunday, May 2, and ending on Sunday, May 9. The ceremonies of each of the eight days included in the festival period will be unique, imposing and beautiful.

The principal services of the festival will be held on Wednesday, May 5. The morning service will begin at 11 o'clock and Bishop Potter, of the New York diocese, will deliver the salutatory address to some 200 guests who have been specially invited, among them the judges of the United States court and presidents of the great colleges and universities of the country.

STEAMER SINKS.

Narrow Escape of the Crew at Chicago.

Chicago, April 2.—The small double-decked steamer Josie Davidson foundered late last night near the government pier and her crew, comprising three men, had a narrow escape from drowning. The steamer is used for carrying provisions to the crib in Lake Michigan, off the foot of Sixty-eighth street. When about two miles from shore the vessel sprang a leak and began to settle. Two of the men seized buckets and with these attempted to keep the vessel above water until the life saving crew, summoned by the third member of the crew, could arrive. They were barely successful as the steamer went to the bottom just as they were taken off.

GRANT MONUMENT.

Already There Is Great Pressure For Tickets.

New York, April 2.—The preparations for the Grant memorial ceremonies make rapid progress. Frank Damrosch says that the musical part of the program at the tomb will occupy about twenty minutes. He wants to have a chorus of 2000 voices, but thus far provision has been made for only 1000. He hopes to have the Marine band come here from Washington. If it will not come, he will get up a band of 100 pieces.

The pressure for tickets on the stands is tremendous. There are 2400 subscribers to the Grant monument fund, who contributed $500 or more. Tickets will be given to each of these and to members of their families. Governors Drake, of Iowa, and Adams, of Colorado, have sent regrets, but Governor Atkinson, of West Virginia, about whose attendance there was some doubt, sends word that he and his staff will be in line. President Diaz, of Mexico, sent his regrets.

BURLINGTON APPOINTMENTS.

St. Louis, April 2.—C. L. Grieve, formerly city passenger agent at St. Louis has been appointed assistant general passenger agent of the Missouri lines of the Burlington railroad, with headquarters at St. Louis. J. G. Delphanne has been appointed city passenger agent of the Burlington at St. Louis, succeeding Mr. Grieve.

A SPANISH RUMOR.

Madrid, April 2.—News was circulated in the chamber of deputies today to the effect that Gen. Maximo Gomez, the commander-in-chief of the Cuban army, is suing for peace.

Have The Herald in your homes; 45 cents a month.

WASHED HIS STOMACH.

An Interesting Medical Event Seen In Chicago.

Chicago, April 2.—With a little machine, which looks like an eggbeater, Dr. Fenton B. Turik has performed the feat of laundering the inside of a man's stomach at the post graduate medical school, and by means of the Roetgen ray he at the same time viewed the internal apartment where his little device was at work. The operation marks an era of progress in the medical world, as the experiment was the first of its kind made in full view of the operator.

One of the largest and most complete Roetgen ray outfits ever produced was furnished to the college for the experiment. Attached to the end of Dr. Turik's instrument, which is called a gyromele, or revolving sounder, was a flexible cable of spiral steel wire, at one end of which was a small sponge. The cable was inclosed in a rubber tube, and this, with the sponge, was swallowed by the patient. The latter, who was stripped to the waist, then stepped before the Roetgen light, the doctor put the fluoroscope to his eyes and an attendant turned the handle of the gyromele. The cable revolved as fast or as slow as was desired, and the sponge at the further end proceeded to its work of scouring the inner walls of the patient's stomach, while the doctor, through the fluoroscope, viewed the work by locating the metallic cable by means of the X-rays.

By pushing or pulling on the cable the various positions of the inner walls of the stomach were operated upon, and the matter which was gathered in the sponge was then removed for microscopic examination. No nausea or other discomfort was felt by the patient, though he stood before the rays for over an hour, while the doctors in attendance, the nurses, the operator of the X-ray outfit and a newspaper man examined the interior. At the close of the ordeal he was offended that no one of the party would gratify his curiosity to see the operation by temporarily taking his place as patient and swallowing the sponge and tube, despite his assertions that it had not hurt him.

The Roentgen ray outfit used in the operation is capable of throwing a fourteen-inch spark of great density and illuminating a very large Crooke's tube. By its means it was not only possible to see the ribs and back bone of the patient, but view the vibrations of the heart and to outline the liver and kidneys. Dr. Turik is enthusiastic over the success of the experiment.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The result of the meeting of the Democratic and Populistic central committees at Fargo was to consolidate the opposition to the Republicanism. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the recent legislature for passing the anti-fusion law and a committee was appointed to prepare an address to and outline a platform and party in which the opposition to Republicanism will be united. The committee will probably not report for some months.

Engebret Statte committed suicide Wednesday night in an elevator at Aneta. The rope which he used was so long that he was almost in a sitting position.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

As near as can be learned about thirty bridges have been swept away by the high water near Vermillion. The loss is estimated at $15,000. No iron bridges were taken out. There is scarcely a wood bridge left in the county. The county bridge fund is pretty low and only those bridges that are absolutely necessary for traffic will be rebuilt this spring.

An estimate made by one of the largest hog raisers at Vermillion places the loss of hogs by cholera at two-thirds the number that started in last fall for winter feeding. The estimate may seem a little high, but it is safe to say that 50 per cent at least have died. This farmer has remarkably good luck in raising hogs for market. He attributes his success to careful attention to their food. He has brought through several thousand head of heavyweights this winter without the loss of a single head through cholera. Every spring the pens are thoroughly renovated and disinfected which destroys any possible germ which might be carried through the summer to the fall months, invariably the disease originates in a herd through lack of proper care.

J. H. Flynn, mining editor for the Deadwood Times, fell from the steps of his house yesterday morning and met with instant death, his neck having been broken by the fall. Mr. Flynn has been connected with the Black Hills newspaper for a number of years and was a popular man, especially with the mining people. He leaves a wife and two children.

THE PHILIPPINE TROUBLES.

Madrid, April 2.—The queen regent was attending a concert yesterday when a telegram was handed her announcing the victories of the Spanish troops in the Philippine islands. Her majesty caused the dispatch to be read from the stage which aroused the greatest enthusiasm. The orchestra played the national anthem and other patriotic airs. Additional advices from Manilla say that the Spaniards have inflicted another defeat on the insurgents, killing 200 of the enemy.

INDIAN TERRITORY FIGHT.

Ardmore, Okla., April 2.—From persons just in from Baravia it is learned that a posse of Indian territory deputy marshals, headed by Deputy McLamore met a band of outlaws near that place and a desperate fight ensued. Particulars are meager. The desperadoes are seven in number and three of them are known to have been wounded in the engagement. None of the officers were injured. The gang is known as the Morris band of outlaws.

FATAL COLLIERY EXPLOSION.

Breslau, April 2.—Six persons, including the owner and chief chemist of the mine, were killed yesterday in a fire damp explosion at the Borrig colliery, near Zabriz. The mine is still burning.

Not everyone can go South for March, but almost everybody can spend a dollar or two for Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil. If you have got a lingering cough or are run down; are weak and exhausted by reason of the Grippe, ask your doctor if Scott's Emulsion isn't just what you need in the emergency. The combined virtues of the Cod-liver Oil, the Hypophosphites and Glycerine as prepared in Scott's Emulsion will give you flesh and strength rapidly and help you back to health.



should have the place of honor on your dining-room Table, being a rich and most delicious beverage, an appetizer par excellence, and a sure health sustainer. Is perfect as a Malt Extract, and strictly a Non-Intoxicant. All druggists.

Val Blatz Brewing Co.
Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
To Whom it May Concern:

Notice is hereby given, that in the matter of the application of the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation to reassess to the extent of benefits actually accruing against the property benefited thereby, the cost of the following local improvement, to-wit, for grading, gravelling and carrying off storm water on Short Line Park road from the gravel pit in the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), of section four (4), township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, to Short Line Park, running from said gravel pit northwesterly through the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), the northeast quarter (ne ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw ¼), the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼). the southwest quarter (sw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), and the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), of section four (4), and the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the northeast quarter (ne ¼), of section five (5), to said Short Line Park,

A report has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, by G. J. Mallory, W. W. Sanford and D. W. Scott, appraisers duly appointed in the above proceedings by the district court above entitled that in and by said report said appraisers do make their assessments against each piece and parcel of land deemed by them to be benefited by reason of the above mentioned improvement, the original assessment made by the board of public works of said city to defray the cost of said improvement having been heretofore by said court declared wholly invalid and by the judgment of said court wholly set aside.

That said report so made by said appraisers was filed in the office of the clerk of the district court aforesaid on the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1897.

Notice is hereby further given, that at a special term of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, to be held at the court house, in said city of Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1897, the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation aforesaid, at the opening of said court at the hour of 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said date or as soon there after as counsel can be heard will apply to said district court for an order of said court confirming said assessments so made by said appraisers.

The pieces and parcels of land affected by said assessments so made by said appraisers as aforesaid, are situate in the city of Duluth in sections four (4) and five (5), of township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, and are more particularly described and the amount of the assessment against each piece and parcel thereof is as set after and opposite to each description as follows, to-wit:

Name of Supposed Owner.	Description.	Amount.
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4	$ 41 00
New Duluth Land company,	northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4	60 00
New Duluth Land company,	southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4	36 00
New Duluth Land company,	northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4	79 00
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 4	41 00
Willis H. Feller and Charlotte E. Thompson,	northwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	79 00
Isaac McMahon,	northwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Grace McMahon,	northeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	41 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5	79 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5	60 00
Estate of Nehemiah Hulett,	northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 5	24 00

All of the above descriptions being in township 48 north, range 15 west.

CITY OF DULUTH,
By J. B. RICHARDS,
City Attorney.

Duluth, Minn., March 23rd, 1897.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 24 to April 5, inclusive.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Fannie S. Janeway, Plaintiff,
vs.
Columbia Investment Company and Frank Crassweller as assignee of the Columbia Investment Company, Insolvent, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the ninth day of October, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the 19th day of April, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in separate parcels, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots two (2) and four (4), of block one hundred thirty-one (131), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota. The above described lands lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated March 3rd, 1897.
WILLIAM C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-5-12-19-26-April-2-9.

SUMMONS.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
The Valentine Blatz Brewing Company, a Corporation, Plaintiff,
Against
Ellen Lund, Defendant.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Duluth, in the said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three hundred dollars ($300) with interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the 4th day of August, 1893, together with plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein.

Dated March 10th, A. D. 1897.
M. H. CROCKER,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
410 Chamber of Commerce,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-12-19-26-April-2-9-16.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Michael Heisler, Plaintiff,
vs.
George S. Broughton and Mina Guernsey, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the tenth day of March, 1897, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Monday, the 26th day of April, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All that part of lots two hundred and sixty (260) and two hundred sixty-two (262), in block twenty (20), in Duluth Proper, Second Division, included within the following described boundaries, to-wit: Commencing at the intersection of the center line of Third street now Garfield avenue with the center line of Railroad alley, thence northwesterly along the center line of said Third street to a point sixty-seven (67) feet distant at right angles, from the center line of said alley, thence northeasterly parallel with Michigan street to a point fifteen (15) feet distant at right angles southwesterly from a line between lots two hundred and fifty-eight (258) and two hundred and sixty (260), in said block twenty (20), thence at right angles southeasterly sixty-three (63) feet more or less to the center of said alley, thence by direct line to the place of beginning.

Dated March 11th, 1897.
WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

J. H. WHITELY,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
412 Providence Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-12-19-26-April-2-9-16.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 23, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m. on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the furnishing and laying of about 11,060 lineal feet of 36-inch cast iron or steel water pipe with appurtenances, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of eight thousand (8000) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 25 10t.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1897, for furnishing and delivering along the line of the waterworks force main in said city from the pumping station at Lakewood to the reservoir at Thirty-fourth avenue east and Fourth street about 85,000 pounds of special castings according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of two hundred (200) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on March 26, 1897, and terminating on March 26, 1898, by M. J. Schultz at No. 520 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

ADVANCED

Wheat Started Out Higher Today But It Ruled Very Dull.

The Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis Small and Cables Unchanged.

An Increase In the Visible Is Not Improbable on Monday.

Wheat opened a shade higher this morning, for the first time in several days, the bulls were able to extract some comfort from the early morning news and better support was given the market. Opening cables were unchanged, notwithstanding a smaller decline here yesterday. Northwest receipts were light, 289 cars, against 438 last week, and crop reports from Missouri and Illinois were very bad. A big increase in Duluth wheat stocks, estimated at 300,000 to 1,000,000 bus, suggested a probability of a visible increase this week and second cables came lower. This caused some selling. It was also reported that Minneapolis would only decrease 200,000 bus. The inference from these figures was that the visible for the week was to show a small decrease, and possibly some increase, as the wheat which has been showing up at Minneapolis and Duluth for the last ten days came mostly from country elevators, according, at least, to what is said by the people here who are handling the most of it. In that case an increase in the visible would lose its significance, because most of the big receipts here are understood to be in preparation for the opening of navigation. Liverpool 3d lower since yesterday for May and July and 1d higher for September: Paris unchanged for May, 10 centimes lower for remote deliveries. Antwerp unchanged and Berlin 2 marks higher.

May wheat opened here 1c higher at 71¾c and ruled very dull. Towards noon it eased off to 71¾c and ruled steady to the close without trading. The close was at 71⅞c bid, being an advance of ⅜c. The mills bought 1,000 bus of cash stuff at the May price, and the elevators took 600 bus at ⅛c under May. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 727⅛c; May, 73⅜c. No. 1 northern, cash, 707⅛c; May, 71⅝c bid; July, 71⅝c; September, 68⅜c. No. 2 northern, 68⅜c. No. 3, 64½@65¼c. Rejected, 63@63½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 725⅛c; No. 1 northern, 707⅛c. Rye, 33c. No. 2 oats, 17½c; No. 3 oats, 17c. Flax, 75c; May, 76c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 106; oats, 1; rye, 4; barley, 6; flax, 26. Receipts—Wheat, 189,594 bus; corn, 612 bus; oats, 1984 bus; rye, 5270 bus; barley, 8679 bus; flax, 13,879 bus. Shipments—Oats, 1596 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, April 2.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 19,000; left over 500. Trade active but early strength lost. Light, $3.95@4.15; mixed, $3.95@4.15; heavy, $3.80@4.17½; rough, $3.80@3.85. Cattle, receipts, 3500. Steady; nothing fancy on sale. Beeves, $3.80@5.20; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.35; Texas steers, $3.25@4.40; stockers and feeders, $3.10@4.15. Sheep, receipts, 6700. Steady to strong. Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 24,266; shipments, 5142. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 3851; shipments, 2082. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 12,429; shipments, 4597. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 12,000.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, April 2.—Closing. Wheat, spot dull; futures steady; April, none; May, 5s 10½d; June, not quoted; July, 5s 10¾d. Maize, spot firm; futures quiet; April, 2s 7¼d; May, 2s 8¼d; July, 2s 10¼d; unchanged.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 2.—Money on call nominally 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange dull with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¼ for demand and at $4.85¾@4.86 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.86¼ and $4.88@4.88½. Commercial bills $4.84¾@4.85. Silver certificates, 5000 ounces at 62⅜c. Bar silver, 62c. Mexican dollars, 48¼c. Government bonds strong. New 5 registered and coupon, $1.23⅜; 5s registered and coupon, $1.14; 2s registered, 96; Pacific 6 of '98, $1.02.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, April 2.—Wheat shade firmer; May, 69½@70c; July, 69¾@70c; February, 66⅝@67c. On track—No. 1 hard, 72¼c; No. 1 northern, 70¼c. Receipts, 185 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 2.—Close, April, none; May, 77¼c; June, 77c; July, 76c; September, 71c.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 2.—Close, wheat, April, 70½c; May, 70¾@71c; July, 70½@71c; September, 68⅝@69c. Corn, April, 24½c; May, 24¾c; July, 25⅝@26c; September, 27¼c. Oats, April, 16⅞c; May, 17⅜c bid; July, 18⅛@17½c bid; September, 18¾c. Pork, April, $8.42; May, $8.17 bid; July, $8.60. Lard, April, $4.22; May, $4.25; July, $4.35 bid; September, $4.45. Ribs, April, $4.02; May, $4.02½@4.05; July, $4.67. Flax, cash, 73¾c; Northwestern, 78c; May, 77½c; July, 76¾c; September, 77½c. Timothy, cash, $2.65; April, $2.65. Rye, cash, 32½c; May, 32c; July, 24½c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 24@3c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of R. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 97 Chamber of Commerce and 97 Board of Trade.

Chicago, April 2.—Duluth stocks of wheat will increase over a million bus this week which may result in an increase in the visible supply. This together with lower cables produced a weak feeling early though trade was dull and transactions unimportant. Later May wheat rallied and closed ⅜c higher than yesterday, while July did not advance. This showed the presence of a considerable short interest for May which was evidently alarmed at the rather brisk cash demand and possibility of further European complications in consequence of the resignation of the Austrian cabinet. A quantity of wheat sold here to go to Kansas City, and Detroit sold wheat to Central Illinois points. The increase in Stocks at Duluth will not stay there long for navigation will soon open and about 4,000,000 are expected to be moved out of there the first two weeks.

A million bus will be afloat before opening of navigation.

Corn and oats weak and lower. The same conditions prevail as on yesterday, but the longs took profits freely.

Provisions heavy on active selling by local traders.

Puts, May wheat, 70½-⅝@70⅝c.
Calls, May wheat, 71⅛@71⅜c.
Curb, May wheat, 71c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½
Atchison	11⅜	11⅝	11⅛	11⅜
Sugar Trust	110⅞	111⅝	110⅜	110⅞
Canada Southern				
C., B & Q	71⅛	72⅜	71⅛	72⅜
St. Paul	73⅝	73⅞	72⅞	73⅝
Chicago Gas	78⅝	79⅛	78¼	78⅝
Del., Lack. & W				
General Electric	32	32½	31½	31¾
Omaha	58⅜	59⅛	58⅜	59
Reading	21⅜	21½	20⅝	21⅛
Louis. & Nash	46	46⅝	45⅞	46⅛
Manhattan	84¾	84¾	83½	84⅜
Missouri Pacific	15½	15⅜	15	15⅜
Tobacco	74	74	74	74
Chicago & N. W	104⅞	108¼	104⅞	105¼
N. P. preferred	36	37	35	36⅜
Rock Island	62⅜	63	61⅜	62¾
Union Pacific	5⅝	5⅞	5⅜	5⅝
Western Union	81⅝	82½	79⅝	80¾
Leather	56⅛	56¾	55¾	55
Lake Shore				

BARGAINS!

Come early and avoid the rush.

Best patent Flour, $2.25 per 100; choice patent, $2.15; good family Flour, $2.00 per 100; strictly pure Buckwheat, 2c per lb.

CHOICE POTATOES. 25c PER BU.

Choice Oatmeal, $1 60 half bbl.; 50 chests choice new Teas, half price, 8c, 12c, 20c, 25c, 35c per lb; 5000 lbs choice Coffees, 12c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 30c per lb; choice California Sugar Cured Hams, 7c per lb; fancy Hams, 10c per lb; dried salt pork and bbl Pork, 5 & 6c per lb; choice Bacon 9c per lb; best Silver Leaf Lard, 5c and 6c per lb; Evaporated Apples 7c; Peaches and Pears, 10c per lb; Prunes, from 5c to 8c per lb; English Currants, 5 to 10c; Raisins, 5 to 8c; choice Dairy butter, 10c to 18c; fancy Creamery, 18c to 20c per lb; endless line of Canned Goods, choice Tomatoes, Corn, Lima Beans, String Beans Peas and other brands, from 75c to 85c per dozen or 4 for 25c; large line of California Peaches, Egg Plums, Green Gages, Apricots, Pears, $1.50 per doz, or 15c per can; 45 bars good Soap for $1.00; 32 bars best Soap for $1.00; Kerosene oil, per 9c gal, in bbl lots; strictly fresh Eggs, 10c per dozen; 25 lbs good Rice for $1.00 or 4c per lb. Gasoline 12c a gallon. Choice Java and Mocha Coffee, 20c lb.

Choice Winter Apples. $1.40 per barrel.

Prices subject to market changes. Mail or dors promptly attended to, send money order or cash for about the amount of bill and save delay. All goods guaranteed, prices and quality.

Dry Goods and Shoes must be closed out regardless of cost. Come and take them at your own price. Will sell the entire stock for 50c on the dollar on actual wholesale cost.

Prompt delivery will be made to all points. Terms, cash.

J. WILKEY,
Wholesale and Retail Department House,
203 & 205 E. Superior St., Duluth, Minn

HOMELESS

(Continued from page 1.)

Herald.)—An Anoka, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Thousands of feet of logs went through on the Mississippi last night and are running fast and thick this morning. The dam just above Champlin's flouring mill, in Hennepin county, went out yesterday, damaging the flumes and other wood work and letting a great deluge of water into the river. Every wagon bridge on Coon creek, in this county, has gone. Trains are delayed and one or two not accounted for. Rum river is not quite so high as two years ago.

GROWING MORE SERIOUS.

Warsaw, Ill., April 2.—Heavy rains have again swollen the Des Moines and Mississippi rivers, threatening further destruction of property. The Fox river, which empties into the Mississippi near here on the Missouri side is out of its banks and the people are fleeing from the bottoms and taking their live stock with them. The vast tracts within the levees are suffering greatly from deep water. The situation is growing more serious hourly.

ABERDEEN ALL AFLOAT.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—An Aberdeen, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: The flood situation has not materially abated, and as rain is faling, the prospect holds no immediate encouragement. The city and country are afloat, and trains cannot possibly run for a week or more. The water has entered the rear annex and sheds of stores on the west side of Main street today, but some relief has been afforded in that respect, and no heavy losses are feared.

CONDITIONS AT CROOKSTON.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Crookston, Minn., special to the Dispatch, says: Railroad traffic and mail trains are at a standstill in all directions owing to washouts. All the Great Northern lines on the Minnesota side of the Red River valley are damaged by serious washouts. The prairie from Beltrami to Glyndon is a vast lake, and there will be considerable loss of stock and grain. The situation north of Crookston is not so serious, it having thawed less. It is snowing here this afternoon. The freeze has caused an abatement of trouble.

A BARNESVILLE WASHOUT.

Barnesville, Minn., April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Five hundred feet of track washed away at Moorhead this morning. Two heavy trains containing Dunkards are detained here in consequence. The Northern Pacific road is totally unusable between Glyndon and Moorhead and its trains are today running over the Great Northern.

LOUISIANA LEVEE BREAKS.

Raceland, La., April 2.—During the night the levee in front of the Lee Blanc property, four miles below Lockport, on the left bank of Bayou, Lafourche, gave way, and is now 100 feet in width. The strain all along the bayou has been relaxed to a great extent by this crevasse. The fall here has been one foot since its occurrence.

WEST FARGO FLOODED.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Fargo, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: The indications now are that the water will reach its highest point by midnight and that will be very near the point reached by the flood of 1826. More damage is being caused by the big coulee west of town, which is dammed up by the Northern Pacific tracks, than by the river. The water from the coulee has flooded over the entire west part of the town and this afternoon had reached Ninth street going east. A large force of men are at work to open another culvert which will reduce the water three feet.

SITUATION AT HURON.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Huron, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: Flood conditions are unchanged this morning. A heavy rain fell during the night and the river is still rising. Fears are entertained for the safety of the Great Northern railway bridge. No attempt is being made to move trains on the west and north lines of the Chicago & Northwest road. Roadmaster Burke says the conditions north and west are much more serious than at first supposed and miles of new roadbed and numerous bridges must be built. The south and east lines are only slightly interrupted.

ST. LOUIS TAILORS' STRIKE.

St. Louis, April 2.—Five hundred employes of clothing manufacturers in St. Louis struck today, and the latter have a tight on their hands that may prove serious. Last fall the price for making a coat was reduced from 65 to 50 cents. It was promised that the rate would be restored in the spring, but as this has not been done the workers struck.

WEST END

Proctorknott People Would Abolish the Office of Village Marshal.

Not a Single Arrest Made There in the Past Two Years.

Constable Could Do the Work and Expense Would Be Little.

The village of Proctorknott is a most remarkable community in more ways than one. It has not as many inhabitants as some of the suburbs of Duluth, but they are all at work and there is not an idler among them. Being industrious and having their time fully occupied in earning a living, they have no inclination to violate the laws, and the fact has been brought out by a movement to have the office of village marshal abolished that for two years that officer has not made an arrest, and that not a single conviction has been made in the justice courts for violation of the village ordinances. The new council of the village has elected Dan Flynn marshal and he is paid a salary of $50 a month, and it is being urged that as the people are all law abiding and peaceable, that there is no necessity for a peace officer, and that the taxpayers might be saved $600 by dispensing with his services and in no way jeopardizing the safety of persons or property. The money saved in this way, it is claimed, would in two years pay the entire bonded indebtedness of the village. Any official duties that a marshal might be called upon to perform, and they appear to be very few, could be done, it is claimed, by the constable at slight expense.

IS STILL LECTURING.

Rev. Robert Forbes is still engaged on the lecture platform in the southern part of the state and will not be home to preach Sunday. Professor Driver, of the Young Men's Christian association, will occupy the pulpit of the Endion M. E. church Sunday morning, and Rev. Wilson Aull, pastor of Glen Avon Presbyterian, will preach there in the evening.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Imperfections in the machinery of the fronton steel plant have forced another shut-down, but it is expected that all will be in readiness for a fresh start next Monday.

Company H had its usual weekly inspection and drill at the armory last night, which was followed by a social dance, participated in by the members and a number of invited friends.

E. O. Armstrong received a painful injury to his foot by the overturning of his water wagon yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Joseph Cochran went to Carlton this afternoon to spend a few days with her nephew, John F. Hynes, auditor of Carlton county.

James A. Duffy has purchased the interest of his partner, Nels Almquist, in the blacksmith shop of the firm at the corner of Grand avenue and Fifty-ninth avenue west, and will in future conduct the business alone.

An April fool social will be given in the parlors of Asbury M. E. church this evening.

Next Friday night the Ladies' Aid society of Asbury Methodist church will give a sugar social at the residence of M. A. Stuart. A literary and musical program will be the principal feature of the evening.

P. G. Manley is building a new residence on the West Side in Proctorknott.

R. J. McDonald has sold his barber shop in Proctorknott to M. J. Filiatrault.

S. S. Williamson, who resides at 501 Fifty-seventh avenue west, will soon move his family to Duluth.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Prices at the Opening Showed a Slight Advance.

New York, April 2.—The initial prices on the stock exchange were a fraction above yesterday's close, the gain being most pronounced in the coalers. Reading preferred showed an advance of ¾c, and New Jersey Central ⅝c, but the latter did not retain the full advantage. Decided improvement was also noticed in some of the specialties, and the international shares were helped by the strong and higher market for Americans in London.

The inquiry from the short contingent soon abated and heaviness developed which became quite severe in the Gould and anthracite coal groups. These shares responded readily to bear pressure. New Jersey Central losing 1¾, Western Union 1¼, Delaware & Hudson and Manhattan 1 per cent, and the balance important fractions. There were no new developments concerning these properties, but the bears seemed confident of their positions and offered large blocks freely. The general market reached in sympathy with exceptional weakness apparent in Chicago Gas. Business was rather light, and the absence of commission house orders was freely commented upon.

The Vanderbilt shares, which were quite prominent in the recent demoralization on account of the trans-Missouri decision displayed aggressive strength on a renewed investment demand, which was most marked in Lake Shore. The stock closed at 161 yesterday, resulted at 166 bid in the initial dealings today, and jumped to 167 bid on purchases of a few hundred shares. The gains for other members of the group were less pronounced, but extended to ⅜c for Canada Southern, 1⅛c for New York Central and Omaha and 1 for Michigan Central. The general market was stimulated by this demand and improved to the highest figures for the railways. The anthracite coalers shared in the rise to a slight extent, but were much unsettled at the rally and failed to retain the gains. The industrials lacked feature, but covering in Sugar and Chicago Gas carried those stocks up a fraction. Operations by the arbitrage houses were light, but included purchase of the international favorites. Trading in bonds was limited, but the undertone strong. The St. Louis Southwestern issues showed recoveries from recent losses and St. Paul liens were in request. Chicago and Lake Superior fives showed an exceptional gain of 5½ to 112. Sales to noon, 85,300 shares.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, SMALL HOUSE of five or six room flat. H. J. Kolling, 331 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT, A FIRST CLASS modern house; will pay good price for suitable place. Call 401 West Michigan.

WANTED—SEVEN OR EIGHT ROOM modern house in East End; good paying tenant. Rent must be reasonable; pay is sure. Give location and price. P 95, Herald.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, LOWELL block.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE ROOMS AND flats; low rents. Inquire No. 21 Eleventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—THE SECOND STORY over Nos. 225 and 227 West Superior street. Inquire of Clarke & Dickerman.

LARGE ALCOVE FRONT ROOM WELL furnished. 1109 East Superior street.

OFFICES IN WOODBRIDGE BUILDing for rent. Apply to N. J. Upham & Co., agents, basement Torrey building.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT OF 1020 EAST Fourth street; very warm; $3 per month; water free.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

HOUSES IN ENDION, AT LESTER Park and Lakeside and right in the center of the city. 75 houses 75. A. M. Hayes, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM FURNISHED house, West Duluth. Inquire of David Snug, 328 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

HOUSES AND STORES FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—TEN ROOM HOUSE, 721 West Second street. Address C. S. Barker, West Superior, Wis.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., basement Torrey building.

ON MAY 1 WE WILL HAVE IN ASHtabula terrace one house and two flats for rent. Inquire of R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

FOR RENT — HOUSE 315 WEST Fourth street; all modern improvements; will be renovated to suit tenant. A. C. Volk & Co., Palladio building.

TO RENT—FLATS.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

BRICK FLATS STEAM HEATED AND all conveniences, $11 to $14 or $8 to $11 in summer. Call 10 East Superior street or Tel. 189 or 452. E. Wieland.

FOR RENT—COZY FLAT, $16. ALL modern conveniences, five rooms. Water rent paid. $250 buys a good residence lot. Cooley & Underhill.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—GOOD FARM NEAR Hinckley. If party renting wishes can have stock, farming outfit and household furniture. For particulars address L 12, Herald.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD; furnace, bath room and use of piano; private family. 625 East Fourth street.

PRIVATE FAMILY IN CENTRAL East End will take two people to room and board. Strictly first-class. References exchanged. L 77, Herald.

TWO YOUNG GENTLEMEN CAN find large, nicely furnished front room with modern conveniences (and board if desired), in strictly private family; five minutes walk from Board of Trade building, by addressing X. Z., The Herald.

MIDLAND HOTEL, 212 WEST SECOND. Special rates to permanent boarders.

FURNISHED ROOMS. BOARD IF DEsired. The Ducotah, 117 West Second street.

HOUSE MOVING.

HOUSE MOVING—LOUIS JOHNSON, expert house mover and raiser, fifteen years' experience in St. Paul. Moved over 2500 houses. Residence 215 East Sixth street, office 115 Second avenue west. Telephone 269.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER MONEY to loan on all goods of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook, 515 West Superior street.

FIRE INSURANCE,
LIFE INSURANCE,
INVESTMENTS.

I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$5.00 up.

A. R. MACFARLANE,
13 Exchange Building.

Notice of Application

FOR

Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 13, 1897, and terminating on April 13, 1898, by C. F. W. Korth at No. 5107 Gosnold street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

STEEL MAKERS LITIGATION.

Pittsburg, April 2.—An important suit has been filed against the Carnegie Steel companies in the United States court by the Harvey Steel company, of Newark, N. J. The latter alleges that the Carnegie company is infringing the patent known as the Harvey process for hardening steel in the manufacture of armor plate at the Homestead plant. An injunction to restrain the Carnegie company from further infringement, and an accounting for the gains claimed to have accrued so far, is asked. While no specific sum is designated, the amount involved will run into the thousands.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COOKS FOR IN AND OUT of town; also girls for housework. Mrs. M. C. Siebold, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AND DINing room girl. Palmer house.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO WORK forenoons at the Woman's hospital, 919 East First street.

MRS. De GROUCHY'S EMPLOYMENT office has removed to room 403 Masonic temple. Girls for general housework wanted.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS GIRL FOR general housework at once. Call 109½ West Fourth.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and eight girls can find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $60 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SOLICIT SICK and accident insurance for the Union Men's Mutual Insurance company of Duluth. Liberal terms to the right parties. Call or address 307 Palladio building.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 507 CHAMBER of Commerce. If you want anything in my line—accounting, auditing, bookkeeping—temporarily or regularly, call.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—GOOD COAL OR WOOD stove, good baker; cheap, at 617 "The Lowell."

LARGE HOTEL RANGE. 106 EAST SUperior street.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

$1000 CASH AND VACANT LOT TO EXchange for improved property. L 13, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TWO SEATED BUGGY, with back seat removable. Must be in good order. L, Herald.

WANTED—A SECOND HAND TYPEwriter desk and chair; must be cheap. Apply 209 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—TO BUY, GOOD SECOND hand buckboard or light democrat wagon. Must be cheap for cash and in good repair. Address P. T., Herald.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates. Fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing. Moving or storage free of charge. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

HAIR DRESSING

TILLIE JORGENSON (FORMERLY with Midtsund sisters, of St. Paul) has opened hairdressing parlors at room 417 Lonsdale building.

FOUND.

FOUND—TWO FINGER RINGS. OWNer can secure by proving property and paying charges. Address P. O. Box 538, city.

LOST.

LOST—TEACHER'S ORDER NO. 16,310, in favor of Miss Jessie Church, indorsed. Payment has been stopped at bank, and all persons are cautioned not to negotiate same.

LOST—LLEWELLYN SETTER BITCH, black head and lump. Body black spotted. Return to Lewis A. Larson, 121 Eighteenth avenue west and receive reward.

Notice of Application

FOR

Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Oien & Henrikson at No. 416 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPEtent girl for general housework. Address P 22, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO GENeral housework or as cook by competent young woman. L 37, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY AN EDUCATed young German to assist with set of books, or light outside work; can give best of references. Please address P 92, Herald.

MARRIED MAN WANTS WORK OF any kind; understands all about horses; needs work. Call or address 308 West Second street.

WANTED—BY A BOY OF 17 YEARS, light work of any kind. Willing to work for $10 per month. Address K 60, Herald.

ANY ONE WANTING A WOMAN TO clean house or clean offices please call or address H. K., 2231 West Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man of 25; good penman, understands bookkeeping; will work cheap. S. A. H. Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT dressmaker would like to go out by the day or take work home. Inquire 126 East First street.

MALE STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITer and assistant bookkeeper, having experience in legal and commercial work, desires position; can furnish references. O. Hatheway, care City Attorney J. B. Richards, city hall.

BOY OF 17 WOULD LIKE EMPLOYment. Not afraid of work; can write and figure if necessary. Address L 78, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO TAKE CARE of for either ladies or gentlemen. Can give references. Address L 64, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — WASHING, ironing and house cleaning. Take work home or go out by the day. Call at 1321 West Michigan street.

YOUNG MAN, 20 YEARS OLD, STRONG and willing to work, would like place in commission house or as delivery man. Familiar with care of horses. Address A. G., Herald.

HOUSE CLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 380 Lake avenue south.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 5, 1897. Work, Second degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 12, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 2, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting April 28, 1897. Work. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, April 6, 1897. Work, Templar degree. R. E. Denefeld, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Providence Mutual Investment company to Archer Greene, lot 189, block 83, Duluth proper, Third division ..... $ 1,000

T. F. Upham to Anna H. J. Upham, lot 386, block 101, Duluth proper, Third division 600

One unpublished 2,000

Total ..... $ 3,600

CARD READING.

CARD READING, PAST, PRESENT and future. 1330 West Superior street.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

Notice of Application

FOR

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Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 19th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 31st day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April 1 to 16 inc.

PILES Williams Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for PILES. It absorbs tumors. Stops itching. GIVES RELIEF. 50c and $1. At Druggists.

Notice of Application

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C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth.
†9:00 a. m.	ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS.	*6:30 a. m.
*1:55 p. m.		*1:30 p. m
*11:15 p. m		†7:45 p. m.

From Union Depot. CITY TICKET OFFICE, 401 W. Superior street, corner Palladio building. Telephone 218.

EASTERN RAILWAY
OF MINNESOTA.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 432 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†12:40 p. m.	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†2:30 p. m.
*11:15 p. m.		*7:00 a. m.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.
New Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Direct connections with Great Northern trains for—

FARGO, GRAND FORKS
WINNIPEG, HELENA.
BUTTE, SPOKANE.
PORTLAND, SEATTLE
AND JAPAN.

At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

The Marquette Route

Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union Depot at 4:10 P. M. Daily, EXCEPT SATURDAY, with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie, and Dining Car, serving supper.

Westbound train arrives 11:20 a. m. EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding Hotel building and Union Depot.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. *Daily except Sunday.		EAST.
P. M.		A. M.
*3:05	0 Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	*11:40
3:05	23 Ar..... Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:13	70 Ar..... Swan River Lv	8:40
7:40	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:52	94 Ar.. Grand Rapids Lv	7:50
8:00	108 Ar.... Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway Company

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	12:45 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	10:56 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik Lv	12:28 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron Lv	12:30 p.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Lv ..... Virginia .....Ar	1:45 p.m.
1:25 p.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	10:33 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.

Daily, except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R.R

3:35 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:00 a.m.
7:30 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:30 a.m.

Daily, except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C., St. P., M. & O. RY.

Office: 405 West Superior St. Phone No. 20.

| Leave | *Da

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau. Duluth Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a m., (Central time), April 2—The extensive storm whose center has continued nearly stationary over Kansas since last Tuesday, and which has been attended during this period by general snows or rains in the region between the Rocky mountains and the Mississippi river, and as far north as Canada, has decreased in intensity during the past twenty-four hours. Rain or snow is again generally reported from stations within this region, though in smaller amounts than on the preceding days, while the rain cloud has extended northeastward to Lake Michigan and Southern Minnesota since yesterday. At 7 o'clock this morning, cloudy weather prevailed in all reporting districts, with snow falling at Denver, Lander and Rapid City, and rain at St. Paul and Milwaukee.

Lowest temperatures last night:

Prince Albert	26	Battleford	26
Calgary	28	Medicine Hat	30
Swift Current	24	Qu' Appelle	30
Minnedosa	26	Winnipeg	26
Port Arthur	24	Helena	28
Williston	26	Bismarck	32
Havre	32	Miles City	32
Marquette	28	Sault Ste. Marie	32
Duluth	32	Moorhead	36
Huron	32	St. Paul	36
Lander	24	Rapid City	38
La Crosse	38	Milwaukee	36
Detroit	34	Chicago	36
Davenport	40	Omaha	38
North Platte	38	Denver	38
Dodge City	34	Kansas City	46
St. Louis	52	Memphis	50

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 34; maximum yesterday, 40; minimum yesterday, 25.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Showers tonight and Saturday; nearly stationary temperature; continued northeast winds, brisk and occasionally high in force.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 2.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Showers tonight; Saturday cloudy with showers in south portion; fresh northeast winds. For Minnesota: Cloudy tonight and Saturday; with probably showers in south portion; fresh east and northeast winds.

THE DUTY ON LUMBER.

There is no doubt that those who oppose a $2 duty on lumber will make a determined effort to secure an amendment of the bill by the senate to meet their wishes. They want the duty reduced to $1 per thousand feet, and they oppose the heavier duty for the reason, they say, that they fear a retaliatory export duty on logs which they import. Putting the whole thing in a nutshell, the Detroit Journal says there are:

First, the men who have old sawmills on this side, and have limits, or buy logs in Canada and bring them over. They fear that a $2 duty would provoke, as said above, a retaliatory duty on logs.

Second, Americans who have price limits on the other side and saw their lumber there and import into the United States.

Third, importers of lumber who, like all importers, are averse to duties of any kind. The importers who have planing mills on this side want a duty on lumber worked up in Canadian planing mills.

Fourth, the Canadian people whose finances or profits are affected by the duty. In the last three years, on account of free lumber, while American lumber has gone down $3 per thousand, Canadian lumber in Canada has gone up $1 per thousand, and much of our lumber remains unsold.

The $1 duty men who have mills and import logs would derive a benefit from $1, because the lumber would pay $1 and the logs nothing. The importers and the American and Canadian manufacturers in Canada would prefer no duty at all, but they know that a duty will be imposed, and they therefore join hands with the importers of logs, whom they frighten or who pretend to be frightened by the cry of a retaliatory duty on logs.

American lumbermen, as the Journal says, have suffered altogether too much from Canadian free lumber. In 1858, under the Canadian reciprocity treaty whereby Canadian lumber was admitted free, nearly all Michigan lumbermen failed or were driven close to the wall. Under free lumber in the Wilson tariff bill the Minnesota and Michigan lumbermen have suffered nearly as much. If we are to have protection that protects, lumber is entitled to its $2 per thousand duty. Three-quarters of the price of lumber is paid out for labor, and we need a duty of $2 per thousand to make up the difference between Canadian labor and our own, when we take into consideration the advantages extended by the Canadian government to the lumbermen in Canada.

The concession of free logs is a concession to our mills more generous than that proposed to be extended to any other industry which is competitive, such as wool, iron ore, etc. Canadians want free lumber, but know they cannot have it, and hence they join hands with the importers and the mill men on our side who have no timber on this side, and cry out that $1 per thousand is sufficient.

THE REAPPORTIONMENT.

The reapportionment bill agreed upon by the joint committee of the legislature provides for sixty senators and 120 representatives. It is claimed that the bill will pass both houses and become a law. If so, a long step forward will have been taken towards giving the northern part of the state the representation to which it is entitled. The apportionment is not entirely satisfactory, because full justice has not been meted out to the people of the Seventh congressional district, owing to the fear of the Republican majority that greater representation to that section would result in a fusion majority in the next legislature. St. Louis county and the neighboring counties, however, have been treated well and we have no reason to kick, so far as the representation given to this section is concerned. Instead of one senator and three representatives as now, we are given three senators and six representatives, and the large and unwieldy district is subdivided into three districts. Part of the city of Duluth is in each of the "shoe string" districts which have been created.

The necessity of a reapportionment of the state by the present legislature is shown by the following table giving the representation of each congressional district now:

Congressional District.	Senators.	Representatives	Population.
First	10	16	208,140
Second	9	16	238,084
Third	10	16	208,744
Fourth	8	14	200,983
Fifth	6	15	217,788
Sixth	6	17	267,019
Seventh	7	17	233,853

It will be noticed that the First, Second and Third districts, all in the southern part of the state, have twenty-nine senators, or a majority of that body. Under the new apportionment they will lose control of that body, and it is this fact which has so long delayed the making of a reapportionment that would do at least partial justice to the northern part of the state.

THE OPENING OF AFRICA.

Up to 1884, says Professor George B. Adams in the April Atlantic, scarcely more than the edges of Africa had been occupied by the European powers. It was in that year that Germany suddenly began an attempt to realize her long-cherished aspirations for a colonial empire. She naturally made the attempt in Africa, as the only place where it was possible to make it, and in doing so she started all the nations in a wild race in fear lest their neighbors should get the advantage of them. In this scramble, if England has been left far behind by some of the others in the area of her gains, she certainly leads them all in their real value, and the prospect that the Anglo-Saxons will be the leading power in the future of Africa is certainly as good, if not better, than was their prospect for the control of North America in 1750.

This is surely true if we consider Egypt an English possession, and we can hardly suppose that England will ever abandon that country, whatever depths of sentimental emotion may be stirred in varying moods; nor, considering the enormous benefits which result, would the world ever consent to such an abandonment, if it were not still much influenced by barbarian motives. It was a brilliant scheme which was attempted in 1894 to obtain from the Congo Free State a narrow strip of land connecting the waterway of Lake Tanganyika with the British sphere of influence to the north, and so to make an English highway from the mouth of the Nile to the Cape of Good Hope. Although it seemed the part of wisdom at the time to yield to the united objections of the other interested powers, it is by no means impossible that the object sought may be accomplished in the end.

What is the total result? A little more than 11,000,000 square miles under the rule of England, 3,500,000 under that of the United States—together, more than one-quarter of the total land area of the globe.

A DANGEROUS MEASURE.

Mr. Congdon, in a letter to The Herald published in another column, draws attention to the "woodchuck" which he has found concealed in the bill introduced in the legislature by Senator Spencer, to authorize cities of more than 50,000 to purchase and extend any water or light plant or a combined water and light plant. There is provision made in the bill on an elaborate scale for submitting to the voters the question of issuing bonds to purchase such plant or plants, but Mr. Congdon claims that this is but a scheme to draw the wool over the eyes of the people, and a careful reading of the bill will show that his claim is well founded.

There is absolutely no limit to the power conferred upon the council by the first section of the bill. It gives a majority of the aldermen, with the mayor, full power to buy the water and light plants owned by the Duluth Gas and Water company at any price they please, without referring the question to a vote of the people. Eleven aldermen could, despite a veto by the mayor, complete such a purchase. They could pay for the plant in cash, if the city had sufficient funds on hand, or they could issue city orders for the full amount. Only in the event of issuing bonds would they be required to submit the question to a popular vote.

Such a bill should not be passed by the legislature. The people of Duluth are opposed to such extensive powers being vested in the council, and Senator Spencer should either amend the bill so that no step can be taken by the council without a vote of the people, or have it indefinitely postponed.

Gen. Herman Haupt, the well known civil engineer, has just celebrated his eightieth birthday at his home in Philadelphia. He is a graduate of West Point. He was the chief engineer of the Pennsylvania railroad during its construction, and constructed the famous Hoosac tunnel line in Massachusetts. During the rebellion President Lincoln placed him in charge of the military railroad bureau, rewarding him with several commissions. The first pipe line for transporting oil across the state of Pennsylvania was constructed by him, and he was instrumental in locating the Piedmont Air line in the South and the Northern Pacific railroad in the West. The application of compressed air to traffic has been largely developed by him, and he has been a prolific writer on scientific subjects.

A Cleveland judge had the editor of one of the daily papers of that city arrested on a charge of contempt of court because the latter saw fit to make an editorial criticism of one of the court's rulings. During the hearing of the charge the lawyer of the editor was ruled out of the case by the aggrieved judge because he took exception to his ruling and suggested that the case be referred to one of the other courts for hearing. And yet some people groan when reference is made to the despotism of the courts and call those who criticize them anarchists.

Fred Grant recently said that the only way to get him off the New York police commission was by "legislation, death or something better," and now the president has offered to make him assistant secretary of war. It certainly would be a more congenial position.

Mr. Eddy's information as to the plans of the silver men in Minnesota is very amusing to the latter. Of course, it is entirely incorrect. Probably some one played an April Fool joke on the handsome representative of the Seventh district.

The Dingley bill may be unrecognizable when it comes out of the senatorial repair shop. It will be remembered that Mr. Wilson had difficulty in recognizing his bill when the Democratic senators got through with it.

A Chicago preacher who was on a slumming expedition was arrested as a suspicious character. Served him right. Slumming by clergymen is only an excuse to gratify a prurient curiosity.

The New York Journal, by the purchase of the Advertiser, gains an Associated Press franchise, which was necessary on account of the collapse of the United Press.

The Anoka Union is very happy over the governor's veto being sustained, but it would be happier if the legislature vote d an appropriation to build a hospital at Anoka.

The St. Paul Globe's attacks on the Democracy of the New York Sun form a rare exhibition of cheek, since the Globe deserted the Democratic party nearly a year ago.

Mrs. Cleveland was formally introduced to Princeton society the other day, but it has not yet been learned whether the dames of the college town approve her.

Minneapolis has an epidemic of typhoid fever. It is said there are several hundred cases. Evidently the Minneapolis water supply must be in a very impure state.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox is not as youthful as she was when she wrote the "Poems of Passion." As a result, she now writes decorous verse for religious journals.

A bill is before the Arizona legislature to suppress newspapers. Some Arizona paper must have told the truth about a legislator.

The supreme court is now on the New York Sun's blacklist, which will raise the court in public esteem.

The Kansas City man who cornered the onion market must have brought tears to the eyes of the "shorts."

IT IS NOT MISSED.

Globe-Democrat: Cuba formerly sent 15,000 tons of tobacco a year to this country. The amount has greatly fallen off, but the 150,000 tons of tobacco raised in the United States is improving in quality and will prevent a famine in the article.

FORTUNATELY BEYOND REACH.

New York Mail and Express: If the German emperor ever gets hold of the wretches who started the current reports that he is insane it will go hard with them. He will probably slap them into a dungeon or compel them to sit down and listen to one of his most violent cornet solos.

HIS HEART IS YOUNG.

Philadelphia Times: Gladstone's adoption of the wheel is merely in line with the fact that he never turned his back on anything that was made for man's progress.

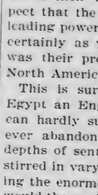
MUCH TRUTH IN SMALL SPACE.

Indianapolis Journal: The Kansas preacher who declared that many farmers did not succeed "because they farmed too much land too little" put a truth more effectively than if he had spread it over the pages of a large volume.

THE PENALTY INADEQUATE.

Minneapolis Journal: A bill has been introduced in the Nebraska legislature making it a misdemeanor for a citizen to have in his possession a deck of cards with more than four aces in it. Misdemeanor? Why, it's death in Montana.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

A "WOODCHUCK" BILL.

Would Give Aldermen Power to Buy the Water Plant.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Permit me through your valuable paper to point out the practical results of a bill now pending in the legislature, the sole object of which is to authorize the city of Duluth to purchase water and light plants, should such bill become a law.

(1.) The bill is applicable only to the city of Duluth, because it applies only to cities having a population of more than 50,000, and the other two cities having this population already own their water plant. The bill is therefore introduced and pushed by some persons interested in the sale of the water plant to, or the purchase of the same by, the city of Duluth.

(2.) The first paragraph of the first section of the bill authorizes the common council of the city to purchase any water plant or light plant, or combined water and light plant, in a city of the class described in the act.

Under this power the common council may, by a majority vote, fix the price of any such plant, and buy the same at the price so fixed. Upon the question of price and purchase the voters of the city have no voice. Having bought the plant the council can pay for the same in any way they deem best without the consent of the voters, except in case they pay in municipal bonds issued by the city. In such event the question of issuing such bonds is required to be submitted to the voters, and they cannot be issued unless a majority of the voters at such election authorize it.

(3.) Such plant can, however, be paid for without submitting the question to the voters, if payment is made in anything else than the municipal bonds authorized to be issued by such bill.

To illustrate: If the city had sufficient cash in the treasury, the council would have the authority under this bill to buy the water plant at any price they see fit, and pay for the same in cash; or, since the council has unlimited power to issue city orders, they could pay for the plant in city orders; or, since section 6 of the bill authorizes the city to assume any outstanding bonds on such water plant, they could pay for it by assuming bonds, provided the face value of the bonds did not exceed the purchase price.

To put the matter in concrete form. If this bill becomes a law, nine aldermen could, with the consent of the mayor, obligate the city of Duluth to pay $3,000,000 for the water plant, $1,900,000 of which they could pay by assuming the outstanding bonds of the water company, and the remaining $1,100,000 they could pay by issuing city orders.

While a great pretense has been made in this bill of submitting certain questions to the voters of the city, the bill is so framed that the vital questions involved will never be submitted, and it was not the intention of the promoters of the bill that any question ever should be submitted to the voters under the law. In many places the language of the present charter relative to the acquisition of a water plant is used, but by giving the council unlimited authority to purchase, without submitting the question of such purchase to the people, a radical change is made in the powers of the council.

Can it be possible that our able and astute mayor is ignorant of the effects of this bill? He has always vigorously opposed the purchase of the water plant at any price. Why does he not as vigorously oppose the enactment of a law, which will put it in the power of eleven aldermen to buy this plant over his veto, at any price they see fit, providing they pay for the plant by the assumption on the part of the city of outstanding bonds on the plant, and the issue of city orders?

CHESTER A CONGDON.

Duluth, April 2.

Sunday Afternoon

Prof. Ernest Meier

—AND THE—

CITY BAND

In a programme of popular music at the

PAVILION.

Admission Free. Take the Incline Car.

UNCLE JACK GOWDY'S RETURN.

"No luck kin come to Rushville, the country seat o' Rush:
We'll never git a better nor a bob-tail flush;
We may raise the finest blue grass," so my father uster say,
"Yet fer our hosses on the track, they never earn their hay.
Our cattle when we show 'em bring no red ribbons in:
The cholery kills all our hogs when onct it does begin."
But a change has come to Rushville, there's nothin' that we lack;
We're all at the piecounter Sence our Jack Got Back.

My gal is in the parlor a-wallopin' the keys,
For Uncle Jack, he soon'll sail across the briny seas;
He's a councilman at Paris (my darter says Par-ee),
An' later on we'll send our gal,—at least that's the idee
She'll l'arn on the planner, she'll l'arn to parley-voo,
An' swing inter society, fer Jack'll see her through.
You better bet he's solid with a certain Major Mc;
Rush is in the swim, I reckon, Sence our Jack Got Back.

The flicker is a-friskin' on the stake-'n-rider fence;
The blue bird notes the new spring worm has greater excellence;
The medder lark is singin' as he never sang before;
The rosy-breasted robin adds his warble to the score;
The jay jokes with the blackbird, the blackbird makes reply;
The sparrer hawk puts in his lip as he goes sailin' by
There's a liveliness in natur', a breeziness, a slack,
We can not help admirin', Sence our Jack Got Back.

There's a rainbow over Flatrock, an' it spans the whole of Rush;
There's a hallelujah gladness breaks the early morning hush;
There's a halo gathers 'round us as in angel pictures old;
The air is balm an' nectar, an' the pike is paved with gold.
There's a sad, sweet music thrills us like a circus calliope;
A beatitude streams o'er us like a heavenly kind o' dope;
We feel the wings a-sprontin', our shoulder blades they crack—
Jes' so we feel at Rushville Sence our Jack Got Back.

—CHARLES DENNIS in Indianapolis Journal.

AH THERE, COMMODORE!

Chicago Times-Herald: A Duluth man has invented an ice-breaking device which he says will make lake navigation possible all winter. It is said he got the idea by trying to flirt with a Boston girl.

GENERALLY RELIABLE.

Washington Star: "You should have been with us on some of our autumn excursions," she was saying.

"Did you gather any mushrooms?" asked Willie Wishington.

"Yes. Can you tell a toadstool from a mushroom?"

"Sometimes."

"How?"

"By looking at the obituary column."

ROCKEFELLER'S HARD ROAD

New York special to the Pittsburg Dispatch: "Who is the poorest man in the world today? The poorest man I know is the man who has nothing but money—nothing else in the world but money—only money."

It was a man with iron gray hair and an iron gray mustache who spoke the words, and he repeated the last ones with emotion.

The man who spoke has endowed the University of Chicago with millions upon millions of dollars. He is John D. Rockefeller, who last night, in the parlors of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, addressed the young men's Bible class.

Mr. Rockefeller held in his hands a cheap looking little yellow backed book. "This is my ledger," he said. "My first business training was in keeping a ledger. It was at the time when I began to spend my first earnings in my first struggle to get a footing.

"It was a very hard struggle. When I put my head on my pillow the contents of this little ledger then kept running in my mind until I awakened the next morning.

"Besides the accounts I kept in this book there were memoranda of occurrences. In after years I found it. I kept it more than forty-two years ago. In deciphering some writing on the back of it here I see that I called it 'Ledger A.' I place great value upon this little book."

Mr. Rockefeller's hands trembled as he turned the pages of the little volume which he had taken from a big envelope in his inside pocket.

"It was important for me to be particular at that time about items of receipts and disbursements," he continued. "I hope you young men are all careful. I believe it is a religious duty to get all the money you can, get it fairly, religiously and honestly—and give away all you can.

"I would not dare to let you read this book. My children read it, and said that I didn't spell toothbrush correctly. I haven't seen this book for twenty-five years. You couldn't get it from me for all the modern ledgers in New York and what they would all bring in.

"It reports what I received and paid out for several years. Here is an item:

Income from Dec. 26, 1855, to Jan. 26, 1856	$50

"And I lived within my income. Out of that I paid my washerwoman, the lady with whom I boarded, and I saved a little and put it away.

"I see that I paid in the Sunday school every Sunday I could. It was all I had to give. I had a large increase in revenue the next year. It was increased $25 a month.

"I was as independent in those days as Mr. Astor. But when I got that increase I felt guilty. I felt like a criminal—like a capitalist. We had no trusts or capitalists in those days.

"I remember the clothes I bought. I didn't patronize a fashionable tailor. I bought my clothes from a cheap clothier. The clothes were good and such as I could pay for. Let me give you all a word of advice: 'Live within your means.'"

Curiosity prompted Mr. Rockefeller here to ask all those to raise their hands who had come to New York from the country. Nine-tenths of the young men raised their hands, to the evident pleasure of the speaker.

"City men haven't had the struggles we had who came from the country," he said. "Two days ago I had a talk with a carpenter who was going to make a building comfortable where help were going to sleep. There were two big spaces which he closed with mineral wool, so the damp wouldn't come in, he said. Then on the next floor he showed me two spaces he was also going to close with wool, 'so that,' as he expressed it, 'the sleeper there, a housemaid, would not have to hear the rain drops fall upon the roof.'

This seemed to afford Mr. Rockefeller infinite amusement.

"Why," he said, "the carpenter's suggestion made me think of my own experiences when sleeping under the roof. I know that I heard the rain fall, and when I looked up I could see the shingles, and in one place a big crack through which the sky was visible. It was pretty hot there in summer, but I preferred summer on the whole.

"I think I was better for that sort of experience, and my heart is full of sadness as I contemplate the condition of a number of young fellows that I know in this city. Their fathers have plenty of money, but the boys have not the ghost of a chance in competing with you who came from the country. They'll go down and you'll take their places.

"What is success? Is it to get money? Well, is that success? The poorest man I know is the man who has nothing but money. If I had my choice today, I'd be a man with little or nothing but a purpose in life.

"It's not the money itself that is so miserable. Money is good if you know how to use it. Let me give you a little word of counsel. Know just what you receive and how you spend it. Write down just what you do with it and don't be ashamed to let your fathers and mothers see what you have written down.

"In a year or two I managed to save nearly $1000. Here is an item as to clothes. My clothing from November, 1855, to November, 1856, cose me just $9.09. Here is one bit of extravagance which had quite escaped my memory. 'pair of fur gloves, $2.' Here are other items:

Mittens	3 shillings
Given away	$5 78
Missionary cause, Nov. 25	15
Ministerial student	10
Night society	15
Sabbath school	95
Present to Sabbath school superintendent	25

"I was living in Cleveland then, and I must have felt sorry for New York. Here is an item: Five Points mission, 72 cents.

"We had a little paper published by the Sunday school called the Macedonian. I subscribed for that. There was a venerable teacher of my class, a Scotchman, and a great Bible student. He is down for 25 cents.

"Al these little things helped me to come into sympathy with many undertakings, both religious and philanthropic. My opinion is that no man can trust himself to wait until he is charitable. He must give away some money continually."

PRODDING THE BOERS.

Indianapolis News: The future of the Boers in South Africa will be watched with interest by every friend of fair play and square dealing between nations. The Jameson raid served the purpose of introducing the world anew to these sturdy colonists. It is true that they are not wholly admirable, but it is also true that they are naturally liberty-loving, sturdy and industrious. Great Britain should let them alone. There have been hints in the past year that the Cape Colonists would not hesitate to sever their relations with the mother country is the chance offered; and even Cecil Rhodes has been suspected of treasuring the hope of ruling a federation of South African republics.

Minneapolis Times: Your Uncle Paul Kruger evidently hit the British in a tender spot when he made a demand for damages as the result of Dr. Jameson's raid into the Transvaal. Britons do not make a practice of giving up money without scrutinizing the bill with care. And so Paul Kruger's account has been referred to a committee of parliament with instructions to examine it and report whether it ought to be settled. The committee has been sitting in Westminster hall and has examined a number of witnesses with regard to the bill which President Kruger put in. It is something like a claim for damages in a street railway case, as he evidently sues for more than he expects to realize. The demand is for $8,000,000, $5,000,000 for actual expenses of resisting and defeating Jameson's raid and $5,000,000 for intellectual and other damages and general disappointment over the attitude of the British.

THE PENALTY OF FAILURE.

Springfield, Mass., Republican: Dr. Jameson has added a brilliant to the literature of his famous raid by saying that he knew he had done wrong because he had not succeeded. He would never have realized it otherwise, and certainly no one would have told him. There is another test of right and wrong besides success, but it is very slow in coming into use.

WITH THE JOKERS.

Boston Transcript: Mrs. Kuddler—Do you know, George, that everybody says the baby is just like me? Mr. Kuddler—Nonsense, Anne; the baby is no more than 6 months old and it has never spoken a word.

Chicago Tribune: "They say now that the old-fashioned mother was inadequate to her duties."

"Well, she must have been eccentric; she reared her children without consulting all the other woman in the country."

New York Press: With a sudden gesture the victim interrupted the tattooing process. "When I started on this African trip," he said, "I certainly expected to be hospitably received, but—"

He again resigned himself to the inevitable.

"I did not anticipate such marked attention."

Indianapolis Journal: "I think you have made a slight mistake in speaking of the sails of the ship of state," said the cheerful idiot, mildly.

"For why?" asked the oratorical boarder.

"Because oars would have been a better figure. Everybody knows that the old concern is obedient to a pull."

Puck: Mrs. Vanwart (sitting up in bed horrified)—Reginald! what made you swear so when you stepped on that tack?

Vanwart (wildly)—For a moment I thought I was cycling and had punctured my tire.

Detroit Free Press: "Doctor," the caller asked of the distinguished surgeon, "When ordinary methods fail to bring a man from under the influence of chloroform, how do you proceed?"

"I show him his bill."

Chicago Tribune: "I knew all the time," gratefully exclaimed the unspeakable Turk, "you would never shake an old friend!"

Whereupon he wound his legs still tighter around John Bull's neck.

UNCHANGEABLE.

I looked upon her lithographs,
How heavenly did she seem!
Until the show came into town
I walked as in a dream!

I went the first night to the play,
And saw her! Do you know
That they made splendid lithographs
Some forty years ago!

—Cleveland Leader.

THE URUGUAYAN REVOLUTION.

Montevideo, Uruguay, April 2.—The national troops have defeated the insurgents with heavy loss.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 19, 1896.
Messrs. Ely Bros.—I have used Ely's Cream Balm a number of years and find it works like a charm. It has cured me of the most obstinate case of cold in the head in less than forty-eight hours from the time I felt the cold coming on. I would not be without it. Respectfully yours,
FREDERICK FRIES.
283 Hart street.
Cream Balm is kept by all druggists. Full size, 50 cents. Trial size, 10 cents. We mail it. ELY BROS.,
56 Warren Street, New York city.

Anderson
Cash Grocery Co.

A few of our Numerous Bargains for Saturday.

Fancy Bananas, per doz	12½c
Nice Juicy Oranges, per doz	10c
Nice Seedling Oranges, per doz	15c
Large Fancy Lemons, per doz	10c
Baldwins and Greenings, peck	15c
Choice Dairy Butter, per lb	18c
STRICTLY FRESH EGGS, doz	11c
Good Dairy Butter, per lb	15c
York State Cheese, per lb	12½c
Cooking Butter, per lb	10c to 12½c
A B C Crackers, per lb—only	5c
3-lb sack Salt, each	2c
Good Roasted Rio, per lb	15c
9 lbs Yellow Corn Meal	8c
10 bars Laundry Soap	25c
1 can choice Tomatoes, 1 can Sugar Corn, 1 can Peas,	For 20c
Medium Hams, per lb	10c
California Shoulder Ham	6c
Strawberries, 3 boxes for	25c
Radishes, 3 bunches for	5c
Green Onions, 3 bunches for	5c
Lettuce, 2 bunches for	5c

Celery and Fresh Tomatoes at Lowest Prices

ANDERSON
CASH GROCERY CO.
Cor. First Ave. East and Superior St.
Telephone 555.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 26, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Addison M. Farwell, deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Maria F. Sterling and Ella F. Wardwell, executrices named in the will of said decedent.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 26th day of March, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court.)
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Executrices.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-26-April-2-9.

AMUSEMENTS.

Music AND Education

Prof. W. L. Tomlins,

For 25 years director of the famous Apollo Club, Chicago, also choral director of the World's Fair, will lecture as above, at the

ASSEMBLY HALL,
HIGH SCHOOL.

TONIGHT, April 2d, at 8 p.m.

Admission 25c, - - - Children 15c.

"AUNT AUGUSTA,"

Musical Comedy in Three Acts.

By Bruno Eyferth.

TONIGHT, April 2nd,

—AT—

TURNER HALL.

Seats for sale at Geist's Jewelry Store.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N. SCOTT, Manager

Two Nights, Monday and Tuesday..... APRIL 5-6

MR. JAMES

O'NEILL

And company in two magnificent productions.

"VIRGINIUS"..... Monday
"MONTE CRISTO"..... Tuesday

On Monday evening each lady holding coupon for seat in dress circle and parquet will be presented with a handsome souvenir.

STAR ★ LECTURE ★ COURSE

FIRST M. E. CHURCH.

Tuesday Evening April 6.

Rev. N. D. Hillis, D.D.

Subject—"John Ruskin's Message to the 19th Century."

Wednesday evening, April 14, the famous Boston Ideal Club, a quintet of singers, accompanying themselves with Banjos, Guitars and Mandolins.

Each entertainment 50c. Seats go on sale for the Hillis lecture Saturday, April 3, at 9 a. m., at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

A. Lincoln Kirk

Impersonator and Humorist,

FROM NEW YORK, assisted by the

Temple Quartet and The Troubadours

MRS. LOMAN.....Organist
MISS PALMER.....Violinist

—AT THE—

Pilgrim Church, 2nd St. and Lake Av.

Under the auspices of the

Young Men's Christian Association

Friday Evening, April 9, 1897.

Admission 50 cents, including reserved seat

Reserved seat chart at A. B. Siewart & Co. 304 West Superior St., Lonsdale Bldg.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the furnishing and laying of about 2249 lineal feet of cast iron water pipe and specials, ranging from 6 inches to 30 inches in diameter, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of six hundred (600) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Bent Johnson (single), of St. Louis County, Minnesota, mortgagor, to A. B. McDonel and Thomas Irvine, mortgagees, dated the first (1st) day of November, A. D. 1891, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the second day of November, A. D. 1894, at the hour of ten o'clock and ten minutes (10:10) in the forenoon of said day, in Book ninety-five (95) of mortgages on page one hundred and seven (107).

And whereas such default consists in the non-payment of the principal sum and interest secured by the said mortgage and there is claimed to be due and there is now due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred and sixty-eight dollars and sixty-seven cents ($368.67) principal and interest.

And whereas no proceeding or action has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises therein described, at public vendue, by the sheriff of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, at the front door of the district court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Saturday, the tenth (10th) day of April, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on the said mortgage, with interest thereon and the costs and disbursements of the sale and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage and so to be sold are the tracts and parcels of land situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota and known and described as follows, to-wit: The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ of se¼) and east half of the southeast quarter (e½ of se¼) and lot two (2), of section thirty (30), in township sixty (60) north, of range twenty-one (21) west of the fourth principal meridian.

Dated Duluth, Minn., February 1897.

A. B. McDONEL and THOMAS IRVINE,
Mortgagees,

HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for Mortgagees.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-26-March-5-12-19-26-April-2.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Outer Garments



An exceptional EASTER expose of fashionable Jackets, Dresses, Separate Skirts, Silk and Wash Waists. Here is Duluth's only complete collection of those modish Paris and London styles, correctly copied by expert tailors in this country. Our Suits for Ladies—silk-lined throughout—are a perfect fit, and our prices guaranteed to be lower than what you can find anywhere else.

Our large collection and styles in Misses' Suits, from 14 to 20 years, is simply grand. The prices range from $10.50 to $16.50. We have them in Reefer Jacket, Blazer, Fly Front and Bolero Jackets.

Shirt Waists.



We only state what others say: NONE LIKE THEM, and NONE BETTER; they are perfect in every way—style, make and fit, and they do not cost any more than others ask for inferior Waists.

For the Little Ones...

We have the grandest stock of Reefers in Empire and other styles, made in the latest fashion and of the best materials.

We can fit a child from 2 to 14 years, and can sell you a nice garment for

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00.

Kid Gloves.

This morning we received our full line of Gloves for the Easter trade, in black, tan, brown, red, white and the new greens, from the very lightest shade up. This color is the scarcest to be had, as the demand is so great, but when in New York we were fortunate to get a few dozen, whilst they were being opened in the Eastern house.

We Guarantee Every Pair of Gloves.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

ANNUAL HEALTH REPORT.

Death Rate Shows a Great Decrease Over 1896.

The annual resume of the monthly reports of the health department, which has just been completed by Secretary Rossiter, shows the death rate for the year ending March 31 to be 7 per 1000, the lowest for the past seven years. The highest during the period was that for the year ending March 31, 1891, 10.9, and the lowest, aside from the year just passed, was that for the year ending March 31, 1896, 8.1. In Chicago the rate is from 21 to 22; in New York from 23 to 26, and in New Orleans from 30 to 32.

The total number of deaths was 424, against 634 for the preceding year. Of the deaths 24 were from accident and violence. Of the 26 deaths from typhoid fever, 6 were of patients from out of town. The greatest number of deaths were among those of from 20 to 40 years of age, these having 131; the next highest, among children under 1 year, 93, and the lowest, among those from 10 to 20 years, 21. There were 253 cases of typhoid fever reported against 2020 for the preceding year. The number of deaths from this disease during the preceding year was 153. Scarlet fever cases reported, 45, with 3 deaths, as against 132 cases and 6 deaths for the year preceding. Diphtheria cases, 96, with 15 deaths, as against 51 cases and 7 deaths for the year preceding. There were 1336 births during the year, of which 690 were males and 646 females; 1334 white and 2 colored.

Hood's Pills

Are gaining favor rapidly. Business men and travellers carry them in vest pockets, ladies carry them in purses, housekeepers keep them in medicine closets, friends recommend them to friends. 25c.

Kent Law Circle.

The Kent Law circle met last evening and a new set of officers were elected as follows: Leo Ball, president; Hartford Billson, secretary; Joe Van Rosencrance and F. E. Thompson, executive committee members. "Evidence" was discussed. H. B. Moer leading. The same subject will be considered next week, and the following subdivisions have been assigned: "Kinds of Evidence," W. S. Telford; "Hearsay Evidence," H. Billson; "Privileged Communications," W. S. Burke; "Competency of Witnesses," F. E. Thompson; "Admissions," H. E. Pierce; "Relevant, Material and Competent, as Applied to Evidence," R. P. Shannon; "Opinioned Evidence," H. B. Moer; "Declarations and Exceptions to Hearsay," Joe Van Rosencrance.

Q. F. U. Incorporates.

The young ladies associated, known as the "Q. F. U.," which has been working in connection with the Women's home for several years, has been incorporated. The charter members are as follows: Clare Berenice Crowley, Frances E. Edwards, Eunice B. Simonds, Williamette Dodge, Mary Bradley, Mate Maxwell, Bessie M. Strayer, Clare E. Humason, Clara Ames, Blanch L. Howe, Virginia Magoffin, Helen Prescott, Ada Phillips, Virginia La Vaque, Florence G. Briggs, Clara Bull, Alice M. Jones, Anna M. Dickinson, Margaret Graff, Ruth Ingalls, and Lillian Ingalls. The officers are: Berenice Crowley, president; Clara Bull, vice president; Frances Edwards, secretary; Belle Simonds, treasurer; Anna Dickinson and Virginia La Vaque, tellers.

Getting In Shape.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad company is making final preparations for the opening of the ore shipping season. Side tracks leading to the mines on the range are being put in shape for immediate use. At Virginia the Oliver mine tracks are being cleared of snow and ice and ballasted up with gravel where necessary. The tracks of the Missabe are in much better condition this spring than they were a year ago, and a comparatively small amount of repairs will be required.

The People's Concert.

The people's concert arranged by Mrs. Harry D. Pearson will be given at the Bethel this evening. The following is the program:

"I Would that My Love"..Mendelssohn
Orchestra.
Violins, Miss Palmer, Mrs. Barlow, Mr. Tupper; 'cello, Mr. Peck; clarinet, Mr. Howell; cornet, Mr. Pearson; piano, Mrs. Pearson.
Vocal duet—"Cheerfulness" ..Gumbert
Miss McKay, Miss Calverley.
Piano duet—
a. Brautgesang, from Wedding Music .....Jensen
b. Festzug, from Wedding Musik .....Jensen
Mrs. Pearson, Mrs. Stocker.
Cornet solo—"Der Freischutz"...Weber
Harry D. Pearson.
Vocal solo—Selected .....
Horace Brown.
Piano solo—
a. "Dreams" .....Klein
b. Impromptu .....Rubinstein
Mrs. Harry D. Pearson.
Violin solo—"Le Melencholie".....
.....Lautenbach
Miss Clara Palmer.
Vocal solo—"Answers" .....Robyn
Miss Susanne McKay.
Bridal chorus—"Lohengrin" ....Weber
Orchestra.
Accompaniments by Miss Dorothy Nichols, Mrs. Stocker, Mrs. Pearson.

SECRECY

Ferguson Mine Managers Are Preserving a Great Amount of It.

Said to Permit the Office Force Only In the Stamp Mill.

Some Stir In Mining on American Side In Cook County.

Some time ago the report became current that at the Ferguson property near Seine river the ore was so rich that the owners would not allow outsiders to touch it, but were sacking it up in the shaft. Now the report is current that in their efforts to preserve secrecy the owners of the Ferguson have gone a step farther and now have their precious ore hedged about by a circle of precautions that would protect the United States treasury. The story is that the managers of the mine will allow no one to work at the stamp mill, except the office force, and that no one outside of the men necessary for the operation of the mill is allowed to step within its doors.

The idea is that the ore is so precious that they dare not trust any outsiders with it. Those on the outside who know of the wonderfully rich ore which was struck at the Ferguson do not know whether it held out or not. It may not have exceeded 500 pounds, but the fact that these precautions are kept up would indicate that the rich find still holds out.

A number of new stamp mills have been ordered and soon after the opening of navigation there will be about thirty in the Seine river district. As many as a dozen new ones have been ordered to go in as soon as possible.

The mining excitement caused by recent rich developments in the Rainy Lake and Seine River country has extended eastward into American territory in Cook county and considerable exploring and prospecting is being carried on there. For years it has been known that many kinds of valuable minerals existed in Cook county, the specimens of gold, silver, copper, nickel and platinum, besides iron, having been brought out from time to time. Practically no development work has ever been done there, however, but owners of property have been greatly encouraged at the discoveries made to the north and east of them, where they claim surface indications were not better than can be found in numerous places in Cook county.

Two firms in Minneapolis have for some time been purchasing options on Cook county mineral lands and they promise to do a large amount of exploring during the coming summer. They are more particularly interested in nickel mining, however, and claim to have obtained some remarkable assays in nickel from the iron ore beds. The report of the likelihood of a railroad being built into the mineral country back of Grand Marais has also had the effect of stimulating interest in that region, and the older residents of the isloated Lake Superior town, who have waited patiently for more than a quarter of a centry for capital to come to their assistance in developing the resources that they are so confident exist, are elated at the prospects and can now almost hear the screech of locomotives hauling valuable cargoes to and from the docks to be built on the harbor front.

STOCKHOLDERS SUED.

Suit to Enforce Liability Against Highland Company.

Charles W. Elston, as receiver for the insolvent estate of A. L. Newton, in behalf of himself and all other creditors, this morning began a suit against the Highland Improvement company, the predecessor of the Duluth Heights Land company, to enforce the statutory liability of the stockholders. The complaint alleges that the plaintiff is a judgment creditor for $895.34, an execution on which judgment was returned unsatisfied except as to $5.90, further alleged that the company is duly insolvent and has been since the rendition of the above judgment wholly unable to pay its debts.

The company was capitalized at $20,000,000, and 40,000 shares of the par value of $50 each were issued. The suit is brought under chapter 76 to enforce the liability of the stockholders for the debts of the concern, and the plaintiff asks that a receiver be appointed and a sum equal to the par value of their holdings of stock collected from each shareholder, or as much thereof as may be necessary to pay all the creditors of the corporation. Those who are alleged in the complaint to be stockholders are as follows:

B. Murphin, $84,850; J. A. Willard, $77,950; G. G. Hartley, $79,650; Investment company, $47,250; Central Trust company, New York, $46,600; Syndicate Investment company, $37,850; Luther Mendenhall, $35,900; Penn Land and Loan company, $32,700; M. D. Willard, $21,900; Hulett estate, $20,400; J. B. Howard, W. S. Sohler, $20,000 each; S. F. Snively, $22,800; State bank of Duluth, $19,400; David M. Clough, $17,300; O. P. Stearns estate, $11,500; C. P. Craig, $9000; W. C. Bond, $8800; E. W. Matter, $7000; Marcus Simpson, $6000; C. E. Shannon, $5850; S. E. Snively, $5500; G. G. Dickerman, $5125; Thomas Lowry, Harry White, $5000 each; B. M. Martin, $4800; Horatio Davis, $4600; J. F. Nowell, $4200; F. H. Guffey, $4100; C. C. Teare, John G. Williams, $4000; Thomas J. Jones, J. P. Thompson, $3000 each; A. M. Prudden, $2500; B. T. Randall, $2250; Joshua Lovett, J. H. Triggs, $2000 each; Arnold Peffer, $1600; W. S. Moore, $1500; E. Bennett, $1400; J. L. Spencer, $1375; Celia F. Cook, $1300; A. B. Zargen, $1200; Joseph H. Beacon, J. B. Henderson, Charles F. Clements, C. H. Eldridge, E. H. Huston, T. L. Templeton, $1000 each; A. R. Walker, $950; A. L. Warner, $800; H. W. Coffin, Clara M. Smith, $750 each; Theodore Thompson, $750; E. C. Eldred, $600; G. W. Cottle, David Ogilvie, James Seville, F. S. Wardwell, $500 each; Nettie G. Frizzell, $450; Inga E. Rostrom, $400; T. A. Snively, $350; J. E. Chase, W. W. Sanford, $250; G. P. Stillman, $200; Edward Hazen, J. W. Shellenberger, Snively & Craig, $150 each; James Bardon, G. R. Laybourn, M. S. Snyder, $100; F. D. Day, G. A. Elder, C. M. Gray, J. H. Harris, C. Markell, W. G. Willard, $50.

A. N. McGindley is the attorney.

AMUSEMENTS.

"AUNT AUGUSTA."

Tonight Bruno Eyferth's musical comedy will be produced at Turner hall, and there will undoubtedly be a large house, for great interest is being taken in the production. Mr. Eyferth himself will appear in one of the leading characters. John Doran and Charles Applehagen, who made such hits in the recent minstrel performance, will have parts in the cast. Miss Aimee Hunter, Miss Meta Eyferth and Miss Emma Wisted will have the other parts. There will be musical numbers, several of which are original.

PROFESSOR W. L. TOMLINS.

W. L. Tomlins, one of the best known musical directors of the West, director of the Apollo club of Chicago, will lecture at the High School this evening at 8 o'clock on the general subject of "Music and Education." Mr. Tomlins is, without question, an authority on most matters concerning music. In a recent address before the National Educational association Professor Tomlins said:

"Song is the vocal utterance of the self, the inner, real self—complete, individual, unique. Standing before you, if in manhood, my individuality is established. I am myself, unique. God has not duplicated me anywhere. This is my glory; it is also my responsibility. The utterance of this self is song. It is vital, flaming, giving life to others. Mr. Ingersoll is reported to have said that if he were infinite in power, health, not disease, should be catching. That it is not is perhaps due to the fact that we are abnormal. For a moment of Patti's singing her audience were really themselves—normal. Her vital song-voice kindled a fire in each till all were aflame."

JAMES O'NEILL.

James O'Neill's performance of Virginius in Sheridan Knowles' tragedy by that name has been one of this and last season's banner events. Although the public for the last twenty years has recognized the dramatic treasure it possessed in this popular actor, it is doubtful if any of the great interpretations, that of "Monte Cristo" included, has left such a deep impression upon his audiences as his grand portrayal of his classical Roman hero. In fact, Mr. O'Neill is said to be the noblest Roman of them all, combining Edward Forrest's virile strength with John McCullough's infinite tenderness. The public may convince itself of the truth of this statement by going to the Lyceum on Monday evening, when "Virginius" will be played, while the phoenix-like "Monte Cristo" will follow on the next night. Mr. O'Neill's inspired performance of Dumas' hero is as familiar to all theater-goers as Joe Jefferson's Rip Van Winkle.

REV. N. D. HILLIS.

Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis will lecture at the First Methodist church next Tuesday on "John Ruskin's Message to the Nineteenth Century." The Purdue Union said of him:

"It was the best and most masterly address that people in this vicinity have heard. He possesses an original delivery which is unsurpassable, and his work is very interesting. His address was interminglied with much humor, which pleased the audience greatly. This is a mere sketch of the most beautiful in thought, the most searching and the most suggestive of all the commencement day exercises that have ever been delivered at Purdue."

A. LINCOLN KIRK.

Next Friday evening A. Lincoln Kirk will give an entertainment at Pilgrim church, assisted by the Troubadours and Temple quartet. A. Lincoln Kirk holds a unique place among the platform entertainers of the country. His entertainments are of a novel character and differ entirely from the so-called "elocutionary" exhibitions. His programs are arranged and given in an original style, and many of his selections and character impersonations have been adapted by himself from various popular authors. Mr. Kirk has great power and versatility of facial expression, and this, combined with his dramatic ability, enables him to impersonate widely different characters and to give a program of great variety. He has studied under several prominent teachers of expression, and his style and methods are of a refined and intellectual order.

Rev. N. D. Hillis, D.D.,

of Chicago. Lectnre—"JOHN RUSKIN'S MESSAGE TO THE 19th CENTURY."

Tuesday Eve. April 6, at First M. E. Church

(Star Lecture Course.) Tickets 50c. Reserved seats on sale tomorrow at 9 a. m. at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

More Indoor Base Ball.

Company A and Company G will have another game of indoor baseball one week from tomorrow night at the armory. Company G since its victory last Monday has been highly elated and is confident that it can repeat the performance. Company A on the other hand is equally determined that it shall not be done and the game will be a hot one. The attendance at all the games has been good and not the least attractive feature is the informal dance after the game.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

A Pastor Resigns.

Rev. D. Kogge has resigned the pastorate of St. Matthew's German Lutheran church on account of throat trouble and Rev. B. Ewald, of Marshall, Minn., has been called to occupy the pulpit. Rev. Kogge will preach his farewell sermon next Sunday.

BEAUTIFUL SKIN

Soft, White Hands with Shapely Nails, Luxuriant Hair with Clean, Wholesome Scalp, produced by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest, for toilet, bath, and nursery. The only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the PORES.

Cuticura

SOAP is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

"How to Purify and Beautify the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," mailed free.

BABY HUMORS Itching and scaly, instantly relieved by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

Half a Lifetime

FOR THIRTY-FIVE YEARS OHRENBERGER OF MONTAGUE HAD KIDNEY TROUBLE TILL HE COULDN'T REST.

It's All Off Now, For He Discovered Dodd's Kidney Pills Were the Cure He Long Had Sought and Ached Because He Found It Not.

Montague, Mich., Dec. 24.—Joseph Ohrenberger, of this town, never tires of telling how he has been relieved of backaches which had caused him suffering for thirty-five years.

"Thirty-five years is a pretty long time to have a backache, isn't it," he said to your correspondent. "Yet that is just how long I suffered. Most of that time I did not know what caused the backache, but supposed it to be due to a fall which I received. Then I learned that my Kidneys were out of order, and that was the true cause."

"Did you doctor for it?" he was asked.

"Did I?" he repeated. I tried all the remedies you ever heard of. Whenever I heard of a new on, I would try it."

"And did none of them help you?"

"Not one of them gave me any benefit whatever until I tried DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. I have only taken six boxes of DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS, and can state most positively that they have cured me."

"You have no return of the aches?"

"No. Why should I? I have cured my Kidneys. The aches all sprang from diseased Kidneys. Now they are well. I am as hearty as I was 35 years ago But I look back with regret at what I have gone through, and tell you if I knew of any one who was suffering as I did, I would sit down and write them to drop all other medicines and use DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. Stick to them and you will be cured. I cannot make it too strong."

The manufacturers of DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS do not claim for them anything that they cannot substantiate by the testimony of witnesses like Mr. Ohrenberger. They claim that the pills will cure every disease of the Kidneys, and any trouble arising from bad Kidneys. Nothing more; nothing less.

Price 50 cents a box; six boxes for $2.50. For sale at all druggists, or may be obtained by mail of the DODD'S MEDICINE CO., 638-642 Ellicott Square, Buffalo, N. Y.

You will regret it if you miss it

The Concert at the Pavilion Sunday Afternoon

By the—

CITY BAND!

ADMISSION FREE.

Take the incline.

LOOKS FOR A REVIVAL.

Mr. Hartley Expects an Early Renewal of Prosperity.

G. G. Hartley, who has returned from the East, is much encouraged by the outlook, and believes that the enactment of the new tariff law will mark the beginning of a period of prosperity. In conversation with The Herald, he said:

"Some people say Duluth and Superior grew too fast, and that we are suffering from the reaction. This is a mistake. The fact is these two cities, had they kept pace with the development of the surrounding country, would have today over 200,000 people and double their present business. It was this great development of the Northwest and not the growth of these cities that was phenomenal. Think of the construction from here to the Pacific coast of the Northern Pacific, the Canadian Pacific, and the Great Northern and their many branch lines all within a few years. Consider the development of the iron regions in this immediate vicinity in the past ten years. This is what was phenomenal, and not the growth of these two cities. The fact is the whole country under a wise, a patriotic and an American system of government was prosperous, and the Northwest was especially active in the development of its matchless resources, but all at once the people the country over decided we must have a change, and the majority of them voted for so-called tariff reform and for putting the control of the government of this country in the hands of the solid South, which was never in sympathy with the growth and development of this region or the Northern states generally. They got what they voted for. We were promised four years of clover; we have had it, and we do not want any more of it. The revenues of our government were reduced and it became embarrassed, and its securities distrusted. Our manufacturing industries were paralyzed, many of our people were bankrupt, and the world saw an example of a great country in time of peace, without famine or loss of crops, with its business prostrated and its people going bankrupt. Theorists pretended to have some excuse for the free trade features of the Wilson bill, but I have never heard any excuse offered for the repeal of the reciprocity feature of the McKinley bill.

"The Dingley bill that has passed the house will restore the government revenue and help to put this country on the road to prosperity. Business here and elsewhere will begin to improve as soon as this law takes effect; this is as sure as that the sun will rise tomorrow. It will take some time for Duluth to get back where it was four years ago. We must reduce municipal expense and bring in here manufacturing industries and jobbing houses in order to employ our people and help pay our taxes. I have just been East trying to interest some parties in a manufacturing interest here. I find the prevailing impression that these cities are not friendly to capital. This is not true, and this impression must be corrected if we would get capital in here. Our city officials, newspapers and citizens generally can do much in this line. We must not give any improper advantage, but by showing a friendly and encouraging spirit toward individuals or corporations who will come in among us to build up a business, employ labor and help pay our public expense. I think the press should be especially active in encouraging and bespeaking fair treatment to capital already invested here and that which may come."

The innumerable testimonials in the possession of its proprietors show the good work Salvation Oil is doing. 25 cents.

SHOE SALE

Gentlemen: We have a lot of Calf and Enamel Shoes in good styles and of reliable make, formerly selling from $5.00 to $6.00 a pair. Special price for a limited time—per pair..... **$3.74**

Calf Goodyear and Hand Welt Shoes, regular $4.00 and $5.00 goods; good styles and full line of sizes—now per pair **$3.00**

Solid Shoes. Full line of sizes and widths, made in the leading styles of today and strictly solid goods—per pair..... **$2.50**

See our Men's Shoes at $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00 a pair. They are unequalled values.

Ladies' Shoes. Great variety of Turn, Welt and McKay sewed Shoes, ranging in price from $3 50 to $5.00 a pair; stylish and durable. **$3.00**

Lace and Button Shoes. New lace and button coin and pointed toe Shoes, all sizes; good values—per pair..... **$2.50**

CHILDREN'S SHOES.

Child's Grain Leather Shoes, sizes 5 to 8—now, per pair.....75c
Child's Grain Leather Shoes, sizes 9 to 11—per pair.....85c
Misses' Grain Leather Shoes, sizes 11 to 2—pair 85c, $1.00, $1.52
Infants' Shoes—per pair.....22c
Infants' 65c Shoes—per pair.....49c
Infants' Soft Sole Lace and Button Shoes; clean new goods—p'r 50c

Spring Styles in Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes are here. Come early and make a good selection.

PHILLIPS & CO.,

218 West Superior Street.

EASTER ARTICLES.

List of Those to Be Found In the Library.

Articles on the subject of Easter to be found in the library are as follows:

"Easter Controversy in the British Isles"—Montalembert in "Monks." vol. 4 p. 149. 271-m.

"Controversy on Time of Celebration"—Sheldon in "History of the Early Church," p. 250-279. 270 sh-4.

"Church Festivals"—Schaff in "History of Christian Church." v. 1 p. 480. 270 sc-1.

"Observance, Manner of Celebrating, Difference of Reckoning Time, Derivation of Name, Custom of British Church."—Fisher in "History of Christian Church," see index. 270 F. 53-a.

For further reference see Neander's, Moellers', Milman's, Lea's and Chetham's church histories in same department.

Easter sermons by Phillips Brooks in "Sermons for the Church Year." 252 B. 79-e.

"Easter Sunday"—Mrs. Stowe in "Religious Studies," p. 177. 244 st-6.

"Easter—When it Occurs, Church Decorations, Cards, Plays in Churches, etc.," in "Manners, Customs and Observances," see index. 390 w. 12.

"Easter Eggs," in same, p. 223-252.

"Easter Eve, Easter Day, Easter Eggs, Easter holidays, Lifting on Easter," in Brand's "Popular Antiquities," pp 83-97. 390 B. 73.

"An English Easter"—Henry James in "Portraits of Places." 914 J. 23.

"The Easter Hare," Atlantic Monthly, vol. 65, p. 695 ref.

"Easter Flowers," S. Osgood, in Harper's, vol. 2, p. 189 ref.

"The Easter Card," story—V. W. Johnson, in Harper's, vol. 60, p. 755 ref.

EASTER POEMS.

"Easter Poems," by John Keble, in "The Christian Year." 245 K. 23.

"Easter Morn"— F. L. Hosmer, in "Thought of God in Hymns." 245 H. 79.

"Risen"—Same in same.

"Gethsemane"—James Montgomery, in "World's Best Hymns." p. 18. 245 H. 22.

"Easter Day"—R. Browning, in poems, p. 327. Same in vol. 4 of poems, 821 Br. 85-b.

"Easter"—R. W. Gilder, in "Five Books of Song." p. 49-811. G. 38-a.

"Easter Day" in a Mountain Churchyard"—Mrs. Hemans, in poems, vol. 7, p 165. 821 H. 37.

"Easter"—Robert Herrick in poems, p. 41. 821 H. 42. "Easter Wings." Same in same.

"Easter Week"—Ch. Kingsley, in poems, p. 314. 821 K. 61.

"Easter Sunset and Sunrise"—Lucy Larcom, in "At the Beautiful Gate." 811 L. 32. "Christ is Risen." In same. "Lily of the Resurrection." In same. "Woman's Easter." In same.

"Easter Hymn"—Milman, in poems, vol. 2, p. 342. 821 M. 63.

"Resurgam"—Helen Jackson, in poems. 811 J. 13. "Easter Bells." Same in same.

"Easter Song"—Margaret Sangster, in "On the Road Home." 811 L. 5. "Mary." in same.

"Easter Flower Gift"—Whittier, in poems, vol. 2, 811 W. 64.

"Easter Lilies"—Wolcott, in "Song Blossoms." p. 205, 811 W. 83.

"Easter Eve at Kerak-Moab"— C. Scollard, in Atlantic Monthly, vol. 67, p. 455, ref.

"Easter Wings"—In Harper's, vol. 68, p. 785, ref.

Poem on Easter—Mrs. Whitney, in Scribner, vol. 3, p. 767, ref.

"Easter Hymns from Old Cloisters"—in Atlantic, vol. 43, p. 417, ref.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Among the senate confirmations yesterday was that of Charlemagne Tower, of Philadelphia, to be minister to Austria-Hungary.

The Elks of Winona, Duluth, Mankato, Crookston and Stillwater have leased parlors at the Nicollet hotel, Minneapolis, for Minnesota headquarters for Elks during the annual meeting of that order in July of this year.

M. D. Swanson, a Minneapolis saloonkeeper, attempted suicide yesterday, while suffering from delirium tremens. He cut his throat and opened the veins in his wrist. A policeman found him on the stairs of his home. He will probably die.

Cambridge Springs, a Pennsylvania health resort, was almost totally destroyed by fire yesterday. The property loss will exceed $200,000 and one life was sacrificed. Thirty business houses and twelve residences were wiped out.

Miss Lottie Merrill, of Denver, committed suicide by morphine poisoning at a late hour Wednesday night while en route from Denver to Lincoln, where she was going with her lover to be married.

Alice Hull is no longer the wife of Rev. James C. Hull. Judge Brill's findings and the formal decree of divorce were filed in the office of the clerk of the court at St. Paul yesterday and the last act of one of the most sensational dramas ever enacted in Ramsey county is over. The decree gives the custody of the two children to Mrs. Hull.

The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows the total receipts during March to have been $36,217,662 and the disbursements $27,212,997, leaving a surplus for the month of $9,004,665. This excess is due almost entirely to increased receipts from customs.

Dr. J. H. Moore, ex-financier, journalist and politician, at Manchester, N. H., was sentenced to four years at hard labor yesterday for over-issuing Union Publishing company stock, and for fraudulently recording the same. Moore was also president of the Derryfield Savings bank and the New Hampshire Life Insurance company. Both institutions were involved in the crash which wrecked the doctor.

G. N. Nichols is an applicant for appointment as supervising inspector of steam vessels at St. Paul, Minn.

Nearly 3000 Dunkards and Mennonites passed through St. Paul today en route to their new homes in North Dakota. This was the largest single movement of settlers ever seen in the Northwest. About 95 per cent of the entire party was composed of Dunkards and their families.

Charles L. Hastings, an abstract clerk in the law office of Judge E. P. Kirby, at Jacksonville, Ill., was found in the office yesterday morning dead, his body terribly cut and mutilated, and the room showing traces of a desperate struggle. The cutting was done, to all appearances, with a pocket knife, and to cover the crime, the assassin had cut the wrists of the murdered man to give the impression of suicide.

The family of Consul General Fitzhugh Lee left Havana for New York city by the Ward line steamer City of Washington last evening. They were accompanied by Mrs. Todd and her children, Miss Branch and Miss Galvez, the German and Italian consuls, several American newspaper correspondents and the entire staff of the consul general.

The Swiss police are actively investigating the death of a postal official, who was shot and killed on a train between Geneva and Berne. Several mail bags were stolen.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

is far ahead of any blood remedy on the market, for it does so much more. Besides removing impurities, and toning up the run-down system, it *cures* any blood disease, it matters not how deep-seated or obstinate, which other so-called blood remedies fail to reach. It is a real blood remedy for real blood diseases.

Mr. Asa Smith, of Greencastle, Ind., writes: "I had such a bad case of Sciatic Rheumatism that I became absolutely helpless—unable to take my food or handle myself in any way. I took many patent medicines, but they did not reach my trouble. One dozen bottles of S. S. S. cured me sound and well, and I now weigh 170."

Books on blood and skin diseases mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by David B. Clark and Maggie Clark, his wife, mortgagors, to Julia M. Landon, mortgagee, bearing date December twenty-eighth (28th), 1893, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on December thirty-first (23st), 1893, at four (4) o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page three hundred fifty-four (354); such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, and of the coupon note given for the same, which became due on January first (1st), 1897, amounting to the sum of $20, in part of which has ever been paid; by reason whereof said mortgagee has elected to exercise the option to her given by the terms of said mortgage and the principal note thereby secured, by declaring, and she does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage and note, with all accrued interest and exchange thereon, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of five hundred twenty-eight and 68-100 ($528.68) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered five (5) and six (6), of block numbered eighteen (18), West Duluth, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-seventh (27th) day of April, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 10th, 1897.

JULIA M. LANDON,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-12-19-26-April-2-9-16.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

RATHBUN'S

CASH GROCERY.
21 E. Superior St. Simon Clark, Manager.
Telephone 656.

QUALITY OUR LEADING FEATURE—PRICE THE SECOND CONSIDERATION.

Saturday Specialties

PURE LEAF LARD per pound..... 5c
EGGS, Strictly Fresh per dozen..... 11c
BUTTER, Elgin Creamery —In 3-lb and 5-lb packets—per lb.. 20c
BULK CREAMERY per pound..... 18c
Washburn-Crosby—
PARISIAN FLOUR 49-lb sack, per sack.. $1.10
None Better at any price.
One thousand boxes—
RIPE STRAWBERRIES per box.... 10c
Our Strawberries are the Finest Stock and **Must Not** be compared with the Green Louisiana Fruit.
HOME GROWN LETTUCE Four heads for..... 10c
FANCY RADISH four bunches for.... 10c
GREEN ONIONS four bunches for.... 10c
NEW CABBAGE per pound..... 2½c
SPECIAL SNAP IN ORANGES—Juicy nice fruit—$1.90 a box, $1 a half box—per doz..... 12c
LARGE MESSINA LEMONS Per dozen..... 10c
NEW FLORIDA TOMATOES Ripe and Fine—2 pounds for..... 25c
NEW PIEPLANT per pound..... 8c
BANANAS, Fancy Large, per doz.. 15c
BACON, Best Quality, per pound.... 8c
JAPAN TEA [Garden City] Per pound 35c—3 pounds for..... $1
IMPORTED WALNUTS per pound... 10c
COFFEE, Hoffman House, Java and Mocha—per pound..... 30c
ROASTED RIO COFFEE per pound.. 14c
SOAP, Ten large size bars for..... 25c
BULK STARCH, Best Quality—3 pounds for.... 10c
NAVY BEANS, Fancy Small—6 pounds for..... 10c
Extra Nice Quality
CORN, PEAS, TOMATOES, THREE CANS FOR..... 25c

Prompt Deliveries.
RATHBUN'S. 21 EAST SUP. ST.

Baptist Society Meeting.

The Young People's society of the First Swedish Baptist church, corner of Nineteenth avenue west and First street, will have a grand festival and jubilee tomorrow evening at the church. The program will be as follows:

Singing .....
Bible reading and prayer.....J. H. Asquist
Greeting .....John Bergquist
Singing .....Meg's quartet
Five year review of the Y. P. S. .....
.....Fred Johnson
Music and singing.....String band
Welcome.....
.....Annie Sjoland, Emma and Ida Johnson
Refreshments accompanied by music on the organ.....Hilda Bjork
Declamation .....Emma Hertig
Music .....
Jubilee speech. .....Rev. K. A. Lundin
Singing .....Choir
Poetical review .....Edna Raop
Coffee and Smorgas.....

The Saturday Club.

The Saturday club's program for tomorrow's meeting is as follows:

Current events—"Famous Givers and Their Gifts."

History lesson—Reign of Richard II. Council of regency and results. Earl of Suffolk impeached. Civil commotion. Expulsion or execution of the king's ministers. Duke of Gloucester. Duke of Hereford. Deposition and murder of the king. His character.

Piano solo .....Eleanor K. Pineo
The leader will be Rebecca Pineo Boyington.

Spring Millinery.

Madame Warde announces that her Spring millinery is now ready.

Household goods stored in good brick storehouse for $1 per ton per month.
DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

Stylish Hats

For Men with Large Heads....

This morning we received direct from New York, a few dozen of becoming and neat Soft and Stiff Hats, made up specially for men who wear extra sizes—7⅛, 7⅜ and 7¾. Usually men who wear such large sizes have difficulty in getting properly suited.

We promise Satisfaction.

M. S. BURROWS

HEARING

Examination of the Spellmans, Charged With Arson, Begun Today.

Prosecution Presents Strong Evidence as to the Presence of Combustibles.

Spellman Was Arrested Last Night and All Four Furnished Bail.

Thomas Spellman, wanted for complicity in the attempt to burn his store building at 1806 West Superior street yesterday morning, was captured late yesterday afternoon by Officer Ryan. At 5 o'clock Spellman, his wife and two nieces, Florence and Mary Angleman were taken before Judge Edson, who committed them for preliminary hearing at 10 o'clock this morning. Attorney J. C. Hessian, on behalf of the accused, waiving the reading of the complaint. Later they were admitted to bail in the sum of $1000 each by Judge Cant, and were released on bonds furnished by Contractor David Sang and Mr. Forbester, of West Duluth.

The offense with which the prisoners are charged is designated in the complaint as arson in the first degree, the minimum penalty of which is ten years' imprisonment.

Late in the afternoon, Thomas Spellman, who had not heard of the arrest of his wife and nieces, appeared at the office of W. M. Prindle & Co. to inquire about the insurance on the building. He was delayed in conversation while a message was sent to police headquarters. Officer Ryan was despatched to bring Spellman in. Just before Ryan reached the corner of Third avenue west and Superior street, Spellman boarded a Fourteenth avenue east car, and as the officer arrived at the corner the car was well up toward Second street. Ryan was told that his man was on the car. Making a dash up the hill, the officer hailed a back at First street, the driver whipped up his horses, at Third avenue east the car was overtaken and Spellman apprehended. He would not say anything about the matter, except to assert that he could explain away the evidence when the proper time came. Spellman has lived in Duluth for fourteen years. He was at one time engaged in the meat business and later dealt in real estate. Recently he has been employed at West Superior as a car inspector for the South Shore road.

The detectives secured as exhibits in the case a bundle of kindling and a large bag of cotton waste all thoroughly soaked with kerosene, which were taken from the wall of the building.

HEARING THIS MORNING.

The preliminary hearing of the prisoners was taken up before Judge Edson at 10 o'clock this morning. They were represented by Attorneys C. O. Baldwin and J. C. Hessian. County Attorney Asbury appeared for the state. The whole time of the morning session was taken up in examining the witnesses for the prosecution, the state resting at noon.

Officer Rosch, who discovered the fire and turned in the alarm, was the first witness. He saw the blaze from Garfield avenue and Superior street; ran to No. 2 fire hall and gave the alarm, and then ran to the fire, arriving within five minutes after he saw the flames. He saw two women dressed in street attire standing in front of J. W. Nelson's store, nearly opposite the burning building. They were there when he arrived. He pointed out Mrs. Spellman and Mary Angleman as the women he saw. Saw no one else in the vicinity then. Mrs. Spellman had a shawl over her head. He asked her if the people were all out of the building, and she said they were.

Assistant Chief Boyington testified that the alarm was turned in at 3:05 o'clock, and he proceeded at once to the fire. As soon as the smoke would permit, he and Assistant Chief Randall had made an examination. They found a quantity of cotton waste in the kitchen, some of it on the woodpile and some in the wall in several places back of where the wainscoting had been. The wainscoting had been recently torn from these places, apparently. The sections torn off were standing against the wall, with pieces of waste hanging on them. In the front and dining rooms, also, the lath and plaster had been torn off above the baseboard and waste stuffed in among the lath all along. In one place a hole had been knocked in the plastering above the baseboard and waste had been stuffed into the aperture. The furniture, including a piano in the front room, a bookcase in the dining room and a cupboard in the kitchen, stood out from the wall several feet. Witness was one of the first to enter the kitchen. The firemen who were on the ladder may possibly have stepped in through the windows with the hose, possibly as much as five minutes before he entered. The smoke was so thick that he could not see them at times. The firemen were also in the dining and front rooms. The fire was principally in these rooms. He saw no furniture outside of the building. He found a bushel basketful of waste altogether, and also some kindling wood. The waste and wood were thrown in a pile together against the wainscoting in the kitchen. There were a good many holes in the walls and waste in all of them.

BEDS WERE STRIPPED.

He first saw Mrs. Spellman and another woman ten or fifteen minutes after he arrived at the fire. She had a shawl wrapped around her head. Couldn't say whether she was fully dressed or not. The women were standing in front of Nelson's store. The beds, of which there were five in all, had been stripped of everything but the mattresses. The pillows were on one bed. He found no bed clothes anywhere, nor any trunks, except one, which was on the back porch. The only clothes he saw were a few lady's skirts hanging in one of the rooms. There were not many dishes besides a few on a table, which had apparently been left standing after a meal. Nothing in the way of cutlery was found but a few broken knives. When shown some of the oil-soaked kindling and waste procured by the officers, the witness said they looked and smelled like what he saw in the house.

Assistant Chief Randall corroborated the testimony of Mr. Boyington, with whom he had made the examination. He produced a piece of waste, which he said he had taken from that found in the building. It was oil soaked and resembled that procured by the detectives.

Fire Warden Schinlaub testified to the appearances as described by Chiefs Boyington and Randall. He testified, also, to finding a can of oil with some waste hanging on it.

Officer Mork testified to having seen Mrs. Spellman and two other women in front of Nelson's store when he got to the scene, about the time the fire department arrived. She told him she had not saved anything. At the request of Chief Boyington, he had made an examination of the building. He found some waste between the studding. He ignited a piece and it burned fiercely.

Chief Black testified that he examined the premises about 9 o'clock in the morning. His testimony as to the appearances was the same as that of the others. Detectives Donovan and Troyer also testified as to the appearance of the rooms and the arrest of the women. T. H. Hawkes testified as to the insurance on the building and furniture.

M. J. Dillon, conductor of a Garfield avenue car, testified that Spellman rode with him to the foot of Garfield avenue at 11:30 o'clock Wednesday. He knew Spellman, and spoke to him. This closed the state's case.

The searching cross-examination of Attorney Baldwin failed to shake the testimony of the witnesses in any important particular.

The death of Mrs. Jane Lynch, aged 78, of 212 Eleventh avenue west, has been reported to the health department.

No evidence was introduced by the defense. The defendants, Thomas Spellman, Mrs. Spellman and Florence Angleman were held to await the action of the grand jury. The bail in such cases is fixed by a judge of the district court. Mary Angleman was discharged.

Special Church Services.

The special services at the Second Presbyterian church will be concluded this evening, and Rev. A. H. Carver, of Lakeside, will preach. The last communion service of the ecclesiastical year will be held Sunday morning, and on next Thursday evening the annual congregational meeting will be held at which reports for the past twelve months will be presented and elections held for two elders, one deacon, two trustees and members of the board of lady visitors.

New Law Firm.

Walter Ayers, Page Morris and H. F. Greene have formed a partnership, as it was intimated they were about to do in The Herald some time ago. The firm will be known as Ayers, Morris & Greene. They will have offices in the First National Bank building. The members of the firm are three of the leading lawyers at the Duluth bar and the firm will doubtless be a strong one.

Ice Has Broken Up.

J. C. Foley, who is still at the St. Louis, received a letter from Tower this afternoon informing him that the ice in the rivers in the gold country had broken up. If this report is verified travel to the Rainy Lake and Seine River districts will be stopped until the ice in the lake disappears sufficiently to permit of navigation. A number of teams loaded with freight left Tower last night, but they will be unable to get through if the rivers are open.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van Co., who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

POWER AND SETTLE DULUTH MINN.

Watch for our Millinery Opening—it will interest You.

IT'S OUR SMALL PROFITS

—THAT IS DOING THE WORK.

Prices talk louder than words, and our small prices are doing the talking for us. It is the selling of good reliable merchandise cheap that keeps us busy.

Keep your eyes open to facts: We handle up-to-date merchandise only. We always show the Latest Styles. We handle only the best materials. Our stocks are well selected, containing only desirable goods, and all are sold at small profits.

Millinery Dept.

IT MAY be a little early to talk about your Easter Bonnet or Hat, but now is the time to leave your order. Don't wait until the last moment, and then be in misery for three or four days for fear that your Milliner will disappoint you. That we are showing the prettiest and daintiest trimmed Hats is conceded by all—gay colors, so fashionable this season, blended harmoniously by the expert fingers of our artists.

Our prices are the lowest and our styles are the best.

New Shirt Waists.

Organdies, Lawns, Grass Cloths, Grenadines, Dimities, Percales and Batiste Shirt Waists from

60c to $3.

Cheap selling of Hosiery and Underwear.

Misses' Jersey Ribbed Pants, Harvard Mills, for..... 25c
Misses' three thread heel and toe Ribbed Hose, full length, stainless; 7c a pair, or 4 pair for..... 25c
Children's Fast Black Heavy Ribbed Hose, worth 25c, special 16c

Cheap Selling of Hosiery and Underwear.

Fast Black high grade Hose, 4 pair for..... 25c
Onyx Fast Black Hose, Saxony yarn, white sole good value at 40c—special..... 23c
Onyx Fast Black Cotton Hose, high spliced heel, double sole, Imported Hose, 35c a pair, or 3 pair (1 box) for..... $1.00
Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests, long and short sleeves, good value at 40c, special..... 25c
Ladies' Silk Vests, all colors, worth 75c, special..... 59c
Ladies' Silk Vests, in black and colors, good value at $1.25, special..... 98c
Misses' Jersey Ribbed Vests, Harvard Mills, long and short sleeves, for..... 25c

Muslin Underw'r Cheap.

Children's Muslin Drawers, cluster of tucks, trimmed, for from 1 to 8 years old at..... 15c and 19c
Infants' and Children's Dresses for 1, 2 and 3 years old, in Long Cloth and Victoria Lawn with embroidery yokes, and embroidery trimmed, for 49c

Muslin Underw'r Cheap.

Gentlemen's Night Robes, muslin with silk embroidery, trimmed, special 48c
Ladies' Muslin Skirts, 7-inch cambric flounce, with embroidery edge, for..... 47c
Gretchen Night Gown, cluster tucked and insertion yoke, trimmed sleeves, good muslin, special... 69c
Muslin Drawers, 4 tucks, extra muslin, for..... 19c
Muslin Skirt, umbrella flare, knee flounce, extra quality 98c
Night Robes, tucked yoke, cambric ruffled neck and sleeves, for..... 46c
A good Corset for 48c
A good $1.00 Corset for 75c

Miscellaneus.

48c all-wool Dress Goods for..... 28c
75c Checked Etamine Dress Goods for..... 49c
50c Black Serge, 46 inches wide, for..... 39c
15c Rustle Lining for..... 10c
40c French Hair Cloth for..... 28c
$10.00 Ladies' Suits for..... $7.50
98c Umbrellas for..... 69c

Miscellaneous.

7c Violets, per bunch for..... 4c
14x32-inch Turkish Towels for..... 5c
22x48 Turkish Towels, worth 18c, for..... 12½c
12-inch Wash Cloths, worth 6c, for..... 3½c
40c Moire Silk Taffeta Ribbon for..... 28c
29c Domestic Organdies for..... 15c
18c Plain Sateens for..... 11c
Cupid Hair Pins, 2 packages for..... 5c
Bone Hair Pins, 3 for..... 5c
Good Pins, 2 papers for..... 5c
New Cord Skirt Binding, per yard..... 7c
Machine Cotton Thread, 2 spools for..... 5c
Dress Shields, per pair..... 10c
500 yards Basting Cotton, large spool..... 4c
The Daisy Pin, per case..... 1c
Shirt Waist Sets for..... 25c
Colored Elastic Web, 1 inch wide—per yard..... 4c

Trade where you get the newest and the best for the least money.

POWER & SETTLE

The New Store.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Melsaac has returned from New York.

Mrs. Thomas Fitzgerald and Mrs. Peter Patnaude, of Marquette, Mich., are visiting with Mrs. L. L. Hood at the United States block.

General Manager Warren, of the Duluth street railway, returned today from a short visit with his brother at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

H. H. Gilbert, a well-known lumberman of Saginaw, Mich., is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

B. J. Cullen, of the Canadian Pacific passenger department in Montreal, was in the city today.

Hugh McLean, Jr., of Rhinelander, Mich., arrived in the city this morning and registered at the Spalding.

C. F. Schoeple, of Sandusky, Ohio, is a late arrival at the Spalding.

L. Palmer, of Burlington, Iowa, is at the St. Louis.

J. P. Kelly, of Alexandria, Ind., is at the Spalding.

George Patterson, a Detroit lumberman, is registered at the Spalding.

H. Baum, of Chicago, is at the St. Louis.

L. J. Wentworth, the Cloquet lumberman, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

Jacob Peterson, a Shafer, Minn., merchant, is a late arrival at the St. Louis.

C. L. Pratt and W. R. Baumbach came down from Grand Rapids this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

Alex Stevenson, of Detroit, Mich., is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

M. Steinhauer, of Aitken, arrived in the city this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

M. A. Peterson, of Eveleth, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

M. E. Gleason, an Ely merchant, is in the city. He is a guest at the St. Louis.

W. F. Swan, traveling freight agent of the Burlington, came up from St. Paul this morning.

F. C. Cain, of Cleveland, Ohio, is registered at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Elvidge, of 119½ Tenth avenue east, leave tomorrow for St. Paul, where they will make their future home.

Mrs. Anna Gray Phillips, of St. Paul, will meet all those interested in voice culture at the Y. M. C. A., at 8 o'clock Saturday morning.

THE BARTON CASE.

Seven Jurors Found He Died of Heart Disease.

An erroneous statement was published by the morning paper today with reference to the disagreement of the jury in the case of Albert Barton versus the Virginia Light and Water company. It said: "It is said that all the jurors were agreed that young Barton came to his death from an electric shock, but they could not come together upon the question of the liability of the defendant company." This false statement is apt to injure the interests of the defendant, as the case must be tried again. The fact is that upon the first proposition whether Barton died of an electric shock or heart disease, seven of the twelve jurors voted that he died of heart disease.

A CRETAN SKIRMISH.

Canea, April 2.—A body of insurgents today fired several rounds at the Butsunari blockhouse, which is occupied by the international troops. The Italian guns returned the fire.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Dr. L. A. Faulkner, the specialist in all chronic, nervous and skin diseases, has removed his office to room 7, Dodge block, 18 Third avenue west.

Patronize Kelly and get clean clothes.

The Duluth Book and Paper company stock was sold yesterday to Brown & Wright for $11,900. They get the stock, book accounts and fixtures which were inventoried at $28,000.

President Reed and W. H. Smith, of the board of public works, inspected the supply main trench on East Superior street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fifth avenues, yesterday afternoon. The work will be finished in a few days.

The following births and deaths have been reported to the health department: A daughter to August and Annie Saxen, of 10 East Fourth street; a son to Andrew and Matilda Olsen, of 627 Garfield avenue; a daughter to Albert and Betsy Anderson, of 627½ Garfield avenue.

Sam Atkinson's saloon was levied upon and closed today on an attachment.

Tonight there will be a reception for the purpose of welcoming Rev. F. Linden, the new pastor of the Bethel Baptist church on Ninth avenue east. It will be held at the church. Rev. Mr. Pope, of Minneapolis, and Missionary M. Berglund will assist.

Mrs. Nelson Payrot, of Brandon, N. Y., who has been in the city for the past two weeks, died this morning at the residence of Palmer Buck, 206 East Third street, of la grippe. Mrs. Payrot was the sister of Fred E. Pinkman, of Lakeside, and mother of Mrs. Palmer Buck. Mr. Payrot has been telegraphed for and will take the remains to Brandon for burial.

In the municipal court this morning Patrick McQuan pleaded guilty of drunkenness and was assessed $10 and costs. He will go on the hill for ten days. William Ryan pleaded guilty of disorderly conduct and was fined $5 and costs.

At the meeting of the Elks' lodge last night Past Exalted Ruler M. H. Crocker was elected delegate to the grand lodge, which meets in Minneapolis next July, and Fred J. Marsh was chosen alternate.

Cleaning, dyeing and repairing at Kelly's.

THE COUNTY BOARD.

Poorhouse Committee Will Report Next Tuesday.

The county commissioners hold their regular monthly meeting next Tuesday, and there will probably be a report from the junketing committee which is out looking over poorhouses with a view to building one here. The special law permitting St. Louis county to issue orders has not yet passed, and it is said that its chances are somewhat slender.

L. H. Johnson will report that he has completed the Whiteface and Paleface bridges, on the Miller Trunk road, and that the St. Louis and Cloquet river bridges will be finished this month.

The people of New Independence send in a protest against contract work on roads, and ask that the day labor system be employed.

A Gentleman's Hat — The Gordon

MARKET PRICES!

White Clover Honey, 2 frames, 25c

49 lbs best Flour on earth..... $1.10
10c bottle Blueing..... 5c
10c sack Fine Salt..... 5c
1 can Marrow Fat Peas..... 6c
1 can Sugar Corn..... 6c
3-lb can Tomatoes..... 8c
3-lb can Fancy Pumpkins..... 7c
XXX Crackers, by the box, per lb..... 5c
2-lb bricks Codfish, per brick..... 13c
Whole Codfish, per lb..... 5c
25c package Parlor Matches..... 10c
8 lbs Yellow Corn Meal..... 10c
6 lbs Yellow Peas..... 10c
California Prunes, per lb..... 5c
1-lb can Finnan Haddies..... 4c
4-lb package Wheatall (Farina)..... 4c
1 box, 3 cakes, Toilet Soap..... 6c
1-lb can Baked Beans, Tomato Sauce 5c
3-lb can Baked Beans, Tomato Sauce 10c
Hoffman House Blend Coffee..... 28c
Roll Toilet Paper, per roll..... 4c
California Peeled Peaches, per lb..... 15c
3-lb can of Apples, per can..... 7c
1-lb package Corn Starch, per package 4c
6 lbs Dried Lima Beans..... 25c

Market Grocery Co.

106 WEST FIRST STREET.

CARD OF THANKS.

To the friends who so kindly assisted us during the illness of Mrs. Payrot, whose death occurred this morning, we wish to return our sincere thanks.

Their kind offices will be remembered by us in our affliction.

MR. AND MRS. BUCK.
F. E. PINKMAN.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Evening Herald. It costs but 1 cent a word.

WEST END SNAP!

For sale, 50x140 foot lot, West End, near car line, on Third street and Eighteenth avenue, at your own price.

106 Providence Building. GEO. H. CROSBY.

TAFFY SALE!

Commencing Saturday, April 3rd, and until Easter Sunday, we offer three tons of Sample HOME-MADE TAFFIES (our own manufacture) at the low price of

8c a lb.

KIRCHMAN'S VIENNA BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY.
No. 5 West Superior St.
☞Don't fail to leave your orders with us for the best and cheapest Easter Cake in town.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the condition of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by B. Ezra Bubar, widower, to John Sutherland, bearing date the 13th day of December, 1894, with a power of sale therein contained, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1894, at 10:55 o'clock a. m., in Book 95 of mortgages on page 152, and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of said note and mortgage and there is claimed to be due, and there is actually due thereon at the date of this notice, the sum of three hundred thirty-one dollars ($331) principal and interest, and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof, and no action at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said debt.

Therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and said default and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, situate in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point on the westerly corner of lot six (6), block one hundred and six (106), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat of Myer's rearrangement of said block, running thence in a southeasterly direction on the easterly line of the alley twenty-five (25) feet, thence northeasterly parallel with Fourth street forty (40) feet, thence northeasterly parallel with said alley to the line of Fourth street, thence southwesterly along the line on the lower side of Fourth street to the place of beginning. Which said premises with hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt, and twenty-five dollars ($25) attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of St Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., April 1st, 1897.

JOHN SUTHERLAND,
Mortgagee.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-2-9-16-23-May-7.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.,

Successors to Kilgore & Siewert.
LONSDALE BUILDING.

Improvements

Are Noticeable in Our Store and Stock. We Are Prepared to Offer Lower Prices Than Ever Before on Many Things.

The Very Best $1.00 Shirts,
" $1.50 Gloves,
" $3.00 Hats,
50c Neckwear,
25c Half Hose

Are here in connection with all the newest and finest merchandise in our line possible to buy. Ladies' Waists, Belts, Neckwear, Collars and Cuffs.

DR. JAEGER'S UNDERWEAR. DUNLAP & CO.'S HATS, JOHN B. STETSON CO.'S HATS.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO.,
Successors to Kilgore & Siewert.
304 W. Superior Street.

AT GRANT'S TOMB.

President McKinley Will Attend the Dedication.

Washington, April 2.—Although the details of the president's trip to New York to attend the dedication of the Grant memorial at Riverside Park, have not all been arranged, there is absolutely no doubt that he will, barring illness, be in attendance. A special train has been arranged which probably will leave here on the morning of April 27.

The entire cabinet, foreign ambassadors and others of the diplomatic corps and many members of the senate and the house will accompany the presidential party. President McKinley has a number of invitations to be present at memorial services on Decoration day, May 30, including one at Philadelphia and one in Missouri, but has not decided which one he will accept.

HANGED AT LAST.

Quartet of Murderers Executed In New Mexico.

Santa Fe, N. M., April 2.—Francisco Gonzales Y Borrego, Antonio Gonzales Y Borrego, Surranio Allrid and Patricio Valencia, condemned to death for the murder of ex-Sheriff Frank Chavez, who was killed from ambush on May 29, 1892, were hanged together on one scaffold at 9:10 a. m. today.

On Thursday night ten special guards were placed in the jail by the sheriff and this morning a draft of men was made on the cavalry by the county with instructions to act under the orders of Sheriff Kinsel. The scaffold was 12 by 21 feet with 6-foot drop through a single trap 6 feet long and 3 feet wide. The prisoners passed arrestful night, the guards saying that nor one, even, turned in his sleep. The death warrant was read to them at 7:30 this morning and was received by the Borregoes with some facetiousness.

The vicar general remained with the doomed men until they were led to the scaffold administering the consolations of religion. They mounted the scaffold attended by the sheriff and three deputies and the vicar general and disappeared form the view of the limited number of spectators within a tent which surrounded the scaffold. None of them showed the slightest weakness and they made no statement, except to request the sheriff to remove all traces of the cause of their death before their bodies were turned over to their families.

The ropes and caps were adjusted and at 9:09 the trap was sprung. The necks of all were broken, except that of Valencia, the lightest in weight, who died from strangulation. The funerals will take place Sunday from the cathedral.

NO RESULT IN KENTUCKY.

Frankfort, Ky., April 2.—No quorum voted today and the twenty-second ballot developed only Hunter's usual strength, with which he would have been within three votes of election had the Blackburn people and anti-Hunter Republicans voted. The Democrats and Republican bolters feared that the Hunterites were about to put up some job on them when the joint assembly was called to order and declined to answer to their names at roll-call. Sixty-five answered but sixty-nine were necessary to a quorum. However, President Worthington, who has ruled very liberally on this point ordered the twenty-second ballot which resulted: Hunter, 55; Davie, 7; Boyle, 1. Total, 63. No election and the joint assembly adjourned.

The Hunterites were very much chagrined after the assembly had ajourned because of the fact that the opposition could break a quorum whenever it pleased. "It may be able to break a quorum," said Mr. Hunter in answer to a question, "but it never can consolidate on any one man and elect him. I shall not withdraw until a new caucus, regularly called and constituted, shall have removed me. If no senator is elected and the state impoverished to the extent of $10,000 or $20,000 let the blame rest where it belongs, on the traitors to the Republican party who have betrayed it into the hands of an enemy."

A SHERIFF EXTRADITED.

Albany, N. Y., April 2.—Governor Black made a requisition upon Governor Pingree, of Michigan, for the custody of Edwin S. Furgeson, the sheriff of Lewance county, Mich., who is charged with permitting Anton Christensen, arrested in New York city on the charge of embezzlement, committed in Michigan, to escape from custody after he had been turned over to the Michigan authorities by the police of New York city. It is charged that the sheriff was bribed to permit the prisoner to escape.

Would Commit Devine.

F. W. Paine this morning petitioned the probate court to be appointed guardian of Thomas Devine, the quondam banker and later explorer, who is now serving a sentence on the chain gang. This is preliminary to an examination of Devine with a view to committing him to the inebriates' asylum at Rochester.

ENGLISH ATHLETES.

Cambridge and Oxford Colleges In Field Trials.

London, April 2.—The annual field and track games between the universities of Oxford and Cambridge took place today at the Queen's club grounds. The 100 yards' dash was a dead heat between C. T. Thomas, of Jesus college, Oxford, and F. L. Carter, of Caius college, Cambridge; G. Jordan, University college, Oxford, ten inches behind the leaders. Pilkington, Trinity college, Cambridge, was last. Time, 10 1-5 seconds.

One hundred and twenty-yard hurdle dash. E. S. Garnier, of Oriole college, Oxford, beat W. H. Maundrell, Corpus college, Cambridge, by two and one-half yards. Time, 16⅗ seconds.

One mile run. H. F. Hoard, Trinity hall, Cambridge, was first and A. L. Dawson, Baliol college, Oxford, was second. Howard won by twelve yards. Time, 4 minutes, 27 2-5 seconds.

Putting sixteen-pound shot. J. H. Bullock, Trinity college, Cambridge, won with 37 feet 6½ inches, A. O. Dawson, New college, Oxford, was second with 36 feet 11½ inches. Bullock afterwards gave an exhibition in shot putting and landed the shot 38 feet 5 inches.

Running high jump. This was a dead heat. E. O. Kerlew, Christ Church, Oxford, and E. H. Cholmeley, Jesus college, Cambridge, covered 5 feet 8⅜ inches.

Quarter-mile run. G. Jordan, University college, Oxford, won, defeating W. Fitzherbert, of Trinity hall, Cambridge, by eight yards. Time, 49 4-5 seconds.

Throwing the sixteen-pound hammer. J. A. Halliday, Trinity college, Cambridge, won with 97 feet, 9 inches; P. P. Crossley, Trinity college, Oxford, was second with 95 feet, 10½ inches.

Long jump. G. C. Vassal, Oriel college, Oxford, won distance, 22 feet, 7 inches; Bevan, of Cambridge, was second with 21 feet, 8¼ inches.

Oxford won the three-mile run and the games by a score of 4 to 3, with two ties. J. P. Fromantle, Oxford college, was in the three-mile run, and W. V. Wood, Clare college, Cambridge, was second. Freemantle won by sixty yards in 14 m. 47 1-5 sec.

The track was in fairly good condition, in spite of the recent rains, and the weather was dull and cold. This, however, did not prevent an immense attendance of ladies in spring toilets. Among those present were the duke and duchess of York.

GLOOMY AT JACKSON.

Mail Lines Established With Little Skiffs.

Jackson, Miss., April 2.—Sooner than was expected the water has reached here and at 6 o'clock this morning 700 to 1000 families were surrounded with water. There is some bitterness of feeling expressed by people living to the north of Alexandria, through which a protective levee now runs. They do not think the levee should have been built as it will in all probability make a higher stage of water in this section.

Yesterday evening, citizens in that part of the town dynamited the railroad tracks in some seven or eight places in order to let the water pass out into the country east of here. This has checked the rise temporarily, but when the outer basin fills, the rise will begin again.

Water from the Deerfield or Lake Lee break is coming up slowly to the south of us and the two floods have met. East of Greenville a skiff mail line from here to Elizabeth on the Southern railway has been established, and camps of linemen are also established at convenient points working to keep the telegraph wires, so news from the other side will be maintained for some days yet. A fleet of skiffs is scouring the country and hourly bringing in loads of refugees. Loads of live stock are coming in. The worst features of the disaster yet to come to this country are being suppressed so far as possible, but the river bulletin today has caused much additional alarm.

The high stage of water from Cairo down, together with the continued heavy rise at St. Louis means widespread destruction to the delta at all points south of the Perth break. Conservative thinkers, people who are keeping their heads, fully realize the gravity of their situation. There is a calmness here, it is true, but it is the lethargy of mute despair.

TOMORROW!
Wall Paper 2c Per Roll.
LaVaque Paint & Wall Paper Co.
12 West Superior Street.

COL. GRANT DECLINES.

New York, April 2.—Col. Fred D. Grant has decided to decline President McKinley's offer of the position of first assistant to the secretary of war. He arrived from Washington early today, and went immediately to his home in East Sixty-second street.

RETRENCH

Mr. Simonds Would Apply the Pruning Knife to the Schools.

Compares Cost of Schools With Those In Other Cities.

Points Out How He Thinks Large Savings Can Be Effected.

To the Editor of The Herald:

It is an ungracious act to criticize the conduct of public authorities. Every official and employe is presumed to bring to the discharge of his duties both ability and faithfulness. This is particularly expected from persons who profess special adaptation to their work, and who are paid large salaries to secure their skillful services. In looking at the work of a public official it is difficult to understand all the circumstances prompting his actions and there is danger of unfairness or of expressing an opinion upon insufficient data. In what I am about to say I am mindful of these facts, and shall stand ready to accept additional information and modify my views if they are found in any way erroneous.

Any charges of incompetency or inefficiency that may be made in this article are without personal feeling or animosity toward any one, but intended to call public attention to a condition of things in the management of our public schools that is alarming to say the least. Sometimes a city or school district finds itself in such a position that relief must be had from some source, and in such a case I believe any citizen is at liberty to look with an unusual scrutiny upon the conduct and work of any public servant, and, if anything be found menacing the public welfare, to communicate the result of his investigations for the information of others. In my opinion such a condition as is mentioned above now exists in the city of Duluth, relative to the public schools and in connection therewith the board of education and superintendent. While the responsibility of managing the business and financial affairs of the schools is vested by law in the board, I think no one will question the proposition that the superintendent stands responsible more than all others for proper education and the prudent use of public funds in connection therewith. In these days no one is desirable as superintendent of a large group of schools, such as is found in this city who does not possess both editorial and executive qualifications of a high order, the latter being equally or more essential than the former. The annual disbursements in this city for teachers, janitors and other employes and for the expenses in carrying on the schools amount to about $250,000. Most of these are made upon the recommendation of the superintendent, and upon his capacity and prudence depend mainly the value of his services and the genuine prosperity of the schools.

In considering whether our own schools are well and prudently conducted it is fair to compare the results here with those attained elsewhere under substantially similar conditions. By this method the financial and business management of the schools in different cities can be very accurately determined. The most natural comparison for us to make, it seems to me, is with St. Paul, Minneapolis and Superior, and I will also add Columbus, Ohio, where efforts at retrenchment have lately been made. The data herewith submitted is derived from the annual reports for the school year ending in June, 1896, made in each of these cities. I have in my possession the detailed information upon which these statements are made and invite inspection of the same by any interested person.

The items usually grouped together in ascertaining the cost of operating a school, per pupil, comprise teachers' salaries, janitors' salaries, fuel, light, supplies and incidentals, and I have followed this in making my calculations.

ST. PAUL.

Average daily attendance	17,57
Average monthly teachers' salaries	$68 64
Yearly cost, per pupil	$24 98

MINNEAPOLIS.

Average daily attendance	24,304
Average monthly teachers' salaries	$69 97
Cost per pupil	$24 58

SUPERIOR.

Average attendance	3,041
Average monthly teachers' salary	$57 02
Cost per pupil	$29 22

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

Average attendance	13,737
Average monthly wages paid teachers	$68 62
Cost per pupil	$26 86

DULUTH.

Average attendance	6,944
Average monthly wages paid teachers	$66 27
Cost per pupil	$25 09

The cost per pupil in Duluth is 40 per cent more than St. Paul, 42 per cent more than Minneapolis, 20 per cent more than at Superior, and 30 per cent more than at Columbus.

Stating the matter in another way, if we could conduct our schools as cheaply as Superior a yearly saving would be effected of $35,477.28; same as to Columbus, $49,732.12; same as to St. Paul, $61,104.84; same as to Minneapolis, $63,522.44.

I may add in this connection that the average attendance in 1896 was 588 less than in 1895, and that the cost per pupil was $6.63 more, equal in the aggregate to $40,072.72, and the expenditure for 1896 was $14,065.90 more than in 1895.

It would seem that fuel, which is a large expense item, should be obtained cheaper here than at St. Paul and Minneapolis, and that the cost of light, supplies and incidentals, the school district being a large customer, and entitled to lowest wholesale rates, would not exceed cost of same in other Western towns. Janitors should not be paid more wages here than elsewhere, and the wages of teachers are materially less than in either of the towns mentioned except Superior.

I have before me data showing the expense per pupil of conducting the public schools for the year 1895 in eighteen cities in various parts of the United States, including Duluth, and containing nearly the same population. These cities are Altoona, Pa., Bridgeport, Conn., Binghampton, N. Y., Davenport, Iowa, Erie, Pa., Elmira, N. Y., Fort Wayne, Ind., Portland, Ore., Springfield, Ill., Seattle, Wash., Springfield, Mo., Springfield, Mass., Trenton, N. J., Duluth, Minn., Tacoma, Wash., Terre Haute, Ind., Taunton, Mass., Wheeling, W. Va. The average attendance in all of these cities, except Duluth, is 4870, and the average cost of instruction per pupil is $19.30. Cost of instruction in Duluth per pupil is $28.46. Duluth's average above seventeen cities, $9.16.

Detailed information as to the cost of kindergarten instruction is more difficult to obtain than that given above. It appears, however, that of all the cities named only two, Duluth and Terre Haute, Ind., have public kindergartens. In St. Paul each teacher holds two sessions daily, while only one is held here. Minneapolis has none. At the rate of expense of the Duluth kindergartens for the first six months of the present school year the annual cost per pupil, based on average attendance, will be $32.47, aggregating for the year $21,462.67. The kindergarten cost at Columbus for 1896 was $16.78 per pupil, amounting all told to $5675.34. For 1897 no public kindergartens have been maintained there on account of the expense. In Superior, assuming the percentage of attendance to enrollments to be the same as in Duluth, the cost per pupil is $15.

It seems to me that these comparisons show that the gravest incompetence characterizes the financial management of our school affairs. The natural result of this lavish expenditure of the public funds is that the tax limit under the law has been reached, and we are about to face a deficit for 1897 in the school district of about $50,000. The law provides certain special funds, and the following tax levies upon the assessed property of the district for the support of schools: Mandatory state tax, 1 mill; mandatory local tax, 1 mill; permissible local tax, 9 mills.

The permissible tax levy for 1896 is 8.9 mills, or within one-tenth of one mill of the limit. The total levy for school purposes is 12.15 mills, and this, upon the tax roll, amounts to $371,809.11. It is 39 per cent of all city taxes, and the school tax for the county is over 40 per cent of all taxation.

As stated in the Pioneer Press of a recent date, the permissible school tax of St. Paul is only 2½ mills, and of Minneapolis, 4 mills. What more complete exhibit than the above could be made of the utter disregard of all wise and prudent management of the financial affairs of this district. With no prospect of an early increase in the valuation of property for purposes of taxation, how long can our schools be kept open on the scale of expenditures here shown?

I commend the above information to the thoughtful attention of all interested citizens and taxpayers, and suggest that such influences be brought to bear on the school board as will secure a reversal of the policy which has been pursued for several years past. In some measure through ignorance, and by reason of engrossment in business, we all must share with the board the responsibility of the present condition of affairs, but now that the facts are made manifest we cannot act too quickly in applying the remedy of retrenchment to the deplorable condition in which we are placed.

I believe that reductions of expense can at least be made to the extent named below, without impairing the efficiency of the schools.

Reduce the cost per pupil from the amount paid in 1896	$ 35 09
To the amount paid in 1895	28 46
Thus saving	$ 6 63
This sum applied to 6044 pupils, the average attendance in 1896, will be	$40,071 72
Dispense with public kindergartens for the present	21,462 67
Dispense with supervision of unnecessary teachers and save, say	3,465 61
Total	$65,000 00

Besides the above, much can be properly cut out of the high school, where the present cost of tuition is more than twice that of the grades, and, as a last resort, a month could be taken from the school year, as has been elsewhere, and effect an additional saving of $25,000.

What I have said about the manner of reducing expenses is merely suggestive, and no doubt better plans can be formulated than the one named, but of this I am sure, that if the pruning knife is honestly and judiciously used, a great reduction can be made without impairing the efficiency of the schools. A duty is upon everyone to do his part.

O. H. SIMONDS.

Duluth, April 2.

Nowhere to go but to the—
PAVILION
SUNDAY AFTERNOON.
THE CITY BAND
In a programme of popular music.
Admission Free.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Two Lives Lost In a Burning Missouri Hotel.

St. Joseph, Mo., April 2.—News was received here this morning of the burning of the Maple Leaf hotel at Richmond, Mo. Two boarders named James Kernan and Frank Anderson perished in the flames. A frame boarding house adjoining the hotel building was also destroyed. The total loss on both buildings estimated at $30,000 with insurance of $2000.

Kernan was an old citizen of Richmond, but Anderson was a stranger in that vicinity. Both men had been dissipating the night before and did not retire until late, which accounts for their heavy slumber.

FIRM WILL DISSOLVE.

New York, April 2.—Levi Samuel has been appointed receiver for Marx & Frenkel, clothing merchants, on the proceedings for a dissolution of the firm. The liabilities are placed at $70,000. Assets consist of outstanding accounts and stock.

INVESTIGATING DISCRIMINATION.

Washington, April 2.—The interstate commerce commissioners will leave here tomorrow to begin an investigation of charges of discrimination made against a number of railroads. They will go over the Southern railway to Savannah, then to Jacksonville, Fla., and Austin, Tex. The commission will be away several weeks, and on the way back will take up an investigation of discrimination at Memphis.

SELL REAL ESTATE
By means of an Evening Herald "want ad."

Richelieu's

SATURDAY DISPLAY OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Will be the finest in the city. All of Nature's tonics in profuse abundance at remarkably low prices.

Choice Asparagus—per bunch
10 cents

Green Peas—per quart
10 cents

New Home-Grown Beets—per bunch
5 cents

California Tomatoes—per lb
15 cents

Home-Grown Radishes—3 bunches for
10 cents

Home-grown Lettuce,
Head Lettuce, Wax Beans,
Green Onions,
New Carrots, Spinach,
Pie Plant, Oyster Plant,
Parsley, Mint, Cucumbers
California Celery,
All sold at lowest market Prices.

We are headquarters for Fancy Apples.
Baldwins, all sound stock—per peck
20 cents

Don't forget the Bakery Dept.

Magnificent display of Potted Plants and Cut Flowers.

Our Tea and Coffee trade is daily increasing. If you want the finest on earth, give us a call.

Deliveries: Lakeside—Wednesdays, Saturdays.
SUTTON & MAAS,
118-120 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

Brundage Resigns.

Lyman W. Brundage resigned his position as traveling passenger agent of the St. Paul & Duluth yesterday. This was a surprise. Mr. Brundage has been traveling passenger agent of the St. Paul & Duluth a year and a half, having run for two years before that chief clerk of the general passenger department under Mr. Russell, who was succeeded yesterday as general passenger agent by Cal Stone, formerly city passenger and ticket agent for the Northern Pacific. Before entering St. Paul & Duluth service Mr. Brundage was in the union depot ticket office at St. Paul, and before that he was connected with the general offices of the Northern Pacific. At one time he was assistant passenger and ticket agent of the Milwaukee at Dubuque. He has had a wide and diversified experience in passenger service, though he is today one of the youngest traveling passenger agents in the country.

Think They Have a Clue.

A seven-months foetus was found tied in a muslin sack lying near the Duluth & Iron Range railroad tracks at the foot of Eleventh avenue east this morning. Appearances indicated that the remains had not been lying where found very long. It is supposed that the body was thrown over the railings from London road. The find was taken to police headquarters and coroner summoned. The police think they have a clue to the person who disposed of the body.

NEWSPAPER TRIBULATIONS.

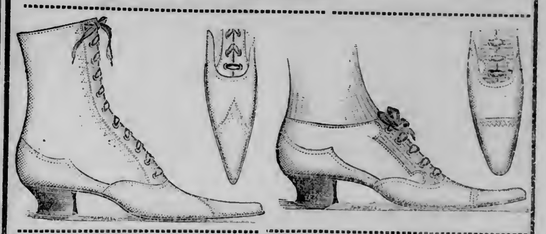
Grand Rapids, April 2.—The Daily Democrat, the leading Democratic paper of Western Michigan, was sold today to Elliot G. Stevenson, of Detroit, for $12,000, on foreclosure of a mortgage to secure an issue of $25,000 bonds.

GOOD FOR THE SHIPPERS.

Detroit, April 2.—The Grummond line of steamers today cut freight rates between Detroit and Cleveland to 2½ cents per 100. The Detroit and Cleveland line is charging but 1 cent per 100 for all freight.

SPRING SHOES!

At REDUCED PRICES in order to induce Early Sales.



All our Ladies' $5.00 Tan and Black French Kid, new Coin toe Shoes, only. $3.25

Men's $5.00 Tan and Dark Brown Shoes, all new Coin toes, all styles, only. $3.50

900 pair of Ladies' $3.50 Button and Lace Shoes, new Coin or narrow toes, all sizes and new Spring styles, only. $2.50

Men's $3.00 Dark Brown and Wine Color Shoes, just received, all sizes, only. $2.00

1000 pairs of Ladies' Oxford Ties, regular $3.50 grade, dark brown and wine color, Saturday only. $2.00

300 pairs of Men's $3.00 Shoes, lace, razor toe and Coin toe, only, $1.98

700 pairs of Ladies' $2.00 Dongola Oxfords, pat. tip, only. $1.25

Men's $2.00 Shoes, all styles, Saturday only. $1.48

Misses' and Children's Shoes.

600 pairs of Misses' $2.00 Shoes, Saturday only. $1.23
Misses' $1.25 Shoes, only. 98c
Child's $1.25 Shoes, only. 98c
Child's $1.00 Shoes, only. 75c
Infants' Shoes. 59c, 39c, 19c

Boys' and Youths' Shoes.

Boys' $2.00 Shoes, Saturday only. $1.25
Boys' $1.25 Shoes, all styles, only. $1.00
Youth's Shoes. 87c

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE,
111 West Superior Street.

DONE AT MADISON.

Number of Important Measures Disposed of.

Madison, April 2.—The Tracy bill reorganizing the State Agricultural society passed the assembly. The committee on public lands reported a substitute bill favoring the sale of park lands. Assemblyman Barnum introduced a resolution compelling assemblymen to at once give up the use of railway passes. The senate killed Fricke's insurance code, and in its place fifteen substitute bills were introduced which change the present law only slightly. The bill designating June 7, 1898, as a public holiday passed. The advisory pardon bill was killed.

The Agen bill providing for a substate fair at Chippewa Falls was passed by a vote of 34 to 1. The Mills resolutions permitting the state treasurer to pay out $20,000 from any funds in his possession for the current expenses of the state normal schools also passed.

NEW ORE COMBINE.

Producers of the Gogebic Range Unite.

Cleveland, April 2.—The ore producers of the Gogebic range, consisting of the Norrie, Tilden and Cincinnati mines, have formed a pool. The Carnegie and Rockefellers are excluded, as their interests are purely in the Mesaba range.

CALLERS ON McKINLEY.

Washington, April 2.—Although this was cabinet day at the White House, there were a large number of callers between 10 and 11 o'clock.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, was one of the earliest callers. His name has been mentioned in connection with the mission to Spain, but he denied that he had any aspirations in this or any direction.

Senator Foraker, of Ohio, who leaves for Ohio tonight to spend a few days, had a few minutes conversation with Mr. McKinley and left a large bundle of applications for postmasterships and minor offices.

In connection with Senator Foraker's visit, there is a revival of the report at the White House that Mr. McKinley is anxious to appoint ex-Congressman Bellamy Storer, of Cincinnati, to the position of assistant secretary of state, if Senator Foraker can be induced to withdraw his opposition. Col. Rockhil, the present incumbent, desires the mission to the flowery kingdom.

All members of the cabinet were present at the meeting today. The cabinet was in session an hour and a half. The only question of public importance discussed was the question of rescinding the order of ex-President Cleveland setting apart twenty-one forest reservations in the West. Secretary Bliss today took to the White House the maps and papers relating to the matter.

SMITH'S INSOLVENCY.

St. Paul, April 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Robert A. Smith, present postmaster, who made an assignment to Charles T. Miller, filed insolvent schedules in the district court today. The summary attached to the schedules shows as follows: Resources—Unencumbered real estate, $14,750; encumbered real estate, $199,000; stocks, $25,800; rents, $823; tax certificates, $966.67; bills receivable, $12,982.78; accounts receivable, $7417.41; total, $262,699.86. Liabilities—Individual notes, $151,585.40; endorsements, $55,923.41; total, $207,511.81; excess of assets over liabilities, $55,188.05.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Washington, April 2.—Today's statement of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $223,990,492; gold reserve, $151,743,797.

DEPTH OF THE OCEAN.

Is the loftiest mountain on the globe equal in height to the depth of the profoundest hole in the ocean bottom, asks the New York World.

Until recently it would have been necessary to reply that the sea contained no measured chasm equalling in depth the elevation of Mount Gaurisankar, otherwise known as Mount Everest, in the Himalayas.

But according to the most recent soundings there are three holes in the bed of the ocean between the Fiji islands and New Zealand, each of which is considerably deeper than the great Asiatic mountain is tall.

The height of Mount Gaurisanker is supposed to be about 29,000 feet, or a trifle less than five miles and a half. The most profound of the ocean pits just referred to sinks to a depth of about 31,000 feet, thus exceeding by 2000 feet the elevation of the loftiest mountain known.

But there is a bare chance that the mountains may come out ahead yet, because the Himalayas have not been thoroughly explored, and rumor asserts that, in the heart of that immense range, and shut round by an almost inaccessible wilderness of icy peaks and tremendous walls of rock, there are snowy summits which soar higher even than Gharisankar.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore the best advertising medium.

ENDION BARGAIN.

Lot 50x150 on northwest corner of Twenty-second avenue and London road, Price $700. It cost owner $2000. It's cheap at twice the price.

106 Providence Building. GEO. H. CROSBY.

Oil Cloth 11c per yard

The kind that sells elsewhere at 25c—limit 2 yards to a customer.

Best Paper Envelopes 1c

Envelopes per package of 25 only 1c—Limit 1 package to a customer.

The above holds good for Saturday only.

The One Cent Store,
108 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

DEFECTIVE PAGE



When You

Get high quality at a low price, you get a bargain. That makes it a stroke of business on your part to examine our stock before you buy your spring clothing needs.

Outlook for Spring

Do You Practice Economy?

Perhaps you are so fortunate that you are not obliged to, but most people have learned to be careful buyers in consequence of the recent hard times. The Business horizon in all lines of industry is growing brighter and the outlook for spring is very promising, and shoppers will no donbt very soon have their pocketbooks more comfortably filled.

In the meantime the purchasing power of a dollar will be great for

SATURDAY!

Men's Suits.

First Floor.

Made for Spring Wear.



Dark Oxford Mixed Cashmere Sack Suits, for business wear, that no other house in the city would sell for less than $10, tomorrow we offer them at **$7.50**

Black Cheviot Sack Suits, perfectly made, lined with choice Italian Cloth, better Suits than we could sell you other years for $12, tomorrow's price..... **$10.00**

Fine Black Clay Worsted Sack and Frock Suits, with all the new kinks in trim and cut, and in every possible manner right up to date with fashion's reigning style, better than you could buy in other stores for $18, we offer them tomorrow at **$12.00**



Overcoats.

Elegant $10.00 and $12.00 Top and Covert Coats for spring wear for

$5.00.

A nice line of samples—every one of them worth from $10.00 to $12.00. Ready cash and snap from a manufacturer brings them to us at a price that we can offer you your choice for $5.00. The sizes are only 33, 34 and 35, but any dressy young fellow can find among the lot some coat that will please and satisfy.

New Shoe Dept.

Entrance Third Avenue West and Superior St.



Every day as our prices and the quality and style of the good footwear we sell becomes known the daily sales are growing larger and larger. We sell Shoes with as little profit as possible. Our policy being small margins and an increased volume of trade, and the plan is working very well indeed.



Tomorrow!

$3.50 buys a Shoe worth $5. A broad, new spring style just received. Hanselts Vici Kid, Goodyear welt separated vamp, blinded eyelets, cylinder filled back, Pratt's fasteners, chocolate color, black sole and heel, laced style. We guarantee a fit in all sizes—no disappointments.

$2.10 for a $3.00 Shoe.

Laced style, Fine Russia calf, Imperial toe, ox blood color. This is a good shoe cheap.

90c—Boys' solid School Shoe. This shoe is well and strongly built and just the thing for rough, hard wear.

Boys' and Children's Department.



The best Boys' School Suits on earth for $3.00 each.

All wool Knee Pants in blue and black Cheviots; also neat gray check, made up double breasted, double seat, double knee, reinforced seams.

Boys' Neckwear.

A handsome new line of Boys' made-up Ties in the prettiest lot of colors we have ever shown **25c.**



$1.50 fancy bosom laundered Shirt for $1.00.

A cash snap pick-up from a manufacturer allows us to make this low price.

$1.50 and $1.00 Negligee Shirts

Madras and Cheviots, some with Neckties to match. This bargain will surprise you if you know anything at all about values, It's another snap picked up from a manufacturer.

All-Wool Sweaters $1.00. Brownie Overalls 25c.

FREE—Balls and Bats and Dictionaries.

M.S.BURROWS

APPEAL

Messrs. Maxwell and Holmes Begin Mandamus Actions Against the Council.

They Invoke the Aid of the Law to Get Into Office.

Claim Council Must Elect Them Because They Are Old Soldiers.

Failing in their attempts to obtain recognition of their qualities through the common council of the city of Duluth, Dr. S. C. Maxwell and Judson D. Holmes have appealed to the district court to come to their aid and cause them to be appointed because of their services as soldiers in the Union army.

White & McKeon this morning began mandamus proceedings in behalf of these gentlemen against the city council and the men who occupy the places the relators sought vainly to fill. Separate proceedings were begun in behalf of each condidate, and in each the allegations are substantially the same. Dr. Maxwell's petition sets up that he is an honorably discharged Union soldier and that he is competent to perform the duties of health officer of the city of Duluth. He details his practice as physician and surgeon and states that he graduated from Rush medical college in 1866, since which time he has been continuously in the practice of medicine. He joined the union army in 1862 and was honorably discharged the same year, after a period of service. He is a member of the G. A. R., which admits only honorably discharged Union veterans.

He states that he has petitioned the council to appoint him, setting up these facts, and that no other honorably discharged Union soldier has applied for the place. Nevertheless, the council disregarded his representations and appointed Daniel D. Murray, who has had the misfortune to never have been an honorably discharged soldier or sailor of the Union army. He asks that a writ of mandamus be issued compelling the council to oust Dr. Murray and put him in his place.

The petition of the other relator is substantially on the same lines. He alleges that he is another honorably discharged soldier, and that he is competent to act as "associate" city attorney. He alleges a service of over three years in the Union army, and he was admitted to the bar in 1868. He details his law experience and the different offices he has held, states that he presented a petition to the council setting up these facts, but that the council paid no attention to it and appointed John Rustgard, who was never an honorably discharged soldier or sailor of the Union army. He makes the same demand of the court as Dr. Maxwell.

Judge Cant signed alternative writs of mandamus returnable Saturday, April 10, which direct the council to oust Murray and Rustgard or to explain why they should not.

The actions are under the statue which provides that preference shall be given honorably discharged veterans when they are equally competent with other applicants for position. The watchman and engineer at the court house are now holding their positions under the law, which was tested in the case of John Russell, the watchman. It has never been invoked to compel the employment of veterans in such public offices as these named, in this state at least, and the issue will be watched with interest.

Health Officer Murray and Assistant City Attorney Rustgard and the members of the common council were served with the orders in mandamus this afternoon commanding them to show cause before Judge Cant, of the district court, on Saturday April 10, why they should not be ousted.

HE IS CONFIDENT.

F. J. Bowman Expects a Railroad to Rainy Lake.

F. J. Bowman, editor of the Rainy Lake Journal, is making a strong effort to secure the construction of a railroad either from Tower or Hibbing to Rainy Lake. He called on J. L. Greatsinger, president of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company, this morning and had a long conference with him concerning the project. He feels greatly encouraged at the project of railroad connection with the outer world and is confident that one or the other of the range railroads will soon awake to a realization of the importance of reaching out for the business that is certain to develop there within the next few months. Mr. Bowman will go to St. Paul tonight and will return to Duluth Monday, on his return to Rainy Lake.

Gives His Version.

The Lakeside business man, on whom one of his employes trained a gun during a dispute recently, says that it is not true that he was behind in the payment of wages. He says the employe took exception to a reprimand given him on account of being late in getting around in the morning and announced that he intended to quit in a couple of days and before the end of the month for which he was hired. Upon this the business man says he discharged the employe there and then, and refused to pay him for the full month. The employe then drew a gun on him, whereupon, the business man says, he chased the employe out of the store.

New Towns Coming In.

Five new towns are to be opened for entry at the United States land office next month. They are what are known as the old Stuntz towns, which have been hanging fire for several years owing to errors in the survey. The towns were resurveyed and corrected. The towns and dates for opening are as follows: Townships 59-11 and 60-11 on May 11; township 65-19 on May 12; townships 66-17 and 66-18 on May 13.

There are a large number of settlers in these towns. Some of them have been on their lands for several years.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

Gronseth & Olsen

CASH GROCERS,
401-403 EAST FOURTH STREET.
TELEPHONE 292. Established 1887.



DIRECT US

That is what our patrons do. They direct us in our buying and the selling comes easy. It is no trouble to sell the BEST GOODS AT LOW PRICES. Our competitors are DIRECT against us. Do you know why? Because we have the UPPER END in the Grocery line and because we are selling goods UNDER MARKET PRICES. We never allow our energies to stagnate. We buy DIRECT and sell DIRECT and our aim is DIRECTED so as to benefit our customers.

Saturday and Monday we offer following bargains:

STRICTLY FRESH EGGS, doz	**11c**
Van Camp's Pork and Beans in Tomato sauce, worth 15c for	**10c**
Van Camp's Tomato Catsup, pint bottle	**10c**
Pumpkin, 3-lb can, fine quality, per can	**7c**
Bismarck Sugar Corn, per can	**5c**
Matchless Tomatoes at matchless price, per can	**7½c**
Apples, 3-lb cans	**6c**
Pie Peaches, 3-lb cans	**7½c**
Domestic Sardines, per can	**3c**
LEMONS, fancy, large—per doz	**10c**
White Clover Honey, 1-lb combs (Limit, 5 combs)	**11c**
Mustard, in jars with screw top, per jar	**10c**
A B C or F A K Soda Crackers, box lots 4½c: per lb	**5c**
Soda Crackers X, box lots	**3½c**
F A K or A B C Ginger Snaps, per lb	**5c**
Graham Crackers, in ½ boxes, per lb	**6½c**
Potatoes, per bush	**25c**
Best Pork, per lb	**5c**
Best Leaf Lard, per lb	**6c**
Best Winchester Bacon, per lb	**8c**
Cal. Hams, per lb	**6½c**
Best RING CUT Dried Apples, per lb	**5c**
Cooking Figs, FANCY, per lb	**5c**
Cape Cod Cranberries, per qt	**5c**
"Lenox" Soap, box $2 90: 8 bars for	**25c**
"Viking," box $2.70; 9 bars for	**25c**
"Viking" Fancy Patent Flour, 49-lb	**$1.05**
"Viking" Pride, 49-lb sack	**$1.00**
Yellow Peas, 4 lbs for	**5c**
Walter Baker's Chocolate, per lb (Limit, 1 lb to each)	**28c**
STRAWBERRIES, per pint box	**10c**
Green Peas, per quart	**10c**
Wax Beans, per quart	**13c**

Lettuce, Radishes, Onions, Beets, Cucumbers, Celery, Parsley, Mint, Pie Plant, Tomatoes and Asparagus.

GRONSETH & OLSEN

OTHERS HAVE DONE IT.

Fowler Building Owners Make That Excuse.

The board of public works this morning decided to refuse permission for the completion of the stairs leading from the viaduct to Michigan street, which were being put in at the east end of the Fowler building at the corner of Lake avenue and Superior street for the reason that it encroaches on the street. Attorney Sanford, representing the architects and Agent Appleyard, representing Mr. Fowler, appeared before the board and made an an appeal that they be allowed to go on and complete the stairway on the ground that it is necessary in order to provide convenient access to the Michigan street entrance. They advanced the argument that other property owners have encroached on the streets and they should, therefore, have the same privilege. This proposition was met by the board with the statement that such encroachments had not been made by leave of the board. The architects and agents are not satisfied with the board's ruling and will carry the matter before the council.

A Book Party.

The regular monthly sociable and reception will be held in Pilgrim church parlors this evening. It will be in the nature of a book party. Each person attending is invited to represent the title of some well known book by his costume, or some device obscure or otherwise. There will also be a musical program.

One Load a Day.

Extensive shipments of ore from the mines on the Duluth & Iron Range railroad will not commence before next month, although one train load a day of dry ore is now being hauled from the Fayal mine on the Mesaba range to Two Harbors.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

SATURDAY

The people again will turn toward this popular trading center where the purchasing power of $1.00 goes further and the judicious investments made by our buyers in the eastern markets is doing wonders in the way of making low prices.

BARGAINS WILL BE THE KEYNOTE THROUGHOUT THE STORE.

Sundries.

300 boxes note paper, extra good quality, cheap at 18c, tomorrow..... **10c**

50 boxes white castile soap, for Saturday, 4 cakes for **5c**

White egg soap, the 10c a cake kind at **7c**

3 for 20c

15c bottle of witch hazel sells as..... **8c**

25c bottle of rubifoam sells at..... **20c**

Hosiery.

Children's black cotton ribbed hose white feet, all sizes, well worth 18c, sell at a pair..... **12½c**

Ladies' black cotton hose double sole spliced heels and toes, the 25c kind, sell Saturday at a pair... **18c**

Ladies' black cotton hose, the kind you pay elsewhere 50c a pair for, sell Saturday at a pair.... **35c**

Underwear.

Ladies' lisle vests in white and ecru high neck and long sleeves, Jersey ribbed well worth 50c, sell Saturday at..... **35c**

Ladies' cotton ribbed vests, white and ecru, low neck and no sleeves, 20c kind at..... **15c**

A small lot of ladies' combination suits in white and ecru, Florence style, real value 75c, to close out **39c**

Ladies' combination Balbriggan union suits, low neck no sleeves, well worth 75c, sell at **50c**

It means money in your pockets by trading at Freimuth's.....

Dress Patterns

AT SPECIAL PRICES.

25 novelty dress patterns, worth $4.00, sell at each.. **$2.73**

17 patterns worth $6.00 sell at each.... ..... **$3.36**

12 silk and wool novelty patterns, worth $7.50, sell at each **$4.55**

Black Goods.

50-inch black all-wool etamine, sells at per yard..... **85c**

52-inch black mohair crepon, sells at per yard..... **95c**

38-inch black mohair fancies, sell at per yard..... **58c**

40-inch black tufted weaves, sell at per yard..... **65c**

54-inch black mohair silesias, sell at per yard..... **50c**

SILKS.

27-inch black moire velour silk, worth $1.35 a yard, sell Saturday at a yard **$1.00**

One piece of black satin rhademere, worth 85c, sells at a yard..... **69c**

See our assortment plaid taffeta silks.

Kid Gloves.

25 dozen five hook kid gloves, colors tan, brown, grays and black, regular price $1.25, sell Saturday at a pair **79c**

English reds in Trefousse pique kid gloves, patent clasp at a pair..... **$1.75**

Corsets.

5 dozen F. P. and Armorside $1.25 corsets, sell Saturday at a pair **89c**

25 dozen of 75c quality corsets at a pair..... **50c**

A full line of Children's H. and W. waists carried here.

Muslin Underwear.

Ladies' night dresses, made of good muslin tucked yoke and embroidery trimmed, regular value $1.50, sale price Saturday **98c**

Ladies' night dresses, nice embroidery trimming, worth $1.00, sell at..... **75c**

Muslin Underwear—Continued.

Ladies' umbrella shape drawers, double ruffle, $1.00 kind, for Saturday..... **69c**

Ladies' corset covers, nicely trimmed, worth 35c sell Saturday at..... **25c**

Ladies' skirts, worth $1.00 and $1.35, at.....68 and **$1.00**

Corset covers, worth 20c, sell Saturday at **12c**

Ladies' night dresses, made of good cotton, embroidery trimmed, 75c kind, sell Saturday at.... **50c**

Ladies' chemise, nicely made, trimmed with embroidery, well worth 50c, sell Saturday at.... **39c**

Handkerchiefs.

25 dozen Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, well worth 15c; sell Saturday **10c each,** **25c**

3 for.....

15 dozen Embroidered Lawn Handkerchiefs, worth 15 and 18c; they are slightly soiled; sell at, each..... **9c**

The Latest Pattern Veils on Sale Here.

Umbrellas.

100 26-inch Black Gloria Silk Umbrellas, worth $1.50; sell at, each..... **$1.19**

75 26-inch Black Gloria Silk Umbrellas, Paragon frame, steel rod, worth $2; sell at, each, **$1.39**

New Belts for Saturday's Trade

Art Department.

50 Sofa Pillow Covers sell at, each..... **25c**

35 Laundry Bags, worth $1, sell at, each..... **75c**

25 Denim Fringed Table Covers, all colors; sell at, each..... **69c**

Wash Goods.

50 pieces Figured Dimities and Organdies, choice colors, latest designs, they are worth 20c; sell Saturday at, a yard..... **12½c**

10 pieces of Grass Linen usually sold at 25c a yard; sell Saturday, a yard..... **20c**

25 pieces of Dark Ground, Light Figured Sateens, 20c quality, sell at, a yard..... **12½c**

75 pieces of Imported Organdies and Dimities, sell at, a yard, 32c and..... **25c**

Linen Department.

100 dozen Damask Towels, size 17x36, white and colored borders; special price for Saturday, each..... **10c**

100 dozen Hemmed Huck Towels, size 18x38, red borders; special price for Saturday, each..... **12½c**

75 dozen Hemstitched Huck Towels, with fancy borders, size 18x38; special price for Saturday, each..... **19c**

Cloak Room.

The New Things for Saturday.



Suits made from Storm Serges, Scotch Mixtures and Covert Cloth, Fly Fronts or Eton Jackets, lined throughout with silk, Skirts included, Suits that are up-to-date in style and would be cheap at $18.00, tomorrow only.... **$12.50**

CLOAK ROOM.

New Suits made from Coverts, Storm Serges and Fancy Mixtures, in all the new, fashionable colors; new Etons, with the square sailor collars; Jackets lined with Taffeta Silk; Skirts cut after the latest model; worth $15. Saturday only. **$10.00**

New Suits made from Etamine, Covert and Cheviots, Jackets and Skirts lined with Rustling Taffeta Silk, claimed cheap by others at $25 00, our price only. **$18.00**



New Jackets, in Cheviots, short, nobby lengths, fly fronts, new sleeves, all Satin lined, actually worth $10, Saturday only... **$6.50**

New Jackets, from Clay Worsteds, Coverts and Cheviots, lined with Taffeta Silk, new sleeves and back, the latest spring shapes, valued at $12.50, Saturday only.... **$8.75**

Capes made from good Black Brocade Satin, cut very full, lined with Silk, full Ruching at the neck, considered a bargain at $10, Saturday only..... **$5.75**

New Dress Skirts, made from Cherry Brocaded Brilliantine, lined with Rustling Taffeta, Velveteen bound, the latest cut; it's worth $5, Saturday only..... **$3.00**

Children's New Jackets are here for Saturday's Trade.

Men's Wear.

25 dozen four-in-hand and club string ties, made of good silk, pretty colorings, regular 50c ties, sell Saturday at each **25c**

Men's fancy madras bosom, white bodies, one pair of cuffs, sell at each **$1.00**

Black sateen overshirts perfectly fast colors, worth 75c, sell Saturday..... **50c**

50 dozen men's Hermsdorf black or tan half hose, with double soles and high spliced heel, always sold at 20c; tomorrow, two pairs for **25c**

A SHOE SALE.....

That will draw the people from far and near. Saturday's prices that are sure to bring a multitude of purchasers. Economical buyers, now is your time. READ—

Infant's hand-turn Vici Kid Button Shoes, patent leather tip, very neat, sizes 2 to 5..... **39c**

Child's hand-turn Button Shoes, fancy stitch, patent tip, spring heel, sizes 5 to 8..... **59c**

Children's Dongola Lace Shoes, patent leather tip, double heel foxing, new toe, sizes 8½ to 11 **98c**

Youths' Satin Calf Lace Shoes, with tip, extension soles, sizes 9 to 13..... **89c**

Misses' genuine Dongola Lace or Button Shoes, tan or black, 11½ to 2, a pair..... **$1.18**

Ladies' Extension Sole Button Shoes, coin toe, a pair..... **$1.39**

Ladies' Cloth Top Button Shoes, patent tip, also Lace Shoes, with leather top, excellent wearers, a pair..... **$1.75**

Ladies' hand-turn Button Boots, light and flexible, needle and coin toe, a pair..... **$2.39**

Lowest Prices in Duluth for Honest, Reliable Footwear.

FREIMUTH'S.

The District Court.

In the district court this morning the case of W. P. Lardner, assignee, against Baker was still on trial at noon before Judge Ensign, and Judge Cant was hearing the case of Charles Rasen against Anton Shinner et al, to foreclose a mechanic's lien on the Episcopal church at Hibbing. The church claims that the contractor has been paid the full amount due him, and it opposes his claim of $900. T. Waldo Murphy represents the plaintiff, Scott Rex and M. H. Crocker the defendants, and A. G. Otis, of St. Paul, who was associated with the plaintiff in the Mendenhall divorce case, represented the archdeacon of the Episcopal diocese.

Judge Moer is quite ill and there is no court in his section.

Auditor Halden's Trial.

The case against County Auditor Halden will come up at Carlton next Wednesday at the April term, which begins Tuesday. It has not yet been decided which judge will preside, but it will probably be either Judge Ensign or Judge Cant.

Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sol by all the leading dealers.

Why suffer with Corns and Bunions!

When a cure is so near at hand. We guarantee a cure in every case we undertake.

MME. BOYD & WILBUR,
31 West Superior Street.

CARLTON SMALL FRUIT AND PLANT NURSERY.

Catalogue mailed free to any address. I will set out any variety of Strawberries myself, near the city of Duluth, (guarantee all to live) for $1.50 per 100, if ordered before April 15th.

E. G. BOVEE,
Carlton, Minn.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

DULUTH CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

F. S. KELLY, Prop.

Office 524 W. Superior St. 'Phone 591.

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for FITGER'S BEER.

Cataphoresis!

The latest method prepares the way for excavating and filling teeth without pain. DR. SCHIFFMAN, Burrows block.

Spring Millinery.

Madame Warde announces that her spring millinery is now ready.

Try our 10c messenger and 10c package delivery. DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st. Trunks, 25 cents.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SIXTEEN PAGES--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 8

YOU MISS THE BEST UNLESS YOU READ THE SATURDAY HERALD.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

THE WEATHER. Increasing Cloudiness; Possibly Light Rain or Snow Sunday, Northeast Winds.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ADVANTAGES IN BUYING..... That's what everyone wants when they wish to buy and that's just what we give our customers. We give them the advantages of our low rent, our buying in large quantities for cash, and of the easiest possible terms of payment. We treat every customer with perfect fairness and guarantee every piece of goods we sell.

Furniture.

Good Cane Seat Rockers	$1.25
Extension Tables	$3.75
White and Brass Beds	$3 85
Sideboards	$10.00
Sideboards	$12.50

Carpets.

Ingrains	25c
All-wool Ingrains	45c
All-wool Ingrains	55c
Brussels	55c
Brussels	65c
Brussels	75c
Velvets	75c
Velvets	$1.00

Crockery.

Dinner Sets, plain	$3 75
Dinner Sets, decorated	$5.95
Dinner Sets	$6 50
Dinner Sets	$8.00
Large Banquet Lamps	$1.75
Lamp Globes	50c, 60c, $1.00

Curtains.

Lace Curtains, per pair	75c
Lace Curtains, per pair	$1.0(
Lace Curtains, per pair	$1 2
Up to	$25.
Window Shades, each	
Spring Rollers, ready to hang.	

French & Bassett

First Street and Third Avenue West.

PIANOS NEVER SO LOW!

An opportunity at DULUTH MUSIC CO.'S that prospective purchasers cannot afford to overlook.

Take the case of a party who wants to put in but little money, for such a purchaser we offer an Upright for $125.00, and for $25, $50 or $100 more, something better—and so on up, according to the amount you wish to pay. Of course, the cheaper Pianos are second-hand, but they will be serviceable for many years.

The most critical purchasers can find what they want from the unexcelled list which we carry in stock—**Steinway, Knabe, Ivers & Pond, Ludwig, Gabler, Mehlin, Smith & Barnes, Standard, Stone, and Hall & Son.**

We pay cash and our business is conducted on business methods, which will enable us to meet any competition.

Pianos and Organs for rent. Expert tuning and repairing attended to.

DULUTH MUSIC CO. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

SALESROOMS—Phoenix Block—2nd floor; Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

DECORATE YOUR HOMES



And brighten your walls, for soon the bright sunlight will search out all the defects in your **WALL PAPER** and beauty and nature will make such a contrast that you will be glad to call at La Vaque's and inquire into the proper modes and styles, among which we have all the **latest American, English and French Wall Papers and Relief Materials, Gluney Canvas, McHugh's Stuffs, etc.**

La Vaque Paint and Wall Paper Co.,

12 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

WHEELS **WHEELS**



WHEELS OF ALL KINDS. WHEELS OF ALL KINDS

EVERYONE wants a Wheel and before buying, don't forget that we have them.

The World, Barnes White Flyer, and Syracuse, you all know are strictly high-grade. For a cheaper Wheel don't forget that the Rambler and Gilt Edge sell for $80.00. When you look for the best Wheel for the money—and guaranteed in every way—don't fail to see **THE CRAWFORD AT $50.00.** We sell for cash or on time. We carry a full line of Bicycle sundries. We repair and re-enamel Bicycles.

A WORD TO THE WISE:—We charge you no more for repairing your Wheels than so-called Repair Men do. Every man who rides a Bicycle is not a mechanic. We have men of experience who do our repairing, and have the best equipped shop in the city.

CITY GUN STORE,

404 West Superior Street. R. C. KRUSCHKE, Prop'r.



One Elegant New Steinway

Will rent at $10 per month.

A Good Variety of Renting Pianos

Will rent for a year and apply the rent—price of rent from $2 to $5.

Ten or twelve Organs for rent

From $1.50 to $2 per month—on sale from $35 to $60. Terms—$2, $3, $4 or $5 per month.

I MAKE A SPECIALTY of renting, but will not refuse to sell to you on a smaller profit than any dealer at the head of the lakes, and on easy terms. You ask why can Coon sell on such easy terms. Simply because he has between 80 and 100 instruments of his own, paid for, and has no one to dictate. Call quick and get a special bargain. **N. D. COON, Prop.,** 106 West Superior St., Duluth.

Be careful of cheap, so-called "Spring Water" **"SOVERN"** Is a mineral spring water absolutely pure and reliable. Try "Sovern Ginger Ale."

Telephone 696. **Office 413 Palladio Bldg.**

FARGO

Red River Metropolis Is in Grave Peril From Rising Water.

Locomotives and Road Engines Holding Down the Threatened Bridges.

Flood Situation Steadily Getting More Desperate in All Quarters.

Minneapolis, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special from Fargo to the Journal says that since noon the water in the Red river has risen so far that the greatest alarm is felt. The Northern Pacific road has put four locomotives on its bridge to hold it down, and the city has loaded its north end with five road engines. The water is within two feet of the rails. Merchants are all moving out of the basements. The Wild Erie and Cheyenne are both now adding their floods to the Red.

WATER AND LIGHTNING.

Sioux Falls Having a Tough Experience.

St. Paul, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Sioux Falls, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: The storm continues over this part of the state and all streams are bank full, while in many sections the prairie is covered with water for miles. Last night rain fell continuously, and early this morning came a heavy thunder shower, the first of the season.

A tremendous bolt of lightning awakened and startled the entire city. It struck the house of Cass Broughton, demolishing the chimney, knocking off part of the roof, scattering the plaster about all of the rooms and setting fire to the house. The flames were subdued by the family after a fight, but much damage was done. Window glass, both common and plate, was demolished by the shock in a hundred houses.

The water in the Sioux has receded slightly, but reports from the north are to the effect that the flood caused by melting snow between Watertown and Brookings is coming rapidly down the valley, and tomorrow a heavy rise is expected here. This city is cut off from the country on the north, south and west, all roads being impassable from washouts, broken bridges and flooded roadways. The rain has ceased here, but the clouds are heavy and more precipitation is looked for.

GREENVILLE AFLOAT.

North Half of the City Under Water.

Jackson, Miss., April 3.—The representative of the Associated Press at Greenville, Miss., telegraphed at 11:15 as follows: Going east along Washington avenue this morning, looking north, a large sheet of water may be seen covering the entire north half of the city. Without the protection levee, which keeps out the rising water from the business part of the town, great damage will be done to the provisions and fe desupplies, and much suffering ensue. All necessary shopping, marketing, visiting of doctors and the like, in the overflowed sections of Greenville, is done in skiffs. Much more water is due yet, and no one can say how much higher it will rise in town.

All of the three crevasses above here are pouring their torrents into the basin which lies between the river and the eastern hills, and the whole country will unquestionably be filled up. Communication by telegraph is still maintained with the outside world. As fast as a pole is thrown down a force of men rebuild the line. Railroad traffic is entirely cut off. Mail is transferred at Elizabeth, twelve miles east of here, and a skiff mail line has been established between here and some points. There are about 19,000 people in this city. Four or five thousand of these are in the flooded section, and naturally suffering among the poorer classes is beginning to be felt.

RIVER CONDITIONS.

Officially Announced By Chief Weather Observer.

Washington, April 3.—Willis L. Moore, chief of the weather bureau, has issued a special river bulletin in which he says: The river at Vicksburg will probably begin to rise again when the water from the crevasses returns through the Yazoo. But the rise from Vicksburg to the mouth is likely to continue indefinitely. The greatest strain on the levee below Vicksburg is yet to come and residents of districts formerly overflowed should heed the warnings previously given by the weather bureau.

The Tennessee, Cumberland, Missouri and Arkansas rivers have risen and the Ohio has continued falling. The Mississippi has risen throughout its entire length, except stationary at Memphis and a slight fall from Arkansas City to Vicksburg in the vicinity of the crevasses.

It is above the danger line at St. Paul and La Crosse and nearing the danger line from Keokuk to St. Louis. Ample warning of the threatened floods in the latter district was sent two days' ago to cities and residents along the river from the weather bureau of St. Louis.

The president is showing great interest in the news of the floods in the West and his sympathy has been aroused at the accounts of suffering people. The joint resolution making immediately available $250,000 appropriation made in the sundry civil appropriation for the improvement of the Lower Mississippi river cannot be applied legally to feeding and caring for the people starving and shivering along the banks of the rivers.

The president has therefore determined to bring the unfortunate state of the people to the attention of congress, and he has made inquiries by telegraph of the governors of the states where the floods prevail as to the extent of the floods and the needs of the people. These replies will serve as a basis for an application to congress.

A TIMELY DISCOVERY.

New Orleans, April 3.—The river has been stationary for two days, and while occasionad winds and rains have created uneasiness, this section is in full enjoyment of the breathing spell promised by the engineers. The time is being put to good use. Boat loads and train loads of sacks and lumber are being sent out in every direction, boats and depots of supplies are being placed at regular intervals and even spots not exactly dangerous are being treated with the engineers' prescription of more dirt.

Last night a ten-foot hole was found in a levee near the Union plantation, above the city, and was promptly stopped. This is the only accident so far between New Orleans and Baton Rouge. On the opposite side of the river the banks are being held with equal success, proving the wisdom of the system of district levee boards, co-operating with state and government officials.

TOO MUCH DANGER.

Greenville, Miss., April 3.—The skiff line established by the Southern between Greenville and Heamham has been discontinued on account of the danger in making the trip.

RAINING AT NATCHEZ.

Natchez, Miss., April 3.—The levee situation is unchanged, but a heavy rain since midnight retards work.

LOWER AT VICKSBURG.

Vicksburg, Miss., April 3.—At 8 a. m. the river shows a decline of one-tenth in the twenty-four hours ending at that hour. A heavy rain fell at 5 a. m., with strong winds from the northwest.

AN OFFICIAL WARNING.

St. Louis, Mo., April 3.—The following special warning was issued by the local weather bureau officials today: "The river at St. Louis will continue to rise; more rain is indicated in the Mississippi and Missouri heads this afternoon and tonight, and it now looks as if the danger line of thirty feet will be reached at St. Louis within three days. Persons having property interests, which can be affected by a stage of 31 to 32 feet or less, within three days, are advised to take steps to protect them."

Warnings have also been sent to all points on the Mississippi, from Keokuk to St. Louis, to prepare for a further rise of about two feet.

THE UNSTEADY JIM.

St. Paul, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Huron, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: The water in the Jim river which went down two inches yesterday took a jump upward this morning. It has been raining in torrents since midnight. The flood conditions are the worst ever experienced here. The Chicago & Northwestern has abandoned all trains west and north, the tracks being under water or roadbeds washed out. Trains south and east are operated regularly.

STANDSTILL AT PIERRE.

St. Paul, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Pierre, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: Another severe storm is raging here today beginning with rain and changing into wet, clinging snow with temperature of 50 to 34. It is one of the worst possible storms for cattle. The river is at a standstill.

MINNEAPOLIS' LOST LOGS.

Minneapolis, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The river is falling, having gone down four inches since midnight. It is entirely clear of ice and logs. The lumbermen estimate that 8,000,000 feet of logs in all have gone over the falls.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

Michigan Congressman Who Would Destroy It.

Washington, April 3.—Representative Corliss of Michigan today introduced a joint resolution to revoke all the orders extending the application of the civil service laws which were made by President Cleveland during his last administration. Mr. Corliss thinks that the power to revoke the presidential orders rests with congress or the president, but says that President McKinley should not be called on to rescind the acts of his predecessor.

OLD RANGE MEETING.

Norrie Ore Price Fixed at $2.65 Per Ton.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 3.—The meeting of the old range men was concluded this morning. The price of Norrie ore was fixed at $2.65, and the prices of all other ores are fixed on this basis. The organization will serve to prevent an overproduction of ore, and will keep the prices uniform. A satisfactory decision has been reached as to the amount of ore each mine will produce. Carnegie and Rockefeller are out of the pool.

A MURDEROUS FARMER.

Jamestown, N. Y., April 3.—Millard Spencer, a middle-aged farmer living in Chautauqua county, last night fatally assaulted his step-daughter and Miss Helen Van Syckle, of Union, Pa., who was visiting her. After setting fire to his barn and burning thirteen head of stock, he went to the home of his brother-in-law and cut his own throat. The wound was not fatal, however. No reason is given for the crime. Spencer is apparently sane, but of a violent temperament.

KENTUCKY SENATORSHIP.

Frankfort, Ky., April 3.—Many members were away today and only one vote was cast for each candidate in the ballot for senator.

SPAIN IS JOYFUL.

Madrid, April 3.—This city today is gaily decorated with flags in honor of the victories of the Spanish troops in the Philippine islands.

AN ELECTION RIOT.

Huntington, W. Va., April 3.—A riot occurred here today between the Democrats and Republicans, and as a result of the late city election. Fifteen persons were injured, none fatally. The affair lasted an hour.

OXFORD

Fifty-Fourth Annual Oxford-Cambridge Boat Race Won By Oxford.

Unusual Interest Felt Here Because Americans Were In Each Crew.

One of the Fastest of the Famous College Boat Races.

Putney, Eng., April 3.—The fifty-fourth annual boat race between crews representing the universities of Oxford and Cambridge was rowed today over the usual course, from Putney to Mortlake, a distance of four and a quarter miles. Oxford won by barely two lengths. The time was 19 minutes, 12 seconds. Oxford has now won thirty-one out of the fifty-four races rowed, and has been the winner eight years in succession. The weather was bad for boating, some rain fell just before the start. The betting was 5 to 1 on Oxford.

It was expected that there would be an unusual amount of interest in today's race throughout the United States, as it was the first time since the beginning of this series of contests in 1829 that an American has rowed in each boat. J. J. Deknopp, of New College, Oxford, who is from Albany, N. Y., rowed for the dark blues, and Knowell, of Trinity hall, Cambridge, and New York city, was No. 4 in the boat of the light blues. The start was fixed for 2:15 p. m., an hour and a quarter before high water.

At 2 p. m. the wind had freshened and was piercing cold, promising to be at the back of the crews the whole way, and making it possible that the record time for a mile might be broken. H. Gold, in interviews just before the race, said that the crews were in the most fit condition for the contest. The Cambridge men were the first to embark, having won the toss and chosen the Middlesex side of the river. The start was made at 2:24 p. m.

Cambridge got off the mark sharper than Oxford, and at the Duke's Head, a minute after the start, Cambridge had the nose of their boat in front. At the time the crews were pulling 36 to the minute, while Oxford was striking 34 with a long, clear pull. It soon began to tell, and at Claspers Oxford was a quarter of a length ahead, was coming away and was soon half a length in the lead, which was never decreased.

Oxford's men were rowing well with all their strength, and pulling in the most admirable form. They passed the Crabtree wharf three-quarters of a length to the good. Abreast of Harrods, Fernie, who was well supported, spurted, and succeeded in slightly reducing the lead, though Oxford was rowing in the most perfect form.

Oxford shot Hammersmith bridge a length ahead, amid uproarious cheers from the dark blue partisans on both banks. There Cambridge began to feel the effect of the Oxford wash, and at the lead mills, the other side of Hammersmith bridge, and one mile, six furlongs and fifty yards from the start, the race was practically over. At the Doves, one mile, seven furlongs and sixty yards from the start, Oxford was rowing 33 and Cambridge was striking 32, with the dark blues increasing their lead to three lengths at Barnes' bridge, where Oxford was still in perfect form. Some of the light blues were palpably distressed.

At Barnes' bridge, Fernie called for a final effort, and for a time the Cambridge crew gained on the Oxford rivals. The latter, however, without unduly spurting, passed the judge's boat easy winners by bare two lengths, and in the second best time, 19m 12s, in which the race has been rowed over this course. The best time made was in 1893, when Oxford won by one length and four feet in 18m 47s. This year's dark blue crew won by less than a third of a length last year in 20m 4s time.

Cambridge finished eleven seconds behind Oxford. The time of the dark blues at the Crabtree was 3 m. 55 sec.; at Hammersmith bridge, 7 m. 20 sec.; at Chiswick church, 11 m. 3 sec., and at Barnes bridge, 16 m. The water was smooth at Putney and the wind was due east.

VETOED AT MADISON.

Madison, Wis., April 3.—Governor Schofield today vetoed the McGillivray anti-trust bill. The bill not only prohibited the formation of trusts in Wisconsin, but authorized and made it the business of the attorney general to proceed against foreign combinations doing business in any way in this state. The governor vetoed it on the ground that its provisions relating to outside combinations were unconstitutional because of interfering with interstate commerce and that its operation would be pernicious. He also held that its provisions were harsh and unreasonable.

SOLD A RAILROAD.

Springfield, Ill., April 3.—Special Master Colby, of this city, today sold the St. Louis, Chicago & St. Paul railroad, known as the Bluff line, under foreclosure on a mortgage for $500,000 due Eastern bondholders. There was but one bid—that of Thomas Carmichael, of London, England, representing the foreign security holders for $650,000. The road is to be improved, extended and consolidated with the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis railway.

DIED FROM HIS INJURIES.

Wichita, Kan., April 3.—Joe McMahon, proprietor of McMahon's circus, died this morning from the effect of a revolver shot in the hands of Deputy Marshal Cunningham, of Abilene, Tex., who quarreled with McMahon about a prisoner held here awaiting requisition papers.

SOLD IT QUICKLY.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 3.—Elliott G. Stevenson, of Detroit, who bought the Grand Rapids Democrat under foreclosure sale yesterday, today sold the property to a stock company.

GREAT NORTHERN GRANT.

Report By Senate Public Lands Committee.

St. Paul, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate public lands committee today reported a substitute for the bill to adjust the Great Northern railway land grant. The substitute does away with the commission idea, providing instead that all swamp land selections made for the Minneapolis & St. Cloud railway and included in the deed of Sept. 26, 1894, be revoked. The lands to complete the grant shall be selected in accordance with chapter 62, laws of 1893. The company claims that State Auditor Bierman revoked its original grant, giving it valueless lands in exchange. These valueless lands it wants taken back, and that it be allowed to make new selections. The bill will be opposed strongly, as many members approve Auditor Bierman's action.

IN THE HOUSE.

St. Paul, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—In the house today the committee on taxes reported an amendment fixing the gross earnings tax on telephone and other companies at 5 instead of 7 cents, as provided in the McGrath bill, and the favorable report with amendment was adopted. The Ferris bill to tax freight line companies was recommended to pass.

The bill to punish the habitual use of morphine, cocaine, etc., was discussed hotly when reached on the calendar, and was then killed by a decisive vote. A recess was then taken.

REPORT WAS PREMATURE.

No Patents Ordered For Red Lake Pine Entries.

Washington, April 3.—(Special to The Herald:)—It is said at the general land office today that the statement published in Minnesota papers to the effect that patents had been ordered issued for lands embraced in the suspended Red Lake pine land entries is premature to say the least.

As a matter of fact, Commissioner Hermann only yesterday transmitted to Secretary Bliss a statement of the action of his office on these suspended entries with a request for instructions as to further proceedings. It is expected that Secretary Bliss will take some action in the matter in a short time.

CONTEMPT OF COURT.

One Eau Claire Man Will Go to Jail.

St. Paul, April. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Dispatch special from Eau Claire, Wis., says: In the circuit court this morning Judge Bailey said he had made up his mind last night what to do in the contempt proceedings against Doolittle and Ashbaugh, but would give them until 7:30 tonight. There was much discussion by the attorneys, Doolittle claiming Attorney Frawley, who was prosecuting, had said worse things about the judge than he (Doolittle) ever published. Doolittle further said that he would abide by all he had said, and the court remarked he would see that he did abide by it. The general expectation is that a jail sentence on one at least of the two alleged culprits will be pronounced.

CHARTER A SHIP.

Congress Will Help the India Famine Stricken.

Washington, April 3.—After listening to a long personal explanation from Mr. Terry, who felt aggrieved at statements that he was jealous and sore because the Democrats had elected Mr. Bailey instead of Mr. McMillin as their leader, the house by unanimous consent passed the senate's joint resolution to charter a vessel to carry food to India famine sufferers, and then adjourned until Wednesday.

SCHOCH WILL WIN.

Closing Day of the Big Bicycle Race.

Washington, April 3.—There was no change in the positions of the riders at the 6-day bicycle race this morning, but Albert, by good work, drew a little nearer to Schoch. Lawson picked up during the night and passed Cassidy. He probably will hold fourth place, and it is thought by many that the Swede may overtake Golden and take third position as at 10 o'clock he was only eighteen miles behind him and was riding with his usual pluck and tenacity. Schoch is compelled to take frequent short rests, but is bravely holding on to his position.

At noon the score stood: Schoch, 1591; Albert, 1536; Golden, 1510; Lawson, 1492; Cassidy, 1367; Riverre, 1061; Ford, 581; Muller, 130.

Score at 3 p. m.—Schoch, 1611; Albert, 1568; Golden, 1544; Lawson, 1528; Cassidy, 1498; Rivierre, 1091; Ford, 580; Muller, 130.

A TRAFFIC CONFERENCE.

St. Louis, April 3.—The executive officers and general solicitors of the St. Louis Southwestern lines held another conference to determine upon the course they were to pursue with regard to the Southwestern Traffic association in the light of the recent supreme court decision, which suspended all of its operations, but no decision was reached.

THE KENTUCKY DEADLOCK.

Frankfort, Ky., April 3.—Hon. Sam M. Taylor, of Ohio, returned home. The report comes straight that Hunter will be voted for till next Wednesday, when Judge Holt will be entered and is almost certain to be elected if an election has not resulted before that time. The steering committees have agreed that only one vote shall be cast for each candidate today as there is no possibility of an election.

CHRISTENSON'S CASE.

New York, April 3.—Under Sheriff W. S. Shephard, of Lanawee county, Mich., who is here with papers for the extradition of Anton Christenson, said last night that he had a telegram from Prosecutor John Bird, of Lanawee county, assuring District Attorney Olcott that Christenson would be prosecuted if sent back to Michigan.

SCOTS ARE CHAMPIONS.

London, April 3.—Scotland won the championship football game today, defeating England by a score of 2 to 1.

CREMATED

One of Chattanooga's Most Prominent Citizens Is Burned to Death.

Finest Building in the City Is a Smoking Ruin.

Another Prominent Man Falls to Death From a Fire Escape.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 3.—The Richardson building, the largest in Chattanooga and one of the largest in the South, was totally destroyed by fire between 3:30 and 6 o'clock this morning. Fire caught from the furnace from the basement and ran up the elevator shaft. The watchman was slow in turning in an alarm and when the fire companies arrived the building was a mass of flames.

The watchman warned a number of gentleman sleeping on the sixth floor and all succeeded in getting out, except two. These were Boyd Ewing, one of the wealthiest men in this section, and S. M. Patton, one of the most prominent architects in the South. Mr. Ewing attempted to climb down the fire escape, but fell from the top. His body was badly mutilated. Patton was cut off from escape on the stairs and his body is still in the ruins.

About 100 offices and four stores were in the building. The total loss amounts to about $400,000 with insurance of about $200,000.

A large force is now at work searching for Patton's remains, but it may be several days before they are found.

Nothing was saved from the building, as the fire burned with startling rapidity. The loss on contents is distributed among about 100 people.

A two-story building adjoining was also totally destroyed. The Third National bank across the street was badly damaged.

SUE FOR MILLIONS.

Heavy Mining Litigation Coming In Montana.

Helena, Mont., April 3.—The decision of Judge Knowles in the United States circuit court in the Helena injunction suits of the Boston and Montana company and Rollins Morse, chairman of the reorganization committee of the Butte and Boston company, against the Montana Ore Producing company, in which it was sought to stop the latter from working the Michael Davitt and Pennsylvania lodes, will, it is believed, be followed by the heaviest suit that has ever been tried in the country.

Manager McGinnis of the Ore Producing company stated last evening that as soon as the necessary papers could be prepared suit would be instituted against the Boston and Montana company for $2,200,000, which, it is claimed is the net value of the ore extracted by the latter company through the Mountain View shift from the west 300 feet from the various leads. This is said to have been the principal ore supply of the Mountain View, and it is said that nearly all of the ore has been taken out. The Montana Ore Producing company claims that the value of the ore thus unlawfully extracted was little more than $3,000,000 and that the net value was $2,200,000.

A MINERS' CONFERENCE.

Springfield, Ill., April 3.—At the convention of organized and unorganized miners of Illinois, held here, resolutions were adopted authorizing the tariff on coal from 40 to 25 cents per ton proposed by the Dingley bill. A committee was appointed to confer with the Indiana miners' committee to fix rates of mining.

FORAKER'S POOLING BILL.

Washington, April 3.—Senator Foraker says he is determined to push his railway pooling bill to a vote in the senate before the close of the extra session, if possible. He left Washington last night for his home in Ohio to be absent several days. He says: "I have talked with members of the committee and other senators individually and I believe that the outlook for the passing of the bill I have introduced is favorable."

STROKE OF PARALYSIS.

New York, April 3.—Roswell G. Stolston, president of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company, and one of the best known New York financiers, was stricken with paralysis while returning to his home in Babylon, L. I. Little hope of his recovery is entertained.

FOR AMERICAN CONTRACTORS.

Washington, April 3.—United States Consul Buchanan, at Buenos Ayres, has made an effort, with promise of successful outcome, to induce the Argentine government to publish advertisements calling for proposals for government supplies in the United States so that our manufacturers may have an opportunity to compete.

AMERICAN REFUGEE CAUGHT.

Mexico, April 3.—Col. Felipe Garson, who went to Acapulco to escort back the escaped American, H. A. Elmer, wanted in Florida, arrived here with the prisoner heavily guarded. Elmer will immediately be handed over to the American detective for removal to Florida.

A DEAD NATURALIST.

San Diego, Cal., April 3.—Assistant Naturalist N. B. Miller, of the United States steamer Albatross, is dead of Bright's disease at the Marine hospital.

OLD PRESBYTERIAN DEAD.

Cincinnati, April 3.—The Rev. Andrew Ritchie, D.D., a prominent member of the Presbyterian church died at Wyoming, Ohio, today aged 71. He was for thirty-two years secretary of the Western Tract society.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

REPEALED

The Jacobson Bill to Forfeit Iron Range Land Grant Passed.

Protest In the Senate Against Vote on the Capitol Bill.

Report of Committee on Mountain Iron Dispute Is Nearly Ready.

St. Paul, April 3.—The Jacobson bill to repeal the Duluth & Iron Range land grant was passed by the house yesterday without a dissenting vote. There is a supplementary bill, providing for proceedings to recover lands which are claimed by other parties, but which belong to the state. Judge Hicks made the point against it that the attorney general had been fearless in his prosecution of infringement of public rights by great incorporations, and was entitled to have this suit under his direction. A demurrer was pleaded to this by Mr. Douglas. The attorney general was overworked, and should have the assistance of special counsel. Mr. Hartshorn agreed that there was an imminent and imperative necessity for the passage of the first act as it served as the necessary foundation for any case which might afterward be brought into the courts. The vote on the forfeiture act bill stood—90-0.

The supplementary bill appropriates $25,000 for the commission, to be named, and with which to prosecute the Duluth & Iron Range case, the Mountain Iron case, and others where there is dispute over lands. The Mountain Iron committee has not yet reported, and in view of that fact, Mr. Staples moved to postpone consideration of the bill until within twenty-four hours after the Mountain Iron report should come in. Mr. Jacobson had no objection, and the house accordingly took such action.

THE CAPITOL BILL.

Passed the Senate But Lacked Two-Thirds.

St. Paul, April 3.—The capitol bill passed the senate yesterday afternoon 31 to 20. This is less than the two-thirds vote claimed to be necessary by Senator Howard, whose formal protest, backed by half a dozen other senators, was duly entered on the journal.

Senator Howard has unearthed what he thinks is an unsurmountable objection in article 9, section 5, of the state constitution, which reads as follows:

"For the purpose of defraying extraordinary expenditure, the state may contract public debts, but such debts shall never, in the aggregate exceed $250,000; every such debt shall be authorized by law, for some single object, to be distinctly specified therein, and no such law shall take effect until it shall have been passed by the vote of two-thirds of the members of each branch of the legislature, to be recorded by yeas and nays on the journals of each house respectively."

The bill passed the house by a two-thirds vote, but failed to get it in the senate, and Senator Howard believes that his formal protest will prevent the sale of the certificates and leave the matter in the air.

MOUNTAIN IRON MINE.

Donnelly Nearly Ready to Make His Report.

St. Paul, April 3.—In the retirement of his apartments at the Ryan, refusing audience to all interviewers, Chairman Ignatius Donnelly, of the Mountain Iron investigating committee has been working night and day this week on the final draft of the committee's report. The report, as it will be submitted to the committee very shortly, will include some thirty or forty typewritten pages. Digesting the evidence, working all into a homogenous and consistent whole, marshalling the facts to illumine the state's contention in the strongest possible light, has been a tremendous task, and Mr. Donnelly spoke with relief this noon at the thought that his labors were so nearly over.

"It is hard to tell the truth and yet offer that which we have in its most effective form," said he, "because of the death of ex-State Auditor Braden. Decency compels some respect to his memory." Very briefly Mr. Donnelly outlined the salient points of his draft of the report. Said he:

"We will show first that the Mountain Iron property remained undisputed in the possession of the state from February, 1884, to January, 1888.

"Second—That the state could not be divested of the title to the land except by deed from the governor or relinquishment, signed by the governor; therefore, the land is still the state's property.

"Third—We shall give a full history of the Mountain Iron project, reciting the circumstances of its discovery, the details of the first attempt at settlement, while it was still in the state's possession, and the whole matter of the proceedings leading up to the so-called relinquishment.

"It has been my idea in this draft to offer a report which might furnish a basis for the lawyers who will seek to enforce the state's claim, and to make the case so clear that in no way can the state be cheated out of its right. I hope to have it passed upon by members of the committee and signed by Tuesday of next week."

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

Bill For the Cities Recommended to Pass.

St. Paul, April 3.—By a vote of 14 to 11 the Hennepin, Ramsey and St. Louis county delegations have decided to recommend for passage the substitute civil service reform bill. Layhourn and Schmidt, of Duluth, and Dunn, of St. Paul, objected to the provision permitting the city council to extend the operation of the civil service, and this was stricken out. Objection was made against the section providing that all rules adopted by the board should have the "O. K." of the mayor, and it was so amended that the whole board might adopt the rules notwithstanding the mayor's objections. The rules are to apply to removals, reductions and promotions, and not to touch any religious, metaphysical or abtruse philosophical questions. In cases of emergency, the mayor may appoint temporarily.

On motion of Mr. Dale, of Hennepin, a clause was added making failure to pay debts cause for removal. Mr. McGill, of Ramsey, tried to amend the bill so as to bring the heads of the police, fire and water departments within its scope, but failed. Messrs. Dahl and Smith, of Hennepin, were anxious to have all men at present members of the police, fire and water departments brought under the act, and made to take the civil service examination, but they were overruled, 13 to 14. Mr. Snyder, of Hennepin, said that with the members of the fire department on a civil service basis, there would be no more unseemly scrambles for the position of chief. The power behind chiefs in Minneapolis in the past had been the firemen, who were anxious for his re-election to hold their jobs.

The fact that there were eleven votes against the bill shows that there will be opposition on general orders, and unless this is checked the bill may be defeated.

THE TRI-CITY CHARTER.

St. Paul, April 3.—One Duluth member has come to the front in favor of the tri-city charter. Said Mr. Schmidt this afternoon: "Within the past few days I have received more than sixty letters and telegrams from people in Duluth asking me to vote for the bill. These represent the entire bar of the county and our best business and professional men. I said at first that I would vote against the bill, but now I am in favor of it."

Members from Ramsey do not yet know where they stand. They are waiting to hear from the citizens. Their private judgment is that the bill cannot pass.

BAD SLAP AT POWERS.

St. Paul, April 3.—The Stevens bill, to reorganize the state labor bureau, which was favorably reported in the senate yesterday by the investigating committee, is a bad slap at Commissioner Powers. The bill provides for the abolition of the present bureau and the establishment of a new bureau with the office force cut from seven members to four and with its scope confined entirely to labor matters. In addition to reducing the force of the bureau, the bill cuts the salary of the commissioner from $2500 to $2000 per year; that of the deputy commissioner from $1500 to $1200 per year, and limits the factory inspectors to $1000 per year. The contingent fund is reduced from $3000 to $1500 and the commissioner is required to confine his reports to labor statistics. The new labor commissioner is to be appointed within ten days after the passage of the act.

ONE IN EVERY FOUR.

One Person in Every Four Suffers From Piles.

About one person in every four suffers from some form of rectal disease. The most common and annoying is itching piles, indicated by warmth, slight moisture and intense, uncontrollable itching in the parts affected.

The usual treatment has been some simple ointment or salve, which sometimes give temporary relief, but nothing like a permanent cure can be expected from such superficial treatment.

The only permanent cure for itching piles yet discovered is the Pyramid Pile Cure, not only for itching piles, but for every other form of piles, blind, bleeding or protruding. The first application gives instant relief and the continued use for some time causes a permanent removal of the tumors or the small parasites which cause the intense itching and discomfort of itching piles.

Many physicians for a long time supposed that the remarkable relief afforded by the Pyramid Pile Cure was because it was supposed to contain cocaine, opium or similar drugs, but such is not the case. A recent careful analysis of the remedy showed it to be absolutely free from any cocaine, opium or in fact any poisonous, injurious drugs whatever. Sold by druggists at 50 cents per package.

AFTER A RECORD.

New York, April 3.—Harrison C. Canner and Estriam Folket, two Philadelphia men who will attempt to break the horseback riding record between New York and Philadelphia, left Hotel Waldorf promptly at 7:30 this morning.



A woman's greatest mission in this world is to help baby. Teaching baby to eat, and to walk and to talk. A rightly constituted woman finds in these her happiest employment. Too many women miss this happiness because of their own ignorance or neglect. No woman should be ignorant of her own physical make-up. No woman has the right to neglect the health of those delicate organs of her body upon which depends the life and health and happiness of her children. The Mosaic command to "increase and multiply" was no idle, thoughtless edict. It was the command of Jehovah. The woman who annuls it by neglect of her womanly health commits a crime.

The best medicine for women is Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It makes a woman capable of performing her duty to herself, her husband, her children and mankind. It acts directly upon the organs distinctly feminine and makes them strong and vigorous. It does away with the discomforts of the period preceding motherhood. It makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It cures all weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism.

In a family of parents and children there is much care, many worries, numerous perplexities. But, if sickness comes, everything else is small beside it. How valuable then is a doctor in the same block, or an experienced neighbor next door. How much more comfortable for all concerned is a standard medical book on the table or the bookshelf. It is less expensive than the doctor, probably more reliable than the experienced neighbor. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is the best thing of this sort ever published. It contains 1008 pages of plain talk, and careful illustrations. Many of the pictures are colored and true to nature. Nearly 100 pages are devoted to the diseases of women. There are prescriptions for their cure at home. Send 21 one-cent stamps, to cover the cost of mailing *only*, and get this book FREE in strong manilla cover. Send 31 one-cent stamps and get it in beautiful, substantial, cloth binding. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo N. Y.

LONDON

England on the Qui Vive For Any Transvaal War Possibilities.

Advent of the Bradley-Martins In England Provokes Press Comment.

Loving Cup For Bayard and the Usual Lot of Gossip.

London, April 3.—(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.)—The preparations against eventualities in the Transvaal are being steadily pushed forward. A representative of the Associated Press has learned from war office sources that a general to command the British forces has been selected and has been asked to prepare a plan for the campaign against the Boers, including the number and description of the troops of different branches of the service, etc., which he judges will be necessary to bring the military operations to a successful conclusion. This general, who is familiar with African fighting, has replied that 10,000 British regulars will be sufficient, as he counts on the 40,000 troops, white and black, which are already there, while he does not consider the Boers, even if able to do so, will put 40,000 armed men in the field, and one-half of these he believes will be required to guard the towns, forts, etc.

The speech of Joseph Israel Tarte, minister of public works, at Ottawa recently, has been considerably discussed in Roman Catholic circles. A representative of the Associated Press was informed by a high church authority that Mr. Tarte is considered as being "almost without backbone" in the Manitoba question. The authority referred to added: "Had he been a man of greater courage, the question could have been settled long ago."

Regarding the statement attributed to the Conservatives of Quebec that Monsignor Merry Del Val, the papal delegate to Canada, is powerless to take up the question of the interference of the bishops in elections, it is pointed out in Roman Catholic circles here that Monsignor Del Val will be unable to settle the Manitoba school question without settling the question of the bishops' interference in elections, as these two issues, it is claimed, are really inseparable, and the papal delegate has the most ample powers to settle both questions. As to the change in the plans of Archbishop Begin, of Quebec, in deciding to go from Rome to Vichy instead of home, it is believed by pronounced Roman Catholics here that the Vatican desires to exclude Archbishop Begin from the Manitoba trouble in order not to complicate his appointment to Montreal.

The consistory of the court of St. Paul's on Wednesday last drafted the deed of gift of the so-called Mayflower log, or book of registry of the Mayflower pilgrims, preparatory to turning it over to the United States ambassador, Thomas F. Bayard. J. G. Carlisle, the United States charge d'affairs, was present. A number of Americans, claiming descent from the Mayflower pilgrims, have applied to see the log, but they were referred to the photographic copy.

The farewell banquet to Mr. Bayard will take place May 7 at Hotel Cecil, upon which occasion he will be presented with a gold loving cup worth over $2500 by members of the American colony of London and elsewhere in the United Kingdom. Mr. Bayard was last heard from at Rome.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradley-Martin, of New York, have arrived here and are receiving plenty of attention from the London newspapers, generally unfavorable. One paper says: "The Bradley-Martins feel it necessary to live up to their recent expensive reputation in New York. Royalties have been known to arrive in England with a clean shirt in a handbag and one attendant; but you modern republican millionaire and wife cannot travel without half a shipload of servants and apparel. From the tons of the announcements, one might imagine that it was the Martins and not the queen's jubilee which is about to be celebrated. The surprising thing to us is that the navy has not sent warships to convey this precious cargo."

The members of the lacrosse team of the Crescent Athletic club, of Brooklyn, N. Y., have been treated socially in the most charming manner. They were banqueted at Manchester on Monday, and find that the provinces play lacrosse better than the London teams. The Manchester ground is very rough.

Kerkau, the German billiard champion at the carom games, who is on his way to the United States to play Ives, gave exhibition games this week. He played Mannock, who played Carter in 1895. The game was 2500 caroms up, and Mannock was allowed 2000. Kerkau beat him by 325. In the second game of 6000 caroms Mannock was allowed 5000 and Kerkau made a break of 596.

GEN. RIVERA.

State Department Protests Against His Execution.

Chicago, April 3.—The Times-Herald's Washington special says: Secretary Sherman has protested against the execution of Gen. Ruiz Rivera, the Cuban leader, in Pinar Del Rio, who was recently captured by the Spanish forces. President McKinley and Secretary Sherman discussed the Rivera case and the latter, at the president's suggestion, communicated with Senor De Lome, the Spanish minister.

Secretary Sherman did not make a formal protest against the execution of Rivera. At the same time, Secretary Sherman wanted the Spanish minister and his government to understand that the execution of Rivera would not tend to promote good feeling for Spain in this country. It is not doubted that Senor De Lome communicated the substance of this informal protest to his government, and there are reasons for believing that the Spanish authorities will cable orders to Havana which will save Rivera's life.

OLD COMPOSER DEAD.

Vienna, April 3.—John Brahms, the musical composer, is dead. He had been ill for a long time. He was 67 years old.

Sharp as a Snake's Tooth

Is the biting air of early spring. It pierces the warmest clothing, producing the chills and shivers of the dreaded Grip. The tried and true defender of feeble bodies is

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

Which quickens the circulation and generally braces the system, so that the bleak wind of March and April is harmless as a June zephyr. Take this pure medicinal whiskey at the first symptom of Grip, and all the other symptoms will pass you by.

Druggists and grocers keep it. Insist on having the genuine.

MUST KEEP SAMPLES.

Goods In Bond Must Be Officially Sampled.

Washington, April 3.—The secretary of the treasury today gave out the following for publication: "Under the last clause of the tariff bill as it passed the house it is made the duty of the secretary of the treasury to prescribe and enforce suitable regulations to carry out the provisions of this section, including the retention in bonded warehouses of the United States, or any other place where such goods are imported, of samples of such goods until required for evidence on any trial. Of course this provision is not yet a law, but unless action is taken to retain samples, it will be difficult for the department, in cases where it is necessary to have samples of the goods, to determine the rate of duty, to successfully maintain its position that the importation was subject to the rates applicable under the so-called Dingley bill."

Section 249 of the revised statutes provides that "the secretary of the treasury shall direct the superintendence of the collector of the duties on imports and tonnage as he shall judge best." If a regulation is issued providing for the retention of samples upon imports from and after April 1, the regulation must be made under this statute, for obviously no action can be taken by the treasury department under the bill which passed the house until it has also passed the senate and received the approval of the president.

Up to this time no regulations have been issued looking to the retention of samples of imports as required by the bill. Secretary Gage had a consultation on the subject with Assistant Secretary Howell and Chairman Dingley, but so far no definite decision has been arrived at. It is believed, however, that steps will be taken at once to carry out the intent of the bill.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Secretary Long is authority for the statement that the orders for the flagship Philadelphia to proceed to Honolulu have no significance.

George Stack, the well-known New York piano manufacturer, is dead.

Brewery employes in Milwaukee, over 10,000 in number, have made a demand for ten hours' pay for eight hours' work. If it is not granted by Monday a strike will be ordered.

Frank Butler, the alleged Australian murderer, made an unsuccessful attempt to commit suicide at San Francisco. With his long thumb nail he had made a ragged incision half an inch long near the temporal artery in the arm. The wound went almost to the bone and would have been serious had Butler been more successful in locating the artery. He is all right now and will sail for Australia at noon today.

The formal order placing Rear Admiral Ramsay, chief of the navigation bureau, on the retired list, was issued yesterday from the navy department.

At Minneapolis M. D. Swanson, the saloon keeper who attempted suicide Thursday morning, died yesterday afternoon at the city hospital. Swanson cut his veins open with a penknife and could not recover after such a great loss of blood.

The steamer Umbria, which sails for Europe tomorrow will take out the largest shipment of silver, 955,000 ounces, since July 10, 1896. The shipment on that date was 1,026,000 ounces, taken per two steamers. The total exports of the week amount to 1,573,000 ounces and 75,009 Mexican dollars.

There is a great scarcity of water at Santiago de Cuba, and the authorities have been compelled to reduce the water rations of the prisoners and sick persons in the jail and in the hospitals. Water is being brought in on American steamers.

A cyclone passed over the southern portion of Cleveland county, Arkansas, Thursday, destroying twelve or fifteen country residences and wounding ten or fifteen persons. Will Shirley was killed and others seriously injured.

At Wilkesbarre, Pa., the Maltby breaker of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, $80,000; insurance, $50,000. Three hundred and fifty men are thrown out of employment.

At Kansas City, Frank J. Jackson, a prosperous laundryman, was shot and killed last night by Jefferson D Goddard, a druggist and physician. The tragedy occurred at the Woodland hotel, where Mrs. Jackson, who had become estranged from her husband, was living. Goddard has been attending Mrs. Jackson as her physician. Jackson attacked Goddard earlier in the evening, but was disarmed, and when he appeared at the hotel and renewed the attack Goddard killed him. Goddard was arrested.

At Atlanta, Ga., J. P. Atkinson, the 17-year-old son of Governor Atkinson, and Miss Adabryan Byrd, aged 14, eloped yesterday. They took a train for Tennessee, but fearing detection, they left the train, secured a horse and buggy at Kingston and left for Rome. The parents of the youthful couple are greatly shocked at the conduct of the pair and have offered a reward for their detention, if apprehended before the marrige takes place.

At Boston a syndicate of wealthy patrons of sport has subscribed a pure of $15,000 for a 20-round contest between Corbett and Fitzsimmons, to take place in New York at a date to be agreed upon.

Secretary Alger today issued an order placing Maj. Gen. Thomas H. Ruger, commanding the department of the East at New York, on the retired list on account of age. His retirement will make a large number of promotions and cause the shifting of several old department commanders.

The report sent out from Key West to the effect that Gen. Rivera was shot at Ruiz yesterday morning, is untrue. The trial by court martial of Gen. Rivera is being proceeded with behind closed doors at San Cristobal.

HALF RATE EXCURSIONS SOUTH AND WEST.

Via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, April 6 and 20. One fare for round trip plus $2 to points in the South, Southwest and West. For rates and particulars call at City Ticket office, 401 West Superior street, Duluth.

F. B. ROSS,
General Agent.

IRON ORE

Prices of Ore as Agreed Upon For the Coming Season.

Sales of Importance Not Yet Made But Are Expected Soon.

The Output This Year Will Be the Largest on Record.

Ishpeming, Mich., April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The price of ore for 1897 will be based upon a rate of $2.65 for standard Gogebic bessemers, the price of the same ore last year having been $4 per ton. Standard Mesaba bessemers will command $2.40 per ton. Non-bessemer ores of the lower grades will sell down as low as $1.65 or $1.90. The bulk of the Mesaba bessemer ores will sell 20 cents under the standard fixed for that district, which will bring them to the very low figure of $2.20 per ton. These figures are for ore delivered at South Chicago or the various ports of Lake Erie, and the unit of measurement is the gross ton of 2240 pounds. Sales of importance have not as yet been made, but may be looked for in the near future. The meetings of the proposed pool of old-range producers have ended, and they have agreed on $2.65 for Norrie ore. The figures named will be the standard of prices for the opening of the season at least, unless one of the largest producers in the district recedes from the very flat-footed stand taken in the old pool—a stand, by the way, which was the most prominent factor in bringing about a dissolution of the old pool, the members of which were almost a unit in desiring a standard price of $2.90 per ton.

The tonnage will be heavy, as the output of 1897 will undoubtedly be the largest on record, and the question of ore freights now becomes the most serious matter affecting the ore producers. It is certain that lake freights will not rule high at the opening of the season, that is, as compared with seasons previous to three years ago, but there is no good ground for thinking that the rates will be very much lower than last year, as very strong interests are now listed in the opposition to a ruinously low lake freight rate. The question of lake freights becomes all the greater in importance to the mines because of the very low prices which will be commanded by the ore shipped this year, and as profits of all but three or four of the big mines will be counted in penalties this year, every additional 5 cents on lake freights means the difference between a small profit or turning an old dollar into a new one with most of the large mines, while with not a few of the other mines it means the difference between continuing operations and paying expenses or working at an actual loss, while there are yet other mines to which the question of lake freights means the life or death of their corporate bodies.

There has been a hope on the part of shippers that rail freights might be reduced, and the necessity of making further concessions to shippers in order to allow them to remain in business has been forcibly impressed on the railroad managers. The latter reply, and with the facts to back them, that former concessions have in no wise benefited the mines. Reductions in rail freights have been followed by corresponding reductions in selling prices of ore. The same process has been observed in the case of lowered lake freights, reductions in wages, and in all lessening of costs. The consumer has gained more than 90 per cent of the benefit, and the railroads prefer getting the money themselves to altruistic labors for the benefit of the furnaceman and general public.

With a Mesaba base price of $2.40 per ton for Fayal mine ore, which averages 62½ per cent iron, 0.040 per cent phosphorus and 10 per cent moisture—almost an exact chemical counterpart of the Gogebic standard Bessemer, but differing from it in physical nature—the Consolidated company, controlled although not entirely owned by J. D. Rockefeller, will be able to make a profit on its ore. The Consolidated company owns its big mines in fee, owns its railroad and Mr. Rockefeller personally owns the largest fleet of freight steamers on the lakes. Another Carnegie can make no money from his Mesaba properties at such a figure, or rather at a figure 20 cents a ton lower, as his ores are not up to standard, and for the current year Mr. Carnegie would actually be better off were he not the owner of a single mine, though the future value of his great ore properties remains to console him for the loss of profits on this year's mining operations.

The Minnesota Iron company, the Lake Superior Iron company and the Pittsburg & Lake Angeline Mining company, all of which produce large quantities of ore that commands a premium over the standard, will be able to make a little money. The Norrie mine, the Republic and the Chapin may also realize even smaller profits from the year's business, but the other mines that give returns of any importance to their owners will have been managed with a degree of skill, economy and judgment which should receive the highest ecomiums of their grateful stockholders, though as a matter of act the stockholders will be much more apt to use unseemly language than to spend their time passing commendatory resolutions at their annual meetings after the close of the shipping season.

The Lake Superior charcoal iron furnaces have formed a pool and hope to make its operations profitable, undeterred by the fate of the Besemer ore pool, the steel rail pool, the billet pool and the other combinations which have been broken in the recent past. The plan of the proposed combination is a business-like one, and if faithfully adhered to will prove profitable to its promoters. The plan of the pool, which includes all of the furnaces turning out this variety of pig iron, does not contemplate any material increase in prices which might cause the product of its members to be replaced by other kinds of iron, but rather a systematizing of production of varied grades, a better plan of selling and a prevention of competition past the point of profitable operation. Unless the members of this pool prove wiser than their forbears, the operations of the combination will be marked by moderation and attended by satisfaction and profit the first season, characterized by greed and pursued by dissatisfaction the next year and followed in the succeeding season by dissensions, recriminations and collapse, with a period of war to the knife and knife to the hilt until there has been a satisfactory amount of blood letting, then convalescence and eventually a repetition of the same program.

It is possible that as the membership of the pool is small, better luck may be in store for the makers of Lake Superior charcoal iron. It is a fact not generally recognized that large business operations are frequently attended by the same petty bickerings, small jealousies and senseless competition in throwing away dollars in order to make the other fellow quit first, which so frequently afford interesting conversation to corner loafers in small villages, when one grocer thinks he has more money or grit than the other, and attempts to do him up by selling cheaper than the other can buy, a diversion profitable to consumers of groceries, but usually attended by disastrous consequences to the rival purveyors. In this connection it may be remarked that the people of the United States will buy their iron and steel very cheaply this season.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

TRADE OUTLOOK.

Dun Says That the Conditions Are Mixed.

New York, April 3.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says: The markets are still waiting, some ranging downward and others recovering. The vote of the house in favor of a new tariff bill has made no impression in business, since it has been expected since November that some measure of the same general character would become law. If the bill stands, with its provisions making new duties applicable April 1, the chances are that foreign imports and treasury receipts may be for a time considerably restricted.

The markets for products has been variable and uncertain. Wheat closes a cent lower than last week, and the May option has declined 2 cents, and Western receipts for the week have been some larger than last year, while the Atlantic exports, flour included, have been some larger than last year. The movement of corn continues so large as to materially affect the demand for wheat. Western receipts having been 1,913,862 bushels for the week, against 1,946,045 last year, and Atlantic exports 4,291,629 against 1,005,896 last year. Current trade estimates regarding the wheat crop are a little more favorable and are somewhat more likely to prove reliable, as the advance of the season makes the condition of growing wheat better known.

Cotton has not changed in price, although the floods in the Southwest have doubtless done much harm. The cotton and other textile manufacturers are slowly gaining in business, though print cloths and most staple cottons remain unchanged in price, and restricting of output seems to have given some relief to the market. The buying of wool by mills is still a noteworthy feature, being far in excess of current consumption, but there is a much greater volume of transactions between dealers, and at the three chief markets the sales for five weeks have been 63,725,200 pounds against 25,377,676 in the same weeks of 1892, when the mills were well employed. Prices are very strong, both here and at London, where the advance since the sale began is from 15 to 20 per cent, but there are feverish irregularities, an indication that holders are not all of one mind, and some remember that many large mills have taken stocks for a full year's consumption.

The iron and steel industry has been slaughtered, so to speak, by the decision of the supreme court affecting railroads, since it is apprehended that purchases not only of rails but of cars, locomotives and bridge materials may be affected. The demand for rails is still considerable, and one order is pending for 10,000 tons for Japan, but the reduction in Mesaba ore, with the want of agreement as to cost among producers of hard ores, tends to encourage the belief in lower prices for finished products, and so to hinder buying. The great struggle between the ore producing companies of the Mesaba has not yet so far developed that anybody can feel confident as to the future cost of iron.

Meanwhile, with pig accumulating, although some blast furnaces have stopped production, the price of Bessemer at Pittsburg is a shade lower at $10.25, and grey forge at $9, but there are no quotable changes in prices of finished products, although the tone is rather weak.

The new combination in cut nails only affects selling prices in Eastern markets.

WHAT BRADSTREETS SAYS.

New York, April 3.—Bradstreet's today says: The course of general trade shows sonic improvement, notwithstanding an almost complete stoppage of business in the South Mississippi valley by washouts, overflows and floods. The condition of country roads throughout the central Western states and the Northwest is such as to further delay collections and check demand from interior merchants. Another drop is recorded in prices of Bessemer pig iron and steel billets and in wheat, flour, coal, coffee and lard, which is in part offset by increased activity and higher prices for wool and for woolens, for corn, oats, sugar and petroleum. A heavy movement of fertilizers is reported in the South Atlantic states; interest in lumber and shingles has increased on the Northwest Pacific coast, and Galveston is exporting cattle to Europe direct. The most favorable trade reports are from Northwestern spring wheat states.

There are 4042 business failures in the United States reported by Bradstreet's during the past quarter, compared with the first quarter of 1896, a falling off of about 11 per cent.

Special reports to Bradstreet's from fifty cities with reference to revival in activity in industrial lines indicate that there are at work at the centers probably not to exceed 100,000 in excess of the number employed in November last. The increases are largely among employes of manufacturers of woolen goods, shoes, clothing, machinery, engines, agricultural implements, bicycles, carriages, furniture, iron, steel, glass and shipbuilding. Depression still exists among some branches of the woolen goods industry, in coal mining and cotton goods manufactures.

Bank clearings for March at eighty-two cities throughout the United States show an increase of ⅛ perc ent compared with March one year ago, the first monthly increase over a corresponding total one year ago since April, 1896.

Exports of wheat, flour included as wheat from both coasts of the United States and from St. John, N. B., this week amount to 4,464,645 bushels, compared with 1,749,000 bushels last week, 1,683,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 2,853,000 bushels two years ago, 2,578,000 bushels in 1894, and 3,635,000 bushels in the corresponding week of 1893, the largest week's total exports of wheat and flour since the first week of February last. Exports of Indian corn amount to 4,970,127 bushels this week compared with 5,862,000 last week, 2,198,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 781,000 bushels two years ago, 1,574,000 bushels three years ago, and 944,000 bushels in the like week of 1893.

There is an improvement in the demand for dry goods and hats and caps among Toronto jobbers. Proposed tariff changes in the Dominion continue to affect prices of staples. Montreal jobbers report stocks low and inquiries more frequent.

NEW ORE POOL.

Which Leaves the Mesaba Range Out Altogether.

Cleveland, April 3.—The ore producers of the old Iron ranges have formed a pool. The Carnegie and Rockefellers are excluded, as their interests are purely in the Mesaba range.

The pool, besides the Gogebic, embraces the Marquette, Menominee and Vermilion ranges. The new basis of $2.65 for Norrie ore, which is far below the price of last year, is expected to reduce the demand for Mesaba Bessemer ores.

The members of the pool expect to work harmoniously, and, now that the federation is a fact, they expect business to begin.

The ore pool does not expect much trouble in reducing the unloading charges. As the outlook is not so good as it was last year, they expect that part of the reduction will have to be borne by labor. The present price of 16 cents a ton for unloading ore will be reduced 3 or 4 cents.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The rain, which was the first this year, helped to make the snow disappear in level places around Pembina. While it now looks favorable for an early spring, the old timers claim to expect that high water will be an obstacle to early seeding. The Red river is still solid and no sign of a break-up. Many of our citizens are building boats. That old timer, W. H. Morehead, or, as he is commonly known, "High Water Bill," is very sick, and his many friends hope for his immediate recovery.

At Thompson Deputy Sheriff Collins and Attorney Hamilton searched a blind pig and confiscated a quantity of suspicious bottles and kegs.

L. S. Ditmer, who was once a prosperous farmer of Argusville, and who lost his property through gambling, has pleaded guilty to forgery at Fargo and was given one year in the penitentiary.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

John Ball, a popular young man of the county, and a former student of Redfield college, was drowned at Tulare Thursday evening while attempting to ford a creek. He was riding a horse, but was swept off and carried under by the swift current. Turtle creek and Jim river are higher than during the flood of 1881, and houses on the flats are filled with water and people forced to higher ground. The rivers are still rising.

Pierre is a dry town so far as liquor is concerned. The saloons all have closed their doors and will not open until the license question is settled and they know what they will have to pay.

The First National bank of Deadwood, which has taken $75,000 of state funding warrants, offered, with other banks in the Black Hills, to take bonds to the amount of $300,000. These bonds bear 6 per cent interest, and have the signature of Governor Lee. This $75,000 represents the entire floating indebtedness of South Dakota, a pretty good showing for a state which the Populists declared was bankrupt. Iowa's floating debt is $1,500,000 and Nebraska's is $760,000. When Treasurer Phillips assumed his office in 1895 there was an indebtedness of $526,000.

The State convention of South Dakota Sunday School association will be held at Madison May 11, 12 and 13. An interesting program of instruction and talks is prepared. Every school is entitled to be represented at this convention by pastor and delegates.

The Daily Journal, started at Deadwood by Dan and Mark Scott, of Sioux Falls, March 2, suspended today. The mortgagees took possession of the plant.

WELLS OUTRIKES FOSTER.

San Francisco, April 3.—Three straight victories for Charles S. Wells was the outcome of his match with Walter F. Foster at the indoor bicycle tournament. The greatest rivalry existed between these two riders and the result was the match race last evening for a purse of $400. The distances were one, two and five miles. All three races were won by less than three feet. The time of the different races were 2:02 2-5 for the mile; 5:45 4-5 for the two miles and 11:16 for the five miles. All the races were paced. Floyd A. McFarland won the mile open for professionals easily in 2:18.

CHANCE FOR AMERICANS.

Washington, April 3.—Any American manufacturer who can supply a cheap hand-power machine able to hull and winnow from one peck to one bushel of rye per hour can sell vast numbers of these in Madagascar, according to the report of United States Consul Wetter at Tamative.

TO PHOTOGRAPH AN ECLIPSE.

Oakland, Cal., April 3.—Charles Burkhalter will travel half way around the world so that for the two minutes in far off India he may endeavor to photograph the sun during the solar eclipse next January.

Charles Burkhalter has obtained considerable renown by his discovery of a new method of photographing the sun during an eclipse which gives results that are of the greatest scientific interest. A number of wealthy San Franciscans will pay the expense.

Have The Herald in your homes: 45 cents a month.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

DECLINED

Wheat Sold Down Today, After Opening at a Good Advance.

Sharp Rise at Liverpool the Cause of the Early Strength.

Weekly Sales of Wheat From Argentina to Europe Again Small.

Wheat opened this morning, first trades in the May option being made at an advance of a clear half cent. Although nearly all the early news was favorable to the bulls, the all important influence was the sharp advance at Liverpool, which was entirely unexpected. After the first buying flurry was over, the market quieted down somewhat, the price easing off. Crop reports from Kansas were rather favorable, but were had from nearly every other section of the winter wheat belt. Northwest receipts were light, Minneapolis and Duluth reporting but 256 cars against 446 last week and 477 on the corresponding day of the year before.

The price broke after the receipt of the Modern Miller's estimate. The winter wheat crop is estimated by this authority at 334,000,000 bus against 270,000,000 bus estimated last year, and compared with Thoman's estimate of 369,000,000 bus for the coming crop. Notwithstanding all that, however, the reports from Illinois were generally to the effect that the wheat crop was all but a total loss. The day's sales at Chicago to millers amounted to 130,000 bus. Nothing was reported for exportation at New York.

Spring wheat going from Chicago for millers' use in Kansas and red winter at a greater premium over the May price from Detroit to Jacksonville, Ill., were such original characteristics of this season's trade they had more than a passing thought, as evinced by remarks on that subject this morning:

No sales from day to day" for export was productive of the strange phenomenon of 2,464,645 bus having been cleared from both coasts during the week. Another matter that has become so common a weekly occurrence as to be passed without comment and consequently without influence is the small weekly sales of wheat from Argentina to the needy European nations. The quantity exported thence to the United Kingdom and continent this week was only 112,000 bus compared with 6,680,000 bus on the similar week of the year before.

There was fair trading in the Duluth board. Wheat here is stronger than elsewhere, being ¼@¾c above the other markets. It is estimated that 4,000,000 bus has been contracted for spring shipment, which is upwards of two-thirds of the supply available for shipment before the new crop wheat begins to come in. Two whalebacks are now being loaded with wheat by the Consolidated company, and five more will be loaded as soon as possible. May wheat opened ¼c higher at 71⅞c and advanced sharply during the first half hour to 72c. By 11 o'clock it had eased off to 71¾c, and half an hour later dropped to 71¼c. The close was with buyers at 71c, a decline of ⅜c for the day. The mills bought 10,000 bus of cash stuff at the May price, and the elevators bought 12,000 bus at ¼c under May. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No 1 hard, cash, 72¼c; May, 73c. No. 1 northern, cash, 70¼c; May, 71c bid. July, 71¾c bid; September, 68c bid. No 2 northern, 68c. No. 3, 67@69c. Rejected, 48½@62¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 72¼c; No. 1 northern, 70¼c. No. 2 oats, 17¼c; No. 3 oats, 15c. Flax, 75c; May, 76c. Rye, 33c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 141; corn, 2; oats, 2; rye, 3; barley, 3; flax, 19. Receipts—Wheat, 148,018 bus; oats, 3239 bus; rye, 2716 bus; barley, 9279 bus; flax, 14,147 bus. Shipments—None.

NEW YORK GRAIN

New York, April 3.—Close, July, 76¼c; September, 73¾c. Corn, May, 39¼c. Oats May, 22c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, April 3.—Wheat, steady; May, 69@69⅝c; July, 69¼@69¾c; September, 66@66¼c. On tracts—No. 1 hard, 71⅝c; No. 1 northern, 69¾c.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, April 3.—Hogs, receipts, 13,000; left over, 1500. Trade active at 5c decline. Light, $3.50@4.10; mixed, $3.50@4.10; heavy, $3.70@4.10; rough, $3.70@3.80. Cattle, receipts, 400. Market dull and unchanged. Sheep, receipts, 2000. Market steady.

THE CHICAGO MARKET

Chicago, April 3.—Close, wheat, April 69¾c; May, 70⅝@⅝c; July, 69⅜c; September, 68¼c. Oats, April, 16⅝c; May, 17¼c; July, 18c; September, 18⅝c. Corn, April, 25⅞@26c; May, 28¾@⅞c; July, 29⅝c; September, 26⅝c. Pork, April, $8.27; May, $8.32; July, $8.47. Lard, April, $4.15; May $4.17; July, $4.25; September, $4.37. Ribs, April, $4.35; May, $4.35; July, 4.50. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Rye, 42¼c; May, 35c; July, 34½c. Flax seed, cash, 74½c; Northwestern, 77¼c; May, 74@74½c; July, 76c; September, 77¼c. Timothy, cash and April, $2.85. Barley, cash, No. 3, 23@33c.

NEW YORK BANKS.

New York, April 3.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

Reserve, decrease	$1,229,175
Loans, decrease	1,745,500
Specie, decrease	8,600
Legal tenders, decrease	1,841,700
Deposits, decrease	2,436,700
Circulation, decrease	125,000

The banks now hold $47,466,375 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

NEW YORK MONEY

New York, April 3.—Money on call easy at 1½@2¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½ for demand and at $4.85¾@4.86 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.86½@4.88¼ and $4.88½. Commercial bills $4.84¾@4.85. Bar silver, 61¾c. Mexican dollars, 48¼c. Government bonds firm; state bonds firm; railroad bonds easier.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of E. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade.

Chicago, April 3.—Wheat started strong on unexpectedly higher cables, which caused covering by May shorts. At the advance July lagged badly, and the weakness in corn made wheat buyers cautious. The better cash demand continued, and though definite figures are not at hand, we think over 100,000 bus was worked for shipment today. The Modern Miller reports, which have lately passed unheeded, today started a break which carried wheat down to the put price at the close, as their estimate of 334,000,000 bus winter wheat started the selling orders from St. Louis and found the crowd long on wheat here. We have advices today from the Red River valley that fully confirm our previous reports. The prospects, taking everything into consideration, could hardly be better than they are at this time.

Corn weakened badly with continued selling by local and St. Louis longs, and some good buying by shippers failed to check the decline.

Provisions easy and settled lower on renewed liquidation.

Puts, May wheat, 69⅝@69¾-½c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 71@70¾-⅞c.
Curb, May wheat, 70⅜c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	12¾	12¾	11⅝	12¾
Atchison	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
Sugar Trust	110¾	111½	110½	111⅛
Canada Southern				
C., B & Q.	72	72¼	71¾	72
St. Paul	73¼	73⅝	73¼	73⅝
Chicago Gas	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝
Del., Lack. & W.				
General Electric				
Omaha	59	59¼	59	59¼
Reading	20¾	21⅛	20¾	21
Louis. & Nash.	46¼	46¾	45⅞	45⅞
Manhattan	83⅝	83⅞	83½	83⅝
Missouri Pacific	15	15⅝	15	15⅜
Tobacco				
Chicago & N. W.	105	105	105	105
N. P. preferred	36¾	36¼	35¾	36¼
Rock Island	62¾	62⅞	62⅝	62⅝
Union Pacific				
Western Union	80¾	80¾	79½	79⅞
Leather	55¼	55¼	54⅝	55
Lake Shore	165⅞	165¾	165⅝	165¾

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

The strawberry belt has moved a little bit nearer Duluth and Louisiana berries nice and sweet, are on the Michigan street lists. There's lots of other stuff too, and the market is getting quite lively.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—the quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.

Cream., separators, fancy	21	@	22
Dairies, fancy, special make	15	@	16
Packing stock	8	@	9
Dairy, fair	12	@	13

CHEESE.

Turns, flats, full cr'm, new	11½@		12½
Full cr'm, Young America	11	@	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@	12½
Brick, No. 1	10		
Limb., full cream, choice	9	@	10
Primost	6		

EGGS.

Candled, strictly fresh	10½@		11
Candled, storage	9	@	11

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	12½@		13
Fancy white clover, in jars			
strained, per lb	12½		
Golden rod	11½@		12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per pound	11		
Ohio, per pound	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00

POPCORN.

Choice, per lb	2½@		3

NUTS.

Soft shell almonds, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12		
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11		
Brazils, per lb	8		
Pecans, per lb	9	@	11
Filberts, per lb	11		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
Raw peanuts	4½@		5½

VEGETABLES.

Sweet potatoes, per bus	85	@	90
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 90	@	2 25
California celery, per doz	25	@	30
Carrots, per bus	35	@	40
Beets, per bus	40	@	50
Onions, per bus	1 65	@	1 75
Turnips, per bus	40	@	50
Holland seed cabbage, 100 lb	2 50		
Minn cabbage, per 100 lbs	70	@	1 00
Potatoes, per bus	25	@	27
Mint, per doz	25	@	30
Parsley, per doz	25		
Parsnips, per bus	55	@	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 50	@	2 25
Horse radish, per lb	5	@	6
Hubbard squash, per doz	1 50	@	2 25
Florida cabbage, crates	1 75	@	2 00
California celery, doz	95	@	1 00
Florida tomatoes, bushel	75	@	90
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50		
Green onions, doz bunches	25	@	40
Spinach, per bus	90	@	1 00
New beets, per doz bunch	45		
Spanish onions, per crate	2 25		
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50		
Lettuce, per bus	90	@	1 00
Lettuce, per doz	40		
Horse radish roots, per bbl	5 50		

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navys, per bus	1 15		
Medium, hand picked, bus	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90		
Green and yellow peas	75	@	90
Green peas, bus	65		

FRUITS.

Louisiana pints, per case	2 50	@	2 75
Florida strawberries, per qt	30	@	35
Pie plant, per lb	3	@	5
California navel oranges	3 25	@	3 75
Seedling oranges	2 00	@	2 50
Bammas, bunches	1 25	@	1 50
Lemons, per box	2 75	@	3 50
Cocoanuts, per doz	70		
Cranberries, per bbl	5 00	@	5 50
Cranberries, bus	1 75	@	2 00
Malaga grapes, per kg	6 75	@	7 50
Figs, per lb	12	@	15
Pineapple, per doz	3 00		
Dates, per lb	9	@	10

APPLES AND CIDER.

Apples, per bbl	2 00	@	3 00
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50	@	2 75

DRESSED MEATS.

Veal, fancy	7	@	7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5		
Mutton, fancy dressed	6	@	6½

LIVE POULTRY.

Live turkeys	10		
Spring chickens, per lb	9	@	10

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, per lb	12½@		13
Chickens, per lb	10	@	11
Geese, per lb	10	@	11

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	8 75		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	9 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	8 50		
Red dog	12 00		
Ground feed No. 1	10 00	@	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 00	@	10 50

HAY, CAR LOTS.

Choice south. Minn	6 50	@	7 50
Northern Minn	4 00	@	6 50
Medium	4 00	@	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	8 00	@	9 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 3.—Butter, firm; Western creamery, 15@22c; Elgins, 22c; factory, 9@13½c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 9½@10c; Western, 9½c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

A Dull Opening With an Easier Tone.

New York, April 3.—The stock market opened dull and easier, the tone being reflected from the lower prices of the American securities in London and influenced by a decrease in St. Paul earnings for the fourth week in March of $113,000. Speculation was light and the market disclosed little interest.

The pressure against the market became more severe, but the losses lacked consequence except in the specialties. New Jersey Central and Western Union yielded 1 cent each. Business up to 11 o'clock was exceedingly dull. The pressure against the market abated around 11 o'clock and under the influence of a liberal buying to cover over Sunday the coalers prices hardened generally. The Vanderbilt's were also in favor. Sharp fractional advances occurring in the grangers and in some of the low priced shares. The closing was firm at slight changes. Sales to noon, 79,900 shares.

RIVER STEAMER SINKS.

St. Louis, April 3.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Nashville, Tenn., says: The steamer R. T. Cole sank in the Cumberland river this morning at Hunter's Point. She had a full cargo. Three negro roustabouts were drowned.

ONE CENT A WORD!

NEW LAUNDRY.

WILL BE OPENED APRIL 6, AT 426 East Fourth stret. All work guaranteed first class. Dress shirts, 10c; ladies' shirt waists, 15c; collars, 2c; cuffs, 2c; undershirts, 6c; handkerchiefs, 2c. Laundry called for and delivered. L. N. Coon.

TO RENT--FLATS.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

BRICK FLATS STEAM HEATED AND all conveniences, $11 to $14 or $8 to $11 in summer. Call 10 East Superior street or Tel. 189 or 452. E. Wieland.

FOR RENT—COZY FLAT. $16. ALL modern conveniences, five rooms. Water rent paid. $250 buys a good residence lot. Cooley & Underhill.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—GOOD FARM NEAR Hinckley. If party renting wishes can have stock, farming outfit and household furniture. For particulars address L 12, Herald.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board at moderate prices. 28 West Second street.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS for rent, with board, heat, bath, etc. Mrs. Niles, 1010 East Second.

MIDLAND HOTEL, 212 WEST SECOND. Special rates to permanent boarders.

FURNISHED ROOMS. BOARD IF DESired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

HOUSE MOVING.

HOUSE MOVING—LOUIS JOHNSON, expert house mover and raiser, fifteen years' experience in St. Paul. Moved over 2500 houses. Residence 215 East Sixth street, office 115 Second avenue west. Telephone 269.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 320 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

FINANCIAL.

Collateral Loan Bank.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior Street.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER. MONEY to loan on all goods of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook. 535 West Superior street.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in one of the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Mary E. Coffin and Herbert W. Coffin, her husband, mortgagors, to Caroline B. Lyon, executrix, mortgagee, dated May 15th, 1892, with a power of sale therein contained and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, May 27th, 1895, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 125 of mortgages, page 175. And whereas such default consists in the non-payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty dollars interest due in two installments of sixty dollars each, on the 2nd day of June and December, 1896, respectively the holder of said mortgage has exercised the option in said mortgage given to her by declaring and she does hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due and there is due upon said mortgage at this date the sum of two thousand one hundred twenty-eight and 45-100 dollars in principal and interest.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The easterly one-half of lot five, in block eighty-two, Syndicate Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 17th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 3rd, A. D. 1897.

CAROLINE B. LYON, Executrix, Mortgagee.

PEALER & FESLER,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-3-10-17-24-May-1-8.

LIQUOR WITH AN EDGE.

Pittsburg News: "The queerest case of delirium tremens that I ever met," said an officer of the internal revenue service, "was in the moonshine district of Somerset. We had been busy destroying illicit stills and had them so well cleared out that it was difficult for some of the frosty sons of thunder to get their usual beverage. They don't like to drink whisky up there that has a revenue stamp upon it. It spoils the bouquet of the liquor, they say. The supply of moonshine shut off, one of the mountaineers began experimenting to get a drink with an edge on it. He tried hard cider in various ways, and finally added to a barrel of it a peck or so of unslaked lime. This gave an edge that was of the right sort, and he celebrated his discovery by taking a skinful of it. In a day or two he was seeing things. At last he, too, disappeared, and his friends hunted him for two days. They found him in a tree doing his best to negotiate a treaty of peace with an aggressive colony of monkeys and other animals. He lived."

HUMAN LIMITATIONS.

Ruskin: If you have not courage nor heart enough to break away from the fetters of the earth, and take up the sensual bed of it and walk; if you say that you are bound to win this thing and become the other thing, and that the wishes of your friends and the interests of your family and the bias of your genius, and the expectations of your college, and all the rest of the bow-wow-wow of the wild dog-world must be attended to, whether you like it or no—then, at least, give up talking about being free or independent creatures; recognize yourselves for slaves in whom the thoughts are put in ward with their bodies, and their hearts manacled with their hands; and then, at least, for shame, if you refuse to believe that ever there were men who gave their souls to God—know and confess how surely there are those who sell them to his adversary.

First of the season—St. Louis bock beer at Ideal Beer hall today.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT, SMALL HOUSE or five or six room flat. H. J. Kolling, 331 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT, A FIRST CLASS modern house; will pay good price for suitable place. Call 401 West Michigan.

WANTED—SEVEN OR EIGHT ROOM modern house in East End; good paying tenant. Rent must be reasonable; pay is sure. Give location and price. P 93, Herald.

TO RENT--ROOMS.

FOR RENT — DESIRABLE ROOMS, furnished, at 26 West Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM. LOWELL block.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE ROOMS AND flats; low rents. Inquire No. 21 Eleventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—THE SECOND STORY over Nos. 225 and 227 West Superior street. Inquire of Clarke & Dickerman.

LARGE ALCOVE FRONT ROOM WELL furnished. 1409 East Superior street.

OFFICES IN WOODBRIDGE BUILDing for rent. Apply to N. J. Upham & Co., agents, basement Torrey building.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT OF 1020 EAST Fourth street; very warm; $3 per month; water free.

TO RENT--HOUSES.

1713 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, EIGHT rooms; hot water heat all modern improvements; water, heat, all modern improvements. Rent May 1. Only responsible tenant need apply. E. P. Alexander, Burrows building.

FOR RENT $10, GOOD HOUSE, SUITable for two small families; good barn; excellent water. William Kaiser, 405 Palladio.

HOUSES IN ENDION, AT LESTER Park and Lakeside and right in the center of the city. 75 houses 75. A. M. Hayes, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM FURNISHED house, West Duluth. Inquire of David Sang, 428 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

HOUSES AND STORES FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 209 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—TEN ROOM HOUSE, 521 West Second street. Address C. S. Barker, West Superior, Wis.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., basement Torrey building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses, Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

FOR RENT — HOUSE 315 WEST Fourth street; all modern improvements; will be renovated to suit tenant. A. C. Volk & Co., Palladio building.

FOUND.

FOUND—TWO FINGER RINGS. OWner can secure by proving property and paying charges. Address P. O. Box 553, city.

CARD READING.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED FOR 10 cents; pictures of your future husband or wife 25 cents. Address Madame De Zoe, P. O. Box 30, Duluth, Minn.

CARD READING, PAST, PRESENT and future. 1230 West Superior street.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in one of the conditions of a certain mortgage made by John L. Labby, (unmarried), mortgagor, to Charles S. Hoyt, mortgagee, dated May 25th, 1891, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May 27th, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 61 of mortgages on page 125.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Charles S. Hoyt, mortgagee, to Charles S. Green, by written assignment dated the 17th day of June, 1891, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 15th day of June, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 74 of mortgages at page 430.

And whereas there is claimed to be due and there is due at this date upon said mortgage debt the sum of eight hundred eighty-eight and 87-100 dollars as principal and interest and fifteen and 5-100 dollars insurance premium paid under the terms of said mortgage.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of such default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, in law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered seven (7), of block two hundred three (203), West Duluth, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in St. Louis County, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 17th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 3d, A. D. 1897.

CHARLES S. GREEN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

PEALER & FESLER,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-3-10-17-24-May-1-8.

FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE, INVESTMENTS,

I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500.00 up.

A. R. MACFARLANE,
13 Exchange Building.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 13, 1897, and terminating on April 13, 1898, by C. F. W. Korth at No. 5107 Gosnold street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

WANTED--FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 417 East Third street.

WANTED—COOKS FOR IN AND OUT of town; also girls for housework. Mrs. M. C. Siebold, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO WORK forenoons at the Woman's hospital, 919 East First street.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS GIRL FOR general housework at once. Call 109½ West Fourth.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEMAN to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED--MALE HELP.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $90 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SOLICIT SICK and accident insurance for the Union Men's Mutual Insurance company of Duluth. Liberal terms to the right parties. Call or address 307 Palladio building.

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 507 CHAMBER of Commerce. If you want anything in my line—accounting, auditing, bookkeeping—temporarily or regularly, call

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS.

SEVEN ROOM HOUSE AT LESTER Park, on car line, water and sewer. Price $1600; $25 per month; no cash payment required. George H. Crosby.

NEW SEINE RIVER AND RAT PORtage gold maps at George H. Crosby's, Providence building.

FOR SALE—LOT NEAR EIGHTEENTH avenue west on Third street; very cheap; 50 by 140 feet. George H. Crosby.

LARGE HOTEL RANGE. 106 EAST SUperior street.

WANTED--TO BUY.

WANTED — TWO SEATED BUGGY, with back seat removable. Must be in good order. L. Herald.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture and clothing. Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 5, 1897. Work, Second degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Moores, secretary.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS.

TO EXCHANGE—HOUSE AND LOT IN East End to exchange for acres near the city. George H. Crosby.

$1000 CASH AND VACANT LOT TO EXchange for improved property. L 13, Herald.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Virginia Improvement company, to to I. W. McNabb, lots 11 and 14, Virginia ..... $ 550

I. M. McNabb to N. K. Moor, lots 11 and 14, block 11, Virginia 801

G. F. Chester to A. E. Nugent, lot 5, block 14, London addition 1,709

A. L. Logie to A. G. Alexander, lot 3, block 18, Banning & Ray's subdivision 4,500

W. B. Peck, assignee, to Maggie C. Osman, lot 63, East Fourth street, Duluth proper, First division.... 4,500

Total ..... $ 11,800

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

MALE STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITer and assistant bookkeeper, having experience in legal and commercial work, desires position; can furnish references O. Hatheway, care City Attorney J. B. Richards, city hall.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG WOman, clerking in dry goods store or to assist at office work. Am good penman and can furnish good references. L 41, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING OR ANY OTHER work at 314½ West Fourth street.

GOOD STRONG BOY, ABOUT 18 years old; willing to work would like situation of any kind. K 17, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPEtent girl for general housework. Address P 22, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION TO DO GENeral housework or as cook by competent young woman. L 37, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY AN EDUCATed young German to assist with set of books, or light outside work; can give best of references. Please address P 92, Herald.

MARRIED MAN WANTS WORK OF any kind; understands all about horses; needs work. Call or address 308 West Second street.

WANTED—BY A BOY OF 17 YEARS, light work of any kind. Willing to work for $10 per month. Address K 60, Herald.

ANY ONE WANTING A WOMAN TO clean house or clean offices please call or address H. K., 2231 West Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man of 25; good penman, understands bookkeeping; will work cheap. S. A. H. Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — WASHING, ironing and house cleaning. Take work home or go out by the day. Call at 1521 West Michigan street.

YOUNG MAN, 20 YEARS OLD, STRONG and willing to work, would like place in commission house or as delivery man. Familiar with care of horses. Address A. G., Herald.

HOUSE CLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 320 Lake avenue south.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 5, 1897. Work, Second degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Moores, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting April 12, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 3, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting April 28, 1897. Work, Royal Arch degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, April 6, 1897. Work, Templar degree. R. E. Denefeld, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO EXCHANGE—HOUSE AND LOT IN East End to exchange for acres near the city. George H. Crosby.

$1000 CASH AND VACANT LOT TO EXchange for improved property. L 13, Herald.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Virginia Improvement company, to to I. W. McNabb, lots 11 and 14, Virginia ..... $ 550

I. M. McNabb to N. K. Moor, lots 11 and 14, block 11, Virginia 801

G. F. Chester to A. E. Nugent, lot 5, block 14, London addition 1,709

A. L. Logie to A. G. Alexander, lot 3, block 18, Banning & Ray's subdivision 4,500

W. B. Peck, assignee, to Maggie C. Osman, lot 63, East Fourth street, Duluth proper, First division.... 4,500

Total ..... $ 11,800

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in one of the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by the Northwestern Land and Loan Company, mortgagor, to Alexander Macrae, mortgagee, dated May 10th, 1894, with a power of sale therein contained and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, June 26th, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, page 220.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Alexander Macrae, mortgagee, to Byron Woodward, by written assignment dated the 26th day of June, 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds on the 6th day of July, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 108 of mortgages on page 42.

And whereas the said Byron Woodward, the assignee of mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of nineteen hundred thirty-five and 26-100 dollars as principal and interest and sixteen and 80-100 dollars insurance premium paid under the terms of said mortgage and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered six (6) of block twenty-eight, West Duluth, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 17th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and insurance paid as aforesaid, and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 3d, A. D. 1897.

BYRON WOODWARD,
Assignee of Mortgag

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time) April 3.—The storm still remains central over Kansas, and has increased in intensity since yesterday, but without any extension eastward. At this morning's observation, is was attended by rain as far to the north and east as Moorhead, and by snows in th more westerly districts, including Montana, Wyoming and the western portions of the Dakotas and Nebraska. The precipitation has been heaviest in Kansas, where a rainfall of 1.50 inches is reported at Dodge City, with a thunderstorm.

The temperature changes have been slight

Lowest temperatures during last night:

Prince Albert	16	Battleford	18
Calgary	28	Medicine Hat	22
Swift Current	20	Qu' Appelle	21
Minnedosa	28	Winnipeg	28
Port Arthur	30	Helena	38
Williston	32	Bismarck	30
Havre	28	Miles City	28
Marquette	30	Sault Ste. Marie	30
Duluth	32	Moorhead	34
Huron	36	St. Paul	40
Lander	22	Rapid City	28
La Crosse	38	Milwaukee	36
Detroit	34	Chicago	36
Davenport	48	Omaha	50
North Platte	34	Denver	28
Dodge City	36	Kansas City	52
St. Louis	50	Memphis	60

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Increasing cloudiness tonight and possibly light rain or snow flurries Sunday continued northeast winds, brisk and occasionally high in force.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official,

Chicago, April 3.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Local rains tonight and Sunday; cooler in extreme west portion tonight; cooler Sunday; brisk to high northeasterly winds. For Minnesota: Rain this afternoon and tonight; Sunday probably fair; cooler tonight and Sunday; brisk to high northeast winds.

LOADS AND ROADS.

An American farmer visiting France and Germany will certainly be interested, perhaps somewhat amazed, to see the average country highways as there existing—broad, smooth roadways, splendidly surfaced with stone, suitable for heavy traffic in all kinds of weather and generally lined on both sides with tall, stately trees, shading the highway like a park driveway. He would wonder at the money which had been spent upon them. With a solid stone roadway, on which an ordinary wagon tire would make no impression, it is not to be wondered at that three and four tons of produce should be loaded upon an ordinary farm wagon, which is there built with tires four or six inches wide. A French load of hay, approaching our American farmer from a distance, would bring to his mind a vision as of a moving hay stack—such a great difference is there between the ordinary load of hay as there hauled to market and the load he is accustomed to see among his American neighbors.

Contrast such a system of roads with those of our country, with which all who dwell in a rural community are so familiar. The law lays out a highway sixty-six feet wide, but it is rare that more than twenty feet of this ground are appropriated for highway purposes proper. The "highway," such as it is, is rough and uneven, and the ordinary wagon passing over it travels through an inch or two inches of dust in dry weather and through three or four inches of bog, very frequently, after a rain of no unusual severity. This is the road on the level. Where a hill exists conditions are even worse, for the action of rain and snow washes away the soil at the top of the hill, leaving the surface covered with the roughest of gravel, and transforming the "road" at the foot of the hill into what, after a shower, is a veritable quagmire.

What wonder, then, that the average wagon load as we see it in the United States is so entirely different a thing from that seen abroad! Travel over a road of this kind is necessarily slow with any kind of a load and, as the distance from the farm to the market is greater by far than in France and Germany, the farmer reduces the weight of his load, that his team may make some respectable progress without being worn out during the first few miles of the trip. Reducing his loads, the farmer's trips are multiplied in number, and the result of it is that it requires three or four times as long to market his crop as would be consumed on European highways.

The movement for good roads is continually and rapidly growing. Every thinking farmer who has become familiar with the publications of the department of agriculture becomes at once an advocate of better highways and an advocate of better methods in building them. The American people have brought their system of water transportation to a high state of perfection and we are the possessors of a system of railroads which is unequalled by that of any other nation in the world. It now looks as if the American people were seriously turning their attention to the common country road, and it is safe to assume that, once the movement for better highways is led along definite lines, we shall, before many years, have a system of country roads equal in every way to our water and railway transportation facilities.

THE CIVIC FEDERATION.

The Minneapolis Journal, commenting on the municipal fight in Chicago, says: "In every city there should be an organization o feitizens who believe that public works are works for the public and not for corrupt combinations as recruiting stations to increase the army of their henchmen; who believe and are aware that franchises are the public's property, and that no city council has the right to confer them upon organized corporations without receiving therefor a price fully commensurate with their true and actual value or without offering such franchises at public auction to the highest bidder. There need never be bad and corrupt city government if the citizens who have stakes in it grasp the idea that the affairs of the city should be conducted with as much business knowledge, carefulness, economy, system, honesty as every great business house or manufactory is conducted, and that each citizen has his responsibility in the matter."

The Herald is pleased to notice that the Journal has apparently abandoned the politicians' idea that the municipal elections should be decided on national issues, that strict party lines should be drawn in city campaigns, and that the ward-heelers and political hacks are entitled to fill the municipal offices, regardless of the question of fitness. The Herald has for years opposed this system of running the municipal government. It has fought against the introduction of the tariff question, or any other national issue, into municipal politics, and it has held that city officials, from the mayor down, should be chosen because of their ability and honesty, and not because they are Republicans or Democrats or Populists. If partisanship prevails in municipal elections, there can be no honest municipal government. The experience of almost every city has demonstrated this fact. Nor can there be honest and efficient municipal government unless the best men are elected and appointed to office. Dishonest and incompetent men will sometimes get office, even in cities where party lines are not drawn. Hence it is necessary for the people who desire to have honest and capable government to combine and carry on a campaign against the schemes of the politicians who are in politics for revenue only.

This is the object of the Civic Federation which has recently been formed in Duluth. Its object is to secure honest and efficient municipal government, to have the affairs of the city administered independently of national and state politics, to inquire into the character and records of all candidates for office, and to support the election of only those who can be depended upon to conduct the city's affairs in accordance with business principles. The Herald has, during every municipal campaign, urged the obliteration of party lines and the election of honest and capable officials, regardless of their political beliefs, and with a considerable degree of success, and if the Civic Federation works faithfully along the same lines it will be able to accomplish much good.

SURPRISING INDIFFERENCE.

The Todd County Argus says: "We are at a loss to know which was the more disgusting, the outrage committed by the legislature in changing the location of the hospital site from Anoka to Hastings, or the utterances of the Anoka Herald regarding the matter." This is a surprising statement on the part of the Argus. It is undoubtedly true that there were many disgusting features connected with the outrage perpetrated by the legislature against Anoka, but that the Anoka Herald should cause the Argus to become disgusted because it had the courage to charge the legislators with corruption and bribery and offer to produce the proof, is astonishing indeed. Does the Todd county paper favor concealment of the corruption that is sometimes found in legislative bodies? Would it prefer that bribery in the legislative halls be not exposed?

What is disgusting to The Herald is that the respectable members of the legislature—there are certainly some honest men in that body—have failed to insist upon a thorough investigation of the serious charges made by the Anoka people. At present every member of both houses who voted against Anoka is tainted with suspicion on account of these charges, and it is strange that men who are thus unjustly suspected do not demand an investigation that will reveal the whole truth. Their indifference is surprising.

A SURPLUS FOR MARCH.

The month of March has proved a remarkable one in the history of the Wilson tariff law. The treasury has actually a small surplus for the month's operations, an event so unusual in the history of this act as to draw marked attention. This is due, however, to the fact that importers in the early part of the month took alarm lest the Dingley bill should be so framed as to shut off in some way their right of importing under the present low tariff rates, and therefore withdrew enormous quantities from the bonded warehouses, paying the duties on them and thus increasing the revenues to nearly what they averaged per month under the McKinley law, and making the surplus for the month of March.

This makes the fourth month in the history of the Wilson law in which an apparent monthly surplus has been created, but it is claimed that in every prior case it was accomplished by holding back payments in order to make specially good showings just previous to elections or at the close of the fiscal or calendar years.

The rush of importations has been checked by the addition of a clause to the Dingley bill providing that the duties for which it provides shall be levied on all goods that pass through the customs houses on and after April 1. This will give the new tariff law a chance to show its revenue-producing ability at once.

THE SCHOOL EXPENDITURES.

The school board should give heed to the demand for retrenchment in the cost of conducting the public schools, which was voiced by the letter from Mr. Simonds published by The Herald last evening. Exception may be taken to some of the recommendations made by Mr. Simonds as to departments of the school work where reductions in expense may be effected, and they may be regarded as radical in some respects, but there can be no dispute that he is right in his contention that the school expenditures must be largely reduced. Mr. Simonds' letter was most exhaustive in comparison of the school expenditures here and in other cities, and his work in the public interest is deserving of high praise.

The high rate of taxation for school purposes in Duluth, as compared with the rate in St. Paul and Minneapolis, is ample evidence that our schools are conducted in a too costly manner. The pruning knife must be applied vigorously. Mr. Simonds' suggestion that the school year be shortened by one month should be adopted. It would effect a saving of $25,000 a year. The board, it is said, will tonight elect the superintendent and teachers for the coming year. No contracts should be made until the question of reducing the length of the school year has been settled.

The people believe that the schools can be conducted more economically than at present, and they look to the school board to begin the work of retrenchment at once.

CLEAN THE STREETS.

As the principal business thoroughfare of the city, Superior street deserves the special attention of the board of public works, especially at this season of the year. Its condition at present is a disgrace to the city, and the board should take steps at once to clean it. There is no ice or slush on the top of the paving which cannot be readily removed, and a force of men should be put at work without delay to scrape up all the mud and remove it from the street.

The board will find that any effort to put the street in a clean condition will be appreciated by the citizens. There are other streets that also need attention. The board should arouse itself and demonstrate its usefulness.

No feature of the tariff discussion has been more interesting than that which has developed a wide division of sentiment among the Democrats upon the question of protection. Many members of the Democratic party have openly avowed themselves opposed to free raw material propositions, while others have denounced the extreme free trade views of the Cleveland wing of the Democracy. Still others, especially those from the South, have avowed themselves absolute protectionists, and several Southern Democrats actually went so far as to vote for the bill, which was denounced by their party associates as the most extreme protective measure ever offered in congress.

The New York Press characterized the Dingley bill as the "first farmer's tariff." "The Republican party," it adds, "has already placed the factory beside the field, and thus given the field the home market for its products, and now proposes to open the markets of other parts of the world to the field as well." Will the Press kindly point out the section of the bill which will open a market for a bushel of American wheat?

Governor Hastings of Pennsylvania holds the whip in the matter of building a new capitol. He told the legislature that $550,000 would do, but the solons bucked for a million or two, with a large juicy legislative commission to boss the job. There were not votes enough in sight to override a veto, and the lawmakers are now tumbling over each other in their haste to agree with the governor.

Ex-Senator Edmund G. Ross, of Kansas, who, though a Republican, saved Andrew Johnson from being deposed from the office of president, has written an account of the part which he took in the famous impeachment proceedings. His action in this case defeated him for re-election to the senate.

Col. Perry Heath is casting a wistful eye towards 1900. He recalls the fact that Adlai Stevenson was promoted from first assistant postmaster general to vice president of the United States. Col. Heath is reported to be already engaged in a careful study of the rules of the senate.

Senator Keller made an awful threat in the state senate yesterday. He declared he would join the Populists if the senate did not vote to reconsider a pet bill. The Populist senators voted to a man to prevent such a calamity, and the bill was reconsidered.

Professor Wilson is in distress because his Southern Democratic brethren who are in congress have repudiated free raw material and free trade. It is another illustration of the truth of Gen. Hancock's remark that the tariff is largely a local issue.

Who dares to hint that the News Tribune does not know which is the correct way of writing pure English?

It is now claimed that the alleged symptoms of insanity visible in the conduct of the Emperor William are merely the whims of genius. The notion that genius is allied to insanity is a figment of envy.

Rev. Starkweather, who is again a candidate for mayor of Superior, has introduced a novelty in political campaigns. He distributes candy at his meetings.

A Kansas girl was fined the other day for hugging a poor, defenseless man against his will. She paid the fine and threatened to repeat the offense.

Gen. Rivera would no doubt prefer to die from his wounds, if the only prospect is that upon recovery he will be courtmartialed and shot.

Richard Harding Davis is going to London to describe the queen's diamond jubilee, and therefore the success of the celebration is assured.

Chicago bicyclists are uniting to take part in politics, and every one must admit that the machine vote is always powerful.

By the way, what saddle does Mr. Gladstone use on his bike?

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

To be a lion for a day would spoil a sheep forever.

When there is a coffin in the house there is a welcome for the preacher.

The giants who frighten us most often turn out to be common-sized men on stilts.

When the right kind of a man has been taken out of the miry clay he knows enough to stay out.

Nothing can make people go blind any quicker than filling their eyes with gold dust.

The man who wears a face like a coffin should not complain if he finds no welcome.

One finger lost in a buzz-saw will do for most men, but a fool will fool with it again and lose two.

One of the highest mountains upon which we may stand in this life is to be able to look back upon a long life well spent.

It is doubtful if even angels ever weep any over the man who never finds out where the mud is until he gets into it up to his neck.

The man who falls on a banana skin once will have sympathy, but he will only make fun for the boys the next time he lands on his back.

MIRTH PROVOKERS.

Washington Star: "I always like to see that senator get up to make a speech," said the drowsy looking man. "He isn't very interesting." "No. When he is on his feet I'm always sure that my nap will not be disturbed by any outburst of applause."

Leslie's Weekly: Freddie—Will you have anything on your oysters? Kitty Footlights—Yes, I will take some creme, lobster salad, ice cream and coffee.

Washington Times: "Why, is that you, Mr. Tweddle?" shrieked the inquisitive lady at the man in the steamer chair. "I thought you were dead." "Just keep on thinking so, madam," said the unhappy Tweddle, as the ship gave another lurch, "and I'll try to verify the report in a few minutes."

Philadelphia North American: Dr. Powder—Ah, how are you today, Mr. Glimp? Glimp—Do you ask as an inquiring friend or as my family physician?

Boston Transcript: Neat—Come, now, you've been a milkman. Is it true that they water their milk? Boyd—Not that I know of. I never did; that's all I can say. I occasionally milked the water I delivered to my customers; but I never watered the milk.

Philadelphia North American: They had been drifting in the open boat for seven days, and had almost given up hope when the lookout cried wildly: "A sail, a sail!" The only woman passenger looked up and asked anxiously, "Oh, is it a bargain sale?"

Atlanta Constitution: Nothing can check the enterprise of the average weekly editor. One who publishes a paper in Muscogee county makes this explanation: "Our pressman ran away and got married this week, and we had to hire Jack Smith to print this issue on his cotton press. We hope our pressman will not do so again."

Harper's Round Table: "I'm going to be a minister," said Tommy, forcibly. "Why, Tommie, dear?" asked his father. "So's I can talk in church," said Tommie.

FRED STEVENS' RIVAL.

G. Fred Stevens will have to look out for his laurels as a Swede dialect promoter. Here is something from the pen of Charles F. Scott, of Northwestern Kansas, clipped from the Kansas City Star, that is mighty clever to say the least:

Oh, da spring tam now ban kooming,
En da grass ban toorning greem,
Ay kan hear da bees a hooming
As da voork dar "buzz" masheen,
En da boys ha ban a smiling
Kos 'ha knows das poorty quick,
Da shal shake off shoort en trousers,
En vent sviming een da krick.

Lot of tams, ven ay ban yoonger,
Ay ban voorken roun da place,
Ved ma leetle heart yoost busting,
En beeg tears streak down ma face,
Kos ay seen soom oder fallers,
Trough da field, dar pathvay pic',
As da sneak off from dair fadder
To vent sviming een da krick.

Oh, da "sviming days" of boyhood,
Ha shal naffer ban forgot,
How ha skampered roun da san'bar,
Ven da sun ban blazing hot,
How ha roob mood on has blisters,
Broosh has hair dry ved a stick,
So das fader not kan find ote
Ha ban sviming een da krick.

How ay vant to vent long ved dam,
Vare da sun-kissed vatters gleam,
Dare to hape a game at leap frog,
As ve yoomp een to da stream.
Dane ay look at dose long korn rows
En eet meck ma poorty sick
To tank ay moost ban voorken
Sted of sviming een da krick.

Oh, da "sviming days" of boyhood,
Ha shal naffer ban forgot,
How ha skampered roun da san'bar,
Ven da sun ban blazing hot,
How ha roob mood on has blisters,
Broosh has hair dry ved a stick,
So das fader not kan find ote
Ha ban sviming een da krick.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Evening Herald. It costs but 1 cent a word

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

You Want a New Suit of Clothes for Easter!

We carry the largest and finest assortment of late style Woolens in the city.

Monday and all next week we will make to order:

Foreign and Domestic Spring Suitings for $20.00

Clay Worsted Cutaway Suits for $22.50

Cash alone makes these low prices possible.

NELSON & SWANSON,

Fashionable Tailors, 400 West Superior Street.

SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Chicago Chronicle: The latest candidate for the heresy gridiron is Ian Maclaren, the preacher-novelist. The trial should furnish him with good material for fiction.

Chicago Times-Herald: An Arkansas preacher declares that he "has just discovered that the devil is a lawyer." If he is living in Arkansas he is getting his just deserts.

Indianapolis Journal: A Philadelphia preacher has reached the conclusion that prosperity will not return to the country until there is an end to prize fights. His opinion differs from that of the Carson City managers, who look forward to better times and a consequent increase in gate receipts at their class of entertainments.

Sioux City Journal: Dr. Lyman Abbott is going about the country carrying his version of the Jonah story on his shoulder, so to speak, and as a consequence he found the doors of the Young Men's Christian association building in Philadelphia closed to him. This Jonah story is likely to get into national politics in a few years if this thing goes on.

New York Tribune: We refuse utterly to believe a report from the West that an up-to-date revivalist has charged a phonograph with a number of fervid revival addresses and is converting many people by setting the instrument going at religious meetings. The revivalist who could get up such a scheme as that wouldn't let any machine do the talking; he would want to hold the center of the stage himself.

Boston Congregationalist: Why is it that a black sheep is so apt to attach to himself the sympathies of some very respectable people? When we consider how critical the average modern church is of a man's personal and pastoral qualifications, even when his character is as pure as gold, it seems a marvel that bad men who creep into the ministry should succeed in getting decent people to indorse them, ministerial associations even temporarily to harbor them and churches to pass flattering resolutions in regard to them.

Philadelphia Record: The to-do aroused by Dr. Lyman Abbott's expression of his views concerning Jonah and the whale and of Biblical inerrancy generally is decidedly a tempest in a teapot. By this expression the Record does not refer to the validity of Dr. Abbott's views, which are a matter for private discussion, but in regard to the controversy over Dr. Abbott's place among thinkers there is absolutely no need for all the pother which is being made. Some years ago the Brooklyn pulpit orator made his exact status indisputably clear by publishing a luminous little work on "The Evolution of Christianity." Dr. Abbott is an evolutionist, not of the agnostic school of Huxley nor of the materialistic school of Spencer, but of the Christian school of Leconte and Drummond.

UNCLE HENRY ON THEOLOGY.

You say that story 'bout the whale and Jonah isn't true,
And now they've gone—the preachers have—and tackled David, too;
They say he didn't write the psalms, at least, not nearly all—
I wonder what'll be the next good old belief to fall.

They've even thrown suspicion on the birth of Moses, and
The princess who discovered him down there in Egypt land;
They say there ain't no fiery lake, no devil, and therefore no
Such place as that which used to make the sinners tremble so.

They've said that Noah's ark is just a piece of fiction, too,
And that the tale of Daniel in the lion's den ain't true;
They've said that Adam's just a myth, they've said the same of Eve—
I wonder if there's anything they'll leave us to believe?

They ridicule old Joshua for pointin' at the sun,
And tellin' it to stop—they say the thing was never done;
They've taken up the patriarchs and questioned all their acts;
They say the Bible's quite a book, but rather shy of facts.

Well, let 'em preach and let 'em lay the whole great structure low;
I s'pose they have to talk that way 'cause people want it so;
The good book doesn't suit some folks at all, but us for me—
I'm satisfied to keep the faith I got at mother's knee.

—S. E. KISER in Cleveland Leader.

Sunday Afternoon

Prof. Ernest Meier

—AND THE—

CITY BAND

In a programme of popular music at the

PAVILION.

Admission Free. Take the Incline Car.

A BACHELOR'S REFLECTIONS.

New York Press: The more a man sees of women the more he likes little girls.

Most women would have all their teeth pulled out if it were only the fashion.

The most successful ministers are those who always notice when a woman isn't at church.

No man ever thinks he is really unhappy until he is in love, and no man is really happy until he isn't.

The average man doesn't suffer near so much when he has the yellow jaundice as he does when his wife has a pink tea.

A widow is the only one who appreciates that what a man eats is just as important to him as what a woman wears is to her.

THE DOUGLAS RATE BILL.

St. Cloud Times: The Pioneer Press, Globe and Dispatch oppose the Douglas bill to fix and regulate railroad freight rates. Without stopping to discuss the merits of this measure, we will merely call attention to a well-known fact, and that is that St. Paul's dailies will ever be found arraigned "ferninst" any legislative proposition to control or regulate railroads or railroad traffic. "Every last one of them" invariably oppose such efforts, and assert that "railroad general freight managers know better how to make rates than do the legislators." And they are right—from a railroad standpoint.

THE MOTHER'S CORNER.

Conducted by a Kindergartner.

A great many Duluth people seem to be laboring under a very erroneous impression regarding mothers' meetings, so it becomes the duty of the mother's corner to explain. All through the school world one hears of mothers' clubs, mothers' meetings, and even parents' meetings, and people who do not go, wonder what it is all about and say, "have not the teachers' enough to do without adding these duties?" If they would only come to our meetings and realize that we are trying to lighten our duties by a sympathetic co-operation with the fathers and mothers it would help us so much.

Gladstone tells us that it is the home encouragement and sympathy, the perfect understanding with his ambitions and work that has been the source of all his successes. This is what we need and wish from the parents of our boys and girls. They are with us a few hours, receiving strong impressions and helpful influences which are swept away by home indifference or a lack of understanding on the part of the mother whose word or influence would draw out and strengthen the impressions of the day. Little mothers of men, how can you tell us that you are too busy to do or think of more than you do? You say, "Let them romp and grow strong and hearty, and the rest will take care of itself. It is enough if I bake and brew and mend." But it is not enough. The physical boy and girl can better afford to be left to itself than the mental or the spiritual—these are the eternal and yet we say it is enough if we clothe and feed. It does not do to say that "when I went to school we had no mothers' meetings and we got on very nicely." In those days did not the teacher "board around" and by his presence keep up a continued interest in his pupils and his work? But that time is passed and how to unite the home and the school—the two which should be one—has become a much studied problem in the educational world.

We kindergartners spend one afternoon each week visiting the homes of our pupils, telling the mothers of our work and what we are trying to do. The help to us is immense. We learn that Tommy's very vivid imagination is leading to untruthfulness at home and know that we must insist on plainest facts from him; we see that Mary and Sammie have carelessness and dirt for home companionship, so we must place every incentive to order and cleanliness in their way and so on—every home influence we become conscious of is a help to us in our character building. But we find that this is not enough. They must come to us. Who can really understand what he has not seen. How could we accomplish it? That was the puzzle. So many of them poor, ignorant and shy. It would be hard to get them to come and so easy to make it stiff and uncomfortable then, they would not come again, so finally, we asked them to come to drink a cup of tea with us. They were puzzled, but curious, so many came and such a happy time. The hearty welcome, the bright, pretty rooms, the singing kettle surrounded by pretty cups and flowers, the neighbor to chat with, the songs and the music, the kindergartner here, there everywhere, to say a confidential word to each about her John or Nellie and then the final little, serious talk from the heart of a grand, good woman, making each one question if her duty was done and giving each a thought to carry home, and then the first mothers' meeting was over. "Would they come again?" "Come, ah, yes," and they have come again and again, and it has grown until there is no need for anything but a word that they are welcome. It has grown from little meetings of an hour or two in the kindergarten to "Mothers' day" in the grades, and every school in the city has had or soon will have a Mothers' day at frequent intervals.

We do not ask you to come that you may tell us our duties as teachers or that we may tell you yours as mothers or "see what a fine thing the kindergarten is, you must keep it in your school system," but we do want to say—I am trying to accomplish this and that in your boy or girl, will you not help me. We must work together, for without your help, dear mothers and fathers, we cannot succeed. Unity alone is the watch-word of success in everything from the world's creation to the last undertaking.

Let me tell you a little of a meeting at the Irving school at West Duluth not very long ago. About one hundred mothers were present in response to the invitations of the two kindergartners. All classes were represented, rich and poor, ignorant and educated interested in a common cause, the best training for little children. This was the broad platform on which they met. The rooms were beautifully decorated with pressed flowers, leaves and the children, work and crowning all and giving expression to the meeting was a beautiful copy of Bodenhauser's Madonna, the ideal mother of mothers who looked down to help and encourage. Music called all to order and attention, and after the leader had briefly stated the purpose of the meeting and given a little plea for a better appreciation of the "magic of together," it quickly became an experience meeting for they understood how much each one might help her sister and be helped herself. For in it all it must be, give and take. Here was one with some experience which had helped her, then another with some pitfall for young mothers to avoid, one asked advice, another gave help and suggestions and the little mother who had no mind of her own went home to do all she had been hearing of for she could follow if she could not lead, and each one was blessed by a new and better thought, and happy in giving and receiving.

BLUE AND GRAY.

'Twas a sight to be long remembered,
That I saw on the cars one day,
As the train was flying southward,
In the latter part of May.
It was only two aged women
Who met by chance that day,
One had eyes of loveliest blue,
The other, the sweetest gray.

"Where go you?" said the blue-eyed one
To her with the eyes of gray.
"I'm going to visit my husband's grave,
In the Southland far away."
"Was he a soldier?" the blue-eyed asked,
As she gazed in the eyes of gray;
And half unconsciously she grasped
Her hand in a loving way.

The eyes of gray lit up with pride;
"Yes, he was a soldier true;
He fell at the battle of Shiloh,"—
"Oh! there's where mine fell too,"
And then they clasped each other and wept,
The eyes of blue and gray
Mingled their flood of sympathy
As the train sped on its way.

"What uniform did your soldier wear?"
"My soldier wore the blue."
"Ah," said the other, "mine wore the gray."
"No matter, they both were true."
"Yes, they were true, our loved and lost.
True till their dying day.
And it matters not what they wore on earth,
They are clothed in white today."

And when we came to the station,
A very small town by the way,
The men all stood bareheaded
As the two went on their way.
They walked up the street together,
Like children hand in hand,
Out on the country highway
Where the old church used to stand.

And on and on till they reached the place
Where their soldiers brave were laid;
Then they kissed and wept o'er each grave alike,
And together knelt down and prayed;
Then each told the other about the past,
How they lived with their children dear,
And agreed, while God would spare their lives,
To meet there once a year.

And then they walked back to the station,
These soldiers' widows in tears,
Helped by each other's sympathy,
To bear their burden of years.
Back to the West they traveled,
Their children kind and true;
One with eyes of the sweetest gray,
The other, the loveliest blue.

—Portland, Ore, Telegram.

REPRESENTATIVE VAIL.

Eveleth Star: A day in the Minnesota legislature last week convinced the editor of the Star that our representative from this end of the district was able and willing to hold his own with the best and oldest members of the lower house. Paddy Vail is making a good representative in many ways. He may be the advocate of some bills that are not in accordance with our views but he is making an effort to do the very best he can. Chatting with Speaker Jones and several members of the house, they spoke in very flattering terms of Paddy's ability to corral votes among the boys and get things coming his way. It is not improbable that Paddy will take a whirl out of the senate next term if the people feel so disposed.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,

L. N. SCOTT, Manager

Two Nights, Monday and Tuesday..... APRIL 5-6

MR. JAMES

O'NEILL

And company in two magnificent productions.

"VIRGINIUS"..... Monday

"MONTE CRISTO"..... Tuesday

On Monday evening each lady holding coupon for seat in dress circle and parquet will be presented with a handsome souvenir.

STAR ★ LECTURE ★ COURSE

FIRST M. E. CHURCH.

Tuesday Evening April 6.

Rev. N. D. Hillis, D.D.

Subject—"John Ruskin's Message to the 19th Century."

Wednesday evening, April 14, the famous Boston Ideal Club, a quintet of singers, accompanying themselves with Banjos, Guitars and Mandolins.

Each entertainment 50c. Seats now on sale for the Hillis lecture at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

A. Lincoln Kirk

Impersonator and Humorist,

FROM NEW YORK, assisted by the

Temple Quartet and The Troubadours

MRS. LOMAN.....Organist

MISS PALMER.....Violinist

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Pilgrim Church, 2nd St. and Lake Av.

Under the auspices of the

Young Men's Christian Association

Friday Evening, April 9, 1897.

Admission 50 cents, including reserved seat

Reserved seat chart at A. B. Siewert & Co. 301 West Superior St., Lonsdale Bldg.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

In Duluth's Social Circles

Social doings this week were not so scarce as during last week, but there is not as yet anything like a lively movement. The season immediately following Easter, however, promises to be bright. The assembly will undoubtedly give a party very soon after, and the German club has one in contemplation. Company G has a large party, probably the most elaborate ever seen here, in prospect. The young people are already beginning to think of the summer picnic season, even though it is still two months away, and not a few are planning the first picnic of the season. Decoration day seems to be the date which is looked forward to for the first picnic.

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Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Smith entertained a number of their friends at a progressive grande party at their home, 1515 East Superior street, Thursday evening. The prizes were taken by Mrs. C. G. Traphagen and R. C. Rogers. Refreshments were served. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Burke, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Church, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Elston, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Congdon, Dr. and Mrs. Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Dalrymple, Mr. and Mrs. F. Reynolds, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Suffel, Mr. and Mrs. William White, Mr. and Mrs. John Panton, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Traphagen, Mrs. A. Church, Mrs. Whistler, of Houghton; Miss Harter, Miss McKay, J. W. Hunt and R. C. Rogers.

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The East End Grande club was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bradley, of 1125 East Superior street last evening. The prizes were taken by Mrs. Whistler, of Houghton, and Frank B. Ross.

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Miss Gladys Heimbach, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Heimbach, of 1123 East First street, is entertaining a number of her young friends this afternoon.

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Mrs. Schmied is giving a musicale this afternoon at Lakeside for a number of young people.

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Mrs. J. A. Stephenson entertained the members of her Sunday school class yesterday.

* * *

Ansel Smith is entertaining a number of his young friends at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Smith, this afternoon.

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Mark and Helen Smith, children of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Smith, of 1515 East Superior street, entertained about forty of their friends last evening.

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The engagement of Miss Anna J. Jacobson to Herbert F. Gibson, is announced.

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About ten couples enjoyed progressive cinch last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Van Brunt on East First street. After the playing lunch was served. The head prizes were won by Mrs. H. M. Maseau, and C. M. Maseau, and the foot prizes by Mr. Wasgatt and Mrs. Person.

* * *

The West End Cinch club met at the residence of Mrs. Ray T. Lewis, 312 West Third street, Wednesday evening. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Brewer, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. William White, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Totman, Mr. and Mrs. Moore, Miss McKay and Mr. Fred Lewis. Head prizes were won by Mr. and Mrs. Totman, Mrs. Duncan and Mr. Scott. After the card playing Miss Mary Scott played and dancing was indulged in.

* * *

Company G is talking of having a large party after the annual inspection. If given, it will be one that will eclipse anything ever seen in Duluth. The plan is to have both the band and orchestra, the band to play the two-steps and the orchestra the waltzes. A fort would be built in which the music would be stationed and the punch served. The young people are quite worked up over the affair and sincerely hope that Company G will decide to give it.

* * *

The lunch club which was contemplated by several young ladies has been formed. The members are Miss Sellwood, Miss Fitzgerald, Miss Spencer, Miss Strayer, Miss Howe, Miss Bradley, Miss Frazer, Miss Dickinson. One luncheon in each month is to be given, and each young lady is to plan her own, following some color idea in decoration. The total cost of each luncheon must not exceed $5, and there must be six courses. Miss Elizabeth Frazer will give the first on the Wednesday following Easter.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William C. Farrington arrived this week from their wedding trip. Duluth society is to lose them, however, for they will remove to Buffalo within a very short time. Mr. Farrington has always been one of the most popular of the Duluth young men, and Mrs. Farrington, who frequently visited here, had a wide circle of friends. Their departure will be greatly regretted.

* * *

The Ladies Literature class had a special meeting Tuesday at the residence of Mrs. W. S. Birch, 215 Second avenue west. The course of work to be pursued was under discussion, and it was decide to bring Professor Charles Zeublin, of the Chicago university, here for six lectures. The next six lessons of the class will be preparatory to the lectures. The recent lecture by Professor Zeublin delivered here led to the determination to bring him here.

* * *

The St. Luke's minstrels are rehearsing regularly for the performance which will be given after Easter for the benefit of the Women's and Children's home. A partial list of the patronesses is as follows: Mesdames J. H. Crowley, L. A. Barber, O. H. Simonds, W. T. Bailey, H. B. Moore, Joseph Sellwood, John P. Morrow, J. W. Norton, Giles Gilbert, L. P. Totman, George Spencer, George G. Barnum, J. H. Upham, S. C. McCormick, A. D. Thomson, F. R. Webber, Clinton Markell, D. G. Cutler, H. T. Abbott, J. T. Hale, Moses O'Brien, A. W. Ryan, J. D. Ray, E. W. Markell, M. J. Forbes, A. M. Miller, Robert C. Ray, Clark Fagg, Walter Ayers, F. A. Patrick, Thomas D. Merrill, H. M. Peyton, G. G. Hartley, Henry Smith, A. B. Chapin, Samuel S. Bradley, W. C. Sargent, R. B. Knox, A. H. Comstock, William S. Bishop, W. J. Olcott, G. D. Swift, M. R. Baldwin and others.

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Mr. and Mrs. George P. Stillman informally entertained a few friends at cards Thursday evening.

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Miss Marinette Slocum, of the Ingalls flats, gave a progressive anagram party last evening.

* * *

G. A. Leland and Miss Charlotte Leland are residing at 1614 East Superior street.

* * *

Mrs. Anna Gray Phillips, of St. Paul, was in the city this week seeking to organize classes in vocal culture. She studied for several years under Francisco Stelasalso, the teacher of the famous De Reszke brothers.

* * *

The Young Ladies' guild of the First Presbyterian church gave a musical and tea Tuesday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Upham, 1523 East Third street. There were songs by J. H. Noyes and J. F. Martin, a piano solo by Mrs. J. F. Stephenson, and a whistling solo by D. W. Paddack. A large number were present.

* * *

The Q. F. U. has been incorporated with the following members: Clare Berenice Crowley, Frances E. Edwards, Eunice B. Simonds, Williamette Dodge, Mary Bradley, Mate Maxwell, Bessie M. Strayer, Clare E. Humason, Clara Ames, Blanch L. Howe, Virginia Magoffin, Helen Prescott, Ada Phillips, Virginia La Vaque, Florence G. Briggs, Clara Bull, Alice M. Jones, Anna M. Dickinson, Margaret Graff, Ruth Ingalls, and Lillian Ingalls. The officers are: Berenice Crowley, president; Clara Bull, vice president; Frances Edwards, secretary; Belle Simonds, treasurer; Anna Dickinson and Virginia La Vaque, tellers.

* * *

The Somerset Y did not meet today, but will have its regular meeting one week from today, with Miss Elizabeth Payne, of 207 West Third street.

* * *

The Friends in Council of Pilgrim church will give a musical and dramatic entertainment on Monday evening at the home of Mrs. L. H. Roe and Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Lovett, 1728 and 1732 East Third street. John Kendrick Bang's farce, "The Fatal Message," will be presented. Miss Van Wormer will give a reading, and there will be musical numbers by the Temple quartet and others, after which light refreshments will be served.

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The program for the meeting of the Chautauqua circle, Monday evening, is as follows:

Roll call: Give an item of recent news .....

Lesson: "Survey of Greek Civilization," chap. vi concluded .....
Led by Mrs. Ober.

Lesson: "Study of the Sky," chap. xviii .....Led by C. K. Butters

* * *

The mind reading and hypnotic entertainment at the Unitarian church, Wednesday evening, was a complete success. Dr. Day gave a discussion of hypnotism, with practical illustrations. He also did some clever sleight of hand work. The Aeolian quartet, Mr. and Mrs. Franz Schultz, Mrs. McAuliffe and Miss Jeanie Mann contributed musical numbers.

* * *

The People's concert last evening at the Bethel was well attended, and was a fine success musically. The program was arranged by Mrs. Harry D. Pearson. An orchestra, consisting of Miss Palmer, Mrs. Barlow, Mrs. Pearson, Messrs. Howell, Pearson, Peck and Tupper gave numbers, Miss McKay and Miss Calverly sang a duet, and Miss McKay a vocal number. Horace Brown also sang a vocal solo. Mrs. Pearson played a piano number, and Mr. Pearson a cornet solo. Miss Clara Palmer gave a violin solo.

* * *

A large number of the young people attended the indoor baseball game between Companies A and G, Monday evening, at the Armory. After the game Hoare's orchestra played, and there was two hours of dancing.

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An illustrated lecture on "Music" will be given Easter Monday at Catholic Association hall by Rt. Rev. James McGolrick, D.D. He will be assisted by some of the best musical talent in the city.

* * *

The Chess circle played at W. F. Draper's house last evening. Those present were: Professor Rudolph, A. A. Larson, C. Geist, P. Veborg, J. A. Waugh, F. Crassweller, D. Scott. The next meeting will be with P. Veborg, 2018 West Second street, next Friday evening.

* * *

A skating party was given Tuesday evening at the Tait warehouse by the Young People's Society of Pilgrim church, and the attendance was large. There was music and refreshments.

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The Birmingham, Ala., Journal, in a recent issue, makes the following announcement, which will interest many Duluth people:

"On Tuesday morning, April 6, at 10:30 o'clock, Miss Mattie M. Lazarus will be united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Julius Abrahamson, of Duluth, Minn. Miss Lazarus is well known in Birmingham, and her friends are numbered by the score. In art Miss Lazarus stands high, some of her elegant work with the brush having been admired by connoisseurs, not only of Birmingham, but from all parts of the country. Immediately after the ceremony making them man and wife, the happy couple will leave for Duluth, where they intend to make their future home. Mr. Abrahamson has been in Birmingham for some time, though his home is in Duluth, and he has a large following of friends here also, who join in wishing him much joy and success in married life."

* * *

The unior Christian Endeavor society gave an entertainment at the First Baptist church. Tuesday evening. A fine program was presented before a good audience. The numbers consisted of a piano solo by Marie Chambers, chorus by the Juniors, recitation by Winnifred Bain, mandolin solo by Edith Petty, recitation by Alice Billson, piano solo by Miss Anna Jacobson, recitation by Emma Bartholdi, recitation by Juno Carr, guitar solo by Ralph Brunet, recitation by Winnifred Hicks, selection by William Campbell, violin solo by Dexter Ostergren, recitation by Miss Chambers, piano solo by Alice Billson, recitation by Henrietta Ostergren, and chorus by Juniors.

* * *

The Ladies' union of the Cathedral met Tuesday evening, and an interesting program was given. There was Scripture reading by Miss Gallagher; paper, "Poet Priests," by Miss Stringer; readings from Father Taib, Miss Michaud; paper, "Bruno," Miss Heath; reading from Father Faber, Miss Mathews; reading from Cardinal Gibbons, Miss Killoran, and address, "Catholic Belief," Miss Kenna.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Merritt entertained a company of young folks at a farewell party at their home on Fortyfirst avenue and Fifth street, Saturday evening. Refreshments were served and the evening was spent pleasantly in playing games.

* * *

Little Mamie Baker, of 1108 West Second street, was given a surprise party Wednesday evening. Those present were: Florence Blanchard, Mabel Gibson, Mabel Blanchard, Ida Gelinlan, Crissy Keir, Violet Beautian, Agnes Hansen, Bessie Blanchard, Willie Catlin, Walter Cook, Cleave Goldsmith, Roy Hamilton, George Gelinlan.

* * *

Willis A. Gorman post G. A. R. gave an entertainment at the Masonic Temple Tuesday evening. The Troubadour mixed quartet numbers, Mrs. James McAuliffe gave a vocal solo, C. P. Maginnis, A. F. Rudolph and Rev. G. H. Humason recited and Rev. C. H. Patton spoke.

* * *

A literary and musical entertainment was given last Saturday evening at the Kalamazoo block by Duluth lodge No. 457, I. O. B. B. and a large number were present. Piano solos were rendered by Mrs. L. Hammel and Miss Mae Schwartz, and a violin solo by Morris Freimuth, with piano accompaniment by Miss Rosie Freimuth. Miss Mae Rosenblatt gave a recitation. Rabbi Siegmund Frey delivered an address on "The Influence of the Order of Briar Brith Upon the Young Man."

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PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Elvidge, of 119½ Tenth avenue east, leave tomorrow for St. Paul, where they will make their future home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Eden are in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Shapiro, of Tower, were in the city this week.

Bishop James D. Morrison will return Monday from a visit to the Indian missions in the western part of the Episcopal diocese.

M. S. Burrows went East this week.

S. F. Boyce and the Misses Boyce have broken up housekeeping and for the next month or six weeks will reside at the Hotel St. Louis.

Mrs. Henry C. Marshall will entertain John Fiske, the historian, when he visits Duluth this month.

Mrs. McIsaac has returned from New York.

Mrs. Thomas Fitzgerald and Mrs. Peter Patnaude, of Marquette, Mich., are visiting with Mrs. L. L. Hood at the United States block.

Herbert Warren returned yesterday from a short visit with his brother at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Geist and daughter, Miss Katchen Geist, returned Tuesday from a sojourn of several weeks at Hot Springs, Ark.

Miss Louise Brown, of Minneapolis, is the guest of Mrs. J. F. Segog. Miss Brown formerly lived here.

Mrs. S. M. Linander has returned from the East.

Mrs. Ellsworth Benham is spending the week with friends in St. Paul.

Miss Margaret McInnes, of Tower, is visiting the family of John Owens.

John F. Segog has returned from a trip to Toledo, Ohio.

Mrs. W. H. Niles, who has been visiting friends in Duluth for several weeks, returned yesterday to her home in Fergus Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Maye have arrived from Marquette, Mich., to make their home in Duluth.

Miss Hattie Sturgeon, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Gus Morin, returned to her home in De Smet, N. D., Sunday after a visit of three months.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Liedel and sons, Edward and Henry, returned Sunday from a trip to California.

Mrs. F. B. Ross and son are visiting in Chicago, and Miss Helen Ross is visiting in St. Paul.

C. E. Judd has returned from California and will remain here. His family will return later on.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Wagner have returned from their wedding tour and will be at home to their friends after April 15 at No. 101 West Fourth street. They attended the inauguration at Washington and afterward visited relatives in Brooklyn, Newark, N. J., and Chicago.

Mrs. A. E. Walker returned this morning from Ashland, where she has been for two weeks, and was accompanied by Miss Bessie Shores, who will resume her school work at Maynard hall.

Mrs. E. C. Fredericks, of Omaha, is visiting her sister, Mrs. D. P. McDonald.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Sharp have decided to remove to Fort Benton, Mont.

B. M. Peyton, Ward Ames, Jr., and Bert Jones will leave Wednesday for a two or three weeks' tour in the East.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

The Women's Christian Temperance union met Thursday and was interestingly entertained. Rev. John Wilson gave a talk on the subject of "Ian McLaren" and "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush." Mrs. Stewart, the leader of the meeting, read an interesting paper on "How and What to Read."

Mrs. Joseph Cochran went to Carlton yesterday to spend a few days with her nephew, John F. Hynes.

S. S. Williamson, who resides at 501 Fifty-seventh avenue west, will soon move his family to Duluth.

Next Friday night the Ladies' Aid society of Asbury Methodist church will give a sugar social at the residence of M. A. Stewart. A literary and musical program will be the principal feature of the evening.

Company H had a dancing party after its drill on Thursday evening and a number of young people attended and enjoyed a hop.

Misses Waller and Burnette are visiting their homes during the school vacation.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Plymouth Congregational church met Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 with Mrs. Brearley, on Fifty-first avenue west.

Mrs. Velau, of 110 Fifty-eighth avenue west, has gone to New Brunswick, Canada, to spend the summer with her parents.

The Demorest medal contest was held Tuesday evening at the Presbyterian church. Those who entered for the prizes were: Misses Tower, Ward, McClish, Nellis, Coughlin and Jenet Stewart, and Charles Osborn and Albert Mallory. Albert Mallory was declared the winner of the silver medal, while the second prize, a year's subscription to Demorest's Monthly, was won by Jenet Stewart. Rev. Anthony F. Elmquist, Mrs. Davis and Miss Andrews acted as judges.

A church social was held Thursday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Gilbert in Proctorknott.

An April fool social was given at Asbury Methodist church last evening and was very enjoyable.

THE BIWABIK BUDGET.

The Biwabik Mine May Be Operated This Season.

Biwabik, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Biwabik Bessemer company has a crew of men employed testpitting in the thorough cut at the Biwabik mine. This work is being done to determine the quality of ore that has been stripped and leads to the general belief that the mine will be operated this season, notwithstanding recent contrary reports. E. B. Hawkins, manager for the Drake and Stratton company, was over from Virginia yesterday. He says that he now has strong hopes that his company will do considerable work at the Biwabik this year, which is a pretty fair indication that the mine will be operated and that it will remain in the hands of the Biwabik-Bessemer company.

Capt. Harry Roberts, who recently organized the Colonial Iron company for the purpose of operating the Rouchleau property here, said this week that nothing would be done as long as ore is sold at $2.40. He also claims that the Cincinnati cannot produce ore at that price and come out even.

A. E. Mead, who has been here some time in charge of preliminary work at the Hale, was called back to Duluth this week. Col. Dorwin said in his letter to Mr. Mead that the mine would not be operated before May 15, if at all this season. It is understood that the Thomas Iron company wants only 25,000 tons of the ore this season, and that no other sales have been made or are likely to be made at present prices.

The Franklin group and the Commodore mine at Virginia are still idle and likely to remain so during the summer unless there should be an advance in the price of ore later in the season. It is understood that the Minnesota Iron company will operate the Auburn this year and that preparatory work will be started next week.

The Fayal at Eveleth is the only mine shipping from the range as yet. Nearly 100 cars per day are being forwarded. This starts work in the Duluth & Iron Range yards at this point. Mr. Pegelow returned this week to take his old position as weighman at the scale house.

N. A. Brule has gone to Mountain Iron to run a locomotive at the mine.

N. B. Shank has retired from the hotel business and Robert Metcalfe is now in charge of the Wilcox house.

Principal Graham, of the Hibbing schools, was in town this week visiting relatives.

Homeseekers' Excursions

To the South and West at one fare plus $2 for the round trip via the Northwestern line (Omaha railway). Tickets on sale April 6 and 20, May 4 and 18. For full information and tickets call at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS, C. T. A.

Best Spring Remedy



Paine's Celery Compound

There is one true specific for diseases arising from impure blood and a debilitated nervous system, and that is Paine's celery compound, so generally prescribed by physicians. It is probably the most remarkable remedy that the scientific research of this country has produced. Professor Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., of Dartmouth college, first prescribed what is now known the world over as Paine's celery compound, a positive cure for dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism, all nervous diseases and kidney troubles. For the latter Paine's celery compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed.

Now

Is the time when you should take a Spring Medicine to purify your blood, give you good appetite, sound sleep, steady nerves and perfect digestion. That scrofulous taint, that skin trouble, that liver difficulty, that bilious tendency, that tired feeling, are all cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Give this medicine a fair trial and you will realize its positive merit. It is not what we say, but what the people who are cured say, which proves that

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best Spring Medicine. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

BABY HUMORS

Instant relief for skin-tortured babies and rest for tired mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure. The only speedy and economical treatment for itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply humors of the skin, scalp, and blood.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Sole Proprietors, Boston.

"How to Cure Every Baby Humor," mailed free.

BABY BLEMISHES Prevented and Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

AYER'S

"Actions speak louder than words." For they speak decisively. Words decide nothing. There's no limit to what a man can say. There is a limit to what he can do. As long as a prize fight is fought with words, there's no knock-out. Fifty minutes settle the question when blows take the place of blowing. The World's Fair, 1893, at Chicago, did not **say** much about Ayer's Sarsaparilla, but it gave it a medal; the only medal awarded sarsaparilla. The Fair did not say anything about the other sarsaparillas. It simply shut them all out from the exhibits. It did not say that Ayer's was the only safe sarsaparilla, but it only gave admission to safe sarsaparillas, and Ayer's was the solitary sarsaparilla it admitted. We put the actions of the Fair against the words of sarsaparillas claiming to be "as good as Ayer's." . . . . . Judgment!

Blood diseases can be cured. How?
Read Ayer's Curebook. Free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sarsaparilla.

NEW AND COMPLETE.

C. M. Aikine's Billiard and Bowling Hall.

To a great many men in a great many cities a well-equipped billiard hall takes the place of a club and they find a fascination in spending their spare hours in such a place, and when pool and bowling are added the circle of those who are so attracted is widened. When one finds a place thoroughly equipped for all these amusements, with every accessory just exactly what it should be and nothing whatever lacking, one feels grateful to the man who has provided it all. This is the case with C. M. Aikine's establishment. Mr. Aikine, who has always been a promoter of pool and billiards, has added bowling to his list and moved into more commodious quarters at 208 West Superior street, one door west of his old stand, where he has a room 115 feet in depth and twenty-four feet in width with no obstructions whatever. In the center of the room there is an ample skylight, affording a broad, soft light during the day. At night the lighting is brilliantly done with incandescents.

Particular attention was given to the refitting and refurnishing of the room, that it might present a cheerful and attractive appearance. It was repapered and repainted, and the entire floor covered with first quality, linoleum of subdued color. A series of nine of the best tables manufactured, three billiard and six pool, occupy the room. They are kept in the best possible condition.

To lovers of the game of billiards, that will be forever in vogue by reason of its peculiar and special charm in the combination of mental and physical exhilaration, the handsome new parlors of Mr. Aikine afford appreciated opportunity for their indulgence.

It may be said in this connection that Mr. Aikine, who is one of the most expert pool and billiard players in the Northwest, is always courteous and obliging in teaching novices the proper handling of the cue, the principles of the game, and, in short, imparting such instruction as is of special value. He is now renewing his practice, and will in the future give a series of exhibitions in billiard and pool playing, in which a number of difficult and remarkable fancy shots will be shown.

A cigar stand, at which all the best standard brands will be sold, will be established in the upper room.

Not content with the enterprise of fitting out so splendid a billiard parlor, Mr. Aikine has devoted the Michigan street floor to a very fine bowling room, he having had built four standard 65-foot alleys, running parallel, constructed of hard maple, and with all the accessories for a full and proper enjoyment of this exciting, strengthening and health-giving game. There is a full complement of balls of all sizes; the alleys are smooth and true; the light is good; the attendants prompt and accommodating, so that there is every opportunity afforded for the highest entertainment in the game. There is good exercise in bowling, and if not indulged in too violently, it is highly beneficial.

Mr. Aikine welcomes all to the new billiard rooms; they are for the general public, and all will be treated alike and made to feel at home.

THE NEWSBOYS' CONCERT.

Will Be Given at the Armory on April 24.

The Armory has been secured for Saturday evening, April 24, for The Herald newsboys' concert for the benefit of the Bethel. There is no doubt but that this concert will surpass the one of two years ago in many respects. There will be much new talent and also the addition of clog and sand dances, military dances and acrobatic work, which cannot but please everyone. The Armory has been secured in order to accomodate the crowd for at the Bethel last time there were over 200 turned away, not being able to even get standing room. It is almost certain that the Armory will be packed for it is seldom that anyone in this or any other city has a chance to see so novel a performance as this will be. Few can think of one of these little fellows, even as seen on the street, without smiling at some of their tricks and who would not be glad of a chance to see all of them the same evening on the stage with all the tricks of their young lives concentrated into a few hours of genuine fun and that for the benefit of the Bethel?

Why suffer with Corns and Bunions!

When a cure is so near at hand. We guarantee a cure in every case we undertake.

MME. BOYD & WILBUR,
31 West Superior Street.

AT GRAND RAPIDS.

Interesting Sessions of the Teachers' Institute.

Grand Rapid, Minn., April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The State Teachers' institute held its closing session here last evening. Its work during the week has shown an increase of 75 per cent in attendance as compared with the institute of two years ago, and the Itasca county visitors this time made their appearance at the opening sessions and continued in attendance from day to day. The conductors of the institute were Mrs. E. K. Jaques, of Crystal, Minn., and Mrs. T. J. Gray, of Minneapolis. They are very pleasing and very efficient in their work, which covers a wide range of studies. Mrs. O. H. Stilson, superintendent of schools of Itasca county, had general supervision, and R. J. Baskerville, principal of the Grand Rapids schools, gave valuable assistance. Entertaining features added to the general grist made the exercises specially noteworthy. Among these, elocution shone forth with prominence under the direction of Miss Lena McCarthy, whose skill as a dramatic reciter is so favorably remembered in much larger communities than this, her present home. Her pupils were prominent in these literary features, which included the following: On Monday Miss Edith Crossley in "Only a Chromo;" Tuesday, Miss Mae McLennan in "Thora;" Wednesday, Miss Hattie Allin in "Cold, Hard Cash;" Thursday, Miss Lena McCarthy in "Ben Cradlebow" (from "Cape Cod Folks"); Friday, Catherine Gilbert in "An Arithmetic Lesson." Their reciting, without a skip and with pleasingly dramatic effect, has aroused new interest in elocutionary work among the young people here. Mrs. Jaques, who conducted an institute here two years ago, says that the improvement in attendance and in the general work has been most remarkable, and Mrs. Gray joins her in praising the new features that are pushing the educational work ahead so acceptably.

At the special session Thursday evening the guests were treated to a fine selection of readings from the "Merchant of Venice" by the following participants: James Doran, as Antonio; W. T. McKewan, Bassanio; Stephen Leahy, Salanio; A. M. Woodruff, Salarino; M. A. Spang, Gratiano; Alwin Kremer, Salerio; M. A. Leahy, Shylock; Miss Hattie Allin, Portia; Miss Mae McLennan, Nerissa and Portia address beginning: "The Quality of Mercy," was allotted to Miss Lena McCarthy. There was a suiting of the action to the word and the word to the action that showed a true conception of the play and the spectators awarded due appreciation of the difficult work that was performed without stage setting or other accessories of the drama. The ladies deservedly received the highest praise, but among the excellent renditions of the gentlemen, Mr. Doran showed the most power combined with artistic taste. Miss McLennan has made great progress in the dramatic art during the past few months, although only a novice and her instructress has every reason to feel proud of her. Miss Allin has had more experience and is a valuable addition to these entertainments. Singing and refreshments added to the program and all felt that the evening had passed very enjoyably.

The members of the school board, Chairman Capt. T. M. Brady, Secretary Charles Kearney and Treasurer E. A. Kremer, were present daily during the institute. Thirty-three teachers were enrolled, and twenty-seven received certificates. The Itasca county teachers in attendance were: Misses Bessie Brady, C. Cleveland, E. King, Hattie Allin, Hattie Gibson and Lena McCarthy, of Grand Rapids; Messrs. W. T. McKewan and M. A. Spang, Laprairie; A. M. Woodruff, Deer River; Mrs. Martine, Blackberry; Miss Mabel Brady, Trout lake, and Miss Mae McLennan, Swan river.

Visiting teachers said that the schools here are commodious, well arranged and equipped with educational advantages equal to those of most of the large cities. The museum and library of Central school attracted much attention, and the senior class gave a splendid exhibition of calisthenics in the gymnasium. Principal Baskerville directed the exercises in dumbbells, etc., and the movements on high parallel bars and pulleys showed that the class had made great progress in muscle building recreation. Mesdames Jaques and Gray return homeward this morning, and the schools will reopen for the spring term on Monday next.

Hon. D. M. Gunn is home to rest from legislative work over Sunday.

"THROUGH THE HEART OF JAPAN"

Mr. J. S. Bradstreet's interesting

Illustrated Lecture

For the benefit of St. Paul's Church at the

LYCEUM THEATER

Wednesday Evening, April 21st.

Seats now on sale at Boyce's Drug Store.

50c and 75c.

PROF. TOMLINS' LECTURE.

A Remarkably Fine Discourse on Music.

Those who failed to hear the lectures of Professor W. L. Tomlins, of Chicago, at the High School yesterday afternoon and evening, missed something that cannot easily be made up to them. To say that the lectures were a treat seems inapt—to hear them was truly a privilege.

Music, as treated by Professor Tomlins, is truly divine. It is, as it were, the expression of the infinite—not merely a concourse of sweet sounds but that which lies at the base of things, having the qualities of the soul, the direct message, the means of transmission of the impulse of life from the life giving informing center or soul of the universe. So identified with the source of things, it partakes of the quality of reality; it is, in fact, the expression of the only real. Music and musical notation, Professor Tomlins early takes pains to distinguish. The genesis of an octave, he says, took millions of years, it is from the infinite; music notation was invented by man a few hundred years ago. The professor holds that music is the means by which the initial impulses residing in the soul, the inner and unconscious springs of action, the true self, are to be reached and connected. If not the only means, at least the most direct means. He illustrated his theory of education last evening by three circles, one within the other, the first, or outer circle, being the individual as he appears in acts and demeanor; the second, the mentality of the individual, that which he thinks, and the third, the individual, the self. Hitherto the methods of education have been to reach the second circle, the mentality, instructing it to think and contrive. The true method is to reach into the inner circle and bring the soul into tune with the harmony of the universe, the rythm of which is tuned by the Divine. By this method the soul is developed and strengthened in right thought, will and feeling.

The speaker seemed to reach into the "soul of things" and the attention of his auditors was closely held throughout. Professor Tomlins was director of music at the World's fair. He is now engaged in the actual work of bringing into harmony with the Divine by music souls that are out of tune, taking pupils from the public schools of Chicago who are too tough—to use the only expression which, he says, will convey the idea—to be reached by the ordinary school discipline.

The innumerable testimonials in the possession of its proprietors show the good work Salvation Oil is doing. 25 cents.

Spring Millinery.

Madame Warde announces that her spring millinery is now ready.

Hair Switches

In all shades at lowest possible prices. Hair Tonic. Switches made from cut hair or combings.

Knauf Sisters,
101 W. Sup. st, over Smith & Smith's Drug Store

DEFECTIVE PAGE



HEADQUARTERS FOR BICYCLES



ELDREDGE AND VICTOR
High Grade Wheels.

Belvidere AND FAVORITE
Medium Grade Wheels.

And Bicycle Sundries.

This assortment of wheels is selected to meet the demands and tastes of anyone wanting a wheel, and we guarantee satisfaction.

THE SAGER



SADDLE.

Our Stock of Bicycle Sundries

Is the largest in the Northwest, and all the novelties in this department will be found with us.



WE HAVE A COMPLETE BICYCLE REPAIR SHOP.

Re-enameling and repairing of all kinds attended to promptly. Notify us if your wheel needs repairs and we will send for it.

COME AND SEE OUR LINE AND BE CONVINCED OF ITS MERITS.

NORTHERN HARDWARE COMPANY,

409 and 411 West Superior Street. - - Duluth, Minn.

Among the Bicyclists.

The time is drawing near when the minds of about three-fifths of the population of Duluth turn with one accord and as one mind to one single topic—wheeling. It used to be that "in the spring a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love." The young men may still be afflicted that way, but the fancies not only of young men, but of young women now turn very decidedly to biking, and for that matter, not only young people, but old people as well. Indeed, the time is already come, for the past week has seen quite a number of wheels make their appearance upon the streets. To be sure, there were some difficulties, such as mud and an occasional pool of water, but these may be experienced almost any time during the summer, so they constitute no valid reason why those who are so minded should not ride their bicycles. There is yet time for a blizzard to put a temporary stop to it, but the backbone of winter is snapped short, and a stray blizzard or two cannot mend it.

* * *

So nearly every owner of a wheel in Duluth, who has not already been out has begun to cast more interested glances at his wheel than he has during the winter, and many of them are in repair and ready to go out on the road almost any day. The prospects are that the coming season will be the most active ever experienced at the head of the lakes in wheeling matters, and if the season begins as early as the weather of the past few weeks promises, it will be a long one as well.

* * *

The Duluth Cycle club, which has maintained its organization during the winter and has kept interest alive by smokes and parties, was never in better shape in every way than it is today. Its financial state is excellent, its membership large and its officers and committees capable and energetic. An organization so well perfected and maintained during a long winter when cycling was but a memory or a vision of the future cannot fail to be a powerful one during the active season.

* * *

There will be plenty of racing this summer. The annual Decoration day road race, which is always one of the most prominent events of the state, will undoubtedly be as successful and probably a great deal more successful than ever before. The members of the club are already talking of the event, but nothing has yet been done. The St. Louis County Agricultural society has been promising to have a track on their grounds, and if they do there will probably be considerable use made of it during the summer. The Union rink, which is to be turned into a bicycle academy and livery stable, will also have a saucer track.

* * *

Electricity may now drive the motor bicycle, says a Washington letter. An invention has been patented by Sumter B. Battery of New York which makes the usual combination of the electric spark and either naptha, petroleum or gasoline. The union of the two elements is accomplished by placing a battery on top of the tank containing whatever fluid may be preferred of the three mentioned. The former is connected by the necessary wires with the motive apparatus, so that the electricity may cause the necessary explosion which produces an impelling force, whenever it is delivered.

Battery and supply tank are located back of and just under the saddle of the bicycle. The bicycle is supplied with the usual chain and sprocket wheels, one of the latter being attached to the pedal spindle, and the second sprocket wheel to the axle of the bicycle at one side of the rear traction wheel. At the end of the shaft opposite the sprocket wheel is attached a pinion adapted to gear with the driving pinion. This is journaled to a stud that forms part of the casing that surrounds the revoluble cylinder, secured to the shaft of the rear wheel. It is in this cylinder that the pockets are located—in the outer section—which receive a charge of vapor that causes the wheel to revolve.

Attached to the stud is a crank arm and pivoted to the outer end of this is a connecting rod which connects with the piston rod of a piston that moves within the first cylinder, which is attached by braces to a second cylinder. Now it is absolutely necessary that both of the cylinders shall be of a size that will enable them to hold practically the same number of cubic feet of gas or vapor. Connecting these two cylinders at a point near their outer ends is a channel in the form of a tube.

This channel is supplied with valves which automatically open to exhaust the vapor from one cylinder and to close it when the other is taking in a supply. Communicating with the first cylinder at a point about opposite the outlet tube is an inlet tube that leads into one side of a vaporizer. This vaporizer communicates with a supply pipe leading to the tank located back of the saddle and the supply of whatever the tank contains to the vaporizer is regulated by a stop-cock attached to the supply pipe.

The vaporizer has an inlet in its upper portion partially closed by a pin resting upon a distributor that holds the fluid which comes from the tank to be vaporized. Beneath this sphere there is a cup-shaped receptacle which holds any superfluous fuel and prevents it from being drawn into the cylinder through the tube. Leading into the vaporizer at a point opposite the outlet end of the tube is a tube which telescopes with still another tube of larger diameter. This latter pierces one of the walls of the casing and receives a supply of expanded and heated air from the pockets on the outer section of the first cylinder described. There are apertures in this tube which receive a supply of cold air, and this mixes with the hot air discharged from the similar apertures of the second cylinder before it is carried into the vaporizer. By this means the vaporization of the substance used as fuel is largely increased.

The reservoir, located back of and beneath the saddle, is secured to the frame of the wheel by suitable braces, of which the casing forms a part. So far as the electric battery is concerned, it is the inventor's idea that it will be easier to place it on top of the supply tank, but that is not imperative, as it can be secured to any other part of the wheel which may be deemed desirable. Wires lead from the two poles of the battery into the cylinder through insulating plugs, and are run into the cylinder in such a position that the points are very near together, so near, in fact, that an arc is formed and a spark produced by either making or breaking the current. A circuit-making device, consisting of a piece of insulating material, which may be attached to any suitable place on the bicycle, is, with the two contact points, let into one of the wires. In this way a normally broken circuit is maintained. The circuit is alternately broken and completed by the forward and backward movements of a circuit-making plate, which is attached to a piston rod of the piston within the first cylinder referred to. This place is insulated from the rod upon which it is mounted by the use of ordinary insulating material.

Now as to the operation of the machine. The stopcock of the pipe leading from the tank is turned on sufficiently to allow a small stream of the fuel to flow into the vaporizer. Owing to the small inlet being partially closed, the fuel flows very slowly, diffuses itself over the surface of the spherical distributor, and then vaporizes within the chamber formed by the upper hollow portion of the vaporizer. Then the bicycle is started, the rider pedaling in the ordinary fashion until the necessary rotary motion is imparted to the sprocket wheel and thence to the cylinder and pinion. This imparts continuous movement to the piston contained within the first cylinder, and the piston moves back and forth, alternately taking in a supply of vapor and discharging the same. Just as soon as the inward stroke of the piston is completed and the supply of vapor in the cylinder exhausted into the second cylinder, an electrical contact results. This causes the production of a spark within the second cylinder exploding the vapor.

The expansive force thus obtained is exerted upon the driving cylinder through the medium of one of the pockets. The pocket is then exhausted through the pipe, and thence through the openings in the pipe back into the vaporizer. The hot air, in transit from the pocket of the cylinder, mixes with the supply of cold air, which is drawn in through the open top of the pipe. This mixture of hot and cold air assists in the vaporization of the fuel that has flowed into the vaporizer from the tank, and thus a continuous supply of vapor for the first cylinder is maintained.

This makes it plain to be seen that by the means described a continuous rotary motion is supplied to the cylinder, and thence to the wheel of the bicycle. In this way an even and, if desired, terrific speed can be maintained, until the supply of vaporizable material is exhausted or the machine is stopped by the rider. The cyclist can stop at his discretion and in just the same way as if there were no motor attachment to his wheel.

* * *

The London Cyclist, in commenting on the arrangements made for the International Cyclists' association meeting, says:

A meeting of the international committee of the Scottish Cyclists' union will shortly be held at Dundee. The meeting has been called for the purpose of hearing progress reported in connection with the world's championships at Glasgow, and to discuss further proposed arrangements. The dates for the meeting, which have now been definitely fixed on, are July 29 and 30 and Aug. 1. Sunday is decidedly an off day in Scotland, and continental visitors would likely find it very irksome under usual conditions, but in order to obviate this a steamer will probably be specially chartered for a run on the Clyde, and from her decks the unrivalled scenery will be seen to advantage.

In order to allow all riders who desire to train on the track plenty of time to do so, the S. C. U. has arranged to take over the Celtic track and grounds for a fortnight prior to the meeting. This ought to be ample time for all concerned. For this use of the grounds and track the Scottish union will pay the club £500. Here it may be stated that according to current report the Scottish union anticipates a net profit off the meeting of over £2000. As already stated in our columns, promises of attendance have been received from the leading racing men of continental countries, while a strong effort will be made to have representatives from the leading British colonies. The S. C. U. is also trying to get the railway companies to issue tickets from all places to Glasgow at a fare and a quarter, and machines carried free.

* * *

The National Cyclists' union, of England, has notified Jimmy Michael, the Welsh rider, who is now in this country, that he has been suspended from all English tracks until he settles a claim of $250 to the Leeds Cycling and Athletic club. This suspension will carry with it suspension from L. A. W. races. Michael realizes this and says that he has instructed his representative in England to settle the claim.

* * *

The suggestion made in the New York Sun recently that the L. A. W. should set aside a portion of its income derived from sanction fees to defray the expense of an American team to the world's championship meeting at Glasgow next July is approved of by racing men and meet promoters. A prominent member of the league discussed the possibilities of a foreign team as follows:

"The L. A. W. is now strong both numerically and financially, and considering the large racing interests in this country over which it assumes jurisdiction, it is fitting that the organization should be represented in the championship meeting abroad. Ex-Chairman Gideon, of the racing board, in his annual report at the national assembly meeting, recommended that the L. A. W. be represented at the big meeting. It is believed that Albert Mott, the present chairman, will entertain similar views. Unless the L. A. W. does send some men over it should withdraw from membership in the international association. I know that the question of the expense of a team will create strong opposition, but conditions are such that the league is fully warranted in appropriating some money from its sanction fee income.

"In past years the only representation this country has had in the world's championship meetings has been the selection by the racing board of American riders who have been abroad at the time the races were held. In this way the L. A. W. was put to no expense. International competition creates widespread interest, and if an international meeting was allotted to America, say next year, the league would certainly feel disappointed at the failure of any of the foreign countries to send representatives.

"Chairman Mott, of the racing board, should make it a point to devise some means to send an American team to Scotland. We have fast amateur and professional riders in this country, and it is only just that the best in each class should be enabled to try for world's championship honors. If the idea is taken hold of and properly pushed I am sure that the enthusiastic racing supporters in this country will devise the means to send over a team if the L. A. W. does not."

THE

Andrae



Never Disappoints.

We have them at $75.00 and $100.00.

"Clippers" at $50.00, $60.00, $80.00.

Juvenile Wheels at $40.00.

Look before You buy.

H. O. Swain

Providence Building.

Waverley

"It almost goes itself; I never saw anything run so easily," Said a man the other day who had just tried his new No. 10 Waverley. It was his first experience with the new Waverley bearings. There is no doubt about it—

Waverley Bicycles run easiest this year.

Waverley

IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO PAY THE HIGHEST PRICE FOR A BICYCLE—

To enjoy cycling, any more than you must have the highest cost carriage to enjoy driving. Of course there is satisfaction and value in the latest improvements, but we have—

A Bicycle for $60

That is as thoroughly constructed as a Bicycle can be, and it is good enough for anyone but the most fastidious.

Waverley, Nos. 10 and 12	$100
Windsor	$75
Waverley, Nos. 14 and 15	$60
Kelley	$50

Kelley Hardware Co.

ONLY A MAGICIAN'S ACT.

John M. Woodley is the name of a young farmer who lives in Sandwich South. One week ago he was strong and healthy, with a mind considerably above the intellects of his associates. Today he is little better than a physical wreck. His hair, which was black as a raven's wing, is already turning gray, says the Detroit Tribune.

On Tuesday last, Woodley, who is about 24 years old, was commissioned by his father to go to Windsor and attend to some business. After doing this, the young man thought he would cross over to Detroit, and see the sights. He wandered around for a time and finally drifted into Wonderland to witness the afternoon performance.

Among other attractions on the bills, was a prestidigitateur, who after performing several seemingly impossible feats, ended up by decapitating a man. The trick is cleverly done, and to the uninitiated is startling in its suggestiveness. Woodley sat unmoved throughout the performance until the last act on the program—that of decapitation, was reached.

As the conjurer, after stating what he was about to do, started making his preparations, the young man began to display considerable uneasiness. He shifted in his seat and glanced about him nervously. At last all was ready and with one sweep of the big, keen-bladed knife, the magician apparently severed his victim's head from his body, holding it out in plain view of the audience. The trick is an old one and beyond a little applause and a few nervous "Oh's" from the timid ones, nothing was thought of it, the whole being a bit of clever delusion.

Woodley, however, had never seen the feat before, and imagined that some terrible blunder had been committed. He sprang to his feet and rushed from the hall just as the curtain was falling. His face was ghastly pale and his eyes seemed to start from their sockets. How he reached home he cannot explain, but a few hours afterwards he staggered into his father's house.

All attempts to obtain from him an explanation are fruitless except that he repeats over and over in a jangle the words, "They cut off his head; they killed him," and then he covers his face with his hands as though to shut out some horrible nightmare and relapses into a morose state, from which he is with difficulty aroused.

His family at once began inquiries and soon learned just what had befallen him. It is supposed that the shock of seeing what he imagined to be a genuine decapitation was too much for him, and so turned his brain. The unfortunate man is unmarried and lives with his parents, who are comparatively well-to-do farmers.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

We Start the

BICYCLE LIVERY..

Rolling with

Six High-Grade Tandems.....

Such as the "America," the "Victor," and the "Rambler."

We will use strictly High-Grade Wheels in Our Livery....

Such as Americas, Victors, Ramblers, Temples, Bar Scorchers, Monarchs and Phoenix.

You will find

ON SALE.....

At our office

A line of wheels ranging in price

From $30 to $100

And we will keep them in repair the whole season. If you contemplate buying a wheel Look us over, as we can save you from $25 to $40 on a wheel.

DULUTH VAN CO.

212 West Superior Street.

Charged With Contempt.

Judge Ensign this morning ordered that a warrant be issued for the arrest of Charles Davis for contempt of court. Recently John Jenswold secured a judgment against Davis for $175.75, and an execution on the judgment being returned unsatisfied, Davis was ordered to appear before a referee and make a disclosure as to his property. He failed to do so, and the fact being reported to the court, he was ordered to appear this morning and show cause why he should not be punished for contempt. He did not appear this morning, so the warrant for his arrest was issued. Bail was fixed at $200, the sureties to be approved by the sheriff.

Davis was arrested this afternoon and placed in the county jail. He refused to furnish bail, and did not seem to realize his situation. In default of bail he will remain in custody until next Saturday, when his case will be taken up.

Homeseekers' Excursions

To the South and West at one fare plus $2 for the round trip via the Northwestern line (Omaha railway). Tickets on sale April 6 and 20, May 4 and 18. For full information and tickets call at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS, C. T. A.

Read "Coon's" live ad on page 1.

Neuralgia of the Heart

Vanquished by Dr. Miles' Remedies.



MRS. SIDLEY, of Torrington, Conn., Suffered from just such a complication of diseases as the extensive experience and investigations of Dr. Miles have proven, result from impairment of the nervous system. Mr. Jas. B. Sidley writes Oct. 25, 1895: "My wife was taken sick with neuralgia of the heart, nervous exhaustion and liver trouble. Although attended by two physicians she grew worse, until she was at death's door. I then began giving her Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and she improved so wonderfully from the first that I at once dismissed the physicians. She now eats and sleeps well and does her own housework We have recommended your remedies to a great many in our city, and every one has been very much benefited by them."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO, Elkhart, Ind.

A. LINCOLN KIRK.

An Entertainment of Music and Impersonations.

Next Friday evening A. Lincoln Kirk, of New York, impersonator, will give an entertainment at Pilgrim church under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. He will be assisted by the Troubadours and the Temple quartet. The program is as follows:

PART I.

Offertory .....Lefebure-Wely
Mrs. Loman.

Song—"Annie Laurie" .....Dudley Buck
The Troubadours.

a. "King John and the Abbott" old English ballad.....
b. "A Discourse on Irish and German Humor" .....Original
A. Lincoln Kirk

Song—"Blue Bells of Scotland".Schilling
Temple quartet.

Trial scene from "The Merchant of Venice" .....Shakespeare
Dramatis personae: Shylock, Portia, Bassanio, Antonioand the duke of Venice.
A. Lincoln Kirk.

PART II.

Violin solo—"Faust" .....Gounod
Miss Palmer.

Song—"Tom the Piper's Son"....Kendall
The Troubadours.

a. "Mr. Rabbit, Mrs. Coon and Cousin Frogs" .....Uncle Remus
b. "The Yarn of the Nancy Bell".....
.....W. S. Gilbert

A grotesque impersonation, in which Mr. Kirk, by a rearrangement of his hair, and by facial contortions, seems to be instantly transformed to the cannibalistic old sailor.
A. Lincoln Kirk

Song—"Dinah Doe" .....Molloy
Temple quartet.

a. Selections from J. Whitcomb Riley, giving some of the poet's best efforts in pathos and humor.....
b. "At the Evening Party"—An original satire introducing Miss Bezique who recites "Curfew Must not Ring Tonight" in the most impressed elocutionary style. Professor Poondem, the celebrated pianist and Mr. Giddy, who gives an imitation of a comic opera.....
A. Lincoln Kirk.

Song—"Good Night Beloved".....Pinsuti
Temple and Troubadour quartet.

Davis Case Continued.

The case of ex-County Surveyor Frederick Davis was to have come up before Judge Cant this morning on a motion in arrest of judgment, but as Judge Cant was busy with another case, it was continued until next Saturday, when Prosecuting Attorney C. O. Baldwin and Keyes & Baldwin will be heard at length in arguments on the motion. In case the motion is denied, it is probable that a motion for a new trial will be made or an appeal taken.

Removal Sale

We will remove about April 10 to 221 West Superior street. It is our desire not to take $1 worth of our present stock to the new store. Consequently we make the following extraordinary announcement: All of our $25, $28 and $30 suits can be bought for $20; all $8, $9 and $10 trousers for $6. A corresponding reduction on all finer goods. This work will receive the very best of attention and skill, as befitting to our business, which is strictly high-class tailoring.

BRENTON & BLECK,
The Duluth Tailors,
201 West Superior street.

Bock Beer on draught at Ideal Beer hall. Don't forget the drawing for $5 gold piece.

Anheuser-Busch celebrated bock beer on draught at Ideal Beer hall. Music tonight.

Read "Coon's" live ad on page 1.

SUCKERS

Wild Cat Gold Mining Companies Are Already Fishing For Them.

Stocks Placed on the Market That Represent Property of Little Value.

Syndicate of Duluth Men Are Preparing to Buy a Valuable Option.

The publicity that has been given to the rich discoveries recently made in the gold fields north of Duluth has started the mining company promoter at work, and on the Canadian side of the line stock companies are being formed daily. Many, if not a majority of them, are purely paper enterprises, the object of which is to sell stock to the unwary and not to mine gold or explore for it. Quite a number that have placed their stock on the market have properties as a foundation for their scheme that are said to be located outside of the mineral belt entirely, and which show no indications of gold-bearing rock. So far this field of operations in the gold country is occupied almost entirely by Canadians who have heard that such enterprises were usually profitable to those who established them in new gold camps, although they were equally disastrous to those who invested cash in the handsomely printed stock.

Up to this time it has been so difficult to reach the Seine River and Rainy Lake district that the operations of these wild-cat companies have been confined to localities more easy of access, but they will undoubtedly take possession of Mine Center as soon as navigation opens and issue their alluring prospectuses, with that place as headquarters, and the rush and excitement that is expected to take place in that region this summer the field for the unscrupulous mining company shark will be very fertile, and gives promise of a rich harvest at the expense of a class willing to risk their money in hazardous ventures that offer the slightest chance of large returns. Several companies of this kind are in process of organization in Duluth.

TO PURCHASE AN OPTION.

A syndicate to be composed of about twenty railroad and hotel men is being organized in Duluth to purchase an option on a very promising piece of property in the Seine River gold district. The property is valued at $25,000, and the Duluth syndicate, after securing its option, proposes to employ some mining expert engineers to examine it and report as to the likelihood of its development into a paying mine. If the report is as satisfactory as those who have looked over the property are confident it will be, the purchase will be made and a company organized to develop it. The land is located in the very heart of the gold mining district, and the surface indications are as good as they were in any mines in the neighborhood.

NOT TO BE CONFIRMED.

Sale of Duluth Paper Company Stock Is Objected to.

The sale of the stock of the Duluth Paper company will not be confirmed. When the matter came up before Judge Cant in special term this morning the assignee, Hans Christensen, reported the sale of the property for $11,000 to St. Paul parties, and recommended that it be not confirmed. He stated that Mr. Brown, of Brown, Treacy & Co., of St. Paul, and George A. Wright, of Wright, Barrett & Stillwell, of St. Paul, bid against each other at the sale, but he alleged that they had an agreement and that their bidding was simply for the purpose of discouraging other bidders. When the property was struck off to Mr. Brown he gave a certified check for $1800 signed by Brown & Wright.

The assignee recommended that the sale be set aside and that the property should not be put up at auction again. T. J. Davis, who represented the assignee and about thirty creditors, objected to the bid as inadequate, and Neff & Hartley, and George T. Chester also opposed it. Mr. Neff stated that he was empowered by George A. Wright to offer $14,000 for the property, which was listed at $35,691.42.

Judge Cant said that he would make no disposition of the matter today, but that the chances were against his confirming what apeared to be an inadequate bid.

The Other Side's Claim.

The attorneys for the plaintiff in the case of John Barton against the Virginia Light and Water company take exception to the published statements regarding the manner in which the jury stood. They state that their investigation shows that the jury was unanimously of the opinion that the boy received his death from an electric shock, but was divided on the question of the company's liability. They also claim that members of the jury asked them to have the statements corrected on this line.

DURRANT'S CASE.

California's Supreme Court Denies Him a New Trial.

San Francisco, April 3.—The supreme court of California today denied the application of Theodore Durrant for a rehearing of the application for a new trial, previously denied. Chief Justice Beatty dissented from the opinion. This settles Durrant's fate as far as the state courts are concerned. He will now ask the interference of the federal courts, and failing in that, will appeal for executive clemency.

PAPER MILL BURNS.

Portland, Me., April 3.—A special to the Evening Express from Canton says: The Poland Paper company's mill at Gilbertville was burned today with a loss of probably $100,000.

Elegant spring millinery at Humes', over Suffel's.

Read "Coon's" live ad on page 1.

WILL RETURN EAST.

C. S. Davis Decides to Remove to Rochester, N. Y.

C. Schuyler Davis, of the firm of Towne & Davis, attorneys, has decided to return to Rochester, N. Y., and take up his residence and the practice of law in that city, his former home. He finds that the Eastern climate seems to be the best for his health, and he has interests there, and for these reasons has determined to leave Duluth. E. P. Towne will continue the business of the firm.

Messrs. Towne and Davis came to Duluth in January, 1892, a little more than five years ago. They formed a partnership for the practice of law, and have been remarkably successful, building up a fine business. Both were old friends before coming here, having gone through college together, and their business relations during the past five years have been equally friendly.

Mr. Davis has a wide circle of friends, both in business and social life, who will regret exceedingly that he is to leave. He will go the latter part of the month. His mother, Mrs. Davis, and sisters, the Misses Davis, will accompany him. Mr. Davis is one of the directors of the Duluth Boat club, and has always taken an active interest in the success of that institution.

Mr. Towne, as was said before, will continue the business of the firm. In the five years that he has been identified with the Duluth bar he has become recognized as one of the leading young attorneys, and success will undoubtedly continue to be his.

BIG CLOTHING PURCHASE.

M. S. Burrows Makes a Large Deal In Chicago.

M. S. Burrows, who went East a week ago, has negotiated an immense purchase of clothing and the goods will soon begin to arrive in Duluth and will be offered to the people of Duluth at prices such as can be given only by reason of the purchase having been made at a big sacrifice to the former owners.

The stock is none other than the Willoughby-Hill stock of Chicago, noted as one of the most magnificent clothing stocks in the entire United States. The sale was made under the direction of the court and was at auction. It took place on Wednesday. The May Shoe and Clothing company, of Denver, the Famous Clothing company, of St. Louis; Kleinhausen, of Buffalo, N. Y.; Levey, of the Hub, in Chicago; Fred Griesheimer and M. S. Burrows were among the bidders. The stock inventoried $156,000.

The bidding was lively. M. S. Burrows bid up to $83,000, but Mr. Hill got the stock at $85,000. It was supposed Hill was bidding it in for himself, but it was found that he was to give it to the May people of Denver. When this was found out there was a protest and the court was appealed to to set aside the sale. This was done and on the following day it was sold again. M. S. Burrows and Fred Griesheimer bid the stock in at $87,000.

Mr. Burrows' agreement with Griesheimer is that he can select just what he wants of the stock and the latter will take the balance. Griesheimer has arranged to open in the Sterling building and fight Levey of the Hub, who is across the street.

Mr. Burrows is now making his selection from the stock and will ship the goods at once. The stock will be the finest that has ever been opened up before Duluth people.

MAY ABROGATE THE LAW.

Berlin, April 3.—The reichstag today, without debate, passed the third reading of the Centrist motion of yesterday in favor of the complete abrogation of the Jesuit exclusion law, together with the motions of the Conservatives and Radical Union party bearing on the same subject.

AN ALUMINUM FAILURE.

Dedham, Mass., April 3.—The Bay State Aluminum company, of Quincy, filed a voluntary petition of insolvency. The corporation had a capital stock of $100,000 and did a general manufacturing business of aluminum. No schedule of assets or liabilities was filed.

NOT GUILTY OF MURDER.

Denver, April 3.—Cyrus Eding, alias Los Angeles McDonald, was found not guilty of murder of Detective J. Moore by a jury today and was discharged.

ALBERT FINK DEAD.

New York, April 3.—Albert Fink, former commissioner of the Trunk Line association, died today at a private sanitarium near this city.

CECIL RHODES' DEPARTURE.

London, April 3.—Cecil Rhodes has started on his return to South Africa.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, April 3.—Today's condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balances, $224,142,013; gold reserve, $151,705,216.

DRUM BEAT OF ENGLAND.

The grandest proposal that was ever yet heard for the celebration of the queen's jubilee is the suggestion of a citizen of Montreal, whose name will be connected with it if it be adopted, says the Quebec Witness. It is practically the putting of Daniel Webster's sublime "Drum Beat of England" into actuality by having all the queen's subjects, whosoever they are, at high noon on that day take off their hats and sing "God Save the Queen," and having all organs and bands of music play it. Thus, from Victoria, in Australia, round the world to Victoria in British Columbia, there would flow for twenty-four hours a ceaseless song of praise, one meridian taking it up as another dropped it.

NOT SO BAD AFTER ALL.

Chicago Post: "It seems to me," said the rich father-in-law, "that I have heard a good many complaints in regard to my daughter since her marriage."

"Well, sir, they have been justified," answered the poor son-in-law. "You've no idea what a selfish creature she can be and how she treats me. I tell you, sir, her temper is something awful. If I had known when we were married—"

"Yes, yes, I know all about it," interrupted the rich father-in-law. "I guess she has a bad temper. I never noticed it myself, but you have spoken of it often enough to convince me, and, to tell the truth, I am getting just a little tired of it all. I think I will have to do something to sort of discipline her."

"It might be a good idea to do something to bring her to her senses. What do you propose trying?"

"I shall cut off the allowance I have been making her to help out on household expenses and buy gowns and things you have both seemed to think she needs."

"Um—ah—well, say, perhaps I was a little hasty," stammered the son-in-law. "There's no use going to extremes, you know, and I—er—think I'd rather try to worry along as we are for a while. She's not so bad, you know, and—and—let's just drop the subject."

WEST END

Health Inspector Debow Expects His Successor to Be Named Monday.

He Looks For the Appointment of Freeman Keene of Oneota.

A Twilight Party Given By Three Young People---Other News.

Health Inspector Robert D. Debow expects the board of health to name his successor at the meeting to be held next Monday. While he would like to have his lease of office extended for another year he does not expect it and predicts that Freeman Keene, of Oneota, will be chosen to fill his place. If he cannot have the position for himself Mr. Debow will be pleased to see the place given to Mr. Keene. There has been no fault found with the manner in which Mr. Debow has performed his duties during his two years' incumbency, but local political complications alone are given as the reasons for the change that seems likely to be made.

TWILIGHT PARTY.

Miss Grace, and Masters Adelbert and Leland Hendricks entertained forty of their friends at a twilight party last evening at their home on Fifty-seventh avenue west. One of the pleasant features of the evening was the following program:

Piano solo .....Adelbert Hendricks
Recitation ..... Irene Gray
Piano solo .....Louana Phelps
Recitation .....Grace Hendricks
Piano duet .....Mamie and Elsie Krey
Recitation .....Bernice Phelps
Character song .....David Wanless
Piano solo .....Gertrude Smith
Duet .....Jean and David Wanless

Several of the little folks were heartily encored. Refreshments were served and each child carried home some choice candy and a large carnation.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The night force at the Hugo iron works has been laid off and next week the day force will begin a twelve hours' shift. The work on the force main pipes is well advanced.

A number of aldermen and the members of the board of public works paid a visit to the Prescott iron works yesterday afternoon, and inspected the waterworks machinery in course of construction there. The party was well pleased with the progress that has been made on the work.

At the conclusion of the regular lodge work of the Central court of the Order of Foresters last night, a party of about forty ladies put in an appearance. They were provided with ample refreshments and after they had been spread and disposed of dancing was indulged in for a few hours.

The April Fool social given in the parlors of the Asbury M. E. church last night afforded a most novel entertainment for those who attended. It proved successful, both socially and financially.

Members of the Christian church are anxiously looking forward to the evangelistic meetings by the late Evangelist Erwin, with Mrs. Erwin, singer, to begin at the First Christian church, Duluth, tomorrow.

For rent to preferred tenants—New houses, convenient to sawmills and factories, near to car line and Irving school, West Duluth. Dr. I. T. Burnside.

BEASON'S POKER GAME.

The poker game was at its height, says the New York Journal. Beason had lost all his money, but he was burning with the gambling fever, and would not leave the table. He pledged his watch, a gift of his deceased father, for chips, and quickly lost them all. Then he laid on the table a ring which had been given him by a loving sister. The chips he received in exchange lasted just three minutes. For a moment he hesitated, his face flushed, and he started to leave; but, when he heard a sneering remark about his poker abilities, he uttered an oath, sat down again, and converted into chips a diamond pin, which was a birthday present from the girl he loved. In ten minutes he was "broke" again.

The fever was now burning fiercely in his veins, and he cried recklessly: "I'll put up everything I possess—the shirt on my back if it come to that."

Wild with excitement he sprang to his feet and shouted: "I will do you fellows yet. I will keep up the game even if I have to risk—"

He stopped. His face became livid. He looked around like a caged beast. Then, making a rush for the door, he moaned: "Not that! Oh, heavens, I cannot risk that! No! No! No!"

As he disappeared one of the players remarked: "Poor devil! I guess he was going to put up some keepsake from his mother."

But such was not the case. For one awful moment Beason had been tempted to risk his bicycle.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

Whatcom Blade: "A. Swindle" is the name that appears over the office door of a struggling lawyer in the city of Stratford, Ont. A friend of the unfortunate gentleman suggested the advisability of his writing out his first name in full, thinking that Arthur or Andrew Swindle, as the case might be, would sound better and look better than the significant "A. Swindle." When the lawyer, with tears in his eyes, whispered to him that his name was Adam, the friend understood and was silent.

NORWAY'S FIRST IRONCLAD.

An ironclad for the Norwegian government was launched lately from the shipbuilding yard of Sir William Armstrong & Co., England. This is the first seagoing ironclad owned by the Norsemen, who in the old days swept the seas with their viking ships. This modern vessel was christened the "Harold Haarfager," after the first king of Norway, by Mme. Stang, who is herself a descendant in the thirty-third generation from the king. The ironclad is heavily armed and has a conning tower and two torpedo tubes, and the armor belt is from four to seven inches thick. The builders have an order for a second ironclad for the Norwegians.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Evening Herald. It costs but 1 cent a word.

Fred J. Mueller,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUCCESSOR TO A. F. MUELLER.

Announces a--

$25 Spring Suit Sale!

Commencing Monday and continuing all week,

SALE IS FOR CASH ONLY.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING,

18 East Superior Street.

HE FINDS WATER.

A Remarkable Englishman and His Strange Work.

There are plenty of people who claim to know nature's secrets, and will talk to you by the hour about the wonderful things that you don't know and they do, says an English correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer. There is a man in England—a West countryman—who shows you how he knows the secrets nature has hidden beneath the earth's surface. This young man's name is Leicester Gataker. People know him as the "water finder."

The first thing that an experience with Mr. Gataker demonstrates is that he is no charlatan. Were he that he would claim that he could locate gold and silver and other things that the earth contains which are valuable to man. He lays claim to nothing of the sort, however. He says that he can find water, and he always proves his assertion. I had the pleasure not long ago of witnessing a sample of what Mr. Gataker can accomplish.

His first action when beginning his search is to cut a small forked branch. The fork once in his hands, the finder stands absolutely still for a moment, and then sets out at an exceedingly rapid pace in whatever direction the mysterious "something" may impel him to take.

Soon he stops, and the forks whirl around in his fingers after the fashion in which the Irishman whirls his blackthorn. On this occasion he looked at me as the fork turned and said:

"You see, I have been following up a stream which is beneath us. Now I have found the spring."

Pointing downward, he continued: "It is exactly beneath us, from 70 to 100 feet below the surface. If our friend will dig down he will find that the spring will rise about 120 gallons an hour. The stream which I followed to this point is not the only one which this spring supplies. See? There is another which goes off this way."

Saying this, Mr. Gataker left me at so rapid a gait that I was unable to keep up with him without running. One of the workmen who accompanied us was to run after him and carry some wooden pegs, which were driven into the ground at points indicated by the finder as being suitable places to dig for water. On the occasion of which I have spoken he located five such spots on the farm at various points, and often at most unexpected places. At the particular point at which my host and the finder's employer most wished to find water Mr. Gataker said that excavation would result in water being found, but that it would prove to be only surface water, and that the supply, therefore, would be so limited as to practically make the search for it unprofitable.

It was interesting to observe that when the twig which Mr. Gataker was using broke off short, apparently worn out by the violent usage to which it had been subjected, he entirely dispensed with the use of any twig at all. He assured us that, as before stated, the twig was wholly unnecessary, inasmuch as he did not rely upon it in the least, but upon the sensations in his arm and fingers.

There can be no question whatever about Mr. Gataker's ability to locate water underneath the earth's surface. In fact, so firm a hold has he obtained upon the confidence of the people of the West country who best know him that his time is taken up ahead, just as a theatrical company's engagements are booked.

Mr. Gataker first discovered the power which is his a little over three years ago, but has been following up the use of the strange gift only since early in 1895. He has received applications for his services from North and East Africa, Western Australia, Jamaica and the United States. He declines, however, to leave England, in spite of the very advantageous financial offers he has had, because he says he is making all the money he wishes to, and thinks there is no place like home. He has during his period of labor as a water finder located sources of flow which have supplied many villages.

A curious fact in connection with this matter is that while would-be water finders for many years have used the twig and declared that it is the twig that acts and not the person, provided it be of hazel wood, Mr. Gataker demonstrates every day that really the twig has nothing to do with it.

What is it that gives him the power? Is it psychic influence? Is it his "other self"? Is he the reincarnation of some famous magician? Or has Providence simply given him a power rarely bestowed upon man? These are the questions that people in England are asking today. The theorists reply, for they always do to everything.

NO MORE NOCTURNAL TRYSTS.

A Sixth avenue plumber has come to the assistance of his fellow citizens with an invention which is likely to be more appreciated several months from now. If, indeed, there is at any time sufficient demand for the sort of protection it offers to make the scheme profitable, says the New York Sun. A card in his shop window describes his idea in these words: "Something to prevent our cats from being too familiar," and it requires no particular discernment to discover that the back fence is the field to which this invention can be most effectively applied. It consists simply of two pieces of thick tin arranged in the shape of a letter V, with the point uppermost. To this is added another sheet of tin about three inches high, and there is every appearance of the machine's ability to do its work well, although there are few neighborhoods in New York which suffer seriously enough from nuisances of this character to make any such elaborate preparation necessary.

CARRIER PIGEONS.

Following in the footsteps of all the other European governments England has arranged for the use of carrier pigeons in the army, says the New York World. In time of war it is urged that these swift carriers of the air can be used when railway, telegraph, messengers and other usual means are cut off, and pigeon lofts will be established at suitable places where they will prove most effective. In the beginning England will have but few birds, but more will be added as time and money will permit.

Germany has the most complete carrier pigeon service of any country in the world. There is hardly a town of any importance in the German empire that hasn't a pigeon loft, and the German emperor annually distributes numerous prizes for long and rapid flights. The annual appropriation for the pigeons in the army budget is about $2000. France has more birds than Germany and spends $20,000 a year in maintaining them, but they are not so well distributed. There are scores of private lofts in Germany that will be at the service of the government in time of need. France learned the value of pigeons during the siege of Paris, when they were used to convey messages to the seat of government at Tours. Nearly fifty messages were successfully dispatched during the siege and since then the value of the pigeons has not been questioned.

It seems that carrier pigeons are not able to make the speed that is popularly supposed. German experts say that the average pigeon can fly thirty-five miles an hour and not more.

PREPARING FOR CIVILIZATION.

Puck: Warwick—Have you read about that Hindoo juggler that balances himself at the upper end of a perpendicular pole thirty feet high, and travels at a pretty fair speed in leaping over the ground, using the pole as one might a single leg?

Wickwire—I hadn't read of it, but I don't doubt it at all. These bicycle scorchers will drive a man to almost anything.

SELL REAL ESTATE

By means of an Evening Herald "want ad."

Notice of Application

FOR

Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Olof Sandstedt at No. 506 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 30th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

Notice of Application

FOR

Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 11, 1897, and terminating on April 11, 1898, by Olen & Henrikson at No. 416 Fifty-fifth avenue west.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 30th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

Notice of Application

FOR

Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 6, 1897, and terminating on April 6, 1898, by Thomas Hayden, at No. 602 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 31st day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April 1 to 15 inc.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Printer's Ink

Costs money—The consumer pays for it

To Give Our..... Customers the Benefit

Instead of the newspapers we shall place on sale Monday

50

Pieces of High-Grade Suitings and Overcoats at

$19.50 each!

Trimmings and Workmanship Equal to Any $35 or $40 Suit or Overcoat Ever Made in This City. Our guarantee is behind every Garment We Make.

THE DULUTH ART TAILORING CO.

306 West First Street.

French & Bassett Block. Opposite Board of Trade.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Dr. L. A. Faulkner, the specialist in all chronic, nervous and skin diseases, has removed his office to room 7, Dodge block, 18 Third avenue west.

The Lake Superior Car Service association handled 16,595 cars during the month of March, an increase of 2765 over the preceding month. The increase in coal cars was 822 and of wheat and coarse grains 1863 cars.

Mary McLeod, the young girl who was arrested on a charge of vagrancy, pleaded guilty before Judge Boyle yesterday afternoon. Sentence was suspended on condition that she leave town.

The new health board will meet on Monday and organize.

Neis Anderson appeared in the municipal court this morning on a complaint signed by Annie Swanson which set forth matters tending to show the urgent necessity of a marriage ceremony. The examination was set for Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, bail being fixed at $200, in default of which the accused was committed.

Martin Hall pleaded guilty to a charge of drunkenness before Judge Edson this morning. It was the third offense, and Martin went up for sixty days.

Henry Haskins, agent of the Humane society, leaves Monday for a tour of the range towns to make arrangements for a series of Humane society meetings to be held there the following week.

The St. Paul & Duluth railroad depot at Carlton was burned last night, together with several cars that were lying on the side track. No particulars of the fire were obtainable at the offices of the company in this city today.

Call at Humes', over Suffel's, for your spring millinery.

The treasurer of the St. Luke's Mastodon minstrels has turned over to the board $650.84 in cash, with $73.50 yet to be paid. This money is to be put in a building fund. The cordial thanks of the management is extended to all who, by work or influence, contributed to this most gratifying result.

Maj. Gifford, of Minneapolis, of the Salvation Army, will be in Duluth Sunday, April 11. Monday evening, April 12, he will perform a marriage ceremony at the Bethel.

Petitions asking the legislature to pass the uniform charter bill are being circulated.

Duluth lodge, No. 37, I. O. G. T., will meet hereafter on Monday evening in the King block hall.

At the conclusion of the regular session of Court Central Duluth, No. 1727, last night, the attendant members were surprised by about forty ladies, who entered, preceded by a piper playing "The Campbells are Coming." The remainder of the evening was spent in dancing.

Rev. F. E. Higgins, who has accepted a call as pastor of the Presbyterian church, at New Duluth, will preach there tomorrow morning on "Influence," and in the evening on "Excuses."

The employes of Contractor Meniece, who allege that they are entitled to more time for work on the bridge approach than was allowed, appeared before the council committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks and presented their claims this afternoon.

George and William Blanchard were arrested this morning for scuffling on the street. They were dismissed with a reprimand by Judge Edson this afternoon.

The funeral of Charles E. Wilson, father of C. W. Wilson, of the board of public works, will occur tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Services will be held in the Swedish church, at Second street and Twentieth avenue west.

H. C. Resteen and James McKeen appeared before Judge Edson on the charge of vagrancy this afternoon. Resteen was allowed to go on condition that he get a job by Tuesday or leave town. McKeen was allowed to go on condition that he leave town at once.

Millinery Opening.

Mrs. M. J. Forgy respectfully invites the ladies of Duluth and Superior to her spring opening of domestic and French patterns, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, April 8, 9 and 10.

PERSONALS.

G. Fred Stevens left for the East last night to be gone several weeks.

H. E. Christensen has severed his connection with the Duluth Ice Cream company.

D. W. Wittenberg, of the Tower Logging company, arrived in Duluth today from Sagola, Mich. He is at the St. Louis.

W. H. Benn, traveling freight agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad, is in the city.

W. W. Wright, a Swan River merchant, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

J. P. Sims, of the Itasca Lumber company, came down from Grand Rapids this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

John A. Kennedy, of Little Falls, is at the St. Louis.

E. D. Marshall, of Philadelphia, is a guest at the St. Louis.

G. W. Armour, of Toronto, who is interested in the Foley mining properties on the Seine river, arrived in the city today. He is a guest at the St. Louis.

N. F. Leopold and E. J. Kelly, of the Lake Superior and Lake Michigan Transportation company, arrived in the city from Chicago this morning and registered at the Spalding.

M. J. Boyle, of Chicago, is a guest at the Spalding.

George B. Orr, of Kansas City, Mo., is at the Spalding.

Edwin Ellis, of Ashland, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

E. W. Durant, Jr., the well-known Stillwater lumberman, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

More Tug Libels.

The Inter-Ocean Coal company, of Cleveland, filed intervening libels today in the libels of John Lowney against the B. B. Inman and G. Herman and others against the Belle P. Cross. Both libels are for coal, the first for $46.30, and the second for $1164.83. In the libel against the Cross the libellant claims also a lien on her engines and boilers, which have been placed in the G. A. Tomlinson.

The Clerk's Report.

The March statement of Clerk Fairfax, of the municipal court, shows the total receipts of his office for the month to have been $930.80. Of this amount, $658 was for fines and costs in criminal cases. There were nineteen criminal cases and 117 new civil cases, of which twenty-six were unlawful detainer.

Bock beer on draught at Ideal Beer hall today.

IS PERFECTLY GOOD.

Ice Within the Mile Limit Is Found Pure.

The stock of ice for domestic purposes the coming season has all been taken within the 5000-foot limit prescribed by ordinance. Permission to the companies to take ice for domestic uses within the designated limit was found absolutely necessary. The only alternative was an ice famine. The farthest out the ice men have succeeded in getting this winter is 3500 feet, off Twenty-first avenue east. The analysis, which was made at the expense of the companies, show the ice to be of excellent quality, however, and say the health officials, no danger is to be feared from its use.

DRAFTED A SUBSTITUTE.

City Attorney Has Prepared a Waterworks Bill.

At the request of Mayor Truelsen, City Attorney Richards has drafted a bill which is designed as a substitute for the bill introduced by Senator Spencer March 29, providing for the purchase and extension of water or light plants, or both combined, by common councils of cities of 50,000 and over. The bill drawn by Mr. Richards provides, in clear terms, that the question of purchase shall be submitted to the people. In case of purchase, bonds representing any existing indebtedness are to be left outstanding until they can be redeemed or paid. Bonds of the issue authorized for the purchase equivalent to the amount of outstanding and unsurrendered bonds shall, it is provided, be witheld until the redemption or payment of the latter.

The mayor today expressed his entire satisfaction with the bill prepared by the city attorney. He characterized the bill introduced as a "woodchuck measure."

Dr. Hillis, Lecturer.

Next Wednesday Dr. Newell Dwight Hill will lecture at the First Methodist church on "John Ruskin's Message to the Nineteenth Century." The Lafayette Courier said of him:

"Dr. Hillis is a striking orator. There has never been a more entertaining, more instructive speaker at Purdue university than Dr. Hillis. He held his vast audience interested and charmed from first to last. In all that great crowd there was not one person who left the presence of the speaker while he stood before them. Rarely has as bright a speaker been heard in Lafayette. It may truthfully be said that there was not a dull sentence in his address."

Band Concert Tomorrow.

Tomorrow afternoon a concert by the Duluth City band will be given at the Pavilion. The following program will be given:

March—"Enquirer Club" ..... Brand
Overture—"The Hamtown Minstrels" ..... Laurendo
"Sword Dance" ..... Voelker
Waltz—"La Perle de Madrid" ..... Arranged by E. Meier
Selection—"Just One Night" ..... Beyer
Two step—"Newport" ..... de Coster
Overture—"Rienzi" ..... Wagner
Piccolo solo—"Polka Brillante" ..... Cox
A. Hoelscher.
Selection—"Maritana" ..... Wallace
Hornpipe—March "Uncle Dooley's Delight" ..... Hall

Mr. Eyferth's Comedy.

Bruno Eyferth's comedy, "Aunt Augusta," was presented last evening at Turner hall, before a good sized audience. The play is bright and pleasing, and the characters are naturally drawn. The parts were taken by Mr. Eyferth, John Doran, Charles Applehagen, Miss Aimee Hunter, Miss Eyferth and Miss Wisted, and were all well done. There were a number of pleasing songs.

Millinery Opening

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 8, 9 and 10. Mrs. M. J. Forgy.

Read "Coon's" live ad on page 1.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR



WILL MAKE MORE THAN 300 LOAVES OF THE BEST BREAD YOU EVER ATE.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

MORTGAGE

Duluth & Iron Range Road Files One Covering Its Land Grant.

Is For Half a Million Dollars and Runs to Walter F. Cobb.

A. L. Ordean Is Appointed Receiver For Alfred Merritt's Estate.

The Duluth & Iron Range railroad has issued first mortgage bonds for $500,000 or all its swamp land grants, conveying the land in trust to Walter F. Cobb, of Chicago, as security. The lands thus transferred are those which the legislature is seeking to recover from the road, the house yesterday having passed a resolution declaring the land grants to the Iron Range forfeited.

The mortgage, which was filed with the register of deeds this morning and with the secretary of state yesterday, sets forth that by an act of the legislature approved in 1875 there was granted to the road for the purpose of aiding it to construct its line an amount of swamp land equal to ten sections for each mile of road constructed. The land was to be selected within ten miles on each side of the right-of-way, with the privilege, in case there should not be a sufficient amount of swamp land unsold or unappropriated within the 10-mile limit, of locating the deficiency on any other swamp lands not previously disposed of in St. Louis, Lake or Cook counties.

The instrument further states that the road has decided to issue $500,000 in first mortgage registered land grant bonds in amounts of $5000 each, for the purpose of paying off or funding outstanding indebtedness, making improvements, or other corporate purposes. The bonds are secured by all the swamp land owned by the road March 1 not used by the road itself, whether selected or unselected. The bonds are to be paid out of the proceeds of the sale of the lands, which are also to be applied to defense of title, etc. The bonds are to run for twenty years and to bear interest at 5 per cent, and the road reserves the right to cancel any part or all of the bonds at any time by paying them up.

RECEIVER NAMED.

A. L. Ordean to Take Charge of Alfred Merritt's Affairs.

A. L. Ordean, president of the First National bank, was this morning appointed receiver for the affairs of Alfred Merritt under bonds of $15,000. Judge Ensign made the order on the petition of the Second National bank of Louisville, Ky., a judgment creditor of Merritt's. The bank's petition alleged that Merritt is wholly insolvent, and that he recently paid a judgment in favor of Thomas F. Trevillion, thereby constituting him a preferred creditor. On proof of these claims Judge Ensign made the above order.

None of the Merritts were present, all of them who are interested being in Room 3, where Judge Cant was hearing the third weekly section of the case of Merritt against Harris, involving the ownership of 946 shares of the stock of the Security Land and Exploration company. The attorneys came loaded with authorities, and though Judge Cant asked them to present their arguments in a less unabridged form it was thought that the case would last all day. In case the Merritts win the case it is probable that Alfred Merritt's receiver will take the stock or at least Alfred Merritt's interest in it.

If intending to move this pring

Please call and get list of HOUSES FOR RENT by—W. M. PRINDLE & CO., First Floor Lonsdale building.

JOHN FISKE'S LECTURES.

Themes Will Be Interesting to Students of History.

The well-known professor, historical writer and philosopher, John Fiske, is about to give two or three addresses to the people of Duluth on April 7 and 8 at the High School. It has been a subject of debate among a certain few whether Duluth would give him a suitable audience or leave him to speak to comparatively empty benches. After due exertion on the part of several ladies interested in the lectures, there does not appear to be any doubt but that this city with its various literary and scientific clubs will give the learned lecturer a cordial welcome.

So clear and accurate a writer, so thorough a historian and so instructive a lecturer ought to have a full house. The periods of which the lecturer treats in the course marked out for Duluth are interesting to every student of American history, and younger students cannot but listen with profit to this learned man's exposition of the period.

The last lecture in the course "Old and New Ways of Treating History," will be a treat both to teachers and pupils in our schools and will be the sum of the experience of a thorough historian of our country. Duluth should give Mr. Fiske an audience worthy of the man and his themes.

THE ASSOCIATED CHARITIES.

The regular quarterly meeting of the board of directors of the Associated Charities will be held next Monday evening at Room 400, Woodbridge building at 7:30 p. m. This will be a very important meeting and it is hoped that every director will be present. Those who were formerly directors are still such, except as the societies which they represented may have chosen others in their place.

Spring millinery at Humes', over Suffel's.

DULUTH LUMBER STOCKS.

Little Left on the Docks That Is Not Sold.

An inventory of the lumber on Duluth docks made today shows a total of all kinds of about 130,000,000 feet. Of this only about 30,000,000 feet, much of it odds and ends remain unsold. In the neighborhood of 90,000,000 feet have been sold since the close of navigation last fall, and about 10,000,000 of stock sold before the close was not shipped and still remains on the docks.

Sawmill men look for an early opening of navigation and most of them count on getting their mills started within two weeks. The ice about the docks in the harbor is rotten and full of holes and a few more days of warm weather, followed by a brisk wind would clear it out thoroughly. The ice on the Amnicon and Nemadji rivers is breaking up and those streams will be running full in a few days if present weather continues. Lumbermen are already making preparations for driving logs and the work will be well under way in a short time.

THE IRON ORE POOL.

Means Fair Price For Pioneer and Chandler Ore.

The final details for the formation of the iron ore pool by the principal producers of the Vermilion, Menominee, Marquette and Gogebic ranges were completed yesterday at Cleveland, the price of ore agreed upon being on a basis of $2.65 a ton for the product of the Norrie mine. The apportionment of output has not yet been made public, and it is possible that under the present condition of the market, with an almost unlimited demand, that no restrictions will be made. The organization of the pool with binding agreement as to price leaves the way clear for the making of contracts and the low rate fixed will, it is believed, have a tendency to reduce the Mesaba ores.

On a basis of $2.65 for Norrie the price of ore from the Chandler and Pioneer mines at Ely will be in the neighborhood of $3 and in some cases may go as high as $3.15. All of the Vermilion ores will command a better price than Norrie.

B. E. Baker Wins.

Judge Ensign yesterday afternoon decided in favor of the defendant the case of W. P. Lardner, as assignee, against B. E. Baker and Peter McTagree. The suit was to set aside a transfer of the lease of the property on which the Union rink stands from Preston to the defendants, and it involved the title to the rink, which is, by Judge Ensign's decision, granted to Baker. In rendering his decision, Judge Ensign characterized the entire arrangements as being very loose and unbusinesslike.

High School Athletics.

The Duluth High School athletic team will have an indoor field day next Saturday at the Y. M. C. A., and a fine series of contests will be arranged. The annual field day contest with the Minneapolis High School team will take place June 5, at Minneapolis. The High School team will also go to Ashland in May.

The work of making up the team is already under way. A gymnasium is to be fixed up in the high school.

Election of Teachers.

There will be a regular meeting of the school board this evening, and it is possible that the committee on schools and teachers will make its report and the teachers for the ensuing year be elected. In case the report is not completed it will go over till the next meeting. The board may also reach the election of a superintendent, in which case it is considered likely that R. E. Denfeld will be elected.

Superior the Winner.

A debate took place in Superior last night between the Superior normal school and the Black River Falls normal school, which resulted in favor of the Superior representatives. The subject was, "Is a Law Embodying the Suggestion of the Baltimore Plan Preferable to the Present Banking System?" There were about 400 in attendance including a party from the Duluth high school.

Admitted to Bail.

Judge Cant yesterday afternoon fixed the bail of Thomas and Mrs. Spellman, charged with attempting to burn the Spellman building at 1806 West Superior street, at $2500 each, and the bail of Mary Angleman, Mrs. Spellman's niece who is held on the same charge at $1000. Mrs. Spellman was released at a late hour last night on a bond in which Alexander Sang and John T. Larson were sureties. Sureties were also offered by the others last evening, but were rejected by the court.

Fighting Newsboys.

John Di Marco and John Ross, two newsboys were committed to jail for two days by Judge Boyle yesterday afternoon for fighting on the street. Judge Boyle said that a few lessons of this kind are needed by the boys of the street as they are becoming too much like genuine "street Arabs," and are a source of annoyance to pedestrians and the police.

Cataphoresis!

The latest method prepares the way for excavating and filling teeth without pain. DR. SCHIFFMAN, Burrows block.

Spring Millinery.

Madame Warde announces that her spring millinery is now ready.

Try our 10c messenger and 10c package delivery.
DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st.
Trunks, 25 cents.

Read "Coon's" live ad on page 1.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

Magazines for April.

Fashion Books for Spring and Summer.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore. 323 West Superior Street, Duluth.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

WERE WELL SATISFIED.

City Officials Pleased With the Prescott Plant.

The members of the council and the board of public works, who visited the Prescott plant yesterday afternoon, express themselves as much pleased, both with the plant and the progress of the work on the pumping engines. The leg frames of the latter are up and two of the three cylinders and much of the valve gear are in place. The work already done amounts to $51,000. The balance of the estimated cost is about $40,000.

One of the drills in use at the plant is historic, being one that was used by John Erickson in the construction of his monitor. The drill was purchased of the government by Mr. Prescott. It does not differ greatly in appearance from the more modern drills and is said to be equally efficient.

The War Is on.

The annual war between the special railroad police and the box car lodgers has begun again. One Vergesek Stanislaw, who is said to belong to one of the first flocks of these harbingers of summer appeared in the municipal court this morning, charged with trespass, Officer Smith, of the Northern Pacific, being the complainant. He pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for this afternoon.

Asks a Continuance.

Those creditors who met in the office of Assignee Markell Wednesday evening signed a petition which was presented to Judge Moer this morning asking him to continue the estate one year from May 1, when the extension last granted expires. Judge Moer stated that he preferred to give the creditors a chance to appear in court if they wanted to, so he instructed Mr. Markell's attorney to draw up an order for the creditors to show cause why the extension should not be granted.

Millinery Opening

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 8, 9 and 10. Mrs. M. J. Forgy.

Horses at Auction



A consignment of 20 head will be sold on Wednesday, April 7 at 2 p. m.

At Barn on First Alley above Superior St, Next to Incline.

Good delivery horses from 4 to 6 years old weighing from 1000 to 1250. Easy terms.

W. D. GORDON, AUCTIONEER.

APRIL 5!

Is the date of our next excursion to

SIBLEY, Georgia.

And other points on the Georgia Southern & Florida Railway.

ON THE ABOVE DATE VERY LOW RATES WILL BE MADE FOR ROUND TRIP TICKETS.

For full information regarding Georgia lands, rates, maps, etc., call on or address

LOUD & WOODWARD, Immigration Agents, G. S. & F. Ry., 802 Power Ave., West Superior, Wis.

OR—

B. W. SUMMERS, Ticket Agent, C. M. St. P. & O. Ry., 405 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Took a Nap.

A man—one of many—applied at the office of the board of public works this morning for a job on the waterworks. While waiting for a reply to his request, he sank down on the floor in a corner and went contentedly to sleep. It might be imagined that he was overcome by the fatigue of a long wait. This was not the case, however. It was very evident that his last work had not been done around any waterworks. He was finally laid away on a board at police headquarters to sleep it off.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

Desirable store or office for rent on favorable terms. Pioneer Fuel Co., 329 W. Superior Street.

PALMS!

A NEW LOT, GOOD ONES,

From One Dollar Up.

These are the Greatest Bargains ever offered.

Ferns and other Pretty Plants of all kinds. Every purchaser of one dollar's worth of Plants at the Greenhouse may select to the value of $1.25. This offer is good for March only. Visitors welcome.

LINDSAY'S GREENHOUSES, 52nd Ave. East. Lakeside Car Line.

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON.

Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts. Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1861. 407 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn. (Inventors guide book free.)

REOPENED!

THE ST. JAMES HOTEL.

Everything new and cheerful. Cuisine unexceptional. Excellent service.

$1.50 PER DAY.

Special Rates to Permanent Guests.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

DULUTH CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

F. S. KELLY, Prop.

Office 524 W. Superior St. 'Phone 591.

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for FITGER'S BEER.

FREE LAND!

I will give 40 acres of land to all persons purchasing 40 acres of land from me at $5.00 per acre and give you five years time to pay for it. Buy now, while this offer is good. It is better than money in bonds at 10 per cent, and no danger of busting.

JOHN G. HOWARD, 10 East Michigan St., Duluth, Minn.

CARLTON SMALL FRUIT AND PLANT NURSERY.

Catalogue mailed free to any address. I will set out any variety of Strawberries myself, near the city of Duluth, (guarantee all to live) for $1.50 per 100, if ordered before April 15th.

E. G. BOVEE, Carlton, Minn.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

PART TWO--

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1897.

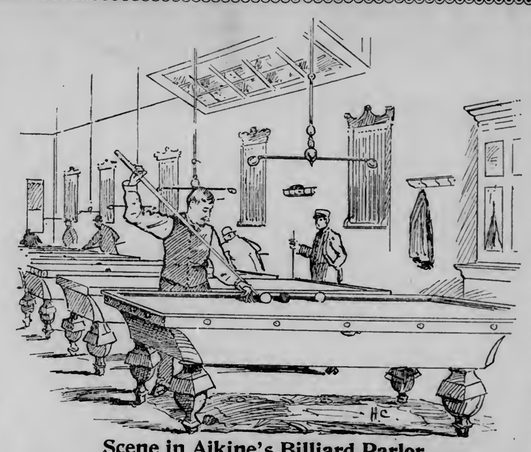
MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The Fascinating and Scientific Game of BILLIARDS,

The Refreshing and Enjoyable Game of POOL,

The Exhilarating Game of..... BOWLING.

The Opportunity Afforded
For their Fullest Enjoyment.

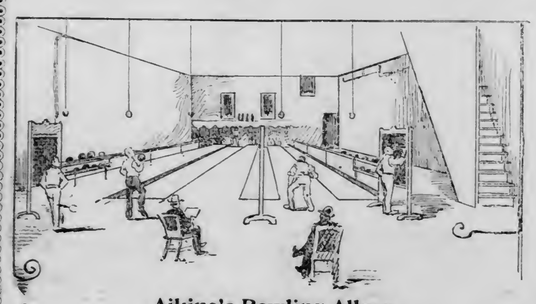


Scene in Aikine's Billiard Parlor.

AIKINE'S NEW BILLIARD PARLORS AND BOWLING ALLEYS!

Gentlemen visiting the city from other cities or towns will find Aikine's Billiard Rooms and Bowling Alleys a pleasant and entertaining resort, where they will be hospitably treated.

208 West Superior Street.



Aikine's Bowling Alleys.

Leading and Largest Billiard and Pool Room in the city.

Only Bowling Alleys Opened to the Public.

C. M. Aikine, Prop.

208 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Room Newly Furnished.
All Appointments First-Class.
Everything Bright and Cheerful.
Courteous and Obliging Service.

THE PUBLIC IS CORDIALLY INVITED TO CALL....

ONE TRIAL

Charlemagne Tower's Single Entry Into the Field of Practical Politics.

History of an Exciting Political Episode In St. Louis County.

His Defeat Caused a Split In the Party and Elected Whiteman.

Charlemagne Tower, who has been named by President McKinley as envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Austria-Hungary, has always been ambitious for a diplomatic career. Supplied from childhood with an abundance of wealth with which to gratify his tastes, he has had every possible opportunity to engage in the study of history, for which he had a natural bent. He has been a hard student along the special lines in which he was interested, and that his knowledge of the stories of peoples and of nations might be thorough he devoted much of his time to becoming familiar with their language, and now speaks the tongues of all European countries fluently. In making historical researches he has traveled extensively on the continent and has been a student in many of the great European universities. He has spent several years of his life in France and Spain, and before coming to Duluth, where he lived from 1883 to 1887, was secretary of the legation at Madrid for two years.

The principal points in his life of forty-five years, as chronicled by the newspaper biographers, are that he was educated at a military academy at New Haven, Conn., and afterwards at Phillips (Exeter), and took his degree at Harvard in 1872. After graduation he set out for Europe, and for the next four years lived in Germany, France, Spain, Denmark, Sweden, Russia, the Holy Land, Greece and Egypt. He then returned to his home in Philadelphia and took up the study of the law, being admitted to the bar in 1878. After his father became interested in the great iron deposits of the Vermilion range he studied mining, engineering and chemistry to fit himself for the responsible position of president of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company and managing director of the Minnesota Iron company.

By the death of his father Mr. Tower became the possessor of a fortune of $10,000,000, $3,000,000 of which was realized from investments in St. Louis county. Since his return to Philadelphia he has devoted much time to literary work, and has interested himself sufficiently in public affairs to attain to the position of trustee of the Pennsylvania university, an officer of the Historical society of Pennsylvania and a member of several American scientific societies and academies. He has not been what is called an active politician, but his contributions to Republican campaign funds have always been liberal and commensurate with his fortune, and it is for this rather than for personal party services that substantial recognition has been accorded him. But aside from this, it is conceded by all who have any knowledge of the man that he is well equipped by reason of his education, natural sound judgment and strong character to ably represent this nation in the most delicate diplomatic missions that it may become his duty to undertake. His record at the close of his term at the court of Austria-Hungary will be such as to justify the president in the estimate he has made of the man. While new to the diplomatic world, he will speedily demonstrate that he is as big as his position and worthy of being classed with the foremost statesmen of the day. He will succeed.

But it was of a chapter in the life of Mr. Tower, while he was a resident of Duluth, where he took his one and only plunge in the whirl of practical politics, that is the purpose of this article. As stated above, Mr. Tower was always ambitious for a public career, and while he was making his home here the temptation to enter politics was too great to be resisted. George C. Stone, who interested Mr. Tower, Sr., in the iron deposits of St. Louis county and to whose exertions the organization of the Minnesota Iron company and the construction of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad were largely due, was associated in the management of the great properties with the new minister to Austria-Hungary. He was a practical politician. He had lived in Duluth for many years and knew all about the differences that existed between the two factions of the Republican party, the one headed by Col. C. H. Graves, the other by H. C. Kendall. He knew that if the leaders of these factions could be induced to unite on Mr. Tower, who had taken no part in local matters, that he could be nominated and elected to the state senate without difficulty. Of course it was understood that a seat in the senate chamber at St. Paul would not satisfy Mr. Tower's ambition, but it was a stepping stone that might lead to congress, and beyond that the possibilities were unlimited. Mr. Stone, then a resident of St. Paul, undertook the task of making Mr. Tower state senator. He laid his plans well, and before a word had been said publicly about his candidacy he had secured promises of support from prominent men in both wings of the party. For once it looked as though there might be a harmonious Republican convention in St. Louis county, and the politicians of the state were beginning to wonder just how it had all come about, when harmony was suddenly changed to discord, and only a few ever knew what the trouble was all about.

It seems that shortly after Mr. Stone had laid all of his wires so carefully and Mr. Tower's nomination seemed a foregone conclusion, some differences arose between Mr. Tower and his political manager, probably over business matters, which changed the entire situation. Mr. Stone tried to disband the organization he had perfected for Mr. Tower and succeeded in dividing the party along the old lines. He induced R. S. Munger to become a candidate for the senate, and Mr. Munger soon rallied to his support many of the old residents of Duluth, including Col. Graves and D. G. Cash. H. C. Kendall, John B. Sutphin, Monroe Nichols and others stood loyally by Mr. Tower, to whom they had originally been pledged by Mr. Stone.

Then came the fight at the primaries. Mr. Munger had a majority of the delegates from the city, while most of the outside precincts came in to vote for Mr. Tower. The convention was about evenly divided. R. C. Mitchell was chairman of the county committee and called it to order. A viva voce vote for temporary chairman was taken, the Tower delegates voting for J. B. Sutphin and Munger delegates for D. G. Cash. Mr. Mitchell hesitated about declaring the result, when Mr. Cash taking the bull by the horns stepped forward and took charge of the convention. Then pandemonium reigned and a battle seemed imminent, but trouble was avoided by the Tower delegates leaving the hall and organizing a convention of their own.

There were in the convention thirty-seven delegates. Of these the Tower men claimed nineteen and the Munger men eighteen, but Will Sargent, now sheriff of the county, contested the election of Tower delegates from what was then the town of Duluth and another Munger man contested the Tower delegate from Fond du Lac. Under the ruling common in former conventions a contested delegate could not vote on preliminary organization, so while with these two delegates Mr. Tower had a majority of one in the convention, with neither of them he was in the minority one. And so it was that Mr. Cash became chairman of the convention that elected delegates to the senatorial convention that afterward nominated Mr. Munger.

Mr. Tower's managers were simply outgeneraled, and under more skillful management would been nominated, but it is doubtful if he could have been elected, for the feeling between the rival factions became so intense that it is not likely the supporters of Mr. Munger would have been willing to vote for Mr. Tower even though he became the regular party nominee.

Then A. J. Whiteman saw his opportunity. He had been a candidate for the house two years before and had been defeated. Now he believed that with the assistance of the Tower faction he could beat Mr. Munger and he thought correctly. He was a Democrat and counted on the regular Democratic vote. In addition he figured that the miners employed by the Minnesota Iron company would resent the treatment accorded their employer and punish Mr. Munger and there were nearly 1000 of them. He was not mistaken, for when these votes were counted it was found that Mr. Munger had only seventeen of them, the remainder, all Republicans, voting for Whiteman. Then the district took in a half dozen counties besides St. Louis, Lake and Cook and Mr. Whiteman so managed things in the backwoods of Cass, Itasca, Beltrami and others that he received a big vote for which he paid liberally. And it was in this way that R. S. Munger was beaten and A. J. Whiteman, who has since given many columns of advertising to Duluth by reason of his numerous financial coups, was elected and served a term of four years in the senate.

Mayor Henry Truelsen was a direct beneficiary of Charlemagne Tower's political activity. Alexander Fraser was an aggressive Munger man and was nominated by that faction for sheriff. Truelsen was the regular Democratic nominee. Fraser was very popular in Duluth, but he was correspondingly unpopular with the 1000 employes of the Minnesota Iron company and when the returns came in from the range Mr. Truelsen's majority was large enough to overcome the majority Fraser had in the rest of the county and he was elected. At the next election Mr. Truelsen's popularity with the miners at Tower appeared to have been entirely destroyed for he secured but a few scattering votes from among them.

During all of this exciting campaign Mr Tower maintained a dignified self possession. He attended no meetings either before or after the nominating convention and at no time did he assume the role of a politician. While he was a candidate for the nomination he would occasionally call a meeting of his lieutenants and get a report of the progress that was being made, some times offering a suggestion, invariably a practical one, but never professing any knowledge of practical methods as applied to local politics and always acting upon the advice of those to whom he had intrusted his candidacy whenever it was not inconsistent with what he thought was honest and fair. After the convention he apparently took no part in the campaign and no one could accurately foretell how the Minnesota Iron company employes would vote. Mr. Tower never told his friends in Duluth what course he would pursue, but the result showed that he felt he had a grievance and that it was proper for him to punish those who were responsible for it. One thing is certain he would never have consented to become a candidate for state senator had he not been led to believe that he could be nominated without opposition, but when he discovered that he had a fight on his hands he was too game to give up the battle until after it had been honestly fought out.

WILD HORSES.

Wild horses are getting to be quite numerous on the flats in the Texas Panhandle country, in Beaver county, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. They are very troublesome, as they lead away the horses belonging to the cow men and granger, and when a domesticated horse once gets with a wild bunch it is an all day's job and sometimes it takes several days, to catch him. The laziest old crowbait alive, or the gentlest family horse, after associating for a few days with these mustangs, seems to forget his raising; all the old-time wildness of his forefathers seems to crop out in him, and, although formerly he may have allowed himself to be caught anywhere, he will not then permit a man to get within a half mile of him. About the only way to recover a horse of this kind is to run the entire bunch down and corral them, or to rope the ones wanted. Nearly all our stockmen have lost horses in this manner, and the mustang, instead of being looked upon with respect and with covetous eyes, as in the past, is now considered an intruder and a pest, and is shot down whenever opportunity offers. Since horses became so cheap there is no object in catching mustangs, and this once valuable representative of the best friend of man is now classed in the same category as the coyote and other "varmints."

WEATHER

Troubles of the Observer Bring to Mind Some Old Theories.

Value of the Moon as a Forecaster of the Weather.

One of Bob Smollett's Experiences Early in His Police Career.

The weather man has been busy lately getting up storms—on paper. Duluth weather in the spring usually not only fulfills all predictions as to the mean things it will do, but goes the prognosticator a point or two better and indulges in a few high kicks not down on the program. Of late, however, it has gone to the other extreme, and, much to to the chagrin of the weather man, it won't do a thing, thus making his prophecies a byword.

This fact set two or three old residents to talking one day this week, and they expatiated at length on the reliability of goose bones and other primitive weather indicators as compared with the new-fangled devices that Uncle Sam has rigged up. One of the company announced his faith in the moon. He said that anyone who would watch the changes of that luminary could give the weather bureau cards and spades and then beat out. His theory is that the nearer 12 o'clock noon the moon changes the warmer the weather will be, comparatively speaking, during the phase on which the moon enters. For instance, as he explained it, if the moon changes within a few hours of noon the weather will be warmer than when the change occurs during the night. The Indians, who have studied the book of nature, in which the sky, the forest and the lake are pages, have learned to interpret it pretty accurately, and their weather traditions contain much lore about the moon. The Indians are, by inheritance, weather wise, and the stamp of their approval lends no small credit to the theory.

Then there is the old, time-tried theory that the position of the new moon furnishes an indication as to the prospective rainfall. If the lower horn is tipped up so that you may hang your powder horn on it, says the old legend, the month will be dry. People don't wear powder horns in Duluth, so that a hat would have to be made to answer instead, or the experiment of hanging one's landlord up on it for rent might be tried. The rules for reading these signs are all subject to the general exceptions that it is always cold in the winter here in Duluth and that it rains, usually, every time it gets a chance. Aside from that, if the moon is "dry" and you have an umbrella with you, nothing need be feared.

There are a few indications that the white man has added to the stock accumulated by his Indian brother. When two or more moons are seen, for instance, it is an indication that it will be warmer when you get home.

The weather has really been acting beautifully and would be a credit to any month in the year. So long as it is fine the public is willing to let the weather man sit up in his den and amuse himself to his heart's content drawing up plans and specifications for storms, so long as they are not delivered.

* * *

A small boy out in the East End scored a point the other day, his fertility of resource not only enabling him to attain his object, but furnishing his maternal ancestor with food for reflection. This boy had heard the boys of his neighborhood talk a good deal about the late passage at arms between Mr. Corbett and Mr. Fitzsimmons. His curiosity was not only aroused on the subject, but his pride also, for he had been scoffed at by the other boys for his lack of information. In haste he posted to his mother, telling her that he wanted her to read to him all about the fight. She told him that it was not nice to be interested in prize fights, and, as a clincher, said that his papa did not approve of them. The young man was satisfied to forego the pleasure of hearing about the mill at Carson, but his soul yearned for a stirring story.

"All right, mamma," he said, "but will you get the Bible, then, and read about the fight that David had?"

The young man heard about a fight and was satisfied.

* * *

The stories about the funny experiences of some of the members of the police force that have leaked out recently have stimulated the memories of some of the older officers and a few of them got together the other day and told some stories of the old times.

"Have you ever heard how Smollett captured a lodge," inquired one of the veterans of some of the juniors who had gathered to hear the fun.

"Captured a lodge?" was the query.

"Yes, a lodge—a secret society lodge—the whole outfit, including the goat," was the reply.

"Captured a goat?—ha, ha, that's good—must have made him feel sheepish," said one of the new—very new members. When the dust had cleared away, the veteran resumed.

"You see, Smollett was new on the force then and he was anxious to distinguish himself. He had a beat out in the West End where they used to put the tenderfeet to kind of break 'em in easy like. It was discouragingly quiet out there for an ambitious man and Bob got pretty well discouraged. He used to kick at being 'put out to pasture with the cows,' as he used to say. Duluth wasn't as large then as it is now and that wasn't the center of the city then. His protests did no good, however, but eliciting a promise that he would be put where he would have a chance to get hurt some day. One night, he was going along musing on his hard fate, when he saw a light in the basement of the old Second Presbyterian church. It wasn't prayer meeting night and Bob's suspicions were aroused. Creeping cautiously up to the side of the building, he listened. He couldn't see in as the windows were glazed, so he put his ear down close to find out what he could that way. The voices of men were audible.

"'Ho, the outer guard,' says one.

"'Who knocks for admittance.'

"Then there was another voice, but Bob couldn't catch the words. Then the first voice said:

"'It is well, admit him.'

"'Great smoke,' says Bob to himself, 'if I ain't caught the original forty thieves I'm a cross-eyed cat.'

"Then he started to look for the sergeant, whom he expected along about that time. Pretty soon along he came. It was Bob Clemmons. Clemmons liked a joke better than anything else and his first thought when Smollett told him about the gang he had run across up in the church was that here was a chance for some fun.

"'And the boldness of them,' said Smollett excitedly, as he concluded.

"'Yes,' said the sergeant, as he winked to himself in the dark, 'if we capture the crowd it will be the making of us.'

"As they proceeded toward the church, Smollett suggested that he go right up to the door and demand their surrender, while the sergeant could lie in ambush out in the dark to act as might seem best.

"That's the very scheme,' said Clemmons, standing on one foot and kicking himself with the other. He was so tickled he couldn't trust himself to say any more. So Smollett walked up to the door and gave it a knock that you could have heard a mile.

"'Open up,' says he, 'in the name of the law and Mayor Sutphin.'

"'Who are you,' said one of the party inside, opening the door.

"'Don't take no bluff Bob,' said Clemmons, who was lying out in the grass.

"Bob looked in and didn't see any guns and things, and the man who opened the door looked peaceable with a pen behind his ear. Bob was somewhat dashed, but the injunction from the sergeant to take no bluff came to him and he determined not to be headed off by any ruse.

"'I arrest the whole lot of you,' says Bob.

"The man at the door stood speechless. Some of the others, who had heard what Bob said came to the door. They didn't look like criminals either.

"'Well, what is this, anyhow,' said Bob, growing desperate.

"'Why this is a meeting of the A. O. U. W. lodge—won't you come in,' said one of the party.

"'No, I guess not?' said Bob, looking a little sick. And then Clemmons laughed. He rolled and tore up the grass in a regular fit. Bob wanted to fight first, but he finally had to laugh himself, it was so funny. It was some time before he forgave Clemmons, though."

Household goods stored in good brick storehouse for $1 per ton per month.
DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

IN THE LABOR FIELD

The committee of the Trades assembly and that of the Journeymen Plumbers' union, appointed by those bodies to agitate the question of plumbing inspection, are having an ordinance drafted, which they will submit to the council, with a request for its passage. While the general public is fully aware of the necessity of sanitary plumbing, said a practical plumber recently, but very few of those outside of the plumbers craft know its rudiments or are able to detect a botch job when they see it. Doctors fail out over the cause of typhoid fever—long indictments against microbes of various kinds are drawn. While scientists are chasing microbes around trying to catch the villain—the miserly owner, the unscrupulous contractor and the plumber, who have to conform to the requirements of the other two, continues to plot and plan for the dissemination of typhoid and kindred diseases, confident that the trouble they cause will be charged up to the microbe. Conversation with any honest plumber—this is not a joke—will reveal an appalling condition of affairs, say those who are engaged in the movement for plumbing inspection. In several of the most prominent business buildings in this city the plumbing, it is said, is expressly calculated to spread disease. And the work is not the result of the well meant efforts of ignorance, but the deliberate planning of fraud.

One building was mentioned in which the vent pipes connected with the traps under the basins and closets are merely a sham, being merely lengths of pipe with plugged ends running back into the wall a few inches. A vent pipe is a most important part of the plumbing arrangements. It stands as a sentinel, as it were, to prevent the incursions of that arch enemy, sewer gas. Its mission is to convey air from the outside into the space below the trap to prevent the water from being syphoned out of the trap after a dicharge from the basin. It should run to the roof. How well a 3-foot length of pipe running from the trap to the space in the wall behind the plastering, with the end plugged to boot, can be readily imagined even by one having the very slightest knowledge of plumbing. In this city also it is asserted that standard pipe only is used for sewer connections. Such pipe, plumbers say, is caulked with lead and opium, and is easily broken. The breaks usually occur above the closet, where the pipes are exposed, and in such cases as no water leaks out to attract attention, the insisious sewer gas creeps out unobserved. Plumbers say that pipe known as "extra heavy" should be used, and that it is used in cities where inspection is provided for.

Another building was mentioned in which the drainage pipes are of tile with joints wrapped with tar paper. An unusually large number of typhoid fever cases is said to have developed in this building during the winter of 1895. The drainage conduits in this building are said to be fair, or, in other words, there are worse, there being instances in which the joints are packed with mud.

The committee in charge of the matter is in earnest, and when the ordinance is prepared they will appear before the council and make a strong appeal for its passage.

RAILS FROM PAPER.

A notable success is recorded by the Paper Trade Journal in the introduction of railroad rails in Germany and Russia made from paper material. In the production of such rails wood pulp has not been found adapted, but ordinary pulp from rags, rope stock, etc., is resorted to, the processes of grinding, cooking, digesting and working of these into a pulpy condition being accomplished in regular order, with care, of course, to have the stock in uniform preparation and the fibre as well preserved as possible; and, when in a pulpy condition, the ingredients for stiffening the rail to a proper toughness and efficiency—so as to stand excessive wear and friction from the wheels, and for imparting elasticity, smoothness and other requirements are applied. Quantities of borax, litharge, paraffine wax, tanners' grease, waterproof fish glue, rosin and fine cement are used in certain proportions, being added to the pulp while it is yet warm; mixing follows and the ingredients are thoroughly combined with the fiber; a quantity of shellac and wood alcohol is next put into the mixture and the mass, after being subjected to another stirring, is then allowed to settle.

F. A. Richards, of Hartford, Conn., has taken out altogether 437 patents—the largest number taken out by any one inventor except Thomas A. Edison, who has about 725 to his credit. Most of Mr. Richards' inventions have been improvements in machinery. His principal inventions have been in the line of machines for making paper envelopes.

TEXTILE WORKERS.

"In regard to the future of the industry in this city," said Secretary Howard, of the Fall River Textile Workers' union, "I would say that since the passage of the 55-hour law in this state no state in the Union has increased the number of spindles as this state has done, and none has made better average dividends in the cotton mills controlled by them than have been made by the mills of Fall River and elsewhere in this vicinity."

LABOR LEGISLATION.

Thus far organized labor has been fairly successful in the session of the Minnesota legislature. The Reishus bill repealing the struck jury act has become a law. The Stockwell free text book has passed the house and will undoubtedly become a law. The bill to label convict made goods as such and also the barbers' bill and a dozen other bills protecting the interests of as many trades are progressing with good chances of reaching the statute books.

SETTING CUT STONE.

The Chicago Journeymen Stonecutters' association will hereafter take control of the setting of all cut stone that comes out of the various stone yards in the city of Chicago, and where bricklayers refuse to back up the stone with brick "members of this organization are hereby authorized to do the work themselves." Several years ago, the stonecutters claim, they not only trimmed the stone used in the erection of buildings, but also did the setting. Then the Bricklayers' and Stonecutters' union took up the question and made a law that members of that organization should do all the setting.

GENERAL LABOR NOTES.

Chicago has 30,000 Italians.
Erie blacksmiths will organize
Paris employs 65,000 dressmakers.
Australian domestics are organizing.
Bartenders have a national union.
Minneapolis bartenders will organize.
Kentucky boasts women paperhangers.
Utah legislature killed the eight-hour law.
Birmingham, Ala., painters will organize.
Nashville painters and decorators will organize.
A union label will probably be placed on bicycles.
Stenography employs 198,000 American women.
New York brewers' engineers want the eight-hour day.
Order of Railway Conductors claims 21,000 members.
Newry, Ireland, mill operatives won a strike against fines.
Allegheny, Pa., German stonecutters have formed a union.
The New York K. of L. has indorsed the anti-conspiracy bill.
Ironmolders will not hold a national convention this year.
Brickmakers talk of a national home for their aged and infirm.
Bakers' national convention will be held at Cleveland May 3.
Fort Leavenworth convicts will build a new prison for themselves.
Brooklyn coach drivers accuse the hatters of getting buried by "scabs."
Steam engineers of Greater New York have a union with 20,000 members.
A cooper presided at a recent meeting of the Rochester Central union.
After April 17 the initiation fee of the Erie, Pa., Electrical union will be $5.
America has 3,000,000 workingwomen.
France's '96 wine crop is worth $234,800,000.
Four-fifths of the world's supply of cloves come from Zanzibar and Pemba, Africa.
The 80,000 feet of cedar shipped last month from Vancouver to Seattle is to be sent to Japan.
St. Paul socialists celebrated the 26th anniversary of the Paris commune.
Missouri legislature passed a bill providing for a state board of arbitration.
A Zurich, Switzerland, letter announces a strike of 6000 railway hands.
A lawyer has been elected general treasurer of the American Longshoremen's union.
The constitutionality of the law to abolish convict labor in Indiana will be tested.
It is believed that 6000 Pittsburg district river miners will shortly join the union.
Lynn, Mass., painters and decorators want eight hours on May 1. The get $2.50 a day.
Painters and decorators have 133 unions with 40,000 members in the United States and Canada.
New York housesmiths and bridgemen want eight hours and 35 cents an hour May 1.
Toledo unionists will raise money for a labor temple by producing a play by a machinist.
Newburgh, N. Y., churches took up collections to furnish tools for mechanics who suffered by fire.
The Boston Central Labor union will employ only Federation musicians. This is a turn down for the K. of L.
Cleveland unionists will patronize saloons conducted by the members of the Liquor Dealers' association.
Erie, Pa., paperhangers, painters and decorators want the nine-hour day and 25 cents per hour on April 1.
Leeds, England, compositors have secured a 52½ hour week, and only six apprentices will be allowed in each office.
Boston Central Labor union passed a resolution declaring that the Dingley bill tobacco schedule will cut wages.
In the care of the unemployed through a fund raised at Los Angeles, Cal., idle workingwomen are not overlooked.
New York Central Labor union opposes a bill to restrict the product of convict labor to South American ports.
Lebanon, N. H., Frenchmen have organized, and part of their scheme is to make their countrymen become naturalized.
The naitnola electric workers have offered the Minneapolis Trades council $15 to organize a local branch of their body.
St. Paul jobbers and manufacturers of binder twine asked unionists to aid them in restricting the convict output of this material.
The United States leads England in the iron trade, and Germany expects to take the second place within a few years.
Nearly 4,000,000 women, or 18 per cent of all women in the United States, were in 1890 engaged in earning their own living in some trade or employment.
During the coming summer a cotton mill of between 30,000 and 50,000 spindles will be erected in St. Louis at a cost of about $750,000.
Toledo has been selected as the national headquarters of the Bicycle Workers' union, and Buffalo will have the next convention.
Cleveland nailmakers get $2.50 a day.
Belnirs, O., grocers have been requested to not handle goods put up in non-union glass.
'Frisco's labor convention decided that $3 a day was not enough for the idle men for whom work was provided on the boulevard.
Federation brewers want a Rochester K. of L. brewery boycotted simply because the K. of L. people won't desert their organization.
The Minneapolis Municipal league has sent a circular letter to local labor bodies inviting their co-operation in the work of municipal reform.
New York Bakers' union, No. 7, has instructed its delegate to the convention of the International union to move to have the compulsory strike, sick and death and out-of-work funds abolished.
At a Boston Central Labor union meeting the Painters' union entered a protest against brewery employes painting or whitewashing outside of their regular work.
The Minneapolis stonemasons and quarrymen will assist each other in keeping the price of material and labor at a fair standard for the coming season. The stonemasons will work nine hours per day the coming season, and receive 30 cents per hour.
The English Engineer Employes' federation has increased its offer of a rise in wages from a shilling to 18 pence on time wages, and 5 per cent on piece rates. The men asked for 2 shillings and 10 per cent. The new offer is likely to be accepted by the men.
The people of the United States consumed per capita last year 18.46 pounds of cotton, 4.78 bushels of wheat, 14.73 bushels of corn, 62 pounds of sugar, 8.04 pounds of coffee, 1.31 pounds of tea, one gallon of whisky, 15.16 gallons of beer, one-fourth of a gallon of wine.
The cotton mill which it was proposed to build at Concord, N. C., to be operated exclusively by negro labor, is to be a reality. Subscriptions of about $75,000 have been secured, largely from thrifty members of the negro race, and the work on construction will begin at once.
Seven years ago a New York court rendered a decision against a labor organization, in which it declared illegal the practice of compelling workingmen to join unions on penalty of being deprived of work. The appellate court has just handed down an opinion affirming the judgment of the lower court.
The Manufacturers' Record notes a revival of new industrial ventures in the South and enumerates for the previous week a long list of such, the aggregate investments amounting to several millions. A significant feature is that New England cotton spinners are investing heavily in new factories in the cotton belt.
New York Typographical union No. 6 has been offering, for the benefit of sick and unemployed members, 5000 acres of land in Potter county, Pennsylvania, and $10,000 cash, provided a like sum is given by the union for the proper development of the land. Four thousand acres are to be sold in plats not to exceed fifteen acres to actual residents, and 1000 held in perpetuity by the union, which will accept the tender.
The production of aluminium in the United States last year is placed at 1,300,000 pounds, against an output of 900,000 pounds in the previous year, 317,600 in 1894, 312,000 in 1893 and 168,000 in 1891. The uses of this new and valuable metal are extending the demand quite as fast. A dozen years ago the price of aluminium was nearly $8 a pound. Last year the price averaged 40 cents a pound and is still falling.
The industrial revolution involved in the appearance of American steel in England has caused a sensation out of all proportion greater there than here. How great the sensation is becomes apparent in the reports received from the English iron district. English newspapers see in it the ultimate supremacy of our steel trade the world over. English steel masters face on one side the cheap labor and technical skill of Germany and Belgium, and on the other the dear labor and the cheap materials of this country.



PROFESSOR J. M. MUNYON.

Professor Munyon says that 90 per cent of the people are miserable on account of some disease of the stomach. He claims his Dyspepsia remedy will positively cure all forms of indigestion and stomach trouble, such as rising of food, distress after eating, shortness of breath, palpitation and all affections of the heart caused by indigestion, wind on the stomach, bad taste, offensive breath, loss of appetite, faintness or weakness of the stomach, headache from indigestion, soreness of the stomach, coated tongue, heartburn, shooting pains of the stomach, constipation, dizziness, faintness and lack of energy, cold feet, poor circulation and nervousness. It tones up the system, strengthens the nerves, enriches the blood, and forms a new coating in worn-out stomachs or those that have been impaired by physic or injurious medicines.

Professor Munyon has a separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25 cents a vial.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

AIRSHIPS MENACE LIFE.

It will not be long before the airship will be as serious a menace to life and limb as the bicycle. Robert Hibbard, a farmer fifteen miles north of Sioux City thinks it is nothing less than criminal recklessness on the part of skippers of such craft to permit a drag rope with a grapnel attached to dangle from the rear of their cars. He asserts the anchor of one of them caught in the slack of his trousers a few nights ago and dragged him several rods before the seat of the tortured garment gave way and dropped him into a dry run on the border of his "cow lot." Hibbard's reputation for truth telling has never been bad and the general opinion is that he either "had 'em" or dreamed his remarkable experience.

What the residents of Sioux City and vicinity suppose to be an airship has been seen in this vicinity several times within the past month. Hibbard is one of those who have been eagerly awaiting for a glimpse of it. On the night in question he says he was tramping about his farm in the moonlight praying for a sight of the nocturnal visitant, when suddenly a dark body lighted on each side by rows of what looked like incandescent lamps loomed up some distance south of him. He watched it intently until it was directly over his head. At this point the skipper evidently decided to turn round. In accomplishing this maneuver the machine sank considerably.

Hibbard did not notice the grapnel dangling from the car until suddenly, as the machine rose again, it hooked itself firmly in the seat of his trousers and shot away to the south. Had the car risen to any considerable height the result, Hibbard thinks, would have been disastrous. Either his weight was sufficient to keep it near terra firma, however, or the operator of the machine did not care to ascend to a higher level. On the bank of the dry run where it shook him off grows a small sapling. Hibbard passed near it in his flight and with the grip of a drowning man grasped it in both hands. Instantly there was a sound of tearing cloth and the machine went on with a section of the farmer's trousers, while Hibbard himself tumbled precipitately into the run. He related his experience to several neighbors and, despite their incredulous grins, firmly maintains the truth of his story.

THE POPULAR IDEA.

There is a popular idea that the wastes of Siberia are peopled with men who have been unjustly exiled from Russia, and that the criminal is really as difficult to find as the traditional inviting the bunch of hay, says Tit Bits. Facts, however, do not substantiate this theory any more than they do the large majority of popular impressions.

A great sensation was created two or three years ago, by the finding of seven Russian exiles or prisoners who had made their escape from Siberia. They were in an open boat in the Pacific, and were taken to San Francisco, where they became the objects of popular commiseration, as well as the text for the denouncing of the Russian methods of dealing with political offenders.

The Californians, ever ready with sympathy, gave them clothes and found them work to do. It now appears that, during the interval that has elapsed between their arrival in San Francisco and now, they have every one been punished by the law of the land. The last of the party has just been sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment for burglary, while one of his comrades only a short time back was hanged for two murders which he had committed.

Investigations which have been made show that every one of these men had been sent to Siberia for reasons which would have earned him a corresponding period of exile from the haunts of his fellowmen, if not absolute deportation from the country, in any other part of the world.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van Co., who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

CHURCHES

A Series of Evangelistic Services at the First Christian Church.

Sermons to Be Delivered Every Evening By J. A. Erwin, Evangelist.

Services and Subjects of Sermons For Tomorrow In Other Churches.

A series of evangelistic services will he begun in the First Christian church tomorrow morning, and will continue every night thereafter. These services will be conducted by the minister, Rev. Robert Grieve, and J. A. Erwin, the state evangelist of Minnesota, will preach. The song service will be in charge of Mrs. Erwin, and it will begin promptly at 7:45 o'clock every night. Mr. Erwin will preach tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. on, "The Weakness and Strength of Christianity," and at 7:45 p. m. on, "What the Church of Christ Teaches." On Monday night at 7:45, he will preach on "God in Nature—His Intelligence," and on Tuesday night at the same hour, on "God in Nature—His Omnipotence."

* * *

Rev. G. H. Humason will preach in the First Methodist church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock on "Making a Profession," and in the evening at 7:30 o'clock on "Murder." R. R. Briggs will deliver a lecture on "Pilgrim's Progress" at 9:30 a. m. Sunday school at noon. Junior league at 3 p. m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church the pastor, Rev. T. H. Cleland, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Evening subject, "Christ the Redeemer in the Material Conditions of the Race as Well as the Spiritual."

* * *

Regular services will be held in Pilgrim Congregational church tomorrow with preaching by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Patton's subject for the morning will be "Christ as a Man of Thought." In the evening he says he will give a plain talk on "Heart Religion," in which he will expose some of the shams which pass for religion.

* * *

At the Unitarian church, corner of Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. F. C. Southworth will preach at 10:45 a. m. tomorrow on "The Miracles of Jesus." Sunday school at 12 m.

* * *

At St. Paul's Episcopal church services tomorrow will be held as follows: Holy communion at 8 a. m., Sunday school at 10 a. m., communion services and sermon at 11 o'clock, evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 o'clock.

* * *

At the Bethel tomorrow Rev. Mr. Shorter, the evangelist, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, Rev. C. F. Hallowell, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. tomorrow. Baptism at the close of the evening service.

* * *

The First Church of Christ, Scientist, will have services in the hall on the fifth floor of the Masonic Temple at 10:45 a. m. Subject, "The Lord's Last Supper."

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church there will be morning service at 10:30 o'clock and sermon by the pastor, Rev. S. W. Kuhns on "The Man Who Shall Never See Death." Vespers with sermon at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

* * *

At the Hazelwood Presbyterian church tomorrow at 3 p. m. there will be services conducted by Rev. George N. Malcolmson. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

* * *

At Highland Presbyterian church, the afternoon service at 3 p. m. will be conducted by Rev. T. M. Findley. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

* * *

At the Oneota Methodist church, corner of Forty-sixth avenue west, there will be preaching by the pastor, Rev. R. H. Craig, at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church there will be preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Rev. T. M. Findley, pastor. Morning subject, "Reconciliation." The Lord's supper will be celebrated. The evening subject will be "The Church a Strong City." Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Pastor's Bible class at 10 a. m.

* * *

At the Nineteenth avenue west Baptist church, services will be held tomorrow at 10:30 and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. The Men's Mission union will have its monthly meeting at 3:30 in the afternoon. Preaching by the pastor both morning and evening.

* * *

Rev. W. L. Whipple, a returned missionary from Persia, will speak at the Men's meeting in the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock on the subject of "What it Costs to be a Christian in Persia."

* * *

At the Glen Avon church tomorrow morning, Rev. Wilson Aull will speak on "Some Reasons for Rejoicing in Trouble." Sabbath school at noon. Endeavor services at the usual hours.

FRANCE'S POPULATION.

More Deaths Than Births Reported from There.

A new school of social reform has appeared in France. The birth-rate has been decreasing steadily for some years, until at the present day it is actually lower than the death-rate, says the New York World. This alarming condition, of course, threatens the prosperity and even the existence of this great nation in the future. The scheme for increasing the population by law is advanced by M. Alphonse Bertillon, the originator of the famous Bertillon system, which makes the identification of criminals a matter of ease and certainty. It is proposed to exempt from direct taxation every family in which there are three children or more. On the other hand, it would place a tax of 20 per cent upon every family of less number.

This would prevent the treasury from losing any part of its present revenue.

M. Bertillon insists that those who bring up large families as a rule must have more interest in the nation than those who are childless. In elaborating upon this theory he says that to bring up a child is to add to the country's resources more truly than merely to pay the required taxes. The exemption from taxation of such families is therefore in no sense a favor. The raising of a small family or none at all he regards, on the other hand, as a civil misdemeanor calling for a fiscal punishment.

An immense amount of legal argument has been advanced by M. Bertillon to prove this theory. A citizen, he urges, has as such three primary duties. He must do his share towards the perpetuity, the defense and the financial maintenance of the country. If he shirks the first he must undergo an extra charge for the other two.

There are several complications which may grow out of the enforcement of these laws, which M. Bertillon has not as yet explained. There is no provision in the new law in cases where children have died, and it is not determined whether exemption should cease when the children become self-supporting and leave the parents' home.

The latest statistics in the United States do not indicate that any such law is likely to be required in this country. In New York city alone there were recorded last year 55,623 births and 41,623 deaths, or a gain of 14,000. It must be considered that, while the number of deaths is correct, the actual number of births is no doubt far greater than the numbers recorded.

The increase of the births over the entire number of deaths throughout the United States last year was about 600,000.

The population of the United States is also constantly increased, of course, by immigration. The official census for the last fiscal year recorded 342,267 immigrants. The increase of population is therefore at the rate of a little less than 1,000,000 every year.

SIXTY YEARS A QUEEN.

Queen Victoria, born in 1819, is by no means the oldest of living monarchs or potentates, says the New York Sun. The king of Denmark, Christian IX, is one year older; there are three German sovereigns older than Queen Victoria, and Pope Leo XIII was 9 years old when Queen Victoria was born. But in respect of the duration of her reign Queen Victoria is the oldest living of sovereigns, for she ascended the throne of Great Britain in 1837, and on June 20 next will complete the sixtieth year of her reign. The next oldest of the sovereigns of the world is Franz Joseph of Austria-Hungary, who ascended the throne in Vienna in 1848.

Sixty years' reign for one monarch is an unusual thing, even in England where revolutions have been rare and where the present royal family is of great longevity. George I reigned twelve years; George II, thirty-three years; George III, fifty-nine years and three months; George IV, ten years; William IV, seven years; Edward III reigned fifty years; Henry VIII, thirty-eight years; Mary, five years, and Elizabeth, forty-four years. In honor of the queen's sixty years' reign many patriotic Englishmen are already preparing celebrations and festivities designed to show the increase of England's influence and her progress in commerce and the mechanical arts since 1837. Great preparations have been made for the international electrical and engineering exhibition at Newcastle-on-Tyne. The progress and development in electrical and other branches of industry since 1837 will be illustrated there. Newcastle is well chosen for this purpose, because not only is it a great center of manufacturing industry, but it is representative of many of those interests which have grown most notably since 1837. Beginning in April, a similar exhibition will be held at Blackpool. This exhibition will be less representative of the mechanical advance in England than of the growth of the country in other directions. Since 1837 the increase in the population of England, including Wales, has been from 15,000,000 to 29,000,000. The population of Scotland in 1837 was 2,700,000, is now 4,000,000; but Ireland, which had at that time a population of 8,000,000, has now only 4,700,000.

From 1837 to 1897 the population of London has increased from 1,700,000 to 5,000,000. Liverpool has grown from 200,000 to 600,000; Manchester from 220,000 to 405,000, and Newcastle, where the first of the celebrations is to be held, from 68,000 to 190,000. The commerce of England has increased in even greater ratio and the material wealth of England has more than doubled during the sixty years. But the value of land, particularly agricultural land, outside of the great cities, is less now than it was sixty years ago, and the falling off is so great as to offset even the increase in some of the large cities.

GINGERBREAD GENERAL.

Harper's Round Table: It has taken a clever Frenchman to discover a kind of barometer which may be safely called unique. An English journal says that it is nothing more nor less than the figure of a general made of gingerbread. He buys one every year, and takes it home and hangs it by a string on a nail.

Gingerbread, as everyone knows, is easily affected by changes in the atmosphere. The slightest moisture renders it soft, while in dry weather it grows hard and tough.

Every morning, on going out, the Frenchman asks his servant, "What does the general say?" and the man applies his thumb to the gingerbread figure.

Perhaps he may reply, "The general feels soft. He would advise you taking an umbrella." On the other hand, if the gingerbread is hard and unyielding to the touch, it is safe to go forth in one's best attire, umbrellaless and confident.

The Frenchman declares that the general has never yet proved unworthy of the confidence placed in him, and would advise all whose purse will not allow them to purchase a barometer or anerold, to see what the local baker can do for them in the gingerbread line.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP. | SANTA CLAUS SOAP.



will be turned upside down more of the time if you use Santa Claus Soap. If you do your own washing this means rest for you. If you hire it done, it means money for you. If time is ever elaborately thrown away, it is over a wash tub with a poor soap.

Santa Claus Soap

is made to wash clothes as they should be washed. It distinguishes friend from foe—your clothes from the dirt—and spares one while it strikes the other. You must use soap; why not the best? Suppose you are now suited,—you will feel no worse when you are better suited. Try Santa Claus. Santa Claus Soap has long been made and has friends everywhere. Sold everywhere. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

New York Press: No man likes babies naturally. You have to learn to, like you eat olives.

The reason why there is no trouble in heaven between the women angels is because they all belong to the choir.

If women looked like fashion plates, the men would all commit suicide.

As soon as a man is pretty sure there won't be any more snow to shovel, he has to begin to cut grass.

Women seem to think that husbands never have any need to reform their wives.

When a man hears another man insinuate that he smokes cheap cigars he gets just as resentful as a woman does when another woman hints that her complexion isn't genuine.

When you see a girl on a street car with a music roll with closed ends, it generally contains an old newspaper of her lunch.

With most men marriage is the means and the woman is the end, but with most women the man is the means and the marriage is the end.

A woman does the most flirting before she gets married and a man does the most afterward.

The woman who carries a volume of Emerson in a street car is generally the one who reads herself to sleep with one of Ouida's novels.

A woman always judges a man by his voice and a man judges him by his necktie.

When the devil sneaken into the garden of Eden he had the plans for a flat house in his pocket.

No man has any call to criticise his second wife for offering him a warmed-over dinner.

A man never really feels that he is getting blase until he thinks of when he lived in a small town and used to go all the fires.

It seems strange to think that a cow doesn't know any more about politics than a woman.

When the snake first saw Eve in the garden he winked at Adam.

MIGHT HAVE BEEN WORSE.

Chicago Post: They were all so sorry when they gathered round the girl in blue.

"We've just heard of the accident that happened last week," said the girl in gray.

"So very sad," said the girl in dark brown.

"The man who broke his leg was your fiance, wasn't he?" asked the girl in the picture hat, anxious to be sure of the facts before becoming too demonstrative in her expressions of sympathy.

"He was," admitted the girl in blue. "Think of it," they all cried together. "A broken leg! How horrible!"

"That's what I thought," said the girl in blue demurely, "until George explained to me that it might have been worse."

"Yes; suppose it was an arm that he couldn't use."

They all said, "Yes, yes, of course," and the girl in blue blushed a little deeper red.

AT THE PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Boston Post: A friend of mine took her 4-year-old girl to a photographer. The child couldn't be made to sit still. He of the camera was as suave as he could be and worked every device of gentle persuasion to make the little wriggler keep still. Finally he said to the despairing mother:

"Madam, if you will leave the little dear alone with me for a few minutes I think I can succeed."

The mother had scarcely withdrawn when she was summoned back by the triumphant photographer, who exhibited a satisfactory negative.

When they reached home the mother asked: "Nellie, what did the man say to you when I left you alone with him?"

"He thaid," lisped Nellie, "thit thtill, you little rathcall, or I'll thake you."

MARRIAGEABLE AGE.

In Austria a "man" and "woman" are supposed to be able to be capable of conducting a home of their own from the age of 14, says the New York Journal.

In Germany the man must be at least 18 years of age.

In France the man must be 18 and the woman 15; in Belgium the same.

In Spain the intended husband must have passed his fourteenth year and the woman her twelfth.

In Hungary, for Roman Catholics, the man must be 14 years old and the woman 12; for Protestants, the man must be 18 and the woman 15.

In Greece the man must have seen at least fourteen summers and the woman twelve.

In Portugal a boy of 14 is considered marriageable and a woman of 12.

In Russia and Saxony they are a little more sensible, and a youth must refrain from entering into matrimony till he can count eighteen years, and the woman till she can count sixteen.

In Switzerland the men from the age of 14 and the women from the age of 12 are allowed to marry.

In Turkey any youth and maiden who can walk properly and can understand the necessary religious service are allowed to be united for life.

HAS HAD TEN HUSBANDS.

Mrs. Bettie Chappel-Brock-Hazelrigg-Hudson Schofield-Baker-Dinkins-Hazelrigg Trowbridge-Jeffries-Van Pelt is the full name of the bride in a marriage recently solemnized at Indianapolis, says the New York Journal. She has been married ten times. One husband dead, another missing and six ex-husbands and one bona fide husband living at one and the same time within a radius of 100 miles, is the record to which this oft-wedded woman can proudly point.

Her maiden name was Elizabeth Chappel, and she began her matrimonial career by marrying Grace Brock, a well-to-do dentist, of Lebanon, Ind., in 1871. Brock died in May, 1873, and after mourning his loss for a little less than three months, the grief-stricken widow became the blushing bride of James Monroe Hazelrigg, a farmer. Bettie, as he was affectionately called by everyone, soon learned that the quiet life of a farmer's wife was entirely too slow for one of her ambitions, and with the assistance of considerate divorce laws and the consent of her husband she succeeded in casting aside this yoke in October, 1874.

Thomas Hudson, a harness dealer, was the next to cast himself and his fortune at her feet. As the latter was especially acceptable, she became Mrs. Hudson Jan. 13, 1877. In less than two years she was again in court as plaintiff in a divorce proceeding. Her prayer was granted, and her next marriage was to Milton Schofield, an architect. Schofield was addicted to liquor, and, acording to Betties divorce petition, which followed their marriage about a year, he was very abusive when under its influence.

Since then she was married and secured ivorces from Frank Baker, Jacob W. Dinkins, Dr. Reese Trowbridge and Isaac Johnson. During this time she also was reunited to Hazelrigg, her former husband, but secured a second divorce from him.

Her last and present husband is James Van Pelt, of Indianapolis, aged 85. In each of her eight divorce cases Mrs. Van Pelt has been the plaintiff, and in none of them has she met with opposition from the defendants. She never asked for alimony. She is now 44 years of age.

Sent Free to Men.

INDIANA MAN DISCOVERS A REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR LOST VIGOR.

Samples Will Be Sent Free to All Who Write For It.

James P. Johnston, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., after battling for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood has found the exact remedy that cures the trouble.

He is guarding the secret carefully but is willing to send a sample of the medicine to all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful ignorance, premature loss of memory and strength, weak back, varicocele, and emaciation. The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act directly giving needed strength and development wherever needed. The remedy cured Mr. Johnston compietely of all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the naturally ordained functions and is said to be absolutely reliable in every case.

A request to Mr. James P. Johnston, Box 1001, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you would like a sample of his remedy for men, will be complied with promptly and no charge whatever will be asked by him. He is very much interested in spreading the news of this great remedy and he is careful to send the sample securely sealed in a perfectly plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity.

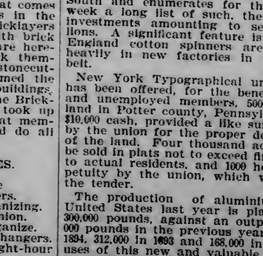
Readers are requested to write without delay.

SUMMONS.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Rosa Kalka, Plaintiff,
vs.
John Kalka, Defendant,

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, at the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Duluth, in the said county of St. Louis, within thirty days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint together with plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein.

Dated Mrach 10, A. D. 1897.
RICHARDS & CRANDALL,
Dated March 10, A. D. 1897.
Duluth, Minn.,
301-302 Burrows Building.
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-27-April-3-10-17-24-May-1.



Grin and bear it.

That's what you'll have to do, if your housework tires you out and you won't take away the hardest part of it with Pearline. That's what women have had to do for lo, these thousands of years. Pearline has done, and is doing, more to lighten and brighten woman's work than any other one thing. It saves her time, her money, her health and strength, in hundreds of ways. Do every bit of your washing and cleaning with Pearline. 535

Millions NOW USE Pearline

DEFECTIVE PAGE

AMONG THE SPORTS.

The baseball season of the National league, which is scheduled to open within a few weeks, will be looked forward to with special interest as a test of the magnates' attempt to check disorderly conduct on the ball field will be made this year. This evil has been growing steadily in recent years, and the magnates decided to check it if possible this year. The new idea is to compel the umpire to enforce the rules—something he has not done for years, during which the rule against players disputing his decisions has been a dead letter. This year he will be expected to enforce that rule. There will be a mentor over the umpires to see that no responsibility is shirked. This "supervisor" of the staff, as he might be called, will drop in on a game here and there and somewhere else and report any laxities in the work of Mr. Young's staff. His duties will be similar to those of a street car spotter. This suffness on the part of umpires may result in the ending of the interminable kicking that has arisen over close decisions. The late Harry Wright held some such office a few years ago, but it was useless for two reasons—because the appointment was more in the nature of a sinecure for a faithful old servant, and because kind-hearted Harry never could see any wrong in the action of men whom he knew and esteemed, so he had an excuse for all the shortcomings of the umpire staff, and he became their defender rather than their critic.



The twelve clubs will be the Boston, New Yorks, Brooklyns, Philadelphias, Baltimores, Washingtons, Pittsburgs, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Louisville, Chicago and St. Louis. The most interest attaches to the personnel of the Baltimore team, which has won the pennant two consecutive years. Manager Hanlon says his team is stronger than ever. He has twenty-one players under contract. All are in good condition. They are: Pitchers, McMahon, Hoffer, Hemming, Pond, Corbett, Nops, Amole, Coogan and Horter; catchers, Robinson, Clarke and Bowerman; in-fielders, Doyle, first base; Reitz, second; Jennings, short stop; McGraw, third; second baseman, Quinn, substitute; outfielders, Kelly, left; Stenzel, center; Keeler, right; O'Brien, substitute. Esper, the big left-hander, whose remarkable pitching in 1895 contributed largely toward the winning of the pennant the second time, will be missed this season. Hanlon did not want to part with him and had no fault to find with his pitching. Coogan is thought to be a comer. He was gotten in exchange for Substitute Infielder Kiester. Hoffer and Joe Corbett, brother of ex-Champion Pugilist J. J. Corbett, are expected to be the champion star pitchers this year. Of the nine pitchers two are left-handers—Nops and Amole. Nops made a fine reputation in the Wilmington club of the Atlantic league last year, and showed up well in the few games he pitched for Baltimore. Amole is yet untried in the big league. Coogan last year pitched for Paterson, of the Atlantic league. His team ended the season in third place, and to him belongs the credit for its good position. Coogan promises to be as clever as Nops and Corbett. With Stenzel, Robinson and Hoffer in the game, Hanlon now calculates that the Orioles will have the high batting average of .340. Stenzel easily led his team last season in batting and base running, with an average of .366.



MANAGER HANLON.

The season will open on April 22, except in Boston, where there will be one preliminary game with Philadelphia on April 19, which is a local holiday. The champion Baltimores will have Boston as the attraction for the opening day. Brooklyn will play at Washington and New York in Philadelphia. In the West, St. Louis will have the Pittsburg team for the opening day. Louisville will have Cleveland and Cincinnati will entertain Uncle Anson's colts.

Presidents Brush of Cincinnati, Hart of Chicago and Rogers of Philadelphia, and all the balance of the managers, speak hopefully of their club's prospects. Louisville's season last year was so disastrous that the promoters of the game say that unless they do better this year they will dispose of the franchise. New York cranks hope to see Rusie in his old form pitching for the giants after his year's exclusion from the field because of his legal fight with President Freedman. Capt. Anson, of the Chicagos, will again be on the field, a year older, but just as fierce a kicker and impressive a first base man as ever.

* * *

The departure of Dr. W. S. McDowell, the champion amateur, for England in a few days is causing interest and speculation in rowing circles. On account of his fine work at Henley last year great things are expected of him this year, and the course and climate were new to him, yet, though defeated in the final, he won his heat in fine style. The doctor stands 5 feet 11 inches in his stockings. He has carried all before him in the far West, and in 1895 won the amateur championship of America from a field of the best scullers at Saratoga.

His record is a remarkable one, his best performance being at the Northwestern regatta, when he broke the world's record for one mile and a half in the phenomenal time of 9.41. This year Dr. McDowell will try for the diamond scull trophy again, and will meet R. Guinness, the champion; Guy and Vivian Nickalls, and other well-known Thames rowing cracks.

* * *

The Grand Central Trotting circuit seems as if it were about returning to its previous membership, which was altered by the withdrawal of Buffalo and Rochester as a result of the pool-selling prohibition in New York state. It has been stated that both of these old-time tracks will announce meetings before long. This is a little premature, as it can be confidently stated that no announcement will be made till it is assured that the amendments to the racing bill become law. Even then it is not certain what Buffalo will do, for there is no convenience there at present since the fire cleaned out the stands and caused Mr. Hamlin to announce that the old park would be cut up into building lots. One thing necessary for a trotting meeting is a track, and Buffalo has not got the conveniences required at present. There is no doubt that a track could be put through in time if everything was ready as soon as the bill was signed, but nothing has been heard for some time of the project mentioned some weeks ago about a company organized to build a new track.

Hartford is to come in line with some innovations as to terms, and



DR. McDOWELL.

Glen Falls has changed the dates of its meeting owing to the withdrawal of Indianapolis from the circuit, and if Buffalo and Rochester can come in, it is certain that they would take dates irrespective of the claims of Columbus and Fort Wayne. This would make the circuit what it was three years ago, and the Western men, who do not wish to come beyond Cleveland or Buffalo, could turn back to the Indiana state meetings. These withdrawals affect the New York meetings but little, for if there are withdrawals there are also accessions from men who object to going further West than Buffalo and join the line there. The Hartford meeting is being run by a combination of track owners, horse owners and bookmakers. Ex-Governor Morgan G. Bulkeley owns the track, practically, if not in reality, and with him is Gen. Harbison, also of Hartford. The horsemen's end is mainly in the hands of Mr. Hubinger, of New Haven, and the well-known Andy Welch is the betting end of the combine. It is also stated that Ed. S. Hedges, late secretary of the New York Driving club, is to be the secretary at Hartford.

* * *

Interest in the great intercollegiate boat races that are to be rowed at Poughkeepsie—on the beautiful Poughkeepsie course—between June 23 and July 2, has already spread throughout the college world, and from now on this regatta will be regarded as the event of supreme importance. The 'varsity and freshmen races at Harvard, Yale and Cornell naturally attract the greatest attention, but those of Cornell, Columbia and Pennsylvania, which will closely follow the series, are regarded with almost equal interest. Coach Lehman has returned from England and is now engaged in instructing the candidates for the Harvard crews. He has found them all in good physical condition, just as they were in their wonderfully close race with Cornell last year.

* * *

Coach Lehman went out to watch the crew practice the first day he reached Cambridge. Evidently he wasn't well pleased, for he didn't do anything but change the whole boat, moving some of the oarsmen who thought they had sure things on their seats. J. F. Perkins was moved from No. 2 to stroke, displacing C. C. Bull, Moulton rowed in Perkins' place at No. 2, and E. N. Wrightington rowed bow. The full order of the crew follows: Stroke, J. F. Perkins, 7, Goodrich; 6, Thomson; 5, J. H. Perkins; 4, Sprague; 3, Hollister; 2, Moulton; bow, Writhington; cockswain, Kindekoper. This radical shake-up in the boat is the direct result of Mr. Lehman's observations of the crew during its practice. C. E. Bull, '98, at stroke and E. A. Boardman, '98, at bow are the men to be taken out of the boat for the present. Whether the changes will be permanent cannot be determined.

* * *

At Yale Bob Cook is hard at work with a splendid lot of candidates, and despite his wail that he could not devote so much attention to his pupils as Messrs. Lehman and Courtney can to their's, Cook has admitted that he will put in the bulk of his time and the close of June at New Haven. He is quoted as saying the other day that he had the best lot of men to work with he had seen at Yale since 1876. This is not surprising, for Yale —— a wonderfully fast crew last season, even though beaten at Henley, and most of the veterans will be found in the boat again this season. The men in the first boat are as follows: J. H. Simpson, stroke; G. Langford, 7; P. Whitney, 6; P. H. Bailey, 5; G. T. Marsh, 4; H. G. Campbell, 3; R. Brodhead, 2; D. F. Rogers, 1. There are eight other men in the squad.

* * *

The period from the first spring break-up, when the ice and snow, while not entirely disappeared, are not plenty enough to admit of winter sports, to the time when the last flake of snow is fallen and melted, is a sort of an interlude in sports. During that period, too late for winter sports and too early for summer sports, there is little to do for those who depend much upon sports for their amusement. To be sure, they may talk about the summer, and if the winter has been a lively one they can fight their battles over again. But the winter just passed contained nothing in Duluth that is particularly worthy of long remembrance, so the talk is principally confined to the future. The only thing for which the winter is at all remarkable is that it saw for the first time in Duluth a game of indoor baseball, a game which will undoubtedly be a prominent feature of sports hereafter in Duluth.

* * *

The plans for the summer's sports are not yet materialized in any branch, although it is nearly time they should be if they are going to be accomplished. Duluth has yet no baseball team, and so far as known she has not even a promise of one. If a city of the size of Duluth cannot support a baseball team, perhaps it would be better not to have any, but it would not have a very good effect in advertising the city. There is still plenty of time to do so, but the movement should be started soon if it is to be at all.

* * *

The High School Athletic association will cut quite a respectable figure in sports this year, perhaps more than it has in past seasons. The winter has been dull in athletics at the High School, but an indoor contest was held in the new gymnasium about the middle of May, and other events are in prospect.

* * *

The skating rinks are all closed and the last curling has taken place at the Tait rink. The ice skating party at the Tait rink during the week, but there will not be any more. The Union rink had its last skate a week ago tonight, and the work of taking out the ice and preparing the rink for a bicycle academy and livery stable was at once begun. It is possible that a saucer racing track will be put in and used later in the season, in which case it will probably receive good usage.

* * *

The pitcher went to the well once too often. Company A's indoor baseball team was defeated at the Armory Saturday night by G company, and the team from the latter club got revenge by rubbing it in with a score of 7 to 1.

* * *

The same teams will have a fourth game at the Armory a week from tonight, and the interest which attaches to these games will draw a large crowd.



(Native Kola User.)

You Can Be Strong

Every MAN or WOMAN who lacks the strength of perfect manhood or womanhood can regain it by taking Dr. Charcot's KOLA NERVINE TABLETS. The greatest builder up of the Nervous system of this century.

A positive cure for Sleeplessness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Melancholia, Neuralgia and all Nervous Disorders.

Sold by all leading druggists at $1 a box; 6 boxes for $5. Write for genuine testimonials and proofs. Prepared only by Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.

Nowhere to go but to the—

PAVILION

SUNDAY AFTERNOON.

THE CITY BAND

In a programme of popular music.

Admission Free.

DECIDEDLY OBJECTIONABLE.

Cleveland Plaindealer: The tenant—I want to change my office for one on the second floor.

The agent—What's the trouble?

The tenant—You know I'm on the fourteenth floor now? Well, every time my wife's mother comes to see me it gives her palpitation of the heart so to come up on the elevator that she invariably insists upon stopping in my office two hours for the palpitation to ease down. Gimme a room that can be reached by a stairway.

THERE IS NOTHING SO GOOD.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of throat, chest and lungs, there is nothing so good as is Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottle free at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Regular size 50 cents and $1.00.

The Literary Arena.

There can no longer be an excuse for our schools giving little attention to the history and civil government of Minnesota. A suitable text book has been furnished by Sanford Niles, of Minneapolis, and forms the third volume of the state government series published by the Werner School Book company, of Chicago and New York. It is evident that the author has given much time and thought to the preparation of the work. It contains the leading facts of our state history drawn from the most reliable sources, and also gives a full outline of the civil government of Minnesota based on the constitution of the state and the latest statutes. The volume concludes with a very complete outline of the government of the United States, by Dr. B. A. Hinsdale, followed by an index, with questions and topics for recitation and review.

* * *

"Zenobia, a Tragedy," is the title of a play in three acts and eight scenes, written and published by Willard D. Coxey, of Maywood, Ill. Mr. Coxey is the well-known press agent of Ringling Bros.' circus, and is also the co-author of the Anglo-Swedish comedy, "Yon Yonson," which had such a successful run. Other works of merit have also emanated from the same quarter, and "Zenobia" will add to Mr. Coxey's fame as an author and playwright. In the same volume are several poems that will be read with pleasure.

* * *

The April Century is a "Grant Memorial number," signalizing the dedication of Gen. Grant's tomb. Gen. Horace Porter, who was president of the citizens' association that raised the money for this magnificent memorial, and who will deliver the oration at the dedication, contributes an article descriptive of the tomb and of its building. A striking drawing of the tomb by Castaigne is given as a frontispiece. There are also pictures of the interior (the only ones yet made) and of the figures for the facade designed by the sculptor Rhind. In "A Blue and Gray Friendship" John R. Procter tells of the esteem and affection in which Gen. Buckner and Gen. Grant held each other for years, and in connection with this article there is printed for the first time a facsimile reproduction of the message Grant, while on his deathbed, wrote to Gen. Buckner. There is also given a facsimile of Grant's most famous words, "i propose to fight it out on this line if it takes all summer," which were contained in a letter to Gen. Halleck, and a copy of a hitherto unpublished letter from Gen. Sherman, expressing his frank opinion of Grant's character. Gen. Porter's "Campaigning With Grant" relates a number of new anecdotes about his chief, and tells of President Lincoln's first visit to the front. The other articles give the usual variety to the number.

* * *

The April number of the Arena is fully up to the average. In the opening article Governor Pingree, ex-mayor of Detroit, continues the discussion of municipal reform begun in the March number by Mayor Quincy of Boston. Mayor Pingree, in his breezy paper, affirms that "contracts are the center and almost the entire circumference of municipal government," and that "almost all the bribes of serious influence in municipalities are given for contracts." His remedy is the letting of contracts by referendum, or direct popular vote. By something of a coincidence, Elwood Pomeroy, in a strong paper entitled "The Doorway of Reforms," advocates the same remedy for similiar abuses, not merely in municipal government, but also in state and national government. Frederick A. Busbee, writing from the well-known South End House, gives an interesting and, on the whole, favorable account of "Italian Immigrants in Boston," and takes a hopeful view of their future. In "The Priesthood of Art," Stinson Jarvis inveighs against the baser kinds of art, and pleads strongly in favor of high ideals on the part of the painter, the draughtsman, the dramatist and the actor.

* * *

Harper's Bazar begins in the Easter number, published on April 2, a very important new department, entitled "Club Women and Club Work," and conducted by Mrs. Margaret Hamilton Welch. Here the thousands of enthusiastic club women in the United States will find intelligent recognition of their endeavors, and appreciation of the great things which are accomplished by organized women in single clubs and in state and national federations. Reports will be constantly given of club work, brief and to the point, together with portraits of club leaders and pictures of club buildings and interiors.

* * *

An elaborate study of "The New Administration at Washington," by Albert Shaw, appears in the April Review of Reviews. Dr. Shaw draws an interesting comparison between the American and British administrative systems, pointing out the distinction between "ministry" and "cabinet," in both theory and practice; he also treats quite fully of Mr. McKinley's process of cabinet-building, its various difficulties and adjustments, and outlines the noteworthy characteristics of the president's official family as finally selected, both individually and in ensemble. The article further defines "the larger executive group at Washington"—the various assistant secretaryships, and important bureau headships, and so far as possible the reader is informed as to the personnel and status of these important offices for the coming four years. Altogether, Dr. Shaw has made in this article an exceptionally useful contribution to current history.

* * *

Harper's Round Table of March 30 contains besides its usual departments devoted to "Interscholastic Sport," "Amateur Photography," "Stamp Collecting," "Talks with Young Men," etc., an interesting description of an incident in the life of Laurence Hutton, contributed by himself, and entitled "The Uncertain Glory of an April Day;" a short story by W. J. Henderson, "Darkest Before Dawn;" the second part of "The Sailing of Jean Paul," a story by M. L. Van Vorst; articles on "Some Experiments in Surface Tension," by G. Le Clear, and "Athletics in English Public Schools," by John Corbin; and an installment of Kirk Munroe's serial story, "The Painted Desert."

* * *

Bright, seasonable and superbly illustrated, Outing for April comes like a welcome breath from the great out doors. The frontispiece will appeal to the trout fisher, for it shows the eager angler on the opening day with the rod snapped at the ferrule and "Ten Miles From Town." An excellent illustrated article on "Western Yachts and Designers," is devoted to the white winged flyers of Lakes Minnetonka and White Bear. In "The Bloodhound and His Training," H. P. Poore contributes a valuable addition to Outing's kennel series. Maurice Thompson, the modern Robin Hood, is at home in his treatment of "Woodland Archery," while Ed W. Sandys wields the facile pen of the sportsman-naturalist in his outing with "Canoe and Gun."

* * *

Harper's Magazine for April opens with a popular historical paper on "Washington and the French Craze of '93," by Professor John Bach McMaster, who describes the enthusiasm for ostentatious republicanism aroused by the first successes of the French republic, and especially by "Citizen" Genet, the French ambassador. The illustrations, including the frontispiece in color, are in Howard Pyle's most forcible and virile manner. In "Paleontological Progress of the Century," the third of a series of profusely illustrated papers describing the history of modern science, Dr. Henry Smith Williams traces the development of our knowledge of fossils from the time when they were supposed to be the relics of Noah's flood until the final establishment by Darwin of the theory of revolution. George Du Maurier's romance of reincarnation, "The Martian," continues to present, under a thin disguise, much of the author's own life and personality. The supernatural interest of the story reaches a climax in the intervention in Barty Josselin's love affair of Martia, the invisible heroine of the story. The illustrations present Du Maurier at the height of his powers.

* * *

The April number of the Atlantic Monthly contains more than the usual quantity of purely literary matter, which always distinguishes it, and it has several articles also of timeliness and practical interest. The leading article is on "Dominant Forces in the West," by Frederick J. Turner, of Wisconsin, one of the most competent students of Western civilization. He points out the origins of the people and their institutions and methods of thought, showing that the Middle West holds the balance between the East and Far West. E. L. Godkin, this month, in his studies of democracy in its practical aspects, shows the serious weakness of our political system caused by irresponsible non-native methods. The break down of the machinery for making nominations has defeated everything like really representative government. The gravest danger to our political institutions is found in this failure. Professor George B. Adams, of Yale, sums up the "Anglo-Saxon Expansion" of the century and the world dominance of the race in an eloquent and comprehensive essay.

* * *

Mrs. Caroline A. Creevey is soon to publish through the Harpers a volume entitled "Flowers of Field, Hill and Swamp," which is said to be written in so popular a style, and to be accompanied by illustrations so voluminous and attractive, that it will appeal to the mere lover of wild flowers as well as to the amateur botanist.

* * *

Godey's Magazine is new every month. The April issue is unique in several ways. Among the especially notable contributions to this number is an article by Marmaduke Humphrey on "The Bicycle of the Year Ninety-seven," which contains pictures and descriptions of almost all the new things that have been developed in the wheel world during the past twelve months. Mrs. Emily E. Williamson, general secretary of the Prison Reform association of New Jersey, contributes an interesting paper on "Woman's Work in Prison Reform," which will interest all citizens of this country.

Among the peculiarly spring-time and Easter topics are "Old-Time Easter," by Gabrielle Marie Jacobs; "A Hymn for Easter," by William B. Green (music); "Whenne Hatte-Trees Bloom," by Grace MacGowan Cooke, and a superb article by Eben E. Rexford on "Common Sense in Rose Culture," fully illustrated.

* * *

An interesting feature of Harper's Weekly of April 3 is a double-page illustration of the new Chicago lake front, now in course of construction, together with a view of the present lake front, and an authoritative article describing the progress and scope of the work.

* * *

The Easter number of the Ladies' Home Journal is brimful of helpful and entertaining reading. "A Moravian Easter Dawn," by Clifford Howard, tells the story of the simplest and most beautiful Easter service in America, as it is given in the quaint and picturesque town of Bethlehem, Penn. Ex-President Harrison's timely article describes "The Social Life of the President," from the days of his inauguration, and gives interesting information as to receptions, dinners and other social events of the White House. The popular series of "Great Personal Events" is represented by "When Lafayette Rode Into Philadelphia," by Jean Fraley Hallowell, granddaughter of one of the few surviving witnesses of the great Lafayette demonstrations which created such a furore nearly three-quarters of a century ago. Ira D. Sankey has written for this number a hymn, entitled, "The Beautiful Hills," with words by John H. Yates. The third illustration in Charles Dana Gibson's series of character sketches of "The People of Dickens" is "Tom Pinch and His Sister."

* * *

Miss Gwendolen Overton, one of the cleverest of the younger generation of American writers, has an admirable example of her brilliant short stories in the Argonaut of March 29. It is entitled "The Reward of Virtue," and tells how a garrison coquette treated man who had tried to reform.

* * *

The growing taste in the United States for decorative painting, as shown in the costly decoration of many recent structures, public and private, gives special timeliness and interest to a paper by Will H. Low in McClure's Magazine for April. Mr. Low, by his well-known ceiling in the Waldorf hotel and other work of this kind, is himself closely identified with the new movement; and in this paper he touches upon the origin and extent of it, and then considers, biographically and critically, the three greatest masters of decorative painting in recent times. The paper is richly illustrated with reproductions of celebrated paintings by Paul Baudry, Puvis de Chavannes and others. A series of hitherto unpublished letters written by Gen. Sherman to a young girl who applied to him anonymously for information regarding an army officer of whom she had once been the correspondent, is the most novel feature of this number of McClure's. There is a touch of humor and a touch of romance in the story the letters unfold, and one is moved both to sigh and to laugh at the posture to which the general's good nature finally brings him.

* * *

The number of Scribner's Magazine appearing at Easter time is always particularly bright and attractive both in contents and illustrations. The April issue this year contains two full-page compositions by Gorguet, called "A Roman Easter;" a portrait by Howard Cushing; the transformation scene in "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," by William Hole; Albert Herter's illustration for "Cor Peccatrix," and Gibson's "London" as some of its artistic features. Of special importance is Cosmo Monkhouse's article on William Quiller Orchardson, R. A., the Scotch painter, who came to London in 1862 and won speedy recognition. Four of the cleverest draughtsmen in line work—Ravenhill, Hatherell, Linson and McCarter—illustrate with breezy character sketches Lewis Morris Iddings' unconventional article on "Ocean Crossings." The recent rising of the Greek nation (as well as the revival of interest in Byron) gives timely value to F. B. Sanborn's account of the friendship of the Greek chieftain "Odysseus and Trelawny."

* * *

Recent fiction in the April number of Current Literature is ably represented by a fine reading from "Throso," Anthany Hope's new dramatic romance; an excellent character sketch containing both pathos and humor, entitled "Maj. John Cranceford and His Friend Gideon Batts," selected from Opie Read's latest novel, "An Arkansas Planter," and, in the Sketch Book, among other good things, "Faithful Unto Death," a moving little story of canine devotion, from "Boss and Other Dogs," by Maria Louise Pool.

* * *

The complete novel in the April issue of Lippincott's is "Ray's Recruit," by Capt. Charles King. It is in his favorite author's well-known manner, and recounts the experiences of a most superior and unusual private. Elsie A. Robinson, in "Joe Riggler's Romance," tells a curious story of a mining camp. Mary B. Goodwin explains the difficulties which certain charming sisters had in "Answering His Letter." Some odd facts about "Animal Cannoneers and Sharpshooters" are given by Dr. James Weir, Jr. Calvin Dill Wilson describes "Oyster-Planting and Oyster-Farming." Fred Chapman Mathews puts forth "A Plea for Our Game." "Goethe in Practical Politics" is debated by F. P. Stearns, who thinks that the poet was a patriot, a Liberal-Conservative and a wise statesman. J. Harvey Pence discusses "Politics on the American Stage." Emily P. Weaver gives "A Glimpse of Old Philadelphia," from the book of Peter Kalm, a Swedish botanist, who visited the city about 1749.

* * *

Very dramatic and also very sad is the ending of "A Martyr of Love," a novel by Joanna E. Wood, that Town Topics presents as the leading feature of the latest edition of Tales from Town Topics. The title of the story implies a sacrifice of some sort, and the one that the heroine makes is sublime enough to move the stoniest of cynics to some sort of emotion. She gives her life to save her lover from the knowledge of his sister's error: before that she has renounced respectability and position for herself, for the sake of the same and all too unworthy sister. Learning the true beauty of love too late to escape the consequences of previous misdeeds, she accepts the conditions heroically, as becomes the heroine of an up-to-date novel. The rest of the volume, which is No. 23 of the series of the Tales, sparkles with the usual array of brilliant verses, burlesques, witticisms and short stories from old volumes of Town Topics. (Town Topic Publishing company, 208 Fifth avenue, New York. Fifty cents.)

* * *

All who seek to keep up connected knowledge of public affairs will find Current History a most useful book. It is published quarterly, and reviews all events and transactions of the preceding three months concisely and clearly, giving such a complete narrative that even the events of today stand out in clearer light through the insight which is given into their connection with those events of the recent past which have already become history. The work is most admirably done, and deserves the widest popular support for its genuine worth. All countries of the world and every phase of human activity, political, scientific, or otherwise, are brought under review. The reader is not troubled with disconnected fragments clipped from other works and strung together, but finds here a careful study of every topic treated, presented fairly and impartially, in interesting and readable style—history in the truest sense of the word. The volume now completed (1896) contains 1000 pages of reading matter, 228 portraits and seven maps and other illustrations, and has a complete analytical index. (Buffalo, N. Y.: Garretson, Cox & Co., publishers; Alfred S. Johnson, editor; $1.50 a year; single number 40 cents; sample 10 cents, specimen pages and circulars free.)

TO HOT SPRINGS, ARK.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad is the short line, and only line with dining cars and compartment sleepers. Excursion tickets on sale.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

Many Think!

When it was said to the woman: "In sorrow shalt thou bring forth children," that a perpetual curse was pronounced, but the thrill of joy felt by every Mother when she clasps to her heart her babe proves the contrary. True, dangers lurk in the pathway of the Expectant Mother and should be avoided.

"Mother's Friend"

So prepares the system for the change taking place that the final hour is robbed of all danger and pain. Its use insures safety to the life of both Mother and child, and makes childbirth easy and recovery more rapid.

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to order home and to drink at home, because there is Health, Cheer and Comfort in its sparkling drops. Call for Blatz. See that "Blatz" is on the cork.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Elizabeth James, Plaintiff,

vs.

Northwestern Loan & Investment Comapny, C. M. Bailey, Francis A. Smith, Evelyn T. Whitehouse, Alice H. Symonds, Charles Bryant, Walter H. Wing, H. M. Pickard, W. W. Bradstreet, Frank A. Small, J. E. Briggs, Oliver W. Blake, E. G. Blake, James Andrews D. W. Pettingill, George H. Andrews, Monmouth Academy fund, George H. Andrews, treasurer; Willard G. Hopkins, A. C. Otis, Julia M. Folsom, Clinton Markell, C. M. Gray, H. M. Blake, O. B. Clason, H. E. Whitman, A. H. Bailey, L. O. Cobb, Eleanor W. Moody, George W. Heselton, Andrew J. Williams, Ellen E. Vickey, George A. Pike, Harrison T. Clough, Viola E. Small, E. Winston Briggs, Henry Green, C. I. Bailey, E. A. Bailey, Mary T. Myrick, Addie R. Myrick, Alfred Hitchcock, Howard Owen, Henry Winslow, Rufus K. Blake, A. R. Crane, Helen A. C. Flint, George Bailey, James Williamson, Jr., N. R. Pike, Esther Pike, Louisa H. Bradbury, W. P. Whitehouse, G. A. Robertson, Lizzie S. Robertson, Hellie M. Snell, Josiah Snell, Lizzie H. Wheeler, J. H. Lowell, L. Estelle Park, Mary B. Gould, W. P. Walsh, Ruel M. Dexter, B. F. Sleeper, W. W. Washburn, Eugene M. Bailey, W. H. Lowell, L. D. Cooke, George Sleeper, H. Ramsdell, Fred K. Blake, G. W. Cottle, Emery C. Bean, P. M. Folger, Hattie P. Keyes, Eva O. Parks, Mary F. Park, Eldora E. Tibbetts, F. P. Keyes, Thomas H. White, John E. Peterson, George A. Ramsdell, Katie T. Richards, Oscar J. Morse, George O. Small, Earl H. Lyford, E. S. Lyford, George W. Wheeler, J. J. LeTourneau, Velzera P. Call, Charles A. Chase, Clara E. Langdell, Sarah E. Robinson, Charles A. Briggs, Henry V. Dudley, Samantha S. Wood, Evinda A. Whittier, Mary A. McCullum, George W. Currier, Lester M. Andrews, Ellen Eastman, Charles E. Pike, George L. Pike, Sarah C. B. Ramsdell, Flora A. Brooks, Fred A. Waldron, Adelia R. Waldron, Linton E. Waldron, William L. Waldron, Mark Rollins, J. C. Atkins, David H. Ela, Lizzie McClough, Thomas A. Jewett, John Metcalf, Horatio Clark, Flora E. McCollough, Frank H. Roberts, Nydia H. LeTourneau, Eva J. Roberts, J. Ardine Bike, W. H. Parlin, Trustees Methodist Episcopal Church, of Monmouth, Me., H. S. Blue, Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of said district court in the county court house, in the city of Duluth, said county and state, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscribers at their offices Nos. 500-505 Lonsdale building, in the city of Duluth, said county and state, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in her said complaint.

Dated February 26th, 1897.

WASHBURN, LEWIS & BAILEY
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
500-505 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-6-13-20-27-April-3-10.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of six hundred twelve and 08-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Wm. H. Coote, of Garvey, Crittenden Co., Arkansas, a single man, mortgagor, to Anna P. Hillebrand, of Washington, D. C., mortgagee, bearing date the 26th day of July, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of August, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 91 of mortgages, on page 124.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Anna P. Hillebrand, mortgagee, to Henry T. Hillebrand by written assignment dated the 21st day of June, 1894, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 7th day of July, 1894, at 8:20 o'clock a. m., in Book 107 of mortgages, on page 89, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. ten (10), block sixty-two (62), in the town of Oneota, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds, in and for said county, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 4th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred twelve and 08-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 20th, A. D. 1897.

HENRY T. HILLEBRAND,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee,
605-6 First Nat. Bank Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-20-27-April-3-10-17-24.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the furnishing and laying of about 3249 lineal feet of cast iron water pipe and specials, ranging from 6 inches to 30 inches in diameter, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of six hundred (600) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

DEFECTIVE PAGE



The ever-recurring question of what is to be the fashion in dress seems about to be settled for another brief period now that the importers of French gowns have really begun to display them, says the New York Sun. Openings are rapidly gaining the lead in fashionable Lenten entertainments, it the size of the gatherings they attract is any evidence. The first thing you notice in the first half dozen gowns shown is that each has a sash, and not always a ribbon one, either, for the sashes are made of soft black silk, with drawn threads worked over with lace stitches to form several insertions and finished on the edge with a deep netted black silk fringe. On thin, light-colored dresses they are made of white mousseline de soie, with three wide insertions of black lace set in at intervals across the ends. There are ribbon sashes, too, of satin, taffeta, or moire—anything so that you have a sash, for you are informed that all the new dressy gowns are supplied with them.

SMALLER SLEEVES.

The latest sleeve is perceptibly smaller at the top, where the puff has been gradually diminishing for some time; and while the little frills still decorate the shoulder, they, too, have decreased in fulness and width, so that the effect is decidedly less in size. We are reconciled to this, however, by the abundance of trimming, which is a feature of nearly all sleeves. They are tucked diagonally, straight around, or up and down in groups, and rows of lace insertion, bands of narrow beaded galen and black velvet ribbon are set in in various forms. A novel finish just below the two little frills at the shoulder is a sort of ruche of accordion-plaited silk to match the gown in color. This is about two and a half inches wide and narrowly hemmed, and one row is set on over another to give it more fulness. Almost any mode of trimming the sleeve which may be fancied is sure to illustrate some variation of this fashion, providing there is no very bouffant effect at the top.

The variety in skirts and skirt trimmings is perplexing, indeed, after the long period of the fashion of plain skirts, which, with many other merits, have been a relief to the mind by never giving cause for any indecision in regard to style. The revolution in skirts is well under way now, however, and to decide which mode will lead and meet with approval later on is a difficult problem even for those who are oracles in the profession. The point in the general plan of skirts is that they are all made separate from the lining at the bottom, except possibly the cloth gowns. All the thin wool materials, silks, and cotton fabrics are made up in this way.

THE CIRCULAR SKIRT.

The circular skirt in various forms seems to be a favorite cut with some designers, and in foulard silks, barèges, and thin canvas materials it sometimes shows a full front and back with wide circular sides. For example, one imported model of silk has an accordion-plaited front, narrow at the top and widening out toward the bottom, plain circular sides, and an accordion-plaited back. A knife-plaited ruche of the silk, three inches wide, and edged with very narrow white lace, trims the skirt down the four seams where the fulness joins the plain part and across the lower edge at the side. This is recommended as especially good style, but the fashionable skirt this season can be the one which is most becoming to the figure, since there so many modes from which to chose.

In heavy materials there is less fulness, while in the thin ones there seems to be abundant width; but the difference in cut and manner of making gives more of the clinging effect. One skirt of changeable blue and white taffeta has a three-inch hem at the bottom with three tiny tucks above. This finish extends up the left side, where the skirt opens over a panel of gathered white mousseline de soie, with insertions of black lace set in crosswise. This is attached to the white taffeta foundation skirt.

SPANISH FLOUNCES

The Spanish flounce in varying widths has a place among the silk gowns, and in one model it begins at the seams of the front breadth, where it is not more than six inches wide, and widens to a half yard at the back. Two rows of cream lace insertion with a space between outline the front seams, make a sharp turn, and head the ruffle all around. Other skirt models have a deep yoke around the hips, quite plain and fastening in some mysterious way, from which the full skirt hangs. If the yoke is like the skirt it may have two or three rows of lace insertion set in around the lower edge; but it is sometimes made of a contrasting material, and the top of the skirt is finished by gathering it in three fine cords. Tucks, ruffles, insertions, rows of ribbon, and bias folds are equally in favor among the skirt trimmings. A very novel effect is made on a gown of ecru wool net with a very open mesh. It is tucked from the waist to the hem in the inch-wide tuck twice their own width apart, and the thread which holds them together is black velvet baby ribbon faced in and out. The bodice and sleeves are also tucked, and the lining throughout is pink silk. Accordion-plaited skirts in net crepe de Chine, and any light material, are evidently well to the front in the ranks of fashion. One pretty model in pale gray crepe de Chine has tiny ruches of gray chiffon set on in waved lines several inches apart half way up the skirt.

BODICES AND BELTS.

Any detailed description of the bodice decorations is impossible, as it is more elaborate and varied than ever. Wide collars, surplice waists, and bolero jackets, with back and front alike, or with a wide collar in the back and a jacket front, are still in evidence, and the bodice, with a slightly pouched front, has come to the fore again as if it were really a novelty. Then there is the full bodice, which opens on the side, from the belt to the shoulder, where it is finished with a frill of lace or chiffon, or left open for two inches over a strip of lace, gathered in like a vest. The opening is finished on the edges with straight revers two inches wide, lined with white satin and left to fall over the opening or turn back at will.

The width and style of the belt are points for consideration this season. Although bodices are full and elaborately trimmed, fashion favors the slim effect around the waist and furnishes a variety in form and modes of finishing the bottom of the bodice which can be adapted to every figure. A draped belt of soft silk pointing up at the back with a slight point on the lower edge like a girdle, and narrowing to two inches in the front, where it fastens with a soft bow, is perhaps the most generally becoming shape. If the gown is foulard, the belt may be of the same silk, or of satin, silk or velvet, in some contrasting color. There are other belts of a uniform width of three or four inches made of white satin ribbon, well covered with an embroidery of fine beads and colored silks, and corselet belts of Venetian guipure lace over satin.

WAIST AND NECK.

Striped, plain, and plaid ribbon and ribbons of every color are used for contrasting effect at the waist and neck, and Louis XVI ribbons form sashes on some of the thin gowns. Pretty belts are made of black satin ribbon an inch wide, put on in rows, lapping one a little over the other, giving the effect of folds with the edges turning up. If a wide belt is desired, this is a good method of producing it as the narrow ribbon is easily fitted to the form.

Chiffon and silk, embroidered with motifs of real lace and silver, jet or gold beads are a special feature of bodice trimming; and a fine vine of applique lace sewn on all over the bodice and bands of narrow black satin or velvet ribbon crossing white satin revers and ruching in small loops are very effective. Fancy braids of all kinds are employed, and laces and insertions in all their varying widths have first place among the trimmings for thin gowns. Knife-plaited frills and ruches of silk are also a feature of trimming, and fancy buttons, especially in small sizes, are another. Shades of violet, green, red, and pink are very much in evidence in the finish of gowns of neutral tint, and such combinations as light green on a dull blue and white foulard and green with dark heliotrope are not unusual.

SOFT MATERIALS.

Soft, clinging materials, such as nun's veiling, barege grenadines, satin delaines, foulards and double cashmeres, are first choice for street and half-dress gowns. A pretty French model in heliotrope barege has a most peculiar skirt, which hangs full in front and plain on the sides and is cut in some peculiar manner, so that some of the tucks, which are narrow and many, extend down the middle of the straight back and trim the skirt across the hips. The waist is plain in the back and is covered with a fine vine of applique lace, and the front, which fastens on the shoulder and under the arm, hangs loose like a bolero above a wide belt of green and black striped ribbon. Green silk covered with the lace applique is set on to form an odd-shaped collar, and is edged around with narrow black velvet ribbon and fine gold cord. Another gown, of brown cashmere, has a bodice formed of deep tucks, which continue in the shape of frills over the shoulders. The front is turned back in revers of mauve silk edged with black silk cord from a vest of ivory lace striped across with black velvet baby ribbon finished at the end with a double loop, and of white brocaded silk, with mauve, brown and pink in the flowering. The belt and collar are of black satin.

GRASS LAWN.

Embroidered grass lawn and mauve velvet form a pretty combination for trimming a brown dress, with the inevitable touch of black to accentuate the other colors. Black silk net over a purple red silk forms another gown; the skirt is accordion plaited, with a ruche of finer net at the bottom and around the hips. The sleeves are shirred and trimmed with rows of narrow black insertion; loops of net lined with red and finished with a lace edge give the only fullness at the top, and the bodice is of net and lace insertion, with bands of black satin ribbon, a vest of lace-edged white chiffon frills and a black satin belt. A novel bodice model is carried out in cerise and gold-shot silk striped with lines of fine black passementerie. Tucked silk forms the yoke and collar, chiffon ruche at the head complete the rest. The revers are covered with Oriental kilted frills with a tiny black lental embroidery, and the kilted frill finishes the edge and trims the sleeves.

A NOVEL EFFECT.

Red canvas with cords of black silk laced over plaited grass lawn makes a novel costume. The collar is of embroidered grass lawn spotted over with tiny gray pearls and coral beads, and a fold of pink and black satin forms the belt and neck band. A pretty front for a black canvas gown is a surplice vest of black Liberty satin, filled in at the neck with cream lace over cream satin. The wide belt is of black satin and the bolero of gray blue silk with steel and fine jet embroidery and a large steel button at the end of the revers. A simple costume in striped grass lawn has a plain bodice of green silk and a bolero arrangement of the lawn edged with black velvet ribbon. A novel decoration for a cloth or fine tweed gown is a series of tiny tucks, half the width of an ordinary seam, stitched in by machine at intervals of an inch and a half from waist to hem on the circular skirt, and all over the bolero and sleeves. A neat model is in gray cloth, lined through with bright red silk, and the wide belt and collar are of bias silk in a green, blue, red and black plaid. The bolero opens at the side, where there is a decoration of tiny steel buttons and three plaited tab ends of silk sewn on the edge.

LATEST COIFFURES.

The principal aim in the present mode of hair dressing seems to be to increase the apparent size of the head, and while the hair is still curled all around to make it fluffy, it is not waved so regularly in deep undulations as it has been for some time. The influence of the early Victorian mode is very evident in the fashion of wearing the hair high on the head, and all sorts of curls, puffs, chignons, rats and cushions are used to augment the coiffure. The hair is twisted in a close coil, or high loops; but in either case it must be well up on the head if you would be in the latest fashion. A new device for regulating the height of the loops and keeping them in place is the use of wire in something of the same manner in which it is applied to loops of ribbon and lace in millinery. A narrow comb, shaped to the back of the head and put in directly under the knot in the same way that side combs are used, helps to complete the effect of fluffiness so much desired.

THICK CURLY HAIR.

The woman with thick, curly, and not very long hair has a priceless treasure with which she can achieve great success in the fashion of hair dressing, since the pompadour effect all around the head is the first requisite of a correct coiffure. The average woman has a long struggle with the curling irons to accomplish this. The pompadour style certainly prevails just at the moment, but for the woman with wavy hair of even length, a classic head and Madonna face, there is another style which shows the parting. The hair is brushed down a little way on each side of the parting, and caught up with the knot on the top of the head.

Little corkscrew curls are used in various ways to add to the frizzy effect, and for evening dress the ornamental decorations are quite as important as the manner of doing the hair. English women, who, by the way, have the reputation of rarely dressing their hair with becoming effect, wear various large structures of feathers, flowers, lace and ribbons, which resemble a toque more than a headdress. Tulle pompons, rosettes and marabout feathers, spangled with silver, steel, gold and brilliants; bows of ribbon with large aigrettes or flowers, are favorite fancies for the headdress, and two or three different things are often combined in one.

A TALK ON COLORS.

People wear Vesuvius red now, and elephant's breath, London smoke, tabac, crushed raspberry and strawberry, and robin's egg blue and other shades, but fashionable folks of old wore colors with names more odd sounding still. Innocent infant was once a favorite color and captain's glory; also a sad drab color known as penitent hermit. A gown of caterpillar brown might be adorned with trimmings of canary tail. A strong gray, blended with purple, was dubbed lively flea, and whereas there is now break-of-day pinks, milliners of a century ago trimmed poke bonnets with ruchings of the thought-of-the-beloved one and quillings of doe's belly.

A court beauty in the time of Henry IV of France affected a color known as inortal sin, and it came to be the rage forthwith; and common harm was another popular fancy for stomachers and petticoats.

One subtle, hardly-hinted-at shade was christened stifled sigh. Dead alive was another anomalous color greatly in favor in Marie Antoinette's time, most of these out-of-the-way and rather undecided shades being chosen by women whose dainty coloring needed only an unobtrusive background to bring it into relief.

Color had always been a study with French women. They are not timid in regard to the use of venturesome hues, as are many American women. They take into consideration the tint and texture of their skin, the color of their eyes and hair and the general type of feature, and then they select such color as will best set them off to advantage. A French woman is a masterhand in the matter of evolving effects. She gives the choosing of colors deliberate and careful attention, and moreover is quick to notice that a shade becoming to her one day under certain conditions may not suit her next, and so varies her combinations accordingly.

"I have frequently noticed that a hat becoming to the wearer when worn with a gown of a certain make—of course referring to the bodice—loses half its charms when worn with another," says a modiste who devotes hours of time to devising harmonious costumes. "I have not yet thought out the whys and wherefores of this, but I know that it is a fact, and is a matter of contour and proportion as much as of color. Even if the hat or bonnet in question suits the wearer's individuality perfectly, it must be considered with relation to her gown as well. I don't mean the wearing of a green hat with a green gown, or a gray hat with a gray gown; as long as women stick to one all-over color they are safe, if not handsome; but a hat of a certain outline and adornment and a gown of a certain outline and ornament. I have been disappointed several times when, as I thought, I had chosen both gown and hat with regard to harmony to find that the tout ensemble was not becoming. A gown with the zouave or bolero effect, either in velvet or braided cloth, calls for a very different style of hat from the gown with a straight-cut bodice or surplice draped waist. Often it is not the matter of shade or color that makes a woman appear not at her best, but a matter of texture and shape and cut. The style of hairdressing for an evening or dinner toilet should be tried with reference to the style of the gown that is to be worn as much as with regard to the shape of the face.

"There is a great deal to be thought about in the choosing of colors and no set rules may be given. A shade of red in dull silk or lustreless cloth that kills a woman of a certain type that dulls her eyes and makes her look sallow, can be worn successfully by the same individual if developed in rich velvet or glossy broadcloth. Certain women maintain that green ruins them and are in despair because they can't wear it when it is in the fashion. I can dress any woman becomingly in green if I can have my pick of textures and shades. A woman who could not wear any of the screaming colors now in vogue (in vogue because the pale Parisian belles of the moment look well in them) could always trust to green if she chose the right shade. She could not choose it in a minute; she would have to take some pains about it. The woman who aspires to be well dressed should think out conclusions for herself. To be well dressed does not mean buying and wearing the finest things in the best stores, but selecting such colors and styles and materials as will set off one's particular type to advantage."

CYCLING SUITS.

From $249 Away Down to Modest $9.21.

Bicycle girls are now planning their spring wardrobes, says the New York Journal. They have even neglected thinking of Easter costumes until the momentous question of what their spring bicycle suit shall be has been decided. Such is their allegiance to the wheel.

And the bicycle outfits vary greatly according to the wealth and social position of the purchaser. The unfortunate father of the young woman who is a member of the "400" will find that it will require his check for nearly $250 merely to supply his daughter with her spring bicycle clothes, to say nothing of her wheel and its many accessories.

Tailors of acknowledged reputation charge for their best bicycle suits of two pieces from $65 to $85. This spring these fashionable tailors are showing for bicycle costumes an array of light weight fancy cheviots, and also reversible covert coatings for spring wear.

The cheviots come in all the new shades of the season, and many of them are striped or invisibly plaided.

GREEN BLUE CHEVIOT.

One of the most correct bicycle costumes, and incidentally the most expensive, for this season of the year is made of a greenish blue cheviot, lined with brocaded silk, and trimmed with braid. The coat is a jaunty Eton, which fits the figure closely at the back. It is made with broad Lancer revers of black velvet, which turn back to show a bit of the waist worn beneath.

The jacket is trimmed down the front with black braid, and braiding is also used to decorate the skirt, which idea is something entirely new this season. In length the skirt, which is more often divided than circular, is about eight inches from the ground.

A braided suit of this description, lined with the brocaded silk and made by a Fifth avenue tailor, would cost $85.

BLOOMERS ARE EXPENSIVE.

The bloomers are an extra expense. They may be made of a variety of materials. A fabric called moirette, which is a cotton-back moire, is recommended for its wearing capacity. Peau de soie makes luxurious bloomers, but perhaps plain India silk for warm weather is most advisable, as it can always be washed. Besides the silk bloomers a pair of black tights should be part of every complete bicycle outfit. The silk bloomers will cost about $5.

The waists to wear with her bicycle suit must be many. She will need six shirt waists. Two should be made of Linon, and two perhaps of the new Swisses, which are so effective this year, sprinkled with a colored dot. The others may be in any of the new cotton materials. For these waists made to order she will have to pay at least $25.

She will also need two silk waists, one costing $15, and one for $25.

Three neckties at $1.50 apiece will cost $4.50. These neckties are not stocks. The young woman who wishes to be extremely exclusive scorns a stock this spring. She wears her necktie pulled through a ring. The ring may be of gold, studded with emeralds, and costing $200, or it may be merely of gold, and not jewel studded. The ring, however, is not considered a necessary part of even the fashionable girl's bicycle outfit.

SEVERAL HATS NEEDED.

In the matter of hats the bicycle girl has many varieties from which to choose. The English walking hat is still the most correct for bicycling. A hat suitable to wear with the $85 costume is a walking shape, made of black and white straw. The rather high crown is white chip, and the rolling brim coarse black straw. The crown is indented. The hat is trimmed with black ostrich feather pompons, black and greenish blue quills, and a wide ribbon band. It can't be bought for less than $10.

The fashionable girl will need two other hats to wear on her wheel. One of the latest fancies is the hat resembling the Alpine in shape, but made of three different colored straws. Then there is an exceedingly novel hat. Alpine in shape, but a trifle broader in effect. This has the top of the crown finished by a puffing of grass cloth, and is trimmed with quills and a broad band of ribbon.

WEAR LOW SHOES.

The swell bicycle girl will not wear high leather boots this spring, especially on balmy, sunshiny ways. She can afford to have bicycle hose and low shoes, and so she wears them.

The latest bicycle stockings are of wool, and come plaided and in the soft heather mixtures. They are woven with a broad band, which turns down, not at the knee, but about half way, in the middle of the leg. These stockings cost anywhere from 75 cents to $1.25 a pair.

Her shoes must be of Dongola leather, made all in one piece, and with the softest soles. These vary in price from $8 to $15, according to where they are made. If she wishes a pair of high boots she should buy them with horse-hide soles, which make them exceptionally light.

Her kid gloves, with ventilated palms, will cost at least $1, and her corset $5.

Her belt is one of her greatest extravagances. She is more apt to buy a half dozen than one. Among the pretty but inexpensive belts this season are those in different colored leathers bound with patent leather. The more costly ones are made of medalions of old silver, held together by fine chains over a leather belt as a foundation. These belts are frequently studded with jewels, and are really works of art. They vary in price from $10 to $30.

When the girl of the "400" has completed her spring bicycle wardrobe her much-to-be pitied father will be apt to receive a bill which will read much like the following:

Bicycle costume, two pieces	$ 85 00
Cloth hat to match suit	5 00
Two silk shirt waists	40 00
Two pairs cycling hose	2 50
Bicycle boots	15 00
Two pairs of gloves	2 00
Black tights	2 00
Two pairs of silk bloomers	10 00
Two straw cycling hats	20 00
Six cotton shirt waists	25 00
Three silk neckties	4 50
Bicycle shoes made to order	10 00
Corset	5 00
Belt	15 00
Sweater, in silk and wool	8 00
Total	$249 00

This bill, it must be remembered, is simply for the spring outfit. When the summer days come the cheviot suit must be replaced by one of linen or crash, just as well made, and then for another bill to be sent to the head of the family.

The fair member of the "400" has her bicycle suit made to order by a ladies' tailor, perhaps the very one who so admirably fitted her spring tailor-made gown. She can thus be assured that her suit will fit, and that it will have a certain individuality of its own. For this she will gladly allow her father to pay the price.

A SUIT FOR $9.21.

For the young women who ride the wheel, but do not possess coin of the realm in plenty, there are bicycle suits this spring that vary in price from $5 to $8. An entire bicycle outfit which will be both practical and good looking can be bought for the modest sum of $9.21. Just read this article and find out how easily it may be done.

Jaunty bicycle suits in serge, consisting of circular skirt and little Eton coat, can be found in a number of the big dry goods shops for $5. The Eton coat is a most useful little garment, as it can be worn both closed or open. It has broad revers, which, according to their usual custom, button back when the day is warm, but when an emergency arises and they are needed to protect the chest, they may be easily folded over. The hem of the skirt is headed with rows of stitching.

In color these inexpensive bicycle suits come in navy blue, brown, fawn and gray. Those for $8 are made in a better quality of serge or of ladies' cloth.

With this suit a cloth Tam o' Shanter may be worn. Stylish ones, with a ribbon rosette and a quill at the side, can be bought for 50 cents.

The self-supporting young woman cannot afford to wear silk bloomers, and serge ones are expensive, too, so if she is a wise young woman she will have a pair of percaline bloomers, and make them herself. A good quality of percaline will cost 28 cents a yard, and it will require three yards to make a good full pair of bloomers. That the percaline washes makes it an admirable material for bloomers. The percaline bloomers can be made for 84 cents.

Her shirt waist, if she is not particular as to the quality, can be bought for 50 cents, with adjustable collars and cuffs.

She can buy a necktie, which will be an addition to her costume, for the modest sum of 7 cents.

Of course she must have a belt. One of broad black elastic will be found the most serviceable, and can be bought for 15 cents.

If she wants a bag for her change she can get a small one for 25 cents. Or for 50 cents she can buy a narrow



FOR THE LENTEN SEASON.



EVENING GOWNS.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

leather belt with a little leather pocket attached to the side.

WEARS HIGH BOOTS.

The young woman who wishes to buy her bicycle suit for $5 cannot afford bicycle hose and low shoes, so she wears high boots or leggings. She can get good-looking leather boots for $1.90—that is, if her foot is not in any way extraordinary. Then she can wear under her boots any kind of stockings she may choose. Or she can buy a pair of cloth leggings for 69 cents; but the boots are apt to prove the most serviceable.

It is not at all necessary for her to pay $1 for a pair of bicycling gloves with ventilated palms. Let her save her old gloves for cycling wear. When they cannot be worn on any other occasion they are still quite presentable for the wheel. Here is the itemized account of an entire spring bicycle outfit, showing that it can be bought for less than $10:

Bicycle suit, two pieces	$5 00
Hat	50
Shirt waist	50
Belt	15
Leather bag	25
Boots	1 90
Bloomers	84
Necktie	7
Total	$9 21

NO VELVET BINDING.

It is wise for the bicycle girl who is forced to be economical to remember that she must not put a velvet binding on her bicycle skirt. It is sure to cause her infinite trouble. Its capacity for wearing out is unequalled; and not only that, but the band of velvet is apt to cling to her ankles, and there is a great possibility of an accident in dismounting.

If she finds that her inexpensive suit has been made with the inside seams unbound, she should stop and bind each one of the seams herself before wearing

was crushed effect made of steel-spangled guipure over satin. An oval buckle in front held a ribbon band in place. In the back was a tuft of black ostrich feathers.

A WOMAN'S COLLAR.

Why is it that women who are dressed in the height of fashion from other standpoints so often show lamentable lack of taste in the dressing of their necks. First of all, there is that stoutish type. She is worth ten thousand per annum, and she wears a handsome cloth gown, which has no collar where the collar should be. The material of that gown cost $2.50 or $3 per yard and with a choker or silk stock collar the gown would be smart-looking and lovely. Instead of the choker, however, her bodice is cut quite low in the neck and filled in with an untidy bit of narrow ruching. She is entirely unconscious of the incongruity.

"I suppose I look a perfect fright," she says: "My tailor made a great fuss, I can tell you, about this collar. But you know, my dear, I really can't stand anything about my neck, looks or no looks."

And there is the woman, too, who tries to make tailor effects and doesn't try hard enough. She wears white collars, cravats, etc., and she wears them badly. She imagines that a linen collar may be worn two successive days, or even three, without the fact becoming apparent. A collar is good for one day only, and sometimes not entirely good for that space of time. The second day out is just as noticeable as three or four buttons missing upon a man's coat.

Women are inclined, too, toward leniency in the matter of laundering. A woman will wear a collar which breaks when first turned about the neck, or one which is blackened in ironing, without a protest. A man refuses so

men present wore black satin skirts and light fancy waists. Black moire velour skirts have been much used, but unless a waist of the same is worn they are not really considered au fait. This material is made into beautiful gowns, and when elaborately trimmed is highly suitable for reception and calling gowns.

BLACK LACE LINGERIE.

Dreaming of solid lace lingerie is often heard of, but not of black lace. Heretofore such lace garments have been of the purest white. But in the very latest development of fancy lingerie the garments are not only of solid lace, but the lace is black. Black lace underwear is not nearly so somber as it sounds, and the effect is positively charming. It speaks for itself as being of Parisian origin, and it is whispered that the first Parisian to import it into this country was Mlle. Yvette Guilbert. If this was an attempt to introduce a French fancy into New York it has been successful, for at least a score of New York's best known women have recently ordered sets of black lace lingerie. A typical set of black underwear has a petticoat that is as pretty as a dream, if it is of unrelieved black. The foundation is of some delicate diaphanous stuff and upon this are placed a succession of narrow ruffles of the finest black lace, wrought in exquisite designs, and the whole petticoat being literally as light as air. Of course the corset cover worn with this matches it exactly. Flounce after flounce of lace in graduated widths hang from the low cut neck and droop over the shoulders. If this combination appears to the wearer too dreary in hue it is lightened by touches of rose or lilac ribbon, which are used to draw in both waist and skirt.

Of course black lingerie lace cannot extend much farther than this.



AN AMERICAN GIRL IN PARIS.

the suit. It is sure to last twice as long if this is done. Galloon is an excellent material for binding, and costs but a few cents a yard.

Besides her linen collar, she should make for herself a turn-down collar of the same material as her shirt waist. She can easily match it, and the turn-down collar will leave her neck free in warm weather and will keep its good appearance much longer than the stiff linen one.

FASHION'S DEMANDS.

Modish Things in Various Styles and Prices.

PRINCESS GOWN.

During Lent women seem to have taken to calling a great deal, perhaps because fashionable folk are resting—so to speak—and the time they have heretofore spent in attending teas and receptions is now being devoted to calling, says the Chicago Chronicle. Most of the society women have their regular "at home" day, and the bevy of beautifully gowned women who call make very pretty pictures. At one of these "at homes" last week a young matron of the north side appeared in a stunning princess gown in mouse gray cashmere, elaborately trimmed on the cuirass bodice and epaulets with guipure appliques embroidered and powdered with steel paillettes. Large buttons to match ornamented the box gore front of the skirt. The sleeves were small and of gray velvet, gores of the same being set in the skirt. Narrow bands of skunk fur outlined the epaulets and a high collar of the same brought out the fresh complexion of the wearer. With this costume a dark gray velvet hat was worn. The crown

to do. He is finicky about his collars. He has to be. And if a woman desires to be really smart of look and tailor-made she must either seek a canny laundress or pay 2 cents per collar at some public laundry.

The tie or cravat is another point which counts much in the game. One meets eight women in ten who wear the tie in a bunch under the ear, fastened in a "string" or not tied at all. If five minutes were devoted to the operation instead of two seconds the feminine cravat could vie successfully with any manly article.

There is yet another type of woman whose neck dressing gives her away. This woman will purchase a fresh yard of ribbon for wear with an evening costume, and she will don that ribbon without a stiff collar beneath it—without so much as a strip of stiff crinoline to hold it in place. Within ten minutes the neckwear is crumpled, creased and unbecoming. The effect of the entire costume is spoiled.

Another type of woman buys her neck garniture, ribbons, ruchings, ruffles and so on without regard to the costumes of which her wardrobe boasts. She wears them upon the same plan. This woman is of the generation which would wear a flowered silk ribbon about her neck with a floral pattern in her frock, or colors which war with each other and slay.

BLACK SATIN SKIRTS.

Women who have black satin skirts need not think because light colored skirts are now so much favored that the former useful possession is passe. They will be worn just as much as ever, and this is something to feel a little happiness over, for they can so often be brought into use, and always look well and generally in place. These skirts worn with light waists are more than convenient, and it was remarked of a certain very select dinner given several weeks ago that half the women present wore black satin skirts and light fancy waists. Black moire velour skirts have been much used, but unless a waist of the same is worn they are not really considered au fait. This material is made into beautiful gowns, and when elaborately trimmed is highly suitable for reception and calling gowns.

and yet it would never do to combine white garments with these outer ones of black. So it is understood that black corsets must accompany them, being preferably of black satin, with embroidery in delicate colors. Then of course the tiny undervest must be of black silk, as must also the dainty embroidered stockings. In short, nothing can be much blacker or much daintier than the underwear of the woman who has set out to follow this new fad. Its cost is another matter, and it will readily be inferred that this striking fad is one that is not likely to be promiscuously indulged in. A set of garments of solid lace, which in finish and elegance might easily be mistaken for a ball gown, can neither be obtained nor replaced for a song.

FOOD ILL DIGESTED

Imperfectly nourishes the system, since it is only partially assimilated by the blood. Pale, haggard mortals, with dyspeptic stomachs, impoverished circulation and weak nerves, experience a marked and rapid improvement in their physical condition by availing themselves of that sure resource of the sick and debilitated, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This genial tonic and alterative lends an impetus to the precesses of digestion which insures an adequate development of the materials of blood, fiber and muscular tissue. Moreover, it soothes and strengthens overwrought or weak nerves, counteracts a tendency to hypochondria or despondency, to which dyspeptic and bilious persons are peculiarly liable, and is an agreeable and wholesome appetizer and promoter of repose. The infirmities of age, and of delicate female constitutions, are greatly relieved by it; and it is a reliable preventive of, and remedy for, malarial fevers.

BAYHA & TIBBETTS, UNDERTAKERS.

News of the Suburbs.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rev. F. E. Higgins, who for two years has occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian church at Barnum, will locate here. He preaches Sunday both morning and evening.

Mrs. Robert Murphy, of Duluth, has been visiting here this week, the guest of Mrs. J. F. Hermann and Mrs. S. McNally.

Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Kellie are happy over the arrival of a little daughter.

Miss Twannette Dash, of Spirit Lake, has been visiting Miss Belle Hermann this week.

Rev. A. F. Almquist, of Duluth, conducted services Thursday evening at the Baptist hall for the Swedish Lutheran church.

The Junior league of the Baptist Young People's union held a social in the Baptist hall Friday evening. A number of the young people turned out and it is needless to say thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Baptist church met with Mrs. J. F. Hermann Thursday afternoon.

G. E. Tupper's teams returned from the woods Thursday. The lumber camps near here have broken up for the season.

W. J. Menhennick and family left Friday morning for St. Charles, Minn., where they intend to make their future home. They have resided here for nearly six years and will be greatly missed. The loss to this place is St. Charles' gain. The good wishes of their many friends go with them.

Frank Speckeine left here Wednesday for Eau Claire, Wis., to work with J. M. Barton, a former resident of this place.

J. F. Hermann started Wednesday for a business trip through Southern Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan.

The Women's league of the Congregational church met with Mrs. G. Gifford, but a quorum not being present no business was transacted.

Master Floyd Stewart, of Duluth, was visiting relatives here this week.

Mrs. A. Livingstone and children are visiting her mother at Lakeside.

Mrs. Cooke and Miss Statelar are spending their vacation in Duluth.

Mrs. Charles McDonald accidentally slipped and fell on the street last Sunday, breaking one of her wrists.

Mrs. McGill and Miss Gassett made a trip to West Superior Monday.

A "burnt cork" entertainment for the benefit of the fire laddies will be given at the fire hall in the near future by the colored folks of Fond du Lac and New Duluth. A fine entertainment is promised.

A public debate was given at Modern Woodman hall Tuesday evening. The subject was: "Resolved, that woman's suffrage would be a benefit to the United States." G. Hermann C. Wil" U. C. Tower and W. H. Everett handled the affirmative, and W. N. Bowser, Dr. J. A. McCuen, H. T. Hermann and C. Beeklinger spoke for the negative. The subject was ably handled by both sides and the points were very evenly scored, the affirmative being awarded two majority. A large and appreciative audience was present, and, as might be expected, the ladies turned out en masse to hear their rights defended.

The boom which was put in by the Clark-Jackson Lumber company stretching across the St. Louis river in one of the channels just above this place, is now completed. There were two carloads of one inch steel chains made at Pittsburg, Pa., used in its construction. This boom furnished employment to a number of men. It is an expensive piece of work and the most substantial boom ever seen in this locality. Much credit is due Superintendent Hunt who had charge of the work. If the high water comes, as predicted, the several million feet of logs are surely secure in this boom.

CANOSIA LAKE.

At a meeting of the Canosia Lake Improvement association held Thursday evening it was decided to take the necessary steps to hold a special election in Canosia township for the purpose of submitting a proposition to issue bonds to the amount of $400 as a bonus to aid in the construction of a first-class telephone line from Duluth to Canosia Lake. The people here are almost unanimous in favor of having the line built and of voting bonds which, according to the proposition made to them, will be in operation June 15 next.

The petitions for the change of road around the Martin and Thomson hills and for a daily mail to and from this place will be vigorously circulated for signatures in Duluth at once. The Duluth bicycle clubs who are interested in the road petition will secure a large list of names of persons who are familiar with the route to Canosia lake.

A crew of surveyors are sub-dividing lot 4, section 30, township 51, range 15 west, a fraction fronting on the lake and owned in small tracts. The work is being done for the county for the purpose of enabling the assessor and auditor to properly describe the land upon the tax books.

The sleighing is good now from Duluth Heights to the lake. The snow is melting away fast.

Two bears were killed Wednesday near here by Mr. Koljeski.

TOWER.

C. S. Sargent, representing a number of business men of Duluth, was in town this week to ascertain if arrangements could be made with the Tower and Rainy River Transportation company for the transfer of the business to a company formed of Duluth business men, either alone or in conjunction with Tower people. A meeting was called Thursday evening, when Mr. Sargent was present, and the general opinion was in favor of Mr. Sargent's proposal. The terms of the agreement are not yet definitely settled, but a meeting is called for this evening, when it is expected all preliminaries will be arranged and the matter finally decided.

N. J. Miller and Capt. A. Paul, of Duluth, the latter an old and experienced steamboat man, are in the city with a view to purchasing the Moose and running her in connection with the transportation company's route between Kettle Falls and Seine River. When the plans of the company are definitely settled the purchase will probably be completed.

Charles Johnson, a Swede Finlander, was killed at the mines on Saturday about 10 o'clock at night by falling down a shoot and being buried under a mass of debris. It took from 10:30 p. m. on Saturday to 3:30 a. m. on Sunday to extricate the body. Deceased was 28 years of age and unmarried.

A telegram was received here on Friday last announcing the death at Rat Portage of J. Horrigan, a son-in-law of Mrs. Cameron, of this city, the result of an injury received while engaged in lumbering.

Rev. E. H. Bull returned on Friday from Grand Rapids, where he preached on Sunday last week. Should he receive a call to that field he will endeavor to make arrangements to visit his old Kentucky home before taking active charge of the duties in Grand Rapids.

A stepson of A. Bolin, of Rainy Lake, was brought in last Saturday with both feet frozen, having been lost in a storm some time ago while on his way back from J. Berg's store in Rainy Lake City with supplies. Part of one foot was amputated by Dr. Noble on Sunday last, there being a chance to save the other foot. The lad was taken to the poor farm of Itasca county on Monday.

MESABA MATTERS.

Professor Graham, principal of the Hibbing schools, is in our village the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Tierney.

Victor Nelson, of Allen Junction, went to Two Harbors Thursday.

John Olson, of Winton, Minn., a former resident of Mesaba, was in town this week renewing old acquaintances.

Harry Waite, of the H. F. Waite Lumber company, of Minneapolis, was in the village this week in the interests of his company.

Mesaba was visited Saturday by almost the entire tribe of Indians living in the vicinity of Allen Junction. In the crowd were a number of squaws, with their children and papooses. They came up on the freight train, had dinner here, and walked back to their wigwams in the afternoon laden with their purchases.

Mrs. Fred Mann, of Ely, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

William O'Hara and Mrs. Tierney, of Biwabik, visited Mr. and Mrs. James Tierney during the week.

Superintendent Drummond, of the C. M. Hill Lumber company, is in Michigan this week.

Misses Diana Gibeau, Emma Heglund and Mary Schurz visited friends in Allen Junction Saturday.

Misses Vera Watson and Gracie Withey were among the visitors at logging camp No. 2 on Tuesday.

John McDonald was in Allen Junction Tuesday, the guest of Victor Nelson.

Father Buh, of Tower, held religious services at the school house Tuesday evening and Wednesday morning.

Miss Ella T. Sullivan attended a teacher's meeting at Virginia Tuesday, consequently the school children here enjoyed an extra holiday.

Charles Sjbacka, of St. Louis River, was visiting friends in town this week.

The snow is rapidly disappearing. Work at the logging camps can last but a few days more. The roads are so soft now that it is impossible to work in the afternoons.

EVELETH.

Last Sunday morning the citizens of Eveleth were excited to a fever heat pitch over the alarming news of a hold-up and robbery which had been committed the previous night, says the Star. At first it looked as though the chances for bringing the perpetrators to justice was rather slim. But in less than twenty-four hours some of the party to the crime coughed the whole thing up and as a result one Lee, formerly of Soudan, was arrested on the complaint of the victim of the crime, William Noall, who had been struck on the head and robbed of $11. The following day the friends of the parties to the crime approached Noall and asked him to withdraw his complaint which he did upon the receipt of some $50, and Shea, alias Lee, was given his freedom, making himself very scarce.

Miss Winafred Church resigned her position in the Eveleth school last week and on Monday returned to her home in Sturgis, Mich. Miss Church contemplates entering on the hospital staff as a trained nurse in a Chicago hospital.

Capt. John Edwards was called home last week to attend the funeral of his aged father whose home is in Michigan.

Dr. H. L. Darms is confined to his room with a sore knee.

The Roberts mine at McKinley will be tapped about May 15 by the Duluth, Missabe & Northern. The mine will give somewhat of a boom to McKinley as the character of the ore is spoken of very highly.

The Colonial is the name of a newly organized mining company whose capital stock is $200,000 in shares of 8000. The organizers of this company are Capt. Roberts, C. E. Shannon, Willian White. The scene of operations will be on section 3, in 58-16, just south of the Canton.

The Fayal Iron company started shipping on Monday and will push things with much vigor this season.

The Auburn Mining company is making preparations for shipping and within a very short time will have ore at the docks.

The Adams is at present working a small force of about seventy-five men. Shipping at this mine will not begin for some time yet.

The Cincinnati has a stock pile of 20,000 tons and employs about seventy-five men.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, Minn., April 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Work on the Southall property, west of town, is progressing with a vim. S. S. Smith, who is in charge of the work is very confident of the existence of a large body of ore and is pushing the work. Osterberg brothers, who are in charge of the diamond drill spent Sunday in the city.

Ore shipments will begin in a few days and preparations are being made in the yards for the handling of cars and surface work around the mines is being pushed.

John G. Brown, of Brown Bros. & Miller, who are interested in section 26, spent a few days in the city this week. The company is employing about twenty-five men and by all reports is showing up good.

John Johnson has been employed at the depot to act as freight agent during the shipping season.

A meeting will be held tomorrow to reorganize the Ely Gun club, and several shoots will be held the coming summer.

Caryl W. Wilson, representing the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company, was in the city several days this week, soliciting life insurance.

An Indian, having in charge two small cub bears and a beautiful specimen of an American eagle, was in town the first of the week. The cubs furnished amusement for the small boys and girls. They were purchased by Mr. Scott.

Misses Eva Johnson and Tina Westerin are spending their spring vacation in the city from the Duluth high school, which they attend.

A. J. Thomas has returned from his trip to St. Paul.

Representative Vail spent Sunday and Monday in the city visiting his family. He seemed to be very much pleased with the work of the legislature. They expect to be through the latter part of the month.

William Scott has received several new bicycles which are on exhibition in the windows of the Chicago Clothing store.

Miss G. Leeson, of Duluth, is visiting her sister Mrs. E. J. Gilbert, for a few weeks.

W. G. McGonagle, of Two Harbors, was in the city Monday.

Charles Lahtl, an old resident of the iron country, left Thursday morning for Rosland, B. C., where he will seek employment.

William Flint, of Tower, spent Sunday in the city with friends.

Dr. Deitz is in the city doing dentistry.

George Westcott, editor of the Times, spent Wednesday in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. William Close, of Duluth, spent a few days in the city this week.

Nels Hoffman and crew are doing some work on the Duluth & Iron Range.

Dr. C. G. Shipman spent Tuesday in Duluth.

Rev. E. H. Bull came up from Tower Thursday night.

Mrs. F. Bearinger left Thursday for Port Huron, Mich., where she was called by a telegram announcing the serious illness of her father.

Harley Day left for Tower Thursday morning.

L. S. Loeb, of Duluth, spent Wednesday in the city.

A LOVER'S REMINISCENCE.

The lover said:
"Modest was she when first we wed;
So shy, indeed, I can't forget
Her blushes red!
And when she mounted her pony true
For a canter down Fifth avenue,
She wore a long skirt of sober blue,
Hiding her feet, and side-saddle, too."

Again he said:
"Now she's a bold and airy maid,
A biking miss, of naught afraid.
All coyness fled!
She wears a jaunty bloomer faddle,
And, when mounting her cycle saddle,
She nimbly leaps and lands a-straddle,
Then pedestrians just skeddadle."

—CECIL LESLIE.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED," TRY

SAPOLIO



Results of treatment.

DR. RODRIGUEZ SPANISH TREATMENT. A Positive Written Guaranteed Cure for LOST MANHOOD and all attendant ills, both of young and middle-aged men and women. The awful effects of YOUTHFUL ERRORS, shrunken or undeveloped organs, weakness, Nervous Debility, Nightly Emissions, Consumption, Insanity, Exhausting drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, nullifying one for study, business and marriage, is quickly cured by Dr. Rodriguez Spanish Nerve Grains. They not only cure by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great NERVE TONIC and BLOOD BUILDER, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks, and restoring the FIRE OF YOUTH to the patient. By mail, $1.00 per box or 6 for $5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book free. Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2899, New York.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Great Hotel of New York.

The Plaza, pioneer of the uptown center, maintains its lead as giving the best value for the price; European and American plans; Fifth avenue and Plaza square. Quick access to all parts of the city by elevated and surface routes.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY. Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.



Photographed from Life. REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.

1st Day. 15th Day. 30th Day.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

REVIVAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. Boyce, druggist

Duluth Trust Co Writes Fire Insurance.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 12, 1897, and terminating on April 12, 1898, by Wm Booneman, at 513 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 19th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 2d day of April, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON, City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald. April 3 14t.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. Sold by all druggists.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., March 23, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m. on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1897, for the furnishing and laying of about 11,060 lineal feet of 36-inch cast iron or steel water pipe with appurtenances, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of eight thousand (8000) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 25 10t.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

Council Chamber,
Duluth, Minn., March 29, 1897.
Regular meeting.
Roll call.
Aldermen present—Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—16.
Absent—None.
Upon motion of Alderman Harker, the minutes of the last meeting were approved.

PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS.

From his honor, the mayor: Veto of resolution of March 22, 1897, relative to reduction of salaries. Alderman Jefferson moved that the resolution be adopted notwithstanding the mayor's veto, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang—11.
Nays—Aldermen Harker, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—5.

From the mayor, submitting notice of summons and complaint in re E. W. Merchant and thirty-four others, plaintiff, vs. city of Duluth, defendant, served March 24, 1897—Referred to the city attorney.
From the city clerk, relative to proposed tri-charter bill—Received and ordered filed.
City engineer, report on the contract of the Carroll-Porter Boiler and Tank company, and upon the differences between N. F. Hugo and Ironton Steel company—Waterworks; state dairy and food commissioner, for delivery to the state of fines irrelevantly paid to the city of Duluth; a letter from the Central Trust company, of New York, to the Duluth Gas and Water company, and a letter from the Duluth Gas and Water company to the common council—Referred to the city attorney.
From the city attorney, transmitting bill now pending before the legislature to provide depositories for the funds of cities, etc—Ordinance and judiciary; report upon the matter of appropriations to charitable and benevolent societies, giving status of suits against banks formerly city depositories, reporting the drafting of a bill providing for the completion of West Duluth and Lakeside assessments, report of having framed a bill for extension of assessments and report upon the mandamus case in the matter of Garfield avenue viaduct, received and filed.
C. M. Horton, proposition to build iron or steel spans to carry force main across Lester river—Waterworks; bond of Health Officer Murray with Max Wirth and Horace S. Davis, as sureties—Auditing and finance.
Judson D. Holmes, application for position of associate attorney, transmitting his certificate of discharge from the United States army and licenses to practice law, received and filed.
Murdock McDonald, for rebate of sidewalk assessments paid—Streets, alleys and sidewalks; George Tanner, claim for damages on account of injury—Board of public works; M. J. Schultz for liquor license at No. 520 West Superior street; C. F. W. Korth, for liquor license at No. 5107 Gosnold street; Olaf Sandstedt, for liquor license at No. 507 West Superior street; Olen & Hendrickson, for liquor license at No. 416 Fifty-fifth avenue west; Peter Gilley, for liquor license at No. 322 Fifty-fifth avenue west—Police and license.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Recommending construction of steel or wooden truss across Lester river to carry the force main, submitting estimate to T. W. Hugo on salary, transmitting bids and award of contract to James A. Burke for cast iron water pipe and requisition for $20 postage—Waterworks.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

To the President and Common Council:
Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred petition of Frank Plutnisky for compensation for time lost on account of the accident while engaged on public work, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:
E. R. JEFFERSON,
DAVID SANG,
G. E. DUREN,
Committee.
Resolved, that the claim of Frank Plutnisky against the city of Duluth, on account of time lost by reason of damage sustained in an accident while engaged upon public work, and while engaged upon the improvement of Railroad street, be and is hereby not allowed.
Alderman Jefferson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Alderman Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Mr. President—12.
Nays—Aldermen Harker, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion—4.
Passed March 29, 1897.

To the President and Common Council:
Your committee on police and license, to whom was referred applications for license, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:
THOMAS DAHL,
FRANK CRASSWELLER,
ARTHUR J. HARKER,
Committee.
Resolved, that the application of M. J. Dahlsten, for liquor license at No. 19 Second avenue west, be and is hereby granted, and the bond accompanying said application is hereby approved.
Alderman Dahl moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—16.
Nays—None.
Passed March 29, 1897.
Approved March 30, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:
Your committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks, to whom was referred estimate to Samuel Meniece, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:
DAVID SANG,
THOS. DAHL,
GEORGE TISCHER,
Committee.
Resolved, that the estimate made March 22, 1897, by the board of public works to the bondsmen of Samuel Meniece for the construction of pile and timber approach to the Duluth-Superior bridge, be and is hereby referred back to the board of public works for investigation and report; also as to whether a new contract with the bondsmen would release said bondsmen from the penalty for non-performance within the time limit.
Alderman Sang moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—16.
Nays—None.
Passed March 29, 1897.
Approved March 30, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:
Your committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks, to whom was referred bids and awards of contract for the construction of tile and granolithic sidewalk corners for the ensuing year, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:
DAVID SANG,
THOS. DAHL,
GEORGE TISCHER,
Committee.
Resolved, that the contract awarded March 22, 1897, by the board of public works to the Granoloid Paving company on its proposal for the construction of tile and granolithic sidewalk corners for the year ending Feb. 28, 1898, be and is hereby confirmed by the common council.
Alderman Sang moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—16.
Nays—None.
Passed March 29, 1897.
Approved March 30, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:
Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred bids for furnishing and laying cast iron pipe and other appurtenances, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:
J. W. ROWLEY,
C. P. SHANNON,
Committee.
Resolved, that the contract awarded by the board of public works, March 27, 1897, to James A. Burke, on his bid for furnishing and laying of about 11,600 lineal feet of cast iron water pipe, together with sixty lineal feet of cast pipe and other appurtenances, be and is hereby confirmed by the common council.
Alderman Rowley moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—16.
Nays—None.
Passed March 29, 1897.
Approved March 30, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:
Your committee on waterworks to whom was referred the estimate of T. W. Hugo, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:
J. W. ROWLEY,
C. E. SHANNON,
Committee.
Resolved that the estimate made March 27, 1897, by the board of public works to T. W. Hugo on his salary as inspector of the manufacture of pumping machinery, boilers, etc., under contract of the D. Clint Prescott company, amounting to $105.22, be and is hereby allowed, and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer to pay the same.
Alderman Rowley moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion and Mr. President—16.
Nays—None.
Passed March 29, 1897.
Approved March 30, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

REPORTS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:
Gentlemen—
I have the honor to report upon the matter of an appropriation of $70,000, for the purpose of constructing a state normal school at Duluth, which was referred to me at the last meeting of your honorable body, March 22, 1897.
Professor R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of public instruction, very kindly consented to assist me in the undertaking and through the courtesy of Representative Laybourn, we were accorded an interview with the joint sub-committee on appropriation of the state legislature at 1 p. m. of Friday, March 26.
This committee is made up from the most economical persons of the senate and house of representatives with a view to making said committee most invulnerable to all attacks upon the state treasury.
Your committee presented to them the facts as follows: That by Chapter 184 of the laws of 1895 there was established a normal school in the city of Duluth to be known as the State Normal School of Duluth, provided said city shall donate to the state a suitable tract of not less than six acres of land to be approved by the normal school board, for the location, use and benefit of said school within twelve months from the passage of said act. It was urged that all the provisions on the part of the city of Duluth had been complied with; that at the expense of $11,000 the city of Duluth has donated a site consisting of six acres in a very desirable location, being two miles from the business center, convenient to a popular residence portion of the city, at an altitude of 365 feet above the lake, and having a slope of 50 feet toward the lake; that said site among many others had been examined minutely by the members of the state normal school board and selected and approved by said board, the title approved by the attorney general, and the deed to said property executed to the state of Minnesota, and filed in escrow with the attorney general, all within the period prescribed by said act of 1895.
It was claimed that the acts of the city of Duluth in conformity with the act of the legislature of the state of Minnesota, constituted a valid and binding contract between said city and said state, and that the word "established" in said act was used advisedly and should be considered authoritative.
Professor Denfeld followed with a very able and convincing argument upon the importance of a normal school in this part of the state, and the reasons why one should be immediately provided, giving as some of his reasons that this city employs about 260 teachers, about 60 or 70 of which are engaged the year round and out of that number procured last year, only nine graduates of Minnesota normal schools were attainable. He also stated that at least 30 residents of Duluth are attendants at the Superior normal school, for which tuition they pay a tribute to the state of Wisconsin, and at least 50 pupils from Duluth would apply for membership if a school were established in Duluth, and that the public schools of this city would furnish employment for all graduates from said school. He also stated that it was difficult to get a full corps of teachers who were all citizens of the United States, and that it is necessary to employ teachers from the neighboring Dominion of Canada.
Your committee closed its argument by answering some of the individual objections to this project such as its being a local improvement, the reduced condition of the state treasury and the amount of the appropriation asked, by showing that the proposition would be of a great importance to a large section of the state of Minnesota, therefore a great advantage to the entire commonwealth; that, while the state treasury is not in quite as prosperous condition as heretofore, yet the state of Minnesota is much better provided in this respect than most of the states of the Union; that, while the city of Duluth asked for $125,000 for this purpose, the state normal school board had cut down the requisition to $70,000, and insists that this sum is necessary and advisable.
Probably the strongest argument used was the fact that of the total tax levy of the state ($13,535,948.29) the sum of $1,209,180.81, or 1-11 of the entire tax levy of the state, is put upon the county of St. Louis; that St. Louis county has never asked for anything of this kind from the state before; that its requests were very moderate in this instance, and that in proportion to its size, to its population, to its importance in the state and to the proportion of its tax levy it was justly entitled to the appropriation which it now asks.
The sub-joint committee replied that it considered such matters in executive session, that it would weigh the arguments which had been made and advise us at a later day of its conclusions.
Altogether, though the outlook seemed most discouraging and we were informed that it would be almost impossible to accomplish our object, yet we feel that the committee was impressed with the points which we brought to its notice; a great deal of work was done with individual members of the legislature, nearly all of whom were acquainted with either Professor Denfeld or your representative, and the city of Duluth has scores of members who will endeavor to have the sum of $70,000 left upon the budget of general appropriations for the coming year.
In addition to this work, there will be an opportunity of meeting with a general appropriation committee before this budget is finally acted upon, and if your honorable body so desires, the effort previously made can be repeated with said committee.
It is most fitting that Professor Denfeld, who spent two days of his valuable time at his own personal expense upon this matter, and whose services in the same were very valuable, should be considered a public benefactor and appreciated as such.
Very respectfully,
C. E. RICHARDSON,
Committee.
Upon motion of Alderman Stevens, the report was received and ordered filed and the committee continued.

INTRODUCTION AND CONSIDERATION OF ORDINANCES.

By Alderman Burg:
An ordinance relating to the duties of the city sealer of weights and measures, fixing the fees of such officer and providing for penalties for the use of unsealed weights and measures.
The Common Council of the City of Duluth do ordain:
Section I. It shall be the duty of the sealer of weights and measures for the city of Duluth to inspect and examine at least once in each and every year all weights, measures, scale beams, patent balances, steelyards and other instruments used for weighing and measuring in the city of Duluth, and to stamp with a suitable seal all weights, measures and scales so used which he may find correct, and to deliver to the owner thereof a certificate of their accuracy; and all scales for weighing coal shall be examined three times each year, viz., in the months of October, January and March.
Section II. The said officer shall be entitled to demand and receive before delivering the certificate mentioned in Section I hereof the following fees:
For inspecting and sealing railroad or track scales of the capacity of twenty tons and upward each, three dollars and fifty cents.
For inspecting and sealing scales of from three to ten tons capacity, each one dollar.
For inspecting and sealing dormant scales, each fifty cents.
For inspecting and sealing movable platform scales, each thirty-five cents.
For inspecting and sealing beams weighing one thousand pounds and upward, each thirty-five cents.
For inspecting and sealing hopper scales, each one dollar and twenty-five cents.
For inspecting and sealing counter scales, each twenty cents.
For inspecting and sealing every patent balance, steelyard or other instrument for weighing, other than above enumerated, each twenty cents.
And, with each scale sealed by him he shall inspect and seal one set of weights without any additional charge or compensation.
For inspecting and sealing any dry measure, each 5 cents.
For inspecting and sealing liquid measures of a capacity of five gallons and upward, each 10 cents.
For inspecting and sealing liquid measures of a capacity of not less than one gallon nor more than five gallons, each, 10 cents.
For inspecting and sealing one-half gallon and one quart liquid measures, each, 5 cents.
For inspecting and sealing liquid measures of a less capacity than one quart, each, 5 cents.
For inspecting and sealing any board or cloth measure, each 5 cents.
And, in every case where he may, at the request of the owner, employ labor or material in making any scale accurate, he shall be entitled to a just compensation therefor.
Section III. The said sealer of weights and measures of the city of Duluth shall make to the city comptroller, on or before the 10th day of each month a report in writing, verified by affidavit, showing in detail the fees and charges collected by him in the preceding month, and at the same time shall pay into the city treasury the full amount of such fees and charges so collected by him for the use of the city of Duluth. A failure to make such report and to pay over such fees and charges within the time above limited shall be considered as a resignation of the said office, and the common council may thereupon declare the office vacant and appoint a successor.
Section IV. Any person who shall, in weighing or measuring any article for purchase or sale within the city of Duluth, use any weight, measure, scale beam, patent balances, steelyards or other instrument, not sealed or without having first obtained the aforesaid certificate from the said sealer of weights and measures, as required by this ordinance, shall forfeit and pay to the city the sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for each and every offense, the same to be recovered by civil action with costs of same to be taxed as in other cases.
Section V. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

By Alderman Dahl:
An ordinance amending an ordinance "To license and regulate all keepers of intelligence and employment offices for men, as well as all persons doing the business of seeking employment for men, or procuring or furnishing male employes for others in the city of Duluth." Passed January 23rd, 1895; approved Jan. 28th, 1895, and published May 18th, 1895.
The Common Council of the City of Duluth do Ordain:
That Sec. 4 of an ordinance, entitled, "An ordinance to license and regulate all keepers of intelligence or employment offices for men as well as all persons doing the business of seeking employment for men or procuring or furnishing male employes for others in the city of Duluth," passed Jan. 23rd, 1895, approved Jan. 28th, 1895, and published May 18th, 1895, be hereby amended to read as follows:
Sec. 4. Book to be kept by licensee. Certified copy of contract. Reports to city clerk. Hiring deemed fraudulent when. Every person licensed under the provisions of this ordinance shall keep in his office or place of business, a book in which shall be entered in consecutive or chronological order in writing, in the English language, the contracts between such licensee and the person for whom such licensee is authorized to hire or furnish employes, which said contract shall specify the kind of services required, the term or duration of employment, the place where such services are to be performed, the price or wages to be paid therefor, the number of employes that such licensee is authorized to hire or employ for such person, and the time when said licensee's said contract with said person will expire. Said contract shall be signed by such licensee and by the person or persons by whom such licensee is authorized to hire or furnish employes, and it shall contain such person's true name and address.
Whenever such licensee hires, employs or furnishes employes, pursuant to any such contract, he shall make an entry in said book, under said contract, substantially in the following form:
I (or we) have this day employed ..... (here give name of employe) to work for ..... (name of employer) at ..... (state here the kind of services), for the period of ..... at ..... (here state the place where the work is to be done), for the price or sum of .....dollars (here state the wages to be paid), per ..... (here state whether by day or week or month.
Dated Duluth, Minn.....189..:
Signed .....
Licensee.
It shall be the duty of such licensee to read and explain to said employe the said contract and said entry thereunder, or cause same to be read and explained in the language of said employe before hiring him; and a failure so to do shall justify a revocation of license. On Saturday of each and every week such licensee shall, under penalty of a forfeiture of his license, file in the office of the city clerk a true copy of all contracts and entries so by him made, in his said book for the said week, showing all contracts of hiring so made in said week. And it shall be the duty of said clerk to separately number and properly file the several contracts and entries accompanying same, and to keep same in form for convenient reference. And the book hereinbefore provided for to be kept shall at all reasonable times be open for the inspection of the chief of police or any member of the police force, and to all other persons interested.
It shall be the duty of such licensee to furnish to each and every person so hired or employed, at the time of said employment, a certified copy of said contract and record signed by such licensee, in the presence of two disinterested witnesses. Said certificate shall be in writing, in the English language, on the back of said copy, and may be in the following form:
I (or we) hereby certify that I (or we) have carefully compared the within contract and record with the original now of record in my (or our) office; that the same is a true and correct copy thereof. I (or we) hereby further certify that pursuant to said contract I (or we) as authorized agents of..... .....residing or doing business at ....in the state of ..... have this day employed for him (or them) ..... (name of employe) to work at .... (state here the kind of services) for the period of..... ..... at ..... (here state the place where services are to be performed) for the price or sum of ..... dollars (here state the wages to be paid and whether by day, week or month).
Dated Duluth .....189..
.....(Sign name of licensee here).
A failure of said licensee to strictly comply with any of the provisions of this section shall be taken as prima facie evidence in any proceeding, civil or criminal, against such licensee, under the provisions of this ordinance, that such licensee's hiring or employment is unauthorized and fraudulent.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Shannon:
Resolved, that the proposition of N. J. Upham & Co. for the purchase of the 6 per cent improvement certificates of the city of Duluth for the current fiscal year, be and is hereby accepted, and the mayor, city clerk and city comptroller are hereby authorized and directed to enter into a contract with said N. J. Upham & Co. for the purchase of said bonds.
Alderman Shannon moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Aldermen Crassweller, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—11.
Nays—Aldermen Burg, Dahl, Jefferson, Richardson, Sang—5.
Passed March 29, 1897.
Approved March 30, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

By Alderman Burg:
Resolved, that the heads of the various departments of city work, be and are hereby directed to prepare and present to this council an inventory of all city property in their possession or under their control at the close of the fiscal year, February 13, 1897, in accordance with section 38, chapter 3 of the city charter.
Alderman Burg moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—16.
Nays—None.
Passed March 29, 1897.
Approved March 30, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

By Alderman Richardson:
Resolved, that the bonds which shall be given by city officers to the city of Duluth conditioned for the faithful performance of duties shall be in the following sums, to-wit:

City comptroller	$10,000
City clerk	5,000
Members of the board of public works	5,000

Alderman Richardson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Alderman Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—16.
Nays—None.
Passed March 29, 1897.
Approved March 30, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

By Alderman Sang:
Resolved, that the board of public works be and is hereby directed and required to make to this council a detailed report of all money spent on the new waterworks system up to April 1, 1897, showing the length of tunnel driven, number of yards of rock excavated, the cost per yard, the work done by day on well and number of yards excavated, with cost per yard; the length of trench opened, its location by station, number of yards of earth and number of yards of stone taken from said trench, and the cost per yard, the sums expended for tools and explosives, together with engineering expenses and any other information that will enable this council to arrive at the actual cost of all the work done, including work done by contracts.
Alderman Sang moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.
Nays—Alderman Stevens—1.
Passed March 29, 1897.
Approved March 30, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

Alderman Crassweller moved to reconsider the resolution passed March 22, 1897, directing the Hartman General Electric company to maintain a light at Eighteenth avenue west and Third street, and the motion to reconsider was declared adopted upon a unanimous vote, and Alderman Harker presented the following amendment thereof:
Resolved, that the resolution passed by this council March 22, 1897, directing the Hartman General Electric company to erect and maintain an arc electric light at the intersection of Eighteenth avenue west and Third street be and is hereby amended by striking out the words "Eighteenth avenue west and Third street" and substituting in lieu thereof the words "Eighteenth avenue west and New street."
Alderman Harker moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:
Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—16.
Nays—None.
Passed March 29, 1897.
Approved March 30, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

Upon motion of Alderman Dahl, the council proceeded to ballot for associate city attorney. Aldermen Shannon and Stevens were appointed tellers. Upon motion of Alderman Crassweller, the ballot was made informal. The informal ballot resulted as follows: John Rustgard, 8 votes; John E. Davies, 2 votes; F. H. Cutting, 1 vote; M. B. Davidson, 4 votes; Scott Rex, 1 vote.
Upon motion of Alderman Sang the council proceeded to a formal ballot, which resulted as follows: Rustgard, 10; Davidson, 4; Scott Rex, 2.
Mr. Rustgard having received the majority of votes cast, was declared duly elected associate city attorney.
Upon motion of Alderman Sang the election was made unanimous.
Alderman Sang moved that when we do adjourn, we adjourn to meet Wednesday night, and the motion was declared carried upon a vote by acclamation.
Upon motion of Alderman Jefferson the council proceeded to ballot for a city sealer of weights and measures, and upon motion of Alderman Richardson the first ballot was made informal.
The informal ballot resulted as follows: Noble Sampson, 9; V. S. Wilkinson, 4; J. H. Baker, 2; Ole Oleson, 1. Upon motion of Alderman Sang, the council proceeded to take a formal ballot for city sealer, which resulted as follows: Sampson, 9; Wilkinson, 5; Baker, 2. Noble Sampson having received the majority of votes cast, was declared duly elected city sealer of weights and measures.
D. Clint Prescott was given the floor and invited the council, mayor and board of public works to visit the D. Clint Prescott works, and upon motion of Alderman Rowley the invitation was accepted for Friday at 2 o'clock p. m.
No further business appearing, upon motion of Alderman Harker the council adjourned.
C. E. RICHARDSON,
Clerk of the Common Council.
(Corporate seal.)

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

Council Chamber,
Duluth, Minn., March 31, 1897.
Adjourned meeting.
Roll call.
Aldermen present: Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Duren, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Shannon, Simpson, Sang Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion—14.
Absent: Alderman Rowley, Mr President—2.

Upon motion duly made and seconded Alderman Shannon was appointed temporary chairman.

President Cochrane arrived a few minutes later and assumed his station in the council.

PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS.

City Attorney: Report on claim of the Duluth Gas and Water company for unpaid hydrant rentals—Received and filed; report on claim of state dairy and food commissioner for fines erroneously paid to the city treasurer—Claims and accounts; A. C. Pearson, on behalf of the newsboys for use of the Armory.
Upon motion of Alderman Stevens the request was granted.
Report of commissioners in condemnation proceedings for the purpose of acquiring a right-of-way by the city of Duluth for force main from the pumphouse at Lakewood to Lester river—Streets, alleys and sidewalks; C. M. Horton, relative to tresteles for force main across Lester river and Tischer Creek—City engineer.
Thomas Hayden, for liquor license at No. 602 West Superior street; William Hellmann, for liquor license at No. 102 East Superior street—Police and license.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

Annual report of library board—Received and filed; report of Poundmaster George A. Klo—Received and filed. The committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks offered two resolutions paying an estimate of $855.81 to the bondsmen of Samuel Meniece and a pay roll of $132.51 on the construction of the approach to the Duluth-Superior bridge.
Upon motion of Alderman Crassweller the resolutions were recommitted.

Upon motion of Alderman Crassweller the vote by which the 6 per cent improvement certificates of the city of Duluth were sold to N. J. Upham & Co., passed March 29, 1897, was declared reconsidered.
Upon motion of Alderman Crassweller said resolution was laid on the table until next Monday evening.

Alderman Richardson moved that the city attorney be instructed to draw an amendment to the bill introduced authorizing the extension of time of payment of assessments for local improvements, etc., providing for the issuance of improvement certificates against property in cases where no application is made for the extension, which certificates may be sold or assigned and proceeds used in redemption of any certificates which have been heretofore issued on account of same improvements, or to the payment of cost of improvements or purposes for which they were respectively issued, and transmit such amendment to our representative in St. Paul.
Upon motion of Alderman Harker the matter was placed in the hands of the committee on ordinance and judiciary for investigation and report.

By Alderman Shannon:
Resolved, that the comptroller of the city of Duluth be hereby directed to execute to the city of Duluth deeds in due form, as required by law, of all lands which have been bid in by the city at any sale upon a judgment for delinquent assessments from which no redemption has been made and where the period of redemption has expired.
Upon motion of Alderman Jefferson the resolution was laid on the table.

Upon motion of Alderman Sang the council proceeded to the election of two members of the board of health.
Aldermen Shannon and Sang were appointed tellers.
Upon motion of Alderman Shannon it was ordered that the election should be one at a time, and that the first ballot be informal.
The informal ballot resulted as follows: Total number of votes cast 15, of which J. J. Hibbard received 3, J. H. Nygren 3, F. W. Kugler 6, Dr. Graham 3.
Upon motion of Alderman Sang the council proceeded to a formal ballot for a member from the East End, and the ballot resulted as follows: Hibbard 6, Kugler 9. F. W. Kugler having received a majority of the votes cast was declared duly elected.
Upon motion of Alderman Sang the council proceeded to a formal ballot for a member from the West End. Nine ballots were taken, as follows: (First)—Hibbard 3, Nygren 4, Graham 8; (second)—Hibbard 2, Nygren 6, Graham 7; (third)—Hibbard 3, Nygren 6, Graham 6; (fourth)—Hibbard 5, Nygren 3, Graham 7; (fifth)—Hibbard 4, Nygren 4, Graham 6, Olafson 1; (sixth)—Hibbard 3, Nygren 5, Graham 7; (seventh)—Hibbard 7, Nygren 2, Graham 5, Olafson 1; (eighth)—Hibbard 8, Nygren 1, Graham 2, Dr. Salter 4; (ninth)—Hibbard 9, Graham 2, Salter 4.
J. J. Hibbard having received a majority of the votes cast was declared duly elected.

No further business appearing, upon motion of Alderman Richardson the council adjourned.
C. E. RICHARDSON,
Clerk of the Common Council.
(Corporate Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
To Whom it May Concern:
Notice is hereby given, that in the matter of the application of the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation to reassess to the extent of benefits actually accruing against the property benefitted thereby, the cost of the following local improvement, to-wit, for grading, gravelling and carrying off storm water on Short Line Park road from the gravel pit in the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), of section four (4), township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, to Short Line Park, running from said gravel pit northwesterly through the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southeast quarter (se ¼), the northeast quarter (ne ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw ¼), the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), the southwest quarter (sw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), and the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼), of section four (4), and the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the northeast quarter (ne ¼), of section five (5), to said Short Line Park,
A report has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, by G. J. Mallory, W. W. Sanford and D. W. Scott, appraisers duly appointed in the above proceedings by the district court above entitled; that in and by said report said appraisers do make their assessments against each piece and parcel of land deemed by them to be benefited by reason of the above mentioned improvement, the original assessment made by the board of public works of said city to defray the cost of said improvement having been heretofore by said court declared wholly invalid and by the judgment of said court wholly set aside.
That said report so made by said appraisers was filed in the office of the clerk of the district court aforesaid on the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1897.
Notice is hereby further given, that at a special term of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, to be held at the court house, in said city of Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1897, the city of Duluth, a municipal corporation aforesaid, at the opening of said court at the hour of 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said date or as soon there after as counsel can be heard will apply to said district court for an order of said court confirming said assessments so made by said appraisers.
The pieces and parcels of land affected by said assessments so made by said appraisers as aforesaid, are situate in the city of Duluth in sections four (4) and five (5), of township forty-eight (48), north of range fifteen (15) west, in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, and are more particularly described and the amount of the assessment against each piece and parcel thereof is as set after and opposite to each description as follows, to-wit:

Name of Supposed Owner.	Description.	Amount.
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4.....	$ 41 00
New Duluth Land company,	northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 4.....	60 00
New Duluth Land company,	southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4.....	36 00
New Duluth Land company,	northeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4.....	79 00
New Duluth Land company,	southwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 4.....	41 00
Willis H. Feller and Charlotte E. Thompson,	northwest quarter of southwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Isaac McMahon,	southwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	79 00
Isaac McMahon,	northwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	60 00
Grace McMahon,	northeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 4	41 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	northeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5..	79 00
C. E. Dickerman and E. C. Gridley,	southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 5..	60 00
Estate of Nehemiah Hulett,	northeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 5	24 00

All of the above descriptions being in township 48 north, range 15 west.
CITY OF DULUTH,
By J. B. RICHARDS,
City Attorney.
Duluth, Minn., March 23rd, 1897.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 24 to April 3, inclusive.

Assessment Notice.

Grading West Third Street.

Office of City Comptroller,
Duluth, Minn., March 20th, 1897.
Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that an assessment has been made by the board of public works of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, and confirmed by the Hon. S. H. Moer, judge of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, to defray in part the expenses of grading and otherwise improving West Third street and Grand avenue west from the center line of Twenty-eighth avenue west to the westerly end of bridge at Thirty-seventh avenue west, in said city of Duluth, and that a duplicate assessment roll has been delivered to the city treasurer, and that the amount assessed against each lot or parcel of land can be ascertained at the office of the city treasurer, and that the assessment is due and payable, and if paid within thirty (30) days from the date of this notice there will be allowed a deduction of ten (10) per cent charged to the amount of the assessment for survey, plans, specifications and superintendence. All persons so desiring can have their assessments divided into not more than five (5) installments of not less than ten (10) dollars each by making application to the city comptroller within forty-five (45) days after date of this notice; said installments to become due and payable annually, commencing October 1st, 1898, with interest at seven (7) per cent per annum, payable annually. Blanks for this purpose may be obtained at the office of the city comptroller.
C. E. LOVETT,
City Comptroller.
Duluth Evening Herald March 20-27, and April 3 and 10.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Across the Tea Table.

"The April winds are magical
And thrill our tuneful frames;
The garden walks are passional
To bachelors and dames.
The hedge is gemmed with diamonds,
The air with Cupids full,
The cobweb clues of Rosamond
Guide lovers to the pool.
Each dimple in the water,
Each leaf that shades the rock
Can cozen, pique and flatter,
Can parley and provoke.
Goodfellow, Puck and goblins,
Know more than any book.
The south winds are quick-witted,
The schools are sad and slow,
The masters quite omitted
The love we care to know."

* * *

April is a month upon which poets love to dilate. It is the very essence and spirit of spring, and even in our Northern climate we feel the awakening of the earth, the stirring of the universal spirit of nature. I have quoted Emerson's "April" to you in full, it seems resonant of the joy and delight of the season, the quick rushing of the varying moods of the month breathes from the musical swiftness of the meter of the verse, and who can resist the mental picture he brings to us. Emerson lacks many things in the true poetic sense of rhythm and melody, but no American poet comes nearer to nature, or draws us more completely into accord with her songs and stories. Especially does he seem dear to us, because the New England seasons pictured by him are very similar to ours. Read his "May-day" in the spring-time and feel that the very essence of a sweeter, purer life has swept into your soul thereby, and realize the depth of the meaning you may find in watching and interpreting to your own heart the spirit of the season. April came to us borne on the fierce winds of the dying March, and we may look for storms, and snows, and cold rains through all her days, but now and then she shows us a day warm, and sunny, and mild; deceptive nad elusive you may say as you fret over the succeeding one, with perhaps a fierce north wind, and scurrying clouds laden with moisture blown from them in wild gusts of rain. Be a philosopher, though, take Emerson to your heart, and believe as he said:

"Spring still makes spring in the mind
When sixty years are told;
Love wakes anew this throbbing heart,
And we are never old.
Over the winter glaciers
I see the summer glow,
And through the wild-piled snow-drift
The warm rose buds below."

* * *

We scarcely dare hope that spring is here, so shyly she comes, stealing softly into our midst, but there are signs and portents of her presence to the careful housewife. Now wakes the moth which worketh in darkness, and she who prizes her furs, her woolens, her cloths and flannels, looks to her closets and boxes and trunks with careful eye. When the tell-tale moth, floats about your rooms on gauzy wings, know then, oh! housewife, that somewhere a little ball of wool is rolled up snugly in some of your prized possessions, and a small round hole, cut out as neatly as though by a punch, will soon show itself to your eye. Two things will surely put a stop to the ravages of the moth. Gasoline and heat, but as you value your life do not, I beg you, combine them. Rugs or furniture should be saturated with gasoline and placed in the open air. This will prove an effectual means of killing the eggs of the moth. But gasoline should never be used in the house unless the windows of the room in which it is used are left open, and the air has free access, otherwise a light volatile gas will generate and ignite from a spark, with certainly disastrous results. A hot iron run over carpets on the floor, or placed upon goods you have reason to regard with suspicion, will also do its work of destruction to the pest. But now is the season to investigate. Look over boxes and bundles, brush furs, even those hanging in the closet and in use daily, with a stiff brush. Get gum camphor and place upon your shelves and in your boxes, and you are using preventive measures which may save you much future trouble. In this climate, where our houses are subject to an artificial heat the greater part of the year, it needs constant watchfulness to prevent encroachment upon our domain from insects, and your grandmother, my dear Modern Woman, who was rich in household lore, would have told you that this month needed especial consideration; that this month you must double your energies and put forth that eternal vigilance if you prized peace and your belongings. The law of compensation finds its working, therefore, in April. If it is a rainy day, and those gusts of wind bring discomfort, and make you linger indoors, such a day is just the one to take for a hunt for the moth. No one will interrupt you, and you can look over boxes and trunks to your heart's content, sure of the seclusion you crave in undertaking the task.

* * *

And that is just the day to look over the summer clothes, to prepare them for laundering if necessary, to find out what will be useful, and to make some one less fortunate than yourself happy in the possession of good garments which have been outgrown in your own family. Rich indeed is she, who, fertile in resource can make old clothes over to be "maist as gude as new," but wiser is she sometimes, who gives away, and supplies herself with new. It costs almost as much nowadays to make over an old gown as to get a new one, and the vexation of spirit caused in the making over does not recompense one in the saving. Valuable silks and cloths are always to be used in making over, but the ginghams, lawns and organdies, the thin wool goods which we call "spring goods" seldom are worth the bother. While you are getting out the light, summery fabrics, looking them over for repairs, culling the worn and useless, and those outgrown; you are probably putting away some few of the winter things, but do not be too fast about it. Winter flannels will have almost six weeks wear before them yet, and winter wraps at least a month more before we take to those of spring. In making preparations for putting your winter wraps and garments away, my dear sister, let me make a plea for the use of the good old-fashioned gum camphor our mothers used.

"Moth-balls" are less expensive and just as effectual I know, but oh, the odor! Women with sensitive nostrils shudder over this infliction, it refuses to be dispelled, it is so overpowering, so all pervading that it is almost painful sometimes. And so many women object to it on that account, it seems therefore a positive kindness to resort to the pure camphor, which is a trifle more expensive, evaporates easily, is not unpleasantly powerful in odor, and thoroughly effectual. For the moth-balls are made up largely of it, having an addition of one or two other ingredients.

* * *

Spring sewing is a bug-bear to many women, and if it is to you, my dear sister, you may perhaps rob it of its terrors in a measure, by harmonizing your environments for the task. If you possibly can, give yourself a sewing room, gather here all the necessary articles, keep a "chest of drawers" for linings, braids, bindings, facings, tape, needles, sewing silk and thread. A cutting table, an ironing board, a gas stove for heating irons, a small board used by dressmakers for pressing seams and sleeves—if possible, a long cheval glass, and that "piece box" which should be as much a part of the sewing outfit as is the very necessary sewing machine. To have these things on hand, saves time and patience, not to speak of possible car fare. To keep the room bright and cheery is a positive necessity. To have two or three low, comfortable sewing chairs is equally a necessity, and to have everything at hand, for mending, patching, or sewing goes far toward simplifying the task. To have all the clothes needing mending taken there at once after the weekly washing, to know that scraps and threads are not tossed about the house, and to sit comfortably down in a warm sunny window with a few plants brightening the outlook will put you in humor for the task in spite of yourself. That "piece box" that I urge upon you is such a boon sometimes. Often the scraps saved from the cutting of the dressmaker will serve to patch a worn place or help in renovating a bodice; and if that is in the sewing room, and you can lay your hand upon it at once, without spending precious moments in looking for the bundle of cloth saved, you have spared both patience, nerves and time. Most mothers of young children find this a positive necessity. And many a torn frock or "kneed-out" pair of trousers have known the saving grace of a patch from the piece box. Best & Co., Schumaker, and all the makers of children's clothes, send with the new suits, pieces left over in cutting out, so that the economy and saving of it is recognized.

* * *

Children's clothes occupy the attention of most mothers in these April days. And it takes an immense amount of energy to enable them to live up to the season, that is if the mother is ambitious and makes, or has made, at home the frocks and garments which they demand. Fashion notes say that you must have sun bonnets for your little women, dear mothers. Sun bonnets—save the mark! The modern sun bonnet shields the eyes, it is true, and is a covering for the head, but a sun bonnet such as your mother tied upon your head some years ago, which veiled your face and was supposed to keep off freckles and sunburn is an unknown thing in these days. Your little daughter's sun bonnet is a sort of a glorified edition de luxe. It has ruffles and lace and insertion and a flare which is distractingly becoming to the round, chubby, baby face. It has dainty lawn strings which tie in a becoming bow under the fat little chin. It is white, or yellow, or pink, or blue or pale green pique and is extremely fetching. And then she must have a pique coat of the same color, or a frock. If it is a coat it is either long or short, though the newest coats are short and reach just below the waist line, and have full short backs. They are trimmed with white embroidery and rows of small pearl buttons. The long coats have a belt of white insertion and three full ruffles of white embroidery on the round collar. The pique dresses are worn with a guimpe. They have baby waists, short full skirts, full puffed sleeves gathered into a band of insertion and a band of insertion for the belt; or what is prettier still, lace beading in place of the insertion through which ribbon is run and which is tied in a bow on the arms and at the belt. Fancy a white pique with yellow ribbons, a daintily tucked and feather-stitched guimpe, a sun bonnet of white pique with yellow ribbons and arrayed thus the dainty little woman is a bit of sunshine on a summer day. Most of these little frocks have epaulettes on the shoulder; some of these are fashioned so that they are plaited in back and front amost forming little jackets. Besides the pique dresses there are percale and dimity frocks, crisp and dainty, but the best frock, the cherished small bit of vanity must be one, of the flowered organdies made up over a colored lining, and as you value her peace of mind, and are not anxious to foster pride and vain glory in your daughter, let this lining be of muslin, not of silk; anything more ridiculous than a child aping the airs of a woman is not to be found, furthermore it is painful and pitifully humiliating to see the self-conscious air the little miss can assume in clothes too fine for childhood's joys and pleasures.

* * *

April winds off of the lake are peculiarly trying to the complexion, and the woman who looks longingly at her wheel these days thinks of the effect upon her face with a sigh. Most American women have lost the fresh beauty of the youthful complexion at the age of 35 or 40, simply because they neglect to bestow upon it the proper care. The beauty of a woman's face ought to last her until she is well on toward 60 years of age. Our climate is to blame for a great deal of the early ageing of American women, but want of care and attention is an equally large factor in this. If you have read "Quo Vadis" you will probably realize, my dear sister, how much time the Romans of old days spent upon the cultivation of the body, and among all Oriental nations the higher classes look upon this as a sacred duty. How many of us are there who at night wash off the dust and grimy accumulations of the day? Not many, I am sure, and yet that would seem the first great principle; for the skin is doing its work even though we sleep, and more actively then, just because there are no other demands being made upon it. We sometimes feel that soap is a positive necessity in cleansing the face; once in a while it is, but let it be only of the purest kind. Castile soap is the least harmful, and it must be washed off thoroughly afterward. Hot water is not recommended by skin specialists, but most of them advise tepid water as less likely to produce a shock to the sensitive facial nerves. But hot water and Castile soap used at night on the face before going to bed gives a sense of delightful cleanliness never felt with the tepid water. To be sure, if hot water is used altogether it will produce wrinkles, and it is said to be best to wash the face thoroughly with tepid water after using the hot, cooling it gradually until it becomes quite cold. Cold cream is said to be soothing for the face when rough and chapped with the wind, but most women shrink from the use of grease of any kind on the face. However, the dermatologists tell us it is a positive necessity in our climate. The first and great consideration in the use of any kind of grease or oil for the face must be that of perfect purity. And to keep cold cream sweet and fresh it should never be kept in a warm place. To me there is no greater luxury than the rubbing with oil and alcohol which comes after the Turkish bath, and as an accompaniment of massage, but the oil must be rubbed in until the skin is thoroughly dry, not a particle left to catch the dust; thus is the skin fed. So with the face; if you use cold cream, use it after the bath at night, rub it in thoroughly, leaving the face dry and smooth; wipe the face gently afterward with a soft cloth, and be sure that the cream is absolutely pure and harmless. Your slumbers ought then to be peaceful and sweet, and your conscience blessed with a sense of a duty well performed. These are simple duties, and soon become habit and quite as necessary as the careful brushing of the teeth at night. So many of us go to bed at night weary with the frets and jars of the day, tumble into bed as quickly as possible, heedless of the fact that our slumbers will be sweeter and more refreshing if only we will take the very necessary warm bath and pay obeisance to that little dictum that cleanliness is next to godliness. A benediction on the day comes not by a hurried gabbling over of prayers, but by the preparation for rest included in both the essentials I have mentioned, and the following of St. Paul's advice to "let all things be done decently and in order."

—AGATE.

You will regret it if you miss it
The Concert at the Pavilion Sunday Afternoon
By the—
CITY BAND!
ADMISSION FREE.
Take the incline.

CANARY SEED.

Extraordinary Fluctuations In Its Average Production.

During the last few years of depressed prices in most food grains it may have escaped the notice of many that a decided change has taken place in the production of canary seed. The country that is specially responsible for the last heavy reduction in prices in the Argentine republic, where the production has been taken in hand on such a scale that for some time it almost appeared as if for the future that country would control the prices of this product, says the Chicago Chronicle.

The immediate cause of the Argentine republic entering this field of enterprise appears to have been the high prices established during the years 1892 to 1893, when the value of canary seed ranged between 70 shillings and 80 shillings per quarter (464 pounds.) In the latter year, as a matter of experiment, some 1000 quarters were grown, and this was soon followed by the production of about 5000 quarters in the following year, and as much as 30,000 to 40,000 quarters in 1895. The prices then ranged from about 40 shillings to 50 shillings per quarter for a short time, and while a small portion of the Argentine producers had the advantage of realizing such prices the bulk of the seed was thrown on an overstocked market, with such disastrous consequences that the prices dropped down to as low as 22 to 23 shillings per quarter for La Plata and 27 to 28 shillings for Turkish seed, and remained at those figures for most of last year.

Considering that canary seed is cultivated only on a small acreage, and that its gathering and disposal are much more expensive than that of the great food staples, it was found that it would pay the farmers only if they could realize for it a price considerably above that of wheat, and as soon as the Argentine farmers were impressed with the apparently permanent nature of these low figures they abandoned the production in just as striking a way as they had taken it up a few years previously. According to the latest reports the growing of canary seed has practically been abandoned, and there is nothing obtainable in that country except a very few lots, for which owners are looking for prices far above those realizable at present.

Concurrently with this movement one of the leading countries that used to be distinguished for supplying most of the European markets, Holland, has been almost entirely beaten out of the field, so that the acreage in that country, once supplying as much as 70,000 quarters from a single crop, has dwindled down to next to nothing. In England likewise the farmers have given up growing canary seed year by year, and it is now quite a rare thing to see a sample of native seed.

Mrocco, another country that used to supply Europe with a number of cargoes of this seed, besides regular steamer parcels, has also reduced its production considerably. Spain, which at one time used to get a special price for its excellent seed, has also been unable to stand the general tendency of low prices, and had to give up growing to a large extent.

The only country that so far has steadily kept on producing this seed, and which has from time immemorial been familiar with its cultivation, is Turkey. During the time when wheat ruled at low figures Turkey has kept on growing this seed, being satisfied with getting for it a little over wheat price, but now that wheat is selling considerably over the value of canary seed, it is hardly to be expected that Turkey will, even providing that the crops are favorable, have anything like its usual acreage under this crop.

Up to about five years ago, when the value of canary seed had at no time been lower than about 32 shillings, and very frequently double and treble that price, the bulk of supplies used to be in the hands of Greek houses, who, having made advances on it at harvest time, distributed such quantities as were from time to time wanted to the various ports in Western Europe and the United States. Now this system has been entirely altered, the seed being mostly thrown on the general market soon after harvest, so that at the moment the visible supply in Turkey itself is insignificant and practically the whole of the world's supply is in the hands of either direct consumers or of the general trade throughout the world.

The standard cure for cold and cough, Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, should be kept by every mother who loves her darlings.

CARTER H

Old Days In Chicago Recalled By the Present Mayoralty Fight.

Again the Cry of "Carter H" Is Heard Throughout the City.

Issues of the Last National Election Pushed to the Front.

Chicago, April 3.—The liveliest municipal fight among the spring elections of the United States this year is the contest for mayor of this city, which will soon be decided. The old bitternesses of the Carter Harrison days have been injected into this campaign by the nomination of his son by one of the big parties. Instead, however, as in the old days, of a general union of all opponents of Harrison principles and methods in one solid party, they are split into several bodies, each with a candidate and full municipal ticket to carry through. Aside from the resurrection of Harrisonian prestige as a fetich for party worship, the campaign is interesting in that the issues of the last national election are walking around with scalping knives in their ghostly hands.

The Democrats have admitted none to their councils who voted against



CARTER HARRISON.

Bryan and Sewall, and the gold Democrats were thus at first compelled to go over to the Republicans or flock by themselves. They finally decided to do neither and formed the nucleus for the formation of a party of non-partisan municipal reformers, who denounce both parties as corrupt. This party has nominated Washington Hesing, ex-postmaster, and declares primarily for clean city administrations and the separation of city for national politics. Mr. Hesing's resignation from the postmastership a few days ago under circumstances which reflected on his management of the office is said in some quarters to have weakened him with the business voters. The regular Democrats in their platform declared for the fall campaign of silver and denounced the present monetary system. They nominated Carter Harrison, son of the late mayor. The Republicans have nominated Judge Sears, one of the best known figures in Chicago, and endorsed Mayor Swift's administration.



JUDGE SEARS.

Naturally the most interesting personality in the canvass is that of young Mr. Harrison. Unlike his father, he is unacquainted with the duties of public life. His father had been in congress before his election to the mayoralty in 1879, and had served on several municipal boards. The present Mr. Harrison was born in this city in 1860. He attended the public schools and was sent abroad for a three-and-a-half-year term at a German institution of learning. Returning to Chicago, he attended St. Ignatius' college, where he re-



WASHINGTON HESING.

ceived the degree of bachelor of arts in 1881. He then went to the Yale law school, where he graduated in 1883. He studied law in this city till 1888, when he took up the real estate business with his brother, William P. Harrison. In 1888 he married Miss Edith Ogden, daughter of Judge R. N. Ogden, of New Orleans. They have two children. Mr. Harrison is a member of the Century (bicycle) club of America, and is an ardent cyclist. As he is enthusiastic for good roads and streets, it is expected that he will gather in many wheelmen's votes.

The Prohibitionists make up the third party. They have put up H. L. Parmelee for mayor. The Populists have endorsed Carter Harrison. Alderman Harlan is running as an independent candidate.

UNDER WATER.

A New Submarine Telephone is Now Announced.

Since the invention of the present system of submarine diving by means of the armor and helmet, into which air is pumped from above, the diver has labored under the disadvantage of being unable to communicate with those on the surface, save by a few simple signals, such as could be communicated by means of tugs or jerks on the life line, says the New York Herald. For instance, one jerk might mean "send me a line," or it might mean "haul me up at once." Two jerks might mean "I want more air; pump faster," etc. The life line is a half inch manilla rope of the finest quality, which is noosed around the diver's body, under the arms, and is the means by which he is lowered down or hauled up from the bottom of the ocean. The surface end of it is held by the diver's tender, in order that he may instantly receive and reply to all signals.

The most laborious part of the diver's business, and possibly the most dangerous part of the hazards he is compelled to take, is in ascending and descending, as the sudden relieving or increasing of the pressure of the air inside the armor is likely to drive the blood to the head, causing the rupture of a blood vessel in the brain, apoplexy and instant death. He must take great care in descending, and more time in coming up, according to the increase in depth. In ascending from very deep water, the diver, having been in a condensed atmosphere, time should be given for the muscles and tissues of the body to be relieved of the pressure by very slowly ascending or frequently stopping for a time at certain stages, to allow the body to be relieved of the greater pressure acquired while working in the denser atmosphere, or to establish, as nearly as possible, an equllibrium between the pressure absorbed and the actual pressure of the water he may be resting in.

All this shows that the diver's risk is reduced by his remaining down until his work is finished. Heretofore, he has been unable to do this, owing to the fact that he was compelled to make frequent descents and ascents in order to receive and transmit instructions and to get tools, material, etc., which he might require from time to time.

To obviate all this a submarine telephone was invented some years ago, but it was not a success. It consisted of an ear piece, or transmitter, and mouth piece, or receiver, inside the helmet.

Recently Capt. Lewis Sorcho, a submarine diver of long experience, began a series of experiments with submarine telephones in a huge tank, which he erected in Baltimore. This tank was an immense glass front affair, containing 80,000 gallons of water, and gave ample opportunity for the testing of the phone. He had two assistants, one of whom was his wife. One or the other of these would spend hours under water while the captain remained on the surface, making alterations and improvements in the telephone. Occasionally, the captain would make a descent, in order to test the diver's end of it, and after months of tireless exertions he has perfected a deep sea telephone which was practical, strong and highly effective.

The new submarine telephone is simple, but wonderfully effective. The tender or attendant can hear almost a whisper from the diver and vice versa. The latest improved 'phone consists of a headgear for both diver and tender made of elastic rubber. This fits over the top of the head and under the chin. Over the left ear is the transmitter and over the right a woolen pad which shuts all sounds out of the ear and prevents pain in the ear from the air pressure. The submarine waterproof cable passes through the front of the helmet by means of a stuffing box.

The arrangement is such that the tender can hear the least use of his hands, which is very important in the handling of the lines connected with the diver. The cable, which is waterproof, runs from the lower end of the brass strip, where there are also connections for the wires that lead to the batteries. Of these there are from eight to twenty-four used, according to the depth at which the diver is working. They are dry batteries, encased in a neat wooden chest, handy for carrying in a boat or moving about wherever needed. The receivers and transmitters look about like those of the ordinary long distance telephone, save that the latter are flat and about the circumference of the tin wooden boxes the druggists put salve in.

To be able to talk to a man away down in the ocean's depths is truly novel, and to hear him talking and telling of the strange sensations he is enduring, the wondrous sights he is seeing, and to be able to get an accurate account of just what he is doing are still more interesting. The dangers which beset the diver will be greatly reduced, for the reason that if anything happens to him, such as a beam or other heavy object in a wreck falling on him or his lines, thus making him a prisoner at the bottom of the sea, he can give an accurate account over the telephone of just what has occurred, and another diver can easily go down and release him. He can also order anything he may need sent down to him, and can, by a simple wire connection made on the surface by two tenders, even talk to another diver who may be working some distance away from him. A case is on record where a diver became entangled while working on a wreck and could not release himself. Another diver was sent for, but five hours elapsed before he arrived. It was then too late. Fright had killed him. Had he been equipped with a telephone he could have talked with his tender, who could have assured him that assistance was near at hand, by which means his courage would have been kept up until he was released.

DID YOU EVER
Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all female complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and $1.00 at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Superfluous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity without injury. Face massage and complexion treatment. Mrs. Julia L. Hughes, 401 Lonsdale building.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore the best advertising medium.

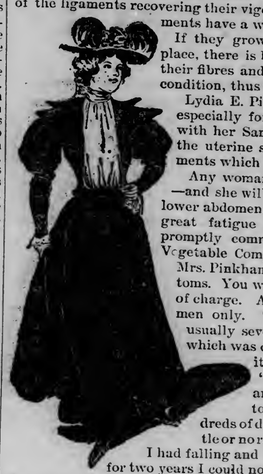
Go where your hat lies waiting
The Gordon

DOCTORS HAD GIVEN HER UP.

A Convincing Letter From One of Mrs. Pinkham's Admirers.

No woman can look fresh and fair who is suffering from displacement of the womb. It is ridiculous to suppose that such a difficulty can be cured by an artifical support like a pessary.

Artificial supports make matters worse, for they take away all the chance of the ligaments recovering their vigor and tone. Use strengthens; the ligaments have a work to do.



If they grow flabby and refuse to hold the womb in place, there is but one remedy, and that is to strengthen their fibres and draw the cords back into their normal condition, thus righting the position of the womb.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is designed especially for this purpose, and, taken in connection with her Sanative Wash, applied locally, will tone up the uterine system, strengthening the cords or ligaments which hold up the womb.

Any woman who suspects that she has this trouble—and she will know it by a dragging weight in the lower abdomen, irritability of the bladder and rectum, great fatigue in walking, and leucorrhœa—should promptly commence the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If the case is stubborn, write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn., Mass., stating freely all symptoms. You will receive a prompt letter of advice free of charge. All letters are read and answered by women only. The following letter relates to an unusually severe case of displacement of the womb, which was cured by the Pinkham remedies. Surely it is convincing:

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier cured me when the doctors had given me up. I had spent hundreds of dollars searching for a cure, but found little or no relief until I began the Pinkham remedies. I had falling and displacement of the womb so badly that for two years I could not walk across the floor. I also had profuse menstruation, kidney, liver, and stomach trouble. The doctors said my case was hopeless. I had taken only four bottles of the Vegetable Compound and one of the Blood Purifier when I felt like a new person. I am now cured, much to the surprise of my friends, for they all gave me up to die. Now many of my lady friends are using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound through my recommendation, and are regaining health. It has also cured my little son of kidney trouble. I would advise every suffering woman in the land to write to Mrs. Pinkham for aid."—MRS. EMMA PANGBORN, Alanson, Mich.

All Cleaning



about the house, paint, floors, pots and pans, dishes and glassware, silver and tinware, can be done better, quicker and cheaper with

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER

than with any other cleansing compound. Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

VENUS A DEAD PLANET.

Probable Career and Present Lifeless Condition.

If there were water present on the planet, and, we will suppose, originally on both sides alike, it seems probable that its career would be as follows, says the Atlantic Monthly. As the heated air ascended from the center of the illuminated side it would become chilled as it expanded, and, being unable to hold its moisture, would proceed to deposit it in the form of showers. Most of the moisture it held would thus at once be parted with, but not all. A little would be carried round by the air to the dark side, where, experiencing a yet greater degree of cold, it would be left as ice, and as ice there it would remain, for the amount of moisture which the exceedingly cold air, on its return journey, could support would be a minute quantity so that although the ice would tend slowly to evaporate, very little water vapor would find its way back to the bright side.

There would thus be a constant drain of water from the bright side to the dark for however little might go over at a time, practically none would ever come back. Eventually, therefore, under this continued state of things, all the water would be withdrawn from the illuminating side and piled up on the dark one in the form of glacier ice.

On the bright side of the planet there would thus be no oceans or seas or rivers or ponds, not even water vapor in the air, while glaciation would more or less completely cover the other. The side we see would be one vast desert; the side we do not fields of perpetual ice.

Some corollaries from this are interesting. One of these is that there should be no visible polar caps, since there would be, not polar caps, but a polar hemisphere. And this would be forever hid from us, for nothing but orbital or axial libration—that is, a swing of the portion of the disk under illumination—could bring it into view; and in the case of Venus the orbital libration is insensible, and the axial one apparently so.

Another ingenious corollary has been suggested by my friend Godfrey Sykes. It is that the phosphorescence, as it is called, of the dark side, a faint light upon it which has hitherto evaded explanation, may be caused by the reflection from the ice fields there of the light received from the earth, the other planets, and the stars.

* * *

In Venus, then, we gaze upon a world which as a world has run its course. Beautiful as she appears to us, as she glows and sparkles on the twilight sky, it is distance alone that gives her seeming loveliness and endows her with eternal youth. In truth she is far otherwise. All the comeliness she may have had in the morning of her prime, when the solar system itself was young, has gone from her never to return. As the Japanese prettily put it of a woman, the cherry blossom has passed into the leaf. For she is no longer young; she is old, wrinkled, dead. Or shall we not better say she sleeps, though it be with sleep from which there is no awakening? For it is fitting that she should still seem so fair to us, when she glows athwart the gloaming in the slowly fading sky—fitting that the planet of love should seem lovely to the end.

TOO TIRED TO SLEEP.

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

The weariness from brain work and nervous excitement is the most enervating fatigue there is. Horsford's Acid Phosphate quiets the nerves and induces sleep.

LOVEMAKING IN MEXICO.

"As a rule no one is received in an exclusive Mexican home unless his social caste is equal to that of the family he desires to visit, and then he must needs be presented and vouched for by a friend in whom the household has implicit confidence," writes Edward Page Gaston, of "A Pair of Lovers in Mexico," in the February Ladies' Home Journal. "A suitor, therefore, is not admitted to the residence of his inamorata on her invitation alone, for the portero, in charge day and night of the great double-bolted zahuan giving entrance from the street to the inner courts of the house, is under strict instructions to admit no one except by order of the parents of the senorita whose audience is being sought. The young gentleman may earnestly pound upon the massive brass knocker for hours, seeking admittance, but his knocking will not avail. So he and the lady of his choice must do their distant love-making in the public view and hearing until such time as the stony parental heart shall have melted sufficiently to grant him admission to the family circle. Inside of the domestic citadel the lady meantime warmly pleads the cause of the unhappy one without, extolling his constancy and the many other good qualities which she has proved her faithful admirer to possess. The day is at last victoriously carried, by one means or another, and the lovers allowed the privilege of the parlor; but they are never left alone, for the old system of chaperonage is still rigidly in vogue.

"If the attentive lover desires the company of the chosen one to the opera, or upon a coach drive, he must include an invitation begging the presence of the father or mother, or more properly the whole family. Mexican families are, unfortunately, given to the prompt acceptance of such invitations in a cheerful body, and the result is that the son-in-law-to-be and the destined bride when they appear in public find themselves mere members of a large box party at the play or a full coachload of company, for all of which gayety the young matrimonial aspirant pays the bills. The sanctioning presence of the family gives formal announcement that there is a wedding on the tapis."

ALONE.

O Freedom, from your mountain height
Reach out and seize a star;
Set it in Cuba's cruel night,
To guide her from afar.
May all the patriot blood that runs
But justify, twice o'er,
The splendid spirit of her sons,
And free them evermore.
Upon her battle fevered brow
Let victory's breeze be blown
This orphan of the universe
Who fights her fight alone.
—New York Herald.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

Homeseekers' excursion tickets at half fare to all points in the South, Southeast and Southwest via the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad. Tickets on sale Feb. 2 and 16, March 2 and 16, April 2 and 20 and May 4 and 18, good for twenty-one days.

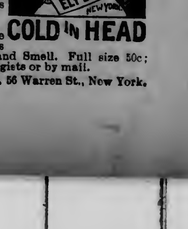
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ELY'S CREAM BALM

Contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, allays Inflammation, heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c; trial size 10c; at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

DEFECTIVE PAGE

GOSSIP OF ★ ★ THE STAGE.

In order to demonstrate to the public of this city that in spite of his unique record with "Monte Cristo" he is not a one-part actor, the distinguished player, James O'Neill, will produce both "Virginius" and "Monte Cristo" during his engagement at the Lyceum on Monday and Tuesday nights. "Virginius" being the bill for the first night. Old theatergoers who may have seen Mr. O'Neill as Richelieu, Hamlet, Othello and Iago while leading man with Edwin Forrest, Edwin Booth, Lawrence Barrett, Charlotte Cushman and Adelaide Neilson may indeed look forward with pleasure to his appearance in Sheridan Knowles' sublime tragedy.

Gifted by nature with a magnetic personality, silvery voice and stately presence, he is said to traverse in an irreproachable manner the whole scale of human emotions which are depicted in the character of the proud but sorrow-stricken Roman father. One San Francisco paper said of Mr. O'Neill's "Virginius" that certainly no actor since Macready's time (under whose auspices "Virginius" was originally produced) has so truly portrayed the deep paternal devotion and emotional tenderness of the rugged Roman soldier. In natural manly grace and gesture, set off by a musical voice and perfect intonation, Mr. O'Neill is said to be the beau ideal of the valiant Roman centurian.

It is useless to speak of "Monte Cristo's" success as a play in this country without mentioning in the same breath the name of James O'Neill. Long ago the public opinion decided that it only wanted to see one American actor impersonate the part of Edmond Dantes, and that actor is James O'Neill.



Elaborate descriptions of his methods are well-nigh superfluous; they must be popular and faultless, for with the exception of venerable Joe Jefferson, no other American actor has succeeded in holding one play before the public for ten consecutive seasons and appearing over 3000 times in the same character without missing a single performance.

Mr. O'Neill has 'surrounded himself with a company that is said to appear to equal advantage in "Virginius" and "Monte Cristo."

"THE PRODIGAL FATHER."

"The Prodigal Father" will be the attraction at the Lyceum next Thursday and Friday evenings. The play is now in its fourth year of popularity. The company is capable of extracting enough entertainment of a lively order out of it to keep an audience in good humor for an evening. In addition to the fun contained in the original text and situations, further diversion is provided by the introduction of a number of pleasing specialties. There is a lot of good singing and dancing. The specialties are up to date and exceedingly clever, and new and taking songs are well executed. Lynn Welcher makes a capital "Stanley Dodge, the Supposed African Explorer." Frederick Walz makes a hit as the "always in hard luck journalist." The supporting company is good. The costumes are new and attractive, and the production in every way is pleasing. Titenia, the only artiste in the wonderful sand, buck, jig and step dancing on her toes, has been specially engaged.

If present arrangements are carried out, Julia Marlowe and Robert Taber will appear next season as separate stars, each at the head of a distinct company, says the New York Dramatic Mirror. This move, or something leading to it, has been long in contemplation, and the receipt by Mr. Taber a few days ago of a new play particularly adapted to himself for starring purposes led to a decision in the matter.

Theodore Bromley, manager for the present tour of Mr. and Mrs. Taber, said to a Mirror representative: "The step is one that will be taken, after much consideration, purely for business reasons, and it has not, of course, the slightest bearing upon the domestic relations of Mr. and Mrs. Taber. Ever since they began their career as dual stars they have felt that a change was needed. Mrs. Taber, as will be recalled, altered her stage name last year from Julia Marlowe Taber to simply Julia Marlowe, whereby she had been known before her marriage, and the stars were announced as 'Julia Marlowe and Robert Taber.'

"But it has been plain to see that the name of each has detracted somewhat from the drawing power of the other, public attention seems to have been divided, and business necessity has prompted some action. The present tour will be conducted as already arranged, but next season, unless matters are hereafter largely reconsidered, will find Julia Marlowe at the head of one company and Robert Taber at the head of another and distinctly separate organization."

Nordica has at last sung "Brunhilde," and she has triumphed over all prejudice—save that of some of the New York critics. At the close of the performance of "Seigfried" in New York Wednesday night of last week, she was called before the curtain seven times. The critic of the Commercial Advertiser, commenting on the event and the peculiar attitude of certain critics, says:

"But why should not Lehmann, Nordica and Gadski be able to carry a season to success, if the star system is to be insisted on? Lehmann and Gadski have been accorded their due, but why is it—not many are the people who have asked themselves and each other the question during the past few weeks—why is it that the merits of Mme. Nordica have been given such beautifully brief and limpid notices? Nordica, who was the heroine of last season's opera; Nordica, whose Isolde was thought not unfit to compare with Klafsky's; this same woman, perhaps a year older, appears after a long absence, and after an extended account of Lehmann's Ortrud, most of the papers incidentally mentioned the fact that Mme. Nordica sang Elsa. The serious musical public does not care tuppence about the prima donna's quarrel with Jean de Reszke; it regretted its inability to be able to hear the singer in her favorite and their favorite roles, and went on the night of her reappearance to welcome her back, not with hysteria, but with thoughtful appreciation. Nordica was greeted enthusiastically, but the desire to show their stolidness and their indifference to outside considerations led the "gentlemen of the press," as polite people call them, to underestimate that enthusiasm, and to do a sad injustice to the singer. Mme. Nordica has not complained, but she must feel that it is rather difficult to please both managers and critics. She had her triumph, though, last night. There was no Ortrud to carry away all the honors—in the press—and by the time Siegfried found his Brunhilde, he was about as badly off as ever a Siegfried was. It was Nordica's night, and let it be printed in large letters, for it is time the Willy Schuetz disdain was called off."

Away back in the '80's there was produced without much heralding and at one of the smaller theaters of Brooklyn a new play founded upon imaginary incidents of the war of the rebellion. Mr. Gillette, when he brought forward "Held by the Enemy," as here stated, was accorded the high honor of not only having written the best war play, but probably the very best play on a strictly American subject which had been presented at that time. During the years which have passed, this decision has never been reversed, although many have striven to leaven their efforts with some of the success that Mr. Gillette achieved. Envy forever dogs the footsteps of success, and there were those who said, "it was a chance shot," "a scratch," "he can never do it again." It was not at all necessary for him to do it again. Hit the bull's eye once and the bell rings. Gillette's single shot brought him immediate fame and subsequent fortune, and the high compliment has since been paid him of having others copy the original details of his work, from the hoof-beats of the flying troopers to the court-martial of a captured spy.

As to "Held by the Enemy" being "a chance shot" or even an inspiration, the fact is, the writing of the play was the work of not only months, but of years, at least three of which passed between the time pen was first put to paper, and the day when the completed work was placed in rehearsal. He studies and works with the greatest assiduousness and hence always brings forward one or more of those original dramatic details which make plays popular, while on the other hand, to his highly wrought sensibilities there often come ideas which seem to him effective, but which are really over the head of the rank and file of playgoers, and this he finds out only by production, as in his comedy, "A Legal Wreck," whose fantastic theme and treatment were keenly enjoyed by the very few. He now knows how to hold his audiences at fever heat, without throwing them into dramatic delirium. This precise condition of affairs is said to obtain in "Too Much Johnson" and in the more recent success, "Secret Service."

William T. Carleton has decided to abandon the vaudeville and will return to the lyric stage. A company is now being organized for him by Wemyss Henderson for a spring and summer season. The tour will begin Easter Monday, and it is the intention of Messrs. Carleton and Henderson to make the organization a permanent one for the preservation of standard comic opera and such new works as they have secured at a popular scale of prices. The company will comprise thirty-five people, with a repertoire of thirty operas.

This story is on Sol Smith Russell. After the performance of "A Bachelor's Romance," an Englishman of apparent culture waited to have a word with the star. "You are," said he, "Mr. Russell, an actor of real promise. I have enjoyed your performance so highly that I venture, in a spirit of admiration, a suggestion. I trust I am not offending?" "Oh, no; not at all," urged Mr. Russell. "Go on, my dear sir; I am only too glad to hear suggestions." "Well, then," continued the stranger, "it occurs to me that you would do well in comedy. Have you ever tried to do a comic part?"

Sir Henry Irving tells an amusing story of a joke that he, with Mr. Toole and a third party, played some years ago at a Glasgow hotel, says a London exchange. After their work they were supping at the hotel, where, says Sir Henry, "there was in the room a high screen. The instant the waiter was gone we commenced operations. We stripped the silverware, of which there was a tolerable supply, from the table and placed it behind the screen. We then opened the window and turned out the gas, and finally all got under the table. We had only to remain in our cramped condition a few minutes before we heard the unsteady feet of our friend, the waiter, along the passage.

"The darkened room amazed him, and the cold air from the window seemed to strike him with affright.

"'Goodness!' exclaimed he, 'it's thieves they are. I thocht as much frae the luiks o' them, and frae their gay talk and their laucht-er. Eh! but I'm a ruined man. A wish a' had nae taen the hale o' that last bottle. Hear — hear, thieves! Thieves! Murder! Thieves! Thieves! and shouting at the top of his voice he ran out of the room and along the passage.

"The minute he had gone we shut the door, lit the gas, restored the silver to the table and sat around as before, enjoying a quiet cigar. Presently there was a confused murmur along the passage. It grew louder and louder, and in poured a truly motely throng, mostly half dressed, consisting of the manager, two men in bare legs and slippers, and a lady with a blanket, in the alarm of fear caught up, followed by our agonized friend the waiter. One man was armed with a poker, and the other carried a bronze statuette ready to hurl at the thief. As they entered we all sat back and looked at them in well-feigned amazement, and Toole said to the astonished and bewildered manager, 'Do you always come in this way with your friends when a gentleman asks for his bill?'"

Charles Hawtrey, who owns the English rights for "The Mysterious Mr. Bugle," has just written Madeleine Lucette Ryley that he recently attended the copyright performance of the play given in Stockton-on-Tees, and expresses himself as delighted with the play, which he will produce at the Comedy theater in London not later than next August. Rehearsals for the American production are now in progress at the Garden theater, New York. It will have its first important hearing in Washington, April 5. The fact that Annie Russell and Joseph Holland are both in the cast lends the production an unusual interest.

New York Evening Sun: We have heard of actresses being inflated by success, but usually the inflation applies merely to the head. Miss Alice Neilson, the young soprano of the Bostonians, who made the one emphatic hit in "The Serenade," has the disease in a new form. It will be remembered that the biggest laugh in the opera on the opening night came when Miss Jessie Bartlett Davis proposed to Miss Neilson, who was wearing a very trim little pair of knickerbockers, that they should change clothes. That night the audience looked at Miss Neilson and then they looked at Miss Davis. Then they howled. Subsequent audiences have been disappointed of this laugh, however. As Miss Neilson appears now there is no apparent reason why Miss Davis should not wear her knickerbockers.

The English dramatists are getting entirely too complimentary in their references to our actresses. Not long ago Mr. Pinero went on record about several of them, and now comes Louis M. Parker, who wrote "Rosemary" and "The Mayflower," and says: "It would be precious difficult, if not impossible, to gather together such a brilliant array of artists as—to mention the ladies first and in no particular order—Mrs. Fiske, Miss Maud Adams, Miss Julia Marlowe and Miss Annie Russell. I was particularly fetched by the originality of Miss Odette Tyler, for her style was, to an Englishman, an entirely new thing. As for Miss Adams, she puts into the part of Dorothy in 'Rosemary' such an amount of personal genius, such an individuality, as, I am sure, neither my friend and collaborator, Murray Carson, nor I had ever conceived the part capable of containing. My list is a short one, because outside of New York I have been to no theater, and even in New York itself my theatergoing has not been extensive. It is obvious to me, however, that the American stage is plentifully furnished with brilliant women and with women who do not copy each other or any one popular favorite, as is too often the case on our side."

Have The Herald in your homes; 45 cents a month.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

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The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system becomes seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the nervous system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Curo." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent interest. "Baco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke.

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Baco-Curo is a vegetable antidote for nicotine which positively counteracts the injurious effects of the narcotic to the nervous system.

CURIOUS

White Indians of Arizona are Now Almost an Extinct Race.

Skin Much More Tender Than That of The Average Indian.

Dress Like The Whites But Speak the Indian Tongue Always.

From time to time we are regaled with stories of white races in the interior of Africa, but these mysterious people are always located in the innermost and most inaccessible regions of the Dark Continent. White Indians would be a decided novelty; yet we have them right here in our own country, and, further, they have been photographed by a government photographer, says the Philadelphia Times.

More than a century ago it was known that there were white Indians in America, but knowledge of them was very vague. In a learned treatise published in London in 1791, and now very rare, the Rev. Dr. John Williams located these Indians among the Tuscaroras; the Paducas, or white Indians; the Pawnees, and finally in some far western place, many days journey beyond the Mississippi, where they dwelt in stone built houses and cultivated the ground for a livelihood. In the last surmise he was quite near the truth, for it is among the Pueblos of New Mexico and Arizona that the white Indians are found today.

The Zunis, among whom most of them are found, have been studied and described, although the few whites among them have been overlooked. At the time of their discovery and conquest by the old Spanish conquistadores in 1540 this tribe lived in the same country where they are now, but then they were in six or seven different villages. Coronado, who commanded the expedition, is said to have left three men among them when he withdrew his forces in 1541, and twenty years later, when the old province was practically re-discovered by a zealous monk, these men were still there.

In 1680, when, the Pueblo Indians rose in revolt against Spanish rule, and massacred or drove out every Spaniard in the country, the Zulus played their part, but becoming frightened by the possible results of their own action, or dreading the resentment of the Spaniards, they abandoned all their villages and retreated to the flat top of an almost inaccessible mesa, where they built their homes. There they lived for some twenty years; long enough to see all the tribes about them conquered and resubjugated by the Spaniards. Finally, about 1705, they came down off their rocky mesa, and built or commenced to build a huge village in the open valley of the Zuni river—which in the course of time developed into the present pueblo of Zuni. This was built on the site of one of the old villages abandoned twenty-five years before, and some of the old walls were incorporated into the new houses.

We have, therefore, a pretty good record of the Zunis for 350 years, and although no record of any white Indians is found in documents of a date prior to the eighteenth century, new documents are being discovered almost every year, and some authentic old record may yet be brought to light in Mexico or Madrid, or perhaps in the Vatican, where many of the old church records have been found. It was to the interest of the Spaniards to suppress any knowledge which might suggest the original discovery of America by some other nation.

Dr. Williams tried to prove that such a discovery had actually taken place, and his purpose in publishing his book was to enlist by popular subscription the necessary pecuniary aid, so that an expedition might be sent into what he called the wild and unexplored parts of America beyond the Ohio, and even beyond the Mississippi river. His contention was that America was first discovered by Prince Madoc and a party of Welsh in 1170, and that the white Indians, of whom vague rumors were current, were the remains of this colony. His arguments were good, whatever we may think of his conclusions, and were somewhat as follows:

It is well known, from the writings of the ancient Welsh bards, that just prior to the year 1170 dissensions arose between three brothers who inherited the kingdom of North Wales through the death of their father. In order to avoid the troubles incident to such conditions, the youngest of the brothers, Prince Madoc or Madog, then commander-in-chief of the Welsh navy, gathered his vessels and men together and sailed out to the west, leaving Ireland on his right hand. In the course of time he returned to Wales with glowing accounts of a land he had discovered, fair and fertile and but thinly peopled. Gathering together a considerable number of followers, he sailed away again to this fair land, and where he is supposed to have settled, for nothing was heard of him afterwards.

Commentators on this ancient Welsh poem have supposed that Madoc discovered the continent of North America, over 300 years before Columbus set sail, but the data are so meager that no definite idea could be formed as to the part of the coast on which he landed, nor whether his second expedition landed in the same place as the first. If America were actually discovered at that time the achievement was a remarkable one, and before it the voyage of Columbus sinks into insignificance, for at the time of Prince Madoc the mariner's compass had not been discovered.

In the treatise of Dr. Williams an attempt is made to collect the evidence in support of Prince Madoc's discovery, which had been questioned by certain writers, and the principal argument that he advances was the existence in America of white Indians, who spoke and understood the Welsh language, and communicated freely with certain Welshmen who encountered them at various times. They are also said to have had in their possession a book which they regarded with extraordinary veneration, although entirely unable to discern its meaning, and this book was actually seen by some of the travelers referred to, who themselves were unable to read it. It was supposed by Dr. Williams to be a manuscript copy of the Bible, written in the Welsh language, but probably in Greek characters, for the Welsh had long been Christians when Madoc sailed away to the West.

It is curious to note in this connection that some twenty years ago, when the pueblo of Zuni was visited by J. H. Beadle, a newspaper correspondent, he found these people in possession of a book which they could not read but regarded with great reverence, and if this book were the same one as that referred to by Dr. Williams, it is singular that the incident should be known in England 100 years before it was discovered here.

Even in the day when the treatise referred to was written the presence of white Indians in America was certified by a number of reputable Indian and white witnesses who had seen them. One of the latter, by name Rimington, a native of England, had met them at a grand Indian mart, or fair, at the forks of the Ohio. Indians of many tribes resorted there from all over the continent, some even from the shores of the South sea (Pacific). The white Indians came from some remote district west of the Mississippi, and Rimington's companion, one Jack Hughes, a Welshman, knew them at once as "the Welsh Indians," by which name they were called by the frontiersmen. He spoke to them in Welsh and acted as their interpreter while they remained there. Rimington described the Indians he saw as of white complexion, and states that their dress was like that of Europeans—a kind of trousers, coat and sleeves, and hats or caps made of small and very beautiful feathers, curiously wrought. The whole costume was very different from that worn by other Indians. The white Indians were to be met at the Indian fairs held on the Mississippi, the Ohio, at Natchez, and at other places in that region.

At the present day there are six or seven of these white Indians in Zuni, four in the Moki villages, about 100 miles west in Arizona, and several more scattered among the pueblo villages along the Rio Grande and its tributaries in New Mexico.

The traveler is very much surprised when he encounters one of these freaks, which is not often, for of the many who have visited Zuni but few have seen the white Indians. In dress, manners and costume they are like all the other Indians, and their language is the same, but their complexion is very fair, much fairer than that of the average white man who has lived much in the open, and their hair is a tawny yellow, instead of the jet black which characterizes the Indian.

In mental characteristics and equipment these people seem in no way different from their fellow villagers, and to a certain extent they take part in the life and business of the tribe. Apparently they have no traditions of their own to account for their peculiarities. The Welsh legend, of which an outline is given above, comes from Wales and not from Arizona, and, in fact, was current long before such a place as Arizona was known.

The officers who conducted the Pacific railroad surveys along the thirty-fifth parallel about 1853 saw some of these Indians and noted the fact, and other explorers have also seen them, but few of them attempt an explanation of the phenomenon. The latest idea is that they are albinos; sporadic freaks perhaps due to too close intermarriage among the members of the tribe.

It should be noted in this connection that the eyes of these people are very weak, perhaps on account of the absence of coloring matter in the iris, and are always kept nearly closed. Moreover, they are invariably sore about the lids, and the lips and nostrils also are sore. The skin is very tender, and these people suffer very much from sunburn, while the ordinary Indian is almost as much hardened to sunshine as a negro. Immunity from discomfort on account of sunburn appears to be directly dependent on the amount of coloring matter in the skin, and apparently the white Indians have none.

No matter what the origin of these freaks may be, they are certainly an odd and strange feature of Pueblo life. The difference in color makes such a radical difference in their appearance that notwithstanding their similarity to the other Indians in dress, language, etc., they seem something apart and entirely distinct from their brethren. Merely to see them one would without hesitation class them as white men turned Indian. Whether they are such; whether they are descendants of some white men who wandered into the country centuries ago, or whether they are pure freaks, might be determined by an examination made by competent medical men. It is certain that for some centuries at least there have been such white Indians in the tribe.

PRESENT HELP.

No fable old nor mystic lore,
Nor dream of bards and seers,
No dead fact, stranded on the shore
Of the oblivious years—

But warm, sweet, tender, even yet
A present help is He,
And faith has still its Olivet,
And love its Galilee.

O Lord and Master of us all,
Whate'er our name or sign,
We own Thy sway, we hear Thy call,
We test our lives by Thine.
—J. G. WHITTIER.

A HEALTHY WOMAN

Is Becoming More and More Rare.

There are very few women in the United States who have not got catarrh in some form. A perfectly healthy woman is rare. But comparatively few women who are suffering with catarrh know that this is the case. Their trouble is called dyspepsia, heart trouble, female weakness, weak lungs, nervous debility; indeed, almost the whole category of medical terms has been applied to catarrh of some organ of the female anatomy. Of course, these women will take medicine, employ physicians, take all sorts of hygienic measures, but still continue to suffer, suffer, suffer. They drag wearily about their daily tasks, their nerves tingle and thrill with every emotion. They scold. They are cross. Who blames them?

If these women would only realize that their trouble is only chronic catarrh of the stomach, or liver, or lungs, or pelvic organs, and treat themselves accordingly, how much unnecessary suffering would be saved. Pe-ru-na will cure catarrh wherever located. How many times has this sentence been printed in scores and hundreds of papers all over this country! Pe-ru-na will cure catarrh wherever located. But still there are people who do not know this. The spring time aggravates these difficulties. It will be a very trying time to almost every woman. This is especially true of those who do not know of Pe-ru-na. A great many people prefer to write to Dr. Hartman for advice. He gives all letters careful and prompt attention. He will tell you what your trouble is, what to take to cure it, what you must do to be saved.

Any one desiring a free copy of one of Dr. Hartman's latest books on catarrhal diseases, may have one free of charge by addressing The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing company, Columbus, Ohio.

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Terrible Explosion.

A GASOLINE STOVE EXPLODES WITH FEARFUL RESULTS.

The Burning Fluid Falls all Over Mrs. Nora E. Hill. She is Fearfully Burned—Inhales the Flames and is Seriously Injured, but Proper Medical Treatment Saved Her Life.

From the Chronicle, Chicago, Ill.

Perhaps in no case as yet recorded has the efficiency of a popular remedy been found so clearly as in that of Mrs. Nora E. Hill. While her condition, caused by a frightful and distressing accident, places her beyond the pale of perfect recovery, she has received such marked relief that the story of the accident and the sufferings resulting from it, will be of more than ordinary interest to thousands of invalids.

Mrs. Nora E. Hill, before September 1893, was a hale, hearty and strong woman, past the middle age of life.

She tells the following story:

"September 1, 1893, while attending to my duties about the house, a gasoline stove which I had used for some time, suddenly exploded, throwing the burning fluid over me. Before my clothes which were on fire could be torn off, my right arm and hand were fearfully burned. This however, was not my most serious injury, as I had inhaled some of the flames, and I found the inside of my mouth blistered. My hand and arm to the elbow were burned to the bone, and my physician believed amputation necessary, but after weeks of great suffering, I was spared the operation, and I have fairly good use of my hand and arm now.

"Shortly after the process of healing of arm and hand, my stomach commenced to give me trouble. I did not then realize what it meant. After each meal I was seized with a cramping sensation, and then in a few days there were frightful pains, which threw me into clammy perspiration. For eight months I was under the care of my physician, battling hard with death. I had lost 93 pounds, was becoming a mere skeleton, my appetite was gone, and my nervous system completely shattered.

"I lost confidence in everything, was totally discouraged, and determined to go to my former home, Grand Rapids, Michigan, and have my old physician make an examination of my condition. He did so and found that gastric ulcers of the stomach had formed, which he said were incurable, and were liable to produce cancer at any time. While in Grand Rapids the ulcers which had formed in the stomach broke, which produced vomiting of large quantities of blood and pus. This confined me to a sick bed for several weeks. When I became sufficiently strong to get up I came back here to die, as the doctor told me I might last one week, possibly one month. But I determined to make as strong a fight as I could, and get all the medical aid there was in Chicago.

"I was taken before a class of one of the most noted and celebrated medical colleges here for examination. This examination proved what my physician in Grand Rapids told me viz, that there were gastric ulcers of the stomach. The opinion of the college physicians was that my chances of a cure were not one in one thousand. This was in May 1894: in June I was taken down with gastric fever, caused by fresh ulcers forming, and I lay in bed nine weeks. From June to September in that year I also suffered additionally from thirty abscesses forming on my arms and shoulders, produced by the condition of the stomach and blood circulation. After this I got a little better, and this improvement lasted during the fall and winter till January 1895, when I had another siege of gastric fever. I took a great many drugs and opiates under the physicians directions during all this time, which had the effect of completely upsetting my stomach and nervous system.

"From January to July 1895, I suffered frightful agonies, resulting from the trouble in my stomach, and was again thrown into gastric fever, which kept me in bed three weeks.

"A year ago last October I commenced to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. After I had taken two boxes they broke the gastric fever and enabled me to get up. I found also that they gave me strength, and my appetite came back. I found that I could digest the food I ate, and the pains disappeared. I also noticed that I became less nervous; in fact my general condition improved very much.

"The following March (in 1896) I was again troubled with the abscesses, but to a much less degree than formerly. This was due to the efficiency of the pills, which undoubtedly had brought my blood to a much better condition. I want to explain here that the doctors said that the cause of the appearance of abscesses was due to the ulcerated condition of the stomach, which vitiated the blood through my entire system.

"The pills have allayed my nervousness, they are putting my blood into better condition, they have cleared my brain, and have given me an appetite which I can gratify by eating light food without causing the terrible pain which formerly almost drove me insane. The pills are doing for me more than any medical aid I have ever received, and they have stopped my suffering to a very great extent. I do not think nor do I expect that they will cure me, because all physicians are agreed who have examined me that it is impossible. Past experience however has shown me that they will to a great extent make my life bearable. This I believe is doing wonders, and I feel that if they have done this much for me, there must be many people who are suffering whom they can surely cure.

"I was born and raised in Michigan, and came to Chicago some ten years ago. I know quite a number of people on the west side, and have told them of the marvelous relief I have gained by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People; and if any one should like to hear more of the details of my suffering and more of the details of the relief gained by the Pink Pills, I shall be glad to have them call at my home, 46 Walnut Street, Chicago.

(Signed) MRS. NORA E. HILL."

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of January, 1897.

A. F. PORTMAN, *Notary Public.*

The proprietors of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People state that they are not a patent medicine but a prescription used for many years by an eminent practitioner who produced the most wonderful results with them, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves, two fruitful causes of almost every ill to which flesh is heir. The pills are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, all forms of weakness, chronic constipation, bearing down pains, etc., and in the case of men will give speedy relief and effect a permanent cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature. They are entirely harmless and can be given to weak and sickly children with the greatest good and without the slightest danger. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, (50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty dollars ($20) interest which was due and payable September 20th, 1896, and which is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Wilhelm Rieve and Caroline Rieve, his wife, mortgagors, to George Lukaszewski, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of March, 1895, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded, in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of March, 1895, at 4:10 p. m., in Book 105 of mortgages, on page 253.

And whereas the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred (500) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from the 20th day of March, 1896, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The easterly half (½) of lot ninety (90), on East Seventh (7th) street, in Duluth Proper, First (1st) Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the nineteenth (19th) day of April, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 4th, A. D. 1897.

GEORGE LUKASZEWSKI,
Mortgagee.

AGATIN, DAVIDSON & CAREY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-6-13-20-27-April-3-8.

WILCOX COMPOUND TANSY PILLS
The only reliable female regulator
Never Fails. Sold by druggists, $2.00
Send 4c. for Woman's Safeguard.
WILCOX MEDICAL CO. 228 S. 8th St., Phila., Pa.

WEAK MEN. A GUARANTEED CURE.
Lost Manhood Restored. Positive Cure for Abuse, Emissions, Debility, Sexual Weakness, Varicocele, Gleet, Stricture, Parts Enlarged, Kidney, Bladder and Prostate Gland Diseases permanently cured. For $1.00 we will send our regular $3.00 box of treatment and book (sealed) with full information. MARSTON REMEDY CO., 19 G. PARK PLACE, NEW YORK.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., March 26, 1897.

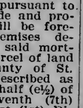
Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1897, for furnishing and delivering along the line of the waterworks force main in said city from the pumping station at Lakewood to the reservoir at Thirty-fourth avenue east and Fourth street about 85,000 pounds of special castings according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of two hundred (200) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

D. A. REED,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 29 10t.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE
ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.
AJAX REMEDY CO., 59 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street. MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

Notice of Application FOR Liquor License.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, CITY OF DULUTH—SS.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the common council of said city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on March 26, 1897, and terminating on March 26, 1898, by M. J. Schultz at No. 520 West Superior street.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city of Duluth, this 29th day of March, A. D. 1897.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March 30 14t.

DEFECTIVE PAGE